

Complete solutions to Exercise 4(h)
--

1. From the first equation we have $N = \frac{mg}{\cos(\theta)}$. Substituting this into the second equation gives:

$$\frac{mg \sin(\theta)}{\cos(\theta)} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$mg \underbrace{\tan(\theta)}_{\text{by (4.35)}} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

Making v^2 the subject:

$$gr \tan(\theta) = v^2$$

Hence taking the square root gives the result $v = \sqrt{gr \tan(\theta)}$.

2. By putting $A = \omega_m t$ and $B = \omega_c t$ into (4.58) we have

$$\cos(\omega_m t) \cos(\omega_c t) = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\omega_m + \omega_c)t + \cos(\omega_m - \omega_c)t]$$

So placing this into $v = V_c \cos(\omega_c t) + V_m \cos(\omega_m t) \cos(\omega_c t)$ gives:

$$v = V_c \cos(\omega_c t) + \frac{V_m}{2} [\cos(\omega_m + \omega_c)t + \cos(\omega_m - \omega_c)t]$$

$$= V_c \left\{ \cos(\omega_c t) + \frac{V_m}{2V_c} [\cos(\omega_m + \omega_c)t + \cos(\omega_m - \omega_c)t] \right\}$$

$$v = V_c \left\{ \cos(\omega_c t) + \frac{d}{2} [\cos(\omega_m + \omega_c)t + \cos(\omega_m - \omega_c)t] \right\} \text{ where } d = V_m/V_c$$

3. We have

$$v = V_c \sin(\omega_c t) + V_m \sin(\omega_c t) \sin(\omega_m t)$$

$$= V_c \sin(\omega_c t) + \frac{V_m}{2} \underbrace{[\cos(\omega_c - \omega_m)t - \cos(\omega_c + \omega_m)t]}_{\text{by (4.59)}}$$

$$= \frac{V_c}{2} \left\{ 2 \sin(\omega_c t) + \frac{V_m}{V_c} [\cos(\omega_c - \omega_m)t - \cos(\omega_c + \omega_m)t] \right\}$$

$$v = \frac{V_c}{2} [2 \sin(\omega_c t) + d \cos(\omega_c - \omega_m)t - d \cos(\omega_c + \omega_m)t] \text{ where } d = V_m/V_c$$

4. (a) $p = IV \sin(\omega t) \sin(\omega t) = IV \sin^2(\omega t)$

$$p \stackrel{\text{by (4.68)}}{=} \frac{IV}{2} [1 - \cos(2\omega t)]$$

(b) $p = IV \sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t) \stackrel{\text{by (4.53)}}{=} \frac{IV}{2} \sin(2\omega t)$

(4.35) $\sin(A)/\cos(A) = \tan(A)$

(4.58) $2 \cos(A) \cos(B) = \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)$

(4.59) $2 \sin(A) \sin(B) = \cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)$

(4.68) $\sin^2(A) = \frac{1}{2} [1 - \cos(2A)]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(c)} \quad p &= IV \sin(\omega t) \sin\left(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\
 &= IV \sin(\omega t) \underbrace{\left[\sin(\omega t) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \cos(\omega t) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right]}_{\text{by (4.38)}} \\
 &= IV \sin(\omega t) [0 - \cos(\omega t)] \quad (\text{because } \cos(\pi/2) = 0 \text{ and } \sin(\pi/2) = 1) \\
 &= -IV \sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t) \\
 p &= -\frac{IV}{2} \sin(2\omega t) \quad (\text{by part (b) above})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(d)} \quad p &= IV \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cos(\omega t) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{by (4.58)}}{=} \frac{IV}{2} \left[\cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2} + \omega t\right) + \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2} - \omega t\right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{IV}{2} \left[\cos\left(2\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right] \\
 p &= \frac{IV}{2} \cos\left(2\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad (\text{because } \cos(\pi/2) = 0)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(e)} \quad p &= IV \sin(\omega t) \sin\left(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{by (4.59)}}{=} \frac{IV}{2} \left[\cos\left(\omega t - \left(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) - \cos\left(\omega t + \omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{IV}{2} \left[\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(2\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right] \\
 p &= -\frac{IV}{2} \cos\left(2\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(f)} \quad p &= 240 \sin(100\pi t) \times 12 \sin\left(100\pi t - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \\
 &\stackrel{\text{by (4.59)}}{=} \frac{240 \times 12}{2} \left[\cos\left(100\pi t - 100\pi t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \cos\left(100\pi t + 100\pi t - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right] \\
 &= 1440 \left[\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \cos\left(200\pi t - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right] \quad \left(\text{Remember } \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \right) \\
 p &= 720 - 1440 \cos\left(200\pi t - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(4.38) \quad \sin(A - B) = \sin(A)\cos(B) - \cos(A)\sin(B)$$

$$(4.53) \quad \sin(2A) = 2\sin(A)\cos(A)$$

$$(4.58) \quad 2\cos(A)\cos(B) = \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)$$

$$(4.59) \quad 2\sin(A)\sin(B) = \cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)$$