## SECTION C2: ENGLISH TO LATIN SENTENCES

## Exercise C2.1: Nominative and accusative nouns

In each of the following sentences, either the subject or the object is in **purple**. Look at the Latin words in brackets and choose the right one to translate this noun: if the noun is the subject, you need a noun in the nominative case; if the noun is the object, you need a noun in the accusative case.

Remember to check whether the noun is singular or plural.

e.g	.The <b>king</b> praised his son.	(rex)/ regem)
1.	The daring Greek threw the <b>spear</b> .	(hasta / hastam)
2.	The brave woman took the <b>arrows</b> .	(sagittae / sagittās)
3.	The <b>sword</b> was huge.	(gladius / gladiī)
4.	The <b>bodies</b> were near the river.	(corpus / corpora)
5.	The children feared the <b>danger</b> .	(perīculum / perīcula)
6.	The Greek <b>spears</b> remained near the river.	(hastās / hastae)
7.	We feared war.	(bella / bellum)
8.	The <b>wood</b> was not huge.	(silva / silvam)
9.	The <b>river</b> was near the wood.	(flūmen / flūmina)
10.	There was <b>danger</b> near the arrows.	(perīculum / perīcula)