

# **CHAMPIONS HOCKEY LEAGUE FACTS & FIGURES**

### THE BRAND

**THE VISION I** To be Europe's greatest Hockey Competition.

**THE MISSION I** Give fans the most exciting hockey experience, give its stars the greatest platform on which to perform.

**ESSENCE** | Where Europe crowns its Champions.

**PROPOSITION |** Champions go beyond.

BRAND VALUES | European | Brave | Human | United | Unconventional

### **#CHAMPIONSGOBEYOND**

### **CHL HISTORY IN A NUTSHELL**

- Launched in 2014/15
- 4 successfully completed seasons
- 600 games played
- 74 clubs involved
- 13 leagues & 15 countries involved
- 3 different champions from 2 countries to date
  - 2015 Luleå Hockey (SWE)
  - 2016 & 2017 Frölunda Indians (SWE)
    2018 JYP Jyväskylä (FIN)
  - 2018 JYP J
     8 draws held

#### THE COMPETITION FORMAT

- 32 teams from 13 leagues
- Teams can only qualify on sporting merits
- No founding club shall automatically be granted playing rights
- A maximum of 5 teams per country
- The CHL Champions are automatically qualified for the next CHL season. However, this will not grant one extra place for the league of the CHL winners.

The current format is based on clear and measurable qualification criteria and was successfully launched from the 2017/18 season. It's now only 32 instead of 48 teams competing for the European Trophy. Narrowing down the field of participants has made the competition more exclusive and, with the removal of automatic playing rights for CHL founding teams, only the best qualify. Teams have to be champion or in the top places of in their domestic league to earn a place. This format change makes not only the Champions Hockey League, but also national leagues, more appealing. The "race to qualify" climaxes at the end of regular seasons and in the playoffs, delivering extra excitement to the fans, media and European club ice hockey.



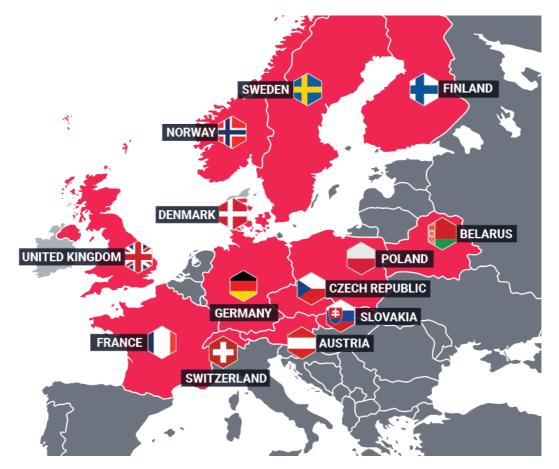
#### **PARTICIPATING LEAGUES**

The 2018/19 season will run with the same participating leagues as 2017/18 and 2016/17:

- Founding Leagues: Austria (EBEL), Czech Republic, Finland, Germany, Sweden and Switzerland.
- **Challenger Leagues:** Belarus, Denmark, France, Great Britain, Norway, Poland, Slovakia and the IIHF Continental Cup winners (Yunost Minsk, BLR).

There is one slight adaption regarding the qualification of the Continental Cup winners compared to previous seasons: If Yunost Minsk also win the national championship, no additional CHL spot will be granted to Belarus (e.g. to runners-up or regular season winners). The CHL will award a second wild card to the best-ranked challenger league instead, which is Slovakia.

Going forward, one of the CHL's challenges remains bringing the KHL on board. Should the KHL commit to join the league eventually, the allocation of places will be reviewed for the future. Further, the awarding of wild cards for the champions of challenger leagues is subject of formal approval by the CHL board every season.





#### **QUALIFICATION SYSTEM**

As previously pointed out, teams must earn their place in the CHL on the ice. Teams must reach one of the following criteria in order to become a CHL contestant:

- 1. CHL champions
- 2. National league champions
- 3. Regular season winners
- 4. Regular season runners-up
- 5. Losing playoff finalists
- 6. Higher regular season ranked losing semi-finalist
- 7. Lower regular season ranked losing semi-finalist
- 8. Third placed team in regular season

Great Britain is the lone exception as the EIHL, in line with their tradition, determines their national champion following the regular season (not in the playoffs).

#### Allocation of places per league

The number of places per league is allocated with the help of the CHL league ranking. This tool calculates the performance of teams in every CHL season and the better the teams perform, the more spots a league can achieve. However, the six founding leagues remain ranked 1-6 while all challenger leagues follow in accordance. For 2018/19, the previous four CHL seasons have been taken into consideration (weighted 100, 75, 50 and 25 percent – in which the newest season counts the most).

Pos.	League	Type *	Season 17/18		Season 16/17		Season 15/16		Season 14/15		Total
			100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	50%	100%	25%	
1	Sweden	F	100	100	95	71	100	50	100	25	246
2	Finland	F	90	90	90	68	95	48	95	24	230
3	Czech Republic	F	95	95	85	64	85	43	80	20	222
4	Switzerland	F	80	80	100	75	80	40	85	21	216
5	Germany	F	85	85	75	56	75	38	65	16	195
6	Austria (EBEL)	F	75	75	65	49	65	33	90	23	180
7	Slovakia	-	60	60	70	53	70	35	75	19	167
8	Belarus	-	70	70	80	60	65	33	0	0	163
9	Norway	-	55	55	50	38	90	45	70	18	156
10	Great Britain	-	65	65	60	45	45	23	55	14	147
11	Denmark	-	50	50	60	45	65	33	60	15	143
12	France	-	50	50	45	34	65	33	50	13	130
13	Poland	-	50	50	40	30	0	0	0	0	80

The CHL league ranking after the 2017/18 season looks as follows (online version see here):

\* F = Founding Leagues

According to the CHL league ranking, the founding leagues obtained for the 2018/19 season:

- 5 spots: Sweden and Finland
- 4 spots: Czech Republic and Switzerland
- 3 spots: Germany and Austria

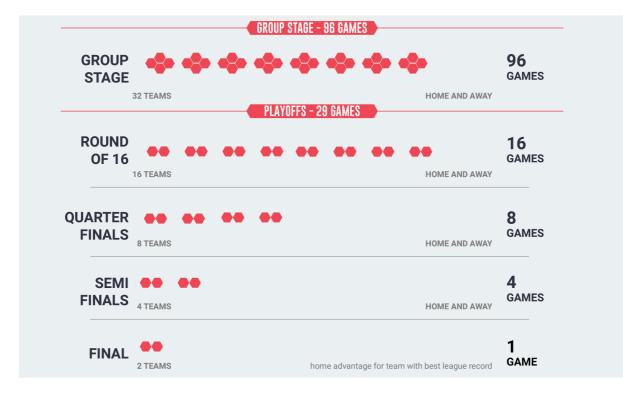
The granted spot to the 2018 champions, JYP Jväskylä, is included in the 5 spots for Finland.



#### PLAYING FORMAT

The 2018/19 season will kick off with the Group Stage Draw on 16 May 2018 in Copenhagen. Between August and February, a total of 125 games will be played over the course of 13 game days. Four teams in each of the eight groups will battle in the Group Stage for the playoffs. The top two teams in each group will advance to the Round of 16.

With the exception of the Final, all match-ups in the playoff stage will be two-game, home-and-away aggregate scoring series.



#### 2018/19 CHL CALENDAR

- Group Stage: 30 August 17 October 2018
  - Game Day 1: 30/31 August
  - Game Day 2: 1/2 September
  - Game Day 3: 6/7 September
  - Game Day 4: 8/9 September
  - Game Day 5: 9/10 October
  - Game Day 6: 16/17 October
- Round of 16: 6 November + 20/21 November 2018
- Quarter-Finals: 4/5 December 2017 + 11 December 2018
- Semi-Finals: 8/9 January 2018 + 15/16 January 2019
- Final: 5 February 2019



#### 6-YEAR-CONTRACT & INCREASE OF PRIZE MONEY

The CHL has extended its partnership with Infront, its exclusive media and marketing partner, for a six-year period until 2022/23. The agreement includes media rights sales, marketing of the event and commercial packages, overall venue management, digital services and management of the TV production.

The partnership not only allows the CHL to develop the product on a stable base, it also brings a significant increase of prize money: from a total of 1,5 mio. Euro in 2017/18 to 3,5 mio. Euro in 2022/23.

#### BROADCASTING

In 2017/18 Champions Hockey League games were broadcast by 27 broadcasters and digital platforms to 62 territories worldwide. Many contracts for the 2018/19 season onwards are already in place, however Infront will continue to negotiate with new media partners.

Country	Broadcaster	Until
Austria	ORF	2022/23
Belarus	BTRC	2019/20
Brazil	ESPN	2022/23
Canada	TSN	2018/19
China	CCTV	2017/18
Chinese Taipei	ELTA	2017/18
Czech Republic, Slovakia and Hungary	AMC (Sport 1/2)	2019/20
Denmark	TV2	2022/23
Estonia	ERR	2022/23
Finland	MTV3	2022/23
France and French Overseas Territories	L'Equipe	2020/21
Germany	Sport1	2022/23
Israel	Charlton (Sport 1)	2022/23
Latvia	Best4Sport	2022/23
Macau	TDM	2018/19
Poland	Eurosport	2018/19
Romania	TVR	2022/23
Serbia, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Croatia, Macedonia, Montenegro and Kosovo	Arena sport TV	2022/23
Slovenia	Sport TV	2022/23
Sweden	SVT and MTG (Viasat)	2022/23
Switzerland	SRG SSR and Telelcub	2022/23
Turkey	Sportstv	2022/23
UK & Ireland	Premier Sports	2022/23
USA and its territories	NHL Network	2018/19

(Founding leagues in bold)

## THE STRUCTURE

The Champions Hockey League AG (CHL) is a company established in 2013 in Switzerland that holds all rights of the Champions Hockey League and organises the competition. CHL is an AG (Aktiengesellschaft = Ltd.) registered in Zug under Swiss Law. As such the CHL is owned by shareholders and governed by a board which is elected by the CHL General Meeting, the league's legislative body

The shareholding structure of the company is as follows (link to online overview):

- 26 Founding Clubs: 63%
- 6 Founding Leagues: 25%
- **IIHF:** 12%

The shareholders of CHL have, through the General Meeting, appointed the CHL board which is the CHL's executive body.



### CHL IN THE DIGITAL WORLD

- <u>www.championshockeyleague.com</u>
- <u>facebook.com/championshockeyleague</u>
- instagram.com/championshockey
- <u>twitter.com/championshockey</u>
- <u>youtube.com/championshockeyleague</u>
- App: iOS I Android
- Hasthags: #championsgobeyond I #CHLDraw I #CHLFinal
- Game related hashtags: e.g. #VLHvsJYP

### MORE INFORMATION



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