# **Draft Lambeth Site Allocations DPD**

Site 18 286 – 362 Norwood Road, SE27

# Evidence



January 2022



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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### SADPD Objectives

- 1.1 This evidence demonstrates the approach taken to understanding the design-led optimisation of the site to inform the content of the draft site allocation policy for this site.
- 1.2 This evidence is in several parts. Part 2 contains an assessment of the site and its context and analysis of the opportunities and constraints these present. That assessment has informed the key design principles for approaching development on the site as set out in Part 3. The detailed analysis has allowed an indicative approach to massing and height to be developed which is set out in Part 4. The indicative approach has been tested to ensure it meets the key design principles and this testing is explained in Part 5. Part 6 concludes the evidence with the identification of key design considerations to be included within the SADPD Policy itself.
- 1.3 The indicative approach included in this evidence is one way to achieve design-led optimisation of the site, assuming it is comprehensively redeveloped. The indicative approach is for testing purposes only and does not have the status of planning policy or guidance. It is not intended to be prescriptive. Applicants and their architects are expected to develop their own approaches to optimisation of capacity within the context of the parameters, constraints and opportunities set out in the site allocation policy.
- 1.4 The indicative approach massing, in combination with land use analysis, has informed the approximate land use quantums included within the draft site allocation policy. As the indicative approach does not include detailed floor plan designs, a number of standard assumptions have been used to approximate the potential number of residential units, including London Plan space internal standards, London Plan and Local Plan external amenity space standards, Local Plan requirements for dual aspect residential units, Local Plan policy for dwelling size mix, and best practice separation distances for that context. For this reason, the indicative quantums included in the draft allocation are approximate and should not be read as absolute minima or maxima. Applicants and their architects may be able to demonstrate a different figure based on alternative design solutions to the site. Detailed planning assessment of design proposals at pre-application and planning application stage may also result in a variation on the indicative figures included in the draft site allocation policy.
- 1.5 Building height definitions can be found in Local Plan Policy Q26 . As storey heights vary according to the building use, they are not an accurate means to gauge height. For that reason, building heights are expressed in metres rather than storeys. Additionally, above Ordinance Datum (AOD) height is used to aid understanding of site and context topography in those circumstances where the topography is varied.
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# 2. SITE APPRAISAL / ANALYSIS

# Site Overview

2.1 Principal details of the site are outlined below:

Site Address

Site 18 – 286 – 362 Norwood Road, SE27



Figure 1 – Site boundary plan

# Site Context Photographs



2.2 The photographs in this section show the site and its context.

Figure 2 - Site overview image from the south.



Figure 3 - Looking south along Norwood road with the site on the right



Figure 4 - Along the Norwood Road frontage of the site some of the pavement is narrow.



Figure 5 - The Norwood footway to the northern end of the site is generous and tree-lined



Figure 6 - The architectural quality of buildings on the site is generally low to average.



Figure 7 - Waylett Place looking towards Norwood Road

#### **Site Character and Brief History**

- 2.3 The site fronts the western side of Norwood Road, is bounded to the north by York Hill and to the South by Lansdowne Hill. Its western side is bounded by the York Hill Estate which sits on higher ground (the site sits at the foot of a hill which rises to the west. The properties mostly date form the late 19<sup>th</sup> Century through to the mid / late 20<sup>th</sup> Century.
- 2.4 The site is located on a main road equidistant between Tulse Hill Railway Station and West Norwood Railway station.
- 2.5 The site is urban in character and the majority of properties contain town centre uses at ground floor retail and commercial premises with residential accommodation to the upper floors. There is one large purpose-built retail unit at 304 322 Norwood Road. There is no green open space. There is a small council owned car park at Waylett Place, a petrol filling station at nos. 300- 302 Norwood Road and an electricity sub station west on Thanet House on York Hill.
- 2.6 Although the site is large it is fragmented into multiple ownerships and there are no through routes north or south across it. There is a significant level change between the site and the York Hill Estate to its west which sits on higher ground.

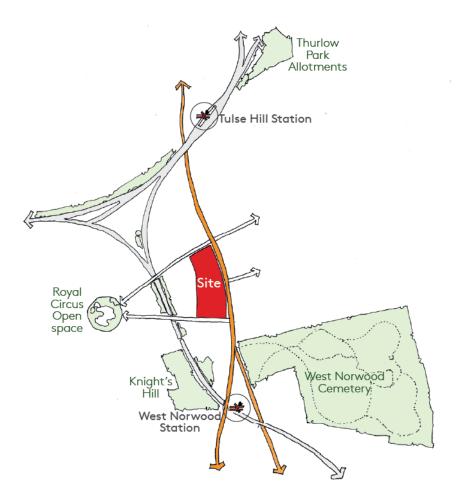
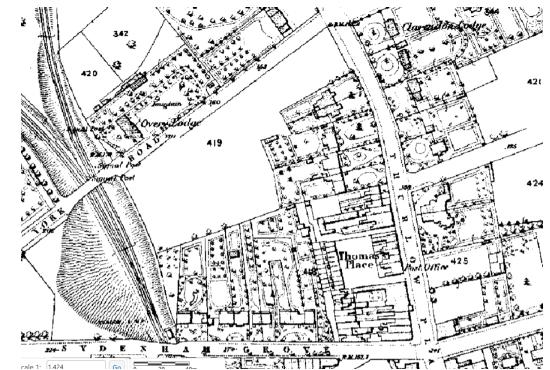


Figure 8 - Site context map

#### **Historical Maps**



2.7 The maps below illustrate the historical development of the site.

Figure 9 - 1870s OS map – locality is largely residential with villas the predominant building type.

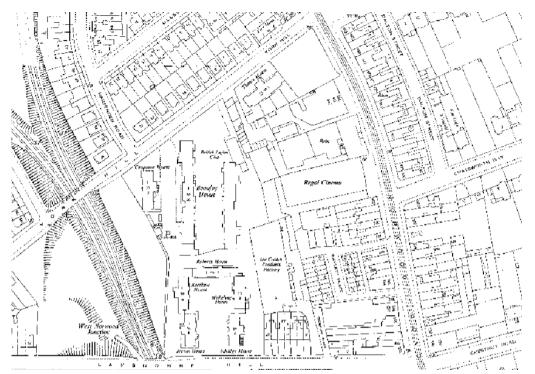


Figure 10 - 1950s OS – York Hill Estate is complete and the area now has a commercial character including a cinema. The commercial uses have crept northwards from the original centre.

# Site Context

## Local Character

2.8 West Norwood developed as a commuter suburb in the mid to late 19<sup>th</sup> Century and is largely residential in character. A significant feature of the locality is its hilly topography. The site sits at the foot of York Hill which rises to the west, Knights Hill starts rising a little to the south, Auckland Hill rises to the South East and Pilgrim Hill (with it a significant part of West Norwood Cemetery) sits on rising ground to the East. The rising ground presents numerous opportunities to view the site from elevated positions. Knights Hill is the location of a number of locally designated views. See later.

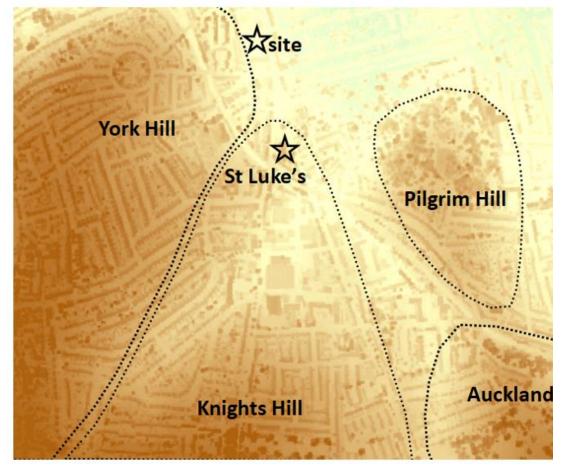


Figure 11 – local topography and landmark's

# **Building Heights**

2.9 The 19<sup>th</sup> Century residential development in the locality is generally two, three and four storeys in height. Inter-war and post-war blocks of flats in the locality generally rise to four or five storeys (plus lift over-runs / tank rooms).

2.10 The principal landmark building in West Norwood is St Luke's Church which sits on an elevated, prominent position at the foot of Knights Hill. It is the subject of a number of local views (see later).

#### **Building Uses**

2.11 Norwood Road is an active high street made up of lively ground floor retail and workspace units with residential upper floors. Waylett Place has a number of commercial garages and a public car park. The frontages to York Hill and Lansdowne Hill are largely residential.

#### **Heritage Assets**

#### **Designated Heritage Assets**

- 2.12 There are no designated heritage assets within the site.
- 2.13 The Lancaster Avenue Conservation Area lies to the NE of the site. It is characterised by 19<sup>th</sup> Century suburban housing. Its special interest is set out in detail within the Lancaster Avenue Conservation Area Character Appraisal, 2017 which is considered to be up-to-date. The setting of this conservation area is a material planning consideration.
- 2.14 The West Norwood Conservation Area sits to the SE of the site. It is characterised by the extensive West Norwood Cemetery and historic development around its perimeter. Its special interest is set out in detail within the draft West Norwood Conservation Area Character Appraisal, 2020. The setting of this conservation area is a material planning consideration.
- 2.15 The West Norwood Cemetery is a registered landscape. A purpose-designed cemetery (one of London's Magnificent Seven) it contains a high concentration of historic monuments many of which are individually listed. The setting of this landscape is a material planning consideration.
- 2.16 There are around 70 individually listed structures within West Norwood Cemetery mostly monuments and mausolea but also including gates and railings. Their settings are a material planning consideration.
- 2.17 St Luke's Church, Knights Hill is a grade II\* listed building. It stands some distance to the south of the site.
- 2.18 The former West Norwood Fire Station at no. 445 Norwood Road is a grade II listed building. It stands a little distance to the north of the site.

#### Non-designated heritage Assets

- 2.19 There are no non-designated heritage assets within the site.
- 2.20 No. 363-363 Norwood Road (local heritage list structure) sits to the immediate south of the site. Its special interest is in its Art Deco façade to Norwood Road.
- 2.21 Archaeological Priority Area 14 Levehurst Medieval Manor House

# **Designated Views**

# Strategic Views

2.22 The site is not subject to any strategic views.

Local Views

- 2.23 Policy Q25 of the Lambeth Local Plan identifies a number of views which require consideration:
  - <u>Landmark Silhouette (ii) View north along Knights Hill to St Luke's Church tower</u> here the viewer is at a similar level to St Luke's tower and the tower is seen in silhouette against clear sky. The site is on lower ground off to the left.
  - <u>Landmark Silhouette iii)</u> View S along Norwood Road of St Luke's Church tower The viewer is to the north of the church and standing opposite the site looking south towards the church. The church's principal façade and tower of the church terminate the vista down Norwood road. The buildings within the site frame the right side of the view.
  - Landmark Silhouette (iv) View north from Chapel Road along Weaver Walk of St Luke's <u>church tower</u> – the tower of the church is seen in silhouette against clear sky.
  - Panorama (iv) View N from Knights Hill (across LB Southwark) to the city Knights hill looking north - In this view St Luke's Church tower terminates the vista with the city's tall building cluster behind. The viewer is on an elevated position on Knights Hill. The site sits on lower ground to the left of the church tower.

### Routes, Access, Servicing and public realm

2.24 Commercial / retail access and servicing is largely via Norwood Road. There are no direct vehicular or pedestrian routes through the site at present. The limited public realm away from Norwood Road is generally poor. On Norwood Road the Victorian building line along the southern end of the site frontage limits the opportunity for generous public realm. At the northern end of the site, inter-war and post-war buildings are set back to provide a more generous public realm.

### **Planning and Emerging Context**

2.25 Policy PN7 of the Lambeth Local Plan sets out the neighbourhood policies for the locality.

### **Site Constraints and Opportunities**

2.26 The following constraints and opportunities exist:

 Constraints
 Opportunities

 Impermeable
 Improved connectivity

Level changes / topography

Town centre location

Improved public realm

Narrow footways

Neighbour adjacencies

Improved architectural quality

# 3. Design Approach

# Key Principles

3.1 In seeking to achieve a design-let optimisation of the site, site -specific design drivers include:

А	Respect Heritage Assets
	Cause no harm to the setting of designated or non-designated assets.
	In relation to this site that largely relates to the bulk, scale and mass
	of the blocks. Particular attention has been paid to the setting of
	West Norwood Cemetery as a conservation area, registered landscape
	and site of nearly 70 listed structures.
В	Improve Pedestrian Experience on Norwood Road
	This can be achieved by pulling back the building line to Norwood
	Road – allowing for a generous pedestrian footway which might be
	able to accommodate street trees, seating and other, similar
	amenities for town centre visitors.
С	Improve permeability
	This is considered important in order to optimise site potential and
	avoid undue reliance on Norwood Road, York Hill or Lansdowne Hill
	for servicing.
D	Ensure new routes / spaces are safe and legible
	Arranging buildings in a conventional manner to the street with clear
	entrances and good natural surveillance is considered essential.
E	Transport
	Deliver a more legible and permeable layout of streets which allows
	for the effecting servicing of development and integrates with the
	wider area.
F	Neighbour and future occupier amenity
	Ensure acceptable levels of amenity for new and existing residents.

# 4. Indicative Approaches

## OPTION 1

## Site Layout and Access

4.1 This Indicative Approach layout comprises a new commercial / retail frontage to Norwood Road with a more generous footway to provide increased public realm. A new public space near the junction with Chatsworth Way provides a welcome break in the street frontage. The remaining land behind the Norwood Road frontage is dissected by new network of side streets with west-east and north-south connections. These provide for access and servicing. The street layout has a degree of flexibility and allows for a variety of ground floor unit sizes with residential accommodation on podiums above. The layout accommodates a pedestrian connection through to the York Hill Estate.



Figure 12 - Indicative Approach 1– possible ground floor



Figure 13 - Indicative Approach 1– possible upper floors

# <u> Plans</u>

- 4.2 The layout follows conventional perimeter block development practices with entrances to street frontages and good natural surveillance. The active frontage to Norwood Road is anticipated to continue around the new public square to bring animation and public activity.
- 4.3 A high level of dual aspect accommodation is provided. Residential amenity space is provided at podium and roof-top level with defensible space at street level.

### **Building Heights and Massing**

4.4 The lowest building heights are placed to the perimeter of the site in a positive response to local context with heights of 5 storeys to York Hill and 5+2 (top two set back) to Norwood

Road. Within the site the heights increase gradually to tallest blocks within the site. The rising round to the west (York Hill) and the pronounced level change allows development on the lower ground level along to be up to 8 storeys without looking out of place in relation to the York Hill Estate which stands on the higher ground.

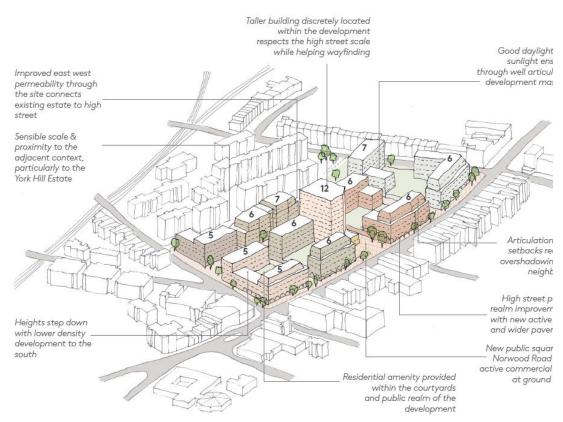


Figure 14 - Indicative Approach Option 1 - overview

# OPTION 2

### Site Layout and Access

4.5 The Indicative Approach 2 is an evolution of Approach 1 with the addition of a north -south service route connecting York Hill to Lansdowne Hill. This provides an alternative north-south for pedestrians who might prefer a quieter alternative route to Norwood Road.

### <u>Plans</u>

4.6 This north-south route allows development on its western side (adjoining York Hill Estate) to be solely residential in character (with ground floor amenity spaces etc.) and development on its eastern side to follow the arrangement set out in Approach 1.



Figure 15 - Indicative Approach 2– possible ground floor



Figure 16 - Indicative Approach 2– possible upper floors

### **Building Heights and Massing**

4.7 The heights and massing remain the same as Approach 1 but just reflects the different building configuration.

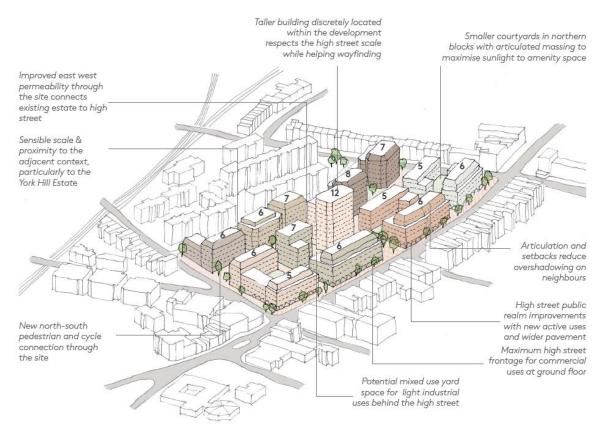


Figure 17 - Indicative Approach 2 - overview

# Indicative Approaches - Daylight and Sunlight

4.8 In planning the Indicative Approach Options the objective has been to ensure that it is generally consistent with the established parameters for daylight and sunlight best practice for inner urban / urban locations, having regard in particular to sensitive residential neighbours (the locations of which are identified in the draft site allocation policy), and to the quality of new residential accommodation on the site. That said, any scheme that comes forward would be required to demonstrate an acceptable response to daylight and sunlight constraints and overshadowing and will be independently tested at planning application stage in accordance with the BRE's publication: 'Site layout planning for daylight and sunlight: a guide to good practice (BR209)' and relevant Mayoral policy and guidance.

# 5. Appraisal of the Indicative Approaches

### Townscape and Visual Impact Assessment (TVIA) Summary

- 5.1 A townscape and visual impact assessment has been undertaken with three principal objectives:
- firstly, to ensure that the impact on Strategic and Local views is acceptable in relation to view composition and appreciation,
- secondly, to ensure that the townscape effects of the development are acceptable; in this
  regard the starting point has been that a degree of noticeable townscape change is inevitable
  but it should not be discordant or unduly dominant in its context; and
- thirdly, to ensure no harm to the significance (including setting) of heritage assets.
- 5.2 In accordance with best practice there has been no presumption that change within the setting of heritage assets is automatically harmful. Instead, the contribution of setting to the significance of the asset has been at the forefront of assessments and thus how that significance might be influenced by changes to the context.
- 5.3 This height and massing exercise has informed conclusions about whether the site is an appropriate location for a tall building(s) as defined by Policy Q26 of the Lambeth Local Plan. The indicative approach is considered to constitute the optimum level of development capacity for the site. This does not preclude other possible approaches to optimisation coming forward, in different forms, through the planning process.
- 5.4 Sixteen views were tested to understand the impact of the Indicative Approach on its context. The detailed analysis on each view is contained in Appendix 1 and the findings are summarised below:

TVIA View	Indicative Approach Option 1	Indicative Approach Option 2
TVIA IMAGE 1– Lambeth	The Indicative Approach is not	The Indicative Approach is not
Local View – Landmark	visible. No effect.	visible. No effect.
Silhouette (ii) View N along Knights Hill		
TVIA IMAGE 2- Lambeth	The increase in mass and	The increase in mass and
Local View – Landmark	height on the right hand side	height on the right hand side
Silhouette (iii) View S along	of the view does not	of the view does not
Norwood Road	compromise the viewer's	compromise the viewer's
	ability to appreciate the	ability to appreciate the
	church. No harm to the view.	church. No harm to the view.
	No harm to the setting of the	No harm to the setting of the
	Grade II* listed church. No	Grade II* listed church. No
	harm to the setting of the	harm to the setting of the
	West Norwood Conservation	West Norwood Conservation
	Area.	Area.
TVIA IMAGE 3 - Lambeth	The highest part of the	The highest parts of the
Local View – Panorama View	Indicative Approach is visible	Indicative Approach are visible

(iii) View along Weaver Walk	to the left of the church.	to the left of the church.
from Chapel Road	However, it is not so large as	However, they are not so large
nom chaper toad	to be dominant or distracting	as to be dominant or
	in the view. Nor does it	distracting in the view. Nor do
	prevent the viewer from	they prevent the viewer from
	appreciating the church tower	appreciating the church tower
	in silhouette. No harm to the	in silhouette. No harm to the
	view. No harm to the setting	view. No harm to the setting
	of the listed building.	of the listed building.
TVIA IMAGE 4- Lambeth	The highest part of the	The highest parts of the
Local View – Panorama View	Indicative Approach is visible	Indicative Approach are visible
(iv) View N from Knights Hill	off to the left of the church	off to the left of the church
	tower. It is not within the	tower. They are not within
	view cone but off to the left	the view cone but off to the
	and will be largely screened by	left and will be largely
	trees, if glimpsed it is not so	screened by trees, if glimpsed
	large as to be dominant or	they will not be so large as to
	distracting in the wider	be dominant or distracting in
	townscape. Nor does it	the wider townscape. Nor do
	prevent the viewer from	they prevent the viewer from
	appreciating the church tower	appreciating the church tower
	I silhouette. No townscape	I silhouette. No townscape
	harm. No harm to the view.	harm. No harm to the view.
	No harm to the setting of the	No harm to the setting of the
	listed building.	listed building.
TVIA IMAGE 5- West	The highest element of the	The highest elements of the
Norwood Cemetery -	Indicative Approach is clearly	Indicative Approach will break
Western Perimeter Path	visible on the tree-capped	the tree-capped ridgeline.
Western enneter attr	ridgeline. However, it will	However, they will neither be
	neither be dominant nor	dominant nor distracting in
	distracting in this view	this view due to the relatively
	because of the partial tree	compact forms and degree of
	screening and general low	foreground tree screening. No
	form / horizontal emphasis.	harm to the setting of the
	No harm to the setting of the	grade II* listed church as it
	grade II* listed church as it	retains its dominance. No
	retains its dominance. No	harm to the setting of the
	harm to the setting of the	West Norwood Conservation
	West Norwood Conservation	Area. No harm to the setting
	Area. No harm to the setting	of the Cemetery as a
	of the Cemetery as a	registered landscape.
	registered landscape.	
TVIA IMAGE 6 - West	The highest part of the	The highest part of the
Norwood Cemetery – west	Indicative Approach is visible	Indicative Approach is visible
side near boundary wall	in the distance and will reveal	in the distance and will reveal
	itself as the viewer proceeds	itself as the viewer proceeds
	northwards. However, in	northwards. However, in
	reality due to the significant	reality, due to the significant
	tree screening, it will have a	tree screening, it will have a
	negligible effect on the	negligible effect on the
	appreciation of the landscape	appreciation of the landscape

	or significance of the	or significance of the
	cemetery. No harm to the	cemetery. No harm to the
	setting of the West Norwood	setting of the West Norwood
	Conservation Area. No harm	Conservation Area. No harm
	to the setting of the Cemetery	to the setting of the Cemetery
	as a registered landscape.	as a registered landscape
TVIA IMAGE 7 - West	The tallest part of the	The tallest parts of the
Norwood Cemetery – Main	Indicative Approach rises	Indicative Approach are seen
roadway leading to entrance	behind the dome of the	behind the dome of the
	Longsdon mausoleum.	Longsdon mausoleum.
	However, the road is curved	However, the road is curved
	and as the viewer proceeds	and as the viewer proceeds
	the two forms will separate	the two forms will separate
	again; the effect in the view is	again. The effect in the view is
	therefore fleeting.	therefore fleeting.
	Furthermore, the presence of	Furthermore, the presence of
	the mature trees and the	the mature trees and the
	distance between the dome	distance between the dome
	and the Indicative approach	and the Indicative approach
	need also to be considered.	need also to be considered.
	The Indicative approach is	The Indicative approach is
	clearly a distant, separate	clearly a distant, separate
	structure which sits well	structure which sits well
	within the tree screen and is	within the tree screen and is
	not eye-catching or unduly	not eye-catching or unduly
	discordant. No harm to the	discordant. No harm to the
	setting of the Conservation	setting of the Conservation
	Area, the setting of the	Area, the setting of the
	Cemetery as a registered	Cemetery as a registered
	landscape or to the settings of	landscape or to the settings of
	the mausoleums.	the mausoleums.
TVIA IMAGE 8 – High Street	The highest part of the	The highest part of the
at St Luke's Churchyard	Indicative approach is	Indicative approach is
	glimpsed across the rooftops.	glimpsed across the rooftops.
	It is marginally taller than the	It is marginally taller than the
	chimneypots of the middle	chimneypots of the middle
	ground buildings. It is	ground buildings. It is
	noticeable but not unduly	noticeable but not unduly
	dominant or distracting. No	dominant or distracting. No
	townscape harm. No harm to	townscape harm. No harm to
	the setting of the West	the setting of the West
	Norwood Conservation Area.	Norwood Conservation Area.
TVIA IMAGE 8 – High Street	The tallest element of the	The tallest element of the
at Dunbar Street	Indicative Approach provides a	Indicative Approach provides a
	visual termination at the end	visual termination at the end
	of the vista and announces the	of the vista and announces the
	heart of the town centre.	heart of the town centre. The
	The careful selection of locally distinct materials should	careful selection of locally distinct materials should
	ensure that any massing here	ensure that any massing here
	integrates well into the	integrates well into the

	La constant Nuclear and the	1
	townscape. No harm to the	townscape. No harm to the
	setting of the West Norwood	setting of the West Norwood
	Conservation Area. No	Conservation Area. No
	townscape harm.	townscape harm.
TVIA IMAGE 10 – Norwood	The tallest element of the	The tallest element of the
High Street at West	Indicative Approach provides a	Indicative Approach provides a
Norwood Library	visual termination at the end	visual termination at the end
	of the vista and announces the	of the vista and announces the
	heart of the town centre. The	heart of the town centre. The
	careful selection of locally	careful selection of locally
	distinct materials should	distinct materials should
	ensure that any massing here	ensure that any massing here
	integrates well into the	integrates well into the
	townscape. No harm to the	townscape. No harm to the
	setting of the West Norwood	setting of the West Norwood
	Conservation Area. No	Conservation Area. No
	townscape harm.	townscape harm.
TVIA IMAGE 11 – Norwood	The Indicative Approach is	The Indicative Approach is
Road at Cemetery Entrance	seen ahead enclosing the	seen ahead enclosing the
Gates	western side of the Norwood	western side of the Norwood
	Road frontage. Additionally,	Road frontage. Additionally,
	the highest part can be	the highest part can be
	glimpsed above the	glimpsed above the
	foreground roofscape; it is	foreground roofscape; it is
	neither unduly dominant nor	neither unduly dominant nor
	distracting. The townscape	distracting. The townscape
	effect is acceptable. No harm	effect is acceptable. No harm
	to the setting of the West	to the setting of the West
	Norwood Conservation Area.	Norwood Conservation Area.
TVIA IMAGE 12- Chatsworth	The greatest height within the	The greatest height within the
Way at corner of Idmiston	Indicative approach provides a	Indicative approach provides a
Road	visual termination at the end	visual termination at the end
	of the road – announcing the	of the road – announcing the
	presence of the town centre.	presence of the town centre.
	It is clearly noticeable but not	It is clearly noticeable but not
	discordant and the breadth of	discordant and the breadth of
	Chatsworth Way ensures it	Chatsworth Way ensures it
	that does not appear unduly	that does not appear unduly
	dominant. Tree screening will	dominant. Tree screening will
	soften the effect further. The	soften the effect further. The
	careful selection of locally	careful selection of locally
	distinct materials should	distinct materials should
	ensure that any massing here	ensure that any massing here
	integrates well into the	integrates well into the
	locality. No townscape harm.	locality. No townscape harm.
TVIA IMAGE 13 – Devane	The Indicative Approach's	The Indicative Approach
Way open space at rear of	highest part will appear as a	massing will appear as a
Julian's Primary School	distant form which is partially	distant group partially
	screened by the leisure centre.	screened by the leisure centre.
	Should the viewer move to the	Should the viewer move to the
	right the whole for will be	right the whole form will be
	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>

	revealed. That said,	revealed. That said,
	foreground planting will	foreground planting will
	provide a strong degree of	provide a strong degree of
	screening. The high quality	screening The high quality
	contemporary architecture of	contemporary architecture of
	the leisure centre is not	the leisure centre is not
	sensitive to the presence of	sensitive to the presence of
	other complementary modern	other complementary modern
	development. No townscape	development. No townscape
	harm.	harm.
TVIA IMAGE 14 –Norwood	The Norwood Road frontage	The Norwood Road frontage
Road near junction with	blocks of the Indicative	blocks of the Indicative
Chestnut Road	Approach are pulled back	Approach are pulled back
	from the existing building line	from the existing building line
	to provide a more generous	to provide a more generous
	footway. The set-back upper	footway. The set-back upper
	floors help integrate the	floors help integrate the
	buildings with their context.	buildings with their context.
	The highest part of the	The highest part of the
	Indicative approach is	Indicative approach is
	glimpsed in the backdrop. The	glimpsed in the backdrop. The
	whole appears as a coherent,	whole appears as a coherent,
	contemporary group.	contemporary group.
	Townscape effect is beneficial.	Townscape effect is beneficial.
TVIA IMAGE 15 – Norwood	The Norwood Road frontage	The Norwood Road frontage
Road near corner with	blocks of the indicative	blocks of the indicative
Lancaster Avenue	approach enclose the western	approach enclose the western
	side of the road. The set-back	side of the road. The set-back
	upper floors help integrate the	upper floors help integrate the
	buildings with their context	buildings with their context
	and the building line follows	and the building line follows
	the curved road alignment and	the curved road alignment and
	maintains a sense of	maintains a sense of
	enclosure. Townscape effect	enclosure. Townscape effect
	is beneficial.	is beneficial.
TVIA IMAGE 16 –Lancaster	Option 1 – the Indicative	Option 2 - the Indicative
Avenue near junction with	Approach is visible at the end	Approach is visible at the end
Thurlow Park Road	of the vista although, in	of the vista although, in
	reality, trees will largely	reality, trees will largely
	screen most of the lower part	screen most of the lower part
	from view. The highest part of	from view. The highest part of
	the Indicative Approach will	the Indicative Approach will
	be appreciable across the	be appreciable across the
	rooftops in the distance. It is a	rooftops in the distance. It is a
	compact form which is not	compact form which is not
	dominant or distracting. It	dominant or distracting. It
	announces the presence of	announces the presence of
	the town centre at the end of	the town centre at the end of
	the vista. No harm to the	the vista. No harm to the
	setting of the conservation	setting of the conservation
	area. No townscape harm.	area. No townscape harm.

# **Effect on Heritage Assets**

5.5 The Indicative Approach has been assessed for its effect on the significance (including setting) of heritage assets. The has required an understanding of the significance of each asset and especially the contribution that the setting makes to that significance. The objective has been to ensure no adverse effect on significance. The conclusions are set out in the below.

Asset and Significance	Indicative Approach -Option 1	Indicative Approach -Option 2
St Luke's Church, Knight's	The bulk and massing of	The bulk and massing of
<u>Hill (Grade II*)-</u> With an	Option 1 is not harmful to	Option 2 is not harmful to
imposing local landmark	setting in the relevant locally	setting in the relevant locally
spire which is the subject of	designated views (Views 2 and	designated views (Views 2 and
a number of local views.,	3). In views from west	3). In views from west
this buildings stands some	Norwood cemetery the	Norwood cemetery the
distance to the south of the	tower's landmark status is not	tower's landmark status is not
site.	undermined by the highest	undermined by the highest
	part of Option 1 (View 5). No	part of Option 1 (View 5). No
	harm to setting.	harm to setting.
445 Norwood Road (Grade	Site is some distance to the	Site is some distance to the
II) – this is the former fire	south and forms part of the	south and forms part of the
station which stands on the	wider urban context of this	wider urban context of this
eastern side of Norwood	building. However, the best	building. However, the best
road to the north of the site.	views to the listed building are	views to the listed building are
	looking eastward, north	looking eastward, north
	eastward and south eastward.	eastward and south eastward.
	Option 1 will not affect these	Option 2 will not affect these
	views. No harm to setting.	views. No harm to setting.
Lancaster Avenue	The Indicative Approach	The Indicative Approach
Conservation Area – a wide,	Option 1 will be visible as a	Option 2 will be visible as a
Victorian suburban road to	distance form in long views	distance form in long views
the east of the site. The	from the eastern end of	from the eastern end of
conservation area is not	Lancaster Avenue. However,	Lancaster Avenue. However,
particularly reliant on its	it won't diminish the	it won't diminish the
wider setting for its	townscape or architectural	townscape or architectural
significance.	quality of the conservation	quality of the conservation
	area. No harm to setting.	area. No harm to setting.
West Norwood Cemetery	The landscape is extensive and	The landscape is extensive and
(registered landscape) - The	experienced along serpentine	experienced along serpentine
cemetery occupies a hillside	drives and walks through	drives and walks through
topography transverse with	mature trees. The Option will	mature trees. The Option will
serpentine drives and walks.	only be visible in views N from	only be visible in views N from
There is much mature tree	the cemetery where the tree	the cemetery where the tree
planting. The historic	cover is thin. The highest part	cover is thin. The highest part
monuments are a key	of Option 1 will be a modest	of Option 2 will be a modest
feature of the landscape	addition to the distant	addition to the distant
character.	townscape in most views from	townscape in most views from
	the low grounds northern end	the low grounds northern end
	of the cemetery (see views 6	of the cemetery (see views 6
	and 7). It will be most	and 7). It will be most
	noticeable in View 5 but even	noticeable in View 5 but even

West Norwood Conservation Area – This designation comprises the cemetery and some surrounding urban development including parts of the town centre to the west of the cemetery.	then, its modest presence in relation to the expansive landscape is not distracting or dominant. No harm to setting. In general townscape terms Option 1 will appear as a natural extension of the urban character when viewed from within the conservation area at Knights Hill, Norwood Road and Norwood High Street. Within the cemetery the highest part will be visible as a distant, contemporary form which, for most part will be screened by trees. See Views 5, 6, 7,8, 9, 10, 11. No harm to setting.	then, its modest presence in relation to the expansive landscape is not distracting or dominant. No harm to setting. In general townscape terms Option 1 will appear as a natural extension of the urban character when viewed from within the conservation area at Knights Hill, Norwood Road and Norwood High Street. Within the cemetery the highest part will be visible as a distant, contemporary form which, for most part will be screened by trees. See Views 5, 6, 7,8, 9, 10, 11. No harm to setting.
364-366 Norwood Road (local list) - this is a former Woolworth's store with an Art Deco frontage. It is an established feature on the Norwood Road frontage to the south of the site and sits in a row of relatively low quality buildings. It is not reliant on its setting for its architectural significance. The site is to the north.	This building is best appreciated when viewed from the northeast (where the front and flank can be viewed together obliquely). In that view Option 1 will be off to the right and not affect the viewers appreciation of the facades. In more general views such as that from the south (View 11) Option 1 will improve the general townscape / architectural quality and thus enhance the setting. No harm to setting.	This building is best appreciated when viewed from the northeast (where the front and flank can be viewed together obliquely). In that view Option 2 will be off to the right and not affect the viewers appreciation of the facades. In more general views such as that from the south (View 11) Option 2 will improve the general townscape / architectural quality and thus enhance the setting. No harm to setting.
Archaeological Priority Area 14 – Levehurst Medieval Manor House – this is located to the south west of the site on the other side of he railway line. This asset does not have a setting	No effect.	No effect.

### 6.0 Conclusion

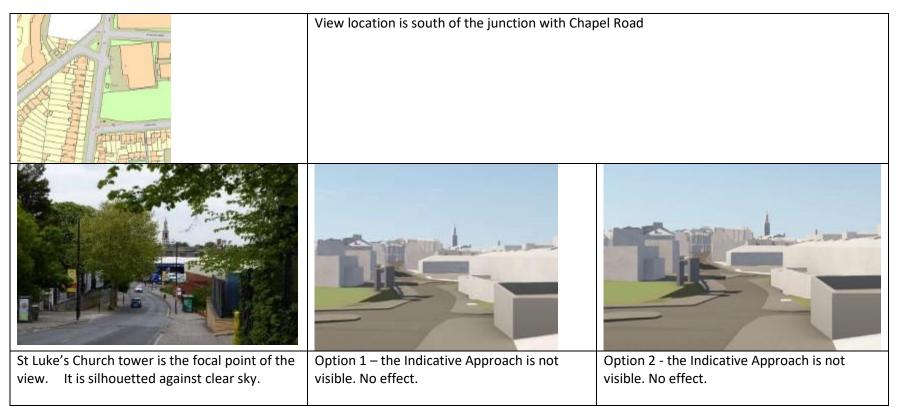
6.1 The indicative approach has been informed by site constraint analysis and has been tested at the level of general massing and height to ensure acceptable impacts in relation to daylight and sunlight, views, townscape, and heritage. This analysis has found the approach to successfully address the various opportunities and constraints identified. In light of this work, it is recommended that the site allocation policy includes the design points outlined in the table below.

Торіс	Recommendation
Built heritage	The settings of heritage assets should not be harmed. Especially St Luke's Church and West Norwood Cemetery.
height	The centre of the site can accommodate a degree of height – c36m if well that height is well integrated with the locality by stepping the other heights within the site down towards the site perimeter. A parapet line to Norwood Road with subordinate 'roof top' type forms above will assist with such integration
Design quality	High quality design using brick (the prevailing local material) will help integration with the locality
Connectivity	A new street network which better integrates with the wider locality and allows for in-site servicing
Public realm	Widened footways to Norwood Road, a new open space off Norwood Road present significant opportunities to improve the quality of the visitor experience to West Norwood Town Centre.
Enhanced environment	Public realm improvements and new routes present opportunities for tree lined streets and other urban greening.
Activation and natural surveillance.	Active ground floor frontages and good overlooking to all public routes.

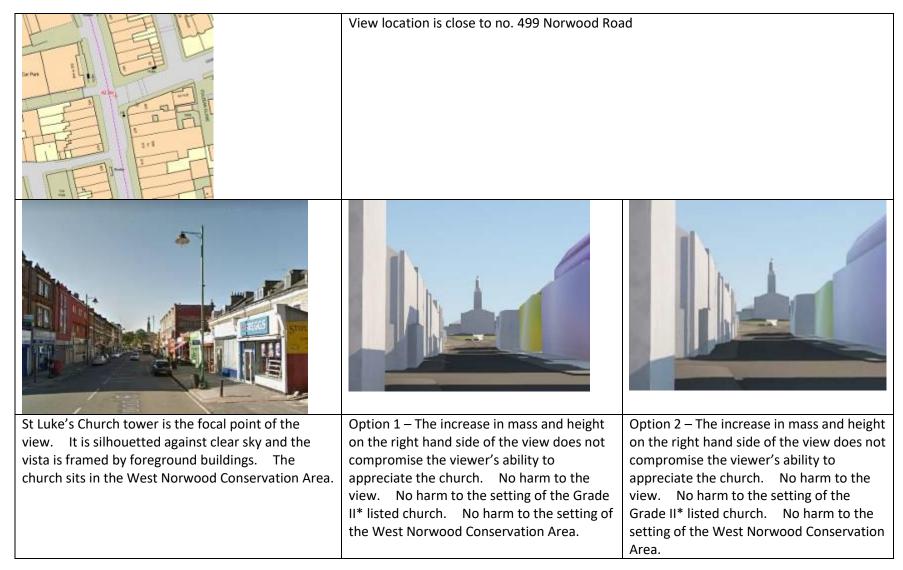
### **APPENDIX 1**

# Townscape and Visual Impact Assessment - Views Analysis

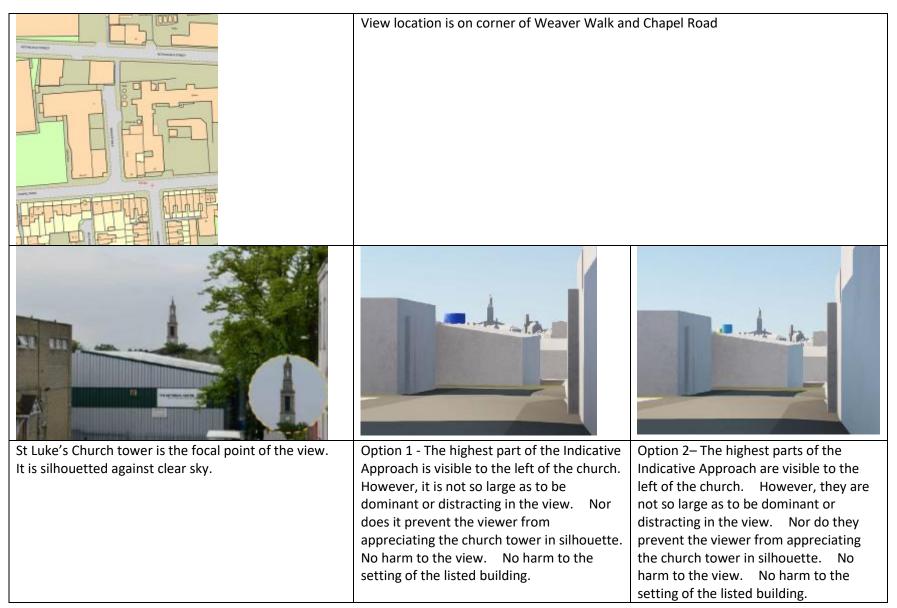
### TVIA IMAGE 1– Lambeth Local View – Landmark Silhouette (ii) View N along Knights Hill



#### TVIA IMAGE 2- Lambeth Local View – Landmark Silhouette (iii) View S along Norwood Road



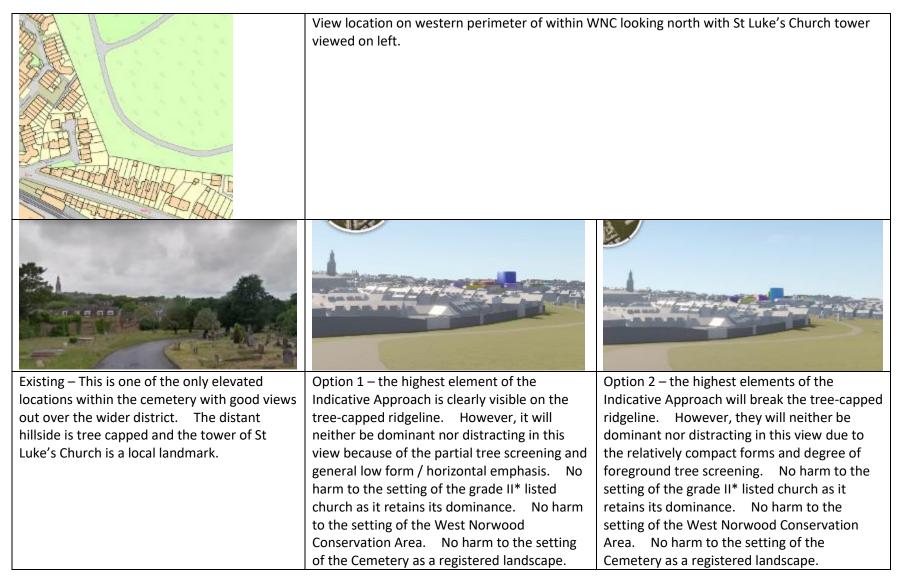
#### TVIA IMAGE 3 - Lambeth Local View – Panorama View (iii) View along Weaver Walk from Chapel Road



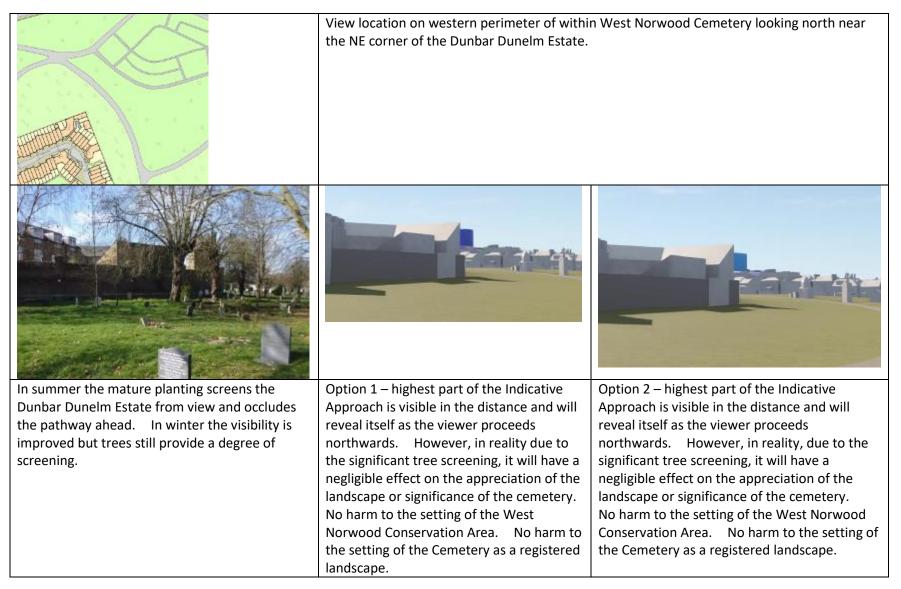
	View location is near no. 151 Knights Hill		
St Luke's Church tower is the focal point of	Option 1 - The highest part of the Indicative	Option 2 – The highest parts of the Indicative	
the view. It is silhouetted against clear sky	Approach is visible off to the left of the church	Approach are visible off to the left of the	
and terminates the vista along Knight's Hill.	tower. It is not within the view cone but off	church tower. They are not within the view	
	to the left and will be largely screened by	cone but off to the left and will be largely	
	trees, if glimpsed it is not so large as to be	screened by trees, if glimpsed they will not be	
	dominant or distracting in the wider	so large as to be dominant or distracting in the	
	townscape. Nor does it prevent the viewer	wider townscape. Nor do they prevent the	
	from appreciating the church tower I	viewer from appreciating the church tower I	
	silhouette. No townscape harm. No harm	silhouette. No townscape harm. No harm	
	to the view. No harm to the setting of the	to the view. No harm to the setting of the	
	listed building.	listed building.	

# TVIA IMAGE 4- Lambeth Local View – Panorama View (iv) View N from Knights Hill

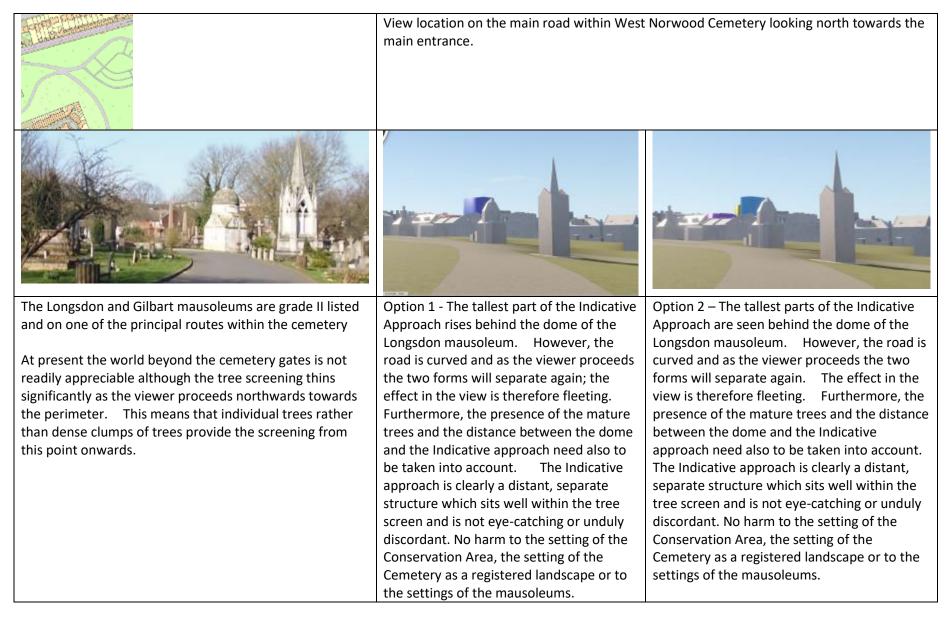
#### **TVIA IMAGE 5- West Norwood Cemetery - Western Perimeter Path**



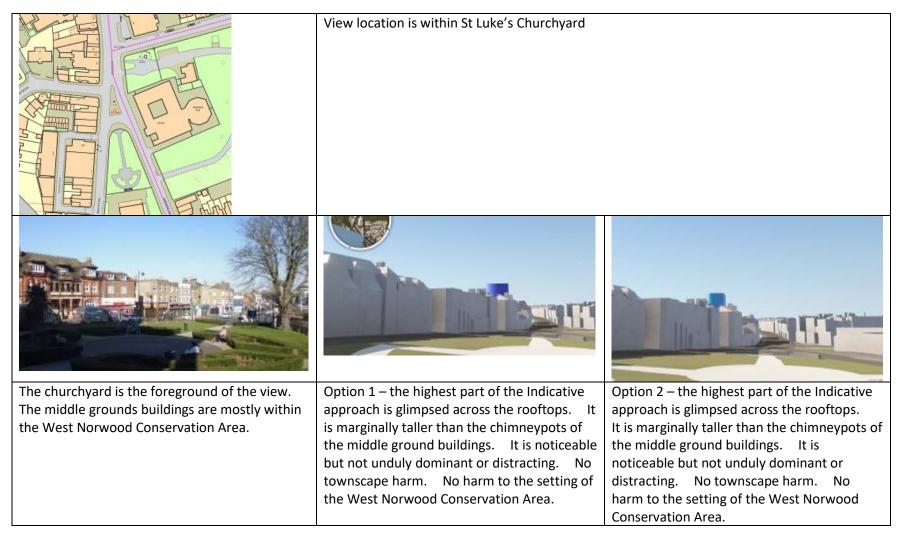
#### TVIA IMAGE 6 - West Norwood Cemetery – west side near boundary wall



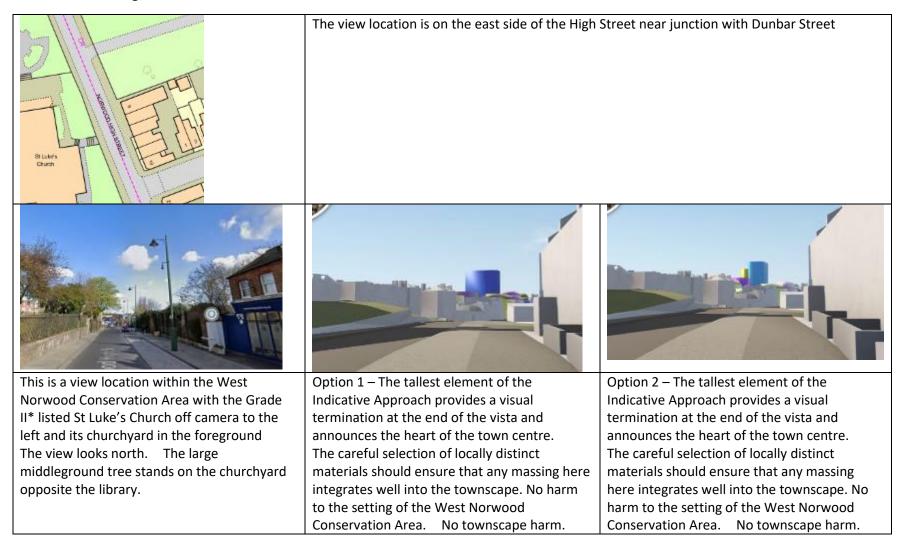
#### TVIA IMAGE 7 - West Norwood Cemetery – Main roadway leading to entrance



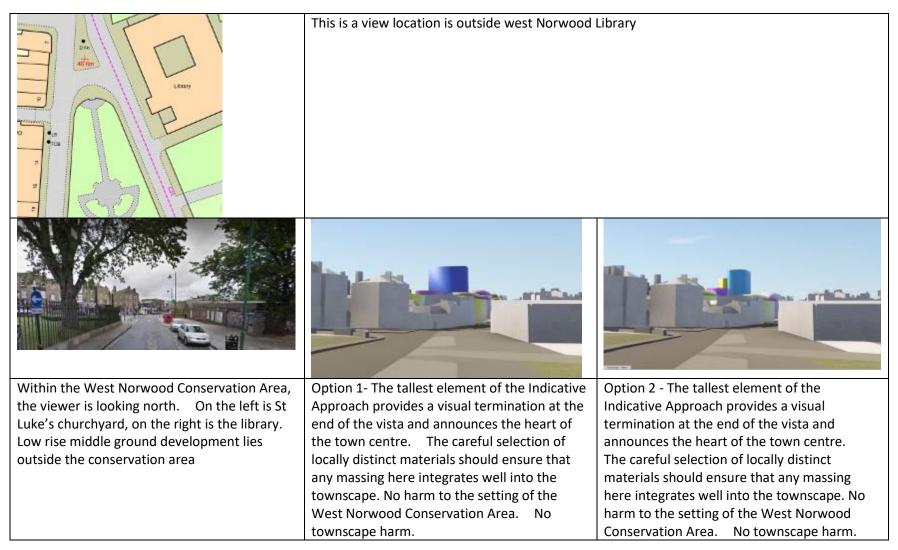
#### TVIA IMAGE 8 – High Street at St Luke's Churchyard



#### **TVIA IMAGE 8 – High Street at Dunbar Street**



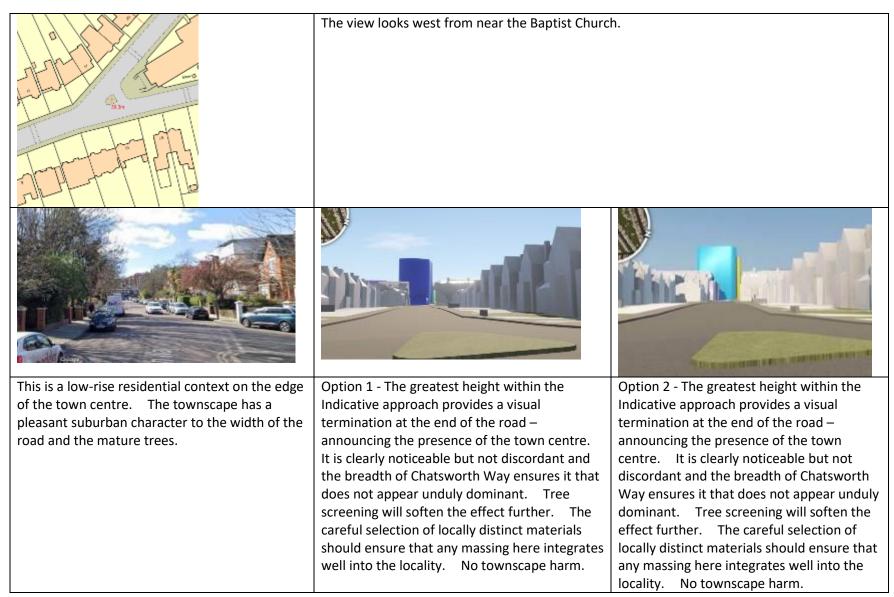
#### TVIA IMAGE 10 – Norwood High Street at West Norwood Library



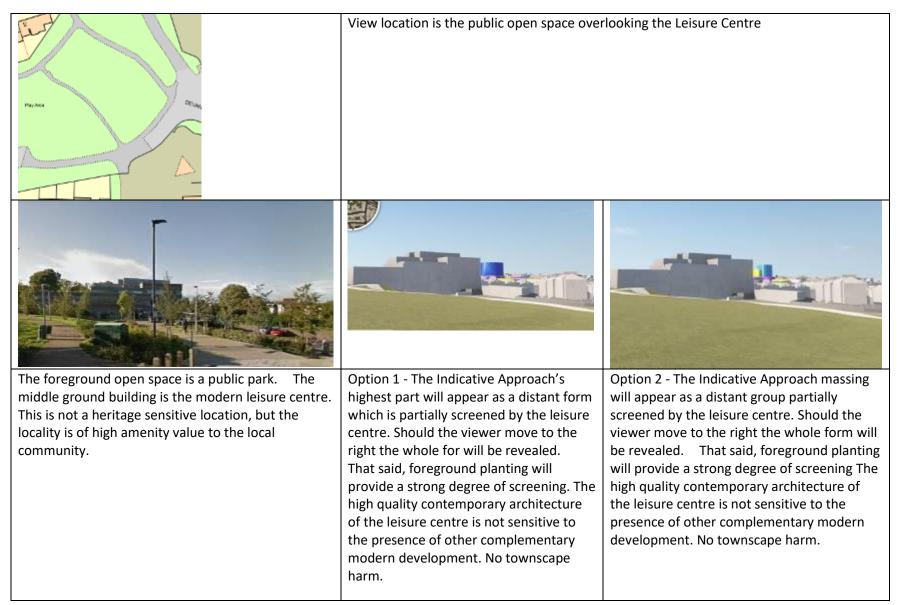
TVIA IMAGE 11 – Norwood Road at Cemetery Entrance Gates

	View location is at the West Norwood Cemetery	gates
This view location on Norwood High Street	Option 1 - The Indicative Approach is seen	Option 2 - The Indicative Approach is seen
looking north out of the West Norwood Conservation Area and along Norwood Road.	ahead enclosing the western side of the Norwood Road frontage. Additionally, the	ahead enclosing the western side of the Norwood Road frontage. Additionally,
The middle ground buildings on the right are	highest part can be glimpsed above the	the highest part can be glimpsed above
within the conservation area.	foreground roofscape; it is neither unduly	the foreground roofscape; it is neither
	dominant nor distracting. The townscape	unduly dominant nor distracting. The
	effect is acceptable. No harm to the setting of the West Norwood Conservation Area.	townscape effect is acceptable. No harm to the setting of the West Norwood
	of the West Norwood conservation Area.	Conservation Area.

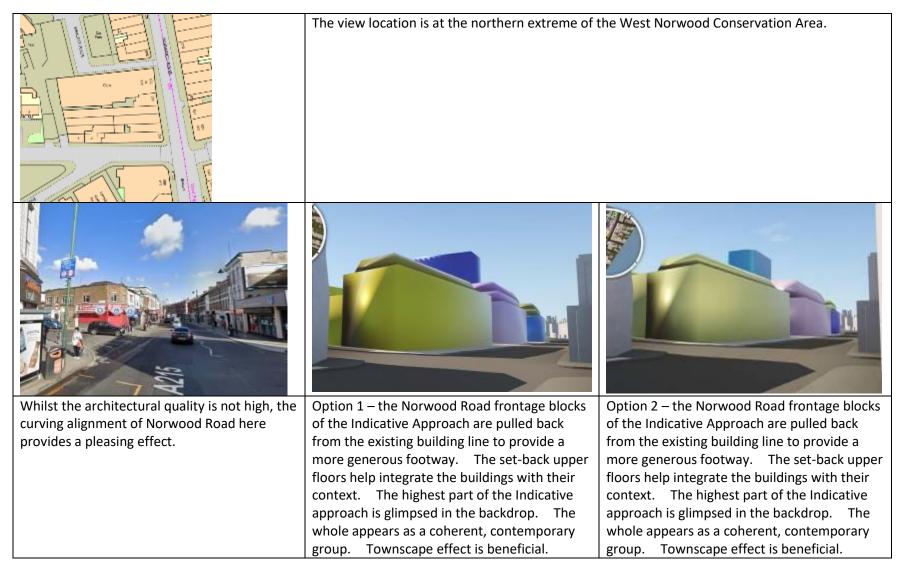
#### TVIA IMAGE 12- Chatsworth Way at corner of Idmiston Road

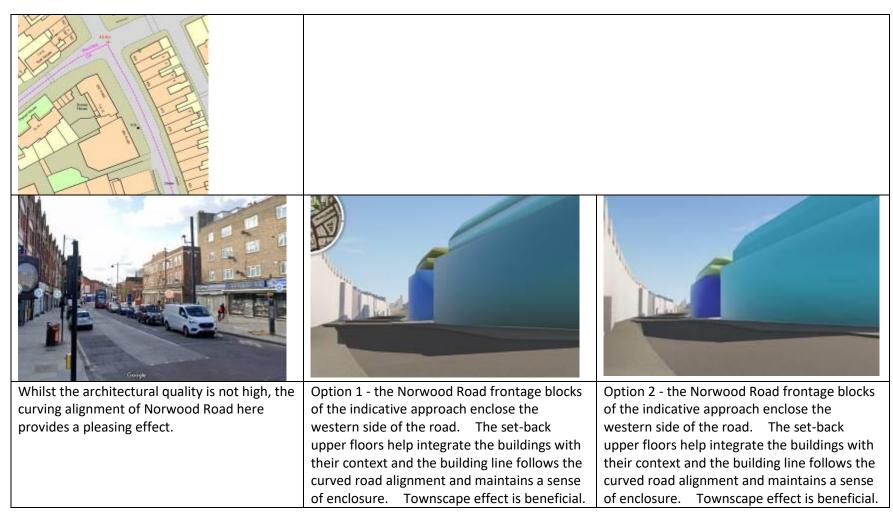


#### TVIA IMAGE 13 – Devane Way open space at rear of Julian's Primary School



#### TVIA IMAGE 14 – Norwood Road near junction with Chestnut Road





TVIA IMAGE 15 – Norwood Road near corner with Lancaster Avenue

# TVIA IMAGE 16 –Lancaster Avenue near junction with Thurlow Park Road

	The view location is within the Lancaster Aven	ue Conservation Area
The viewer is looking along the length of Lancaster Avenue which is all designated as a conservation area. The road is very wide and the townscape character is spacious	Option 1 – the Indicative Approach is visible at the end of the vista although, in reality, trees will largely screen most of the lower part from view. The highest part of the Indicative Approach will be appreciable across the rooftops in the distance. It is a compact form which is not dominant or distracting. It announces the presence of the town centre at the end of the vista. No harm to the setting of the conservation area. No townscape harm.	Option 2 - the Indicative Approach is visible at the end of the vista although, in reality, trees will largely screen most of the lower part from view. The highest part of the Indicative Approach will be appreciable across the rooftops in the distance. It is a compact form which is not dominant or distracting. It announces the presence of the town centre at the end of the vista. No harm to the setting of the conservation area. No townscape harm.