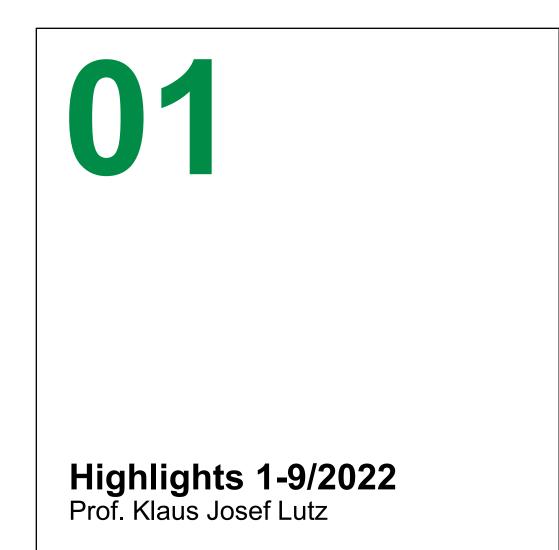
BayWa

Quarterly Financial Statements as per 30 September 2022 Press Conference

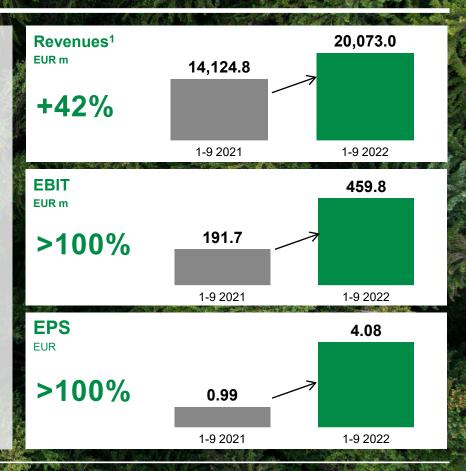
Munich, 10 November 2022 Prof. Klaus Josef Lutz, CEO Andreas Helber, CFO





01 | Highlights 1-9/2022 **Highlights**

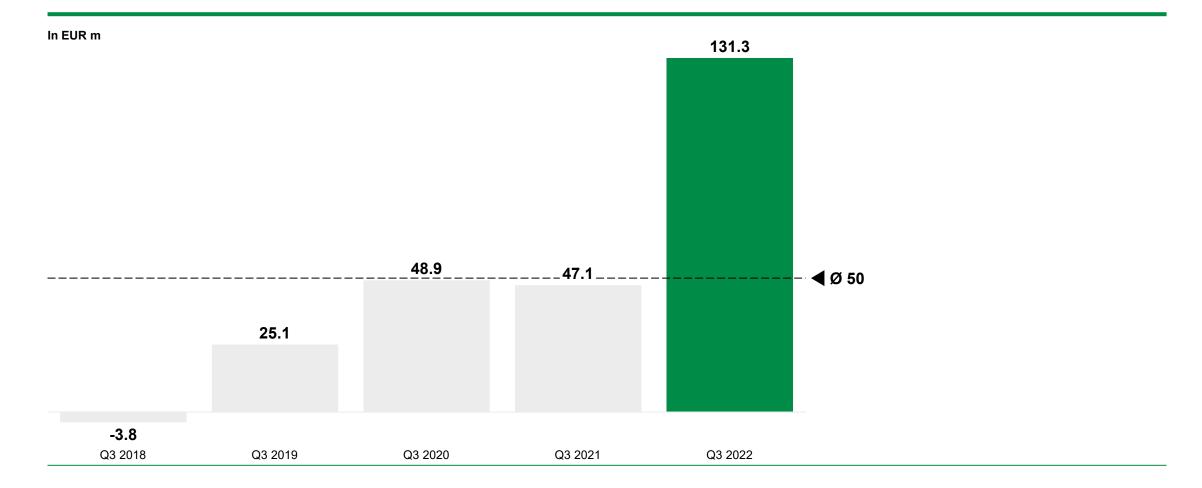
- Profit forecast (EBIT) 2022 raised again to between EUR 475 and EUR 525 million
- Best third quarter in the company's history increase in earnings across all three operating business units
- Revenue growth boosted by robust demand and price increases in almost all agri- and energy commodities
- EBIT improvement based on better trading opportunities and effective inventory management
- Sale of the majority stake in the climate greenhouse to fruit and vegetable producer Pure Harvest Smart Farms (closing: 31/07/2022)
- BayWa r.e. sells Bioenergy GmbH to Macquarie (closing: 30/09/2022)
- Earnings per share (EPS) more than quadrupled, from EUR 0.99 to EUR 4.08



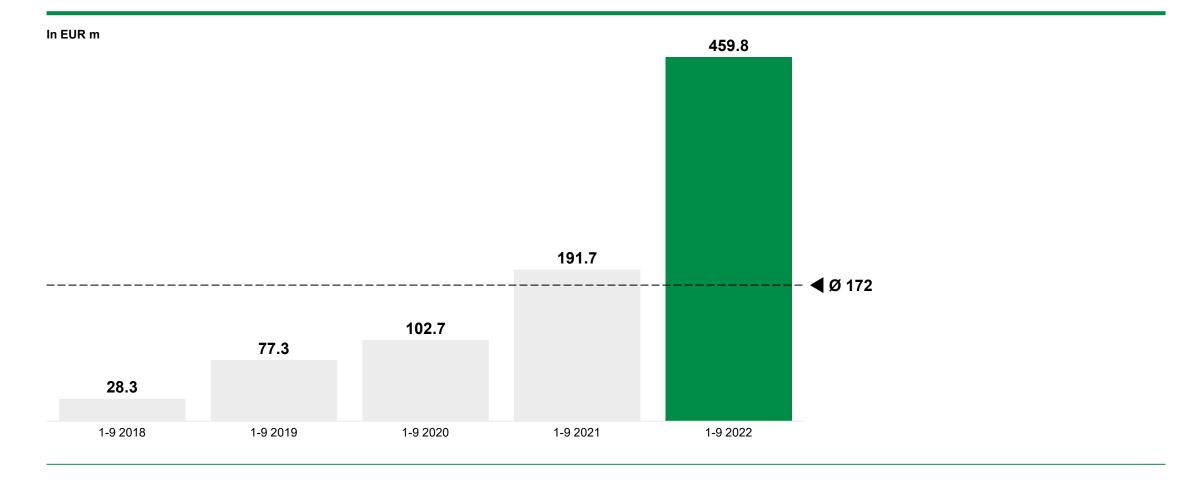
1 Adjustment of year-earlier figures in accordance with IAS 8.42

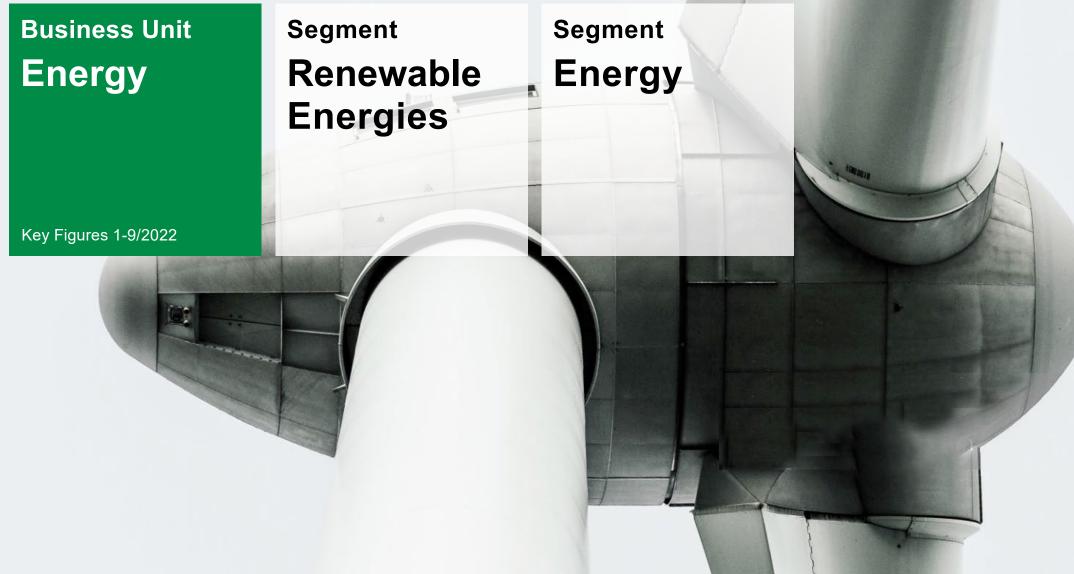
01 | Highlights 1-9/2022

Development of the Group in the third quarter of 2022 Multi-year comparison of EBIT



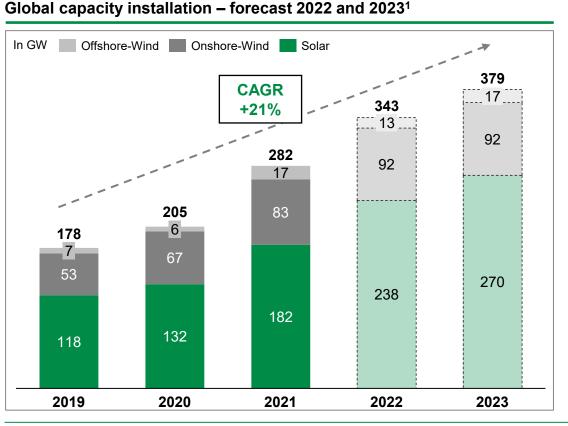
01 | Highlights 1-9/2022 Development of the Group 1-9/2022 Multi-year comparison of EBIT





02 | Energy Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022 **Renewable Energies – Market Developments**

RENEWABLE ENERGIES



Sources: 1 BNEF; 2 Electricity spot prices on the EPEX spot market



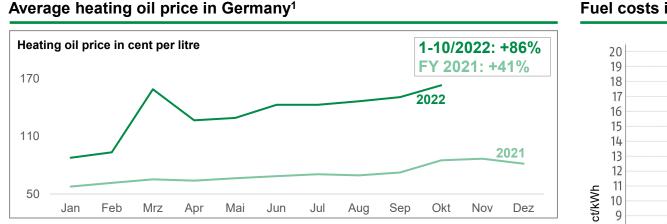
Average electricity price on EPEX spot market in Germany²

- Gas stop from Russia leads to:
 - Rising energy costs driving electricity prices up; share of natural gas in power production in Germany at around 15%
 - Uncertain situation for companies regarding the cap on electricity and gas prices (levy on windfall profits)

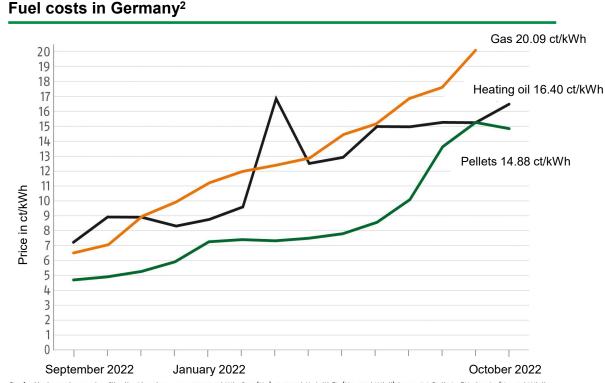
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02 | Energy Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022 Energy – Market Developments

ENERGY



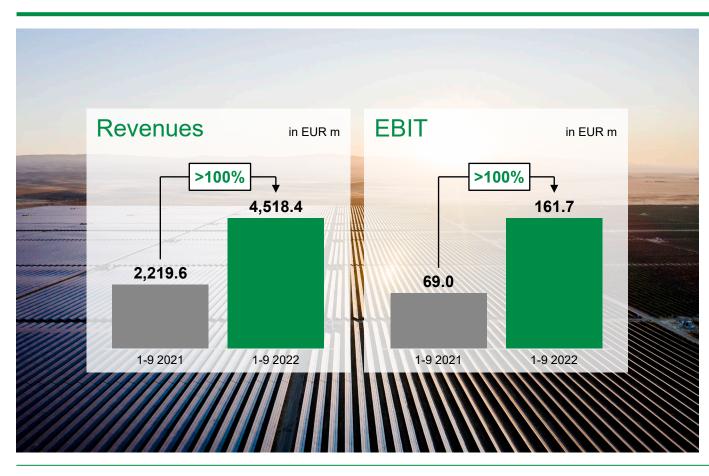
- Heating oil price increases despite declining price of crude oil; reaches record high in October (163.3 cent/litre):
 - Increase in demand from industrial companies and power plants due to substitution of gas for oil
- Weak euro makes heating oil and fuels more expensive
- Wood pellets as an alternative to gas and oil heating; increase in pellet furnace installations in Germany of around 14% anticipated for 2022²



Basis: Verbraucherpreise für die Abnahme von 33.540 kWh Gas (Ho), 3.000 l Heizöl EL (Hu: 10 kWh/l) bzw. 6 t Pellets ENplus A1 (Hu: 5 kWh/kg, inkl. MwSt. und sonstige Kosten). Quellen: Deutsches Pelletinstitut GmbH, Brennstoffspiegel (Heizöl– und Erdgaspreise), esyoil (Heizölpreise) © Deutsches Pelletinstitut GmbH, Stand Oktober 2022

Sources: 1 Statista and Tecson; 2 DEPV

Renewable Energies Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year





- Revenues: △ 21/22 EUR +2,298.8 million
- EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR +92.7 million
- Significant increase in revenues and earnings from strong solar trade and sale of electricity
- Trading in PV components widens the gap compared with the first half year: PV modules (+79% y/y) and converters (+61% y/y)
- Project disposals mainly in Europe and in the US; in Q3: solar plant in Thailand (2.5 MW); four solar plants in the Netherlands (70.7 MW); overall output 1-9/2022 of 423 MW
- Sale of Bioenergy GmbH to Macquarie (accounting profit of EUR 35 million)

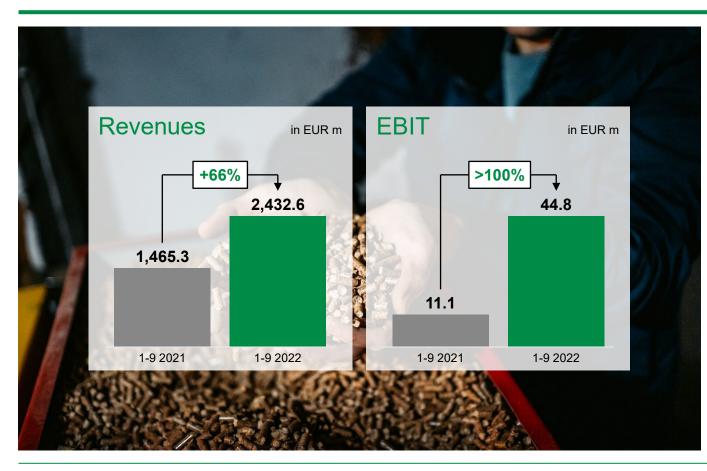
- Growth trajectory holding steady; a large part of planned project sales in the final quarter
- High level of sales ongoing in PV components trading

Renewable Energies Segment Sale of the largest floating PV project in Europe





Energy Segment Sales and EBIT vs previous year





- Revenues: △ 21/22 EUR +967.3 million
 EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR +33.7 million
- _____
- Price-induced revenue and profit growth
- Early stockpiling of heat energy carriers despite high price levels due to feared shortages
- Additional demand stimulus for fuels (+5% y/y) due to the expiry of temporary energy tax relief
- Lack of base oils for the production of lubricants leads to decline in sales (-10% y/y)

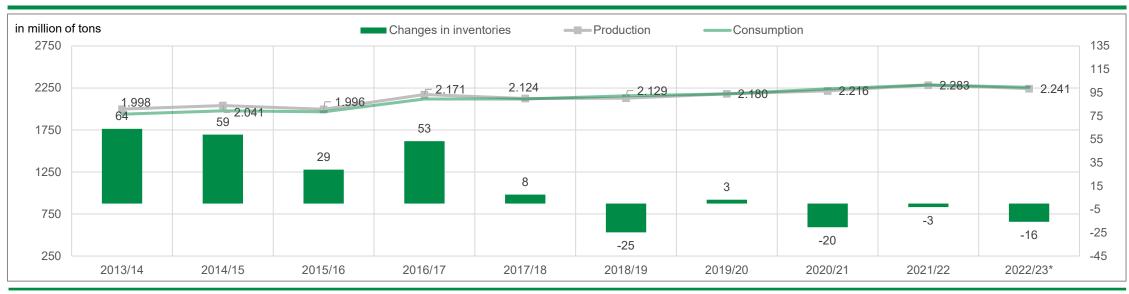
- Demand for heat energy carriers expected to return to normal levels
- Pellet sales in Q4 driven by initial charging of new pellet heating systems and demand from bulk consumers
- Lubricants supply situation remains tight

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022



02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Market Developments: Agricultural Products I



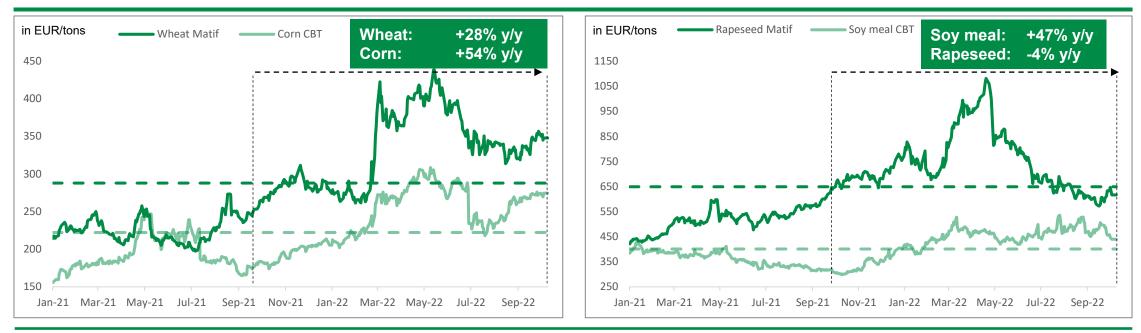
GLOBAL GRAIN BALANCE (EXCL. RICE, OCTOBER 2022)¹

- Tight supply balance; grain consumption slightly higher than production
- Global crop year 2022/23 anticipated at around 2,246 million tons (-1.8% y/y)
- German grain harvest forecast 2022/23 approx. 43.2 million tons (+2.3% y/y); maize harvest shortfalls due to heat waves
- Global oilseed production 2022/23 at 647 million tons likely to significantly exceed year-earlier level; oil meal at 366 million tons up by around +4% y/y

Source: 1 USDA, *Forecast 2022/23, status: October

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022 Market Developments: Agricultural Products II

AGRI COMMODITIES PRICE TREND¹



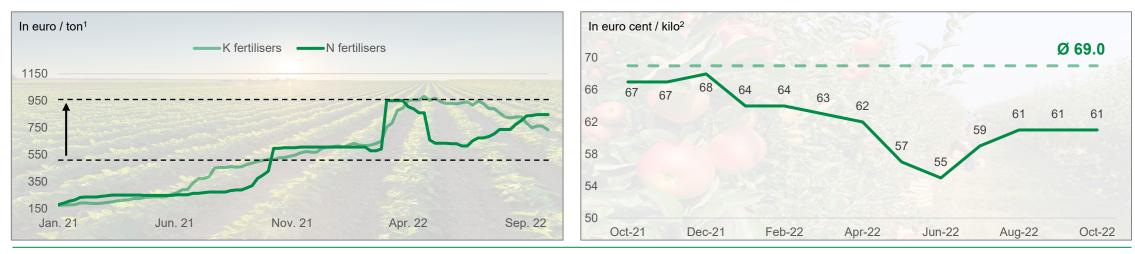
Above average high price level for almost all kinds of grain, driven by increased concerns about grain availability, above all in Europe

• Lower yield forecasts due to weather conditions in some key grain growing areas; around 30% of wheat acreage impacted by La-Nina in Argentina

Source: 1 MATIF and CBOT commodity markets

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022 Operating Resources and Fruit

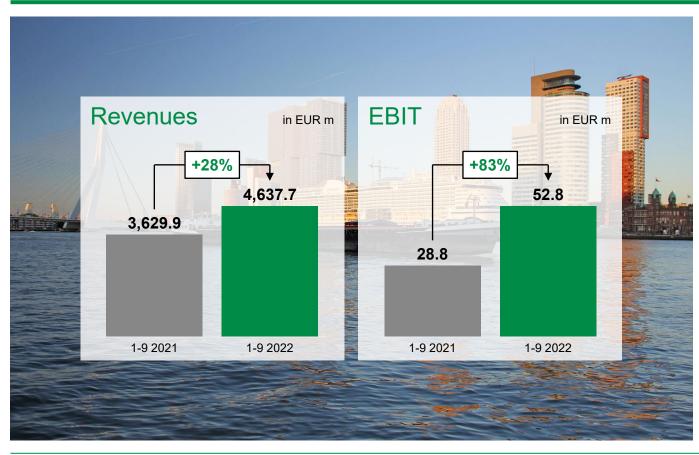
OPERATING RESOURCES	FRUIT				
 Higher energy costs and economic sanctions against Russia trigger	 NZ apple production 2022; losses in volume and quality due to weather				
further price increases for operating resources	conditions				
 Uncertain supply situation and rising prices lead to early stockpiling for	 Germany: apple harvest 2022 of 1 million tons at year-earlier level;				
new fertiliser season	notable decline in consumer demand (H1 22: (-6% y/y)				
 Fertiliser prices in October 2022 significantly higher year on year:	 Apple prices in Germany in October around 12% below five-year average				
K fertilisers: 42% y/y; N fertilisers: 97% y/y	of 69 euro cent/kilo; no inflation trend				



Sources: 1 Agrarzeitung; 2 EU Apple Dashboard

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Cefetra Group Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year



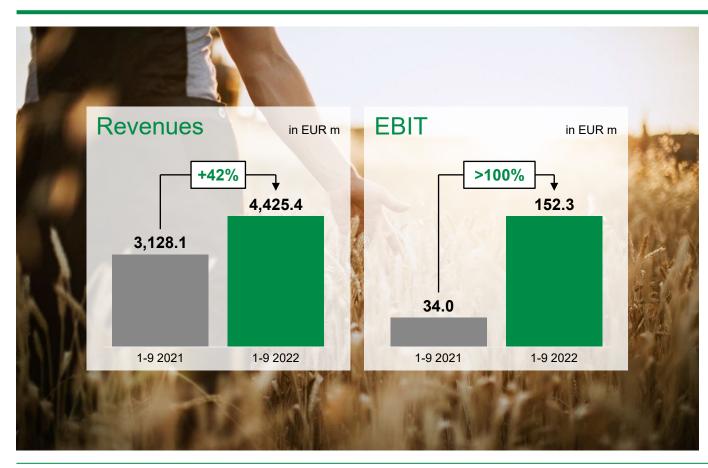


- Revenues: Δ 21/22 EUR +1,007.8 million
- EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR +24.0 million
- Price-induced increase in revenues
- Strong performance in speciality trading; significant earnings growth at Royal Ingredients; expanding sales activities (strong trading in the US)
- Volatilities and above-average high price level on grain markets boost trading in standard commodities (UK)

- Sustained price volatilities present opportunities in produce trading
- Access to numerous procurement markets offers competitive advantage
- New sales potential through diversification and expanding specialities
- Logistics situation remains challenging

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Agri Trade & Service Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year

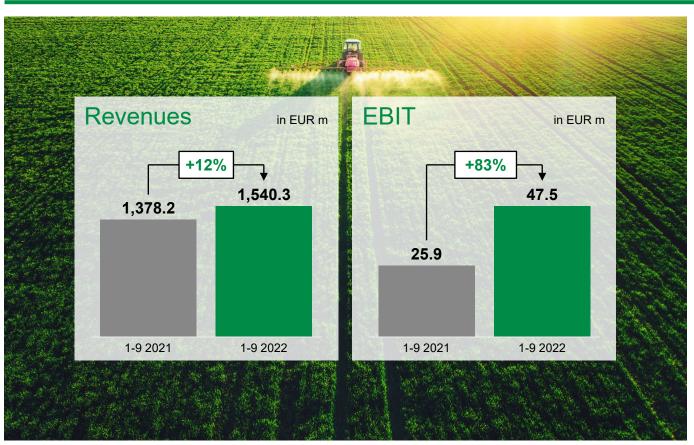




- Revenues: △ 21/22 EUR +1,297.3 million
- EBIT: \triangle 21/22 EUR +118.3 million
- Price-induced increase in revenues
- Produce: physical grain contracts from previous year realised at above-average profit margins
- Fertilisers: high delivery capability with rising prices at the same time leads to higher trading margins
- Strong earnings contribution from RWA's operations in Austria and Eastern Europe

- Fertilisers: storage largely completed; low trading margins in due to back-to-back contracts
- More cautious procurement behaviour from industry due to uncertain market development
- Burden on earnings from ongoing restructuring measures

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022 Agricultural Equipment Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year



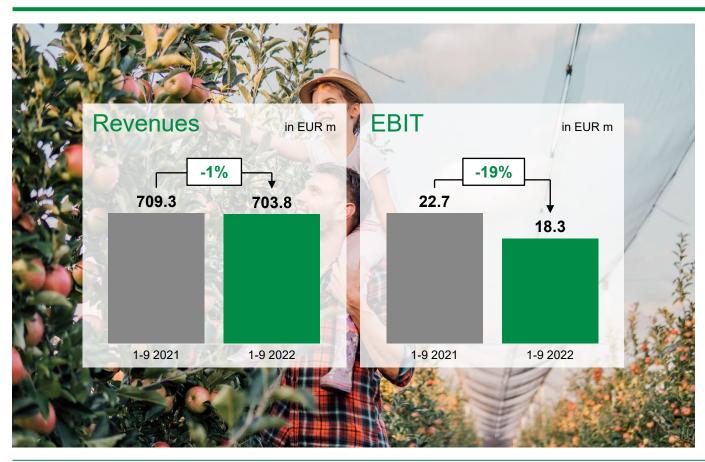


- Revenues: Δ 21/22 EUR +162.1 million
- EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR +21.6 million
- Growth in revenues and earnings
- Reducing production bottlenecks from the previous year boosts positive trend in the new machinery business (+ 6.5% y/y)
- Investment programme in agriculture and price increases announced by producers trigger anticipatory effects (order intake +19% y/y)
- Service business benefits from the delayed delivery of new machinery (strong demand for maintenance services and replacement parts)

- Potential burden from supply bottlenecks of producers
- Loss of skilled workers due to Covid 19 remains challenging

02 | Agriculture Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Global Produce Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year





- Revenues: \triangle 21/22 EUR -5.5 million
- EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR -4.4 million
- Price- and volume-induced decline in revenues
- Decline in demand due to the higher cost of living
- Rising energy and logistics costs cannot be passed on to retail and burden trading margins
- TFC: burden on earnings from covering requirements for goods at higher prices on the spot market due to supply bottlenecks
- T&G: adverse weather conditions lead to lower volumes and poorer quality of NZ apple harvest

OUTLOOK 2022

 Rising energy and logistics costs and consumer reticence remain the greatest challenge 02 | Building Materials Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Business Unit Building Materials

Segment Building Materials

Key Figures 1-9/2022

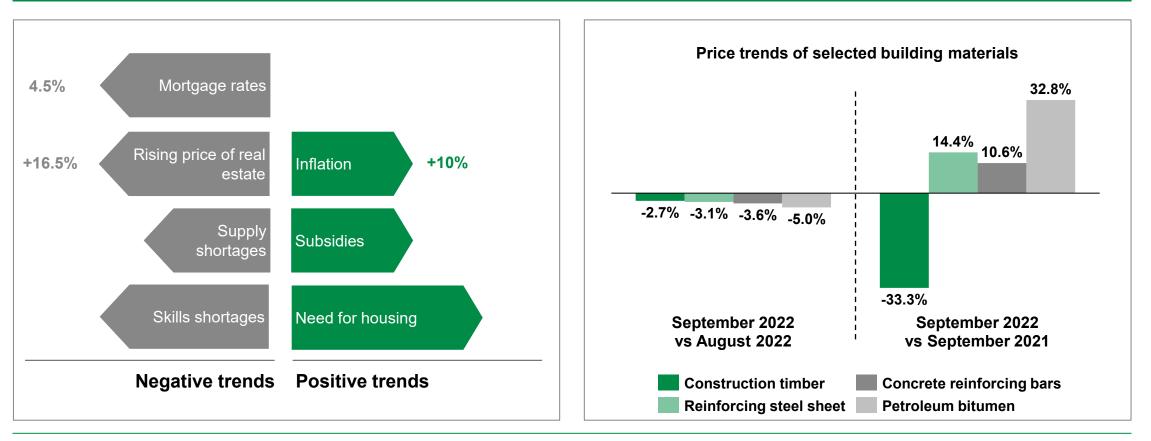
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02 | Building Materials Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Building materials – Market Developments

CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT TREND BAROMETER

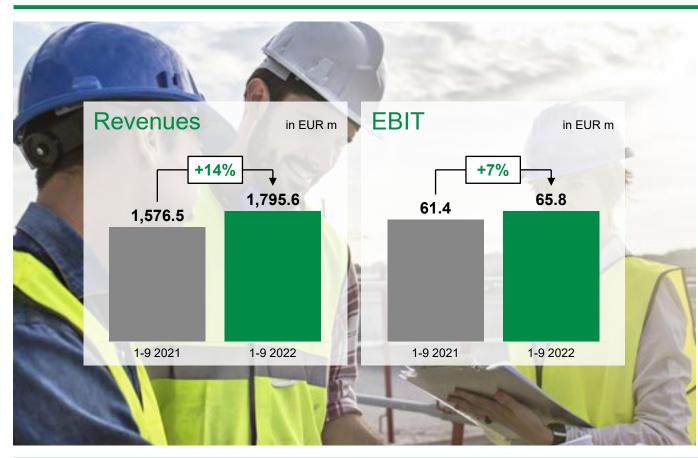
DYNAMIC PRICE TREND IN BUILDING MATERIALS



Source: 1 German Construction Industry Federation

02 | Building Materials Business Unit – Development in 1-9/2022

Building Materials Segment Revenues and EBIT vs previous year





- Revenues: \triangle 21/22 EUR +219.1 million
- EBIT: △ 21/22 EUR +4.4 million
- Sales and profit improvement driven by dynamic price trend and good inventory management
- Stronger demand in the area of building refurbishment; increase in sales across nearly the entire product range*: roof (+17% y/y), building construction (+16% y/y) and civil engineering (+8% y/y)
- BayWa Bau Projekt GmbH: sale of more residential units from projects in Traunstein and Borna

OUTLOOK 2022

- Capacities booked through to year-end
- Demand for renovation and refurbishment expected to rise; growing importance due to climate targets
- Growth momentum could slow due to the increase in interest for building financing and concerns about the economy

* Sales growth relates to trading in Germany



03 | Group Financials 1-9/2022

Financials Energy Business Unit Income Statement

In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021	1-9 2022	∆21/22 (in %)
Revenues	2,583.7	2,989.3	2,653.4	3,684.9	6,951.0	88.6%
EBITDA	9.0	51.3	82.2	127.1	266.0	> 100%
% of Revenues	0.3%	1.7%	3.1%	3.4%	3.8%	
EBIT	-10.1	25.4	48.0	80.1	206.5	> 100%
% of Revenues	-0.4%	0.8%	1.8%	2.2%	3.0%	
EBT	-24.6	-10.6	9.2	49.1	150.6	> 100%
% of Revenues	-1.0%	-0.4%	0.3%	1.3%	2.2%	

03 | Group Financials 1-9/2022

Financials Agriculture Business Unit Income Statement

In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021 ¹	1-9 2022	∆21/22 (in %)
Revenues	8,302.2	8,191.0	8,116.1	8,845.5	11,307.2	27.8%
EBITDA	99.9	128.6	149.0	188.0	350.9	86.6%
% of Revenues	1.2%	1.6%	1.8%	2.1%	3.1%	
EBIT	55.7	65.8	77.5	111.4	270.9	> 100%
% of Revenues	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	1.3%	2.4%	
ЕВТ	16.0	24.7	39.9	74.0	217.7	> 100%
% of Revenues	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.8%	1.9%	

1 Adjustment of year-earlier figures in accordance with IAS 8.42

03 | Group Financials 1-9/2022

Financials Building Materials Business Unit Income Statement

In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021	1-9 2022	∆21/22 (in %)
Revenues	1,292.6	1,275.2	1,410.5	1,576.5	1,795.6	13.9%
EBITDA	34.3	39.6	60.0	83.2	90.6	8.9%
% of Revenues	2.7%	3.1%	4.3%	5.3%	5.0%	
EBIT	22.3	23.3	39.2	61.4	65.8	7.2%
% of Revenues	1.7%	1.8%	2.8%	3.9%	3.7%	
EBT	12.5	14.4	29.6	48.7	50.0	2.7%
% of Revenues	1.0%	1.1%	2.1%	3.1%	2.8%	

03 | Group Financials 1-9/2022 **Income Statement**

In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021 ¹	1-9 2022	∆21/22 (in %)
Revenues	12,196.7	12,473.0	12,197.8	14,124.8	20,073.0	42.1%
EBITDA	127.2	223.9	264.8	371.5	652.9	75.7%
% of Revenues	1.0%	1.8%	2.2%	2.6%	3.3%	
EBIT	28.3	77.3	102.7	191.7	459.8	> 100%
% of Revenues	0.2%	0.6%	0.8%	1.4%	2.3%	
EBT	-26.7	-2.0	25.8	116.5	342.4	> 100%
% of Revenues	-0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.8%	1.7%	
Consolidated net income	-19.0	-1.5	18.3	83.5	244.3	> 100%
Share of minority interest	19.1	18.9	20.1	38.9	89.3	> 100%
% of net income	> -100%	> -100%	> 100%	46.6%	36.6%	
Share of owners of parent company	-38.1	-20.4	-1.8	44.6	155.0	> 100%
% of net income	> 100%	> 100%	-9.8%	53.4%	63.4%	
Earnings per share (EPS) ² (in EUR)	-1.09	-0.58	-0.05	1.26	4.35	> 100%
Earnings per share (EPS) (in EUR)		-0.85	-0.33	0.99	4.08	> 100%

Adjustment of year-earlier figures in accordance with IAS 8.42.
 Earnings per share before deduction of the hybrid dividend

03 | Group Financials 1-9/2022 **Balance Sheet**

In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021	FY 2021	1-9 2022	∆ 21/22 (%)
Total assets	7,618.1	8,947.2	9,413.3	11,086.5	11,771.4	13,738.4	16.7%
Equity	1,333.3	1,333.1	1,280.5	1,871.6	1,816.1	1,856.5	2.2%
Equity ratio	17.5%	14.9%	13.6%	16.9%	15.4%	13.5%	
Equity ratio adjusted ¹	20.6%	17.5%	16.7%	19.6%	17.8%	14.3%	
In EUR m	1-9 2018	1-9 2019	1-9 2020	1-9 2021	FY 2021	1-9 2022	∆ 21/22 (%)
Non-current assets	2,407.7	3,069.5	3,300.9	3,836.5	3,771.3	4,131.5	9.6%
Current assets	5,205.0	5,824.4	6,109.6	7,240.0	7,978.7	9,600.2	20.3%
Provisions	999.9	983.2	1,104.0	1,215.7	1,227.2	1,247.6	1.7%
Long-term debt (Ci ²)	1,118.4	1,418.3	1,320.2	1,901.3	2,717.3	3,109.7	14.4%
Long-term leasing liabilities		722.7	712.4	829.9	861.4	879.6	2.1%
Short-term debt (Ci ²)	1,886.0	2,043.4	2,420.2	1,966.0	1,467.3	1,872.4	27.6%
Short-term leasing liabilities		21.9	67.7	71.9	76.9	75.3	-2.1%

1 Adjusted for the reserve formed for actuarial profits and losses 2 Ci = Credit institute

BayWa

Thank you for your attention

Munich, 10 November 2022 Prof. Klaus Josef Lutz, CEO Andreas Helber, CFO