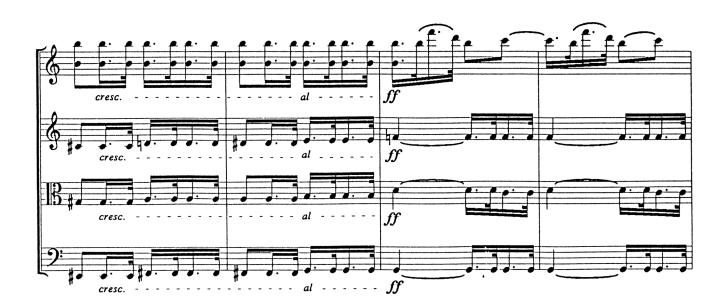
An excerpt from a string quartet is given below (continued on the next page). Provide a complete harmonic analysis.

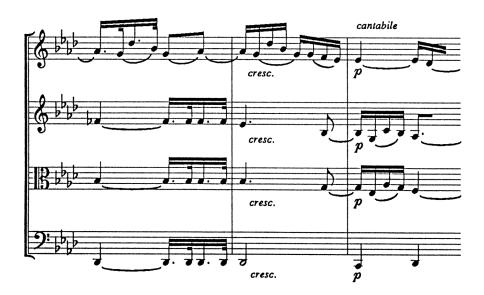
Felix Mendelssohn, String Quartet No. 6 in F minor, Op. 80, Mvt. II, mm. 69-83 (19th c.)





(continued on next page)

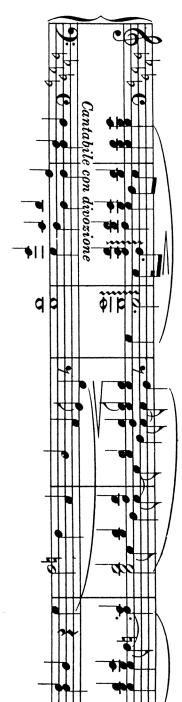


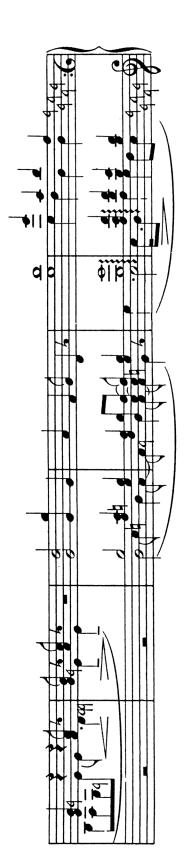


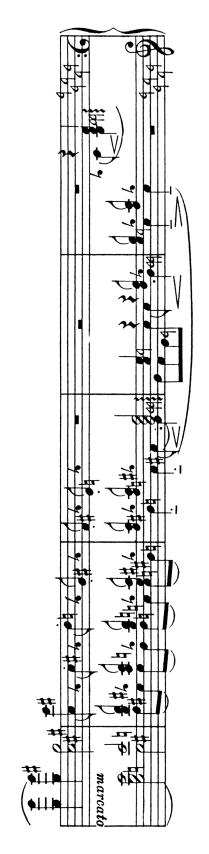
Provide a complete harmonic analysis of the piano piece given below (continued on the following pages).

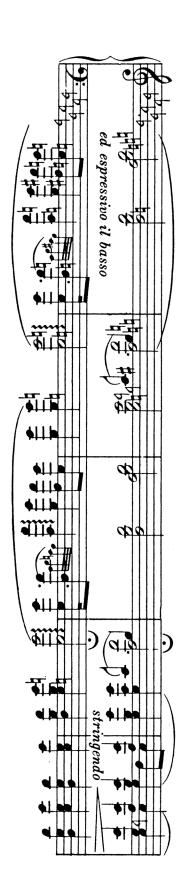
F. Liszt, Consolations, No. 4 in D-flat major (19th c.)

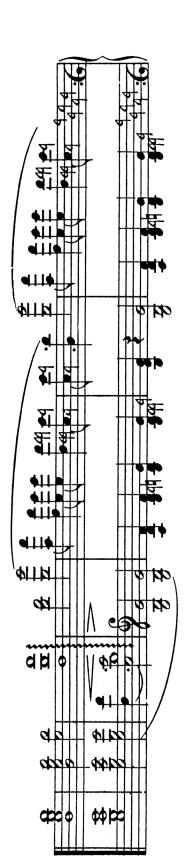
Quasi Adagio

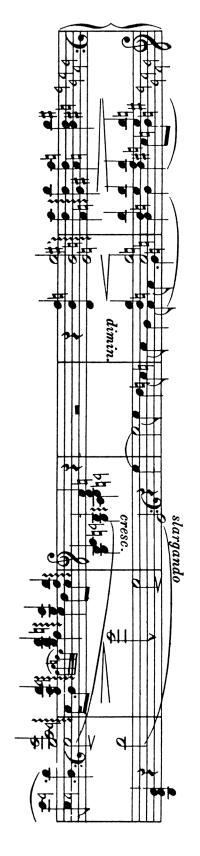






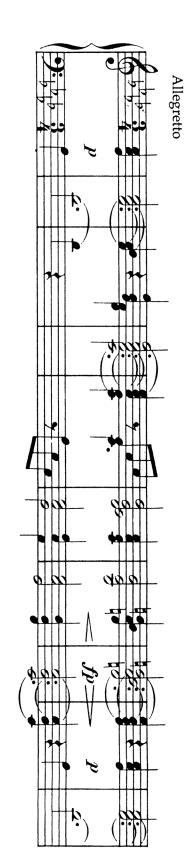


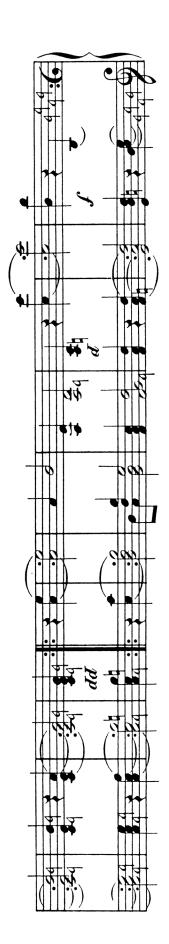


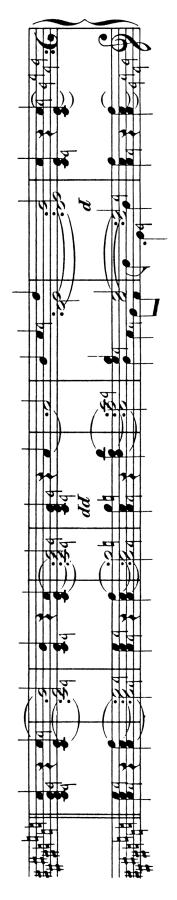


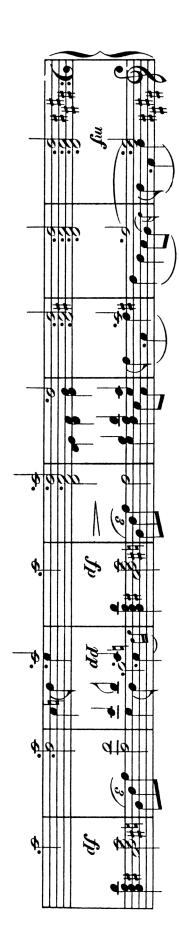
An excerpt from a piano piece is given below (continued on the following pages). Provide a complete harmonic analysis.

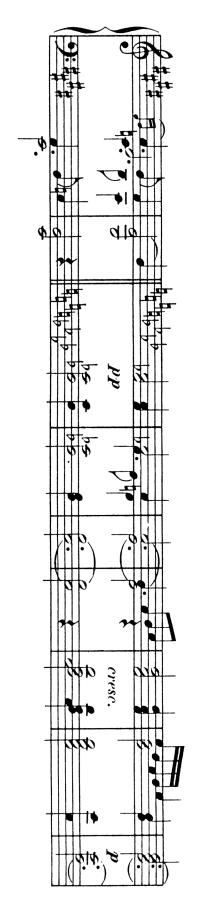
F. Schubert, 6 Momens musicals, Op. 94, No. 6, D. 780 (19th c.)

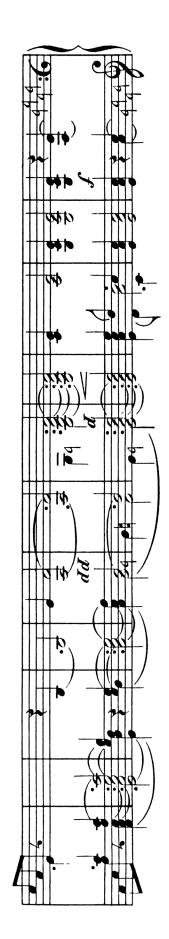


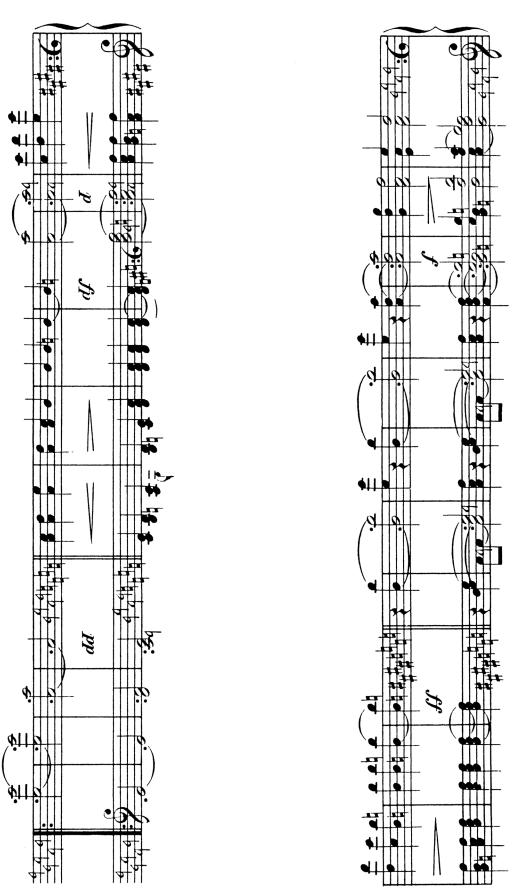








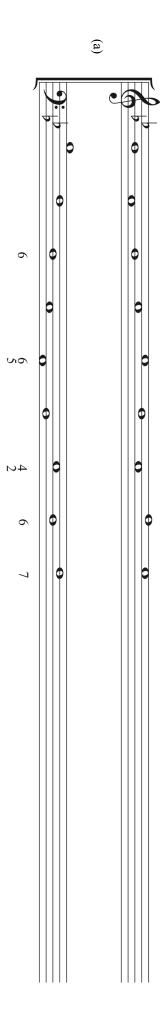




Two incomplete harmonic frameworks with figured bass are given below. For each framework:

1. Add the inner voices for the given chords.

- enharmonic re-spellings will not always occur in the outer voices. Write the final chord a second time in an enharmonic spelling that indicates a new resolution in a different key (do not reposition any pitches). Note that the
- Provide a characteristic resolution for the final chord and complete the harmonic framework with a prolongation and cadential close in the new key.
- Complete the note-against note setting by filling in the inner voices. Include a figured bass.



		(b)	
J	•	•	•
	<b>)</b>		0
6	0		5
9.6	Φ		<b>o</b>
6	0		0
° 4 <del>*</del>	Φ		0

Two incomplete harmonic frameworks with figured bass are given below. For each framework:

1. Add the inner voices for the given chords.

- enharmonic re-spellings will not always occur in the outer voices. Write the final chord a second time in an enharmonic spelling that indicates a new resolution in a different key (do not reposition any pitches). Note that the
- Provide a characteristic resolution for the final chord and complete the harmonic framework with a prolongation and cadential close in the new key.
- Complete the note-against note setting by filling in the inner voices. Include a figured bass.



		(b)	
J	9:	•	
°67	0		0
#	0		0
6	Φ		φ
** 4 - <del>2</del>	0		o

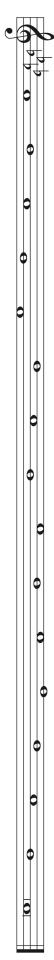
Name:

A soprano cantus is given below.

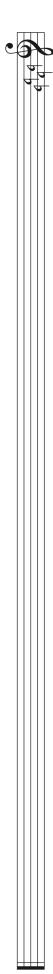
- On the first staff: map a harmonic path, indicating where you can create a prolongation of diatonic IV or VI, or both.

  On the second staff: transform the prolongations of IV or VI with primary mixture, making the necessary chromatic substitutions to the cantus.
- On the third staff: re-spell the primary mixture prolongations enharmonically.
- On the next page: compose a decorated setting of your enharmonically altered cantus, including a cadential extension. Change the key signature to express the enharmonic keys. Provide a complete harmonic analysis of your music.

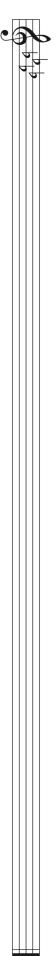
Harmonic path with prolongation(s) of diatonic IV or VI



Cantus with secondary keys transformed with primary mixture



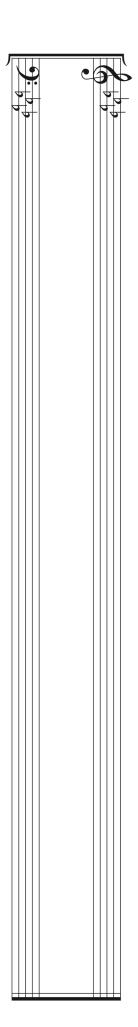
Cantus with primary mixture prolongations spelled enharmonically



(continued on next page)

Decorated homophony with enharmonic key signature and cadential extension

,	\		•								(
		•	•	•		C	Ć	7	7		
	7	•	Ę	Ļ				7	•	Ę	Ļ
Ì	7	7		L				7	7	5	-
					1			ш	1		

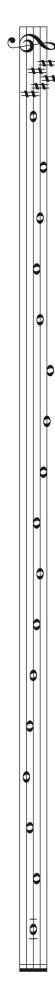


A soprano cantus is given below.

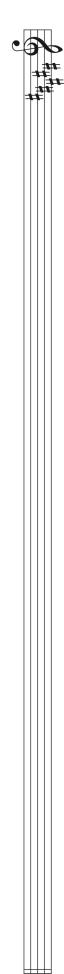
- On the first staff: map a harmonic path, indicating where you can create a prolongation of diatonic III or VI, or both.

  On the second staff: transform the prolongations of III or VI with secondary mixture, making the necessary chromatic substitutions to the cantus.
- On the third staff: re-spell the secondary mixture prolongations enharmonically.
- On the next page: compose a decorated setting of your enharmonically altered cantus, including a cadential extension. Change the key signature to express the enharmonic keys. Provide a complete harmonic analysis of your music.

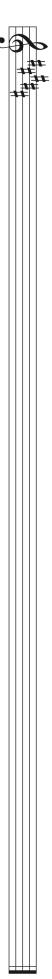
Harmonic path with prolongation(s) of diatonic III or VI



Cantus with secondary keys transformed with secondary mixture



Cantus with secondary mixture prolongations spelled enharmonically



(continued on next page)

Decorated homophony with enharmonic key signature and cadential extension

	١		4	b		•		5		L	
			•	•			•			,	•
	1	Ľ	ПΠ	H	<b>=</b>			1	Þ		==
1		Į	•	ŧ			1	Ľ	ł	1	-

