

INSOS/DSN U

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GENERAL

DS and DSN Series products are designed to provide the safety and functionality of a switch with the convenience of a plug & receptacle. They can safely be used to make and break electrical connections, even in overload situations and are an approved 'line of sight' disconnect switch.

WARNING There are inherent dangers associated with electrical products. Failure to follow safety precautions can result in serious injury or death. These instructions must be followed to ensure the safe and proper installation, operation and maintenance of the Meltric devices. Before installation, disconnect all sources of power to the circuit to eliminate the risk of electrical shock.

RATINGS

DS and DSN Series Switch Rated plugs & receptacles are UL & CSA listed in accordance with UL Subject 2682, UL 1682 and CSA 22.2 182.1. All are listed as 'Branch Circuit Disconnect Switches' and most are also horsepower rated and listed as 'Motor Circuit Disconnect Switches'. The amperage, voltage, horsepower, switch and environmental ratings are indicated on the product labels.

All DS/DSN devices are rated to make and withstand short circuit currents with appropriate fusing as indicated in Table 1. Some DS and DSN devices are provided with optional auxiliary contacts that make after and break before the phase contacts. The ratings for auxiliary contacts are shown in Table 2.

Table 1 - Short Circuit Make & Withstand Ratings. Table with columns: Device, Rating Fuse, Type*

* Rating applies with fusing up to this amperage. Ratings are based on tests performed with Ferraz Shawmut non-time delay current limiting fuses.

Table 2 - Auxiliary Contact Ratings. Table with columns: Device, 120 VAC, 240 VAC, 480 VAC, 600 VAC

INSTALLATION

DS/DSN should be installed by qualified electricians in accordance with all applicable local and national electrical codes.

Before starting, verify that the power is off, that the product ratings are appropriate for the application, and that the conductors meet code requirements and are within the capacities of the terminals noted in Table 3.

Table 3 - Wiring Terminal Capacity* (in AWG) / Cable Range OD. Table with columns: Device, Main Contacts, Aux. Contacts, Min, Max Black Coatings, Max Blue Coatings

* Capacity is based on THHN wire sizes
Auxiliary contacts are optional and may not be on all products.
Auxiliary contacts are prewired at the factory.
* 2/0 AWG if part number does not include the 'A06' suffix.
* The DSN150 is intended to be wired with conductors rated 75°C or higher.

General Notes & Precautions

- 1. Self-tapping screws are provided for use with some polymeric accessories. High torque may be required to drive them in. Once they are seated, care should be taken in order to avoid over-tightening them against the plastic material.
- 2. Various handles and cord grip options may be used. These instructions are based on handles provided with integral multi-layer bushing cord grips.
- 3. Wire strip lengths are indicated in Table 4. Strip lengths for cable sheathing will depend on the specific application. When used with handles, the cable sheathing should extend into the handle to ensure secure cord gripping.

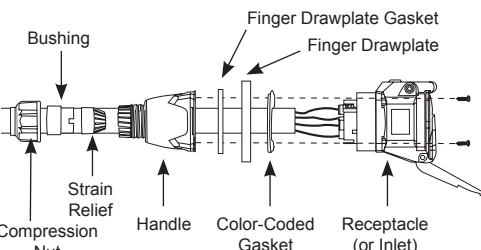


Table 4 - Wire Strip Length - Dimensions A. Table with columns: Device, Receptacle, Plug/Inlet, Inches, mm

- 4. Factory installed auxiliary wires should be stripped as necessary to make a connection.

Table 5 - Terminal Screw Tightening Torques. Table with columns: Device/Contact, Torque (in-lbs, N-m), Required Screwdriver or Allen Wrench

- 5. Wiring terminals are spring assisted to prevent loosening due to wire strand settlement, vibration and thermal cycling. NOTICE: Do not over-tighten the terminal screws. Appropriate tools and tightening torques are indicated in Table 5.
- 6. Some auxiliary contacts are factory prewired. Proper lugs should be used and lugs should be crimped with the proper tool.
- 7. The DS100 and DS200 are rated as general purpose switches, but are not horsepower rated WARNING! If these devices are installed in motor power supply applications, warning labels may be required to advise users not to disconnect the device under load. Labels are provided in the package, but should only be used when required.
- 8. NOTICE: Meltric threaded handles come with tapered style threads. The use of fitting seal tape is recommended to maintain watertightness of all NPT fittings and joints.



Assembly for In-Line Connections

Do not overtighten terminal or self-tapping screws. Tighten screws to the proper torque to ensure a secure connection.

When most DS/DSN are used as in-line connectors, finger drawplates should be installed on both the receptacle and plug in order for the user to more easily provide the leverage required to connect the device. On the larger sized devices, (DS100, DSN150 & DS200) the finger drawplates are not needed because an easy closing mechanism is provided as standard.

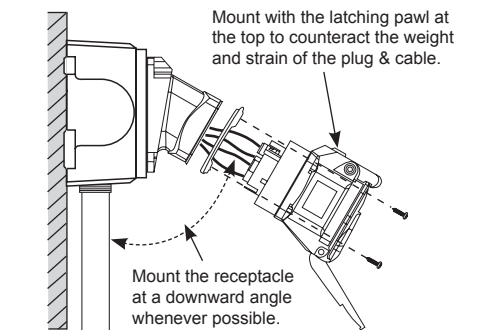
Adjust the bushing diameter to fit the cable by removing inner sections of it as required. Insert the bushing into the strain relief, then insert the assembly into the handle and loosely install the compression nut. Insert the cable through the handle, the thin black drawplate gasket and finger drawplate (if applicable) and the color coded gasket. Strip the cable sheath to provide a workable wire length, being mindful that the sheath must extend into the handle to achieve a secure cord grip. Then strip the individual wires to the lengths indicated in Table 4 and twist the strands of each conductor together.

Back out the terminal screws on the receptacle (or inlet) far enough (but not completely) to allow the conductors to pass, insert the conductors fully into the proper terminals and tighten the screws with the appropriate tool to the torque indicated in Table 4.

Verify that the cable jacket extends beyond the strain relief and into the handle. Assemble the receptacle (or inlet), the color coded gasket, the finger drawplate, and the thin black drawplate gasket to the handle with the four self-tapping screws provided. Adjust the cable location so that it will not be under tension inside the handle and tighten the compression nut to secure the cable.

Assembly for Mounted Receptacles (or Inlets)

In applications where DS or DSN receptacles (or inlets) are mounted to wall boxes, panels or other equipment, optimal operation is achieved when the device is installed with the latch at the top and with the force from the cable being exerted in a downward direction opposite the latch.



Insert the cable or wires through the wall box and cut to allow adequate length, strip the cable sheath as desired, strip the individual wires to the lengths indicated in Table 3, and twist the strands of each conductor together. Back out the terminal screws on the receptacle (or inlet) far enough (but not completely) to allow the conductors to pass, insert the conductors fully into their respective terminals and hand tighten the terminal screws to the torque indicated in Table 5.

Assemble the receptacle (or inlet) and the color-coded gasket to the box with the appropriate hardware. Assemble the mating plug (or receptacle) to the cord end as indicated in the assembly instructions above for in-line connections, except there will be no finger drawplate or associated black gasket.

Hole Pattern for Custom Mounting

In applications where custom mounting to a panel or box is being performed, the clearance and mounting holes should be drilled as indicated in the following diagram and Table 6.

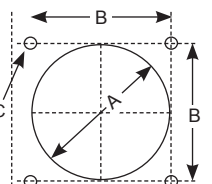


Table 6 - Custom Mounting Dimensions. Table with columns: Model, 'A' (Inches, mm), 'B' (Inches, mm), 'C' (Inches, mm)

NOTICE: In order to maintain the Type 4X or IP 66 & 67 protection provided in custom installations, water-tight seals should be used under the heads of the four mounting bolts and they must be retained by a lock washer and nut on the inside of the box or panel. Alternatively, four blind holes may be drilled and threaded to accommodate the mounting screws, provided that the hole depth is sufficient to achieve adequate gasket compression.

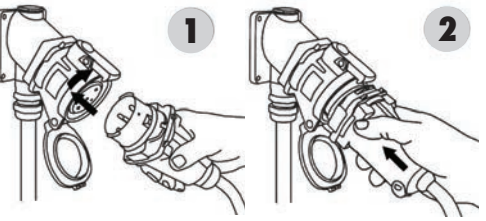
OPERATION

To ensure safe and reliable operation Meltric plugs and receptacles must be used in accordance with their assigned ratings.

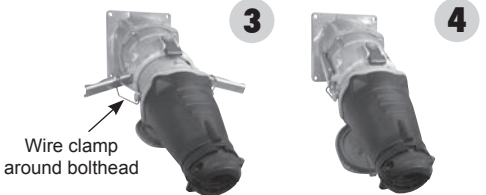
Meltric plugs and receptacles can only be used in conjunction with mating receptacles or plugs manufactured by Meltric or another licensed producer of products bearing the Marechal™ technology trademark. Meltric plugs & receptacles are designed with different keying arrangements, so that only plugs and receptacles with compatible contact configurations and electrical ratings will mate with each other.

Connection

To connect a plug and receptacle, first depress the pawl to open the lid on the receptacle, then orient the plug as shown in figure 1 so that the red dot on the outside of the casing lines up with the red dot just to the left of the latch on the receptacle casing. Push the plug partially into the receptacle until it hits a stop, then rotate the plug in the clockwise direction until it hits another stop after about 30° of rotation. At this point, the circuit is still open. Push the plug straight into the receptacle as shown in figure 2 until it becomes securely latched in place. The electrical connection is now made. On in-line connectors, squeeze the drawplates on both sides of the device together until the plug latches in place.



On the DS100, DSN150 & DS200 devices, an integral mechanism provides easy connection of the plug to the receptacle. With the DS100, DSN150, or DS200 plug partially inserted and rotated 30° so that it is positioned for connection, place the wire clamps around the boltheads as shown in figure 3.

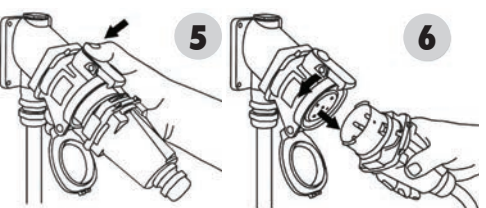


To pull the plug into the receptacle, simply push the handles back along the side of the receptacle and then push the plug into the receptacle until the plug is latched in place, as shown in figure 4. After connection, the mechanism must be released to allow disconnection of the device.

NOTICE: Additional instructions are provided for some DS100 receptacle configurations and must be followed in order to ensure that the closing mechanism is set up to operate properly.

Disconnection

To break the connection, simply depress the pawl as shown in figure 5. This will break the circuit and eject the plug straight out to the rest, or off, position. The plug contacts are de-energized at this point. To remove the plug, rotate it counter-clockwise (about 30°) until it releases from the receptacle as shown in figure 6. Close and latch the lid on the receptacle.



Achieving Environmental Ratings & Watertightness

For devices rated Type 4, 4X, or 3R, use only with mating devices having identical markings to maintain enclosure rating of the mated pair.

Rated ingress protection applies to the device when the plug and receptacle are mated and latched together. It also applies to the receptacle when the lid is latched closed.

Lockout Provisions

All DS and DSN plugs are provided with lockout provisions. To lockout the plug, insert a locking device through the hole provided in the casing. This will prevent the plug from being inserted into a receptacle.

DS and DSN receptacles may be purchased with optional lockout provisions and used with 5/16-inch shank locks. To lockout the receptacle, close and latch the lid and then attach the locking device through the hole provided in the pawl. This will prevent the lid from being opened for the insertion of a plug. NOTICE: Attaching the receptacle locking device with the receptacle lid open will not prevent the insertion of a plug. Lockout of the receptacle is only accomplished when the lid is locked closed.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING Before inspecting, repairing, or maintaining Meltric products, disconnect electrical power to the receptacle to eliminate the risk of electrical shock.

Meltric products require little on-going maintenance. However, it is a good practice to periodically perform the following general inspections:

- Check the mounting screws for tightness.
- Verify that the weight of the cable is supported by the strain relief mechanism and not by the terminal connections.
- Check the IP gaskets for wear and resiliency. Replace as required.
- Verify the electrical continuity of the ground circuit.
- Check the contact surfaces for cleanliness and pitting.

Deposits of dust or similar foreign materials can be rubbed off the contacts with a clean cloth. Sprays should not be used, as they tend to collect dirt. If any significant pitting of the contacts or other serious damage is observed, the device should be replaced.

Receptacle contacts may be inspected by a qualified electrician. This should only be done with the power off. It is accomplished by depressing the numbered ring around the circumference of the interior on two opposite points. This will allow the shutter to be manually turned clockwise as required to permit access to the contacts. Once the inspection is complete, the shutter must be rotated counter-clockwise until it is locked in the closed position.

MANUFACTURER'S RESPONSIBILITY

Meltric's responsibility is strictly limited to the repair or replacement of any product that does not conform to the warranty specified in the purchase contract. Meltric shall not be liable for any penalties or consequential damages associated with the loss of production, work, profit or any financial loss incurred by the customer.

Meltric Corporation shall not be held liable when its products are used in conjunction with products not bearing the Marechal™ technology trademark. The use of Meltric products in conjunction with mating devices that are not marked with the Marechal™ technology trademark shall void all warranties on the product.

Meltric Corporation is an ISO 9001 certified company. Its products are designed, manufactured and rated in accordance with applicable UL, CSA and IEC standards. Meltric designs and manufactures its products in accordance with Marechal keying standards established to ensure intermatibility with similarly rated products manufactured by Marechal Electric Group.



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RENSEIGNEMENTS GENERAUX

Les produits de la Série DS/DSN sont conçus pour fournir la gamme possédant les caractéristiques sécuritaires et fonctionnelles d'un sectionneur ainsi que le côté pratique d'une fiche et d'une prise. Ils peuvent être utilisés en toute sécurité pour établir et couper une liaison électrique, même en cas de surcharge, en plus d'être des sectionneurs approuvés « en ligne de vue ».

AVERTISSEMENT Les produits électriques présentent des dangers inhérents. Le non-respect des mesures de sécurité peut entraîner de graves blessures ou la mort. Les présentes consignes doivent être suivies pour assurer une installation, une utilisation et un entretien sécuritaires et adéquats des dispositifs Meltric. Avant l'installation, débranchez toutes les sources d'alimentation électrique du circuit pour éliminer tout risque de décharge électrique.

CLASSIFICATION

Les dispositifs de fiche et prise de classe sectionneur de la gamme DS/DSN sont approuvés par la CSA et par UL conformément aux normes UL Subject 2682, UL 1682 et CSA 22.2 182.1. Tous sont approuvés comme sectionneurs de circuit de dérivation, et la plupart possèdent également un classement horse-power et sont approuvés comme sectionneurs pour moteur. Les classements relatifs à l'intensité de courant électrique, à la tension, au horse-power et à l'environnement sont indiqués sur l'étiquette des produits.

Tous les DS/DSN peuvent supporter des courants de court-circuit en présence de fusibles adéquats, comme l'indique le tableau 1. Certains dispositifs DS et DSN peuvent être dotés de contacts auxiliaires qui sont établis après les contacts de phase et coupés avant ceux-ci. Le calibre des contacts auxiliaires est indiqué au tableau 2.

Tableau 1 - Calibre des Courants de Court-Circuit Produits et Supportés. Table with columns: Dispositif, Calibre du fusible, Type*

* Applicable jusqu'à la tension et le courant électrique indiqués. Les calibres sont établis à partir de tests effectués avec des fusibles limiteurs de courant sans temporisation Ferraz Shawmut.

Tableau 2 - Calibre des Contacts Auxiliaires. Table with columns: Dispositif, 120 VAC, 240 VAC, 480 VAC, 600 VAC

INSTALLATION

Les DS/DSN doivent être installés par un électricien qualifié, dans le respect de tous les codes de l'électricité locaux et nationaux.

Avant de commencer l'installation, assurez-vous que l'alimentation électrique est coupée, que le calibre des produits correspond à l'utilisation prévue et que les conducteurs satisfont aux normes des codes et qu'ils ne dépassent pas la capacité des bornes (tableau 3).

Tableau 3 - Capacité des Bornes de Raccordement* (selon le calibre AWG) / Étendue du Câble (DE). Table with columns: Dispositif, Principal Contacts, Aux. Contacts, Min, Max Gainé noir, Max Gainé bleu

* La capacité est basée sur la taille des fils de type THHN.
Les contacts auxiliaires sont offerts en option sur certains produits seulement.
Les contacts auxiliaires sont précâblés en usine.
Capacité de 4/0 AWG si le numéro de pièce ne possède pas le suffixe A06.
La DSN150 est conçue pour être utilisée avec des fils approuvés 75oC et plus.

Remarques et Précautions Générales

- 1. Des vis autotaraudeuses sont fournies aux fins d'utilisation avec certains accessoires en polymère. Un couple élevé pourrait être nécessaire pour les visser. Une fois les vis installées, évitez de trop les serrer.
- 2. Différents types de poignées et différentes options de serrage peuvent être utilisés. Les présentes consignes sont basées sur l'utilisation de poignées fournies avec des embouts qui s'adaptent à plusieurs grosseurs de câbles.
- 3. Les longueurs de fil à dénuder sont indiquées au tableau 4. Celles-ci dépendent de l'utilisation prévue. Lorsque des poignées sont utilisées, le gainage du câble doit pénétrer dans la poignée pour assurer une prise solide.



Tableau 4 - Longueur de Fil à Dénuder - Dimensions A. Table with columns: Dispositif, Prise (Pouces, mm), Fiche (raccord d'entrée) (Pouces, mm)

Tableau 5 - Couple de Serrage des Bornes de Raccordement. Table with columns: Dispositif/Contact, Couple (lb-po, N.m), Tournevis ou clé Allen

- 5. Les bornes de raccordement sont dotées de ressorts qui empêchent le desserrage causé par le tassement des torons métalliques, les vibrations et le cyclage thermique.

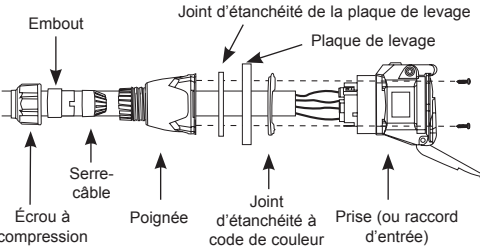
MISE EN GARDE : Ne serrez pas trop fort les bornes de raccordement. Les outils et les couples appropriés sont indiqués au tableau 5.

Certains contacts auxiliaires sont câblés en usine. Assurez-vous d'utiliser des cosSES appropriées et de les serir adéquatement.

Les modèles DS100 et DS200 sont des sectionneurs à usage standard qui n'ont pas de classement horse-power.

AVERTISSEMENT! Si ces dispositifs sont installés sur un système alimenté par moteur, des étiquettes de mise en garde pourraient être nécessaires pour aviser les utilisateurs de ne pas débrancher le dispositif lorsqu'il est sous tension. Les étiquettes sont fournies avec le dispositif, mais ne doivent être utilisées que si la situation l'exige.

MISE EN GARDE : Les poignées filetéés de Meltric présentent un filetage conique. Il est recommandé d'utiliser du ruban d'étanchéité pour assurer l'étanchéité à l'eau de toutes les pièces de fixation NPT et de tous les joints.



Assemblage pour Montage en Série

Ne serrez pas trop les vis des bornes ou les vis autotaraudeuses. Respectez les normes de couple pour assurer une connexion solide.

Lorsque les DS/DSN serie sont utilisés pour une connexion en ligne (similaire à une rallonge électrique), des plaques de rapprochement doivent être installées sur la prise et la fiche pour permettre à l'utilisateur d'agripper plus facilement la prise et le connecteur afin de brancher le dispositif. Les plaques de rapprochement ne sont pas nécessaires sur les dispositifs de plus grand format (DS100, DSN150 et DS 200), car ceux-ci sont dotés d'un mécanisme facilitant la fermeture.

Ajustez le diamètre de l'embout à celui du câble en retirant des rondelles intérieures au besoin. Insérez l'embout dans le serre-câble, puis insérez l'assemblage dans la poignée, pour ensuite installer l'éCrou de compression sans le serrer. Passez le câble dans la poignée, dans le minece joint d'étanchéité noir de la plaque de levage et la plaque de levage (s'il y a lieu), ainsi que dans le joint d'étanchéité à code de couleur. Retirez suffisamment de gaine pour disposer d'une longueur facilitant le travail, en gardant à l'esprit que la gaine doit entrer dans la poignée pour assurer une prise solide. Dénudez ensuite les fils jusqu'à la longueur indiquée au tableau 4 et entortillez les torons métalliques de chacun des conducteurs.

- 4. Les fils auxiliaires installés en usine doivent être dénudés au besoin pour établir la connexion.

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