## Part I Investment Basics

## **INVESTMENT RETURN AND RISK**

1. Using a HP17B. Note that the repayments are monthly, so we then need to calculate the interest payable on a monthly basis.

Hence there will be  $20 \times 12 = 240$  payments.

FIN, TVM. NB. Set the payments at 1 P/YR (1 per period). The number of periods then becomes 240.

PV +100,000 IR 6.85/12 = 0.570833 FV 0 N 240 PMT -766.32

2. We take the monthly standard deviation and multiply by the square root of time. In this case,  $5.25 \ge \sqrt{12} = 18.19\%$ 

## Answer is (d)

3. First we calculate the purchase price of the CD

PRICE = 
$$\frac{\$1,000,000\left[1+\left(0.10\times\frac{180}{360}\right)\right]}{\left[1+\left(0.095\times\frac{90}{360}\right)\right]}$$
$$= \frac{\$1,050,000}{102275} = \$1,025,641.03$$

Then we calculate the sale price of the CD 30 days later as a 60 day CD

PRICE = 
$$\frac{\$1,050,000}{\left[1 + \left(0.096 \times \frac{60}{360}\right)\right]}$$

=

Then we work out the annual holding period return on a 365 day basis

$$\frac{\text{HOLDING PERIOD}}{\text{RETURN}} = \left\{ \frac{\$1,033,464.57 - \$1,025,641.03}{\$1,025,641.03} \right\} \times \frac{365}{30} \times 100$$

Answer is (b)

4. The loan commences on 30 Sept for 6-months, terminating on 31 March, 2003 [30 March is a Sunday]. Using the time function on the HP calculator, the actual days in this three-month period are 182.

Accordingly, given a act/365 day count convention, the interest payable on a  $\pounds 1m \text{ k} 0.04125 \text{ x} 182/365 = \pounds 20,568.49$ 

Answer is (b)

5. Cash flows = Years 1-5

Present Value of the cashflows Total PV	:	3790.79 5408.55 \$9,199.34 x (1.10) <sup>11</sup>
which gives a Future Value of : Required amount :		\$26,246.79 \$30,000.00
Deficiency		\$3,753.21

6-11

\$2000

\$1000

The additional three years annuity with a FV of \$3,753.21 would be met by equal instalments of \$1,133.91.

Answer is (c)