

LV Revision of the PPP (perfect passive participle)

1. A participle is a verbal adjective i.e it is an adjective formed from a part of a verb.
2. The PPP is formed from the 4th principal part of the verb (the supine) and declines like a 1st/2nd declension adjective eg like bonus – bona - bonum:

amo – amare – amavi – **amatum (supine)** > **amatus – a – um (ppp)**

moneo – ere – ui – **monitum (supine)** > **monitus – a – um (ppp)**

rego – ere – ui – **rectum (supine)** > **rectus – a – um (ppp)**

audio – ire – audivi – **auditum (supine)** > **auditus – a – um (ppp)**

3. Like all adjectives it must agree in number gender and case with the noun it is describing:

miles vulneratus

servus emptus

puella territa

urbs deleta

templum perfectum

4. Note that PPPs from most verbs are **passive** in meaning: amatus – a – um means (**having been**) **loved**. Now give the meanings of the other PPPs listed in number 2 above.
5. Translate the following phrases containing PPPs:
 - i) servus a domino liberatus
 - ii) urbs ab hostibus capta
 - iii) clamor militum a feminis auditus
 - iv) epistula a meo fratre missa
 - v) castra a Romanis oppugnata
 - vi) milites ab hostibus vulnerati
 - vii) hostes a Romanis victi
 - viii) tauri a sacerdotibus interfecti
 - ix) pecunia a puero inventa
 - x) templum a civibus aedificatum

6. Translate the following sentences into English:

- i) imperator a militibus visus de equo decedit

- ii) cena a coquo diligenter parata dominum valde delectavit

- iii) puer epistulam a matre missam legit

- iv) cives templum ab Imperatore aedificatum laudaverunt

- v) dominus servos liberatos ad cenam invitavit

- vi) imperator urbem captam incendit

- vii) servus libertatem pecunia inventa emit

- viii) clamor feminarum captarum dirus erat

- ix) castra Romana a barbaris oppugnata capta sunt

- x) sacerdos victimam interfectam diligenter inspexit