THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM

# Environmental Product Declaration

ECO PLATFORM EPD VERIFIED

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

## Linear Drain Complete

## (Drain unit, Outlet unit, Highline Custom panel)

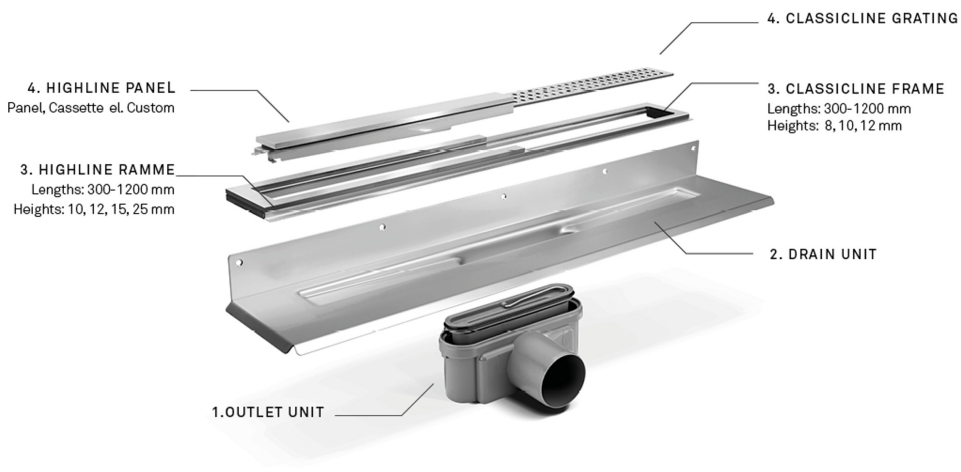
from

## Unidrain A/S

unidrain®

| | |
|---|---|
| Programme | The International EPD® System |
| Programme operator | EPD International AB |
| EPD registration number | EPD-IES-0017905 |
| Version date: | 2024-12-16 |
| Revision date: | 2025-08-01 |
| Valid until: | 2029-12-15 |

This EPD covers multiple products and based on results of representative product. An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com



# General Information

| Programme information | |
|---|---|
| Programme | The International EPD® System |
| Address: | EPD International AB<br>Box 210 60<br>SE-100 31 Stockholm<br>Sweden |
| Website | www.environdec.com |
| E-mail | info@environdec.com |

| Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification | |
|---|---|
| Product Category Rules (PCR) | Construction products (EN 15804:A2)<br><br>PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2) (1.3.4) |
| Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) | Carbonzero AB |
| Third-party verification: | Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:<br><br>☑ EPD verification by individual verifier<br><br>Vladimír Kocí, LCA Studio<br><br>  <br><br><br>Approved by: The International EPD® System |
| Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier: ☐ Yes ☑ No | |

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

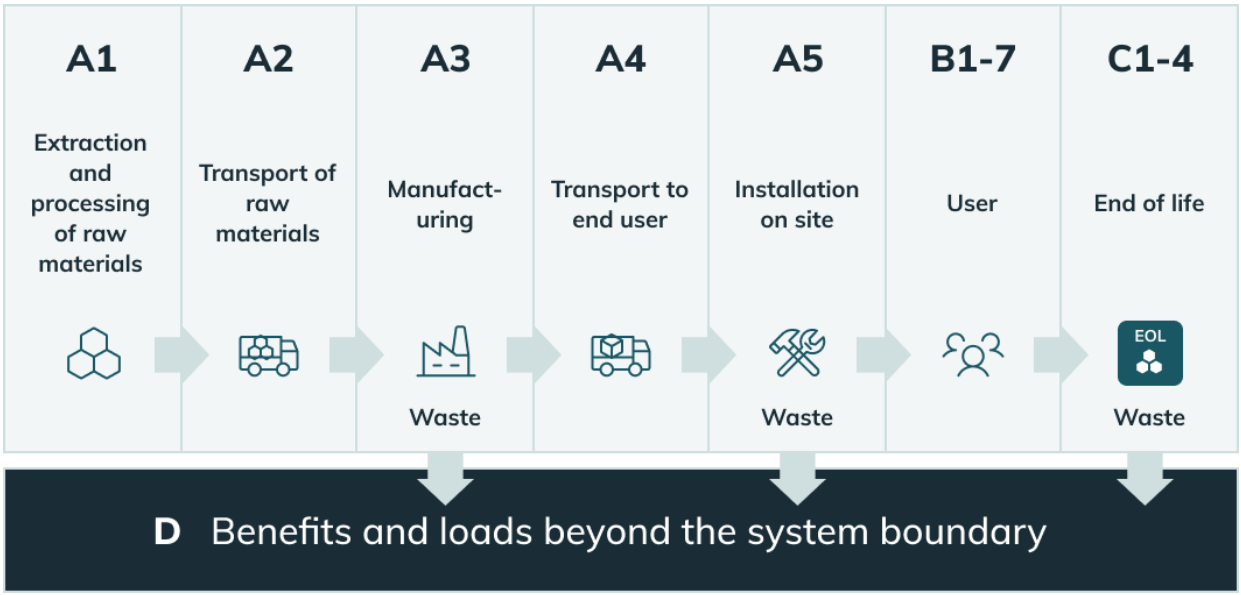
EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

| Company information | |
|---|---|
| Owner of the EPD | Unidrain A/S |
| Contact | Product Manager - Jacob Honoré |
| Description of the organisation | Unidrain is a part of BLS Industries AB. Main markets are Nordic countries but with an export organization. BLS Industries AB is a family-owned company with own production, product development, sales etc. Mainly operating in the plumbing business. Based in Ystad Sweden production units also in Smålandsstenar and Lönsboda, Sweden. |
| Product-related or management system-related certifications: | EN ISO 9001:2015 EN ISO 14001:2015 |
| Name and location of production site(s): | **Name of plant:** BLS Industries<br>**Location:** Ystad, Sweden |

| Product information | |
|---|---|
| Product name(s) | 0900 Highline (Custom panel) |
| Product description: | Unidrain Linear floor drain is used in indoor drainage. The system includes a drain unit and an outlet unit, both installed in the floor construction, and two visual design series, placed in the tile layer (Classicline and Highline). Drain units: Four main versions (1001, 1002, 1003, 1004) with different lengths (300 to 1200 mm). Outlet units: Various dimensions and directions for different piping applications. Classicline: Frame and grating. Highline: Options include a frame with a steel panel, a frame with a cassette, and a custom panel (for tile). |
| RSL | N/A years |
| UN CPC code | 412 - Products of iron or steel |

| LCA information | |
|---|---|
| Functional unit / declared unit | 1 kg of Product |
| Time representative-ness | Data obtained refers to the year 2023 |
| System Boundary | The system boundaries are set to be “cradle-to-gate" with modules A4, A5, C1-C4 and D. |
| Database(s) and LCA software used | Eando X version 1.01 |

System diagram




| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A1 | Raw material supply | This module considers the extraction and processing of all raw materials, energy, and transportation which occur upstream to the studied manufacturing process, including packaging material. |
| A2 | Transport to the manufacturer | The raw materials are transported to the manufacturing site. |
| A3 | Manufacturing* | This module includes all resources used to produce and waste produced. This also includes additives and packaging material. |
| A4 | Transport | Transportation from the manufacturing site to distribution centre and then from the distribution centre to the building site is included. |
| | Transport Scenario | truck: 600km |
| A5 | Construction installation | This stage includes the impact from installation and waste management of product-related and packaging waste generated during installation. |
| B1-B7 | Use stage | This stage is not declared. |
| C1 | Deconstruction/Demolition | This stage includes the de-construction and/or demolition of the building. This is not relevant as the product included in this study is not used in the construction process. |
| C2 | Transport | This stage represents the transport distance to the waste processing facility. |
| C3 | Waste processing | This stage includes any waste treatment needed. |
| | EOL Scenario | Landfill 8.99%. Incineration 5.58%. Recycling 85.43%. |
| C4 | Final disposal | This includes any material that is landfilled. |
| D | Benefits | Emission credits obtained from energy recovery and/or recycling materials |

Unidrain's products consist of components made from various materials, such as stainless steel, plastic, and rubber. The steel components are produced using a variety of manufacturing processes: stamping, laser cutting, and deep drawing. Plastic and rubber components are produced using injection molding. Individual components are then assembled, and final products are made ready for shipping. All products considered for the study are manufactured by BLS Industries and shipped to their customers.

**Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):**

| | Product stage | | | Assembly stage | | Use stage | | | | | | | End of life stage | | | | Benefits & loads beoyond system boundary |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Raw Materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery - Recycling-potential |
| | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Declared | X | X | X | X | X | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | X | X | X | X | X |
| Geography | EU | EU | SE | EU | EU | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | EU | EU | EU | EU | EU |
| Specific data used | 15,9 % | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation-Products | < 10 % | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation-Sites | 0 % | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

ND – Not Declared; X – Declared
Reading example: 9,0E-03 = 9,0*10^-3 = 0,009

Disclaimer: The results presented for modules A1-A3 alone shall not be used for comparisons unless all relevant life cycle stages, particularly end-of-life (C1-C4), are included. This ensures a more accurate and representative assessment of the environmental impact over the full product life cycle.

Cut-off criteria: The following procedures were followed for the exclusion of inputs and outputs. - All input and output flows in a unit process were considered, i.e., considering the value of all flows in the unit process and the corresponding LCI where data were available. - Data gaps were filled by conservative assumptions with average or generic data. Any assumptions in such cases were documented. - The use of cut-off criterion on mass inputs and primary energy at the unit process level (1 %) and at the information module level (5 %). - All hazardous and toxic materials and substances are included in the inventory, and the cut-off rules do not apply.

## Content Information

| Product Components | Weight, kg | Post-consumer material, weight-% | Biogenic material, weight-% and kg C/kg |
|---|---|---|---|
| Metal | 0.866 | 0.767 | 0.000 |
| Plastic | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Adhesives and Sealants | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Minerals | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Rubber | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Polymer | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 1.000 | 0.663 | 0.000 |

| Packaging Materials | Weight, kg | Weight-% (versus the product) | Weight biogenic carbon, kg C/kg |
|---|---|---|---|
| Paper board | 0.140 | 13.976 | 0.056 |
| Packaging Paper | 0.014 | 1.398 | 0.006 |
| Polypropylene (PP) | 6.35e-4 | 0.064 | 0.000 |
| Isopropanol | 0.002 | 0.212 | 0.000 |
| Polyethylene (PE) | 6.35e-4 | 0.064 | 0.000 |
| Plastic wrapping (PP film) | 0.006 | 0.635 | 0.000 |
| Aluminium | 0.008 | 0.826 | 0.000 |
| Polyethylene terephthalate (PET) | 8.47e-4 | 0.085 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.173 | 17.259 | 0.062 |

| Dangerous substances from the candidate list of SVHC for Authorisation | EC No. | CAS No. | Weight-% per functional or declared unit |
|---|---|---|---|
| - | - | - | 0.000 |

At the date of issue of this declaration, there is no “Substance of Very High Concern” (SVHC) in concentration above 0.1% by weight, and neither does the packaging, following the European REACH regulation (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals)

# Environmental Information

Potential environmental impact – indicators according to EN 15804+A2

| Results per functional unit: 1 kg | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| GWP-total | kg CO2 eq | 4.78e+0 | 5.40e-2 | 2.50e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 4.50e-3 | 8.01e-2 | 1.50e-1 | -2.46e+0 |
| GWP-fossil | kg CO2 eq | 4.98e+0 | 5.29e-2 | 2.34e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 4.41e-3 | 6.60e-2 | 1.50e-1 | -2.45e+0 |
| GWP-biogenic | kg CO2 eq | -2.07e-1 | 1.70e-4 | 2.27e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 1.42e-5 | 1.40e-2 | 3.16e-5 | -7.55e-3 |
| GWP-luluc | kg CO2 eq | 7.62e-3 | 9.00e-4 | 1.10e-5 | 0.00e+0 | 7.50e-5 | 1.33e-4 | 1.79e-5 | -2.16e-3 |
| ODP | kg CFC-11 eq | 1.59e-8 | 7.86e-15 | 1.22e-10 | 0.00e+0 | 6.55e-16 | 8.21e-10 | 4.47e-14 | -2.10e-9 |
| AP | mole H+ eq | 3.23e-2 | 3.39e-4 | 1.45e-4 | 0.00e+0 | 2.82e-5 | 3.80e-4 | 3.21e-5 | -1.63e-2 |
| EP-freshwater* | kg P eq | 2.34e-4 | 2.28e-7 | 6.09e-6 | 0.00e+0 | 1.90e-8 | 1.27e-5 | 5.75e-8 | -2.26e-5 |
| EP-marine | kg N eq | 4.15e-3 | 1.66e-4 | 3.17e-5 | 0.00e+0 | 1.38e-5 | 1.40e-4 | 8.26e-6 | -1.68e-3 |
| EP-terrestrial | mole N eq | 4.37e-2 | 1.84e-3 | 3.83e-4 | 0.00e+0 | 1.53e-4 | 1.29e-3 | 1.23e-4 | -1.83e-2 |
| POCP | kg NMVOC eq | 1.26e-2 | 3.28e-4 | 9.27e-5 | 0.00e+0 | 2.74e-5 | 4.17e-4 | 2.48e-5 | -5.47e-3 |
| ADP-minerals & metals** | kg Sb eq | 1.69e-4 | 4.65e-9 | 7.94e-7 | 0.00e+0 | 3.88e-10 | 4.86e-7 | 5.27e-10 | -9.47e-5 |
| ADP-fossil** | MJ | 7.15e+1 | 7.02e-1 | 1.62e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 5.85e-2 | 8.58e-1 | 1.14e-1 | -3.36e+1 |
| WDP** | m3 | 1.24e+0 | 8.28e-4 | 3.37e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 6.90e-5 | 1.09e-2 | 1.42e-2 | -4.71e-1 |
| Acronyms | GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption | | | | | | | | |

* The results in kg PO4 eq. can be obtained by multiplying the results in kg P eq. by a factor of 3,07.
** The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

# Use of resources

| Results per functional unit: 1 kg | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| PERE | MJ | 2.68e+1 | 6.06e-2 | 2.98e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 5.05e-3 | 3.85e-2 | 2.56e-2 | -7.91e+0 |
| PERM | MJ | 1.86e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| PERT | MJ | 2.86e+1 | 6.06e-2 | 2.98e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 5.05e-3 | 3.85e-2 | 2.56e-2 | -7.91e+0 |
| PENRE | MJ | 4.79e+1 | 7.02e-1 | 1.62e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 5.85e-2 | 7.26e-1 | 1.14e-1 | -3.05e+1 |
| PENRM | MJ | 4.51e+0 | 0.00e+0 | -1.97e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | -2.09e+0 | -1.22e+0 | -6.16e-1 |
| PENRT | MJ | 5.24e+1 | 7.02e-1 | -3.49e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 5.85e-2 | -1.37e+0 | -1.11e+0 | -3.12e+1 |
| SM | kg | 8.51e-3 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 4.73e-2 |
| RSF | MJ | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| NRSF | MJ | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| FW | m3 | 2.54e-2 | 6.78e-5 | 7.91e-4 | 0.00e+0 | 5.65e-6 | 2.54e-4 | 3.42e-4 | -1.32e-2 |
| Acronyms | PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy re-sources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water | | | | | | | | |

# Additional voluntary indicators

| Results per functional unit: 1 kg | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| GWP-GHG | kg CO2 eq | 5.04e+0 | 5.40e-2 | 2.37e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 4.50e-3 | 8.11e-2 | 1.50e-1 | -2.46e+0 |
| EP | kg PO4 eq | 1.06e-3 | 0.00e+0 | 1.61e-7 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 3.00e-5 | 1.71e-6 | -6.60e-4 |
| Acronyms | GWP-GHG global warming potential - greenhouse gases; EP eutrophication potential | | | | | | | | |

The GWP GHG indicator is identical to GWP-total except that the characterisation factor *( CF)* for biogenic CO2 is set to zero. This means that the uptake and emissions of biogenic CO2 are “balanced out” already in modules A1 A3, instead of in modules A1 A5 (for packaging) or modules A C (for product). In the context of Norwegian public procurement legislation, GWP GHG is also referred to as GWP IOBC.

# Waste and output flows

| Results per functional unit: 1 kg | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| HWD | kg | 9.90e-8 | 2.69e-11 | 3.94e-11 | 0.00e+0 | 2.24e-12 | 0.00e+0 | 4.75e-11 | -3.58e-8 |
| NHWD | kg | 4.21e-1 | 1.15e-4 | 7.84e-3 | 0.00e+0 | 9.55e-6 | 4.10e-2 | 1.38e-1 | -3.00e-1 |
| RWD | kg | 8.87e-4 | 1.28e-6 | 3.49e-6 | 0.00e+0 | 1.07e-7 | 0.00e+0 | 2.96e-6 | -8.84e-4 |
| Acronyms | HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non-hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed | | | | | | | | |

# Output flows

| Results per functional unit: 1 kg | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 - A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| CRU | kg | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| MFR | kg | 1.72e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 1.28e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 8.54e-1 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| MER | kg | 5.11e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 2.59e-2 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| EEE | MJ | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| EET | MJ | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 | 0.00e+0 |
| Acronyms | CRU Components for reuse; MFR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy | | | | | | | | |

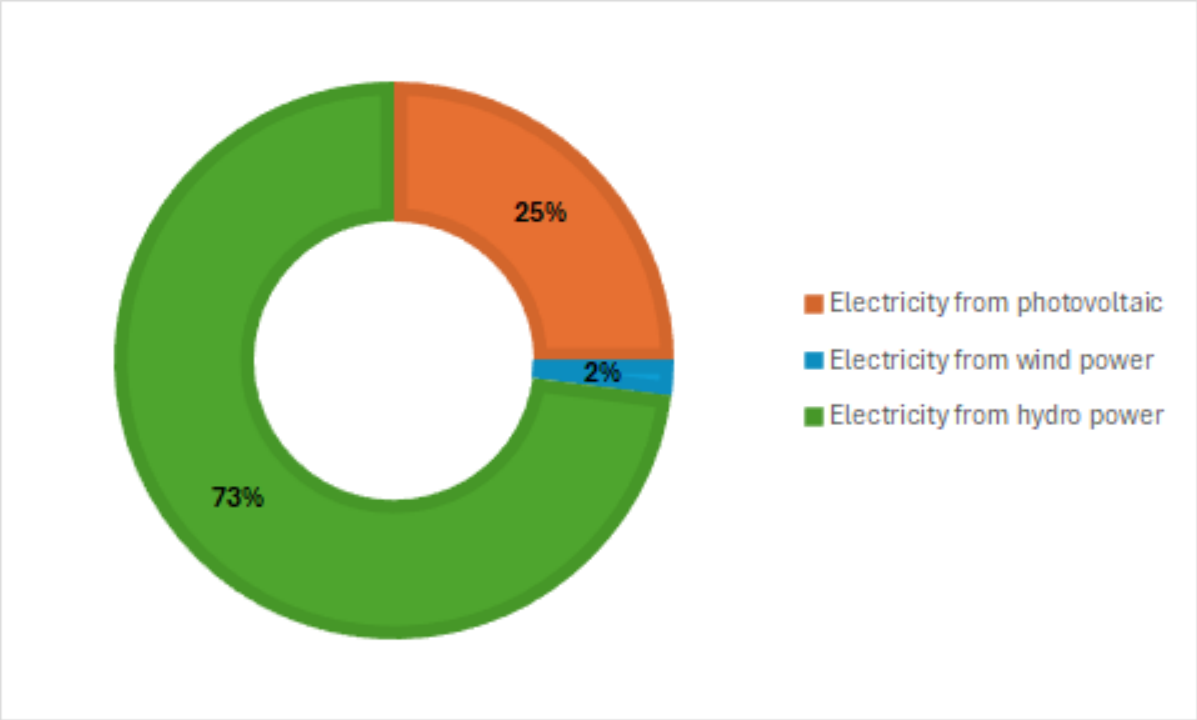
# Product Table

| Name | Weight, kg | Unit |
|---|---|---|
| 0300 Highline (Custom panel) | 2.166 | pc |
| 0700 Highline (Custom panel) | 3.849 | pc |
| 0800 Highline (Custom panel) | 4.307 | pc |
| 0900 Highline (Custom panel) | 4.722 | pc |
| 1000 Highline (Custom panel) | 5.208 | pc |
| 1200 Highline (Custom panel) | 6.177 | pc |

# Energy Breakdown

Breakdown of energy usage

| Name | Value | Unit |
|---|---|---|
| Electricity Mix - BLS Industries (2023) | 1,60E-01 | kg CO2 -eq/kWh |



# Disclaimers

| ILCD classification | Indicator | Disclaimer |
|---|---|---|
| ILCD Type 1 | Global warming potential (GWP) | None |
| | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP) | None |
| ILCD Type 2 | Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial) | None |
| | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) | None |
| ILCD Type 3 | Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals & metals) | 1 |
| | Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil) | 1 |
| | Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP) | 1 |
| Disclaimer 1 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator. | | |
| Note 1: The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins, and/or risks. | | |
| Note 2: The results presented for modules A1-A3 alone shall not be used for comparisons unless all relevant life cycle stages, particularly end-of-life (C1-C4), are included. This ensures a more accurate and representative environmental impact assessment over the full product life cycle. | | |

## Abbreviations

| | |
|---|---|
| CPC | Central Product Classification |
| CPR | Construction Product Regulation |
| EPD | Environmental Product Declaration |
| EU | European Union |
| GHG | Greenhouse gases |
| GPI | General Programme Instructions |
| GWP | Global Warming Potential |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardization |
| LCA | Life Cycle Assessment |
| LCI | Life Cycle Inventory |
| ND | Not Declared |
| PCR | Product Category Rules |
| PEF | Product Environmental Footprint |
| REACH | Restriction of Chemicals |
| RSL | Reference Service Life |
| SI | The International System of Units |
| SVHC | Substance of Very High Concern |
| UN | United Nations |

# Additional information

## Additional Environmental Information

See the PCR and sections 5.4, 7.3 and 7.4 in EN 15804.

An EPD may include additional environmental information, in addition to the LCA results of the section on environmental performance results. The additional environmental information may cover various aspects of specific relevance for the product, for example:

- instruction for proper use of the product, e.g. to minimise the energy or water consumption or to improve the durability of the product;
- instructions for proper maintenance and service of the product;
- information on key parts of the product determining its durability;
- information on recycling including e.g. suitable procedures for recycling the entire product or selected parts and the potential environmental benefits gained;
- information on a suitable method of reuse of the product (or parts of the products) and procedures for disposal as waste at the end of its life cycle,
- information regarding disposal of the product or inherent materials, and any other information considered necessary to minimise the product's end-of-life impacts,
- information on permanent (more than 100 years) storage of biogenic carbon, either in the product, in a landfill, or as a consequence of applying carbon capture and storage (CCS) to the incineration of biogenic carbon, and how this would influence GWP-biogenic results if the GWP-biogenic indicator would allow consideration of such storage (it currently does not according to EN 15804; in case of such storage a virtual emission of biogenic CO2 has to be added, see Annex 2)
- a more detailed description of an organisation's overall environmental work such as:
    - the existence of a quality or environmental management system or any type of organised environmental activity, and
    - information on where interested parties may find more details about the organisation's environmental work.

Additional environmental information can also include information on carbon offset, carbon storage and delayed emissions, or on release of dangerous substances to indoor air, soil and water during the use stage.

## Additional social and economic information

The EPD may also include other relevant social and economic information as additional and voluntary information. This may be product information or a description of an organisation's overall work on social or economic sustainability, such as activities related to supply chain management or social responsibility.

Any additional social and economic information declared shall be substantiated and verifiable, and be derived using appropriate methods and be specific, accurate, not misleading, and relevant to the specific product. Quantitative information is preferred over qualitative information.

# References


| | |
|---|---|
| EN 15804:2012+A2 | Sustainability of construction works: Environmental product declaration – Core rules for the product category of construction products |
| EPD International (2021) | General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System, version 4.0 |
| EPD International (2024) | PCR 2019:14. Construction products and construction services (EN 15804: A2) v1.3.4. |
| ISO 14020:2000 | Environmental labels and declarations: General principles |
| ISO 14025:2006 | International Standard ISO 14025: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures |
| ISO 14040:2006 | International Standard ISO 14040: Environmental Management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework. Second edition 2006-07-01. |
| ISO 14044:2006 | International Standard ISO 14044: Environmental Management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and Guidelines. |
| SCB (2023) | https://www.statistikdatabasen.scb.se/pxweb/en/ssd/START__MI__MI0305/MI0305T003/table/tableViewLayout1/ Accessed 2024-02-03 |
| Association of Issuing Bodies | European Residual Mixes 2021 (2022) https://www.aib-net.org/sites/default/files/assets/facts/residual-mix/2021/AIB_2021_Residual_Mix_Results_1_1.pdf (Retrieved 2023-09-20) |
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# Contact Info

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|---|---|
| EPD owner: | Unidrain A/S<br>Email: jho@unidrain.dk<br>Telephone: +45 51542107<br>Address: Ejby Industrivej 40, DK-26000 Denmark |
| LCA author: | Carbonzero AB<br>Email: info@eando.se<br>Telephone: +46 4 317 07 07<br>Address: SE-262 32 Ängelholm, Sweden |
| Third party verifier: | Vladimír Kocí<br>Email: vladimir.koci@lcastudio.cz<br>Telephone: +420 608 055 972<br>Address: LCA Studio, Šárecká 1962/5, 160 00 Praha 6 |
| Program operator: | EPD International AB<br>Email: info@environdec.com<br>Telephone: +46 (0)73 311 30 20<br>Address: SE-11427 Stockholm, Sweden |