

MEGAcel® HEPA Filtration

Peace of Mind at Lowest Total Cost of Operation



Highest Performing HEPA Filter Technology for Life Science Applications

Media – The Heart of the Filter and the Cleanroom

Understanding the Media Options Available to You

HEPA and ULPA filters made with microglass media have stood the test of time for over 75 years. However, aside from the development of "low boron" microglass media for the microelectronics industry, the technology has seen very little innovation since its inception. While its filtration performance has been proven throughout its long history, unfortunately so has its fragility. Despite its well documented filtration performance, the delicate nature of glass fiber media continues to present a potential risk for damage that should be considered when selecting the ideal media for a given application.

Conversely, membrane media technologies have seen and experienced continuous innovation and adoption across many industries and applications over the past 30 years. In the early 1990's, increased demand from the booming microelectronics industry for HEPA and ULPA grade air filters with reduced offgassing properties and improved energy efficiency created an opportunity for innovation in HEPA and ULPA grade medias. Within that same time period, Daikin Industries discovered an ultrafine fiber structure that would enable a revolutionary change in air filter membrane media development.

Proven Alternatives to Glass Fiber Media

The development of Daikin's unique ultrafine fiber ePTFE membrane media offered an alternative option to glass fiber filters for the microelectronics industry that provided the lowest offgassing properties, lowest energy consumption, and far superior tensile strength and durability. This technological advancement enabled the industry to dramatically reduce operating costs, while also improving production yield. Since that time, ePTFE media has become the media of choice for the microelectronics industry.

Expanded Portfolio of Membrane Technologies

Membrane technologies have evolved since the discovery of the ultrafine fibers by Daikin Industries in 1988. The main benefits remain the same: excellent pressure drop, ultralow emissions, and superior durability when compared to glass fiber media. However, the portfolio of available media types for specific applications has expanded.

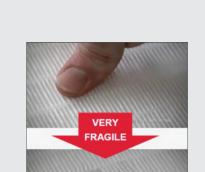
Enter Fluororesin Membrane

Expanded fluororesin membrane, or **eFRM**, represents the next generation of membrane media technology, designed specifically for applications where high concentrations of oil-based test aerosols (i.e., PAO) and fine particulate (i.e., hydrocarbons) are present. Since 2012, this unique recipe of ultra-fine membrane layers and support structures has delivered the same low resistance and durability of first-generation membrane media in these demanding environments.

Media Resilience Comparison

AAF' HEPA/ULPA filters with ultra-fine fiberglass media technology are the product of choice in the most demanding environments.

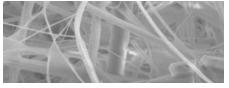
Wet laid glass fiber media is delicate and vulnerable to varying degrees of breakage, ranging from pinhole leaks to irreparable damage.



Microglass Media:

Wetlaid media made from borosilicate glass fibers and adhesive binders.

- Available in E10 –U17
- Compatible with Discrete Particle Counters (DPC) testing and photometric test methods

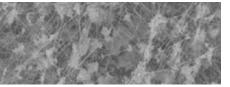


(10.000x)

ePTFE Membrane Media:

Single layer of expanded PTFE supported by a layer of spun bonded synthetic media on the upstream and downstream side.

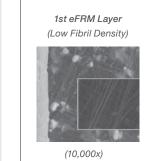
- Applications: Microelectronics
- Available in H13 –U17
- Compatible with Discrete Particle Counters (DPC) testing



eFRM Membrane Media:

Dual layers of expanded Fluororesin membrane supported by a layer of spun bonded synthetic media on the upstream and downstream side.

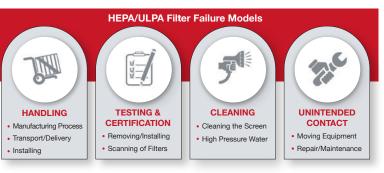
- Applications: Life Sciences
- Available in H13 –H14
- Compatible with photometric test methods



Selecting the Right HEPA/ULPA Filter

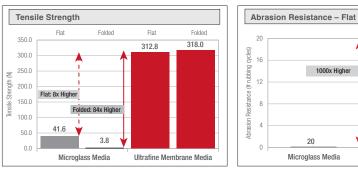
Key Risk Based Considerations: Modes of HEPA/ULPA Filter Failure

Now that we understand the critical role of media selection in the choice of HEPA/ULPA filters for a given application, it's important to also review some of the in-situ risk that the filter will be confronted with in the clean space.



Comparing Glass Fiber and Membrane Media Options

The risks listed above can be mitigated by the use of durable PTFE or FRM membrane-based HEPA/ULPA filters. The table below shows a comparison of physical properties of ePTFE, eFRM, and glass fiber HEPA filters for consideration when durability and reliability are key concerns.



Results based on Test Standard DIN EN 29073-3.

Summary of Considerations for HEPA/ULPA Filter Selection

This product guide contains multiple product options and configurations for your review and selection. Below is a helpful checklist of items to consider as you make your final selection.

What to Look for in HEPA/ULPA Filters

Media Integrity

- Highest level of mechanical strength for resistance to damage, leaking, or failure
- Chemically inert, which reduces media degradation in highly corrosive environments
- Hydrophobic (water resistant)

Economy and Testing

- Lowest available pressure drop to reduce energy consumption and changeout cycles
- Lowest off-gassing of chemical components to minimize risk of contamination
- Ability to perform local field testing per standards for your environment

Total Cost of Ownership

- Clearly quantify all potential operational risks associated with your filter selection
- Partner with a supplier that can provide professional guidance and a fully integrated system solution

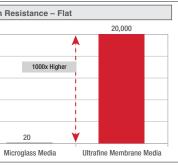


2nd eFRM Layer

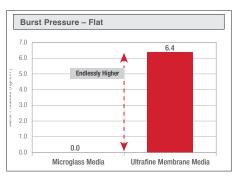
(High Fibril Density)

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HEPA Filters typically fail due to some form of contact combined with the poor mechanical strength of the media.







Results based on Test Standard DIN EN 13938-2.



Illustration of Equipment and Test Protocol in the Life Science Industry

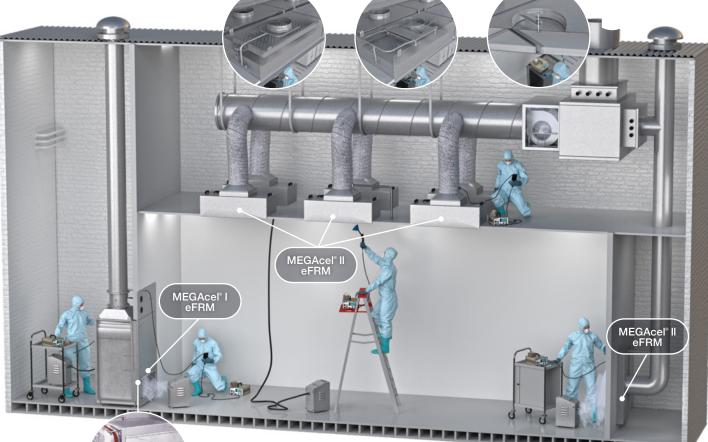
Control of viable and non-viable particles is crucial in many process applications in the Life Science industry. Protection of people from hazardous or potent compounds is equally important. There is a wide variety of supply, exhaust and recirculated air housings and filter types to address each application. It is important to utilize a manufacturer who can offer a fully integrated solution in order to minimize risk and points of potential failure.

MEGAcel[®] II eFRM

Designed specifically for the unique requirements and challenges of the aseptic pharmaceutical manufacturing industry, this mini-pleat HEPA filter features superior durability, polyalphaolefin (PAO) compatibility, high particulate filtration efficiency, and the lowest pressure drop.

> AstroHood[®] S-I Aerosol dispersion ring with integrated ESD damper

AstroHood[®] S-II Guillotine damper and aerosol injection AstroHood® S-III Integrated centerboard test port and diffusion disc



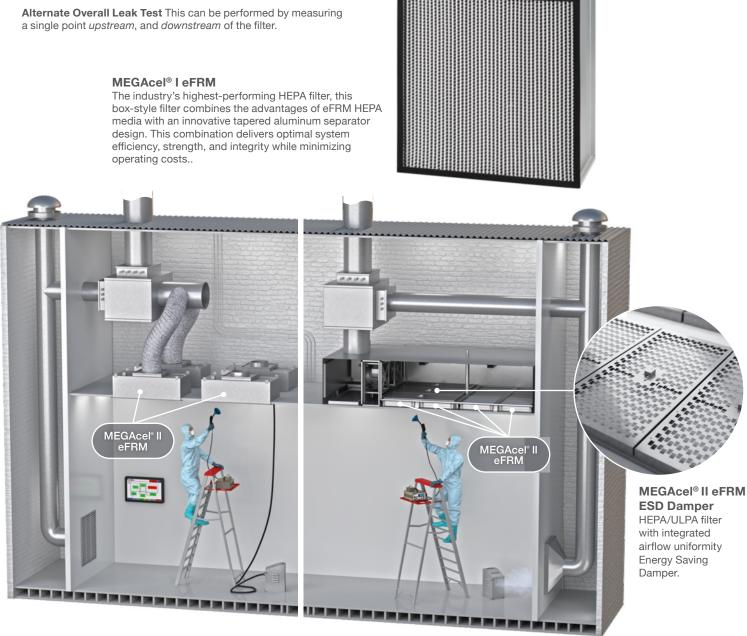


AstroSafe® V-BIBO A 'safe change' or BIBO (Bag-In-Bag-Out) housing with an integrated manual scan section normally utilized when potent or hazardous compounds are in use.



AHU Filter Testing

In situ integrity testing of HEPA filter banks is accomplished by injecting an aerosol upstream of the filters and manually scanning the downstream side of the filters.



AAF HEPA Filters with Media

MEGAcel® I eFRM

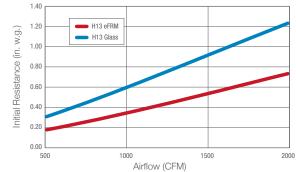
Separator-style HEPA Filters

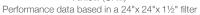


Benefits

- Available in 99.99% @ 0.3um, H13 (99.99% @ MPPS), and H14 (99.995% @ MPPS)
- Offers lowest possible pressure drop in box-style HEPA filter
- Superior durability, hydrophobic nature, and chemically inert properties minimize risk
- Tolerant of high hydrocarbon exposure and high humidity
- Compatible with all validation test methods photometer and discrete particle counter (DPC)







	Flow Rate (CFM)				
H13 eFRM	0.17	0.34	0.53	0.73	
H13 Glass	0.29	0.59	0.91	1.24	

Note: Values based on measurements, not published target or maximum values; actual results may vary slightly.

MEGAcel[®] II eFRM Mini-pleat HEPA Filters



Total Cost of Ownership

Glass vs. MEGAcel II[®] eFRM

Total Cost of Ownership

SSS

Glass vs. MEGAcel[®] I eFRM

While MEGAcel I eFRM HEPA filters

cost roughly 25% more than similar

microglass HEPA filters, the energy

savings they produce offset the cost difference in as few as 6 months.

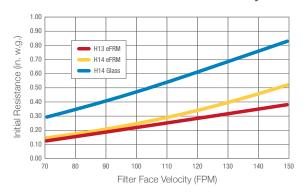
Filter Energy

microglass HEPA filters, the energy savings they produce offset the cost difference in as few as 6 months.

Benefits

- Available in 99.99% @ 0.3um, H13 (99.99% @ MPPS), and H14 (99.995% @ MPPS)
- Offers lowest possible pressure drop in terminal, panel HEPA filter
- Superior durability, hydrophobic nature, and chemically inert properties minimize risk
- Tolerant of high hydrocarbon exposure and high humidity
- Compatible with all validation test methods photometer and discrete particle counter (DPC)

MEGAcel[®] II eFRM Initial Resistance vs. Filter Flow Velocity



		Filter Face Velocity (FPM)					
	70						
H13 eFRM	0.13	0.15	0.18	0.21	0.25	0.31	0.37
H14 eFRM	0.15	0.18	0.21	0.24	0.28	0.34	0.54
H14 Glass	0.29	0.35	0.41	0.47	0.54	0.61	0.83

Note: Values based on measurements, not published target or maximum values; actual results may vary slightly.

Comparison of HEPA Media Characteristics

	eFRM (Fluororesin Membrane)	ePTFE (PTFE Membrane	Microglass (Traditional)	Polymeric (Nylon Membrane)
Applications	(Fluororesin Membrane)	ePTFE	All	Other
Longevity	Since 2012	Since 1994	Since 1940s	Since 2020
Reaction to Moisture & Vapors	Hydrophobic, repels moisture & vapors	Hydrophobic, repels moisture & vapors	Hydrophobic, repels moisture & vapors	Hydrophilic, absorbs moisture & vapors
Durability	Robust	Robust	Fragile	Robust
Chemical Compatibility ¹				
Cleaning Reagents				
Acetone	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Isopropyl Alcohol – IPA (70%)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Sodium Hypochlorite (NaOCI/NaClO)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Spor-Klenz [®] (STERIS) Peracetic Acid, H2O2, Acetic Acid	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Vaprox® (STERIS) 35% Hydrogen Peroxide (H2O2)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Vesphene® llse (STERIS) Sulfonic Acids, Phylphenol, Pentylphenol, Potassium Hydroxide, Phosphoric Acid, etc.	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
LpH® III st (STERIS) Phosphoric Acid, Phenylphenol, IPA, tert-Pentylphenol, Sulfonic Acids, etc.	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Hypo-Chlor® (Veltek) Sodium Hypochlorite (NaOCl/NaClO)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Decontamination Agents				
Chlorine Dioxide (ClO2)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Formaldehyde (CH2O) 100%	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Vaporized Hydrogen Peroxide (H2O2) 30%	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Poor
Test Aerosol Agents				
Oils/Liquid (PAO, DEHS, etc.)	Excellent	Poor	Excellent	Excellent
Solids (PSLs, NaCl, Silica, etc.)	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

1. Chemical compatibility per CP Lab Safety (www.calpaclab.com).

Comparison of HEPA Filter by Media Type

	eFRM Filters	Microglass Filters	PTFE Filters	Polymeric Filters
Solid Particle Loading	•	٠	•	•
Liquid Particle Loading	•	٠	Poor	•
Chemical Compatibility	•	٠	•	Poor
Efficiency Stability	•	٠	•	Poor
Durability	•	٠	•	•
Pressure Drop	Lowest	Higher	Lowest	Good
Lifetime	•	٠	•	NA
Years in Service	8+	70+	20+	NA
Units Fielded	Tens of Thousands	Millions	Millions	NA
Fielded Location	Global	Global	Global	NA

Unsurpassed Performance

The leading HEPA filtration technology for life science industries, eFRM media offers superior durability at the lowest airflow resistance. MEGAcel eFRM filters virtually eliminate the risks of media damage and degradation while minimizing operational expenses and interruptions. With tens of thousands of installed units worldwide, MEGAcel eFRM filters have exceeded the most stringent industry performance requirements since 2012.

MEGAcel eFRM is the ideal HEPA media technology to ensure peace of mind at the lowest total cost of ownership.



AAF International Plant Locations

AAF, the world's largest manufacturer of air filtration solutions, operates production, warehousing and distribution facilities in 22 countries across four continents. With its global headquarters in Louisville, Kentucky, AAF is committed to protecting people, processes and systems through the development and manufacturing of the highest quality air filters, filtration equipment, and associated housing and hardware available today.

Contact your local AAF representative for a complete list of AAF Air Filtration Product Solutions.

Americas

Louisville, KY Atlanta, GA Ardmore, OK Bartow, FL Columbia, MO Fayetteville, AR Hudson, NY Momence, IL Smithfield, NC Tijuana, Mexico Votorantim, Brazil Washington, NC

Europe

Cramlington, UK Gasny, France Vitoria, Spain Ecoparc, France Trencin, Slovakia Olaine, Latvia Horndal, Sweden Vantas, Finland

Asia & Middle East

Riyadh, Saudi Arabia Shah Alam, Malaysia Suzhou, China Shenzhen, China Miaoli, Taiwan Bangalore, India Noida, India Yuki, Japan (Nippon Muki)



AAF International has a policy of continuous product research and improvement. We reserve the right to change design and specifications without notice.

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