1. Acceptable Manufacturers
	1. AAF International
	2. Other Approved Manufacturer
2. Quality and Environmental Management Systems
	1. The manufacturer shall have an ISO 9001 or ASME NQA-1 quality based system at the manufacturing facility. The manufacturer shall make available documentation showing independent third party certification or acceptable audit approvals and adherence to these systems.
	2. If requested, manufacturer shall make available a copy of their Corporate Quality Manual and references from clients of similar sized projects or scope within the last 5 years.
3. HEPA/ULPA Filters
	1. Filters construction shall be extruded anodized aluminum for use in Open Plenum, Ducted Terminal, or Fan Powered Systems. Frame style will be determined by filter application. The term “HEPA” shall be used generically to describe all high-efficiency filters that meet the following specifications. If possible, the filter and housing shall be from the same manufacturer to ensure form, fit, and function are maximized.
	2. Construction Criteria;
		1. The filter shall be constructed in accordance with the recommended construction requirements of IEST-RP-CC001, latest version.
		2. The media shall be of ePTFE (PloyTetraFluoroEthylene) technology and shall be produced by the filter manufacturer to ensure quality requirements and traceability are maintained. ePTFE media shall consist of a membrane layers supported on each side with spun bonded synthetic scrim to eliminate media damage; glass fiber media is not allowed. The pleats shall be equally spaced using polyamide hot melt glue beads. Nominal media pack depth shall be 35mm deep.
		3. The media pack shall be affixed permanently to the filter frame assembly by means of a solid, continuous, fire retardant, phosphorous free polyurethane sealant, forming a leak free bond between the filter pack and filter frame. The sealant will be uniform off-white in color; will not exhibit any form of leaching, and no more than ¼” of wicking into the media. The sealant will be qualified at incoming inspection as well as point of dispensing to ensure homogenization and adequate curing and adhesion properties.
		4. The filter frame shall be of minimum of 0.060” thick webbing anodized extruded aluminum Filter Frame shall be designed for use in Gasket Seal or Fluid Seal systems. The filter frame shall have tight miter corners and a leak free design. Corners must contain no cracks or uneven areas.
		5. Gasket system filters shall have factory installed ¼” thick by ¾” wide dovetailed, urethane gasket affixed to the filter frame sealing surface.
		6. Fluid Seal system filters shall have:

			1. Extrusion shall have a continuous trough around the perimeter of the filter. The fluid seal trough shall be filled at the factory.
			2. Filter fluid seal must be comprised of a two component high molecular weight urethane type elastomeric sealant and be self-leveling.
				1. Fluid seal material shall be characterized for all salient mechanical, physical, and chemical properties such as Hardness/Penetration and Tack.
				2. Fluid seal material shall be characterized for chemical resistance to known industry accepted process chemicals.
				3. Fluid seal material shall be tested for chemical compatibility to all materials in contact during manufacturing including gloves, tools, mixing equipment, dispensing equipment, and packaging materials, as well as potential airborne contaminants & poisons.
				4. Fluid seal material shall demonstrate resistance to accelerated life cycle testing.
				5. Fluid Seal shall withstand knife edge insertion to partial depth without complete depth cutting or full length splitting.
		7. Knife edge system filters have an integral ¾ inch long knife edge on the air leaving side that is designed for top load gel ceiling grids.
		8. Each filter shall have a unique label indicating filter size, unique serial number, model number, tested efficiency, pressure drop at volumetric test airflow, and UL compliance.
		9. Manufacturing shall take place in an ISO 7 cleanroom and packaging in an ISO 6 cleanroom as determined by ISO 14644.
4. Shipping, Storage and Handling of HEPA/ULPA Filters
	1. Filter Assemblies are to be packaged discretely in sealed polyethylene bag and double wall corrugated carton of sufficient strength.
		1. Manufacturer shall characterize packaging against industry standards for:
			1. Drop
			2. Compression (i.e. stacking of cartons)
			3. Vibration
	2. The carton shall be labeled with the manufacturer’s part number, serial number, and test performance data.
	3. Palletized cartons shall be protected with corner posts and retained via stretch wrap.
	4. Filter Assemblies shall be shipped in fully enclosed trailers and in original, unopened packaging.
	5. Appropriate care must be exercised in handling cartons to avoid dropping, vibration, and rough handling to prevent potential for damage.
	6. HEPA filter Assemblies shall be stored per manufacturer’s instructions for proper orientation, stacking configuration and limitations, and must remain in unopened cartons to prevent damage and exposure to potential contaminants.
	7. Cartons stored longer than one week shall remain unopened and in a climate controlled environment of 60-80F and 30-70%RH.
	8. Filter Assemblies shall remain in the sealed, unopened carton until inspection, testing and installation.
5. Filter Performance Criteria/Factory testing:
	1. Factory Efficiency and Resistance Test:
		1. The filter shall have a minimum overall efficiency of 99.99995% on 0.10 - 0.2 micron PSL solid microspheres and shall be constructed in accordance with IEST-RP-CC001, latest version.
		2. Each Filter shall be tested for initial (clean) pressure drop at rated flow.

			1. All cleanroom style filters are tested at 100 FPM, +/- 10% and are based on the net filter media area (excludes frame, center partitions, etc.). The nominal initial pressure drop per overall efficiency rating is as follows:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Pack Depth** | **Max. initial ΔP** |
| 35mm | 0.48” w.g. |

* 1. Factory Scan and Efficiency Test:
		1. Filters shall be factory scanned using an automated scan system. Autoscan testing shall take place in an ISO 4 cleanroom as determined by ISO 14644.
		2. The scanning shall be accomplished by passing the probe with overlapping strokes so the entire filter face area is sampled. Scanning shall be performed in accordance with IES-RP-CC034, latest revision.
		3. The challenge aerosol for factory scan testing is 0.12 micron PSL. Oil thread testing for local leaks using polyfuntional alcohol is an acceptable alternative for filter too small or for the autoscan equipment.
		4. Overall filter efficiency is obtained by integrating the results of the scan test
	2. Underwriters’ Laboratories (UL):
		1. Filter Assemblies shall be UL Standard 900 classified.
	3. Labeling and Reporting:
		1. Each filter shall have a unique labeling indicating filter size, unique serial number, model number, tested efficiency, pressure drop at volumetric test airflow, and UL compliance.
		2. A test certificate shall be provided for each filter indicating filter specific test data including the lot and serial number along with the pressure drop and efficiency. A test certificate at a minimum should contain filter size, lot number, the filter’s unique serial number, model number, tested efficiency, tested pressure drop at volumetric test airflow, and scan test results.