



smartzone[™] G5

G5 PDU User Manual

Table of Contents

Section 1 – System Overview	7
Intelligent Network Controller.....	7
Connecting the PDU to a LAN Ethernet Port.....	7
Connecting the PDU to a Computer Serial Port.....	8
Setup Serial Communication.....	9
Section 2 – Web Graphical User Interface (GUI) Configuration	12
Internet Protocol (IP) Address	12
Web Configuration.....	12
Supported Web Browsers	12
Logging in to the Web Interface	12
Introduction to the Web GUI	13
Screen Resize Due to Multiple PDU Configuration.....	15
Menu Dropdowns.....	16
Introduction to the Dashboard	17
Section 3 – Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).....	19
SNMP Management Configuration	19
Configuring Users for SNMP v3 Communications	23
Configuring SNMP Traps.....	26
Section 4 – Connecting to CLI Connection.....	29
Supported Commands	29
Connecting to the CLI through the serial interface.....	30
Section 5 – Local Display	32
Onboard Display and Intelligent Network Controller (iNC).....	32
Control Buttons	33
iNC Menu Structure	33
Main Menu Selections.....	34

Setup Menu.....	35
Sensors Menu	48
Section 6 – User Access	49
Access Types.....	51
Setting Up the System for Radius Authentication	52
Configuring the system with LDAP Server Settings	54
Section 7 – Daisy Chain Configuration.....	58
Daisy-Chain Overview	58
Daisy-Chain Setup.....	58
RNA (Redundant Network Access) Functionality	58
RNA Setup.....	59
Section 8– Web GUI configuration	61
System Management Information	61
Setting Time and Date on the PDU.....	64
G5 iPDU Outlet Power Sequence Setup	67
Outlet Power Management.....	70
Setting Metering Thresholds.....	71
Email Setup.....	83
Data Log.....	86
Section 9 – Connecting and Configuring Optional Hardware	88
Accessory Hardware Overview.....	88
Configuring Environmental Sensors	91
Section 10 – Rack Access Control	92
Configuring Rack Access Control	93
Configuring User for Local Rack Access	96
Handle and Compatible Cards Types.....	98
Warranty and Regulatory Information.....	99
Warranty Information	99
Regulatory Information	99

Support and Other Resources.....	100
Accessing Panduit Support.....	100
Acronyms and Abbreviations.....	101
Documentation Feedback	104
Appendix A: CLI Commands	105
Appendix B: Sensor Configuration	114
Appendix C: Firmware Update Procedure.....	118
USB Method	118
Web Interface Method	118
FTPs Method	120
Bootloader Mode	121
Firmware Recovery with Bootloader Mode	121
Appendix D: System or Password Recovery	122
Upgrade Configuration with Bootloader Mode	122
Appendix E: PDU Alarms	123
Trap Codes assigned to Alarms List.....	125
Appendix F: Horizontal Intelligent Network Controller Replacement.....	130
Appendix G: Vertical Intelligent Network Controller Replace or Rotate 180°	133
Appendix H: Changing Your PC's IP Address.....	135

Table of Figures

Figure 1: Ethernet Port for Network Connection.....	8
Figure 2: Status Button.....	9
Figure 3: Port Setup Settings	10
Figure 4: Login Page	13
Figure 5: Landing Page/Dashboard	14
Figure 6 - Resized Dashboard Screen	16
Figure 7: Power Summary Page	17
Figure 8: Outlet Monitoring Page	17
Figure 9: Environmental Page.....	18
Figure 10: Security Page.....	18
Figure 11: SNMP Management.....	19
Figure 12: SNMP General	20
Figure 13: SNMP Port	21
Figure 14: Setup SNMP Port and Trap Port.....	22
Figure 15: Define SNMP V1/V2c User	22
Figure 16: Edit V1/2c Manager.....	23
Figure 17: SNMP V3 Manager	24
Figure 18: SNMP V3 Edit	25
Figure 19: SNMPv2 Configuration Information.....	26
Figure 20: SNMPv3 Trap Server Information.	27
Figure 21: Connect the RJ-45 end of the cable to the PDU In/Serial connector.....	30
Figure 22: Serial Cable Pinout	31
Figure 23: iNC Display	32
Figure 24: iNC Menu Structure.....	34
Figure 25: Main Menu Selections.....	34
Figure 26: Setup Menu.....	35
Figure 27: Network Submenu.....	36
Figure 28: Device Submenu	37
Figure 29: Screen Submenu	38
Figure 30: Language Submenu.....	39
Figure 31: USB Submenu	40
Figure 32: Units Submenu.....	41
Figure 33: Alarms Menu	42
Figure 34: Power Menu	43
Figure 35: Device Submenu.....	44
Figure 36: Phase Submenu.....	45
Figure 37: Breaker Submenu	46

Figure 38: Outlet Submenu	47
Figure 39: Sensors.....	48
Figure 40: Changing Your Password.....	49
Figure 41: After Login.....	49
Figure 42: Change User Password	50
Figure 43: Change Password	50
Figure 44: User Settings.....	53
Figure 45 Radius Configuration.....	53
Figure 46: LDAP Configuration	55
Figure 47: Enable Role Privileges	56
Figure 48: Test LDAP Configuration.....	57
Figure 49: System Management	61
Figure 50: System Management Configuration	62
Figure 51: Rack Location Configuration	63
Figure 52: Power Panel & Core Location	64
Figure 53: NTP Configuration.....	65
Figure 54: Daylight Saving Time Configuration	66
Figure 50: Control & Manage PDU.....	67
Figure 51: Outlet Control Enabled	68
Figure 52: Edit Outlets.....	68
Figure 53: One-Delay Time	69
Figure 54: Saved Sequence	70
Figure 55: Power Threshold	72
Figure 56: Energy Threshold.....	74
Figure 57: Phase Current Alarm.....	75
Figure 58: Phase Voltage Alarm	77
Figure 59: Load Segment Breaker	79
Figure 60: Device Detection Threshold Information	80
Figure 61: Outlet Information.....	81
Figure 62: Email Setup.....	83
Figure 63: SMTP Account Settings	84
Figure 64: Email Recipients	85
Figure 65: Data Log.....	86
Figure 66: Data Log Configuration	87
Figure 67: Sensor Ports for vertical PDU	90
Figure 68: Sensor Ports for Horizontal PDU.....	91
Figure 69: Rack Access Control.....	92
Figure 70: Rack Access Control.....	93

Figure 71: Actions	94
Figure 72: Smart Rack	94
Figure 73: Remote Control	95
Figure 74: AutoLock	95
Figure 75: Local Rack Access.....	97
Figure 76: Door Switch Sensor Configuration	114
Figure 77: Dry Contact Cable.....	115
Figure 78: Water Rope Sensor.....	115
Figure 79: Water Spot Sensor.....	116
Figure 80: Temperature and Humidity Sensors.....	117
Figure 81: Upload Firmware	119
Figure 82: Uploading Firmware	120
Figure 83: Unscrew Intelligent Network Controller	130
Figure 84: Remove Intelligent Network Controller from PDU	131
Figure 85: Inserting New Intelligent Network Controller	132
Figure 86: Removing Top and Bottom Screw from Intelligent Network Controller.....	133
Figure 87: Disconnecting and Reconnecting the Intelligent Network Controller.....	134
Figure 88: Control Panel	135
Figure 89: Network Status and Tasks	136
Figure 90: Change Adapter Settings	137
Figure 91: Properties.....	137
Figure 92: Ethernet Properties	138
Figure 93: Internet Protocol Version 4.....	139
Figure 94: DNS Server	140
Figure 95: Confirmation.....	141

Section 1 – System Overview

Intelligent Network Controller

Panduit G5 Intelligent PDUs have an integral, hot swappable Intelligent Network Controller. The Intelligent Network Controller contains an OLED display, control buttons, USB Interface, Serial and Sensor ports, and a recessed Reset Button.

Reset Button

Pressing the Reset Button only reboots the Intelligent Network Controller. It does not change the Energy (kWh) value and does not affect the output voltage. It also **does not** reset the Intelligent Network Controller to factory default settings.

Using the Reset Button

Press and hold the Reset Button for 8 seconds to recover from an Intelligent Network Controller communication failure.

Connecting the PDU to a LAN Ethernet Port

The PDU is defaulted to DHCP. If you are connected to a network with a DHCP server, the PDU automatically get an IP address and display it on the LCD screen. If there is no DHCP server, the default IP address is 192.168.0.1, which will be displayed on the PDU.

Connecting the PDU to a LAN provides communication through an Internet or Intranet connection. You can monitor the PDU from any computer connected to the same network.

1. Locate an Ethernet cable.
2. Connect one end of the cable to the Ethernet port on the PDU (see Figure 1). Connect the other end of the cable to the Ethernet port on the router (or another LAN device).

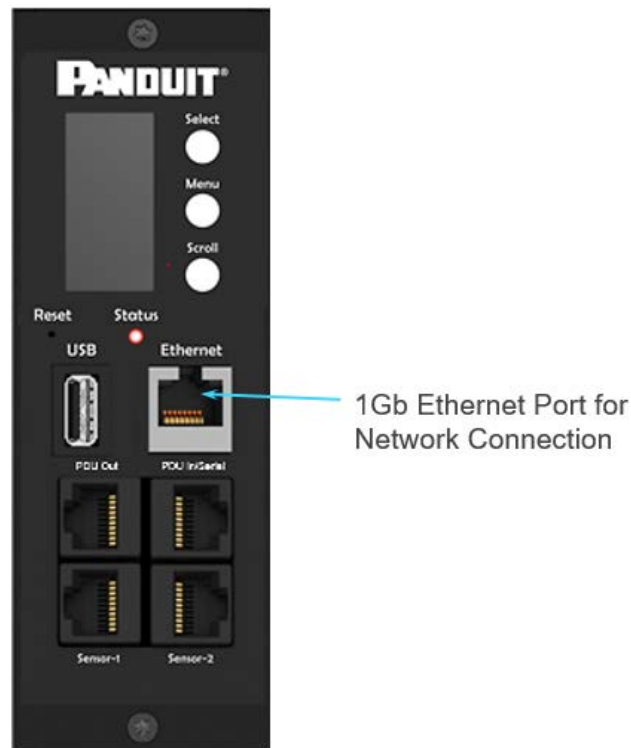


Figure 1: Ethernet Port for Network Connection

Connecting the PDU to a Computer Serial Port

If unable to connect to network, you can change the network setting using the serial interface.

To configure the network setting, perform the following steps:

1. Serial connect the PDU to a computer's serial port. Set baud rate for a terminal emulation program.
2. Using a CLI command to enable DHCP or set a static IP.
3. Verify access to the Web interface. The Ethernet LED on the PDU front panel provides communication status by color and display activity.



Figure 2: Status Button

Setup Serial Communication

You may configure the network settings using the Command Line Interface (CLI) with a serial connection. Users can connect serially using the optional RJ45-DB9 cable Panduit p/n: MA001 (or make your own cable by creating a unique pinout as described below in the “Serial Cable Pinout to Create Your Own Cable” in Section 4).

1. Verify that the computer has a serial port. If your computer does not have a DB9 serial connector, but does have a USB connector, obtain a USB-to-DB9 Adapter to convert the USB to a DB9 serial port.
2. Using the optional RJ45-DB9 cable (Panduit p/n: MA001), connect the RJ-45 end to the port labeled “PDU In/Serial” on the front panel of your PDU model (see Figure 1). Connect the DB9 end of the cable to the computer.
3. Open the terminal emulation program (HyperTerminal or PuTTY) on the computer and select the serial port connection (such as COM1).
4. Set the communications port as follows:
 - Bits per second: 115200
 - Data bits: 8

- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1
- Flow control: None

(See **Port Settings** example below).

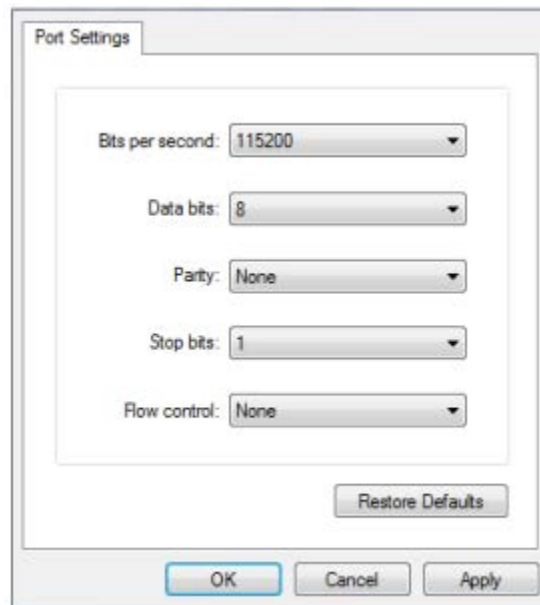


Figure 3: Port Setup Settings

5. Use the default initial login indicated below. Note that the username and password are both case sensitive:
 - Username: admin
 - Password: 12345678 (or your new password)
6. If this is the first time logging into the PDU, you will need to change the default password. You will be prompted to enter the current password, 12345678. Then enter your new password. You will need to confirm the new password a second time.
7. The “Panduit>” prompt appears after you have logged in, ready to enter the CLI command.
8. To configure network settings, enter the appropriate “net” command and press

Enter. All commands are case sensitive. You can type **?** to access the commands.

9. To enable the IPv4 DHCP by default, run:

- `net tcpip dhcp`
- Enter **Y** to confirm and the PDU's Intelligent Network Controller will reboot.

10. To set a static IPv4 configuration, run:

- `net tcpip static x.x.x.x (ipaddress) x.x.x.x (netmask) x.x.x.x (gateway)`
- Example: `net tcpip static 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1`
- Enter **Y** to confirm and the PDU's Intelligent Network Controller will reboot.

Section 2 – Web Graphical User Interface (GUI) Configuration

Internet Protocol (IP) Address

The PDU is by default configured Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). The PDU automatically obtains an IP address via a DHCP server when connected to a network. The IP address the PDU received is displayed on the OLED screen. After the PDU received the address, login to the Web interface to configure the PDU and assign a static IP address (if desired). If there is no DHCP server, the default IP address is 192.168.0.1, which will be displayed on the PDU.

If the network does not use a DHCP server, see the [Connecting the PDU to a Computer Serial Port](#) section to configure a static IP address.

1. Connect a standard Ethernet patch cable to the Ethernet port on the PDU.
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the LAN.
3. Make sure the Ethernet port on the PDU shows a solid green light on the left and a flashing yellow light on the right to indicate successful connectivity to the network.
4. Use the menu buttons to look up the IP address of the device on the OLED display by selecting Setup > Network > IPv4 or IPv6 as applicable.
5. In a standard web browser, enter the PDU IP address and proceed to configure the PDU as shown in the Web Configuration section.

Web Configuration

Supported Web Browsers

The supported Web browsers are Mozilla Firefox, Microsoft Internet Explorer Version 11, Microsoft Edge, and Google Chrome mobile and desktop, Apple Safari mobile and desktop.

Logging in to the Web Interface

Logging In

- Open a supported web browser and enter the IP address of the PDU.
 - o If username and password were configured during the Network Configuration Setup: enter the username and password in the appropriate fields. Press **Login** or **Enter**.

- o If username and password were NOT configured during the Network Configuration Setup, use the default username: **admin** and password: **12345678**. For security purposes, change the password upon login.

Introduction to the Web GUI

Login Page



Figure 4: Login Page

Landing Page/Dashboard

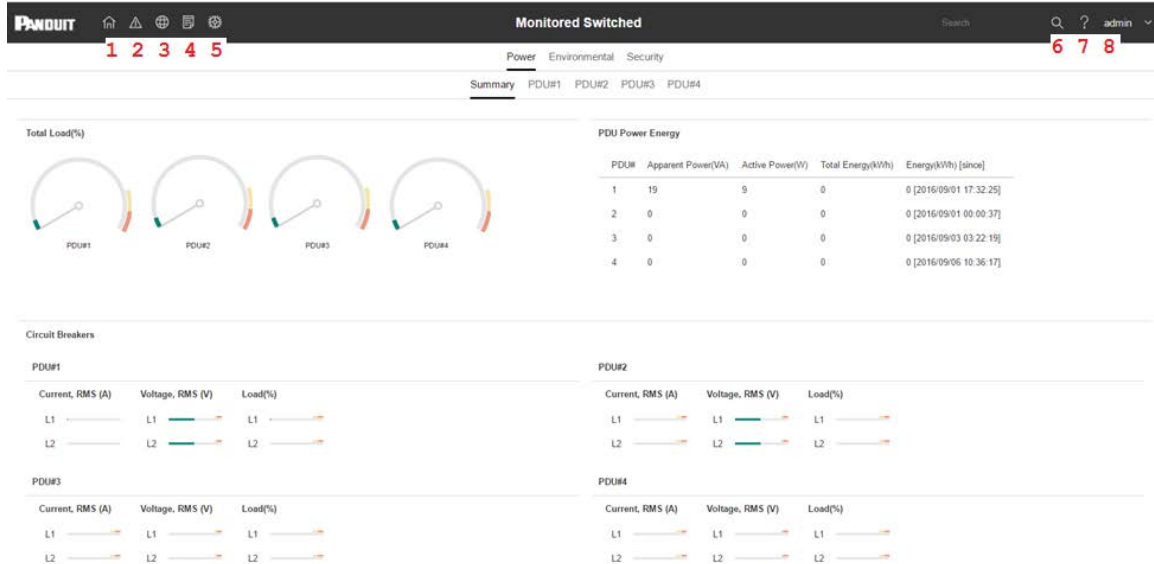
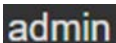


Figure 5: Landing Page/Dashboard

Number	Icon	Description
1		The home icon provides an overview of the PDU with access to the Dashboard, Identification, and Control & Manage.
2		The Alarm icon provides details of the active critical alarms and active warning alarms.
3		This icon lets you select a Language. There are seven languages available to choose from: English, Chinese, French, Italian, German, Spanish, Korean and Japanese.
4		This icon provides the logs of the PDU which can be viewed and downloaded.

Number	Icon	Description
		The Data Log is a log of the Power, Environmental, and Security values.
5		The settings icon allows a user to setup the Network Settings, System Management, SNMP Manager, Email Setup, Event Notifications, Trap Receiver, Thresholds, and Rack Access Control.
6		The search icon allows you to input key words and search for the related results.
7		Information about the PDU can be found using this icon. You also can also click user guide and license to ask for help.
8		This icon shows who is logged in (user or admin). Account passwords can be changed, and user accounts managed through this page.

Screen Resize Due to Multiple PDU Configuration

Resizing a Screen

Multiple PDUs can now cause the user to resize the screen to fit the information on the dashboard due to the update.



Figure 6 - Resized Dashboard Screen

Menu Dropdowns

Overview	Alarms	Help	Language	Logs	Settings	Admin
Dashboard Identification Control & Manage	Active Critical Alarms 9 Active Warning Alarms 4	admin User Guide License	English Français Italiana 한국어 Deutsch Español 日本語	Event Log Download Event Log Data Log Download Data Log	Network Settings System Management SNMP Manager Email Setup Event Notifications Trap Receiver Thresholds	admin Change Password User Accounts Log Out

Introduction to the Dashboard

Power Summary Page

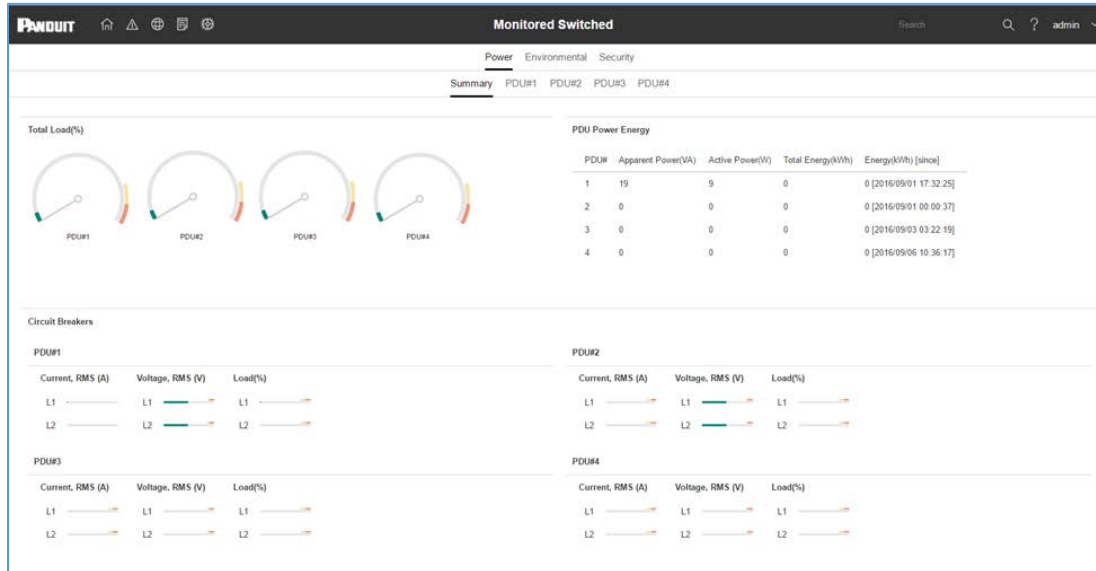


Figure 7: Power Summary Page

Outlet Monitoring Page

Monitored & Switched Per Outlet PDU

Power Environmental Security

Summary PDU#1 PDU#2 PDU#3 PDU#4

B1

Status	Outlet Name	Current(A)	Voltage(V)	Power(VA)	Watts(W)	Power Factor	Energy(kWh)	Energy Since
●	OUTLET 1	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 2	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 3	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 4	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 5	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 6	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 7	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 8	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET 9	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21
●	OUTLET10	0.00	208.4	0	0	1.00	0.0	2018/03/02 18:33:21

Figure 8: Outlet Monitoring Page

Environmental Page

Monitored Switched						
Power Environmental Security						
External Sensors						
External Sensors, Type	Sensor Name	Sensor ID	PDU Name	Location	Value	Status
Humidity	RH	1	pdu#1		43	
Humidity	RH	2	pdu#1		44	
Temperature	T	3	pdu#1		24.0	
Temperature	T	4	pdu#1		24.0	
Temperature	T	1	pdu#2		27.0	
Temperature	T3	1	pdu#3		27.0	
Temperature	T1	2	pdu#3		27.0	
Temperature	T2	3	pdu#3		26.0	
Humidity	RH	4	pdu#3		41	
Dry	DOOR SWITCH	1	pdu#4		Off	
Temperature	T2	3	pdu#4		23.0	
Temperature	T3	4	pdu#4		24.0	
Temperature	T1	5	pdu#4		24.0	

Figure 9: Environmental Page

Security Page

Monitored Input PDU					
Power Environmental Security					
Security Sensors					
Sensors Type	Sensor Name	Sensor Version	PDU Name	Location	Status
Door	DOOR		Pdu#1		Closed
Door	DOOR		Pdu#1		Closed
HID	HID	2.00	Pdu#1		Lock /Mechanical Lock
HID	HID	2.00	Pdu#1		Lock /Mechanical Lock
Dry	DRY1		Pdu#2		On

Figure 10: Security Page

Section 3 – Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

SNMP Management Configuration

Setup SNMP

1. Access the Web interface and login.
2. Under SNMP Managers, select SNMP General (or type SNMP in the search). The SNMP General page displays.

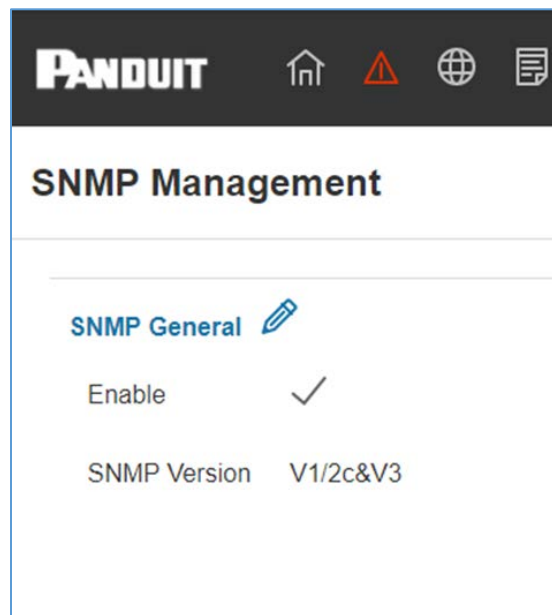
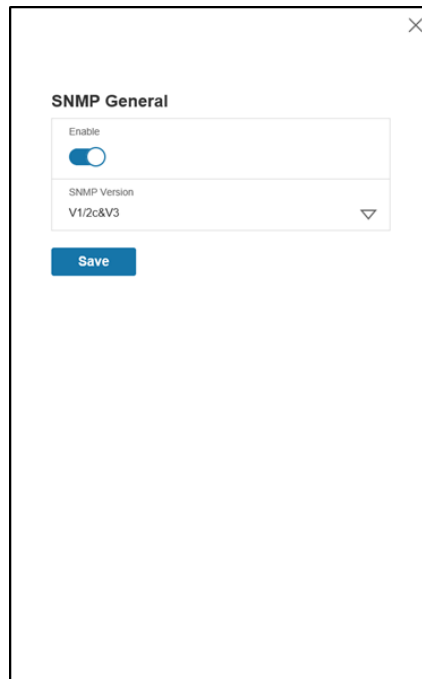


Figure 11: SNMP Management

3. The SNMP General includes SNMP Access and Version.



The image shows a web interface window titled "SNMP General" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the window, there is a section labeled "Enable" with a toggle switch that is currently turned on. Below this, there is a dropdown menu labeled "SNMP Version" with the selected option being "V1/2c&V3". At the bottom of the window, there is a blue "Save" button.

Figure 12: SNMP General

Setup SNMP Port

1. Access the Web interface and log in.
2. Under SNMP Managers, select **SNMP Port**. The SNMP Port page displays.

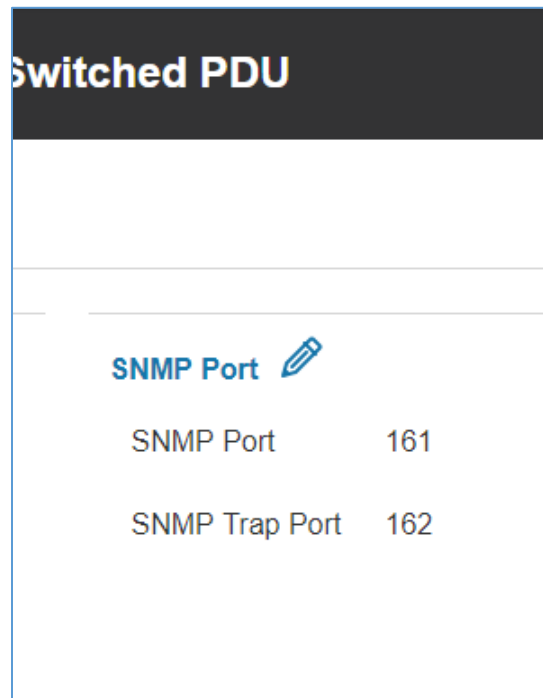


Figure 13: SNMP Port

3. Set up SNMP Port and SNMP Trap Port.

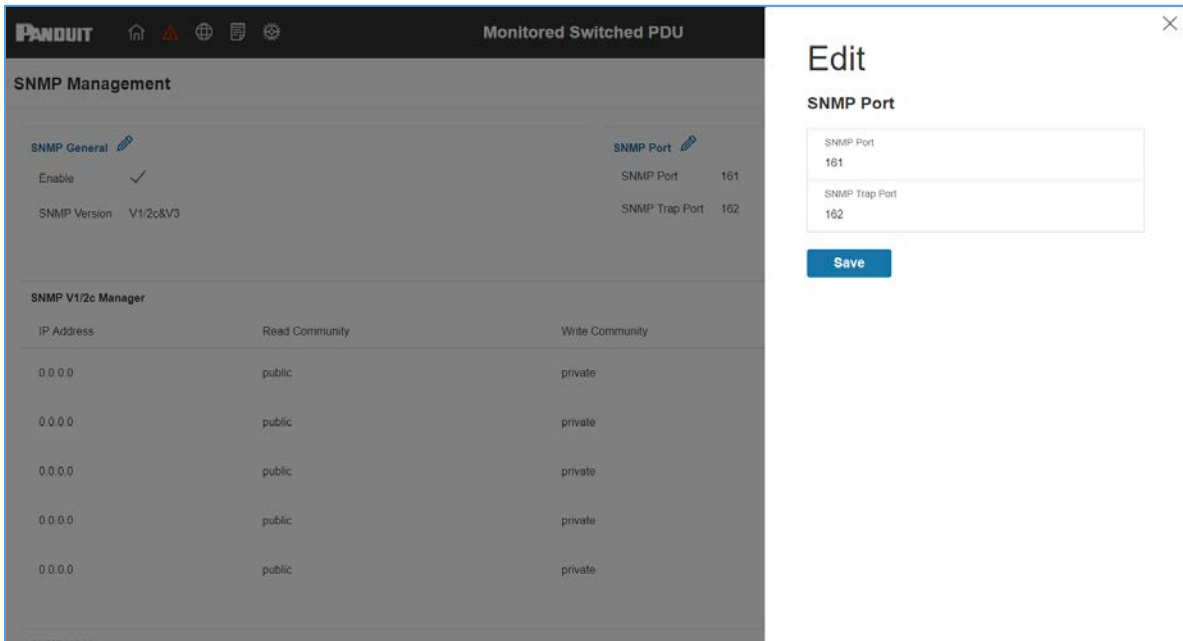


Figure 14: Setup SNMP Port and Trap Port

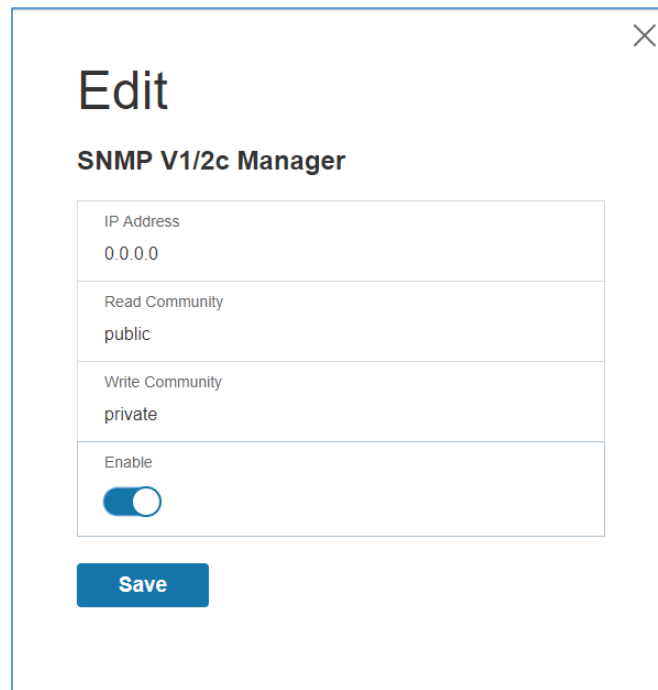
Define SNMP V1/V2c User

1. Access the Web interface and log in.
2. Under SNMP Manager, select **SNMP V1/V2c**.
3. In the SNMP V1/V2c panel, select the SNMP V1/V2c manager to configure. Select the **pencil** icon.

SNMP V1/V2c Manager				
IP Address	Read Community	Write Community	Enable	
0.0.0.0	public	private	×	
0.0.0.0	public	private	×	
0.0.0.0	public	private	×	
0.0.0.0	public	private	×	
0.0.0.0	public	private	×	

Figure 15: Define SNMP V1/V2c User

4. The Edit panel pop up displays.



Edit

SNMP V1/2c Manager

IP Address
0.0.0.0
Read Community
public
Write Community
private
Enable
☒

Save

Figure 16: Edit V1/2c Manager

5. Set the following options:

- **IP Address:** the IP address of the host for this SNMP V1/V2 manager. Only requests from this address will be acted upon.

Note: An IP address configured to 0.0.0.0 will act as a wildcard and all requests will be acted upon.

- **Read Community:** the read-only community string to allow an SNMP V1/V2c manager to read a SNMMP object.
- **Write Community:** the write-only community string to allow an SNMP V1/V2c manager to write an SNMMP object.

6. Click **Enable** and **Save**.

Configuring Users for SNMP v3 Communications

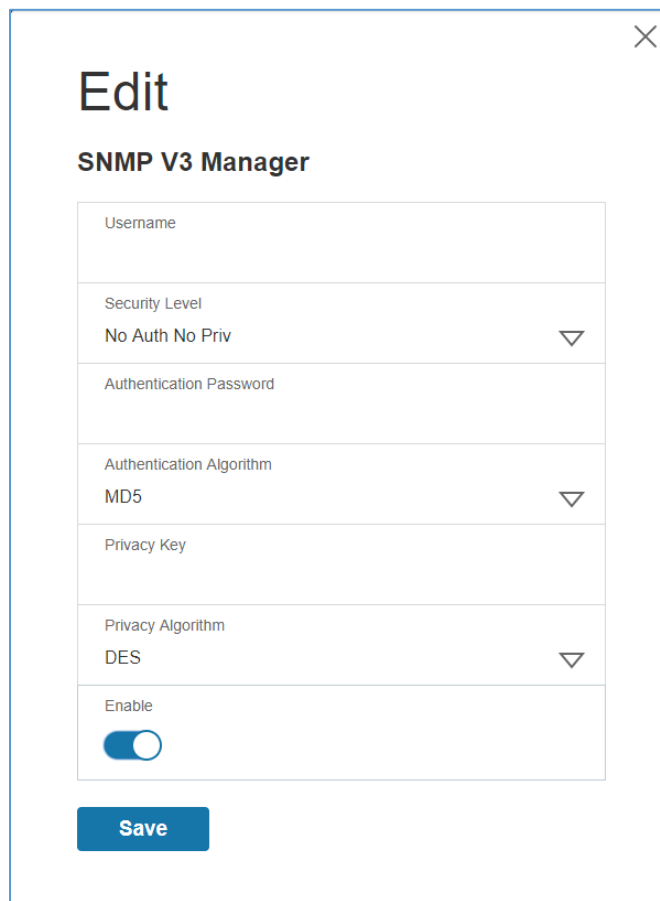
1. Access the Web interface and log in.
2. Under SNMP Managers, select **SNMP V3**.

- In the SNMP V3 panel, select the **SNMP V3** manager to configure. Select the **pencil** icon in the last column.

Username	Security Level	Authentication Password	Authentication Algorithm	Privacy Key	Privacy Algorithm	Enable	
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	×	
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	×	
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	×	
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	×	
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	×	

Figure 17: SNMP V3 Manager

- The Edit panel pop-up displaying the configurable options.



The image shows a modal dialog box titled "Edit" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title is the section header "SNMP V3 Manager". The form contains several fields: "Username" (text input), "Security Level" (dropdown menu showing "No Auth No Priv"), "Authentication Password" (text input), "Authentication Algorithm" (dropdown menu showing "MD5"), "Privacy Key" (text input), "Privacy Algorithm" (dropdown menu showing "DES"), and an "Enable" toggle switch which is currently turned on. At the bottom of the form is a blue "Save" button.

Figure 18: SNMP V3 Edit

5. Configure the SNMP username
6. Choose a Security Level from the dropdown menu
 - NoAuthNoPriv: No authentication and no privacy. This is the default.
 - AuthNoPriv: Authentication and no privacy.
 - AuthPriv: Authentication and privacy.
7. Enter a new unique password to be used for authentication
8. Select the desired authentication algorithm.
 - MD5
 - SHA

9. Enter a new unique key for privacy algorithm
10. Select the desired privacy algorithm
 - AES-128
 - AES-192
 - AES-256
11. Click **Enable** and **Save**.

Configuring SNMP Traps

The M-Series PDU keeps an internal log of all events. These events can be used to send SNMP traps to a third-party manager. To set up the PDU to send SNMP traps, follow the following procedure:

Configuring SNMP v1 Trap Settings

1. Go to Device Configuration > Network Services > SNMP
2. Click the Pencil next to SNMPV1 Trap Receiver you want to update.

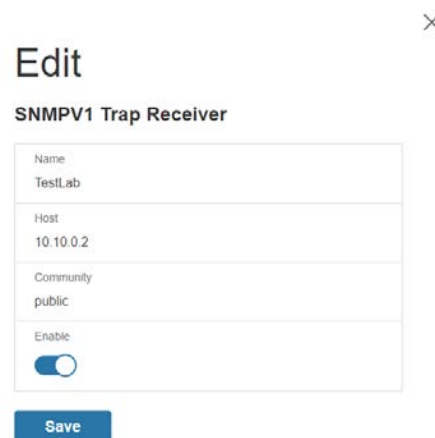


Figure 19: SNMPv2 Configuration Information

3. Enter the **Name**, **Host**, and a **community name** in the fields provided.
 - a. The name is a user assigned name to help distinguish the different receivers.
 - b. The host name is the IP Address to which the traps are sent by the SNMP

system agent.

- c. Community is the password on the SNMP management stations.
4. Select Enable to enable the receiver.
5. Select **Save** to save and exit.

Configuring SNMP v3 Trap Settings

1. Go to Device Configuration > Network Services > SNMP
2. Click the Pencil next to SNMPV3 Trap Server you want to update.

Figure 20: SNMPv3 Trap Server Information.

3. Enter the **Name**, **Host**, and a **community name** in the fields provided.
 - a. The name is a user assigned name to help distinguish the different receivers.
 - b. The host name is the IP Address to which the traps are sent by the SNMP system agent.
4. Choose a Security Level from the dropdown menu
 - NoAuthNoPriv: No authentication and no privacy. This is the default.

- AuthNoPriv: Authentication and no privacy.
 - AuthPriv: Authentication and privacy.
5. Enter the password from the SNMP Server to be used for authentication.
 6. Select the desired authentication algorithm.
 - MD5
 - SHA
 7. Enter the key from the SNMP Server for privacy algorithm
 8. Select the desired privacy algorithm
 - AES-128
 - AES-192
 - AES-256
 9. Select **Enable** to enable the receiver.
 10. Select **Save** to save and exit.

Section 4 – Connecting to CLI Connection

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is an alternate method used to manage and control the PDU status and parameters, as well as basic admin functions. Through the CLI a user can:

- Reset the PDU
- Display PDU and network properties
- Configure the PDU and network settings
- Switch outlets on/off
- View user information

Connecting to the CLI requires a terminal emulation program such as HyperTerminal or PuTTY

Supported Commands

The PDU CLI command set for managing and monitoring the PDU includes the following commands:

- ? command: PDU help query
- sys command: PDU system configure and setting
- net command: PDU net application configure and setting
- usr command: PDU user operation
- dev command: PDU device setting
- pwr command: PDU power setting

NOTE: Command variables are represented in command input syntax surrounded by angle braces (< >). Optional parameters are represented in command input syntax surrounded by straight brackets ([]). For data of type array, the 'x' character as index of array in command input syntax means all indexes. You must be logged into the PDU before commands can be sent. See Appendix A for a list of all CLI commands.

Connecting to the CLI through the serial interface

Communicating through the serial port requires a specialized optional RJ45-DB9 cable or you can create your own cable as described in the “Serial Cable Pinout to Create Your Own Cable” section.



Figure 21: Connect the RJ-45 end of the cable to the PDU In/Serial connector

To connect the PDU to a computer:

Using the optional RJ45-DB9 cable, connect the RJ-45 end to the port labeled “PDU In/Serial” on the front panel of your PDU model. Connect the DB9 end of the cable to the serial connector on the computer.

Logging in with HyperTerminal

To login through HyperTerminal, set the COM settings to the following parameters:

- Bits per second: 115200
- Data bits: 8

- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1
- Flow control: None

Serial Cable Pinout to Create Your Own Cable

To make your own RJ45-to-DB9 Serial cable, the connections are wired as shown:

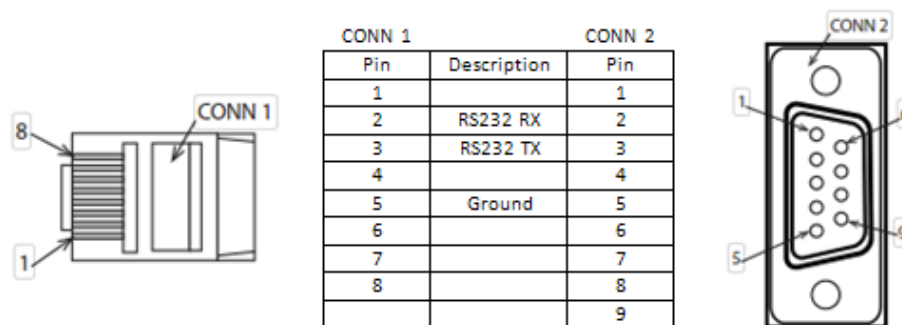


Figure 22: Serial Cable Pinout

Logging in with SSH via PuTTY

1. Ensure SSH has been enabled: On GUI, go to Device Configuration > Network Service > SSH. Select the **Enable SSH Access** checkbox. Select **OK**.
2. Open an SSH client (PuTTY).
3. Enter the IP address in the Host Name field. Select the connection type: SSH
 - For SSH, enter 22 in the Port field.
4. Select **Open**.
5. Enter your Username. Press **Enter**.
6. Enter your password. Press **Enter**.
7. You are now logged into the SSH. Refer to the CLI Commands table below for available commands.

NOTE: SSH connection is not available when serial connection is enabled.

Section 5 – Local Display

Onboard Display and Intelligent Network Controller (iNC)

The Onboard Display provides information about the PDU and connected devices. The PDU has a three-button, graphical iNC panel (see Figure 23). Use the buttons to change the screen display and retrieve specific data.



Figure 23: iNC Display

The iNC Display has three modes:

1. **Menu mode** (iNC Display main menu): When the PDU is powered up or when a button is pushed while in Standby Mode or Power Save mode.
2. **Standby mode**: This happens when a PDU is idle (no buttons pushed) for 30 seconds while in Menu mode.
 - In Standby mode, the PDU scrolls through key power values (Frequency, Amps, Volts, Watts, and kVA) and IP addresses (for both IPv4 and IPv6).
3. **Power Save mode**: The PDU enters Power Save mode when it has been in Standby mode for an hour. To exit Power Save mode, press any button on the display.

Control Buttons

The table below summarizes how to use the control buttons on the iNC display.

Button	When in Menu Mode	When in Screensaver Mode
Menu	Select from the four main menus.	Returns to the previous display screen before entering the screensaver mode.
Scroll	Scrolls down through the list of menu items. NOTE: A highlighted menu item is ready to be selected.	Returns to the previous display screen before entering the screensaver mode.
Select	Opens the selected menu.	Returns to the previous display screen before entering the screensaver mode.

LED Unit Status

The LED will change colors depending on the state of the PDU.

LED State	Description
Solid Green	Normal Operation
Solid Red	Critical or Warning Alarm
Flashing Orange	No network connection

iNC Menu Structure

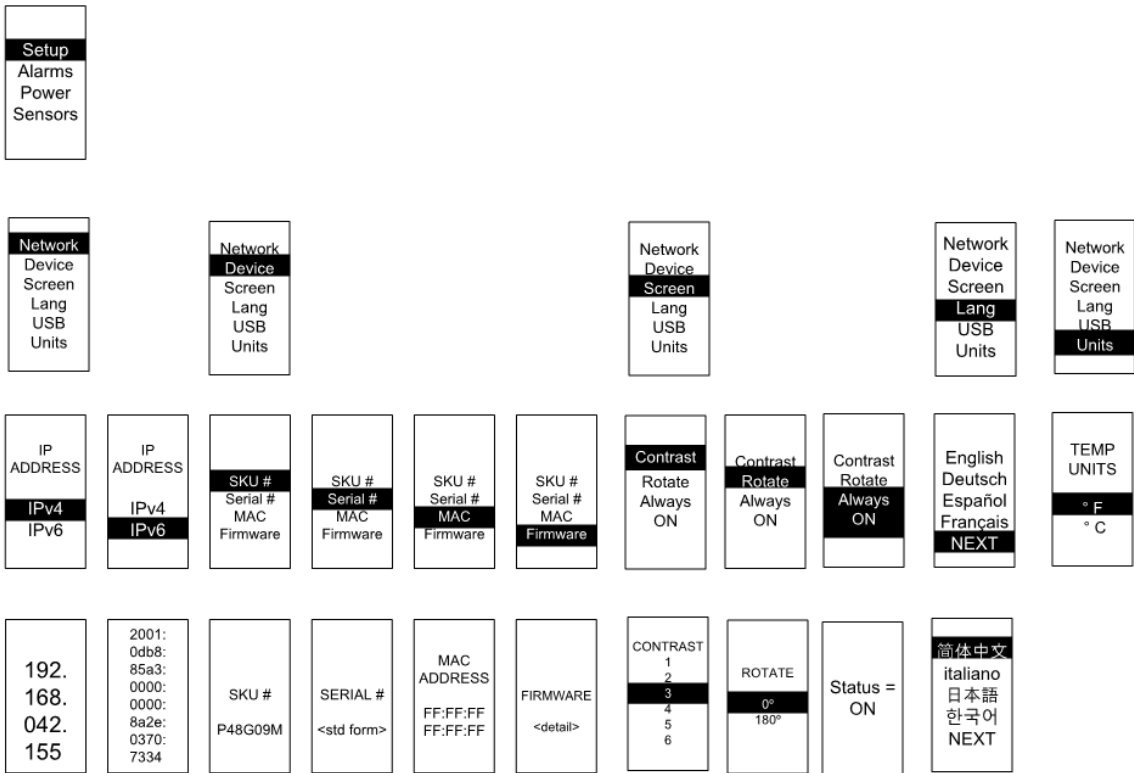


Figure 24: iNC Menu Structure

Main Menu Selections

The PDU menu selection hierarchy consists of Setup, Alarms, Power, and Sensors. On the main menu, scroll down to highlight Setup. Press **Select**. Scroll down to select a submenu and press **Select** to display the submenu options. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

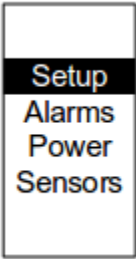


Figure 25: Main Menu Selections

Setup Menu

The Setup menu provides user configuration options including Network, Device, Screen, Language, USB, and Units.

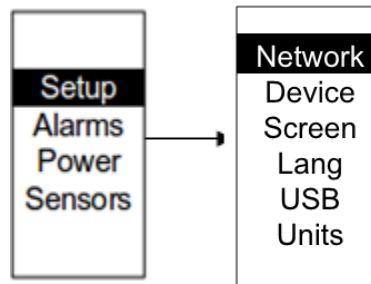


Figure 26: Setup Menu

Network Submenu

The Network submenu allows you to view IP address IPv4 or IPv6. On the Setup menu, scroll down to Network. Press **Select** to enter the Network Submenu. Scroll down to highlight the selected option from the menu. Press **Select** to display the screens that display the IP address. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

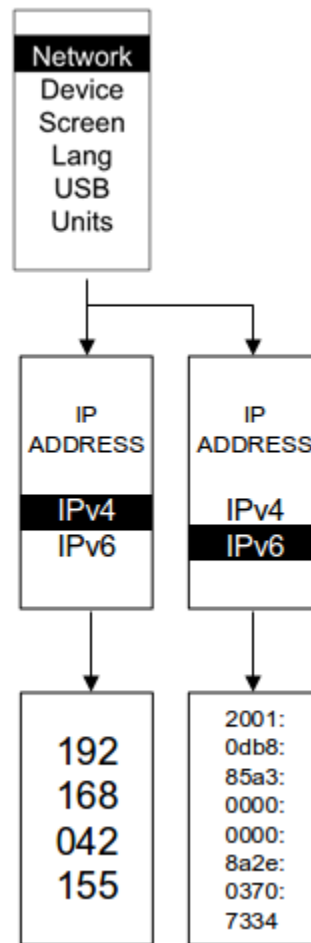


Figure 27: Network Submenu

Device Submenu

The Device submenu provides the SKU number, Serial number, MAC address and Firmware version. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Device submenu. Press **Select** to enter the Device Submenu. Scroll down to the item you wish to display, and press **Select**. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

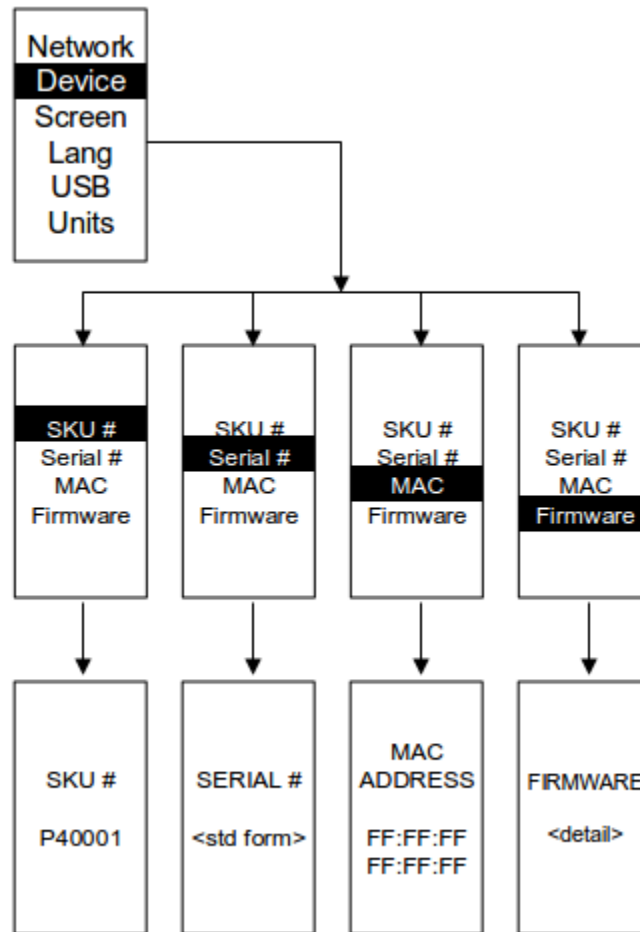


Figure 28: Device Submenu

Screen Submenu

The Screen submenu allows you to customize settings for Contrast, Rotate, and Always on. In the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Screen. Press **Select** to select the submenu. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

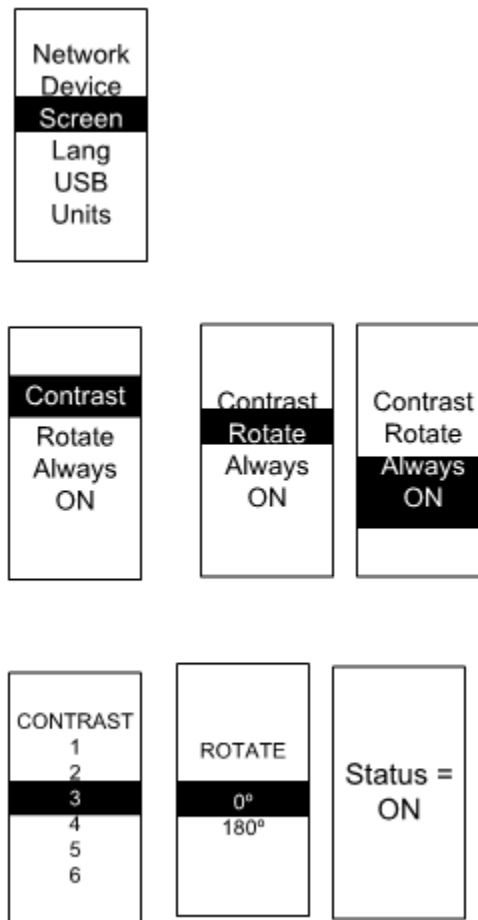


Figure 29: Screen Submenu

Language Submenu

The Language submenu allows you to select the language you need to use. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Lang. Press **Select** to display the screens to select the submenu. After you select the values, press **Select** to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



Figure 30: Language Submenu

USB Submenu

The USB submenu allows you to upload firmware file and download event log or data log. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight USB. Press **Select** to enter the USB Submenu. The user will be asked to verify the want to the enter the USB operation and Configuration Mode. After you select Yes, the system will reset in to the USB operation and Configuration Mode, or Boot Loader mode.

Note: If a USB drive is not present in the USB slot the PDU will enter normal operation after the reset.

Note: If you are in USB mode and you want to exit USB mode, you must remove the USB drive before existing USB mode. Otherwise, the PDU will reset and re-enter USB mode.

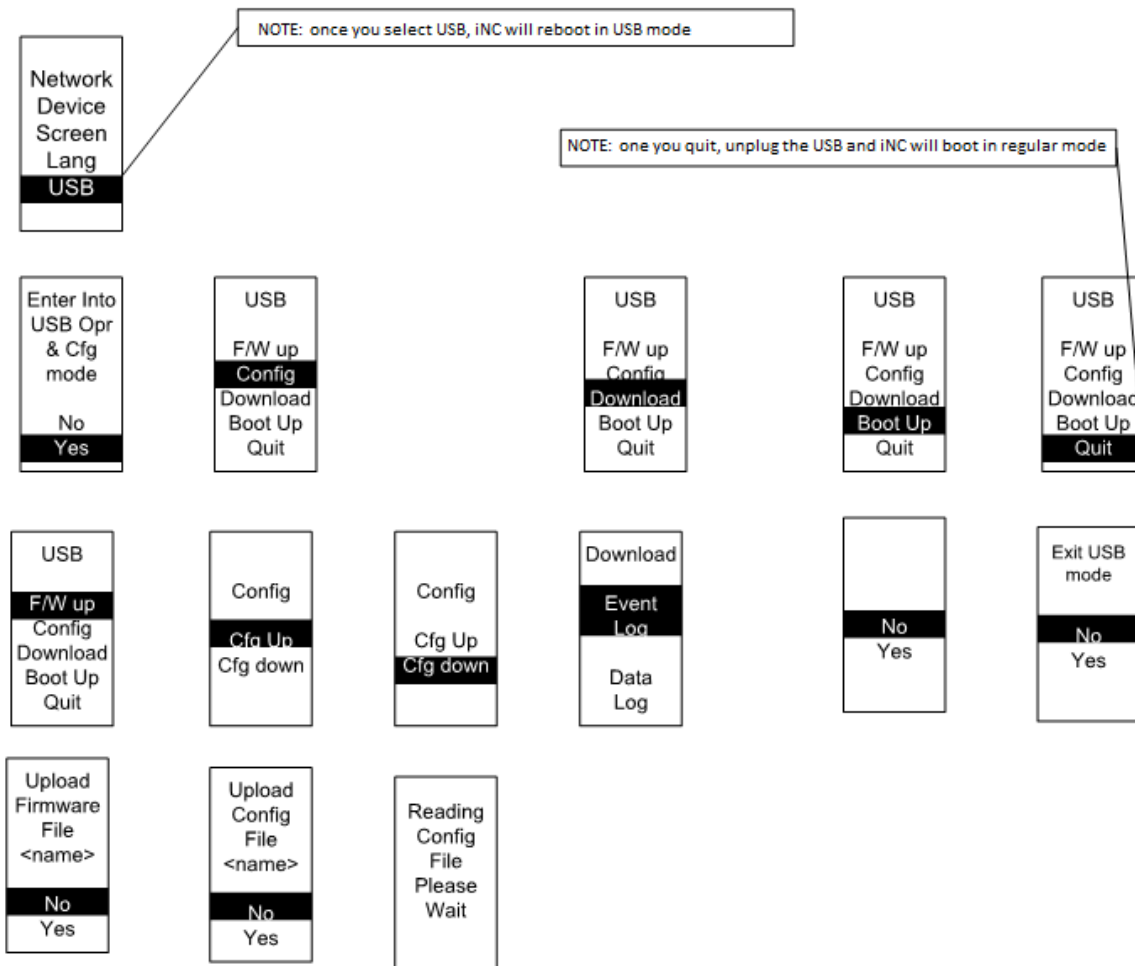


Figure 31: USB Submenu

Units Submenu

The Units submenu displays the temperature units. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Units. Press **Select** to enter the Units Submenu. After you select the values, press **Select** to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

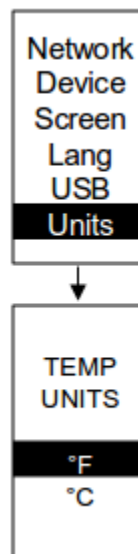


Figure 32: Units Submenu

Alarms Menu

The Alarms menu displays active alarms for the PDU. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Alarms. Press **Select** to display the Alarm Screen. When you finish your review, press **Menu** to return to the main menu.

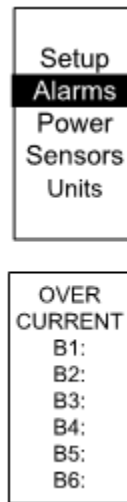


Figure 33: Alarms Menu

Power Menu

The Power menu manages device, phase, breaker and outlet. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Power. Press **Select**. Scroll down to select a submenu and press **Select** to display the submenu options. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

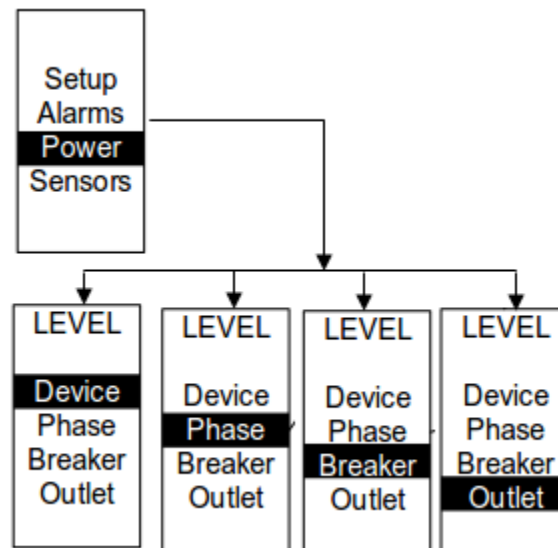


Figure 34: Power Menu

Device Submenu

The Device submenu is to display current, voltage and power. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Device. Press **Select** to display the power values for the entire PDU. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

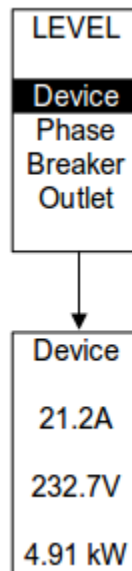


Figure 35: Device Submenu

Phase Submenu

The Phase submenu is to display the status of 3-Phase. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Phase. Press **Select** to display the screens to set the values for the submenu. After you select the phase, press **Select** to display the values for that phase on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

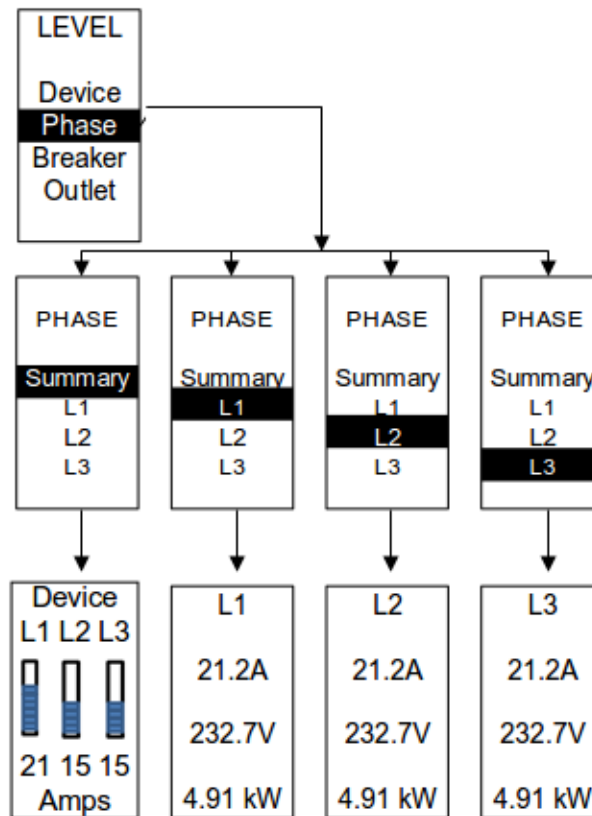


Figure 36: Phase Submenu

Breaker Submenu

The Breaker submenu is to display power values for the breakers. Press **Select** to display the values of the first breaker. To go to the next breaker, **Select** next. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

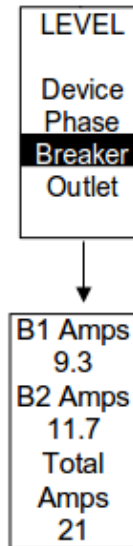


Figure 37: Breaker Submenu

Outlet Submenu

The Outlet submenu is to display voltage, current and power from outlet number 1 to number n. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Outlet. Press **Select** to display values for the first outlet. To go to the next outlet, **Select** next. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

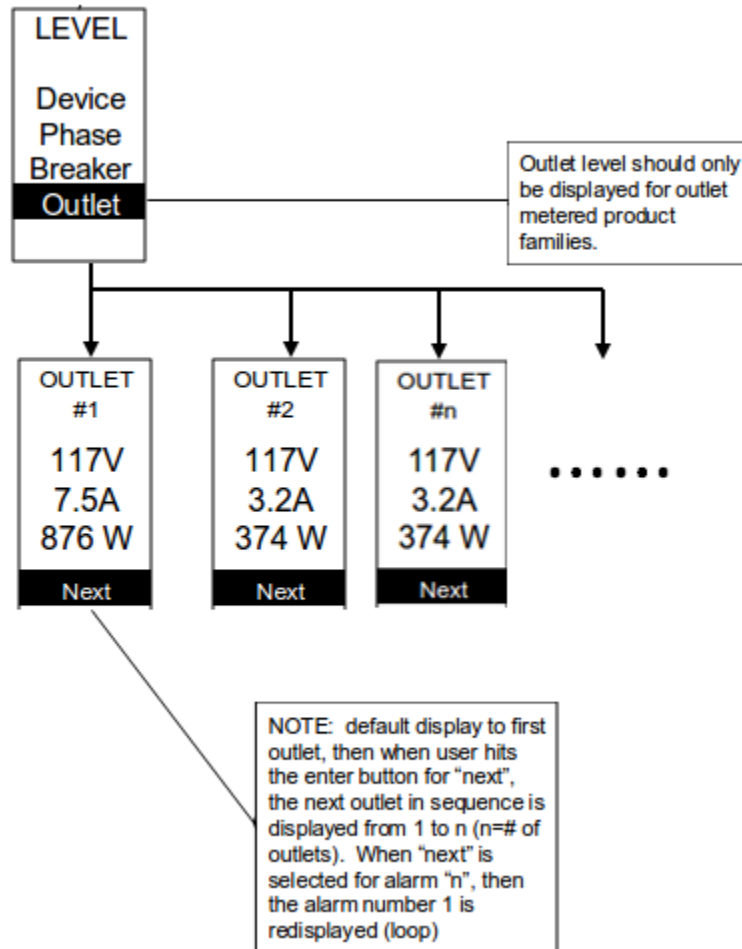


Figure 38: Outlet Submenu

Sensors Menu

The Sensor menu is to display temperature, humidity, door switch, fluid leak etc. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Sensor. Press **Select**. This will display the sensor data for the first sensor. To go to the next sensor, **Select** next. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

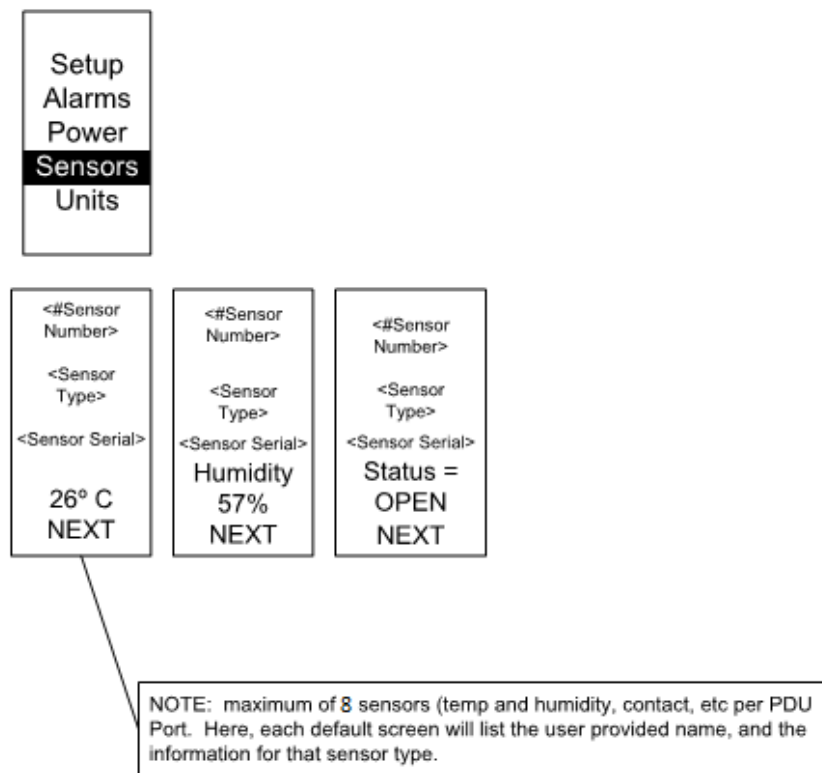


Figure 39: Sensors

NOTE: Maximum of 8 sensors are configured per PDU.

Section 6 – User Access

Changing Your Password

At initial login, you are required to change the default password:

1. Enter the current password and new password twice to confirm. By default, passwords must be between 8 and 32 characters.

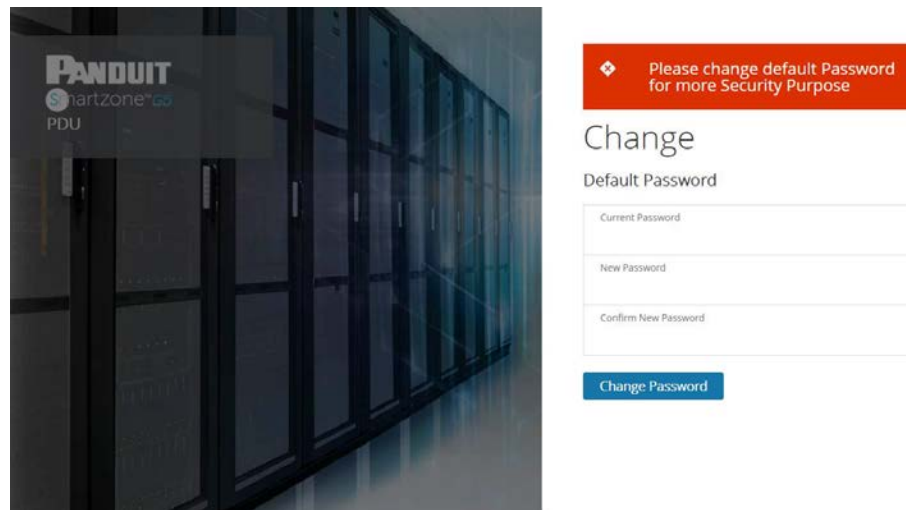


Figure 40: Changing Your Password

2. Click **Change Password** to complete the password change.

After the initial login, change the password by the following steps:

1. Go to **User Name** and select **Change Password**.

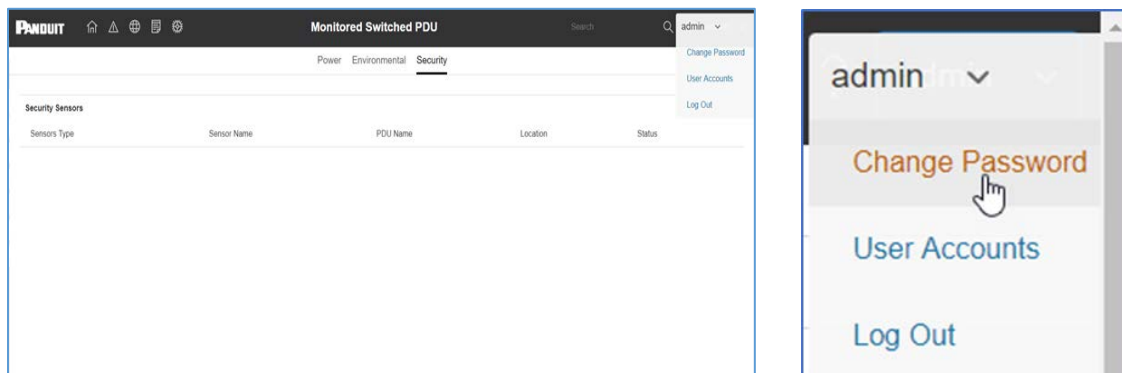


Figure 41: After Login

2. The Change User Password window opens.

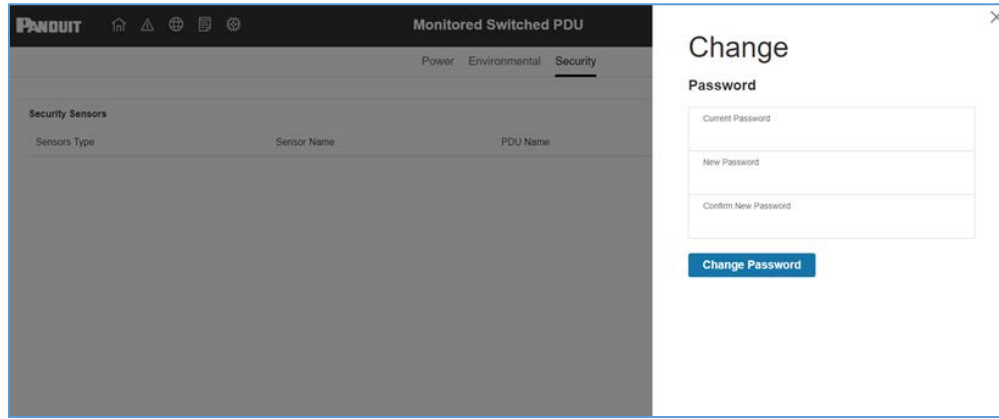


Figure 42: Change User Password

3. Enter the old password and then new password twice to confirm. By default, passwords must be between 8 and 32 characters.

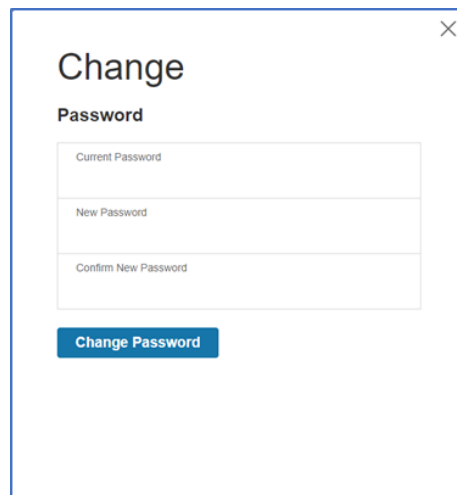


Figure 43: Change Password

4. Click **Change Password** to complete the password change.

Logging Out

Users should logout after each session to prevent unauthorized changes to the system.

1. Click the **user name icon** in the top right corner of the screen (see Introduction to the Web Menu).
2. Click **Log Out** in the drop-down menu.

Access Types

There are two levels of access privileges:

- Administrator Privileges
- Read Only

The Panduit PDU comes with a standard **Administrator Privileges** profile and a standard **Read Only** profile. The “Admin Role” is typically the system administrator and has the Administrator Privileges with full operating permissions. By default, the User Role is a Read Only profile. All other users must be added by a user with administrator privileges. Users are defined by their unique login credentials and by their user role. The level of access privilege determines what the user will see and what actions the user can perform. The level of access privilege determines which menu items the user can access, or which fields display on individual setting and configuration dialogs. Before setting up users, determine the Roles that will be required. Each user must be given a Role. These Roles define the permissions granted to the user.

Role	Default Permissions
admin	Full permissions that cannot be modified or deleted.
user	Read-only permissions. Can monitor the system but cannot change any configuration
manager	Full permissions that can be modified and deleted

User Accounts

Add a user with the following steps:

1. Go to **User Administration** and select **User Accounts**.
2. Select **Add User** to create a new user profile.
3. Use the Settings tab to enter the following information:
 - User Name (required)
 - Password (required)
 - Confirm Password (required)

NOTE: Set password requirements in the required field. By default, passwords must be 8-32 characters in length, and have at least one numeric character, and at least one special character.

4. Use the **Roles** tab to set full or read only privileges.
5. Select **Add User** to save the new user profile.

Modify user profile:

1. Go to **User Administration** and select **Users**.
2. Select the **User Name**.
3. Select **Edit**. Make changes to the user profile.
4. Select **Update**.

Delete user profile with the following steps:

1. Go to **User Administration** and select **Users**.
2. Select the red **X** next to user name.

Setting Up the System for Radius Authentication

1. Go to **User Settings** in the admin menu.

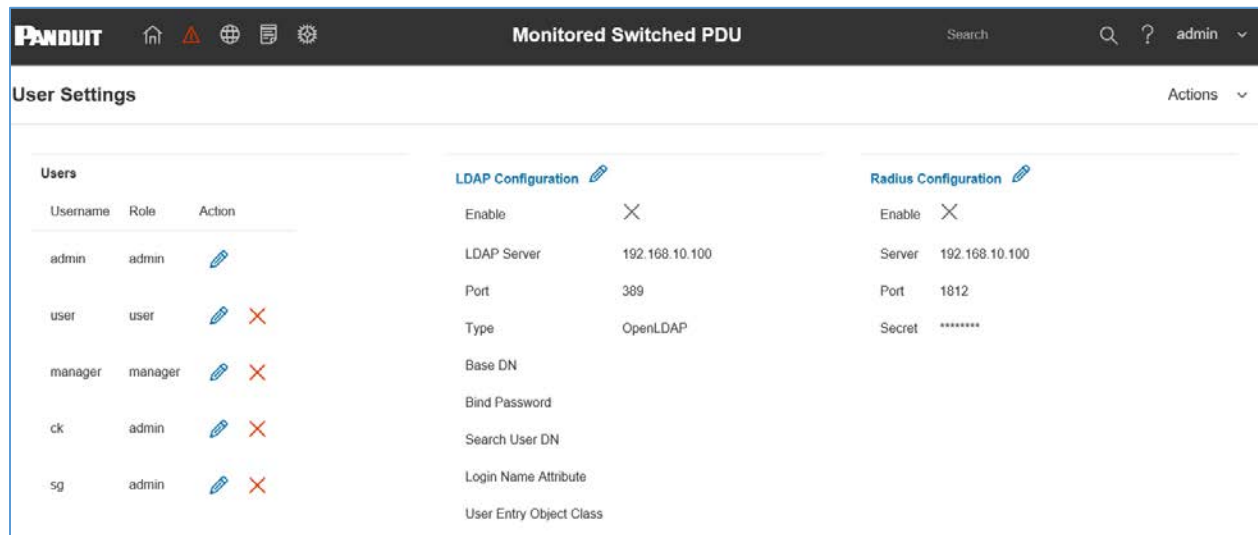


Figure 44: User Settings

2. Go to **Radius Configuration** and click the edit pencil.

Edit

Radius Configuration

Enable

☐

Server

192.168.1.101

Port

1812

Secret

PDU@Panduit

Save

Figure 45 Radius Configuration

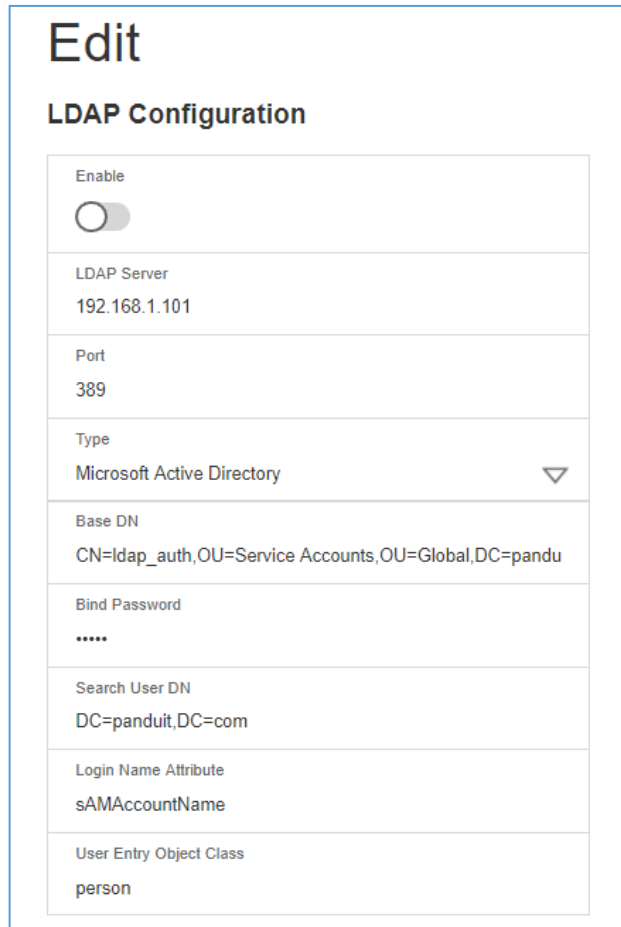
3. Select the **Enable** button.
4. Enter Server IP address field, Port number field, and Secret field.
5. Click save and your Radius authentication is complete.

Configuring the system with LDAP Server Settings

To setup LDAP to access the Active Directory (AD) and provide authentication when logging into the PDU via the Web Interface:

1. Go to User Settings (under the ADMIN Menu) > LDAP Configuration.
2. Select the LDAP Enable checkbox.
3. Use the drop-down menu to choose the Type of LDAP Server. Choose Microsoft Active Directory.
4. Enter an IP Address of the domain controller/Active Directory (AD) Server.
i.e.: 192.168.1.101 (example)
5. Enter a Port.
Note: For Microsoft, this is typically 389.
6. In the Base DN field, enter in the account to be used to access AD.
i.e. CN=myuser, CN=Users, DC=EMEA, DC=mydomain, DC=com
7. Enter the password in the Bind Password and Confirm Password fields.
8. In the Search User DN field:
DC=subdomain
DC=mydomain
DC=com 10
9. In the Login Name Attribute field, enter **sAMAccountName** (typically).
10. In the User Entry Object Class field, enter person.

With these LDAP settings configured, the Bind is complete.



The screenshot shows the 'Edit' page for 'LDAP Configuration'. It contains several fields: 'Enable' with a toggle switch, 'LDAP Server' set to '192.168.1.101', 'Port' set to '389', 'Type' set to 'Microsoft Active Directory' with a dropdown arrow, 'Base DN' set to 'CN=ldap_auth,OU=Service Accounts,OU=Global,DC=pandu', 'Bind Password' masked with dots, 'Search User DN' set to 'DC=panduit,DC=com', 'Login Name Attribute' set to 'sAMAccountName', and 'User Entry Object Class' set to 'person'.

Enable
LDAP Server 192.168.1.101
Port 389
Type Microsoft Active Directory
Base DN CN=ldap_auth,OU=Service Accounts,OU=Global,DC=pandu
Bind Password
Search User DN DC=panduit,DC=com
Login Name Attribute sAMAccountName
User Entry Object Class person

Figure 46: LDAP Configuration

Once LDAP is configured, the PDU must understand for which group authentication occurs. A role must be created on the PDU to reference a group within the Active Directory (AD).

1. Within the Active Directory, create a group for the users that you wish to be PDU administrators. *i.e. admins*
2. Within the G5 PDU Web Interface, go to **User Settings** (under admin menu) > **Roles**. Enter the **Role Name** that was created in AD. *i.e. admins*
3. Enable role privileges as needed (pictured below).

Edit

Role

Role Name
admin
Description
admin operation
Privileges
☒ Administrator Privileges

Save

Figure 47: Enable Role Privileges

4. LDAP authentication is ready to use.
5. Click save to test and click **LDAP Configuration** again.
6. Type an Active Directory user name/password into the test box.
7. Click **Test LDAP Configuration**.
 - If a box pops up with all green **SUCCEEDED** (no X's), the LDAP is successfully configured.

Test LDAP Configuration

Test Name
admin

Test Password
●●●●●●●●

Test LDAP Configuration

Save

Figure 48: Test LDAP Configuration

Note: Be sure to log in without a domain name.

Section 7 – Daisy Chain Configuration

Daisy-Chain Overview

In daisy chain mode, up to four PDUs of the same SKU number can be connected via one IP address. This allows users to gather information and data on all daisy-chained PDUs from the master PDU. The daisy chain functionality reduces network cost for PDUs. For example, a standard network switch used in a data center may contain 24 ports. Without using the daisy chain function, each port would supply network connection to one PDU. However, if using the daisy chain features, a typical network switch with 24 ports can supply network connections for up to 96 PDUs.

Daisy-Chain Setup

1. After the initial PDU is configured, connect an Ethernet cord from the **PDU Out** port on the configured PDU to the **PDU In/Serial port** on the second PDU in the daisy chain line.
2. Repeat step 2, connecting PDUs from the **PDU Out** port to the **PDU In/Serial** port for up to 4 PDUs.

Note: The total length of the Ethernet cords connecting the PDUs must be less than 15m (49 ft.).

3. Go to the Web interface (or management software) to manage and control the PDUs in the daisy chain.

RNA (Redundant Network Access) Functionality

RNA allows secure access of PDU data and statistics on two separate, private networks. RNA must be used with a redundant power delivery design including two rack PDUs for each IT rack. PDUs used in RNA applications must be the same SKU/Part Number.

How it works:

- Using RNA, the main and expansion unit maintain two separate private networks that do not overlap.
- RNA works using a redundant power delivery design (two rack PDUs for each IT rack).

- Each PDU is separately connected to the expansion and main unit's private communications network.
- The two PDUs relate to a data communications bus to allow PDUs to share user-defined information.

Each PDU acts like a main PDU to report PDU data to both networks.

RNA Setup

To set up RNA mode on two PDUs, the user must (1) configure the PDUs for RNA Mode (using CLI) and then (2) connect the LAN Network cords and Ethernet cords between PDUs.

To Configure RNA Mode in the CLI

1. Log in to the CLI and enter the command 'dev daisy rna.'
2. The following message will appear:
 - Reboot Required for change to take effort.
 - System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N).
3. Enter **Y** to confirm reboot.
4. After reboot, the PDU will be setup to RNA Mode.
5. Repeat this process for the second PDU.

To Connect the PDUs for RNA Setup

After the PDUs are configured for RNA:

1. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Landlord LAN Network to the Ethernet port of the first PDU. This will have limited access/permissions.
2. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Tenant LAN Network to the Ethernet port of the second PDU. This will have full access to both PDUs.
3. Connect an Ethernet cable from the **PDU In/Serial** port on first PDU to the **PDU Out** port on the second PDU.

4. Connect another Ethernet cable from the **PDU Out** port on the first PDU to the **PDU In/Serial** port on the second PDU.
5. In RNA mode, the default account username is 'landlord' and password is '12345678'. This account is configured for proper access and control in RNA mode.
6. To enable this account, login to the CLI with admin credentials.
7. Enter the command '**dev daisy rna init**'.
8. The following message will appear to confirm the landlord account is enabled:
SUCCESS.
9. RNA is now configured and enabled.

Section 8– Web GUI configuration

System Management Information

The system management information is a way to distinguish the PDU system's name and location inside the data center.

To configure the system management information, select **System Management** under the **gear** icon.

PANDUIT Home Alerts Global Reports Settings **Monitored Input PDU** Search ? admin ▼

System Management Actions ▼

System Information ✎

System Name: The name of the PDU system

Contact Name: Name of Contact user

Contact Email: support@panduit.com

Contact Phone: 8007773300

Contact Location: Tinley Park, IL

Rack Location ✎

Room Name: Panduit Data Center

Row Name: First Row

Row Position: 2

Rack Name: Data Center Rack

Rack ID: 1

Rack Height: 48

Power Panel & Core Location ✎

Power Panel Name: A Feed PDU Name

Core Location: Back

Core U Position: 0

Power Panel & Core Location ✎

Power Panel Name: B Feed PDU Name

Core Location: Back

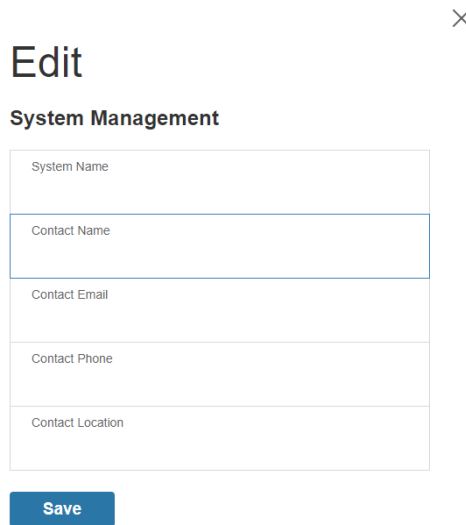
Core U Position: 0

Figure 49: System Management

System Info

The system information includes the name of the PDU system and information of the person to contact in case an issue arises. Follow the steps below to set up the system information:

1. Select the **pencil** icon next to **System Management**.



The screenshot shows a web interface for editing system management information. At the top right is a close button (X). The title 'Edit' is centered. Below it is the section header 'System Management'. A form contains five input fields: 'System Name', 'Contact Name', 'Contact Email', 'Contact Phone', and 'Contact Location'. The 'Contact Name' field is highlighted with a blue border. Below the form is a blue 'Save' button.

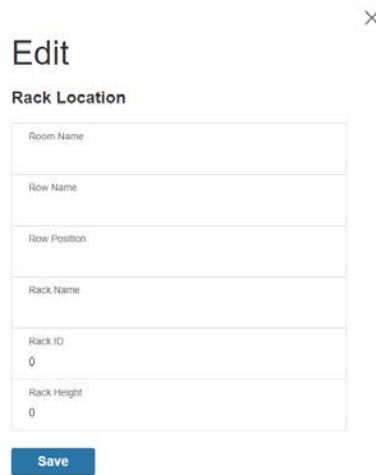
Figure 50: System Management Configuration

2. Enter the **System Name**: The “system” is the main PDU and all daisy-chained PDUs. A system can have 4 PDUs.
3. Enter the name of the person who should be contacted if there is a problem with the system into the **Contact Name** section.
4. Enter the email of the contact person into the **Contact Email**.
5. Enter the phone number of the contact person into **Contact Phone**.
6. Enter the location of the contact person into the **Contact Location**.
7. Press **Save**.

Rack Location

The rack location describes the physical location of the rack or cabinet where the PDU system resides. To setup the system information, follow these steps.

1. Select the **pencil** icon next to **Rack Location**.



×

Edit

Rack Location

Room Name
Row Name
Row Position
Rack Name
Rack ID 0
Rack Height 0

Save

Figure 51: Rack Location Configuration

2. Enter the room location of the rack or cabinet that contains the PDU system into **Room Name**.
3. Enter the name of row where the PDU is located in **Row Name**.
4. Enter the position of the row where the PDU is positioned in **Row Position**.
5. Enter the ID of the rack/cabinet where the PDU is located into **Rack ID**.
6. Enter the height of the rack/cabinet where the PDU is located into **Rack Height**.
7. Press **Save**.

Power Panel & Core Location

The **Power Panel & Core Location** describes the name of each PDU that is part of the PDU system. It also indicates the location of the PDUs inside the rack or cabinet. To configure, follow these steps:

1. Select the **pencil** icon next to **Power Panel & Core Location**.

×

Edit

Power Panel & Core Location

Power Panel Name
Core Location Front ▾
Core U Position

Save

Figure 52: Power Panel & Core Location

2. Enter the name of the PDU in the **Power Panel Name**.
3. Select **Front** or **Back** for the **Core Location**. The **Core Location** is the side of the rack/cabinet where the PDUs are installed. For vertical PDUs, they are typically installed in the back.
4. Enter the rack unit (RU) location into the **Core U Position**. Vertical PDUs are usually installed in the 0 RU space.
5. Press **Save**.

Setting Time and Date on the PDU

You can set the internal clock manually or link to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server and set the date and time:

Manually Setting Time and Date

1. Go to **Network Settings** and select **Date/Time Settings**.

Edit

Date/Time Settings

Date	2019/02/14	
Time	HH:MM:SS	
	09:16:17	
Date Format	Supported format is [YYYY/MM/DD]	

Save

2. Enter the date using the YYYY-MM-DD format or use the calendar icon to select a date.
3. Enter the time in the three fields provided: the hour in the first field, minutes in the next field, and seconds in the third field. Time is measured in 24-hour format. Enter 13 for 1:00pm, 14 for 2:00pm, etc.
4. Press **Save**.

[Link to a Network Time Protocol \(NTP\)](#)

1. Go to **Network Settings** and select **Network Time Protocol (NTP)**.

×

Edit

Network Time Protocol(NTP)

Enable	☐
Primary NTP Server	
Secondary NTP Server	
NTP GMT Offset	(UTC-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada) 

Test

Save

Figure 53: NTP Configuration

2. Click **Enable** to enable NTP.
3. Enter the IP address of the primary NTP server in the **Primary NTP Server** field.
4. Enter the IP address of the primary NTP server in the **Secondary NTP Server** field.
5. Select the appropriate time zone from the Time Zone drop-down list.
6. Press **Save**.

Setting Daylight Saving Time

1. Go to **Network Settings** and select **Daylight Saving Time**.

Edit

Daylight Saving Time

Enable	
Start Month	
Select	▼
Select	▼
Select	▼
0:0:0	
End Month	
End Month:Week:Day:Time	
Select	▼
Select	▼
Select	▼
0:0:0	
Time Offset	
Select	▼

Save

Figure 54: Daylight Saving Time Configuration

2. Ensure **Enable** is selected.
3. Select the specifics of the **Start Month**:
 - Month
 - Week
 - Day
 - Time

4. Select the specifics of the **End Month**:

- Month
- Week
- Day
- Time

5. Set the **Time Offset**.

G5 iPDU Outlet Power Sequence Setup

1. From the **PDU GUI Home Menu**, select **Control & Manage**.

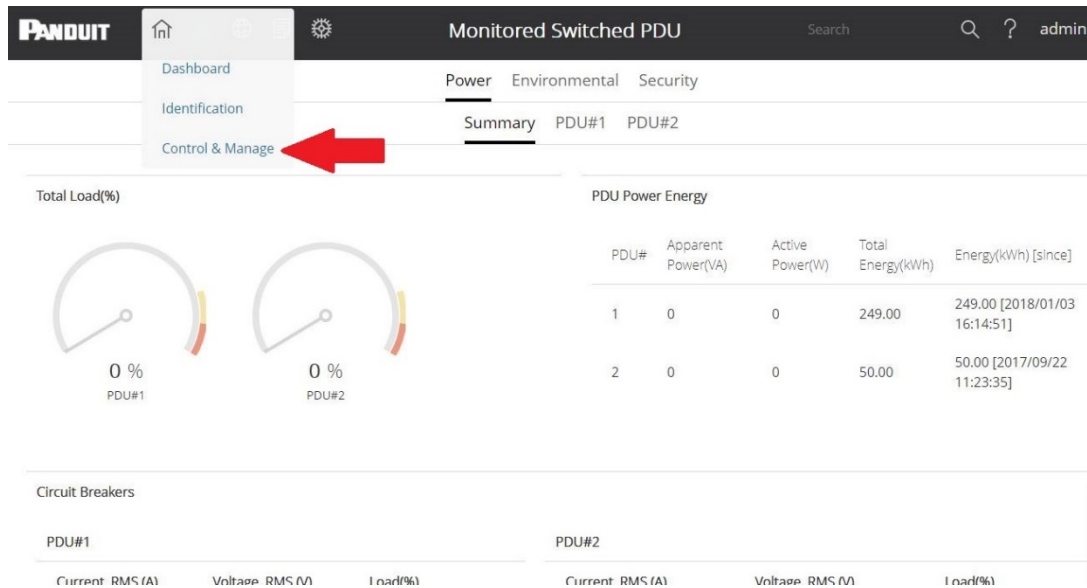


Figure 55: Control & Manage PDU

2. Select **Outlet Control Enabled**.

Home
Alerts
Global
Documents
Settings

Monitored Switched PDU

Search

admin

Control & Manage

Outlet Control Enabled

PDU#1

PDU#2

B1

B2

B3

B4

B5

B6

Outlet Name	Power Control	On Delay(0~7200s)	Off Delay(0~7200s)	State on Startup	Reboot Duration(5~60s)	
OUTLET 1		0	0		5	
OUTLET 2		5	5		5	
OUTLET 3		0	0		5	
OUTLET 4		0	0		5	
OUTLET 5		0	0		5	

Figure 56: Outlet Control Enabled

3. For each Outlet select the **Edit** pencil.

Home
Alerts
Global
Documents
Settings

Monitored Switched PDU

Search

admin

Control & Manage

Outlet Control Enabled

PDU#1

PDU#2

B1

B2

B3

B4

B5

B6

Outlet Name	Power Control	On Delay(0~7200s)	Off Delay(0~7200s)	State on Startup	Reboot Duration(5~60s)	
OUTLET 1		0	0		5	
OUTLET 2		5	5		5	
OUTLET 3		0	0		5	
OUTLET 4		0	0		5	
OUTLET 5		0	0		5	

Figure 57: Edit Outlets

4. In the Edit Outlet window enter the **On-Delay** time (0-7200 seconds) then select **Save**.

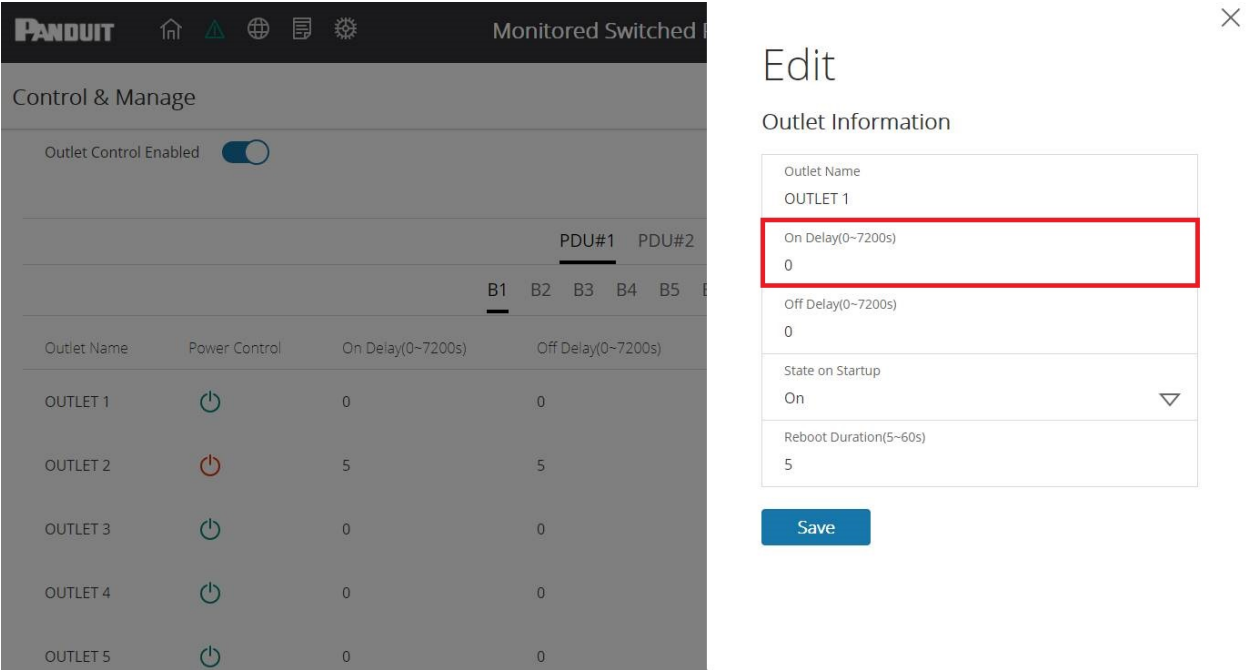


Figure 58: One-Delay Time

5. Your Outlet Power Sequence has been set.



Naming an Outlet

1. In the Control & Manage tab, expand the **Outlet Information** folder by clicking the pencil icon.
2. Select the outlet to name. In the data panel, select the value field for the Outlet Name.
3. Delete the default name and type the new name.
4. Press **Enter**.

Setting the Outlet Default State on Panduit G5 iPDUs with outlet level control allows the user to determine the initial power status of an individual outlet upon PDU power up.

1. Expand the Outlet Information folder from the Control & Manage tab.
2. In the PDU settings dialog box, choose a selection from the State on Startup dropdown menu:
 - **On**: this will turn an outlet on upon initial startup

- **Off:** this will turn an outlet off upon initial startup
- **Last Known:** this will restore outlets to the last known power states before the device was shut down

Switching an Outlet On or Off

This is only applicable to outlet-switched PDUs.

- Outlets on the switched PDU models in the Panduit G5 iPDU are easily switched on, switched off, or power cycled. This action requires the user to have Administrator Privileges.
1. Select the Control & Manage folder from the Home icon.
 2. In the Power Control panel, select the outlet that must be switched on, switched off, or reboot.
 3. Select the desired Power Control from the dropdown menu.
 4. Select Apply.

Setting the Outlet Power On/Off Delay for Panduit G5 iPDUs

This is only applicable to outlet-switched PDUs. When the PDU is turned ON, outlets will consecutively power on from Outlet 1 to the highest available outlet number.

1. Select the **Home Icon** then **Control & Manage** from the drop-down menu in the Web UI.
2. Select the outlet(s) for which to set a delay by clicking on the pencil icon.
3. Configure the length of the delay and/or length of reboot.
4. Select **Save**.

Setting Metering Thresholds

Power Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when a power threshold wattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Power Threshold configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Input Page**.
2. Click the pencil for the Power Threshold to update.

PDU Power Threshold (W)

High Critical 0
Enable High Critical ☐
High Warning 0
Enable High Warning ☐
Low Warning 0
Enable Low Warning ☐
Low Critical 0
Enable Low Critical ☐
Reset Threshold 0
Alarm State Change Delay (samples) 0

Figure 60: Power Threshold

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in amps and click **Save**.

- Lower Critical (W)
- Lower Warning (W)
- Upper Warning (W)
- Upper Critical (W)
- Reset Threshold (W)

The Reset threshold is the number of watts the reading needs to fall below the threshold setting for the condition to be cleared.

For example, the current critical threshold for the input phase is set to 19

watts (W). The current draw rises to 20W, triggering a Current Critical alert. The current then continues to fluctuate between 18.1W and 20W. With the reset threshold set to 1W, the PDU continues to indicate that the current on the input phase is above critical. Without a reset threshold (that is, the reset threshold is set to zero), the PDU would de-assert the condition each time the current dropped to 18.9W and re-assert the condition each time the current reached 19W or higher. With the fluctuating current, this could result in repeating event notifications, such as SNMP traps, SMTP alerts or Syslog notifications.

- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

4. Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all PDUs.

Energy Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when an energy threshold kilowattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Energy Threshold configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Energy Page**.
2. Click the pencil for the Energy Threshold to update.

Edit

PDU Energy Threshold (kWh)

High Critical 2147483
Enable High Critical ☐
High Warning 2147483
Enable High Warning ☐
Reset Threshold 0
Alarm State Change Delay (samples) 0

Save

Figure 61: Energy Threshold

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in kilowatts and click **Save**.

- Upper Critical (kWh)
- Upper Warning (kWh)
- Reset Threshold (kWh)
- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

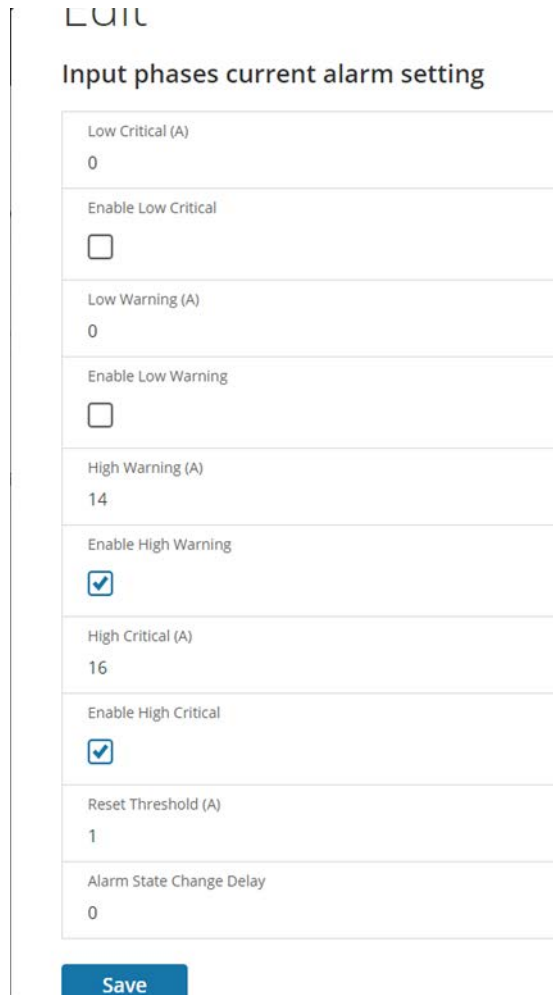
If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

4. Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all PDUs.

Phase Current Alarm Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when a phase current alarm amp crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Phase Current Alarm configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Phase Page**.
2. Click the Pencil for the Phase Current Alarm to update.



Input phases current alarm setting	
Low Critical (A)	0
Enable Low Critical	☐
Low Warning (A)	0
Enable Low Warning	☐
High Warning (A)	14
Enable High Warning	☒
High Critical (A)	16
Enable High Critical	☒
Reset Threshold (A)	1
Alarm State Change Delay	0

Save

Figure 62: Phase Current Alarm

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in amps and click **Save**.
 - Lower Critical (A)
 - Lower Warning (A)

- Upper Warning (A)
- Upper Critical (A)
- Reset Threshold (A)
- Alarm State Change Delay (A)

The Reset threshold is the number of amperage the reading needs to fall below the threshold setting for the condition to be cleared.

For example, the current critical threshold for the input phase is set to 19 amps (A). The current draw rises to 20A, triggering a Current Critical alert. The current then continues to fluctuate between 18.1W and 20W. With the reset threshold set to 1A, the PDU continues to indicate that the current on the input phase is above critical. Without a reset threshold (that is, the reset threshold is set to zero), the PDU would de-assert the condition each time the current dropped to 18.9A and re-assert the condition each time the current reached 19A or higher. With the fluctuating current, this could result in repeating event notifications, such as SNMP traps, SMTP alerts or Syslog notifications.

- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

4. Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all phases.

Phase Voltage Alarm Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when a phase voltage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Phase Voltage Alarm configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Phase Page**.
2. Click the pencil for the Phase Voltage to update.

LCITC

Input phases voltage alarm setting

Low Critical (V)	180
Enable Low Critical	☒
Low Warning (V)	190
Enable Low Warning	☒
High Warning (V)	250
Enable High Warning	☒
High Critical (V)	260
Enable High Critical	☒
Reset Threshold (V)	2
Alarm State Change Delay	0

Save

Figure 63: Phase Voltage Alarm

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in voltage and click **Save**.

- Lower Critical (V)
- Lower Warning (V)
- Upper Warning (V)
- Upper Critical (V)
- Reset Threshold (V)

The Reset threshold is the number of amps the reading needs to fall below the threshold setting for the condition to be cleared.

For example, the current critical threshold for the input phase is set to 19 voltage (V). The current draw rises to 20V, triggering a Current Critical alert. The current then continues to fluctuate between 18.1V and 20V. With the reset threshold set to 1V, the PDU continues to indicate that the current on the input phase is above critical. Without a reset threshold (that is, the reset threshold is set to zero), the PDU would de-assert the condition each time the current dropped to 18.9V, and re-assert the condition each time the current reached 19A or higher. With the fluctuating current, this could result in repeating event notifications, such as SNMP traps, SMTP alerts or Syslog notifications.

- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

4. Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all phases.

Circuit Breaker Alarm Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when a circuit breaker amperage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Circuit Breaker Alarms configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Circuit Breaker Page**.
2. Click the pencil for the Circuit Break to update.

Load Segment Breaker

Low Critical (A)	0
Enable Low Critical	☐
Low Warning (A)	0
Enable Low Warning	☐
High Warning (A)	14
Enable High Warning	☒
High Critical (A)	16
Enable High Critical	☒
Reset Threshold (A)	1
Alarm State Change Delay	0

Save

Figure 64: Load Segment Breaker

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in amps and click **Save**.
 - Lower Critical (A)
 - Lower Warning (A)
 - Upper Warning (A)
 - Upper Critical (A)
 - Reset Threshold (A)

The Reset threshold is the number of amps the reading needs to fall below the threshold setting for the condition to be cleared.

For example, the current critical threshold for the input phase is set to 19 amps (A). The current draw rises to 20A, triggering a Current Critical alert. The current then continues to fluctuate between 18.1A and 20A. With the reset threshold set to 1A, the PDU continues to indicate that the current on the input phase is above critical. Without a reset threshold (that is, the reset threshold is set to zero), the PDU would de-assert the condition each time the current dropped to 18.9A and re-assert the condition each time the current reached 19A or higher. With the fluctuating current, this could result in repeating event notifications, such as SNMP traps, SMTP alerts or Syslog notifications.

- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

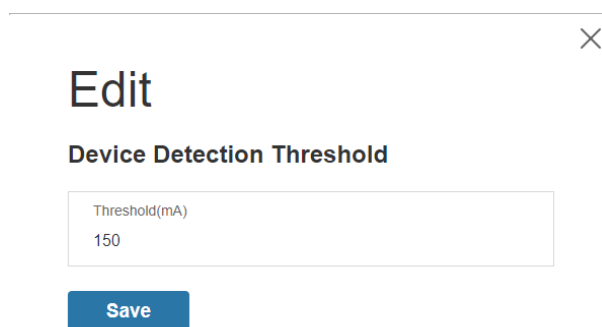
If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all circuit breakers.

Device Detection Threshold

The Device Detection Threshold is the minimum threshold before current will be reported. Any detected current below the threshold will be reported as zero. To change this threshold, follow the following steps:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Outlet Page**.
2. Click the pencil next to **Device Detection Threshold**.



×

Edit

Device Detection Threshold

Threshold(mA)
150

Save

Figure 65: Device Detection Threshold Information

3. Change the value for the number of milli-amps to set the threshold.

Outlet Alarm Threshold

The G5 iPDU will send alert notifications when an outlet amperage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Outlet Alarms configuration:

1. Go to the **Thresholds > Outlet Page**.
2. Click the pencil for the Outlet to update.

Outlet Information

Low Critical (W)	0
Set Lower Critical	☐
Low Warning (W)	0
Set Lower Warning	☐
High Warning (W)	30
Set High Warning	☒
High Critical (W)	45
Set High Critical	☒
Reset Threshold (W)	0
Alarm State Change Delay	0

Save

Figure 66: Outlet Information

3. Select and enter the appropriate thresholds in amps and then click Save.
 - Lower Critical (W)

- Lower Warning (W)
- Upper Warning (W)
- Upper Critical (W)
- Reset Threshold (W)

The Reset threshold is the number of amps the reading needs to fall below the threshold setting for the condition to be cleared. For example, the current critical threshold for the input phase is set to 19 watts (W). The current draw rises to 20W, triggering a Current Critical alert. The current then continues to fluctuate between 18.1W and 20W. With the reset threshold set to 1A, the PDU continues to indicate that the current on the input phase is above critical. Without a reset threshold (that is, the reset threshold is set to zero), the PDU would de-assert the condition each time the current dropped to 18.9W and re-assert the condition each time the current reached 19W or higher. With the fluctuating current, this could result in repeating event notifications, such as SNMP traps, SMTP alerts or Syslog notifications.

- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

If enabled, the PDU asserts any warning or critical condition only after a specified number of consecutive samples that cross a threshold are generated. This prevents several threshold alerts from being generated if the measurements return to normal immediately after rising above an upper threshold or dropping below a lower threshold.

Repeat steps 1 - 3 for all outlets.

Email Setup

The G5 iPDU will send email (SMTP) notifications when thresholds are crossed.

1. From the top ribbon of the dashboard, go to the gear settings and select **Email Setup**.

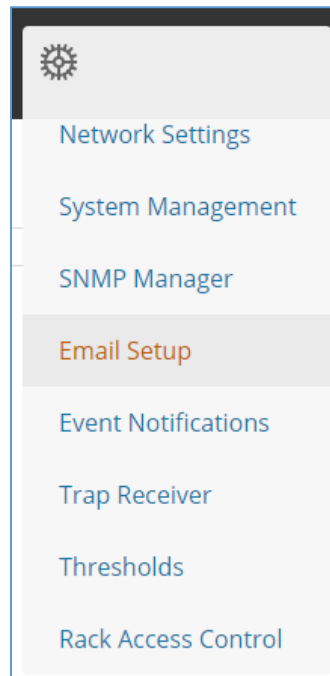
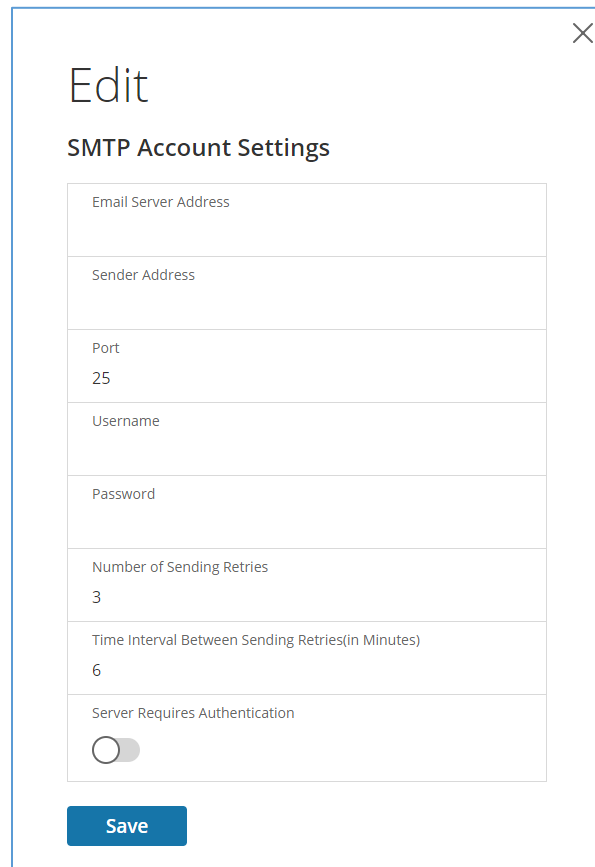


Figure 67: Email Setup

2. Select the pencil icon next to SMTP Account Settings and begin filling out the **Edit** screen.



×

Edit

SMTP Account Settings

Email Server Address
Sender Address
Port 25
Username
Password
Number of Sending Retries 3
Time Interval Between Sending Retries(in Minutes) 6
Server Requires Authentication ☐

Save

Figure 68: SMTP Account Settings

- Email Server Address
- Sender Address
- Port
- Username
- Password
- Number of Sending Retries
- Time Interval Between Sending Retires (In Minutes)
- Server Requires Password Authentication

3. Press **Save** when done.

Now the Email Recipients list must be filled out.

1. Select the pencil icon to display the Email Recipients screen.

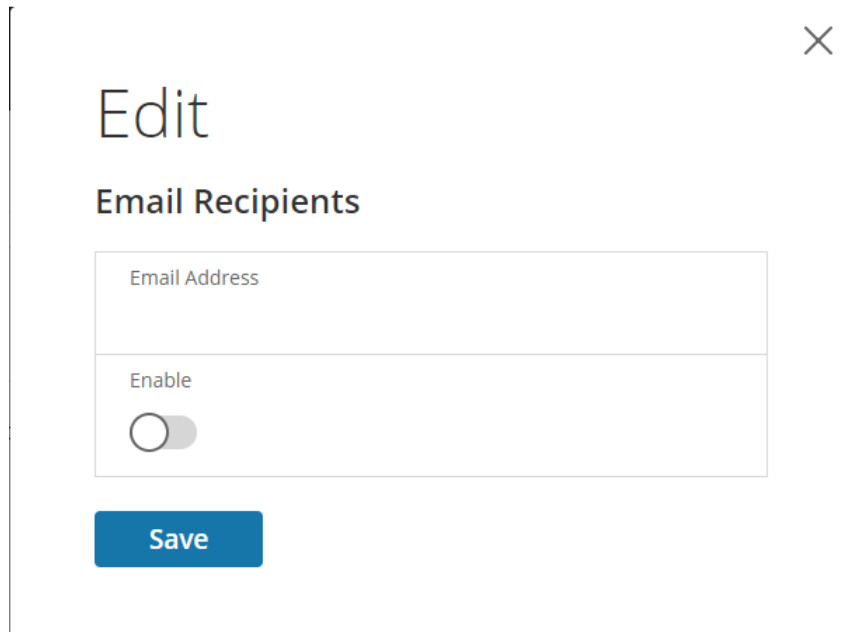


Figure 69: Email Recipients

2. Enter the desired email address and press **Enable**.
3. Press **Save**.

Note: Only five users are supported for email alerts.

Data Log

The G5 PDU maintains a data log of 2000 records.

The period visible in the data log at any one time depends on the time between data log entries. The time range of each record can be configured from 1 to 1440 minutes. (As an example, if a data log is in an interval of 10 minutes, the entire data log contains 2000 records with up to 13.89 days of data.) Once the data log reaches the maximum of 2000 records, the oldest entries are overwritten by the newer entries.

1. Go to **Logs** and select **Data Log**.

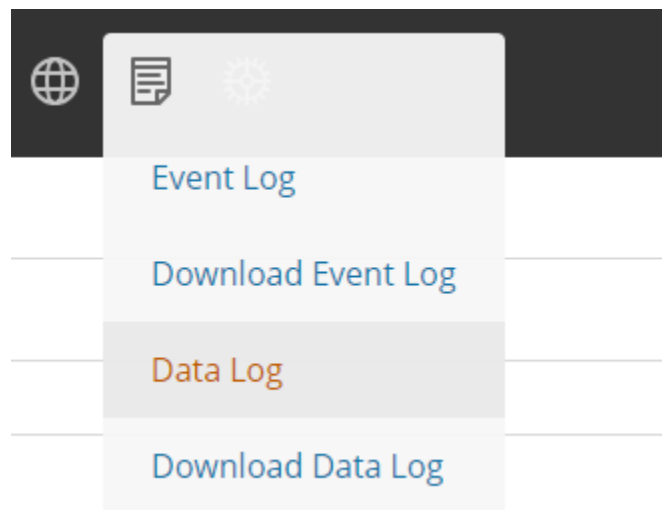


Figure 70: Data Log

2. Select the **Actions** drop-down menu and choose **Data Log Configuration**.

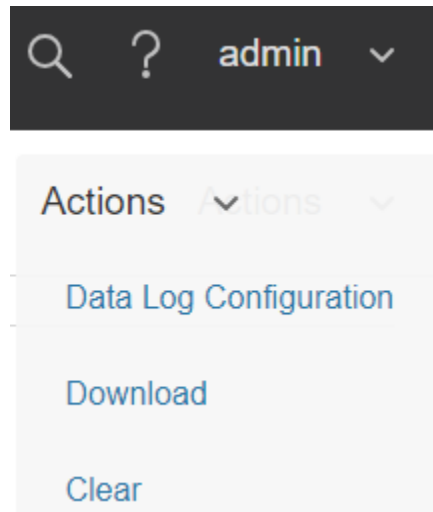


Figure 71: Data Log Configuration

3. **Enable** must be selected and enter an interval number in the **Log Interval** field.
(Valid range is from 1 to 1440 minutes. The default time is 10 minutes.)
4. Select **Save**.

Section 9 – Connecting and Configuring Optional Hardware

Accessory Hardware Overview

All Panduit SmartZone G5 Intelligent PDUs can monitor environmental conditions of a rack with the addition of optional SmartZone G5 environmental sensors. Conditions such as temperature, humidity, leak detection, and intrusion can be monitored with the sensors. These are all vital aspects of maintaining an efficient-working data center atmosphere. Users and administrators can monitor the status, view reports, and alarms of specific conditions in and around a PDU, and server rack.

Note: Only SmartZone G5 type sensors work with the SmartZone G5 iPDUs.

The following sensors are available:

- SmartZone G5 Temperature Sensor (EA001)
- SmartZone G5 Temperature + Humidity Sensor (EB001)
- SmartZone G5 Three Temperature + Humidity Sensor (EC001)
- SmartZone G5 Door Sensor (ACA01)
- SmartZone G5 Water - Rope Sensor (ED001)
- SmartZone G5 Water - Spot Sensor (EE001)
- SmartZone G5 Sensor Hub (EF001)
- SmartZone G5 Water Rope Sensor Extension (EG001)

Sensor	Description	Sensor Measurement
Temperature Sensor	Monitors the temperature in the rack.	1
Temperature + Humidity Sensor	Monitors the temperature and relative humidity in the rack.	2
Three Temperature + Humidity Sensor	Monitors the temperature in three areas using three separate probes and the	4

Sensor	Description	Sensor Measurement
	relative humidity using one probe.	
Door Sensor	Sends an alarm or notification when a door on which the sensor is installed has been opened more than 10 mm.	1
Water - Rope Sensor	Monitors for early detection of liquid with a resistivity of less than 2 megaohms (including distilled water) in the monitored area. The kit includes a 6m rope and optional additional ropes can be added with an option.	1
Water – Spot Sensor	Monitors for early detection of liquid with a resistivity of less than 2 megaohms (including distilled water) in the monitored area.	1
Sensor Port Hub	Allows for up to three environmental sensors to be connected to the PDU.	N/A
Leak Detection Sensor Extension	The kit includes one additional 6m length rope to pair with the leak detection sensor. A total of four extensions can be added to the leak detection sensor for a total length of 30m.	N/A

The optional environmental sensors can be installed before or after completing the PDU installation, startup, and can be installed without turning off power to the PDU or the devices connected. Panduit G5 Monitored Input, Monitored Switched, Monitored per Outlet, and Monitored & Switched per Outlet PDUs are designed to collect a maximum of eight environmental sensor measurements per PDU. For example, the Environmental Three Temperature + Humidity Sensor collects four sensor measurements. See the table above for the sensor measurement collected from each environmental sensor.

All Panduit G5 PDUs have two physical sensor ports, and each PDU can collect a total of eight sensor measurements (or readings). For example, if a PDU has a Door Sensor and an Environmental Three Temperature + Humidity Sensor connected, both physical sensor ports are used with a total of five sensor measurements recorded. Up to six physical sensors can be supported per PDU with the addition of the optional sensor hub.



Figure 72: Sensor Ports for vertical PDU



Figure 73: Sensor Ports for Horizontal PDU

Configuring Environmental Sensors

To configure the sensor location, alarms, notifications, and details, open the WEB Interface:

1. Open the **Settings**.
2. View the Threshold section on the Settings page. Select **Threshold** to configure sensors.
3. Go to **External Sensors**.
4. Select **Edit** button to configure the desired sensors.
5. In the **Edit** dialog box, type value of up critical, up warning, low warning, and low critical.
6. Select **Save** to exit the sensor setup. Repeat this process for additional sensors.

Section 10 – Rack Access Control

The G5 iPDUs allow users to electronically secure and control access to cabinets. See Figure below for a diagram of a typical Rack Access Control setup.

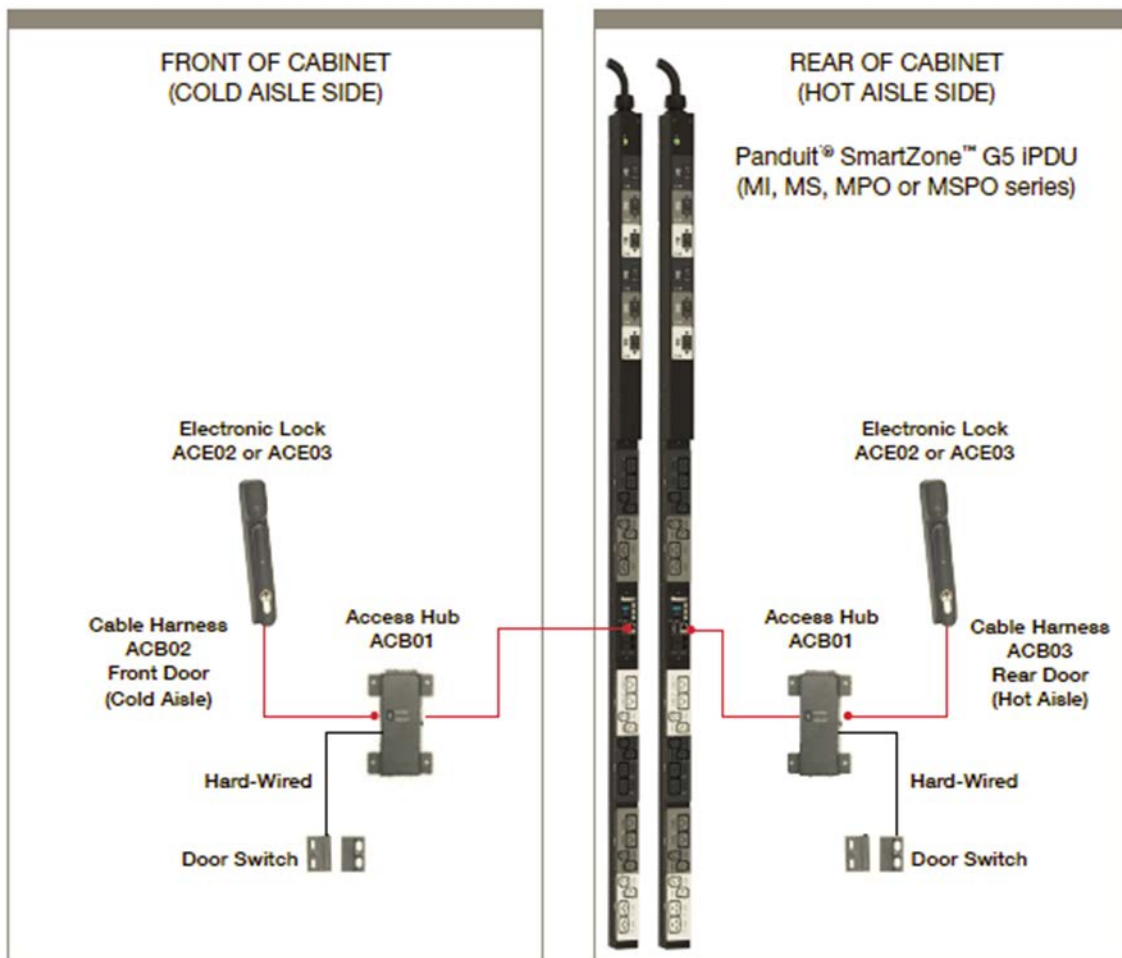


Figure 74: Rack Access Control

Note: For details on the RFID cards supported, please see the specification sheets for the respective Panduit G5 Electronic Swinghandles.

Configuring Rack Access Control

All Rack Access Control configuration can be done under the Rack Access Control Page from the Web GUI. To access the Rack Access Control Page from the Web GUI, follow the following steps.

Note: The Hot Aisle or Cold Aisle is selected at the Access Hub (ACB01) through a DIP Switch. Not a configuration item in the Web Interface.

1. Log into the PDU.
2. Go to the **Gear** icon > **Rack Access Control**.

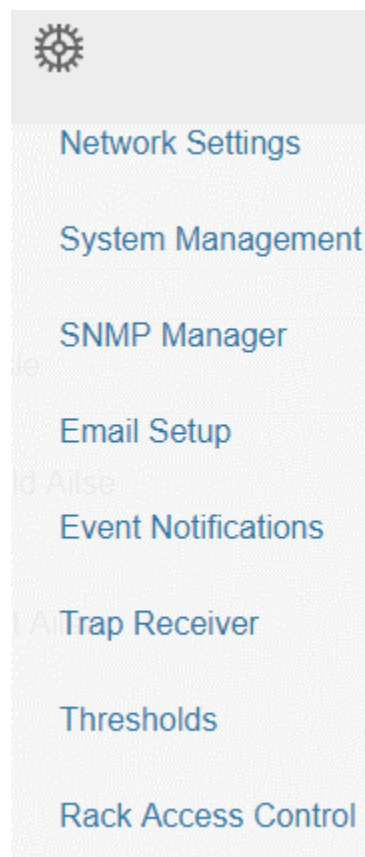


Figure 75: Rack Access Control

3. The Actions Menu on the right side of the page will allow the user to add a new Electronic handle, Remote Control the handle, or Configure the AutoLock setting of the handle.

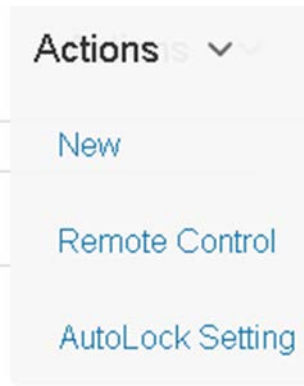


Figure 76: Actions

4. The **New** option allows you to add authorized users to access the cabinet.
See the next section for instructions on how to add a new user.

New

Smart Rack

PDU1	▽
Username J. Smith	
Card ID 289537	
Aisle Cold Aisle	
▽	

Create

Figure 77: Smart Rack

5. The remote control allows you to lock or unlock the Electronic Handle.

Edit

Remote Control

PDU1	▽
Aisle	
Cold Aisle	▽

Lock
Unlock
Close

Figure 78: Remote Control

- The AutoLock setting allows the user to set a redefined time interval (between 1-30 minutes) after which the Electronic Handle will lock.

Edit

AutoLock Setting

PDU1	▽
Aisle	
Cold Aisle	▽
Interval(1-30 Minutes)	
1	

Save
Cancel

Figure 79: AutoLock

Configuring User for Local Rack Access

1. Click the **Actions** option from the drop-down menu and select **New**.
2. Here you must enter a username, card ID, and aisle which will display on the Rack Access screen.

Note: A maximum of 8 HID Cards can be programmed per Access Hub.

- A typical cabinet will have two electronic Swinghandles. One for the front (cold aisle) and one for the back (hot aisle).
 - If a user requires access to both the hot and cold aisles, you will need to add two entries in the table. One for the front door and one for the back door.
3. To determine the card ID, follow these steps:
 - a. Place the card near the reader (top portion of the Swinghandle).
 - b. Go to the event logs on the PDU.
 - c. Look for a message about non-authorized card.

Example:

Smart Cabinet with PDU 1 Cold Aisle Lock is swiped by non-authorized card 258563

- d. The number in the message is the card ID.
4. Select **New** from the Actions menu.

×

New

Smart Rack

Username
Card ID
Aisle Cold Aisle

Create

Figure 80: Local Rack Access

5. Enter a name to identify the user, the determined card ID, the PDU instance and aisle location.

Note: In the above example, the card ID is 258563

6. The card is now authorized to control the swing handle.
7. Select **Create**.

Handle and Compatible Cards Types

The below table lists which cards supported on the different swing handle.

	MIFARE® Classic 4k	MIFARE Plus® 2k	MIFARE® DESFire® 4k	HID® iCLASS	HID® 125kHz Prox	EM 125kHz Prox	Output
ACE01	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wiegand
ACE02	-	-	-	-	CSN	-	Wiegand
ACE03	UID	UID	UID	UID	-	-	Wiegand

CSN = Card Serial Number / **UID** = Unique Identifier

Note: Only 26 bits of the 34 bits are used when using the UID.

Warranty and Regulatory Information

Warranty Information

(<http://www.Panduit.com>)

Regulatory Information

Safety and regulatory compliance

For important safety, environmental, and regulatory information, see *Safety and Compliance Information* at the Panduit website (<http://www.Panduit.com>)

Support and Other Resources

Accessing Panduit Support

- For live assistance, go to the Panduit.com website
- To access documentation and support services, go to the Panduit website.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

A

Amps/Amperes

AC

Alternating Current

AES

Advanced Encryption Standard

CLI

Command Line Interface

DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

Gb

Gigabyte

GUI

Graphical User Interface

iNC

Intelligent Network Controller

IP

Internet Protocol

iPDU

Intelligent Power Distribution Unit

kVA

Kilo-Volt-Ampere

kW

Kilowatts

kWH

Kilowatt Hour

LAN

Local Area Network

LCD

Liquid-Crystal Display

LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

OLED

Organic Light-Emitting Diode

PDU

Power Distribution Unit

QNA

Quad-Network Interface

RNA

Redundant Network Interface

SHA

Secure Hash Algorithms

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol

TCP/IP

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

USB

Universal Serial Bus

V

Volts

W

Watts

Documentation Feedback

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Appendix A: CLI Commands

Help Commands

Command	Description	Example
Panduit>?	List all available PDU CLI commands.	Panduit>? sys PDU system configure and setting. net PDU net application configure and setting. usr PDU user operation. dev PDU device setting. pwr PDU power setting.

System Commands

Command	Description	Example
sys date [year-month-day]	Query or set system's date.	Panduit>sys date 2013-09-19 SUCCESS Panduit>sys date SUCCESS Date: 2013-09-19 Time: 03:49:46
sys time [hour:min:sec]	Query or set system's time.	Panduit>sys time Panduit>sys time 14:35:34
sys ntp <IP Address>	Synchronize system date and time, with ntp server you set.	>sys ntp 69.25.96.13 NOTE: IP Address must be a valid ntp, server address otherwise, executes, failed

Command	Description	Example
sys ver	Query system's version information including firmware, bootloader, and Web.	Panduit>sys ver SUCCESS Firmware version: 0.41 Bootloader version: 2.10 LANGUAGE version: 3.01 WEB version: 6.30
sys def	Recover PDU to default configuration.	Panduit>sys def SUCCESS Recover Press any key to cancel
sys rst	Reset system.	Panduit>sys rst Reboot required for change to take effort. System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):Y
sys upd all	Update system's firmware with existing pdu bin file.	Panduit>sys upd lan SUCCESS system will enter upgrade mode after reboot System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):Y NOTE 1: There must be a valid file named Panduit.bin existing under directory/fw. NOTE 2: If in daisy chain configuration, master will also upgrade its all slave's firmware.
sys upd boot	Update system's bootloader.	Panduit>sys upd boot SUCCESS system will enter upgrade mode after reboot System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):Y

Command	Description	Example
		NOTE 1: There must be a valid file named boot.bin existing under directory/fw. NOTE 2: If in daisy chain configuration, master will also upgrade its all slave's bootloader.
sys upd conf	Update system's configuration.	Panduit>sys upd conf SUCCESS system will enter upgrade mode after reboot System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):Y NOTE: There must be a valid file named conf.ini existing under directory/fw.
sys log del event	Delete event log file.	Panduit>sys log del event, SUCCESS
sys log edit data [on <interval> off]	Configure data log collection parameters	PANDUIT>sys log edit data on 1 SUCCESS PANDUIT>sys log edit data off SUCCESS
sys log del data	Delete data log file.	Panduit>sys log del data, SUCCESS Panduit>

Network Commands

Command	Description	Example
net ssh [on/off]	Query or on/off SSH.	Panduit>net ssh SUCCESS, SSH Port: 22 SSH Server is running

Command	Description	Example
		Panduit>net ssh on SUCCESS Panduit>net ssh off SUCCESS
net ftps [on/off]	Query or on/off FTPs.	Net ftps SUCCESS FTPS Port: 21 Service is running Is Ftps
net http [on/off]	Query or on/off net http.	Panduit>net http SUCCESS, HTTP Port: 80 HTTPS Port: 443 WEB Protocol: HTTP Panduit>net http off E801 WEB protocol is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):Y
net mac	Query MAC address.	Panduit>net mac SUCCESS MAC Addr: C8-45-44-66- 2B-26
net tcpip	Query network's IP information.	Panduit>net tcpip SUCCESS IPv4 Addr: 192.168.30.39
net tcpip <dhcp>	Set network to dhcp mode.	Panduit>net tcpip dhcp SUCCESS Network is reconfigured, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y
net tcpip <static ip, mask, gateway>	Set static IP, mask and gateway.	Panduit>net tcpip static 192.168.30.39 255.255.255.0

Command	Description	Example
		192.168.30.1 SUCCESS Network is reconfigured, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y

User Commands

Command	Description	Example
User List	List all users account existing.	Panduit>usr list SUCCESS Usr Role ----- admin admin user user
User unlock<username>	Unlock specified user.	Panduit>usr unlock user SUCCESS Panduit>usr unlock admin SUCCESS NOTE: 1. Account would be locked temporarily if login failure excess "Maximum number of failed logins". Use this command to unlock it.

Device Commands

Command	Description	Example
dev usb [on off]	Query or on/off USB.	Panduit>dev usb Panduit>dev usb off Panduit>dev usb on

Command	Description	Example
dev daisy [rna qna]	Query or set daisy chain mode.	Panduit>dev daisy SUCCESS daisy chain unit number: 1 daisy chain address list: 000 Daisy Mode: RNA Panduit>dev daisy qna SUCCESS System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): N
dev daisy <rna qna> init	Initialize daisychain.	Panduit>dev daisy qna init SUCESS System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N):N
dev hid <PDUID> <hot cold> <lock unlock>	Remote locking and unlocking the cabinet.	PANDUIT>dev hid 1 cold unlock SUCCESS
dev outlet <PDUID> status	Query all outlets' status with specified PDUID.	Panduit>Dev outlet 1 status SUCCESS Relay Outlet Status Outlet#1: Close Outlet#2: Close Outlet#3: Close Outlet#4: Close Outlet#5: Close Outlet#6: Close Outlet#7: Close Outlet#8: Close Outlet#9: Close Outlet#10: Close Outlet#11: Close Outlet#12: Close NOTE 1: For M pdu, this command is in valid. NOTE 2: PDUID index from 1; if in daisy chain, the master's PDUID is 1, others is ,2,3,

Command	Description	Example
dev outlet <PDUID> <outlet index> [on off]	Query or set specified PDUID and outlet-index's outlet status.	Panduit> dev outlet 1 1 off SUCCESS NOTE: For Monitored PDUs, this command is invalid.
dev sensor	List all sensors equipped.	Panduit> dev sensor SUCCESS Sensor count 4 ----- Name Type, SN Value ----- T1,TEMP 012345678 27.5 T3,TEMP 012345678 27.2 T2,TEMP 012345678 27.3 RH HUMI 012345678 44
dev ver <slipaddr>	Query sensor/power/delay's firmware version.	Panduit> dev ver 1 Panduit> dev ver 15 Panduit> dev ver 35 NOTE: relay: start from 1 power: start from 15 sensor: start from 35

Power Commands

Command	Description	Example
pwr unit [idx]	Query device information, Query specified index unit's electric information.	Panduit> pwr unit SKU: P9S20A , , , , Serial: , , , , , FuncType: PDU Monitored Rating :220-240V, 16A, 3.5-3.8kVA, 50/60Hz Mac :C8:45:44:66:2B:26 Tcpip :192:168:30:38

Command	Description	Example
		Panduit>pwr unit 1 SUCCESS PDU UNIT 1 power Feature voltage: 0V current : 0.0A active power: 0W apparent power: 0W power factor: 0.00 energy: 0.000kWh
pwr phase <idx>	Query specified phase's electric information.	Panduit> pwr phase 1 SUCCESS PDU PHASE 1 power Feature voltage: 0V current : 0.0A active power: 0W apparent power: 0W power factor: 0.00 energy: 0.000kWh
pwr cb <idx>	Query specified circuit breaker's Electric information.	Panduit> pwr cb 1 SUCCESS PDU CB 1 power Feature voltage: 0V current : 0.0A active power: 0W apparent power: 0W power factor: 0.00 energy: 0.000kWh
pwr outlet <idx>	Query specified outlet's electric information.	Panduit> pwr outlet 1 SUCCESS PDU OUTLET 1 power Feature voltage: 0V current : 0.0A active power: 0W

Command	Description	Example
		apparent power: 0W NOTE: For Monitored PDUs, this command is invalid.

Appendix B: Sensor Configuration

Door Switch Sensor

Door Switch Sensor is designed to send an alarm or notification signal when the door on which it is installed had been opened more than 10mm. This provides added security. The door switch can be configured to alert when the door is opened, alert when the door is closed, or the alerts can be disabled.

×

Edit

External Sensors(1:8)

Alarm Setting

On ▾

Enable Alarm Setting

☒

Save

Figure 81: Door Switch Sensor Configuration

Note: The Door Switch Sensor is only designed to connect to a Panduit G5 iPDU. Connecting it to another device may result in damage.

Dry Contact Input Sensor

The Dry Contact Input is designed to monitor the contact state of the sensor conditions such as moisture, motion, door status, and access through external dry contact sensors. This allows you to control vital data center and IT equipment with minimal effort. The dry contact cable can be configured to alert when the when the contact is opened, alert when the contact is closed, or the alerts can be disabled.

Edit

External Sensors(2:1)

Alarm Setting	Open	▽
Enable Alarm Setting		
☒		

Save

Figure 82: Dry Contact Cable

Note: The dry contact cable is only designed to connect to a Panduit G5 iPDU. Connecting it to another device may result in damage.

Water - Rope Sensor

The Water - Rope Sensor is designed to provide early detection of fluid along the entire length of the sensor cable. The rope sensor's alarm can be enabled or disabled.

Edit

External Sensors(2:2)

Alarm Setting	Disable	▽
---------------	---------	---

Save

Figure 83: Water Rope Sensor

Note: The Water - Rope Sensor is designed to connect only to a Panduit G5 iPDU. Connecting it to another device may result in damage.

Note: If the rope extension is not fully engaged to the rope sensor, the sensor will report “no-leak” even if a leak is present.

Water - Spot Sensor

The Water - Spot Sensor is designed to provide early detection of fluid at the sensor. The spot sensor’s alarm can be enabled or disabled.

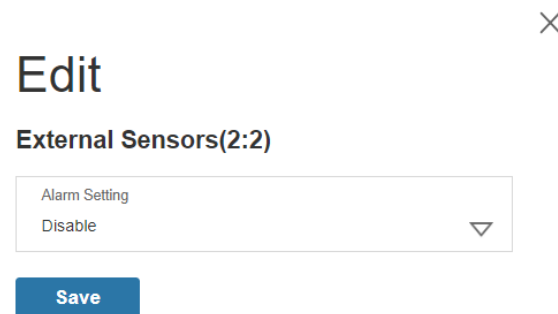


Figure 84: Water Spot Sensor

Note: The Water - Spot Sensor is designed to connect only to a Panduit G5 iPDU. Connecting it to another device may result in damage.

Temperature & Humidity Sensors

Temperature and humidity sensors are designed to add comprehensive environmental monitoring to any Panduit G5 iPDU.

This smart design also enables easy plug & play installation that takes just moments to complete. Installation of the sensors and ongoing equipment maintenance is further facilitated using the Quick Disconnect Coupler and Ethernet cable, which allow for the convenient extension of sensors, movement of equipment, and an easy disconnect method for removing rack enclosure doors.

The temperature and humidity sensors can be configured with upper critical, upper warning, lower warning and lower critical threshold levels. Each alarm can also be disabled.

Edit

External Sensors(1:3)

High Critical 30
Enable High Critical ☒
High Warning 27
Enable High Warning ☒
Low Warning 24
Enable Low Warning ☒
Low Critical 15
Enable Low Critical ☒

Save

Figure 85: Temperature and Humidity Sensors

Note: It is recommended that the EA001, the SmartZone G5 Temperature Sensor, not be plugged into the access hub.

Note: It is recommended that the EC001, SmartZone G5 Three Temperature + Humidity Sensor, be plugged directly into the Panduit G5 iPDU.

Note: The Temperature and Humidity sensors are only designed to connect to a Panduit G5 iPDU. Connecting it to another device may result in damage.

Appendix C: Firmware Update Procedure

The firmware upgrade procedure verifies the image by validating the signature of the images. If the signature does not match, the firmware upgrade procedure will ignore the image and remain on the current version.

USB Method

Note: Verified to work with Toshiba or Sandisk up to 16GB USB Drives. Others USB drives *may* work as well.

1. Go to **www.Panduit.com** and download the most recent Firmware version, 'Panduit.FW'. Save this file to a USB drive.
2. Insert the USB drive into the USB port of the Intelligent Network Controller (iNC).
3. Enter USB mode on the PDU: Press **Select**. Go to **Setup>USB>Yes**. Select **Yes** to confirm entering USB mode.
4. Select **F/W Up>Yes** to upload the new Firmware.
5. The OLED will show the Firmware update progress.
6. When the update is complete, remove the USB.
7. From the USB Menu, select **Quit** to exit USB mode. Select Yes to confirm exit.
8. The PDU will automatically reboot.
9. To confirm that the Firmware was uploaded successfully, go to **Setup>Device>Firmware**.

Web Interface Method

1. Open the User interface in a web browser by entering the PDU IP address.
2. Login to with Administration credentials.
3. Go to **System Management>Update Firmware**.
4. In the Firmware Update dialog box, browse to **Panduit.FW** firmware file.

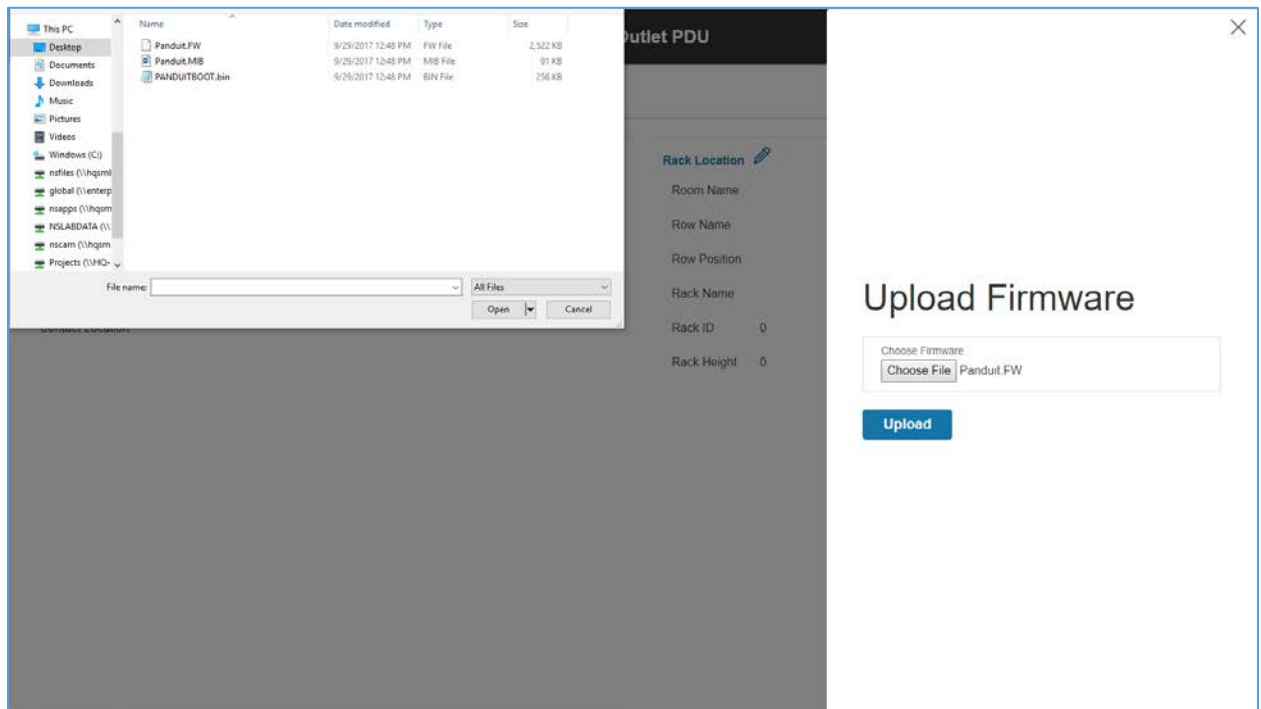


Figure 86: Upload Firmware

NOTE: the firmware file must be named Panduit.FW.

5. Select Upload. The system will update the newest firmware to the Intelligent Network Controller.

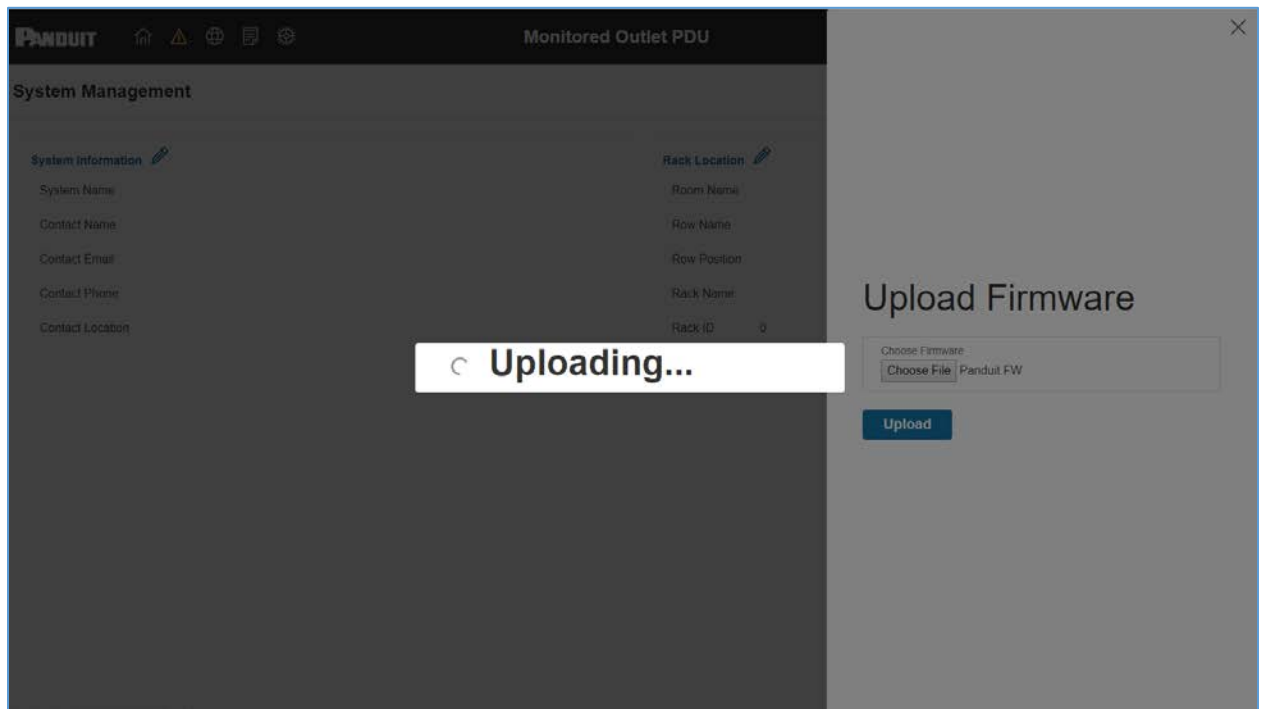


Figure 87: Uploading Firmware

6. When the upload is finished, the system will reboot automatically.

FTP Method

To access a PDU using a FTPs program, FTPs must be enabled through the PDU Web Interface or CLI. In the Web Interface, go to Network Settings >SSH/FTP

Configuration. Select the check box to enable FTPs Access. In the CLI, login as an administrator and use the command `net tcpip FTPs open`

1. Login to a FTPs program with a role with administration privileges.
2. Transfer the updated Panduit.fw file to the root directory. Close the FTPs.
3. Connect to the PDU via SSH using a program such as HyperTerm or PuTTY.
4. Login using a role with administration privileges.
5. Enter the command **sys upd all**.
6. It will show the message: System will enter upgrade mode after reboot, System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N).

7. Enter Y.
8. When the upload is finished, the system will reboot automatically. It is not always required to update Web or Bootloader files when the Firmware is updated. However, a user can upload these file types in SSH:
 - a. Login to a FTPs program.
 - b. Overwrite the outdated files with the updated web files (found on the customer login at www.Panduit.com or from your regional sales manager).

Bootloader Mode

1. Go to www.Panduit.com and download the most recent Firmware version, 'Panduit.bin'. Save this file to a USB drive.
2. Insert the USB drive into the USB port of the Intelligent Network Controller.
3. Enter USB mode on the PDU: Press Select. Go to Setup>USB>Yes. Select Yes to confirm entering USB mode.
4. Select F/W Up>Yes to upload the new Firmware.
5. The OLED will show the Firmware update progress.
6. When the update is complete, remove the USB.
7. From the USB Menu, select Quit to exit USB mode. Select Yes to confirm exit.
8. The PDU will automatically reboot.
9. To confirm that the firmware was uploaded successfully, go to Setup>Device>Firmware.

Firmware Recovery with Bootloader Mode

Firmware, configuration files, and bootloader files can be updated following the steps above, but each update type must be done separately. Web files can be updated in conjunction with any of the other updates. I.e., a user can update Firmware and Web files in a single step. But firmware and configuration files must be done separately.

Appendix D: System or Password Recovery

If the PDU (or the Password for the PDU) needs to be defaulted to factory settings, the original conf.ini needs to be loaded to the PDU via the USB port. To locate the original conf.ini file for that PDU, please send a support email to: systemsupport@panduit.com indicating the PDU part number in the subject and body of that email.

Upgrade Configuration with Bootloader Mode

To make the PDU accessible through the USB port on the unit, you must:

1. Go to Device Configuration > USB Settings.
2. Select the Enable USB Access Checkbox.

To upload configuration, you must:

1. Copy conf.ini to USB.
2. Insert USB to PDU.
3. Enter USB mode in OLED device.
4. Select **Conf up**.
5. After the operation is completed, remove USB, and quit USB mode.

Appendix E: PDU Alarms

PDU Unit	PDU Unit Active Power Above upper critical PDU Unit Active Power Above upper warning PDU Unit Active Power Below lower warning PDU Unit Active Power Below Lower critical
Input Phase	Input Phase X Voltage Above upper critical Input Phase X Voltage Above upper warning Input Phase X Voltage Below lower warning Input Phase X Voltage Below lower critical Input Phase X Current Above upper critical Input Phase X Current Above upper warning Input Phase X Current Below lower warning Input Phase X Current Below lower critical
Circuit Breaker	Circuit Breaker X Current Above upper critical Circuit Breaker X Current Above upper warning Circuit Breaker X Current Below lower warning Circuit Breaker X Current Below lower critical Circuit Breaker Status ON Circuit Breaker Status OFF
Outlet	Outlet X Active Power Above upper critical Outlet X Active Power Above upper warning Outlet X Active Power Below lower warning Outlet X Active Power Below lower critical

	Outlet X Immediate ON Outlet X Delayed ON Outlet X Immediate OFF Outlet X Delayed OFF Outlet X Immediate REBOOT Outlet X Delayed REBOOT Outlet X Cancel Pending Command
External Sensor	External Sensor X (numerical) Above upper critical External Sensor X (numerical) Above upper warning External Sensor X (numerical) Below lower warning External Sensor X (numerical) Below lower critical External Sensor X (state) Alarmed External Sensor X (state) Communication Lost
System	System Event log Cleared System Data log Cleared System PDU configuration file Imported System PDU configuration file Exported System Firmware update completed System Firmware update failed System Firmware update started System Firmware Validation failed System an LDAP error occurred System Network interface link state is up System Sending SMTP message failed System Intelligent Network Controller reset System Intelligent Network Controller start System Communication Lost Daisy Chain state changed USB Port
User Activity	User Activity User X Authentication failure User Activity User X User logged in User Activity User X Session timeout User Activity User X User blocked

User Administration	User Administration Password changed User Administration Password settings changed User Administration User added User Administration User deleted User Administration User modified
Smart Rack Access	Smart Rack Access Door Open Smart Rack Access Door Closed Smart Rack Access User Card Swiped Smart Rack Access Door Autolocked

Trap Codes assigned to Alarms List

Trap codes assigned for critical alarms:

Trap Class	Trap Code	Trap Description
Critical	1	The PDU unit active power is ABOVE critical threshold value.
	2	The PDU unit active power is BELOW critical threshold value.
	3	The Critical Energy Alarm.
	4-6	The phase (1-3) voltage is ABOVE critical threshold value.
	7-9	The phase (1-3) voltage is BELOW critical threshold value.
	10-12	The phase (1-3) current is ABOVE critical threshold value.
	13-15	The phase (1-3) current is BELOW critical threshold value
	16-27	The circuit breaker (1-12) current is ABOVE critical threshold value
	28-30	The circuit breaker (1-12) current is BELOW critical threshold value
	40-51	The circuit breaker (1-12) is in OFF state
	52-99	The outlet (1-48) active power is ABOVE critical threshold

	value
100-147	The outlet (1-48) active power is BELOW critical threshold value
148-155	The sensor (1-8) temperature/humidity is ABOVE critical threshold value
156-163	The sensor (1-8) temperature/humidity is BELOW critical threshold value
164-171	The sensor (1-8) contact state is in alarm.
172-179	The sensor (1-8) lost communications.
183	User authentication failed.
186	Power or relay communication lost to main board
187-189	Input Phase (1-3) Frequency Asserted below lower critical.
193	Firmware update failed.
194	Failure in sending the SMTP message.
195-197	Input Phase (1-3) Frequency Asserted above upper critical

Trap codes assigned for warning alarms:

Trap Class	Trap Code	Trap Description
Warning	200	The PDU unit active power is ABOVE warning threshold value.
	201	The PDU unit active power is BELOW warning threshold value.
	202	The PDU warning energy alarm.

203-205	The phase (1-3) voltage is ABOVE warning threshold value.
206-208	The phase (1-3) voltage is BELOW warning threshold value.
209-211	The phase (1-3) current is ABOVE warning threshold value.
212-214	The phase 1 current is BELOW warning threshold value.
215-226	The circuit breaker (1-12) current is ABOVE warning threshold value.
227-238	The circuit breaker (1-12) current is BELOW warning threshold value.
239-250	The circuit breaker (1-12) is in OFF state.
251-298	The outlet (1-48) active power is ABOVE warning threshold value.
299-346	The outlet (1-48) active power is BELOW warning threshold value.
347-354	The sensor (1-8) temperature/humidity is ABOVE warning threshold value.
355-362	The sensor (1-8) temperature/humidity is BELOW warning threshold value.

Trap codes assigned for information alarms:

Trap Class	Trap Code	Trap Description
Informational	380-391	The circuit breaker (1-12) is in ON state.
	392-439	The outlet (1-48) IMMEDIATE ON occurred.
	440-487	The outlet (1-48) DELAYED ON occurred.
	488-535	The outlet (1-48) IMMEDIATE OFF occurred.

536-583	The outlet (1-48) DELAYED OFF occurred.
584-631	The outlet (1-48) IMMEDIATE REBOOT occurred.
632-679	The outlet (1-48) DELAYED REBOOT occurred.
680-727	The outlet (1-48) Cancel Pending Commands occurred.
728-735	The sensor (1-8) contact state is in cleared.
740	Event log Cleared.
741	Data log Cleared.
742	PDU configuration file Imported.
743	PDU configuration file Exported.
744	Firmware update completed.
745	Firmware update started.
746	An LDAP error occurred.
747	Network interface link state is up.
748	Communication Module reset.
749	Communication Module start.
750	Daisy Chain state changed.
752	User xxx logged in.
753	User xxx session timeout.
754	User xxx blocked.
755	User xxx password changed.
756	User password settings changed.
757	User xxx added.
758	User xxx deleted.

759	User xxx modified.
761	Smart Rack Access Door Opened
762	Smart Rack Access Door Closed
763	Smart Rack Access User Card Swiped
764	Smart Rack Access Door Autolocked
765	Smart Rack Mechanical Lock
766	Smart Rack Mechanical Unlock

Trap codes assigned for information alarms:

Trap Class	Trap Code	Trap Description
Clear	770	The PDU unit active power is alarm clear.
	771	The PDU energy alarm clear.
	772-774	The phase (1-3) voltage alarm cleared
	775-777	The phase (1-3) current alarm cleared
	778-789	The circuit breaker (1-12) current alarm cleared
	790-837	The outlet (1-48) active power current alarm cleared.
	838-845	The sensor (1-8) temperature/humidity alarm cleared.
	846-853	The sensor (1-8) lost communication alarm cleared.
	854-856	Input Phase (1-3) Frequency Deasserted above upper critical
	857-859	Input Phase (1-3) Frequency Deasserted below lower critical.

Appendix F: Horizontal Intelligent Network Controller Replacement

1. Unscrew the left and right captive nuts on the Intelligent Network Controller by turning them counter clockwise.

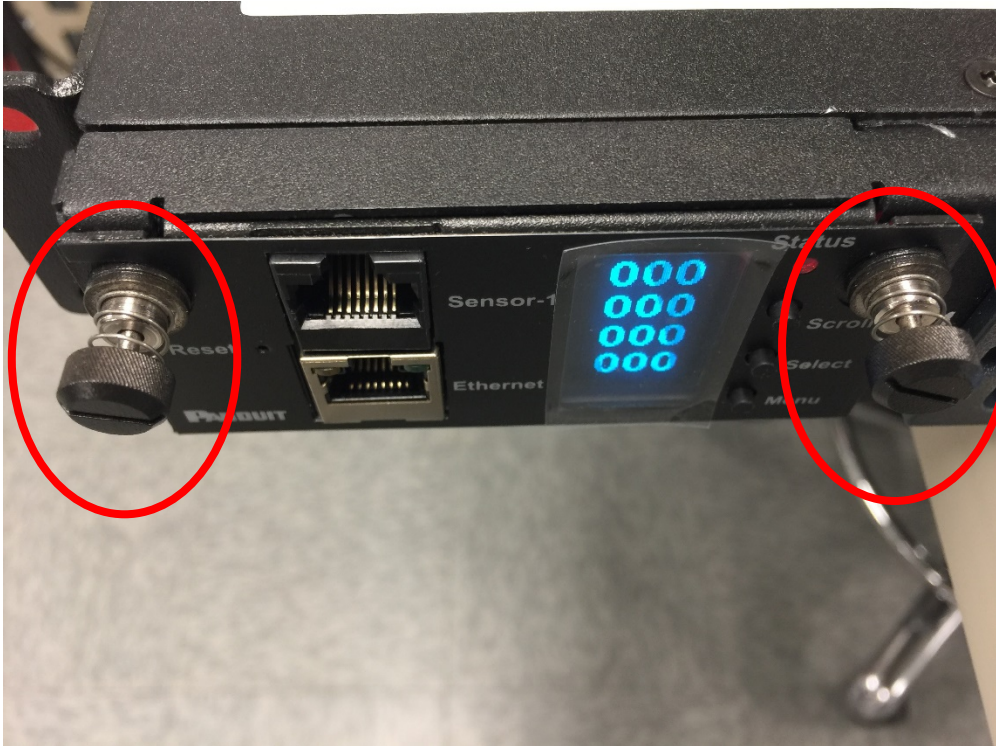


Figure 88: Unscrew Intelligent Network Controller

2. Pull out the Intelligent Network Controller from the PDU.

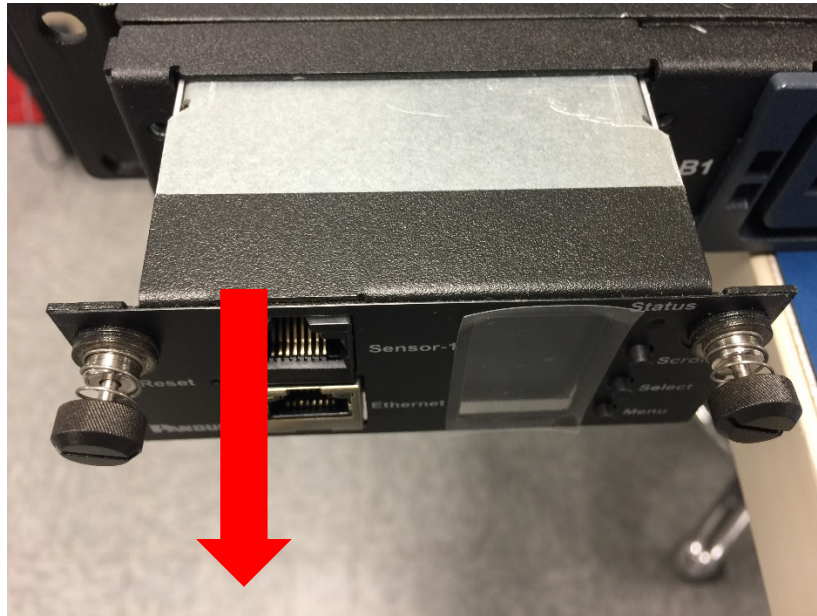


Figure 89: Remove Intelligent Network Controller from PDU

3. Insert the new Intelligent Network Controller.

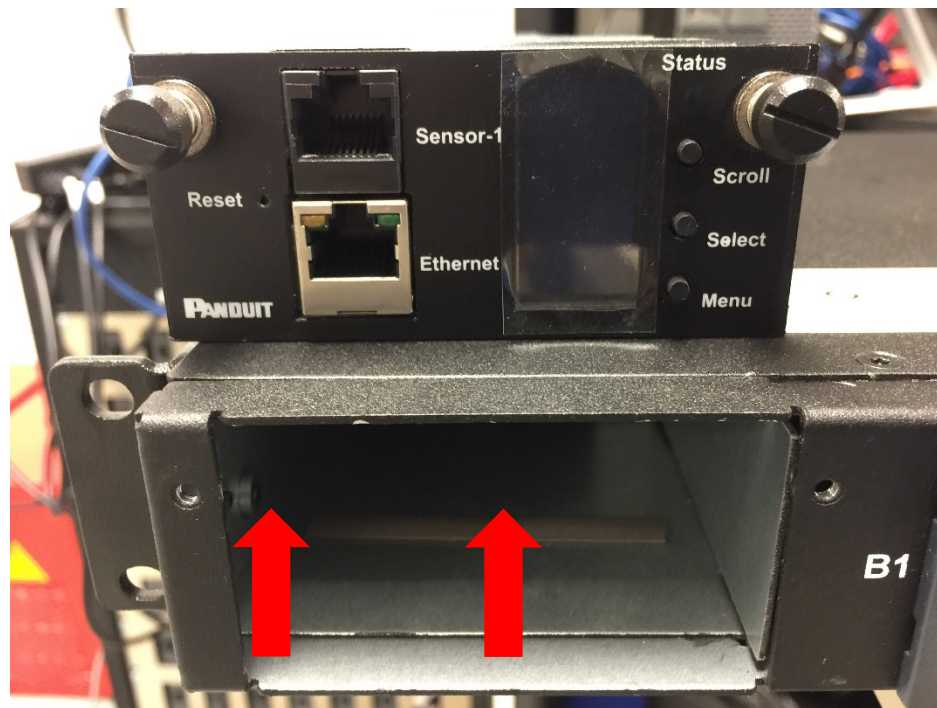


Figure 90: Inserting New Intelligent Network Controller

4. Align the Intelligent Network Controller and tighten the captive nuts by turning them clockwise.

Appendix G: Vertical Intelligent Network Controller Replace or Rotate 180°

1. Use a T10 Torx screwdriver to remove the two screws from the Intelligent Network Controller.

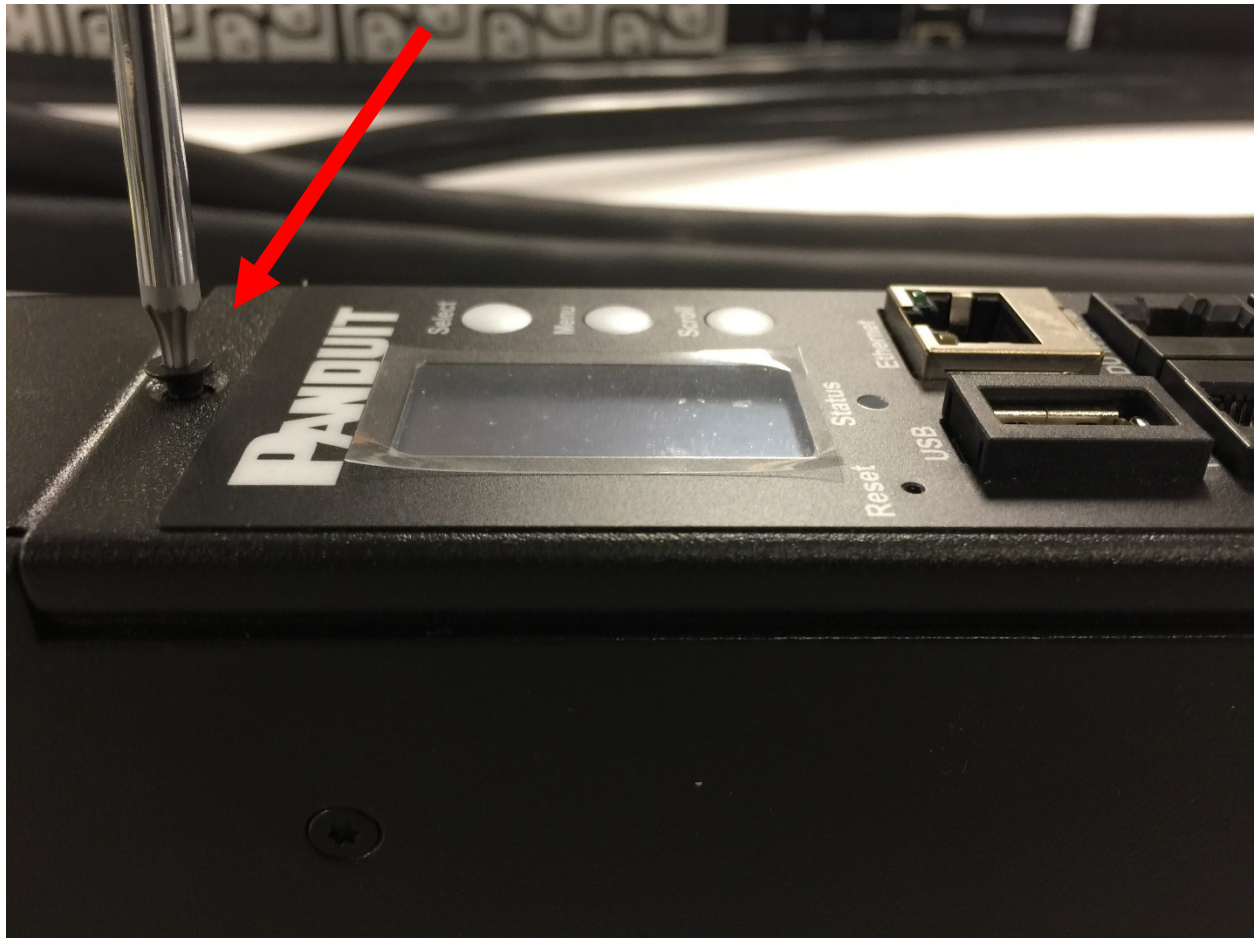


Figure 91: Removing Top and Bottom Screw from Intelligent Network Controller

- a. Controller may be rotated to accommodate overhead or underfloor power. If rotating controller, it is recommended that you disconnect the ribbon cable. Rotate and reinstall.

2. If replacing controller, disconnect the existing ribbon cable from the Intelligent Network Controller. Connect the ribbon cable to the new Intelligent Network Controller.

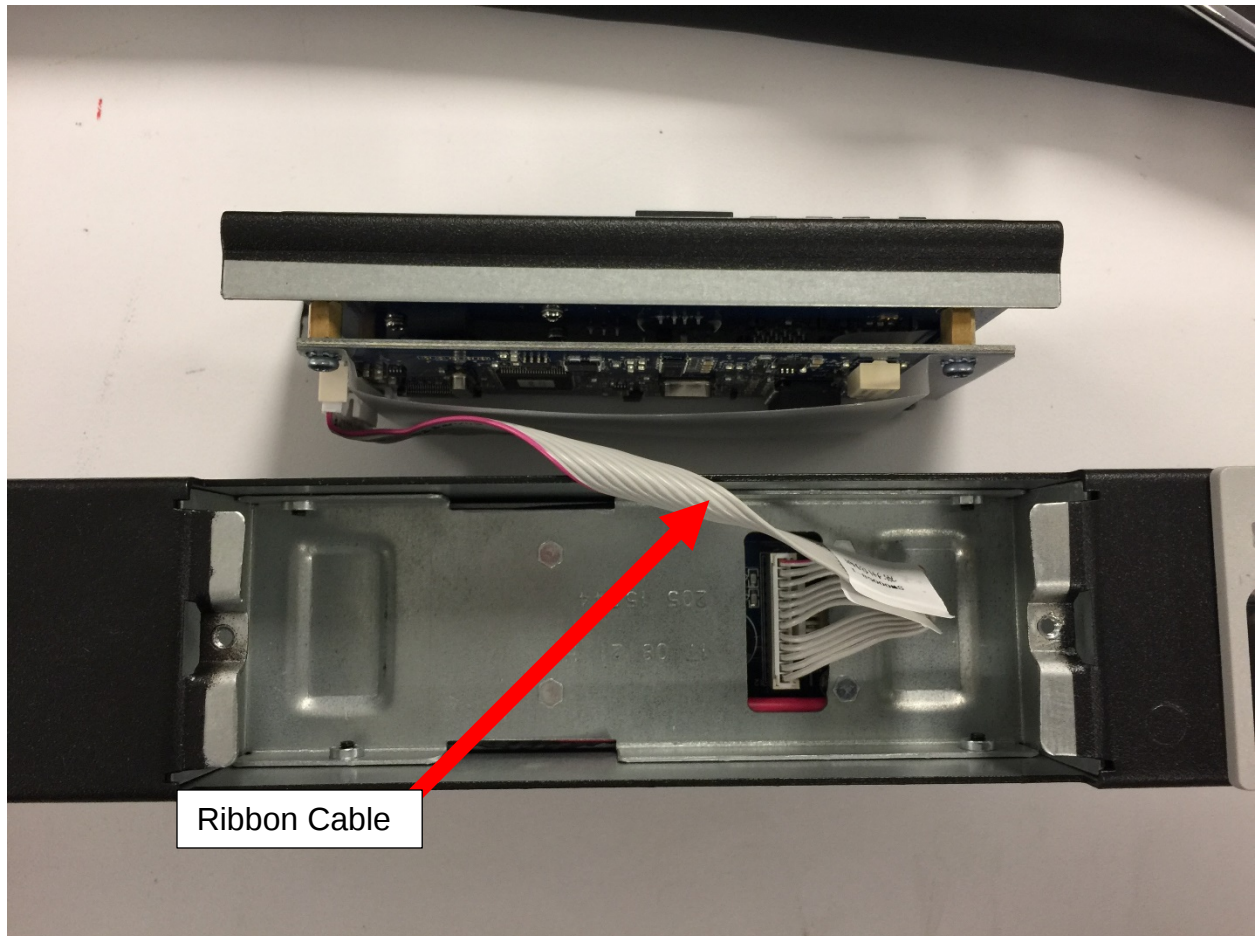


Figure 92: Disconnecting and Reconnecting the Intelligent Network Controller

3. Replace and tighten the two (T10) screws on the Intelligent Network Controller.

Appendix H: Changing Your PC's IP Address

Note: Instructions refer specifically to Windows 10. Please refer to your operating system documentation if you are not using Windows 10.

1. Click the **Windows** button and select **Control Panel**.

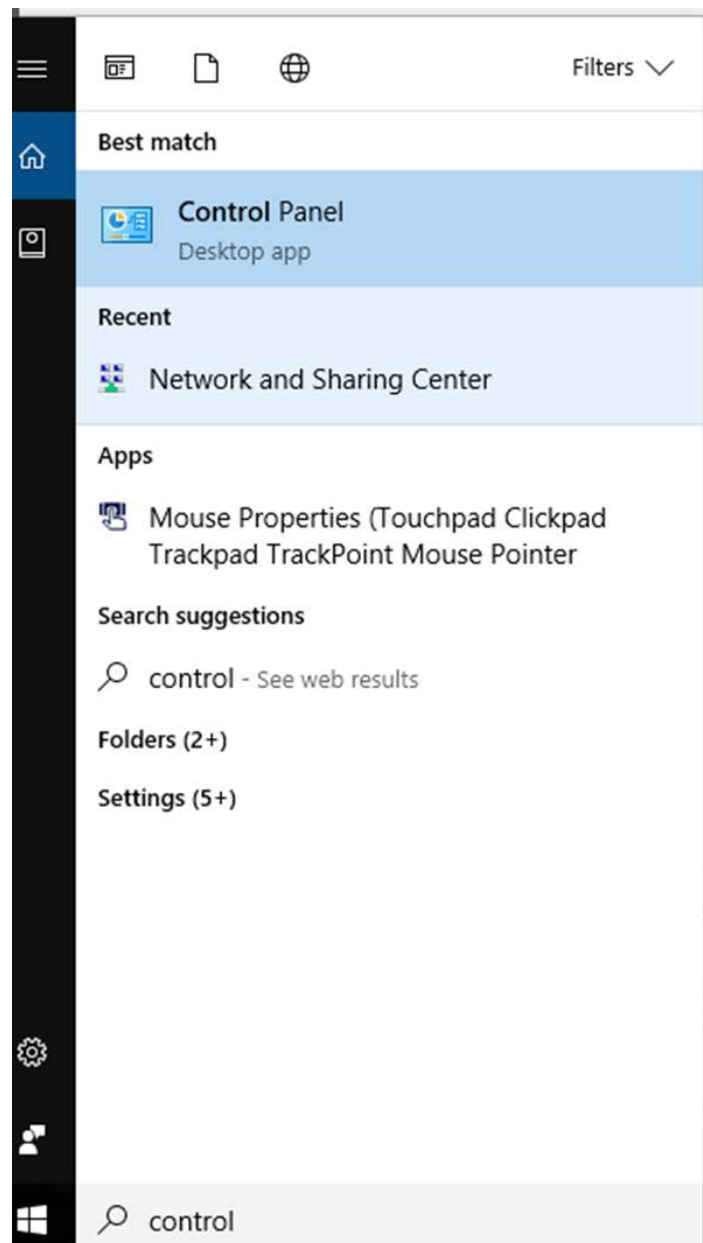


Figure 93: Control Panel

2. In the Control Panel window, select **View network status and tasks** under the Network and Internet heading.

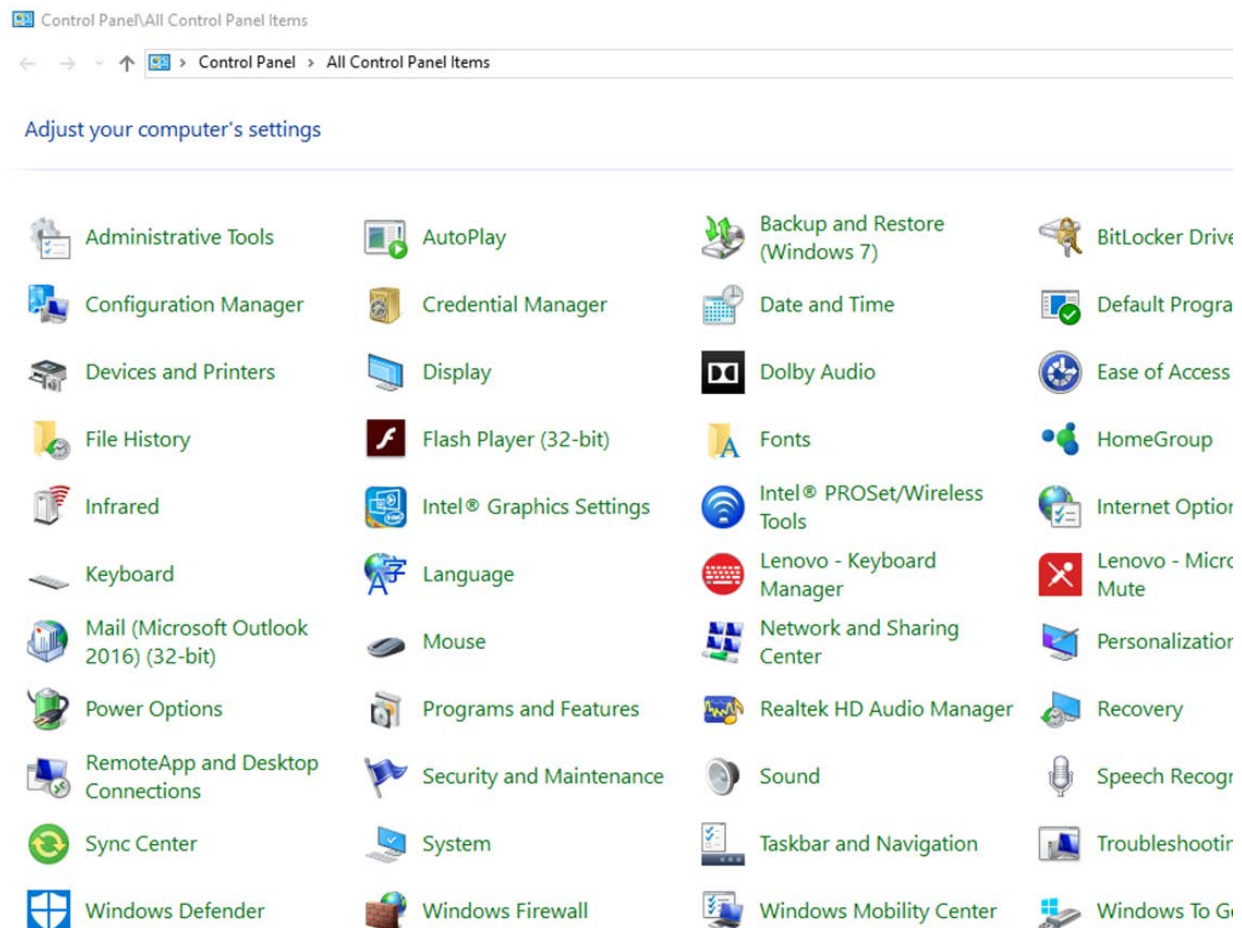


Figure 94: Network Status and Tasks

3. Select **Change adapter settings** from the menu on the left.

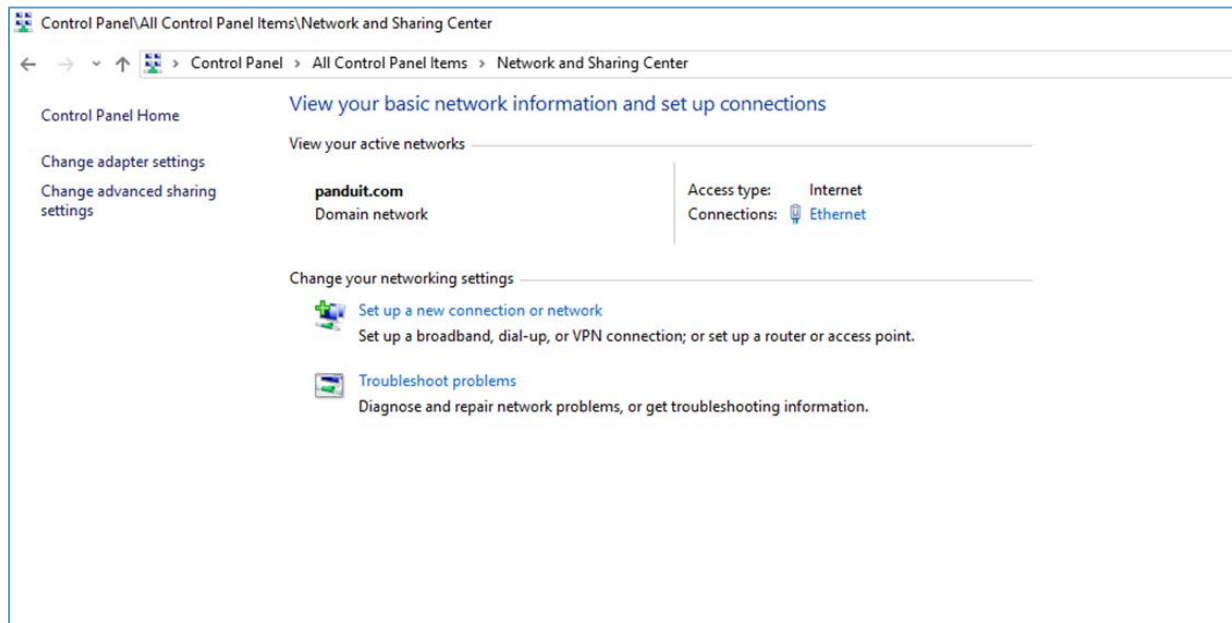


Figure 95: Change Adapter Settings

4. Right-click **Ethernet** and select **Properties**.



Figure 96: Properties

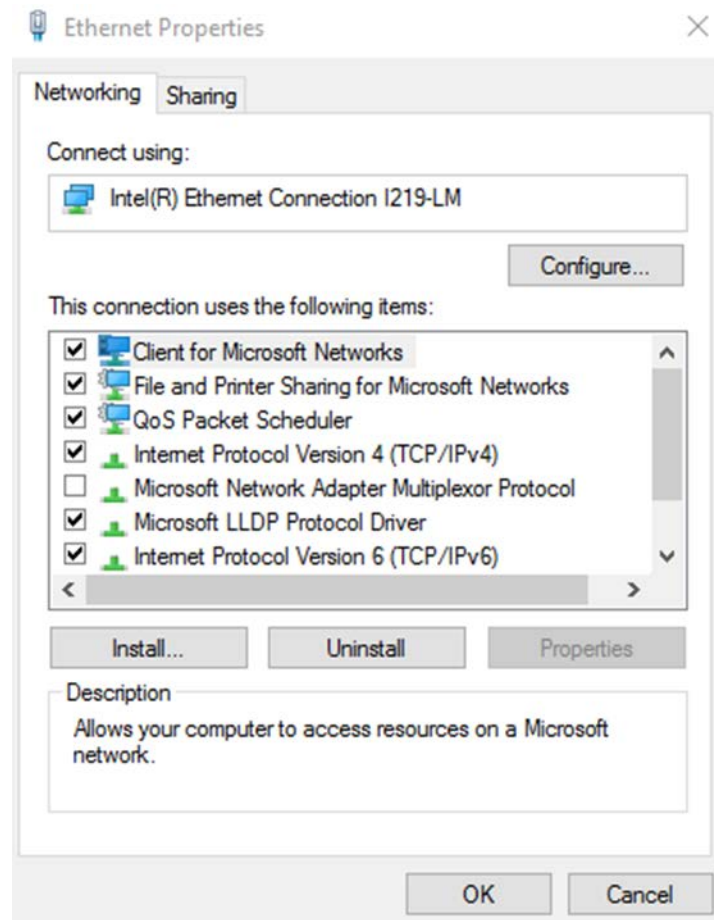


Figure 97: Ethernet Properties

5. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Version 4** (you may need to scroll down). Then click the **Properties** button.

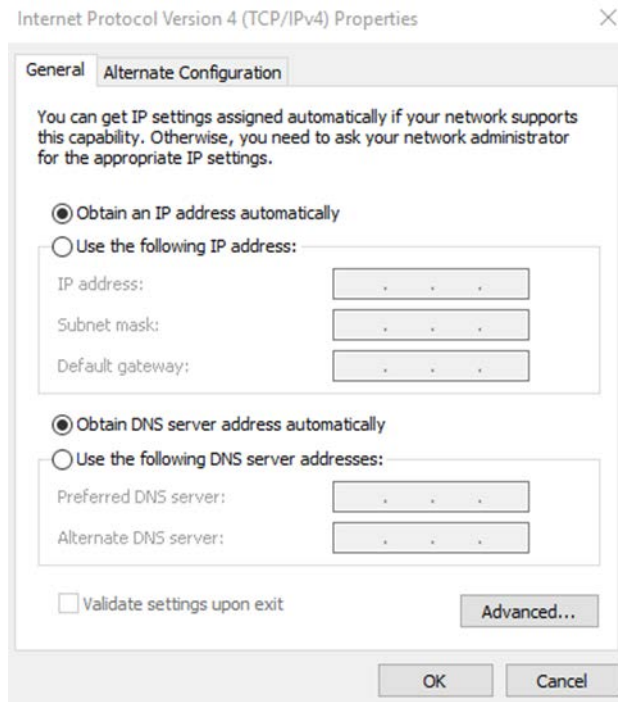


Figure 98: Internet Protocol Version 4

6. Select the **Use the following IP address** radio button. The **Use the following DNS server addresses** radio button then selects automatically.

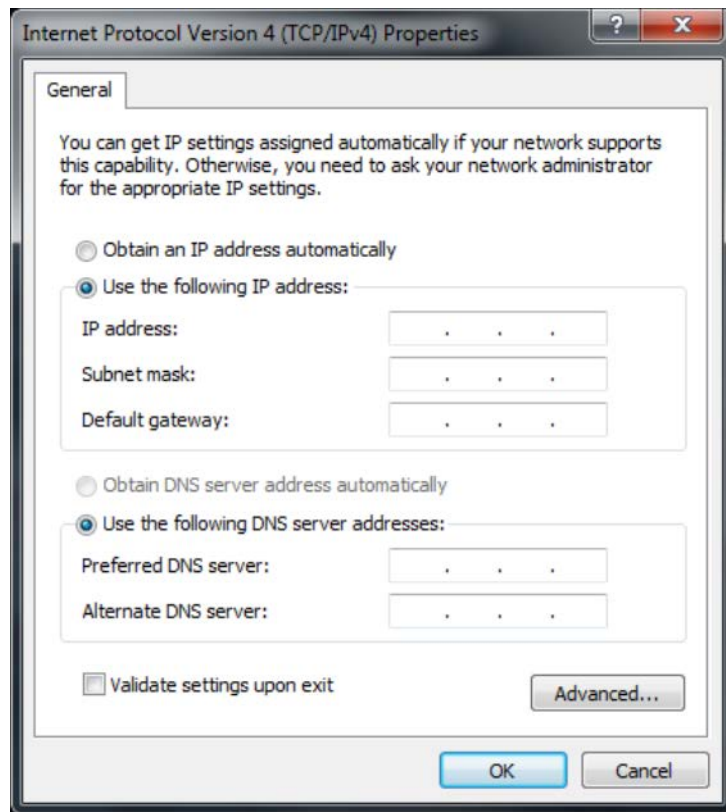


Figure 99: DNS Server

Enter the following details into the appropriate boxes:

- IP address: 192.168.0.10
- Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default gateway: 192.168.0.1
- Preferred DNS server: 192.168.0.1

7. Click **OK** to accept the entries.
8. Connect the PDU network connection directly to the PC's Ethernet card using a patch cable.
9. Power the PDU unit.
10. Open a web browser on the PC.
11. Enter the address bar **http://192.168.0.1** into your browser.

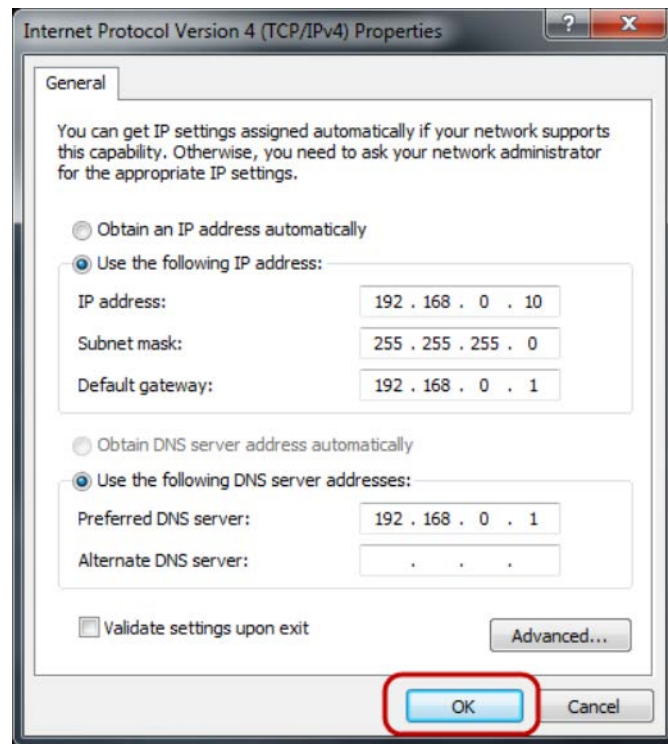


Figure 100: Confirmation

12. Press **OK**.