Torah & Talmudic Objections to Mandatory Vaccines Rabbi Michael Green

The States' recent obsession to eliminate religious exemption is based on numerous falsehoods. Let us expose them one by one using original Torah and Talmudic sources.

"No major religion opposes vaccines."

False. Judaism prohibits current vaccine schedule for several reasons [1]. The schedule is also a grave violation of the Seven Noahide Laws, a universal code for all humankind [2]. To attempt to make mandatory is an assault on the very concept of religion, which is that a human being is subordinate only to his/her Divine creator. In effect, there is no major world religion that does *not* support religious exemption. [3] [4]

"Vaccines are safe. The science is settled."

False. The United States Supreme Court ruled in 2011 that vaccines are "unavoidably unsafe." The CDC delineates serious side-effects for every single vaccine. These risks are also disclosed by vaccine makers in each vaccine insert.

"Vaccine policy is about keeping your child safe."

False. Vaccine policy is about the State enforcing its policy and has nothing to do with keeping my specific child safe. My six-year-old child is not at risk of catching Hepatitis B, for example, yet she cannot attend public school due to this draconian policy even if she has received all other vaccines except for Hep-B.

"Vaccine policy is all about ensuring herd immunity."

False. Vaccine policy is about the State enforcing its policy, and not about any herd. Proof: Hepatitis B and tetanus are not contagious through casual contact, yet it's on the schedule. Moreover, a child who is *infected* with Hep-B can attend school – while a child who has merely not taken the shot cannot.

"Recent measles outbreak is a wake-up call to eliminate religious exemption."

False and deliberately misleading. States are threatening to eliminate religious exemption for the *entire* schedule, not just for measles. The "measles outbreak" is just fearmongering. If this were truly about concern over measles, they'd be attempting to eliminate religious exemption for the measles vaccine only, and they'd make sure there was a vaccine for measles independent of mumps, rubella, and varicella.

"It's safer to vaccinate your child than to leave her unvaccinated."

Not necessarily. Your child has zero chance of catching polio here in the United States where the last wild case was in 1979, and the last imported case was in 1993. However, children are

injured each year by the polio vaccine. 22 deaths reported to VAERS in the USA (which only reflects a small percentage of actual injuries and deaths) since 2010, and hundreds of injuries. Same with measles and other shots.

"Risk from vaccine is less than risk from actual disease."

Not necessarily. 1,200 Americans caught measles this past year with not one single fatality, but deaths and injuries due to MMR vaccine are reported each year by VAERS [5]. 96 deaths due to MMR vaccine since 2003 and one or two deaths from actual measles.

"Unvaccinated child poses risk to public so he may be banned from school."

False. A healthy unvaccinated child poses actual risk to no one. A child who is sick with contagious disease should be quarantined, whether s/he had been previously vaccinated or not. A healthy child presents no risk to anyone simply because s/he lacks immunity to a disease.

 "Unvaccinated child is at a higher statistical risk of catching a contagious disease, and therefore may be banned from school to protect 'herd immunity'."

False. Even if it is true that there is higher statistical risk for unvaccinated child to contract (and spread) disease, we may not ban anyone from school because of statistical risk, but only because of *actual* risk. Example: we may not ban a child from school just because he comes from an ethnic or religious background that has statistically higher incidents of radicalization or offenders of school violence. There must be an actual and present risk, not statistical or theoretical.

 "Most people who claim religious exemption are not religious, but just using it as a loophole."

Irrelevant. Religion is defined as an individual's personal, moral, ethical, or philosophical beliefs. Everyone is entitled to religious beliefs, irrespective of whether that person openly identifies as "religious." Moreover, the First Amendment is no mere "loophole." It is sacrosanct and inviolable tenet of our nation's constitution. Anyone may cite it, just as anyone may cite the Fifth Amendment, or any other amendment. The State may not tamper with it.

 "Most people who cite religious exemption are not opposed to the vaccine due to specifically religious reasons, but rather are apprehensive that it's unsafe, which is not a religious reason but rather a health concern. No such exemption exists for unsubstantiated health concerns."

Inacurate. *Pikuach nefesh* is a religious tenet in Judaism that transcends nearly all others. Doing something you fear is unsafe violates a religious prohibition. Even if a plethora of doctors vouch for its safety, if you have reservations due to your own or others' adverse experiences -- and *especially* if your fears are confirmed by expert physicians who have cautioned against it, even if they are in the minority -- then it is absolutely forbidden to expose your child to risk against your better conscience. This is a religious precept like any other. More importantly, Judaism recognizes valid religious grounds to decline *any* vaccine that you and your health care expert deem unnecessary. (6]

 "Rabbi S. says Judaism requires vaccination, so Judaism can't possibly recognize religious exemption."

False and juvenile. Rabbi S may speak for himself, but he does not get to speak for Judaism. Judaism isn't monolithic; it has room for differing views. Even members of his own community or congregation are entitled to hold different views than his. In fact, he represents the tiny minority of rabbis, since no respected rabbinical imprimatur has **ever** been offered for the hepatitis-B vaccine, which is part of the mandatory schedule. To this date, no responsa from any noted rabbinic authority has ever been written in defense of this vaccine. Consequently, normative orthodox Judaism does *not* support current schedule in any way and most certainly exempts adherents on firm religious grounds.

• "But a prominent Jewish doctor advocates for vaccines, as do most medical doctors. Doesn't Judaism say that we must follow the majority view of physicians?"

No. Judaism makes no such claim. Instead, Judaism advises to heed the opinion of the most expert physicians who have actual experience in diagnosing the disease in question. In this discussion, the disease in question isn't measles (for example), but the condition of vaccine injury. Your prominent doctor friend has no experience in toxicology or in researching or diagnosing vaccine injury, so his opinion is completely irrelevant [7], as are the views of nearly all doctors who advocate for vaccine schedule.

 "Nothing is changing to mandatory vaccine policy. The State granted religious exemption in the past, so it is entitled to withdraw it."

False. The State never "granted" religious exemption. Religious freedom is untouchable. The Bill of Rights doesn't grant us this freedom either, but rather it prohibits the State from tampering with it in any way. Religious freedom and personal bodily autonomy are inherent and God-given. The State has *no* right to interfere with them.

"Measles was eradicated but the unvaccinated population brought it back."

False. Measles was never eradicated. 86 cases in 2000 alone, the year it was declared eradicated! [8] Measles will never be eradicated, since vaccine is only 93% effective and only provides temporary immunity. In fact, most teenagers have been found to lack immunity even after having two doses as a young child.

"Increase in unvaccinated population will bring back dreaded diseases like polio."

Not necessarily. Polio was on the decline before vaccines were in use. So was measles.

"Whoever who opposes vaccine schedule is an 'antivaxxer."

False. There are plenty of parents who give some vaccinations but decline others for valid personal, religious or philosophical reasons. They cannot be called "anti-vaccine." They are simply opposed to the mandatory schedule.

• "If you are writing this, you must be an 'antivaxxer.""

False. You have no idea about my medical choices. Your assumption is simply a convenient means to evade these serious discussions via "guilt by association," since you're apparently too lazy or feeble-minded to critically examine my arguments. I am *not* opposed to vaccination. Instead, I am opposed to force-medicating people and to banning healthy children from school. Moreover, I object to groupthink or "herd thinking," such as you have demonstrated by your ad hominem rhetoric.

"'Antivaxxers' are anti-science."

False. People who choose not to vaccinate are not opposed to science, since science does not make moral judgments. It merely proves hypotheses based on empirical evidence. Even if scientists had indeed demonstrated that 95% vaccination rate ensures "herd immunity," the decision to vaccinate is still a moral one. A religious Jew makes moral decisions based on Torah values, and "herd immunity" has no basis in Jewish law.

• "It's reckless to not take available precautions to avoid contagious disease, so people who don't vaccinate are reckless."

False. When is it irresponsible to not make use of an available precaution to illness? Only if a) the preventative measure entails no risk of its own, and b) it entails no violation of one's personal, ethical, moral, philosophical values. Conversely, if the precaution carries its own risks, or if it is at odds with one's religious (etc.) beliefs, then it's not recklessness, but a matter of personal choice.

What *is* reckless is banning thousands of healthy children from school, trampling individual civil liberties, usurping bodily autonomy, and violating religious freedoms. That is perilously reckless. For example, New York State Bill HB5044 is the **epitome** of recklessness.

• "If the State's democratically elected legislature voted to eliminate religious exemption, then it's lawful. That's democracy at work."

Fact: Our founding fathers rightfully feared democracy, which is why it is not mentioned in the Constitution nor Bill of Rights. Democracy inevitably becomes a "dictatorship of the majority." Hitler initially rose to power through democratic elections as well, as did Hamas. Our republic is based on immutable values enshrined in the Bill of Rights, not on whims of majority rule that may well be unlawful. 51% of the people can vote to take 49% of the people's money: that is democracy without a Bill of Rights.

Benjamin Franklin observed: "Democracy is two wolves and a lamb voting on what's for dinner. Liberty is a well-armed lamb showing up to contest the vote."

We are armed with the truth. The truth will prevail.

End Notes:

- [1] Deuteronomy 14: 1 prohibits needle wounds if not for direct curative benefit for patient. Preventative benefit qualifies, but only if it prevents an actual risk of disease. It is dubious whether an STD like Hep-B or HPV poses any substantive risk to a young child, or to any orthodox Jewish child. Deuteronomy 4:15 prohibits exposing oneself to risk, even negligible risk, and even for the sake of a so-called herd. Avoda Zara 29b prohibits deriving benefit from human cadavers. Abortion is akin to murder, as per Genesis 9:6. It is forbidden to compensate a company for the abortions and live dissections of human beings that it committed by harvesting the fetal tissue for human cell lines in numerous vaccines. Purchasing vaccines that contain aborted fetal tissue is a violation of Leviticus 19:14, as it enables and encourages these companies to commit their heinous deeds.
- [2] Genesis 9:5 prohibits Noahides from self-inflicting wounds or exposing oneself to risk. Abortion is murder, as per ibid 9:6. A Noahide is prohibited from compensating a murderer. Rambam, Mishne Torah, Laws of Rotzeach 2:2. See Sheva Mitzvot HaShem by Rabbi Moshe Vainer, volume 1, page 58, regarding the precise prohibition of a Noahide of encouraging others to violate the Noahide Code.
- [3] The wording of this lie is particularly insidious, since it is deliberately deceptive: this discussion isn't about the idea of vaccination in principle, but about forcing people to have all these specific vaccines. For example, one person's religion might approve of the idea of vaccination in general but might be opposed to a vaccine for an STD, or for diseases which no longer exist in the United States, like polio. Others might be opposed to vaccines under normal circumstances but might agree to receive one during a time of outbreak. Yet others might have religious beliefs that preclude several vaccines due to aborted fetal DNA material extracted by live dissection, or because of excessive cruelty to animals, but might agree to general principle behind vaccination. So the statement: "No religion opposes vaccination" is nothing more than a straw man meant to deflect and distract from the actual debate.
- [4] See here:
- [5] VAERS.gov only reflects a small percentage of actual injuries and deaths.
- [6] Deuteronomy 14: 1
- [7] Shulchan Aruch Harav, Orach Chaim 618:9.
- [8] https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/appdx-full-e.p df?fbclid=lwAR1EoF2Tai8uCGzAnMBM3GH-DmCu-PAlStfYb4kUDwHSSHd9HHwo4SQUMzw