Ireland's History: Prehistory to the Present

Suggestions for Further Reading

Chapter 13 The Two Irelands in the Post-War Period

General works on twentieth-century Ireland include: Alvin Jackson, (2010), *Ireland*, *1798—1998: War Peace and Beyond*, 2nd ed. (Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell); Dermot Keogh and Andrew McCarthy, (2005), *Twentieth-Century Ireland: Revolution and State Building*, rev. ed., (Dublin: Gill and McMillan); Diarmaid Ferriter, (2004), *The Transformation of Ireland* (Woodstock and New York: The Overlook Press); Terence Brown, (2004), *Ireland: A Social and Cultural History, 1922-2002* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press); Tim Pat Coogan, (2004), *Ireland in the Twentieth Century* (New York: Palgrave Macmillan); Mary Kenny, (1997), *Goodbye to Catholic Ireland: A Social, Personal and Cultural History from the Fall of Parnell to the Realm of Mary Robinson* (London: Sinclair-Stevenson); David Harkness, (1996), *Ireland in the Twentieth Century: Divided Ireland* (Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire: Macmillan); and David Fitzpatrick, (1989), 'Ireland Since 1870', in Roy Foster (ed.), *The Oxford Illustrated History of Ireland* (Oxford: Oxford University Press), pp. 213—274.

See also J. Cleary and C. Connolly (eds), *The Cambridge Companion to Modern Irish Culture* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press); Richard B. Finnegan and Edward T. McCarron, (2000), *Ireland: Historical Echoes, Contemporary Politics* (Boulder: Westview Press); and Mary E. Daly, (2006), *The Slow Failure: Population Decline and Independent Ireland, 1922—1973* (Madison: University of Wisconsin Press). For valuable source material, see Alan O'Day and John Stevenson, eds. (1992), *Irish Historical Documents Since 1800* (Dublin: Gill and Macmillan) and Maurice Moynihan, (ed), (1980), *Speeches and Statements by Eamon de Valera* (Dublin: Gill and Macmillan). On post-war Ireland's participation in a wider Europe, see T. Geiger and M. Kennedy (eds), *Ireland, Europe and the Marshall Plan* (Dublin: Four Courts Press); Michael Kennedy and Eunan O'Halpin, (2000), *Ireland and the Council of Europe* (Strasbourg: Council of Europe Publishing); Gary Murphy, (2003), *Economic Realignment and the Politics of EEC Entry: Ireland, 1948—1972* (Dublin: Maunsel and Company); D.J. Maher, (1986), *The Tortuous Path: The Course of Ireland's Entry into the EEC, 1948—73* (Dublin: Institute of Public Administration); Miriam Hederman, (1983), *The Road to Europe: Irish Attitudes, 1948—1961* (Dublin: Institute of Public Administration); and Dermot Keogh, (1998), *Jews in Twentieth-Century Ireland: Refugees, Anti-Semitism and the Holocaust* (Cork: Cork University Press). For further comparison of Ireland and India and the British political situation in the late forties, see Gauri Viswanathan, (2004), 'Ireland, India, and the Poetics of Internationalism', *Journal of World History*, 15, 7—30; Nicholas Owen, (2003), 'The Conservative Party and Indian Independence, 1945—1947'. *Historical Journal*, 46, 403—36.

On Eamon de Valera, see John Bowman, (1982), *De Valera and the Ulster Question*, 1917—1973 (Oxford: Clarendon Press) and Garret FitzGerald, (2003), 'Eamon de Valera: The Price of His Achievement', in G. Doherty and D. Keogh (eds), *De Valera's Irelands* (Cork: Mercier Press), pp. 185—204. On Ireland in the fities, see especially D. Keogh, F. O'Shea, and C. Quinlan (eds), *The Lost Decade: Ireland in the 1950s* (Cork: Mercier Press) and Brian Fallon, (1998), *An Age of Innocence: Irish Culture, 1930—1960* (New York: St. Martin's Press). On Sean Lemass, see Paul Bew and Henry Patterson, (1982), *Seán Lemass and the Making of Modern Ireland, 1945—66* (Dublin: Gill and Macmillan).