

GENERAL RESIDENTIAL DWELLING LEASE TEMPLATE

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1. DATE OF LEASE OFFER: 10/02/2025

2. LANDLORD OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF LANDLORD (Collectively referenced herein as "Landlord"):

Zotole Properties, LLC

3. TENANT: Carlos Dartanyon Teixeira

4. LEASED PROPERTY ADDRESS ("THE PROPERTY"): 3337 Belair Road, 2, Baltimore, MD 21213

5. INITIAL LEASE TERM: Landlord leases to Tenant and Tenant leases from Landlord the Property for the term of 12 months year(s) or month(s) commencing on the 10th day of October 2025 (mo./yr.) and ending on the 30th day of September Oct 2026 (mo./yr.) (the "Initial Term"), at a total rental of twelve thousand five hundred eighty-seven point eighty-eight Dollars (\$ 12,587.88) for said Term, due and payable in equal monthly installments of one thousand seventy-five Dollars (\$ 1075.00), in advance, on the first day of each and every month ("Rent Due Date") of said Term, plus if applicable the sum of seven hundred twenty-eight point twenty-three Dollars (\$ 728.23) on 10/10/2025 10/11/2025 as "pro rata" rent for the period 10/10/2025 10/11/2025 through 10/31/2025.

If this Lease commences on a day other than the first day of the month, the amount of Rent to be paid for the balance of said first month will be apportioned pro rata; thereafter rent will be paid on the first day of the month as aforesaid. Tenant covenants and agrees to pay said Rent as set forth herein. Tenant agrees to pay rent to Zotole Properties, LLC at www.apartments.com (or at such other place as Landlord may from time to time designate) without deduction, demand or offset and said obligation to pay Rent is independent of any other clause herein. Failure to pay said rent at the time specified will constitute default and Landlord may pursue any remedy, whether at law or in equity, afforded under the terms of this Lease and/or applicable law. All sums of money or other charges, including payments and/or repairs, required to be paid by Tenant to Landlord or to any other person under the terms of this Lease, whether or not the same be designated "rent" or "additional rent", will be deemed rent and will be collectible as such. Landlord shall furnish to Tenant a receipt for all cash paid by Tenant to Landlord for rent, security deposit or otherwise.

6. PERSONS WHO WILL OCCUPY THE PROPERTY: Tenant covenants and agrees that the Property shall be occupied only by the following person(s), and by no other persons: Carlos Dartanyon Teixeira

Tenant represents and warrants to Landlord that neither Tenant nor any person(s) identified in this Paragraph has been convicted of a felony crime in any federal or state court except as otherwise disclosed by Tenant to Landlord on the application for tenancy form, as signed by Tenant.

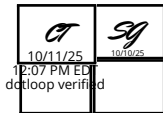
7. RENEWAL OF LEASE TERMS (Landlord and Tenant to initial one selection):

A. END OF INITIAL TERM. Tenant agrees to vacate the Property by the last day of the Initial Term. Landlord shall provide Tenant with a minimum of sixty (60) days notice to vacate prior to the end of the initial term.

B. MONTH-TO-MONTH: This Lease shall continue in force from month to month after the expiration of the

Initial Term. Either party may terminate the month- to-month lease at the end of any rental month, provided that written notice of not less than sixty (60) days is given to the other party.

NOTICE: notice requirements vary depending on the jurisdiction. The State requires that Landlord give 90 days' notice to Tenant of termination of a lease with a term of a year or longer.



C. YEAR-TO-YEAR: This Lease shall continue in force from year to year after the expiration of the Initial Term. Either party may terminate this year-to-year Lease at the end of any renewal term, provided that written notice of not less than ninety (90) days is given to the other party prior to the end of any renewal term.

8. PAYMENT OF RENT: Tenant agrees to pay the rent when due without any deduction or setoff. If a monthly installment of rent is paid more than ten (10) days after the date when due, Tenant shall pay, as additional rent, a sum equal to 5% of the amount of delinquent rent due. If a check is accepted by Landlord from Tenant for rent, it is purely as an accommodation to Tenant. If the check is dishonored, Tenant agrees to pay a \$53.75 charge to Landlord as additional rent. The amount of late fees and bad check fees shall be added to and deemed part of the rent due and shall be payable by Tenant to Landlord on demand. Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such charges and fees as Landlord has for the non-payment of rent. Tenant is hereby notified that all payments will be applied first toward late charges, then toward returned check service charges, then toward attorney's fees and finally toward rent. If the remaining amount is not sufficient to cover the full current month's rent, a late fee will be assessed on the current month's rent. Should the Landlord accept any partial payment of rent, this acceptance shall not be interpreted as changing the terms of the Lease which require the payment of rent as specified herein.

9. TENANT RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDITIONAL RENT: Tenant agrees to pay as additional rent (a) any and all sums which may become due by reason of the failure of Tenant to comply with any of the terms and conditions of this Lease; (b) any and all damages, costs and/or expenses which the Landlord may suffer or incur by reason of any default under this Lease by Tenant; and (c) any and all damages to the Property caused by any act or negligence of Tenant, other residents of the Property, or Tenant's agents, employees, invitees, or family members. In the event Tenant fails to make any such payments, then the amount thereof shall be added to and deemed part of the rent due, and Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such payments as Landlord has for non-payment of rent under this Lease.

10. TENANT OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE: If Landlord intends to sell the Property while occupied by Tenant, Tenant may have the right to an exclusive negotiation period to submit an offer to purchase the Property. To determine whether Tenant has the right to an exclusive negotiation period, Tenant may contact the Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs of the Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development. **Landlord shall attach as an Addendum to this Lease a copy of the most recent Maryland Tenant's Bill of Rights published by the Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs.**

11. ACTIVE MILITARY DUTY: In the event Tenant is a member of the Armed Services and on active duty at the time Tenant enters into this Lease, and Tenant subsequently receives a "change of assignment" as defined in Section 8-212.1 of the Real Property Article, Annotated Code of Maryland, Tenant's liability to pay rent may not exceed: (1) any rent or lawful charges then due and payable plus 30 days' rent after written notice and proof of the change of assignment is given to the Landlord; and (2) the cost of repairing damage to the premises caused by an act or omission of Tenant.

12. LEGAL RIGHTS OF LANDLORD: If Tenant shall fail to pay the rent or any additional rent as herein provided, or if Tenant shall breach any other term, covenant, or condition of this Lease, including, but not limited to, any misrepresentation in Tenant's application, Landlord may (a) re-enter the Property and terminate this Lease in accordance with the applicable provisions of law; (b) bring summary ejectment proceedings to evict Tenant; or (c) pursue any and all other remedies available to Landlord at law or in equity. No such termination of the Lease, nor recovery of possession of the Property, however, shall constitute a waiver by Landlord of any available action by Landlord against Tenant for unpaid rent or for damages which may be due or sustained prior to or subsequent to the termination of this Lease, nor shall such termination extinguish Tenant's obligation to pay all rent and other sums due and owing to Landlord prior to or subsequent to such termination and/or recovery of possession.

13. DELIVERY OF NOTICES: All notices required to be given by Landlord to Tenant shall be sufficiently given by leaving the same at the Property, except that notice of the withholding by Landlord of any portion of the Security Deposit shall be mailed by Landlord to Tenant at Tenant's last known address, within forty-five (45) days after the termination or expiration of this Lease.

All notices required to be given by Tenant to Landlord, and all rent, shall be delivered to the following address: (Notices shall be given by certified mail.)

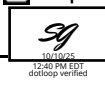
Name Zotola Properties, LLC

☒ Landlord ☐ Property Manager

Tenant



Page 2 of 12 10/25 Landlord/Authorized Representative of Landlord



Address 350E. Diamond Ave #3063 Gaithersburg MD 20877

Phone 410-497-2311

14. SECURITY DEPOSIT: In accordance with the Annotated Code of Maryland, Real Property Article, Tenant has deposited with Landlord the sum of one thousand seventy-five Dollars (\$1075.00), ("Security Deposit") receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, which sum does not exceed one (1) months' Rent. **NOTICE: Total security deposit, including pet deposit, may not exceed one month's rent.**

The Security Deposit is to be held as collateral security and applied to any rent or unpaid utility bill that may remain due and owing at the expiration of this Lease, any extension thereof or holding over period, or applied to any damages to the Property in excess of ordinary wear and tear caused by the Tenant, Tenant's family, guests, agents, employees, trades people, or pets, or other damages and expenses suffered by Landlord as a result of a breach of any covenant or provision of this Lease.

Tenant may not utilize the Security Deposit as rent and must not apply the same as the last month's Rent. The Security Deposit will be deposited within thirty (30) days after it has been received and maintained in an escrow account, devoted exclusively to security deposits, in a federally insured financial institution which does business in the State of Maryland. The Security Deposit may be held in insured certificates of deposit at branches of a federally insured financial institution within the State of Maryland or in securities issued by the federal government or the State of Maryland. The Landlord must provide the Tenant, within forty-five (45) days after the termination of the tenancy by first class mail directed to the last known address of the Tenant, a written list of any damages to the Property together with a statement of costs actually incurred. Within forty-five (45) days after the termination of the tenancy, Landlord must return the Security Deposit to Tenant together with simple interest which will accrue at the legal rate less any damages rightfully withheld. Interest will accrue at six (6) month intervals from the day Tenant deposits said collateral security with Landlord, provided the said Security Deposit is Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) or more. Interest on the Security Deposit shall not be compounded. Landlord need not notify Tenant of his/her intention to withhold all or any part of the Security Deposit if Tenant has been evicted, or ejected for breach of a condition or covenant of the Lease prior to the termination of the tenancy, or if Tenant has abandoned the Property prior to the termination of the tenancy. In such event Tenant may make demand for return of the Security Deposit by giving written notice by first class mail to Landlord within forty-five (45) days of being evicted or ejected or of abandoning the Property. The notice shall specify the Tenant's new address. Landlord, within forty-five (45) days of receipt of said notice, shall supply Tenant with a list of damages and costs by first class mail.

Tenant's obligations under this Lease may not end when Tenant ceases to occupy the Property. Repairs required may be so substantial or of such a nature that work will not be completed within the forty-five (45) day period following the termination of the tenancy. In such event, Landlord reserves the right to pursue Tenant for reimbursement for costs incurred for damages.

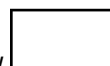
Tenant has the right to have the Property inspected by Landlord, in the presence of Tenant, for the purpose of making a written list of damages to the Property that exist at the commencement of the Tenancy if Tenant so requests, in writing, by certified mail, to Landlord within fifteen (15) days of the Tenant's occupancy of the Property. Tenant has the right to be present at the time of inspection to determine if any damage has been done to the Property if Tenant notifies Landlord by certified mail of Tenant's intention to move, date of moving and Tenant's new address. Such notice, from Tenant to Landlord, must be mailed at least 15 days prior to date of moving. Upon receipt of notice, Landlord shall notify Tenant by certified mail of the time and date when the Property is to be inspected. The inspection date shall occur within five (5) days before or five (5) days after the Tenant's stated date of intended moving as designated in Tenant's notice.

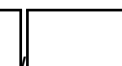
In the event of a sale of the Property or the transfer or assignment by Landlord of this Lease, Landlord has the obligation to transfer the Security Deposit to the transferee. After the transfer is made and after written notice of same is given to Tenant with the name and address of the transferee, Landlord is released from all liability for the return of the Security Deposit and Tenant must look solely to the new Landlord for the return of his Security Deposit. It is agreed that the foregoing will apply to every transfer or assignment made of the Security Deposit to a new Landlord.

In the event of any rightful or permitted assignment of this Lease by Tenant to any assignee or sublessee, the Security Deposit is deemed to be held by Landlord as a deposit made by the assignee or sublessee and Landlord will have no further liability with respect to return of such Security Deposit to the assignor.

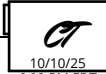
The failure of Landlord to comply with the Security Deposit Law may result in Landlord being liable to Tenant for a penalty of up to three (3) times the Security Deposit withheld, plus reasonable attorney's fees. Landlord, by Maryland law, shall retain a copy of this receipt for a period of two (2) years following the termination of the tenancy, abandonment of the Property, or eviction of the Tenant.

Landlord or Landlord's estate but not the managing agent or court appointed receiver shall remain liable to Tenant for the maintenance of the Security Deposit as required by law.

Tenant  
10/10/25
6:22 PM EDT
dotloop verified

 
10/10/25
12:40 PM EDT
dotloop verified

Tenant acknowledges that this paragraph (SECURITY DEPOSIT) shall serve as receipt of Security Deposit.

  **TENANT'S INITIALS**

15. PETS/SERVICE ANIMALS:

A. PETS: Tenant is not allowed to keep pets on the Property except with the written permission of Landlord. Landlord may revoke permission to allow pets for reasonable cause. Tenants who are authorized to have pets agree to pay the cost of having the Property de-fleaed and de-ticked by a professional exterminator, and if carpeted, the carpeting shampooed and deodorized by a professional cleaner, at the termination of occupancy. Tenant further agrees to assume all liability for pet's behavior and actions, and will be responsible for compliance with all laws, regulations and ordinances regarding pets and for any damage caused by said pet including, but not limited to, odor and property damage.

Pet Rent Addendum attached:

Yes ☐ No ☒

B. SERVICE ANIMALS: If Tenant or Tenant's minor child has a disability, Tenant may keep and maintain a service animal trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of the individual with a disability. Such service animal may be kept within the Property, and shall have access to the rental facility and all other related structures in accordance with applicable laws. If Tenant has a service dog, Tenant agrees to pay the cost of having the Property de-fleaed and de-ticked by a professional exterminator, and if carpeted, having the carpeting shampooed and deodorized by a professional cleaner, at the termination of occupancy. Tenant agrees to assume all liability for the service animal's behavior and actions, and agrees to comply with all laws, regulations and ordinances regarding such service animal. Tenant shall be liable for any damages to the Property or facilities caused by the service animal, including, but not limited to, odor and property damage. **NOTICE: A Landlord may not require a Tenant with a disability accompanied by a service animal to pay a security deposit for the service animal.**

Tenant has service animal:

Yes ☐ No ☒ TYPE OF SERVICE ANIMAL(S) _____

C. PET PROTECTION DURING EVICTION/LOSS OF POSSESSION OF PROPERTY: If Tenant is evicted or loses possession of the Property pursuant to a court order, Tenant should visit <https://mda.maryland.gov/SiteAssets/Pages/Pets-and-eviction/HB102%20-%20Pet%20Protections%20During%20Eviction%20Flyer.pdf> on the Maryland Department of Agriculture website for information on how to provide housing for the pet during Tenant's temporary or permanent housing relocation.

16. TENANT'S RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PROPERTY: Landlord agrees that Tenant may, peaceably and quietly, enter the Property at the beginning of the Term and that the Property will be made available in a condition permitting reasonably safe habitation. If permission is given to Tenant to enter into possession of the Property prior to the date specified for the commencement of the Term, such occupancy shall be deemed to be in accordance with all the terms, covenants, conditions, and provisions of this Lease, and the rent shall be apportioned for such period of occupancy.

17. SMOKE ALARM INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE: Tenant acknowledges that Landlord has installed one or more smoke alarms in accordance with §§ 9-101 through 9-109 of the Public Safety Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. **NOTICE: Local jurisdictions may have additional requirements.** Tenant further acknowledges that with respect to any smoke alarm installed in accordance with state or local law, said smoke alarm is in good condition and proper working order as of the date of this Lease. Tenant agrees not to obstruct or tamper with any smoke alarm, or otherwise permit any smoke alarm to be obstructed or tampered with for any reason whatsoever. Tenant further agrees to test the smoke alarm periodically and to report in writing to Landlord any malfunction. Written notification of any malfunction shall be delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested to Landlord, or by hand delivery to Landlord, at the address used for the payment of rent. If the delivery of the notification is made by hand, Landlord shall provide to Tenant a written receipt for the delivery. Landlord shall provide written acknowledgment of the notification and shall repair or replace the smoke alarm within 5 calendar days after the notification. Tenant assumes sole responsibility to test the smoke alarm and shall indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from any and all liability for injury, death, property damage, or other loss resulting from any defect or malfunction of such smoke alarm which Tenant shall not have specifically reported in writing to Landlord as required. If any smoke alarm within the Property becomes damaged by tampering or through the negligence or deliberate misuse or abuse by Tenant, any resident of the Property, or any agent, employee, invitee or family member of Tenant, Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord and Landlord shall promptly cause the smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced. Upon demand, Tenant shall pay to Landlord the costs of repair or replacement.

incurred by Landlord, or such costs as may be added to and deemed part of the rent. Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such costs as Landlord has for nonpayment of rent.

18. CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE: Tenant acknowledges that Landlord has installed one or more carbon monoxide detectors in accordance with state or local law. Tenant further acknowledges that with respect to any carbon monoxide detector installed in accordance with state or local law, said detector(s) is in good condition and proper working order as of the date of this Lease. Tenant agrees not to obstruct or tamper with any detector, or otherwise permit any detector to be obstructed or tampered with for any reason whatsoever. Tenant further agrees to test the detector periodically and to report in writing to Landlord any malfunction. Tenant assumes sole responsibility to test the detector and shall indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from any and all liability for injury, death, property damage, or other loss resulting from any defect or malfunction of such detector which Tenant shall not have specifically reported in writing to Landlord as required. If any detector within the Property becomes damaged by tampering or through the negligence or deliberate misuse or abuse by Tenant, any resident of the Property, or any agent, employee, invitee or family member of Tenant, Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord and Landlord shall promptly cause the detector to be repaired or replaced. Upon demand, Tenant shall pay to Landlord the costs of repair or replacement incurred by Landlord, or such costs as may be added to and deemed part of the rent. Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such costs as Landlord has for nonpayment of rent.

NOTICE: Some local jurisdictions require Landlord to provide written information on carbon monoxide detector testing and maintenance to at least 1 adult occupant of that unit. If the Property is located in a jurisdiction that requires Landlord to provide written information on carbon monoxide detector testing and maintenance to at least 1 adult occupant of that unit, Tenant should initial the Tenant Certification.

TENANT CERTIFICATION: I hereby certify that I am an adult and that I have received from Landlord written information concerning the manufacturer's recommendation for maintenance and testing of the carbon monoxide detector(s).

 /  **TENANT'S INITIALS**

19. TENANT'S USE OF KEYS AND LOCKS: No additional lock(s) shall be installed by Tenant and no existing lock(s) shall be changed by Tenant without the Landlord's prior written consent. 2 keys will be furnished to Tenant and any additional keys required will be obtained from Landlord and paid for by Tenant. Duplicate key(s) will not be made without Landlord's prior written consent. All keys will be returned by Tenant to Landlord upon termination of the Lease or vacating of the Property, whichever first occurs. Tenant shall reimburse Landlord, as additional rent, for the cost of changing any locks or replacing any key(s) lost or damaged by Tenant.

20. INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS: Included in the Property are all permanently attached fixtures, including all smoke detectors. Certain other now existing items which may be considered personal property, whether installed or stored upon the property, are included, if box below is checked.

INCLUDED	INCLUDED	INCLUDED	INCLUDED
☐ Alarm System	☐ Fireplace Screen Doors	☐ Satellite Dish	☐ Window Fan(s) # _____
☐ Carbon Monoxide Detector(s) # _____	☐ Freezer	☐ Screens	☐ Wood Stove
☐ Ceiling Fan(s) # _____	☐ Furnace Humidifier	☐ Shades/Blinds	
☐ Central Vacuum	☐ Garage Opener(s) # _____	☐ Storage Shed(s) # _____	
☒ Clothes Dryer	☐ w/remote(s) # _____	☐ Storm Doors	
☒ Clothes Washer	☐ Garbage Disposer	☐ Storm Windows	
☐ Cooktop	☐ Hot Tub, Equip. & Cover	☒ Stove or Range	
☐ Dishwasher	☐ Intercom	☐ T.V. Antenna	
☐ Drapery/Curtain Rods	☐ Lawn Mowers(s) _____	☐ Trash Compactor	
☐ Draperies/Curtains	☐ Microwave	☐ Wall Oven(s) # _____	
☐ Electronic Air Filter	☐ Playground Equipment	☐ Water Filter	
☐ Exhaust Fan(s) # _____	☐ Pool, Equip. & Cover	☐ Water Softener	
☐ Exist. w/w Carpet	☒ Refrigerator(s) # _____	☐ Window A/C Unit(s) # _____	
	☐ w/ice maker		

Additional Inclusions: _____
Exclusions: _____

21. TENANT'S OBLIGATIONS REGARDING USE AND OCCUPANCY: Tenant agrees to use the Property in a careful manner and not to use or permit the use of any portion of the Property for any purpose other than as a private single-family residence; to keep all lawns neatly mowed and all hedges, flower beds, and shrubbery in good order; to promptly remove snow, ice, and leaves from all walkways and driveways; to keep the Property in a clean and sanitary condition; and to comply with all laws, codes, ordinances, rules and regulations, including health and housing codes and criminal laws applicable to the Property and

all covenants and restrictions applicable to Tenant's use of the Property. Tenant and all other occupants and/or invitees on the Property, whether known by the Tenant or not, shall conduct themselves in a manner that will not disturb the peaceful enjoyment of neighbors, and Tenant further covenants and agrees that Tenant will not use or permit the Property to be used for any improper, illegal, or immoral purposes, nor use, permit, or suffer the same to be used by any person or persons in any noisy, dangerous, offensive, illegal, or improper manner. Tenant further agrees that no drugs or other illegal substances will be used, manufactured, sold, or distributed within, on, or from the Property. Tenant shall indemnify and save Landlord harmless from (a) any and all liability, loss, cost, damage or expense arising out of any violation by Tenant of such laws, codes, ordinances, rules or regulations; (b) any violation or non-performance by Tenant of any of the covenants contained herein; or (c) any other act or omission of Tenant, other residents of the Property, or Tenant's agents, employees, invitees, or family members. All electrical, heating, air-conditioning, mechanical, and plumbing equipment and facilities shall be used for their intended purposes only.

22. COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION: In the event the Property is part of a condominium or homeowner association, Tenant agrees to obey and abide by the declaration, covenants, by-laws, restrictions, rules and regulations promulgated from time to time by the council of unit owners of the condominium or the homeowner association, copies of which shall be provided to Tenant by Landlord prior to occupancy. Landlord shall not be liable to Tenant for the violation of any of the declarations, covenants, restrictions, rules and regulations or the provisions in any other lease by any other tenant or occupant in the development. Unless otherwise provided in the Lease, Landlord is responsible for payment of Condo/HOA fee. Tenant acknowledges receipt of applicable documents. / **TENANT'S INITIALS**

23. UTILITIES AGREEMENT: The obligations of Landlord and Tenant with respect to the provision of utilities shall be as follows:
UTILITY FURNISHED AT COST OF:

	Landlord pays:	Tenant pays utility provider directly:	Landlord pays and tenant reimburses landlord:
a. Cable TV	☐	☒	☐
b. Cold Water/Sewer	☐	☒	☐
c. Cooking Fuel	☐	☒	☐
d. Electricity	☐	☒	☐
e. Heating Fuel	☐	☒	☐
f. Heating of Water	☐	☒	☐
g. Trash Removal	☐	☒	☐
h. 	☐	☐	☐
i. 	☐	☐	☐

In the event the Property uses oil/propane for heat, the arrangement is as follows:

If Tenant pays the costs of utilities for water, sewer, gas, or electricity directly to Landlord, Landlord shall provide a copy of the water, sewer, gas, or electricity utility bill to Tenant.
Costs for utilities which are to be furnished at the expense of Tenant, as listed above, shall be considered additional rent and Tenant agrees to pay such costs when due. If Tenant fails to pay any utility costs within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the bill, such failure shall constitute a default under this Lease and Landlord may, in Landlord's discretion, pay such costs, in which event, the amount thereof shall be added to and deemed part of the rent due and shall be payable by Tenant to Landlord on demand. Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such utility costs as Landlord has for the non-payment of rent under this Lease.

24. AGREEMENT FOR REPAIR OF UTILITY OR SERVICE: If, under the terms of this Lease, Landlord has agreed to furnish any service or utility at Landlord's cost and expense, Landlord may temporarily stop or curtail the furnishing of any such service or utility for the purpose of repairing or replacing the equipment or utility lines furnishing such service or utility without direct or indirect liability to Tenant if an accident or malfunction occurs. Should Landlord temporarily stop or curtail the furnishing of any such service or utility, Landlord shall use due diligence in restoring such service or utility.

25. AGREEMENT IF UTILITIES ARE INTERRUPTED: In the event Landlord or Tenant is prevented or is unable, for reasons beyond Landlord's or Tenant's control, to obtain fuel, electricity, water or sewer or the services they respectively have agreed to furnish, or in the event of the rationing or non-delivery of same, Landlord is hereby released and discharged from any liability, loss, cost, damage or expense, direct or indirect, which might be suffered by Tenant, and this Lease shall continue in full force and effect for the full rent without abatement.

26. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS: Landlord shall maintain, and/or repair/replace (if necessary in Landlord's sole discretion) the plumbing, heating, cooling, electrical systems, and also the exterior walls and roof of the Property. However, Tenant shall be obligated for the costs of such repairs, replacements, and related services if the need for such repairs, replacements, and related

services results from the negligence or misuse by Tenant, other residents of the Property, or Tenant's agents, servants, employees, invitees, or family members. Tenant agrees to promptly notify Landlord of any condition which is the obligation of Landlord to repair or replace.

Except as provided above, Tenant shall be responsible for all other repairs and replacements to the Property. Any damage to the wallpaper, paint, walls, floors, carpeting, doors, windows, window treatments, light fixtures, appliances, or other improvements to the Property, in excess of ordinary wear and tear, shall be promptly repaired or replaced by Tenant, at Tenant's expense, up to a repair deductible amount of \$500.00 ("Deductible") so as to restore the Property to the same condition as existed prior to the commencement of the Term. Landlord shall cover any cost in excess of the Deductible per each repair or replacement required. If Tenant shall fail to make any such repair or replacement, Landlord, in Landlord's sole discretion, may make such repair or replacement, in which event, the cost of such repair or replacement shall be added to and deemed a part of the rent and shall be payable by Tenant to Landlord on demand. Landlord shall have the same remedies for the collection of such costs as Landlord has for the non-payment of rent under this Lease. Tenant shall furnish the HVAC system filters, electric light bulbs, and fuses at Tenant's expense.

In the event the Property is part of a multi-unit building, Tenant shall also be liable to Landlord for the cost of any repairs or replacements to the building if the need for such repairs or replacements results from the negligence or misuse of the building by Tenant, other residents of the Property, or Tenant's agents, servants, employees, invitees, or family members. The cost of such repairs or replacements shall be added to and deemed a part of the rent due and shall be payable by Tenant to Landlord on demand. Landlord shall have the same remedies for collection of such costs as Landlord has for the non-payment of rent under this Lease.

Additional agreements, if any, regarding maintenance, repairs and/or replacement are as follows:

27. LANDLORD'S RIGHT TO ENTER THE PROPERTY DURING THE TERM: Landlord shall have the right to enter upon the Property at all reasonable times for the purpose of inspection or making any repairs which Landlord is required to make under the terms of this Lease or which Landlord otherwise deems necessary or appropriate.

28. SHOWING OF PROPERTY FOR RENT OR SALE: During the last 90 days of this Lease, or any renewal thereof, Tenant shall permit the posting of a "For Rent" or "For Sale" sign and shall allow the Property to be shown to prospective Tenants and Purchasers during the hours of 9am to 8pm daily. Landlord shall give Tenant reasonable notice of such showings. If Tenant is not home, the Property may be shown utilizing the key retained by Landlord or by use of a key lockbox, as authorized by Landlord. Tenant agrees to keep Property reasonably clean and orderly and that any pets permitted on the Property shall not be allowed to obstruct nor interfere with any showing of the Property for rent or sale. Tenant agrees to make reasonable accommodations to comply.

29. INSPECTIONS: Tenant acknowledges that Landlord has the right to be present at any and all inspections in and about the Property, and agrees to notify Landlord prior to any inspection.

30. TENANT'S COMPLIANCE WITH SAFETY AND INSURANCE REGULATIONS: Tenant agrees not to do or permit to be done anything on the Property in contravention of any hazard insurance policy in force thereon or which will increase the premium payable on such policy. Tenant shall not in any way obstruct any public sidewalk nor permit anything to be done on the Property contrary to the rules and regulations of the Fire Department or Health Department or any other governmental authority.

31. TENANT'S RESTRICTIONS REGARDING PROPERTY:

A. CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY: Tenant shall not install, attach, remove or exchange appliances or equipment, such as air conditioning, heating, refrigerator or cooking units, nor make any alterations, additions, or improvements, including painting or electrical work, to the Property without first obtaining Landlord's written consent.

B. VEHICLE PARKING: Only properly licensed vehicles in operating condition may be parked in the driveways, if provided, or in the street or other paved parking areas, in accordance with the law and any community rules, regulations and restrictions.

C. TRASH: All garbage and trash must be placed in dumpsters (if provided) or in suitable covered containers to be left in designated pickup locations no earlier than the evening before scheduled pickup.

D. WATERBEDS: Tenant acknowledges that waterbeds are not permitted on or about the Property.

E. SMOKING: Tenant acknowledges that smoking is not permitted on or about the Property.

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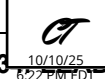
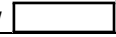

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F. SPACE HEATERS: Tenant acknowledges that space heaters are not permitted on or about the Property.

32. WATER CONDITIONING SYSTEM, SWIMMING POOL, HOT TUB/SPA: In the event the Property has a water conditioning system, swimming pool, and/or hot tub/spa, Tenant understands and agrees to exercise due caution in the care of these systems. Tenant agrees to properly maintain said systems at Tenant's expense according to the instructions provided. The cost of all chemicals and filters shall be at the expense of the Tenant. Until further notice, the designated service company is n/a

33. WATER/MOISTURE/MOLD: Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord in the event of the presence of water moisture, water leaks, water spillage (including in or around roof, windows, doors, ceilings, floors, toilets, bathtubs, sinks, dishwasher, washing machine, refrigerator, freezer, air conditioning unit(s), faucets), flooding and/or water damage to the Property. In the event of water moisture, water leaks, water spillage, flooding and/or water damage, Tenant shall take immediate measures to contain the water and to prevent further water damage including turning off any faucets and to cease the use of any toilet, sink, bathtub or appliance causing such water leaks or spillage. Tenant shall notify Landlord promptly in the event mold of any type is observed within the leased Property. Upon notification from Tenant, Landlord, at Landlord's sole expense, shall promptly remediate and repair any water damage to the Property caused by water moisture, water leaks, water spillage or flooding and remove in accordance with industry standards any mold within the Property which occur through no fault of Tenant. In the event water damage or mold occurs within the Property through the negligence of Tenant, Tenant shall pay, as additional rent, all costs and expenses incurred by Landlord, to remediate and repair such water damage and removal of mold.

Tenant acknowledges receipt of the pamphlet entitled *A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture, and Your Home* published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or a substantially similar pamphlet issued by the Maryland Department of the Environment in accordance with Maryland Code, Environment, Section 6-1702.

 /  TENANT'S INITIALS

3. LEAD-BASED PAINT:

A. FEDERAL LEAD-BASED PAINT LAW: Title X, Section 10108, The Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (the "Federal Program") requires the disclosure of certain information regarding lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards in connection with the rental of residential real property. An owner of pre-1978 housing is required to disclose to Tenant, based upon owner's actual knowledge, all known lead-based paint hazards in the Property and provide Tenant with any available reports in owner's possession relating to lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards applicable to the Property. In the event the Federal Program is applicable, the Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards is attached and hereby made a part of this Lease.

B. MARYLAND LEAD POISONING PREVENTION PROGRAM: If the Property was built prior to 1978, the Property is also subject to the Maryland Lead Poisoning Prevention Program Act contained in the Maryland Code, Environmental Article Section 6-801 et seq. (the "Maryland Program"). Detailed information regarding compliance requirements may be obtained at: <http://www.mde.state.md.us/programs/Land/LeadPoisoningPrevention/Pages/index.aspx>.

C. AGE CLASSIFICATION OF PROPERTY: Landlord represents and warrants to Tenant(s), broker(s), broker(s)' agents and subagents, intending that they rely upon such warranty and representation, that:
The Federal Program (**check one**)

- ☐ the Property was built during or after 1978; the Federal Program does not apply.
☒ the Property was built before 1978; the Federal Program applies.

The Maryland Program (**check one**)

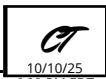
- ☒ the Property was built prior to 1978; the Maryland Program applies.
☐ the Property was built during or after 1978; the Maryland Program does not apply.

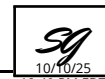
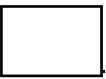
Age Classification Unknown (**check if applicable**)

- ☐ Landlord is uncertain as to age classification, therefore, Landlord acknowledges that, for the purposes of the rental contemplated by this Lease, the Property will be treated as though it had been constructed prior to 1978, and agrees that the Property is fully subject to both the Federal Program and the Maryland Program as to the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards.

D. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: Tenant understands that the Property may be subject to the Federal Program and the Maryland Program as to the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards. If the Property is subject to Federal Program and the Maryland Program as to the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards, Tenant acknowledges receipt of the following required brochures:

1. **Under Federal Law** (The Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992)
 - a. The EPA "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home" brochure.
2. **Under Maryland Law** (The Maryland Lead Poisoning Prevention Program)
 - a. The Notice of Tenants' Rights, Lead Poisoning Prevention, as published by the Maryland Department of the

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Environment

b. The EPA "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home" brochure (the same brochure as in 1.a.)

E. RENOVATION, REPAIR AND PAINTING OF PROPERTY: In accordance with the Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule ("RRP") as adopted by the Environmental Protection Agency ("the EPA"), effective April 22, 2010, if the improvement(s) on the Property was built before 1978, the contractor(s) engaged by the Tenant to renovate, repair or paint the Property must be certified by the EPA to perform such renovation, repair or painting projects that may disturb paint. Before and during any renovation, repair or painting projects on any pre-1978 housing, contractor(s) must comply with all requirements of the RRP.

Tenant shall not personally perform any renovation, repair or painting project which might disturb paint in pre-1978 rental housing. Tenant shall not hire any contractor(s) to renovate, repair or paint pre-1978 rental housing unless Tenant provides to Landlord written evidence, satisfactory to Landlord, that all such contractor(s) to perform such work are certified by the EPA, or state equivalent, and shall perform such work in strict accordance with the RRP. For detailed information regarding the RRP, Tenant should visit <http://www2.epa.gov/lead/renovation-repair-and-painting-program>.

Tenant understands and acknowledges that compliance under Federal and Maryland law is the sole responsibility of Landlord and that Tenant agrees to read and become familiar with the requirements of Federal and Maryland law as contained in the above brochures and notice.  /  **TENANT'S INITIALS**

35. TENANT ACCEPTS PROPERTY:  /  **TENANT'S INITIALS** Tenant has been provided with an opportunity to inspect the Property and accepts the Property in its present condition, unless otherwise agreed in writing.

36. CRIMINAL ACTIVITY AND SEXUAL OFFENDERS: Tenant may contact the state, county or municipal police departments in which the Property is located or check the "Sex Offender Registry" at the Maryland Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services website in order to ascertain criminal activity in the vicinity of the Property or the presence of registered sexual offenders who live or work within the vicinity of the Property. Tenant acknowledges that Tenant is solely responsible to inquire of such matters before signing this Lease. Tenant shall have no right to cancel this Lease based upon criminal activity or the presence of registered sexual offenders in the vicinity of the Property. Tenant further acknowledges that no real estate licensee involved in the leasing of the Property, whether acting as the agent for Landlord or Tenant, has any duty nor assumes any duty or responsibility to ascertain criminal activity or the presence of registered sexual offenders in the vicinity of the Property.

37. FLOOD-PLAIN NOTICE: In the event any part of the Property is located within a designated flood hazard area, Tenant is advised of the following:

The rental unit you are to occupy or the motor vehicle parking area or separate storage facility you are to use (as the case may be) is situated in an area prone to flooding during unusually heavy or prolonged steady periods of rain. Such flooding may damage personal belongings and motor vehicles. Because of this possible loss, you may be eligible for U.S. Government subsidized flood insurance which may be purchased from some insurance agents. Damage to motor vehicles may not be covered by such insurance; therefore, you may also wish to determine whether or not you have sufficient motor vehicle insurance to cover loss due to damage to your motor vehicle resulting from flooding in this area. The local zoning authority can provide information pertaining to the susceptibility of this area to flooding. You may wish to contact the appropriate department before signing either this acknowledgement or Lease for this rental unit. Detailed information regarding flood insurance coverage, the premiums that are likely to be required to purchase such insurance and any available information about how those premiums may increase in the future may be obtained at: <https://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program>. Detailed information regarding updated flood insurance rate maps may be obtained at: <http://www.mdfloodmaps.net/home.html>.

I acknowledge reading and understanding the foregoing warning concerning flooding. I have been provided time, prior to signing either this acknowledgement or Lease, to contact the appropriate governmental agency concerning the susceptibility of the area around my rental unit to flooding.  /  **TENANT'S INITIALS**

NOTICE: Some jurisdictions require acknowledgement of this notice.

38. TENANT'S LIABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN INSURANCE: Tenant agrees that with respect to those portions of the Property within the exclusive control of Tenant, Landlord shall not be responsible or liable for any loss or damage to any goods or chattels placed on, in, or about the Property, nor for any personal injury to Tenant or any agent, employee, invitee, or family member of Tenant. Landlord shall not be deemed a bailee as to any goods or chattels placed on, in, or about the Property. It is the responsibility of Tenant to obtain and pay the costs of any insurance to protect Tenant from loss or damage to Tenant's personal property placed on, in, or about the Property, and to maintain adequate personal liability insurance ("Tenant Liability Insurance"). Tenant agrees to obtain Tenant Liability Insurance in the minimum amount of \$100,000.00. Notwithstanding any provision of this Lease to the contrary, no provision of this Lease shall be construed to indemnify Landlord, or to hold Landlord harmless, or to exonerate Landlord from any liability to Tenant, or to any other person, for any injury, loss, damage, or liability

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arising from any omission, fault, negligence, or other misconduct of Landlord on or about those areas which are not within Tenant's exclusive control.

39. JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY: Each Tenant is jointly and severally liable to Landlord for full performance under each and every covenant and condition of this Lease and for compliance with applicable law.

40. TENANT INDEMNIFIES LANDLORD: Tenant shall indemnify and hold Landlord harmless against and from any and all liability arising from any injury or death, property damage, or other loss during the Term to person or property arising within those portions of the Property within the exclusive control of Tenant, or occasioned by any act or omission of Tenant, any resident of the Property, or of any agent, employee, invitee, or family member of Tenant.

41. TENANT'S RESPONSIBILITY AT END OF TERM: Tenant agrees to surrender the Property to Landlord at the end of the Initial Term, or any renewal thereof, in the same condition as when received, ordinary wear and tear excepted. Tenant further agrees to surrender the Property free and clear of all furniture and debris and in a broom clean condition.

42. FAILURE TO VACATE AT TERMINATION: If Tenant does not vacate the Property on or before the last day of the applicable Term, Landlord may in accordance with Maryland law (a) eject Tenant and take possession of the Property; (b) hold Tenant liable as a tenant holding over at the same rent; and/or (c) exercise any other remedy granted to a landlord under Maryland law.

43. TENANT RESTRICTED FROM SUBLEASING OR ASSIGNING LEASE: Tenant shall not assign this Lease or sublet all or part of the Property without the prior written consent of Landlord, which consent may be withheld in the Landlord's sole and absolute discretion. Any assignment or subletting without Landlord's prior written consent shall be null and void and of no effect. Landlord may elect to accept rent directly from any assignee or subtenant, but the acceptance of rent from an assignee or subtenant shall not constitute a release of Tenant from Tenant's liability hereunder. Any consent to a subletting or assignment shall not constitute a waiver of the obligation of Tenant to obtain consent for any subsequent assignment or subletting, and such consent shall not constitute a release of Tenant from Tenant's liability hereunder.

44. TENANT'S AND LANDLORD'S RIGHTS IF PROPERTY IS DAMAGED: If the Property is (a) rendered totally uninhabitable by fire, act of God, or by the acts of rioters or public enemies; or (b) if the Property is only partially damaged or destroyed and Landlord, upon notice to Tenant, elects not to repair such damage or destruction, the tenancy hereby created shall immediately cease and all rent payable under this Lease shall be apportioned to the date of such occurrence. If, however, the Property is only partially destroyed or damaged and Landlord elects to repair the damage to the Property, then Landlord shall restore the Property to substantially the same condition as existed immediately before such occurrence without unreasonable delay. In such event, the rent payable under this Lease shall not be abated and this Lease shall remain in full force and effect.

45. TENANT'S AND LANDLORD'S RIGHTS IF PROPERTY IS TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENT: If the Property or any part thereof is taken or condemned for a public or quasi-public use, this Lease shall, as to the part so taken, terminate as of the date title shall vest in the condemnor. Tenant waives all claims against Landlord and condemnor by reason of the complete or partial taking of the Property, and all damages awarded as a result of any condemnation, whether for the whole or a part of the Property, shall belong to and shall be the sole property of Landlord, whether such damages shall be awarded as compensation for diminution in value to the leasehold or to the fee of the Property.

46. LANDLORD'S RIGHT TO RE-RENT THE PROPERTY: If the Property becomes vacant because of the exercise by Landlord of Landlord's remedies under this Lease, or should Tenant abandon the Property, Landlord may take possession of and re-let the Property, as agent of Tenant, upon such terms and conditions as Landlord shall reasonably determine. Abandonment of leased Property means there is an absolute relinquishment of Property by Tenant consisting of act and intention. Tenant, upon demand by Landlord, shall pay to Landlord all costs and expenses incurred by Landlord in such re-letting and may be liable to Landlord for the difference between the rent payable under this Lease and the amount of the rent received upon any such re-letting. Nothing contained in this Lease shall be deemed to impose upon Landlord any obligation to show or lease the Property in preference to any other rental property(ies) owned by Landlord.

47. TENANT AND LANDLORD MAY MEDIATE DISPUTES: In the event a dispute between Landlord and Tenant arises out of or from this Lease, Landlord and Tenant acknowledge that such dispute may be voluntarily submitted to mediation through the local board/association of REALTORS®, the Maryland Association of REALTORS®, or through such other mediator or mediation service as may be mutually agreed upon by Tenant and Landlord in writing. Mediation is a process by which the parties attempt to resolve a dispute with the assistance of a neutral mediator who is trained to facilitate the resolution of disputes. The mediation process requires the voluntary participation by both Tenant and Landlord. The mediator has no authority to make an award, to impose a resolution of the dispute upon the parties, or to require the parties to continue mediation if either party does

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not desire to do so. A resolution of a dispute through mediation is not binding upon the parties, unless the parties voluntarily enter into a binding written agreement resolving the dispute.

48. ATTORNEY’S FEES AND COURT COSTS: Should any action be brought by either party hereto to enforce any provision of this Lease, the prevailing party in such action shall be reimbursed by the other party for all reasonable attorney’s fees, necessary expenses, and court costs incurred by the prevailing party in the action.

49. LANDLORD DOES NOT WAIVE LEGAL RIGHTS: The failure of Landlord to insist upon the strict performance of any of the terms and conditions of this Lease, in any one or more instances, or to exercise any election as herein provided, shall not constitute or be construed as a waiver by Landlord of such term or condition or an election for future instances.

50. HEIRS AND ASSIGNS ARE BOUND BY LEASE: The terms and conditions of this Lease shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, personal representatives, successors, and assigns (if permitted) of Landlord and Tenant.

51. CONTROLLING LAW: This Lease shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Maryland. As used in this Lease, the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular and the use of any genders shall be applicable to all genders. It is understood and agreed by the parties hereto that if any part, term, or provision of this Lease is by the Courts held to be illegal or in conflict with any law of the state or county where made, the validity of the remaining portions or provisions are not affected, and the rights and obligations of the parties will be construed and enforced as if the contract did not contain the particular part, term, or provision held to be invalid.

52. REAL ESTATE BROKER LEGAL LIMITATIONS: As used in this Lease, the term “Broker(s)” shall mean: (a) the two (2) Brokers as identified on Page 12 of this Lease; (b) the two (2) named Sales Associates identified on Page 12 of the Lease; and (c) any agent, subagent, salesperson, independent contractor and/or employees of Broker(s). The term “Broker(s)” shall also mean, in the singular, any or either of the named Broker(s) and/or Sales Associate(s) as identified or, in the plural, both of the named Brokers and/or Sales Associates as identified. Landlord and Tenant understand and acknowledge that any broker and broker’s agents, subagents, and employees are not and were not at any time authorized to make any representations regarding this Lease or the Property other than those expressly set forth herein. Broker and broker’s agents, subagents, and employees do not assume any responsibility for the condition of the Property or for the performance of this Lease by any or all parties hereto. By signing this Lease, Tenant acknowledges that Tenant has not relied upon any representations made by broker or any agent, subagent, or employee of broker, except those representations expressly set forth herein. In the event a dispute arises under this Lease between Landlord and Tenant resulting in broker or broker’s agents, subagents, or employees being made a party to any litigation, whether as a defendant or third party defendant, Landlord and Tenant, jointly and severally, agree to indemnify broker and broker’s agents, subagents, or employees for all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney’s fees incurred by broker or broker’s agents, subagents, or employees as a result of such litigation, provided that such litigation does not result in a judgment against broker or broker’s agents, subagents, or employees for any wrongdoing.

53. REAL ESTATE LICENSEE DISCLOSURE: If applicable, Landlord and/or Tenant acknowledges receipt of the Disclosure of Licensee Status Addendum.

54. AGENCY DISCLOSURE: If applicable, Landlord and/or Tenant acknowledges receipt of “Understanding Whom Real Estate Agents Represent.”

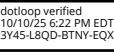
55. TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE: Time is of the essence of this Lease.

56. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS: _____

ADDENDUM(S) ATTACHED CONCERNING _____

57. ADDENDUM: (See attached Local City/County Notices/Disclosure attached hereto and made part of this Lease).

TENANT HAS READ OR HAS LISTENED TO A READING OF THIS LEASE, UNDERSTANDS SAME, AND HAS RECEIVED A COPY OF THIS LEASE. LANDLORD AND TENANT BY THEIR SIGNATURES BELOW, HEREBY ACCEPT AND AGREE TO BE BOUND BY ALL THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN THIS LEASE.

 Tenant's Signature	 Date	 Landlord or Authorized Representative of Landlord	 Date
 Tenant's Signature	 Date	 Landlord or Authorized Representative of Landlord	 Date
 Tenant	 10/10/25 6:22 PM EDT dotloop verified	Page 11 of 12 10/25 Landlord/Authorized Representative of Landlord	 10/10/25 12:40 PM EDT dotloop verified

Information provided for reference only:

LISTING BROKERAGE COMPANY NAME: McArthur Realty Group

BROKER OF RECORD NAME: Dr. Ebony McArthur

SALES ASSOCIATE NAME: Dr. Ebony McArthur

OFFICE ADDRESS: 9256 Bendix Road, Suite 208, Columbia, MD 21045

OFFICE PHONE: 443-319-5638 BROKER/SALES ASSOCIATE MLS ID: 3098959

SALES ASSOCIATE PHONE: 410-963-8249 SALES ASSOCIATE E-MAIL: emcarthurrealestate@gmail.com

ACTING AS: ☒ LISTING BROKER AND LANDLORD AGENT; OR
☐ INTRA - COMPANY AGENT WITH BROKER AS DUAL AGENT

LEASING BROKERAGE COMPANY NAME: Keller Williams Gateway

BROKER OF RECORD NAME: Alyce Dailey

SALES ASSOCIATE NAME: Mariah Payne

OFFICE ADDRESS: 8015 Corprate Drive Ste C Baltimore MD 21236

OFFICE PHONE: 443-318-8800 BROKER/SALES ASSOCIATE MLS ID: KWGW1/3356752

SALES ASSOCIATE PHONE: 2164088667 SALES ASSOCIATE E-MAIL: _____

ACTING AS: ☐ LANDLORD AGENT; OR
☐ SUBAGENT; OR
☒ EXCLUSIVE TENANT AGENT; OR
☐ INTRA - COMPANY AGENT WITH BROKER AS DUAL AGENT



STATE OF MARYLAND REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Understanding Whom Real Estate Agents Represent

THIS NOTICE IS NOT A CONTRACT

In this form "seller" includes "landlord"; "buyer" includes "tenant"; and "purchase" or "sale" includes "lease"

Agents Who Represent the Seller

Seller's Agent: A seller's agent works for the real estate company that lists and markets the property for the sellers and exclusively represents the sellers. A seller's agent may assist the buyer in purchasing the property, but his or her duty of loyalty is only to the seller.

Subagent: A Subagent means a licensed real estate broker, licensed associate real estate broker, or licensed real estate salesperson who is not affiliated with or acting as the listing real estate broker for a property, is not a buyer's agent, has a brokerage relationship with the seller, and assists a prospective buyer in the acquisition of real estate for sale in a non-brokerage relationship capacity. The subagent works for a real estate company different from the company for which the seller's agent works. The subagent can assist a buyer in purchasing a property, but his or her duty of loyalty is only to the seller.

If you are viewing a property and you have not signed a Brokerage Agreement, that agent represents the seller

Agents Who Represent the Buyer

Buyer's Agent: A buyer may enter into a written contract with a real estate broker which provides that the broker will represent the buyer in locating a property to buy. The agent from that broker's company is then known as the buyer's agent. The buyer's agent assists the buyer in evaluating properties and preparing offers and developing negotiation strategies and works in the best interest of the buyer. The agent's fee is paid according to the written agreement between the broker and the buyer. If you as a buyer wish to have an agent represent you, you must enter into a written brokerage agreement.

Dual Agents

The possibility of **dual agency** arises when the buyer's agent and the seller's agent both work for the same real estate company, and the buyer is interested in property listed by that company. The real estate broker or the broker's designee, is called the "dual agent." Dual agents do not act exclusively in the interests of either the seller or buyer, and therefore cannot give undivided loyalty to either party. There may be a conflict of interest because the interests of the seller and buyer may be different or adverse.

If both seller and buyer agree to dual agency by signing a Consent For Dual Agency form, the "dual agent" (the broker or the broker's designee) shall assign one agent to represent the seller (the seller's "intra-company agent") and another agent to represent the buyer (the buyer's "intra-company agent"). Intra-company agents are required to provide the same services to their clients that agents provide in transactions not involving dual agency, including advising their clients as to price and negotiation strategies.

If either party does not agree to dual agency, the real estate company must withdraw the brokerage agreement for that particular property with either the buyer or seller, or both. If the seller's agreement is terminated, the seller must then either represent him or herself or arrange to be represented by an agent from another real estate broker/company. If the brokerage agreement is terminated, the buyer may choose to enter into a written brokerage agreement with a different broker/company. Alternatively, the buyer may choose not to be represented but simply to receive assistance from the seller's agent, from another agent in that company, or from a subagent from another company.

No matter what type of agent you choose to work with, you have the following rights and responsibilities in selling or buying property:

- >Real estate agents are obligated by law to treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly. They must exercise reasonable care and diligence and maintain the confidentiality of clients. They must not discriminate in the offering of properties; they must promptly present each written offer or counteroffer to the other party; and they must answer questions truthfully.
- >Real estate agents must disclose all material facts that they know or should know relating to a property. An agent's duty to maintain confidentiality does not apply to the disclosure of material facts about a property.
- >All agreements with real estate brokers and agents must be in writing and explain the duties and obligations of both the broker and the agent. The agreement must explain how the broker and agent will be paid and any fee-sharing agreements with other brokers.
- >You have the responsibility to protect your own interests. **You should carefully read all agreements** to make sure they accurately reflect your understanding. A real estate licensee is qualified to advise you on real estate matters only. If you need legal or tax advice, it is your responsibility to consult a licensed attorney or accountant.

Any complaints about a real estate licensee may be filed with the Real Estate Commission at 500 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, MD 21202. (410) 230-6230.

We, the ☒ Sellers/Landlord ☐ Buyers/Tenants acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure

and that McArthur Realty Group (firm name)

and Dr. Ebony McArthur (salesperson) are working as:

(You may check more than one box but not more than two)

- ☒ seller/landlord's agent
- ☐ subagent of the Seller
- ☐ buyer's /tenant's agent

Sophie Gamy

dotloop verified
03/13/25 8:01 AM EDT
88RT-3AJP-G0MO-WZ5D

Signature (Date)

Signature (Date)

I certify that on this date I made the required agency disclosure to the individuals identified below and they were **unable or unwilling** to acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure statement.

Name of Individual to whom disclosure made

Name of Individual to whom disclosure made

Agent's Signature (Date)



STATE OF MARYLAND
REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

Consent for Dual Agency

(In this form, the word "seller" includes "landlord"; "buyer" includes "tenant"; and "purchase" or "sale" includes "lease")

When Dual Agency May Occur

The possibility of Dual Agency arises when:

- 1) The buyer is interested in a property listed by a real estate broker; and
- 2) The seller's agent and the buyer's agent are affiliated with the same real estate broker.

Important Considerations Before Making a Decision About Dual Agency

A broker or the broker's designee, acting as a dual agent does not exclusively represent either the seller or buyer; there may be a conflict of interest because the interests of the seller and buyer may be different or adverse. As a dual agent, the real estate broker does not owe undivided loyalty to either the seller or buyer.

Before the buyer and seller can proceed to be represented by a broker acting as a dual agent, they must both sign Consent for Dual Agency. If the buyer has previously signed this Consent for Dual Agency, the buyer must **affirm** the buyer's consent for the purchase of a particular property before an offer to purchase is presented to the seller. If the seller has previously signed Consent for Dual Agency, the seller must **affirm** the seller's consent for the sale of the property to a particular buyer before accepting an offer to purchase the property. The **affirmation** is contained on Page 2 of this form.

Your Choices Concerning Dual Agency

In a possible dual agency situation, the buyer and seller have the following options:

1. **Consent in writing to dual agency.** If all parties consent in writing, the real estate broker or the broker's designee (the "dual agent") shall assign one real estate agent affiliated with the broker to represent the seller (the seller's "intra-company agent") and another agent affiliated with the broker to represent the buyer (the buyer's "intra-company agent"). Intra-company agents are required to provide the same services to their clients that agents provide in transactions not involving dual agency, including advising their clients as to price and negotiation strategy.
2. **Refuse to consent to dual agency.** If either party refuses to consent in writing to dual agency, the real estate broker must terminate the brokerage relationship for that particular property with the buyer, the seller, or both. If the seller terminates the brokerage agreement, the seller must then either represent him or herself or arrange to be represented by another real estate company. If the buyer terminates the brokerage agreement the buyer may choose not to be represented but simply receive assistance from the seller's agent, from another agent in that company, or from a subagent from another company. Alternatively, the buyer may choose to enter into a written brokerage agreement with a different company.

Duties of a Dual Agent and Intra-Company Agent

Like other agents, unless the client gives consent to disclose the information, dual agents and intra-company agents must keep confidential information about a client's bargaining position or motivations. For example, without written consent of the client, a dual agent or intra-company agent may not disclose to the other party, or the other party's agent:

- 1) Anything the client asks to be kept confidential; *
- 2) That the seller would accept a lower price or other terms;
- 3) That the buyer would accept a higher price or other terms;
- 4) The reasons why a party wants to sell or buy, or that a party needs to sell or buy quickly; or
- 5) Anything that relates to the negotiating strategy of a party.

*** Dual agents and intra-company agents must disclose material facts about a property to all parties.**

How Dual Agents Are Paid

Only the broker receives compensation on the sale of a property listed by that broker.

If a financial bonus is offered to an agent who sells property that is listed with his/her broker, this fact must be disclosed in writing to both the buyer and seller.

Consent for Dual Agency

I have read the above information, and I understand the terms of the dual agency. I understand that I do not have to consent to a dual agency and that if I **refuse** to consent, there will not be a dual agency; and that I may withdraw the consent at any time upon notice to the dual agent. I hereby **consent** to have

Keller Williams Gateway act as a Dual Agent for me as the

(Firm Name)

 Seller in the sale of the property at:

 Buyer in the purchase of a property listed for sale with the above-referenced broker.



dotloop verified
10/10/25 2:14 PM EDT
75HU-8S05-ULMW-VGFV

Signature

Date

Signature

Date

AFFIRMATION OF PRIOR CONSENT TO DUAL AGENCY

- The undersigned **Buyer(s)** hereby affirm(s) consent to dual agency for the following property:

3337 Belair Rd #2, Baltimore, MD 21213

Property Address



7/30/25

Signature

Date

Signature

Date

- The undersigned **Seller(s)** hereby affirm(s) consent to dual agency for the Buyer(s) identified below:

Carlos Teixeira

Name(s) of Buyer(s)

Signature

Date

Signature

Date

AMENDMENT/ADDENDUM

BUYER(S)/TENANT(S): Carlos Dartanyon Teixeira

SELLER(S)/LANDLORD(S): Sophie Gamy

PROPERTY: 3337 Belair Road, Baltimore, MD 21213

For valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, we, the undersigned parties hereby agree as follows;

The following items have been mutually agreed upon by the parties and shall be completed prior to, or within 14 days of, move-in. Item 10 shall be completed within 30 days of move-in:

1. The apartment will be cleaned, with special attention to the kitchen (including all appliances), bathroom, sunroom, and vents.
2. The kitchen sink spray feature will be properly secured to ensure full functionality.
3. The refrigerator will be repositioned to sit flush against the wall, consistent with the listing photographs.
4. Functional locks will be installed on both the first bedroom door and the bathroom door.
5. Keys will be provided for the back door and back screen door, if not already available.
6. All items currently stored in the sunroom and back porch will be removed, except for extra materials intended for apartment upkeep.
7. The two broken doors leading to the living room will be repaired or replaced as necessary.
8. Non-functional or missing lights will be repaired or replaced as needed, specifically the hallway light in the common area (coming up the stairs), the back porch light, and the kitchen light.
9. A mirror will be installed in the bathroom.
10. The drywall in the sunroom, specifically near the HVAC system, will be repaired within 30 days of move-in.
11. Any items left by the previous tenant and/or cleaning company will be removed.

All other terms and conditions of the Contract shall remain the same and in full force and effect.

	dotloop verified 10/10/25 2:18 PM EDT LL8W-SB4M-FLYK-SPS7
Buyer/Tenant	Date
Buyer/Tenant	Date
Seller/Landlord	Date
Seller/Landlord	Date

This form has been prepared by The Greater Baltimore Board of REALTORS® (GBBR) for the use of their members. GBBR, including its members and employees, assumes no responsibility if this form fails to protect the interests of any party.
Each party should seek its own legal, tax, financial, and other advice.





BALTIMORE CITY
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING &
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT



RENTAL PROPERTY LICENSE

License No: L-514168
Registration No: R117259

License Expiration Date: August 7, 2028

OWNER
ZOTOLE PROPERTIES, LLC
350 E. Diamond Ave. ste 3063 E. Diamond Ave
Gaithersburg MD 20877

OPERATOR
Sophie Gamy
350 E. Diamond Ave, ste 3063
Gaithersburg MD 20877

Property Address: 3337 BELAIR ROAD

Block/Lot: 4188D002B

Inspection Date: July 21, 2025	License Issue Date: August 7, 2025
--------------------------------	------------------------------------

DWELLING UNITS COUNT	ROOMING UNITS COUNT	OTHER UNITS COUNT	RENTAL LICENSE EXPIRATION DATE
2	0	0	August 7, 2028

FOR MULTIPLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS OR ROOMING HOUSES, THIS LICENSE MUST BE PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED IN THE VESTIBULE, LOBBY, OR OTHER PUBLIC PLACE ON THE PREMISES

FOR A 1- OR 2-FAMILY DWELLING, THIS LICENSE MUST BE LOCATED IN AN AREA OF EACH DWELLING UNIT THAT IS ACCESSIBLE TO THAT UNIT'S OCCUPANT AND TO HOUSING INSPECTORS

Detach and post as instructed above, keep top portion for your records



BALTIMORE CITY
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING &
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT



OWNER
ZOTOLE PROPERTIES, LLC

Gaithersburg, MD 20877
4104972311

OPERATOR
Sophie Gamy
350 E. Diamond Ave, ste 3063
Gaithersburg MD 20877

Property Address: 3337 BELAIR ROAD

Block/Lot: 4188D002B

DWELLING UNITS COUNT	ROOMING UNITS COUNT	OTHER UNITS COUNT	REGISTRATION NUMBER	INSPECTION DATE	RENTAL LICENSE EXPIRATION DATE
2	0	0	L-514168	July 21, 2025	August 7, 2028

RENTAL PROPERTY LICENSE



MARYLAND TENANTS' BILL OF RIGHTS

(EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025)

Maryland law requires the Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs to publish a Tenants' Bill of Rights and update it by June 1 each year. Landlords must attach the latest version of this document to every residential lease. (Housing and Community Development Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 5-101 through 5-104 and Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Section 8-208)

This document summarizes significant rights of tenants under Maryland law. It is not a complete list of every tenant right. It does not cover every detail, exception, or difference that may apply on a case-by-case basis.

Additional information may be available through:

- The Maryland Code references listed with each right or other applicable laws
- Independent research
- Consulting with an attorney

Some local jurisdictions within the state may offer additional rights to residential tenants. But the rights in this Maryland Tenants' Bill of Rights apply to all residential tenants in Maryland.

This is general information and does not constitute legal advice. You are encouraged to speak with an attorney if you have questions about your rights as a tenant. Contact information for legal services is listed at the end of this bill of rights.

1. RENTAL APPLICATIONS

A landlord who rents five or more units may not charge more than \$25 in fees, outside of a security deposit.

Some landlords may choose to accept a tenant screening report prepared in the previous 30 days by a consumer reporting agency which the tenant obtains and pays for. If a landlord accepts such a report from you, the landlord may not charge you an application fee.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-213 and 8-218)

2. LEASES & TENANCIES

A landlord that rents five or more units in Maryland is required to use a written lease. If the landlord does not use a written lease, tenancy is presumed to be 1 year from the tenant's first use of the unit.



However, if your landlord does give you a written lease, it must include:

- A statement of the condition of the property
- An explanation of who is responsible for utility bills and property repairs
- A receipt for your security deposit
- A copy of the most recent version of the Maryland Tenants' Bill of Rights
- Contact information for the landlord or the contact information of an agent authorized to receive notices and service of process on the landlord's behalf.

A landlord that rents four or fewer units in the state is not required to use a written lease.

Some local jurisdictions may require additional information in leases.

A lease may not include:

- Requires you to allow the landlord to "confess judgment" on a claim arising out of the lease;
- Anything that says you give up your legal rights under the law or your right to a jury trial
- Any provision that shortens any notice period required by law
- Any other provision identified in Section 8-208 of the Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, or any other provision otherwise prohibited by law

An automatic renewal term in a lease must:

- Be separate from other parts of the lease
- Be signed or acknowledged by you separately

For the landlord to end your tenancy:

- For a written lease with a stated term, the landlord must notify you in writing at least 60 days before terminating the tenancy
- For month-to-month periodic tenancies, the landlord must notify you in writing at least 60 days before terminating the tenancy
- For year-to-year periodic tenancies, the landlord must notify you in writing at least 90 days before the tenancy ends

For you to end your tenancy:

- For leases with a stated term, month-to-month tenancies, and all other tenancies but a year-to-year tenancy, you must notify your landlord in writing at least 30 days before terminating the tenancy
- For year-to-year tenancies, you must notify your landlord in writing at least 90 days before terminating the tenancy



- Exceptions to these provisions:
 - Exception #1: If you are a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault and have a protective order or peace order, you have 30 days to vacate the leased premises after giving notice. You are only responsible, however, for rent from the time following the notice, until the date that you vacate, which may be fewer than 30 days. If you vacate in fewer than 30 days after giving notice, you must provide signed, notarized, written notification to the landlord, by first class mail or hand delivery, stating that you vacated the premises.
 - Exception #2: These provisions do not apply in Baltimore City.

If neither side gives notice, your lease may automatically renew or become month-to-month, depending on the terms of your lease. Less common tenancies like week-to-week, year-to-year, or farm tenancies have different notice requirements.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-208, 8-210, and 8-402)

3. RENT

- Rent is due as your lease states.
- If you pay rent late, your landlord can charge a late fee, but it cannot be more than 5% of the late rent amount
- Your landlord must give you a receipt for your rent payment if you pay rent in cash.
- Your landlord may only increase your rent when your lease is renewed. In most cases, they must tell you in writing 90 days in advance of any rent increase. Some local jurisdictions may limit the amount by which rent can be increased, but there is no statewide law that limits rent increases when your lease is renewed.
- Your landlord can provide notice of a rent increase by email, text, or electronic tenant portal only if you have agreed to receive notices electronically.
- If you pay utilities directly to your landlord, your landlord must give you copies of the monthly utility bills.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-205, 8-205.1, and 8-208)

4. SECURITY DEPOSITS

In most cases, a landlord may not require you to pay a security deposit higher than one month's rent. But your security deposit may be up to two months' rent. If you qualify for utility assistance from the Department of Human Services and lease agreement requires that you make payments for utility services directly to your landlord.,

A "security deposit" is any payment you give to the landlord to cover things like breaking the lease, damage to the property, or unpaid rent, including pet deposits.



Your landlord may not require you to pay more than the sum of the first month's rent and the security deposit before you move in.

The landlord must keep your security deposit in an interest-paying bank account and give you a written receipt, which must be included with the written lease. The landlord must advise you about your rights and the landlord's responsibilities relating to the security deposit when you pay the security deposit.

At the end of your tenancy, your landlord must provide you with a written list of any charges deducted from the security deposit. They must return the rest of your deposit with interest within 45 days.

If you plan to move out, you must send your landlord a certified letter at least 15 days before leaving. The letter should say you're moving and give your new address. If you do this, you have the right to be present when the landlord inspects your unit for damage that may reduce your security deposit.

Charges a landlord may legally deduct your security deposit include

- Damage to the property beyond normal wear and tear
- Unpaid rent or utility bills
- Costs or fees from an eviction case judgment

If the landlord does not return your deposit or give you a written list of charges within 45 days after you move out, they may lose the right to keep any of the deposit. You may also be able to get up to three times any amounts they unlawfully did not return.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-203 and 8-203.1)

5. CONDITION OF RENTAL UNITS

Every rental property must be "fit for human habitation," meaning that it is safe and suitable for people to live in and free from problems (serious defects or conditions) that could cause a fire or that are a serious and substantial threat to your life, health or safety.

If you find such a problem, notify your landlord in writing right away. You must provide your landlord with access to your property to make repairs.

If your landlord doesn't fix the problem within a reasonable time after you provide notice, you have options: you can bring suit in the District Court for damages and a decrease in rent, or you may refuse to pay rent (and then raise the issues as a defense to the landlord's suit for rent). . You may also file a rent escrow case, through which you pay rent into the court instead of the landlord.



You have the right to basic services, including heat, light, electricity, hot and cold running water, and proper sewage disposal. Depending on the specific safety or living condition problems in your unit (for example in the case of lead paint), you may

- Have the right for temporary relocation assistance from the landlord
- Take legal action if your landlord does not assist with safe relocation

If the issue is not dangerous but violates local housing codes, you may contact your local code enforcement office if your landlord does not respond.

You have the right to quiet enjoyment of your rental unit for the duration of your tenancy as well as the right to move in and use the unit starting on the date listed in your lease.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-204, 8-211, and 8-212)

6. EVICTIONS

If you violate your lease, don't pay rent on time, or don't move out when your lease ends, your landlord may start the eviction process by filing a case in the District Court.

Your landlord may not evict you unless the District Court has given the landlord the right to the property (called a judgment of possession) and issued an order to remove you (called a warrant of restitution). Efforts to evict you include changing the locks, shutting off utilities, or other similar actions to prevent your access to the unit or ability to live safely in the unit.

You have the right to attend any court hearing in an eviction case brought against you by a landlord. You may also have the right to have an attorney provided to represent you if you are unable to afford one.

If you owe rent, your landlord must notify you in writing at least 10 days before filing an eviction case for failure to pay rent against you in District Court. The 10 day notice requirement is not required for other types of eviction filings, such as a lease violation or staying in the rental unit longer than the time allowed by your lease.

If judgment is entered against you for failing to pay rent, you have four days to appeal that decision to the Circuit Court.

In most cases, you can stop the eviction by paying all past-due amounts and any court costs the court orders you to pay before the eviction is carried out. This is called the "right of redemption."

However, redemption is not an option if you have had 3 (4 in Baltimore City) or more eviction judgments for unpaid rent in the 12 months before the current case.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 8-401, 8-402, 8-402.1, and 8-902)



7. CONSTRUCTIVE EVICTIONS

In Maryland, constructive eviction occurs when a landlord's actions - or failure to act – make it difficult for a tenant to use and enjoy their rental unit, forcing the tenant to move out.

In order to successfully claim constructive eviction, a tenant must prove several things, such as the landlord's actions or neglect significantly disrupted the tenant's use and enjoyment of the property, the landlord is responsible for the interference, the tenant told the landlord about the issue, and the tenant moved out a reasonable time after the interference. If you are interested in pursuing a claim for constructive eviction, you should consult with an attorney.

If constructive eviction is proven (1) You can treat your lease as ended and you are no longer responsible for paying rent; and (2) you may be able to sue the landlord for your losses. This may include moving costs, rent differences, attorney fees, and other related expenses resulting from the constructive eviction claim.

Landlords must avoid substantial interference with the tenant's enjoyment of their rental property, ensure the rental property is safe and livable, and generally respond to tenant complaints promptly to avoid legal and financial consequences.

8. TENANT RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

If you are a named tenant on the lease and have lived in a rental property with 1, 2, or 3 units for at least six months, your landlord may be required to give you the chance to buy the property before selling it to someone else. This applies if your landlord plans to sell the property, or receives an offer to buy it from a third party. This rule does not apply in certain situations, such as when the property is transferred without a sale; for example, when the property is transferred to a family member, to a business owned by the landlord, or pursuant to a court order, among several other examples. .

If your landlord notifies you that they intend to sell the property to a third party, the notice should also include your right to make an offer to buy it. You have 30 days from the date of the notice to make an offer to buy the property or decline.

If you make an offer with the same or better terms than those in the notice, your landlord must accept it. If you decline to make an offer, your landlord may sell the property to a third party.

Some local jurisdictions may have their own laws about a tenant's right of first refusal or the opportunity to buy a rental property in cases not covered by state law.

(Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Section 8-119)



9. PROHIBITED ACTS BY LANDLORDS

Housing discrimination is illegal under state and federal law. Landlords may not discriminate against potential or current tenants on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, familial status, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, source of income, or military status. Some local jurisdictions may provide additional anti-discrimination protections.

A landlord may not retaliate, or threaten to retaliate, against you for

- a. making a good faith complaint about a violation of your lease, violation of the law, or the condition of the rental property;
- b. filing or participating in a lawsuit involving the landlord;
- c. participating in a tenants' organization;
- d. requesting police or emergency services at the property; or
- e. providing information to the landlord relating to lead paint issues.

Retaliation may include filing or threatening to file a lawsuit against you, increasing the rent, decreasing the services to you as a tenant (for example, shutting off utilities), failing to make necessary repairs, or terminating your tenancy, among other things.

Unless your lease provides otherwise, you have the right to quiet enjoyment of your residence. Your landlord has the right to enter your unit for legitimate purposes such as making necessary repairs, inspecting the unit, or showing the unit to prospective renters. Starting October 1, 2025, your landlord must notify you in writing at least 24 hours in advance of the inspection or repairs and can only enter the unit Monday through Saturday, from 7am to 7pm, unless it is an emergency. Your lease may provide more details, and your local jurisdiction may have more rules on when your landlord may enter your unit.

(Title 42, Sections 3601 and following of the United States Code; State Government Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 20-101, 20-704, and 20-705; Real Property Article of the Maryland Code, Sections 2-115, 8-204, 8-208.1, and 8-208.2)

Exceptions to the protections of these laws exist in certain circumstances.

The Maryland Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs website has additional language translations of the Tenant Bill of Rights on the website listed below.



10. RESOURCES

Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs

Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development

[Tenant and Landlord Affairs Website](https://dhcd.maryland.gov/Tenant-Landlord-Affairs/Pages/default.aspx) (<https://dhcd.maryland.gov/Tenant-Landlord-Affairs/Pages/default.aspx>)

The Office of Tenant and Landlord Affairs website has additional educational information and support staff for navigating renter rights and laws, including:

- Contact information for local legal aid organizations
- Contact information for local county offices of tenant rights
- Contact information for local homeless services and rental assistance programs if you have already lost your housing
- Frequently asked questions and answers for tenants and landlords
- Outreach materials for tenants and landlords
- How to report a case of fair housing discrimination or landlord violation of federal, state, or local renter laws to enforcement agencies

Maryland Access to Counsel in Evictions Program

Contact Information: Call 211 or go to [Legal Help Maryland](http://LegalHelpMD.org) (LegalHelpMD.org)

Services Provided:

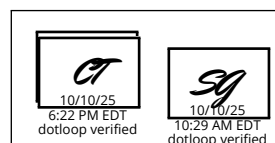
- This program can provide legal representation and advice to renters who have household income at or below 50% of Maryland's median income, and the household is at risk of eviction, have lost or are at risk of losing their housing voucher or subsidy.

Maryland District Court Self-Help Centers

Contact Information and Hours: [District Court Help Centers](https://www.courts.state.md.us/helpcenter/inperson/dc)
(<https://www.courts.state.md.us/helpcenter/inperson/dc>)

Services Provided:

- The self-help centers can assist renters with a landlord-tenant issue or case who are not already represented by a lawyer or attorney.
- The centers offer live chat, phone, and in-person services at 10 district court locations.
- Renters can receive help with understanding court documents, preparing for court hearings, completing court forms, preparing for mediation, and finding a lawyer.





DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS

Property Address: 3337 Belair Road, 2, Baltimore, MD 21213

SELLER/LANDLORD REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS, INTENDING THAT SUCH BE RELIED UPON REGARDING THE ABOVE PROPERTY, THAT (SELLER/LANDLORD TO INITIAL APPLICABLE LINE): ☒ housing was constructed prior to 1978 **OR** ☐ date of construction is uncertain.

FEDERAL LEAD WARNING STATEMENT: A buyer/tenant of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may contain lead-based paint and that exposure to lead from lead-based paint, paint chips or lead paint dust may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning if not managed properly. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller/landlord of any interest in residential real property is required to disclose to the buyer/tenant the presence of known lead-base paint hazards and to provide the buyer/tenant with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's/landlord's possession. A **tenant** must receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention. It is recommended that a **buyer** conduct a risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards prior to purchase.

Seller's/Landlord's Disclosure

(a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (initial (i) or (ii) below):

(i) ☒ Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

(ii) ☐ Seller/Landlord has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(b) Records and reports available to the seller (initial (i) or (ii) below):

(i) ☒ Seller/Landlord has provided the purchaser/tenant with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-base paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).

(ii) ☐ Seller/Landlord has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Buyer's/Tenant's Acknowledgment (initial)

(c) ☒ Buyer/Tenant has received copies of all information listed in section (b)(i) above, if any.

(d) ☒ Buyer/Tenant has received the pamphlet Protect Your Family from Lead In Your Home.

(e) **Buyer** has (initial (i) or (ii) below):

(i) ☒ received a 10-day opportunity (or mutually agreed upon period) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards; or

(ii) ☐ waived the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards.

Agent's Acknowledgment (initial)

(f) ☒ Agent has informed the Seller/Landlord of the Seller's/Landlord's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852(d) and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.

Certification of Accuracy

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

Sophie Gany
Seller/Landlord Date

Seller/Landlord Date

Dr. Ebony McArthur
Seller's/Landlord's Agent Date

[Signature]
Buyer/Tenant Date

Buyer/Tenant Date

Mariah Danyale Payne
Buyer's/Tenant's Agent Date



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

LEAD PAINT RISK REDUCTION (MDE FORM 330)

INSPECTION CERTIFICATE NO. 1141032

0379678
MDE TRACKING NO.

0326404188D002B
MDE PROPERTY NO.

Zotole Properties LLC
OWNER NAME

3337 BELAIR ROAD Unit # 3337:2ND FL APT BALTIMORE MD
Address

Baltimore city
County

0
Construction Year

Full Risk Reduction
Inspection Category

Dust Inspection
Inspection Method

PASSED
Inspection Status

Re-Inspection required no later than

Certificate Expiration Date

Invalid

Invalidated Date

I certify that I inspected the above listed property/unit on 7/21/2025 1:30:00 PM under Title 6, Subtitle 8 of the Environment Article, Annotated Code of MD.

American Inspection Group, Inc.
Inspection Contractor Name

8870
Inspection Contractor Accreditation No.

2/21/2026
Inspection Contractor Accreditation Exp. Date

Neal Teitelbaum
Inspector Name

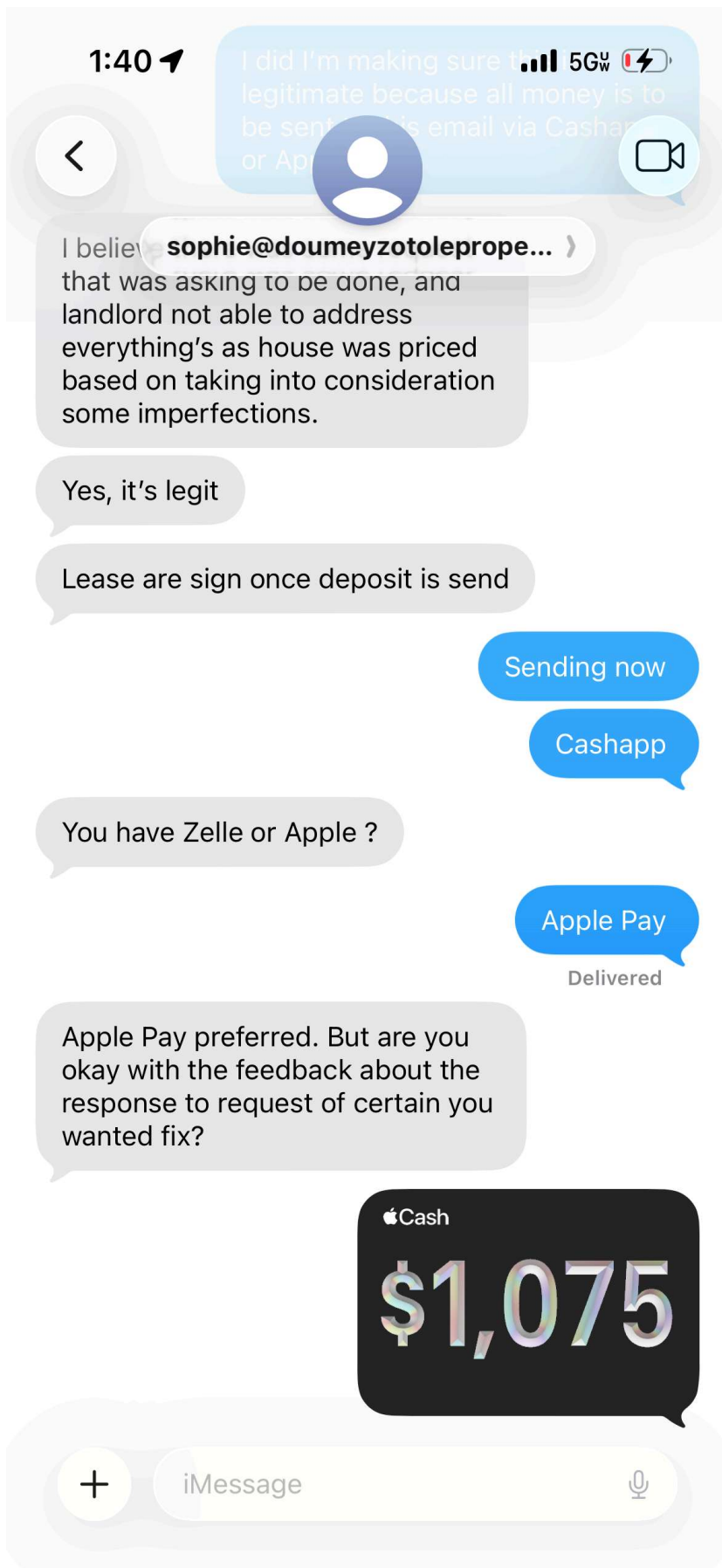
13457
Inspector Accreditation No.

2/21/2026
Inspector Accreditation Exp. Date



Inspection certificates with numbers under 1000000 are not original documents; they were issued on paper prior to implementation of this online system.

STATE OF MARYLAND



**MARYLAND**
Provisional Driver's License



250533:DE



Customer identifier

MD-10272748585

Family name

TEIXEIRA

Given names

CARLOS DARTANYON

Address

**5102 LODESTONE WAY APT F
BALTIMORE MD 21206**

Date of birth

05/26/1991

Sex

M

Height

5'-10"

Weight

148

Date of exp

05/26/2031

Restrictions

Classifications

C

Endorsements

Date of issue

10/30/2023

Form **W-9**
(Rev. October 2018)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

► Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Print or type.
See Specific Instructions on page 3.

1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank. Gateway Enterprises, LLC	
2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above Keller Williams Gateway	
3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. ☐ Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC ☐ C Corporation ☐ S Corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Trust/estate ☒ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ► _____ Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. Do not check LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the owner of the LLC is another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. ☐ Other (see instructions) ► _____	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <i>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</i>
5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions. 8015 Corporate Drive, Suite C	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code Baltimore, MD 21236	
7 List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

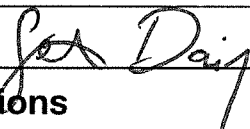
Social security number									
			-						
or									
Employer identification number									
4	7	-	2	5	6	9	4	2	9

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
- The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ► 	Date ► 1/1/20
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
 - Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
 - Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
 - Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
 - Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
 - Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
 - Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
 - Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)
- Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• Sole proprietorship, or	
• Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes,	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
• LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or	
• LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor ⁴
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

***Note:** The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

Morris S. Lasson Ph.D., P.A.

CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGIST
DIPLOMATE - MEDICAL PSYCHOTHERAPIST - FORENSIC EXAMINER
1314 BEDFORD AVENUE, SUITE 113
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21208-6605
TELEPHONE (410) 486-0999
FAX (443) 544-7898
driasson@gmail.com

CONFIDENTIAL

September 3, 2024

Re: Carlos Teixeira
D/B: 05.26.1991

To Whom It May Concern:

Carlos Teixeira is a patient of this office.

It is in my professional opinion that he needs to have his dog with him at all times for psychological reasons.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Please feel free to contact my office with any questions or concerns.



Morris S. Lasson, Ph.D., P.A.
Clinical Psychologist
Board Certified Forensic Examiner

MSL/jas

Certificate of Rabies Vaccination

Petco 2724
6631 Ritchie Hwy
Glen Burnie, MD 21061
VetcoClinics.com

Customer Information

Owner's Name:	Carlos Teixeira 5102 Iodestone way Unit F Baltimore, MD 21206	Additional Account Holders:	
County:	Baltimore City	Alternate Phone:	
Phone:	443-490-3887	First Visit:	10/02/2023
Email:	teixeira.carlos91@gmail.com	Last Visit:	10/02/2023

Pet Information

Pet Name:	Simba	Last Visit:	10/02/2023
Breed:	Pit bull Terrier - Mixed	Species:	Canine
Color:	Tan and White		
Sex:	Male	Weight:	51.00
Age:	2 Years 8 Months	DOB:	02/02/2022
Microchip #:		Rabies Tag:	23751481
Medications:			

Vaccine Information

Vaccination:	Rabies Vaccination 1 Year	Age at Vaccination:	1 Year 7 Months
Date Vaccinated:	10/02/2023	Next Vaccine Due:	10/01/2024
Manufacturer:	Zoetis	Lot # / Serial #:	661324
Vaccine Name:	Vanguard	Vaccine Expiration Date:	11/26/2024

Veterinarian

Attending Veterinarian:	Dr. Chanell Rohan	License Number:	7404
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Note for VA and MD clients with Rabies Vaccinations: An Animal is not considered immunized for at least 28 days after the initial or primary vaccination is administered



WIRE FRAUD ADVISORY

Criminals are targeting social media and email to steal information. This is particularly common in real estate transactions because sensitive data, including social security numbers, bank account numbers, and wire instructions are often sent by electronic means. We do not want you to be the next victim of wire fraud. Money wired to a fraudulent account is stolen money that typically cannot be recovered. Additionally, there is generally no insurance for this loss. You may never get the money back.

PROTECT YOURSELF

DO NOT TRUST EMAILS CONTAINING WIRE INSTRUCTIONS

- If you receive an email containing wire transfer instructions, immediately call your escrow officer to ensure the validity of the instructions.

DO NOT TRUST EMAILS SEEKING PERSONAL/FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- If you receive an email requesting personal/financial information or asking you to download, click on a link, send, and/or do anything that may seem unusual to you, call your escrow officer immediately prior to acting on the suspicious email to verify the validity of the email.

TRUST YOUR SOURCE OF INFORMATION

- Never direct, accept or allow anyone in the transaction to consent to receiving transfer instructions without a direct personal telephone call to the individual allegedly providing the instructions.
- It is imperative that this call be made to a number obtained in person from the individual or through other reliable means, not from a number provided in the email or the wiring instructions.

ONLINE RESOURCES:

There are many online sources that can provide useful information regarding similar topics including, but not limited to, the following sites:

The Federal Bureau of Investigation @ <https://www.fbi.gov/scams-and-safety>
The Internet Crime Complaint Center @ www.ic3.gov
The National White Collar Crime Center @ <http://www.nw3c.org/research>
On Guard Online @ www.onguardonline.gov

VERIFY AND NOTIFY

Before you wire funds to any party (including your lawyer, title agent, mortgage broker, or real estate agent) personally meet them or call a verified telephone number (not the telephone number in the email) to confirm before you act!

Immediately notify your banking institution and Settlement/Title Company if you are a victim of wire fraud.

The undersigned acknowledges receipt of this Wire Fraud Advisory.

Sophie Gamy
Client
dotloop verified
03/13/25 8:01 AM EDT
BZN1-RYSE-UONA-0SDC
Date

[Signature]
Client
dotloop verified
10/10/25 6:22 PM EDT
INHT-DPLE-UHEZ-7K1E
Date

Cyber Security and Wire Fraud Policies and Procedures

This document is for informational purposes only.

Brokers may choose to implement some or all of the below policies and procedures as they see fit for their brokerage.

BROKERS SHOULD USE THE BELOW INFORMATION ONLY AFTER HAVING CONSULTED INSURANCE AND LEGAL PROFESSIONALS.

In order to protect yourself and your brokerage, the below provisions, which are not all-inclusive, are intended to assist Brokers in establishing office policies and procedures related to cyber security and wire fraud. These provisions are not a substitute for the retention of independent legal counsel. Brokers are strongly encouraged to seek the advice of an insurance professional regarding cyber fraud insurance coverage.

Overview

- Cyber security threats and wire fraud are on the rise. Criminals find creative ways to breach cyber security which could have negative results such as loss of monies, exposure of confidential information, identity theft, etc.
- The purpose of these policies is to outline the appropriate use of technology to safeguard business transaction files.

Cyber Security

1. Passwords
 - a. Use strong passwords by making them unique and complex
 - b. Regularly change passwords
 - c. Do not use the same password for all accounts
2. Email Security
 - a. Do not open any suspicious emails, click on any links, or open any attachments; delete these emails
 - b. Clean out your email account on a regular basis
 - c. Use encrypted emails when sending sensitive or confidential information
3. Wireless Use Security
 - a. Use encrypted wireless for work matters
 - b. Stay away from free / unsecured Wi-Fi (i.e., coffee shops, hotels, libraries, restaurants)
 - c. Consider using a Virtual Private Network (VPN)
4. Use of Electronic Devices
 - a. Lock your screen or log out when you walk away from your device to prevent unauthorized access
 - b. Report stolen or lost devices
5. Software
 - a. Antivirus and firewall software should be regularly monitored and updated
 - b. Data should be backed up on several different platforms
6. Record Keeping/Disposal
 - a. Shred any and all documents that contain personal information such as account numbers, driver's license number, social security number, credit card, debit card numbers, etc.
7. Social Media

- a. Do not post transactional information on social media such as names and addresses as this information may be used by criminals
8. Other – Include any other items of importance

Wire Fraud

1. Client Discussions
 - a. Discuss with your client your communication practices so the client knows what to expect and can exercise caution if contacted by a different means than previously discussed
 - b. Provide a document to clients describing wire fraud risk
2. Transactional Wire Instructions
 - a. Prior to wiring funds, advise your client to contact the intended recipient via a verified telephone number to confirm the wiring information is accurate
 - b. Advise your client not to respond to any emails changing wire instructions by replying to that email or calling the number contained in the email
 - c. Consider including in your email signature a warning about wire fraud
 - NAR suggests the following:
IMPORTANT NOTICE: Never trust wiring instructions sent via email. Cyber criminals are hacking email accounts and sending emails with fake wiring instructions. These emails are convincing and sophisticated. Always independently confirm wiring instructions in person or via a telephone call to a trusted and verified phone number. Never wire money without double-checking that the wiring instructions are correct.
3. Evaluate communications
 - a. Thoroughly review emails, texts and other forms of communications for typos and suspicious links
 - b. Do not click on links
 - c. Only call trusted phone numbers
4. Other – Include any other items of importance

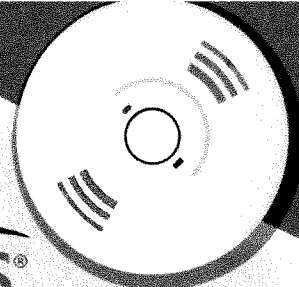
Reporting Cyber Crime

- If you become aware of a breach of data or wire fraud, you should:
 - Contact the sender of the funds so that they can contact their bank to try to stop the funds from being delivered
 - Notify your broker immediately
 - Notify all affected parties so that they may take appropriate action
 - Change all of your passwords and usernames
- Following a breach, you as the broker may want to:
 - Talk to an attorney as there may be notification laws
 - Contact the police
 - Report the breach to the FBI Internet Crime Complaint Center at <https://www.ic3.gov/default.aspx>
 - Report the breach to your REALTOR® Associations

SMOKE ALARM LAWS

2018

Maryland
REALTORS®



AS OF JANUARY 1, 2018 - MARYLAND LAW REQUIRES:

IF BATTERY OPERATED ONLY, ALARM MUST:

- Be powered by 10-year sealed battery
- Have a silence/hush feature

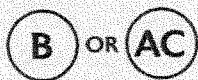
IF HARDWIRED ALTERNATING CURRENT (AC) ALARM:

- May NOT be older than 10 years from the date of manufacture*

ONE ALARM MUST BE LOCATED ON EACH LEVEL OF THE DWELLING INCLUDING THE BASEMENT

NOTE: REGARDLESS OF WHEN BUILT, battery operated only alarms must be powered by 10-year sealed batteries, and no unit, whether battery operated or AC, may be older than 10 years. Types of alarms found in homes have changed over time based on requirements at the time of construction.

BUILT BEFORE 7/1/75



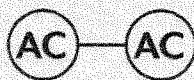
Located:
Each hallway outside bedroom(s)

BUILT BETWEEN 7/1/75 - 1/1/89



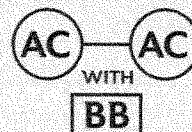
Located:
Each hallway outside bedroom(s)

BUILT BETWEEN 1/1/89 - 7/1/90



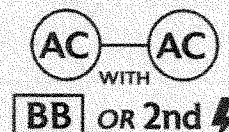
Located:
Each hallway outside bedroom(s)

BUILT BETWEEN 7/1/90 - 7/1/13



Located:
Each hallway outside bedroom(s)

BUILT AFTER 7/1/13



Located:
Each hallway outside bedroom(s) **AND** in each bedroom

BE AWARE!

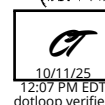
- Hardwired AC Alarms must be replaced with hardwired alarms of the same type.
- Additional alarms required as of January 1, 2018 (such as in basement) may be battery operated if they are 10-year sealed battery alarms with a silence/hush button feature.
- A seller who fails to comply with the law is subject to a fine, imprisonment, or both.
- As required by law, any information about alarms that is shared with a REALTOR® is considered a material fact that must be disclosed to all parties.

*NOTE: Date of manufacture will be marked on back of smoke alarm. If no date is printed on device, it should not be used.

KEY

- B: Battery powered alarm
- AC: Alarm powered by alternating current (hardwired)
- AC-AC: Hardwired interconnected alarm
- BB: Battery Backup

2nd ⚡ Alternate secondary power source (i.e. WiFi or Radio Frequency)



C.D.T.



Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home



United States
Environmental
Protection Agency



United States
Consumer Product
Safety Commission



United States
Department of Housing
and Urban Development

Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have **lead-based paint**? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- About health effects of lead
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

- Read EPA's pamphlet, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or state-approved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children avoid fatty (or high fat) foods and eat nutritious meals high in iron and calcium.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways

Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

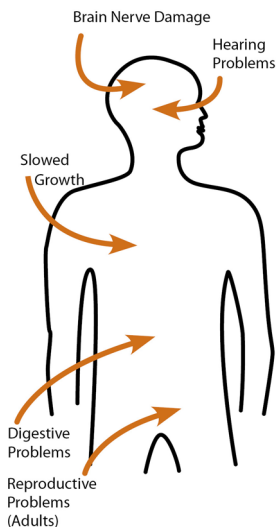
- Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

Health Effects of Lead

Lead affects the body in many ways. It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage



While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and, in some cases, death.

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

Check Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.¹

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federally-owned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint. In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.²

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

¹ "Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

² "Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. **Lead-based paint** may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ($\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$ and higher for interior window sills

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

Checking Your Home for Lead

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint **inspection** tells you if your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
 - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
 - Lab tests of paint samples
- A **risk assessment** tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:
 - Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
 - Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
 - Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.



Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323)** for a list of contacts in your area.³

³ Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8399.

What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or state-approved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children avoid fatty (or high fat) foods and eat nutritious meals high in iron and calcium. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

Reducing Lead Hazards

Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

- In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can **temporarily** reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover lead-contaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or state-certified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.



Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

If your home has had lead abatement work done or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ($\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$) for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$ for interior windows sills
- 400 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$ for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

Renovating, Remodeling, or Repairing (RRP) a Home with Lead-Based Paint

If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*



RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- **Contain the work area.** The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- **Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust.** Some methods generate so much lead-contaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
 - Open-flame burning or torching
 - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment and
 - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- **Clean up thoroughly.** The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- **Dispose of waste properly.** Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.

Other Sources of Lead

While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist:

- **Drinking water.** Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might contain lead:
 - Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
 - Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.

Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/lead for EPA's lead in drinking water information.

- **Lead smelters** or other industries that release lead into the air.
- **Your job.** If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- **Hobbies** that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old **toys** and **furniture** may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.⁴
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in **lead crystal** or **lead-glazed pottery or porcelain** may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "**greta**" and "**azarcon**," used to treat an upset stomach.

⁴ In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint (16 CFR 1303). In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products (76 FR 44463).

For More Information

The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/lead and hud.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323)**.

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

For information about lead in drinking water, call **1-800-426-4791**, or visit epa.gov/lead for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call **1-800-638-2772**, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to lead-based paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/lead, or contact the National Lead Information Center at **1-800-424-LEAD**.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at **1-800-877-8339**.

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

Region 1 (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 1
5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4
Boston, MA 02109-3912
(888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 2
2890 Woodbridge Avenue
Building 205, Mail Stop 225
Edison, NJ 08837-3679
(732) 321-6671

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 3
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103
(215) 814-2088

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 4
AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics
61 Forsyth Street, SW
Atlanta, GA 30303
(404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, IL 60604-3666
(312) 886-7836

Region 6 (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 6
1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor
Dallas, TX 75202-2733
(214) 665-2704

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 7
11201 Renner Blvd.
WWPD/TOPE
Lenexa, KS 66219
(800) 223-0425

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 8
1595 Wynkoop St.
Denver, CO 80202
(303) 312-6966

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2)
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105
(415) 947-4280

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact
U.S. EPA Region 10
Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128)
1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900
Seattle, WA 98101
(206) 553-1200

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

CPSC

4330 East West Highway
Bethesda, MD 20814-4421
1-800-638-2772
cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236
Washington, DC 20410-3000
(202) 402-7698
hud.gov/offices/lead/

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U. S. EPA Washington DC 20460
U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814
U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410

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IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards. Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).