

Exercise B1.1: Nominative and accusative (sg) nouns

The nominative and accusative singular noun endings are as follows:

	1st declension	2nd declension	3rd declension
nominative	fēmin—a	de-us	(rēx)
accusative	fēmin—am	de-um	rēg-em

rēx is in brackets because each 3rd declension noun has its own nominative singular form and so *rēx* cannot serve as a template for any other nominative.

Highlight the ending in each of the following nouns and say whether it is nominative or accusative. Remember that 3rd declension nominatives have no fixed ending: for these, circle the whole word.

e.g. patrem *accusative*

1. homō

2. māter

3. filius

4. deam

5. rēgīnam

6. hominem

7. filiam

8. uxor

9. filia

10. deum