

# P1 Racing Fuels Presentation

Parlamentkreis



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# WRC+ TV

Interview with  
Martin Popilka  
and Dan Vrtiska,  
about P1 and  
CNF'

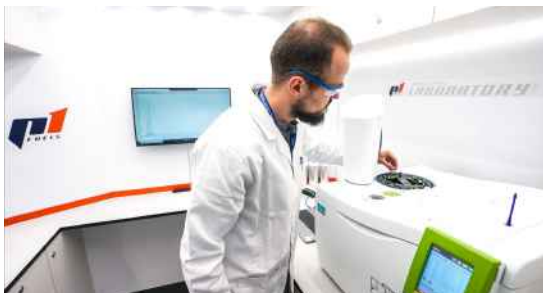


<https://vimeo.com/721456972>



# P1 has successfully validated a 100% sustainable fuel and produced with partners as part of MVP

## Formulation & R&D



- Close collaboration with automotive OEMs on testing fuels in engines
- Implementation of learnings into formulation phase
- Laboratory testing of fuels and new approaches
- Extensive expertise in fuel formulations and engine compatibility
- In-house AI and data team to predict formulations and accelerate R&D

## MVP Synthetic Fuel Production



- In-house expertise for optimization of production process (ETG & MTG)
- Partnerships with engineering companies to build plants
- Partnerships with key suppliers for plant
- Partnership with Aramco and expertise from their research

## Commercialization



- Commercialized formulations produced in MVP plant
- Supply contracts with major World Championships
- Further opportunities booked



# The core of P1

## P1's Vision

We believe in a future where sustainable mobility and sheer driving pleasure coincide.

## P1's Mission

We formulate **advanced carbon-neutral fuels** for internal combustion engines to win races today and the everyday commute tomorrow.

## P1's Strategy

We develop sustainable fuels for the most demanding applications in the highest levels of racing globally, to stress them and enable their future utilization in road vehicles.





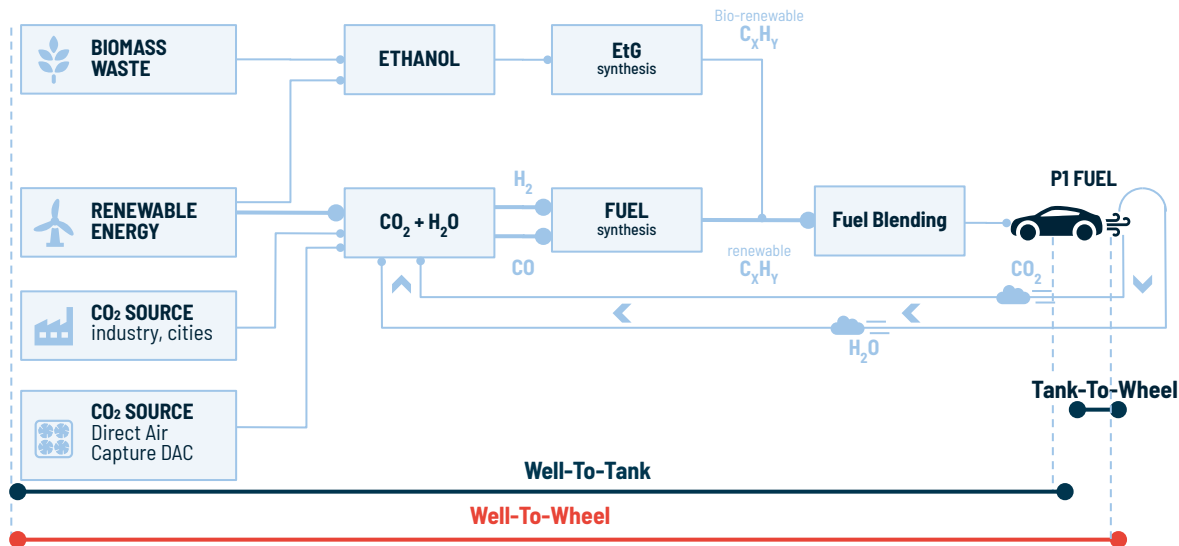
# Carbon Neutral Fuels are drop-in fuels that are not derived from fossil fuels and do not emit new CO<sub>2</sub>

## Well-To-Tank

CO<sub>2</sub> used as feedstock for the production of Carbon Neutral fuels leading to no new carbon dioxide emissions and up to 90% CO<sub>2</sub> reduction in ICE with fossil fuel.

## Tank-To-Wheel

CO<sub>2</sub> footprint can be reduced with optimised, cleaner combustion, and higher engine efficiency. Fuel formulation is fundamental.

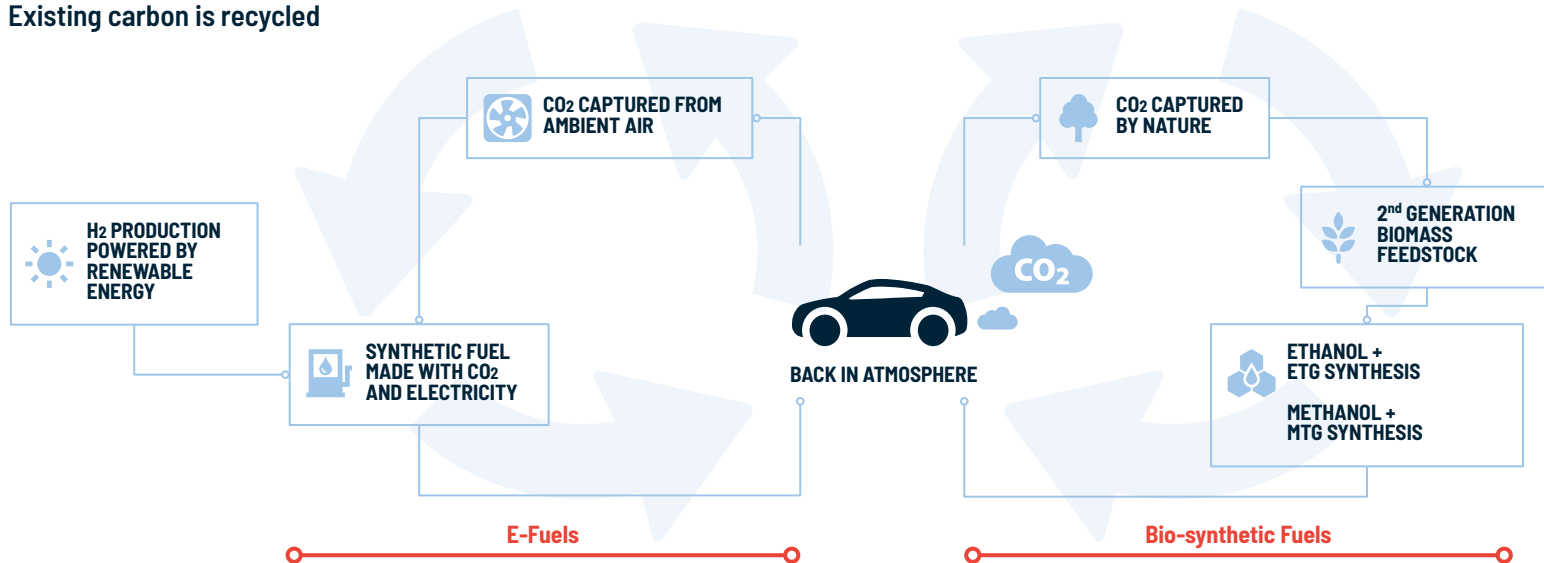




# Bio-synthetic fuels and E-fuels

No new CO<sub>2</sub> is released into the atmosphere, since P1 sources it directly from the air or from biomass which in turn extracts it from the environment.

**Fossil carbon is kept in the ground**  
**Existing carbon is recycled**





# Motorsports' Fundamental Role in the Mass Transition to CNF

2020



**FIA World Touring Car Championship**  
Target: 15% fossil-free  
P1 Official Fuel Supplier with Eco15 Pro Fuel

2022



**FIA World Rally Championship**  
Target: 100% fossil-free  
P1 Official Fuel Supplier with FossilFree100 WRC Fuel

2023



**FIA Karting World Championship**  
Target: 100% fossil-free  
P1 Official Fuel supplier with Eco 100 RS Fuel



**SRO GT Series**  
Minimum target: 70% fossil-free

2026



**FIA Formula 1**  
Target: 100% fossil-free

2035



**Road cars**

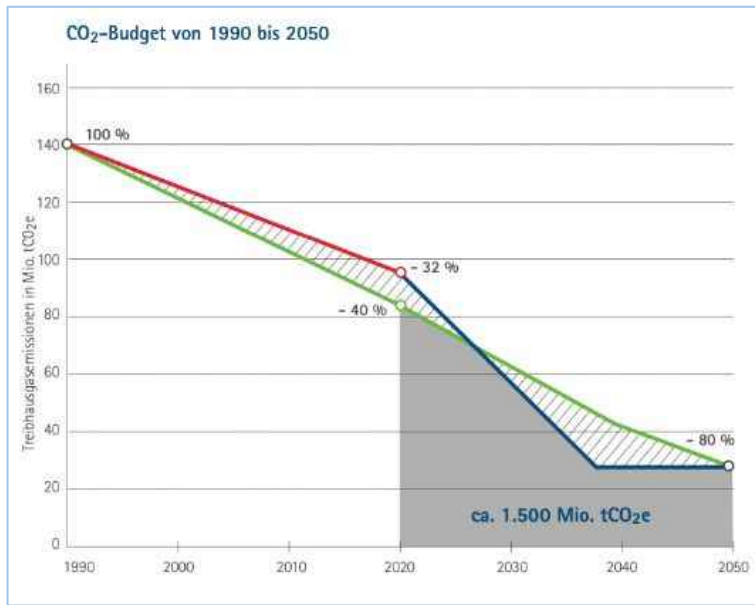
Various P1 road worthy fuels already being tested with automotive manufacturers





# World is chasing ambitious climate targets to save the environment

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of the passenger car fleet in Germany over the entire life cycle



- In 2020, the passenger car fleet in Germany **missed the linear CO<sub>2</sub> reduction target of 40% (target or actual trajectory)**
- This overshoot of the CO<sub>2</sub> budget must be compensated for in order to achieve the climate targets (mandatory trajectory)
- **CNF are therefore required in addition to e-vehicles and plug-in hybrids**

#### How it should be

Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by -40 % (linear progression) by 2020

#### How it actually is

Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by -32 % by 2020

#### What needs to be done

The previous CO<sub>2</sub> overshoot must be additionally compensated. The CO<sub>2</sub> reduction of 80 % would have to be achieved already in 2038. By 2050, a CO<sub>2</sub> budget totaling approx. 1,500 million t CO<sub>2</sub> is still available

Other EU countries are also **failing to meet their reductions targets**

■ GHG target course

■ GHG actual course (approximated)

■ GHG target trajectory

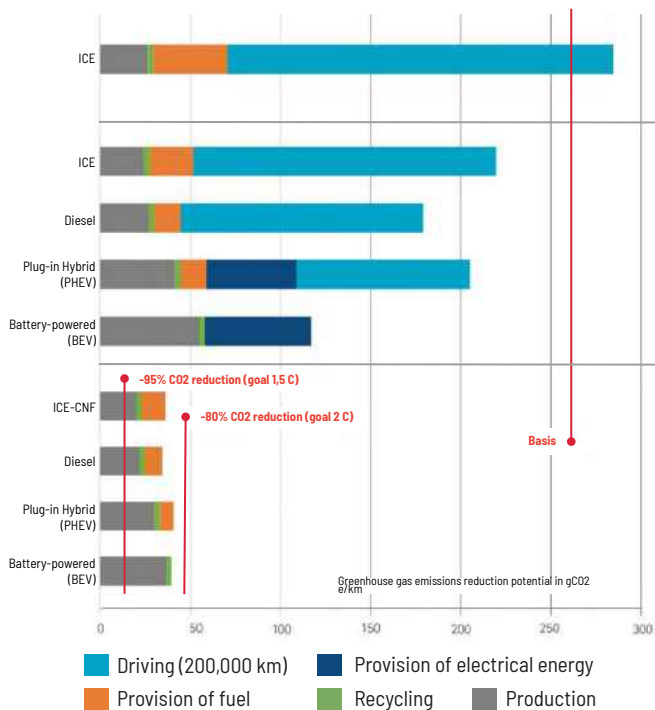
■ CO<sub>2</sub> Overshoot or compensation CO<sub>2</sub> budget 2020-2050





# The Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) with CNF has similar life cycle emissions as Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)

CO<sub>2</sub>-balance of ICE cars (200.000 km) in 1990, today and future prediction



## 1990

- High emissions in driving operation and for fuel supply. Energy mix for production and recycling common at the time

## Today

- Lower-CO<sub>2</sub> vehicle technology, E10 fuels, process technologies and energy supply E-mobility **(BEV): emissions during energy sourcing are not taken into account**. Energy grid in EU only 20% renewable making BEV not a zero emission vehicle
- Diesel/gasoline engines without energy-intensive production of high-voltage components

## Future scenario (ICE with P1 Carbon Neutral Fuel)

- Driving operation: electricity and CNF based on CO<sub>2</sub>-neutral energy (100% renewable energy grid)
- **90% reduction of emissions for ICE** due to utilization of CNF
- Production: CO<sub>2</sub>-neutral electrical energy
- Advantage of CNF: no energy-intensive production of high-voltage components.



Long-term climate targets are achievable with all the drive concepts considered across all sectors

**A technology agnostic approach is required (not only electrification)**

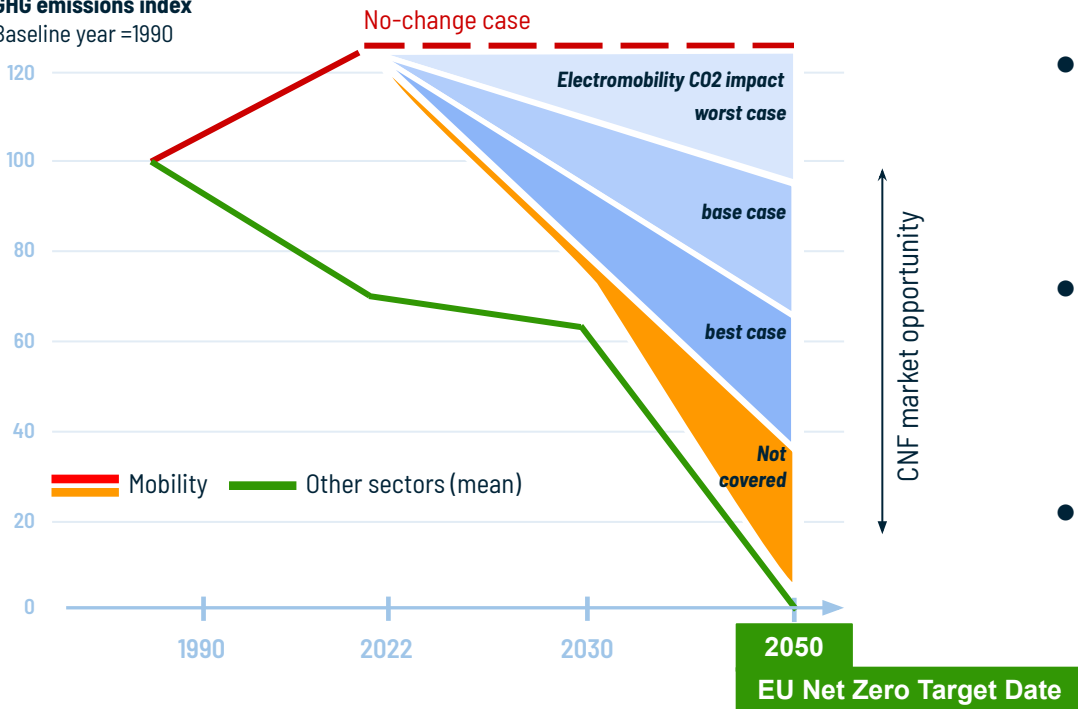
Source: IAV



# The mobility sector has not decreased emissions since 1990

## GHG emissions index

Baseline year =1990



- Unlike other sectors, mobility has not decreased CO<sub>2</sub> emissions since 1990, making it the most important sector to decarbonize.
- 1.6 billion internal combustion engine cars on the roads today require carbon neutral fuels to allow societies to reach NetZero.
- We will NOT reach net zero without **carbon neutral fuels** (CNFs).

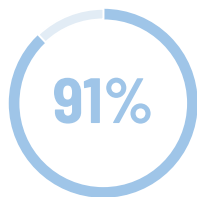
Source: Eurostat, Greenhouse gas emissions by source sector, baseline year 1990 = 100, EV impact projections: 1) Buchal et al., worst case: 200g/km 2) Hoekstra et al., base case: 95g/km 3) Renewable Future, best case: 10g/km



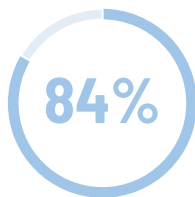
# Synthetic fuels enable ICE decarbonization

## ICE Vehicles

(as a proportion of passenger vehicle sales)



2030

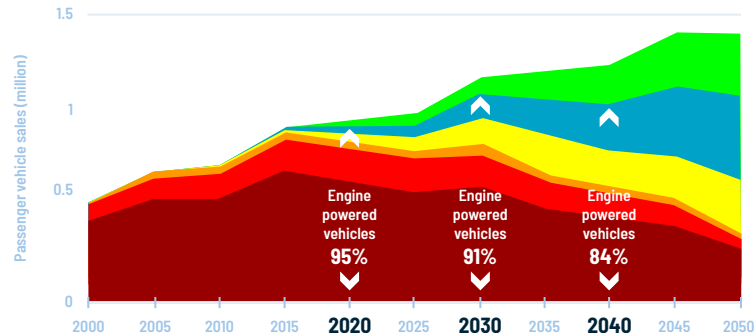


2040

Synthetic fuels **can make engine vehicles carbon-neutral**, including those already on the road.

Technology adoption scenario by IEA  
(for achieving a 2 °C average temperature rise)

- Gasoline (G)
- Clean Diesel (D)
- Natural gas (CNG / LPG)
- Hybrid electric (HEV)
- Plug-in hybrid electric (PHEV)
- Battery electric (BEV) + Fuel cell electric (FCEV)  
[Zero-emissions vehicles (ZEV)]



ZEV	5%	ZEV	9%	ZEV	16%
PHEV	4%	PHEV	11%	PHEV	20%
HEV	6%	HEV	12%	HEV	15%
CNG	3%	CNG	3%	CNG	3%
D	18%	D	14%	D	11%
G	64%	G	51%	G	35%

According to the International Energy Agency (IEA)'s outlook in 2017 **engine vehicles including hybrid and plug-in hybrid vehicles will continue to exist** even with the global electrification trend.



P1's mission is to **replace fossil fuels with carbon neutral fuels** and thus eliminate up to 6 gigatons of **CO<sub>2</sub>** emissions annually, which is **up to 20% of the global CO<sub>2</sub> footprint** (@ 2,7 trillion liters of gasoline fuel).

We are on track by leading the decarbonization effort of global racing series and preparing the groundwork for mass adoption.



# Accelerate to Net-Zero with P1!



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