

Chapter 1: Comprehension

EXERCISE 1.17: MARS TERRIFIES THE HUMANS



1. line 1: Iuppiter erat deus saevus. Iuppiter deōs et hominēs rēxit.							
What are we told about Jupiter?							
2. lines 1-2: Iuppiter uxōrem pulchram habēbat. uxor erat Iūnō.							
Who was Juno?	[1]						
3. line 2: Iūnō fīlium habēbat. fīlius erat Mars.							
Who was Mars?	[1]						



4. lines 3-4: Mars saevus et saepe iratus erat. Mars multos homines terruit: etiam mu fēminās et multos līberos terruit.	itas
Why were men, women and children afraid of Mars?	
with weite men, women and emidren arraid of ivials:	
5. lines 4-5: deī et deae Martem non amāvērunt. hominēs Martem non amāvērunt. Who did not love Mars? Are you surprised by this?	
who did not love ividis: 74fe you surprised by this:	
6. lines 5-6: saepe Mars saevissimus erat. Mars multōs hominēs dēlēvit. tum fēminae līberī lacrimāvērunt sed Mars erat laetus.	
What are we told about Mars which shows him to be really savage?	
	[4]
7. Why do you think the Romans believed in a god like Mars? Explain your answer with reference details from the story.	
	[3]
Grammar questions	
1. line 1: Iuppiter deōs et hominēs rēxit.	
Find an example of a nominative noun and an accusative noun in this sentence.	
	[2]
2. lines 1-2: Iuppiter uxōrem pulchram habēbat.	
<i>uxōrem</i> and <i>pulchram</i> are both accusative. Identify the declension of each word.	
	[2]



3. line 3: Mars multōs hominēs terruit.

Write	down	an	English	verb	which	derives	from	the	Latin	verb	terruit.	Explain	what	the	English
word n	neans.														
															[1]