

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2083 Baishakh

Exam.	Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks 40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks 16
Year / Part	II / I	Time 1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.



1. Define engineering geology and discuss its importance in civil engineering. [1+2]
2. Define the theory of Plate tectonics and discuss the evolution of Himalaya. [1+2]
3. Write about Hardness scale. Describe the physical properties of the Minerals. [1+2]
4. a) How do you differentiate Igneous rock, Metamorphic rock and Sedimentary rocks in the field? [6]
- b) Write down the physical and engineering properties of Marble, Slate and Granite. [6]
5. a) Define a Fault with neat diagram and discuss its importance in civil engineering. [4]
- b) What is Thrust? Determine the Strike of a bedding plane of Limestone bed which has dip direction N55°E and dip amount 30°. [1+2]
6. a) What are Geological Agents? Describe the Erosional landform developed by the Rivers. [1+2]
- b) Differentiate between Conglomerate and Limestone. [2+2]
7. Mention the Geomorphic sub-division of Nepal Himalaya and describe Engineering Geological Hazards of each units. [2+3]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2082 Shrawan

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. What is engineering geology? What are the scope and importance of engineering geology in the field of civil engineering? [1+2]
2. What is plate boundaries? How is Himalaya formed? Describe stepwise in detail. [1+3]
3. Describe symmetry elements of crystals. Describe hardness of minerals. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) How do you identify sedimentary rocks in the field? Give a brief account of the classification of sedimentary rocks. [1+3]
b) Describe civil engineering significance of marble, granite, sandstone. [3]
5. a) Define attitude of geological structures. Describe its component. Distinguish between primary geological structures and secondary geological structures. [3+2]
b) Describe with illustration; how do you find out strike line when dip direction is measured? [4]
c) How can you identify fold? Describe effects of faulting in civil engineering works. [1.5+3.5]
6. What is weathering? Describe in brief the factors that affect in weathering. [1+3]
7. List out the physiographic division of Nepal Himalaya and describe main lithology of each division. [1.5+3.5]

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2082 Baishakh

Exam.	Back	
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Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

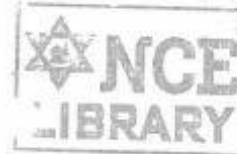
1. Explain the importance of engineering geology in the context of Nepal. [2]
2. Differentiate between divergent and convergent plate boundary. Write briefly on discontinuities of the interior of the earth. [2+2]
3. Describe Mohr's scale of hardness. Discuss on Isometric and Triclinic crystal system. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) Define rock texture. Discuss the different structures in the metamorphic rock. [1.5+2.5]
- b) Discuss the engineering significance of Igneous rock. [3]
- c) Mention the physical properties of Amphibolite, Granite and Quartzite. [3]
5. a) Define attitude of bed. A quartzite bed has strike direction of N 40°W with a dip angle of 50°. Find out the dip direction of quartzite bed. [4]
- b) List out the field identification criteria for fault and fold in the field. [4]
- c) Write the engineering significance of fault. [3]
6. What are the geological agents? Write down the landform produced by running water. [2.5+2.5]
7. Write down the tectonic division of the Nepal himalaya. Describe different rock types in the lesser himalaya and higher himalaya. [5]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2081 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks 40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks 16
Year / Part	II / I	Time 1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.



1. Define engineering geology. Write down the importance of engineering geology during the construction of civil engineering structure. [1+2]
2. Write down the definition of plate tectonics. Describe the different types of plate margins. [0.5+1.5]
3. Define harness of mineral. Explain any two physical properties of mineral. [1+2]
4. What is rock cycle? Classify the sedimentary rocks. Outline the engineering uses of granite and marble. [3+3+2]
5. a) A sandstone rock bed dipping towards S25°E. Find its strike direction with net diagram. [2]
- b) Differentiate primary sedimentary structures and secondary structures. [2]
- c) What are the field identification criteria of fault? [3]
- d) Define thrust. What is the importance of fold in civil engineering? [1.5+2.5]
6. a) What are the geological works of different geological agents? Describe briefly on the depositional landform of wind. [2.5+2.5]
- b) Differentiate between chemical and physical weathering. [3]
7. Mention the different physiographic division of the Himalayas. Describe the lithology and structure of Siwaliks and Higher Himalaya. [5]

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Exam.		Back	
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Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 1/2 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
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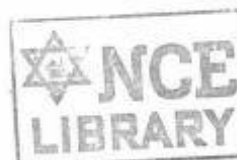
1. Define Engineering geology. Write down the scope and importance of engineering geology in the field of civil engineering. [1+2]
2. Describe the internal structure of Earth with neat sketch. [3]
3. Describe Moh's scale of hardness. Describe symmetry elements of crystals. [1+1]
4. a) Differentiate between extrusive and intrusive igneous rocks with examples. [4]
b) Define petrography. Describe the structure of sedimentary rocks. [4]
5. a) Define deformation of rocks with its causes and consequences. [4]
b) Describe the classification of Fold. Define strike. What is the relation between apparent dip and true dip? A limestone bed is directed towards N20°E with a dip angle of 45°. Find out the strike of limestone bed. [4+4]
6. a) Describe the landform developed by seawater and groundwater. [4]
b) Describe the engineering significance of different types of river channel morphology. [4]
7. Describe the tectonic zone and discontinuity of Nepal Himalaya. [4]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2080 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II/ I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt **All** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
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1. Clarify the role of geology in civil engineering. [3]
2. Differentiate between constructive and destructive plate boundary. Write briefly on formation of Himalaya. [3]
3. Define axis of symmetry with a figure. Describe isometric crystal system. [3]
4. a) Describe the physical properties with engineering uses of Granite, Limestone, Shale and Marble. [4]
- b) How do you identify Metamorphic rock in the field? Give a brief account of classification of Igneous rock. [1+3]
5. a) Describe the criteria for identification of fault and fold in the field. [4]
- b) Define attitude of a rock. A quartzite bedrock dips at an angle 70° towards S 20°E. Find out strike of bedrock with an illustration. [4]
- c) Write down the engineering significance of fault in civil engineering. [3]
6. a) Define glacier. Explain different landforms formed by glacial erosion and deposition. [4]
- b) Differentiate between Chemical and Physical weathering. What are the factors of weathering of rocks? [4]
- c) What are the major discontinuities of the Nepal Himalaya? Describe the lithological characteristics of Siwaliks and Higher Himalayan Zone. [4]

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INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2080 Baishakh

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 1/2 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

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- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. Describe the scope, objective and importance of geology in civil engineering. [3]
2. How is Himalaya formed? Mention the evidence of plate tectonics. [1+2]
3. Describe a Moh's Hardness Scale? Illustrate Isometric System with Symmetry Elements. [1+2]
4. a) What is Petrology? Describe an engineering Significance of Metamorphic and Sedimentary rock classes. [4]
- b) How do you identify a metamorphic rock in field? Describe the physical properties of the Sandstone and Granite. [4]
5. a) What are the field evidence of fault? Describe engineering significance of fold. [2+2]
- b) What is rock attitude? A quartzite bedrock dip angle at 80° towards N10°E; Find out strike of bed rock with illustration. [1.5+1.5]
- c) What is unconformity? Describe different types of unconformity with figure. [1+2]
6. a) Differentiate between weathering and erosion. List out the erosional and depositional landform by glaciers. [2+2]
- b) What is flood? Describe different type of river channel with figure. [1+3]
7. Mention physiographic division of Nepal Himalaya. Describe the major discontinuity system of Nepal Himalaya. [2+3]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2079 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt **All** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
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1. Why do engineers carry out engineering geological studies in Nepal? [3]
2. Describe an internal structure of the earth with a diagram. [2]
3. Define tenacity and hardness of minerals. List out the symmetry elements of crystal. [2+1]
4. a) Define petrography and petrogenesis. Describe the concordant and discordant body of igneous rock. [1+3]
- b) Describe texture, structure, mineral composition and engineering properties of Quartzite, Granite, phyllite and conglomerate. [4]
5. a) Describe deformations in rock with suitable example. [3]
- b) A quartzite bed is directed towards S20°W with an dip angle of 45°. Find out the strike of quartzite bed. [2]
- c) Write the field identification criteria for fault and fold. [4]
- d) Outline the engineering significance of joints. [2]
6. a) Mention the name of geological agents. Describe an erosional feature develop by running water and wind. [2+4]
- b) What is the difference between weathering and erosion? [2]
7. Describe a lithological characteristics of the Lesser and Tethys Himalayan zone. Highlights a major lithological difference between Siwalik and higher Himalaya. [3+2]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
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Examination Control Division
2078 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ shrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

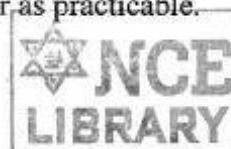
1. Describe scope and objectives of geology in the field of civil engineering. [2]
2. Mention the physical features of the earth surface. [2]
3. Describe the symmetry elements of crystals. Describe hardness of minerals. [1.5+1.5]
4. Describe Petrogenesis. How do you identify igneous rocks in the field? Describe civil engineering significance of Granite, Phyllite and Sandstone. [2+2+3]
5. How do you differentiate primary geological structures and secondary geological structures? Describe relationship of strike and dip of geological planes. Describe with illustrations; how do you find out strike line when dip direction is measured? [2+2+2]
6. a) What is geological cycle? What do you mean by geological work? [1+1]
- b) Distinguish between weathering and erosion. [2]
- c) Give a full account of geological work of running water. [3]
7. Describe briefly the tectonic sub-division of the Nepal Himalaya and describe Siwalik in details. [3+2]
8. Write notes on: (Any Two) [2×4]
 - a) Rock cleavage
 - b) Field identification criteria of fault
 - c) Physical weathering

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2078 Kartik

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. What is the importance of geology? What are different branches of geology? [2+1]
2. How is Himalaya formed? Describe internal structure of earth brief. [1+2]
3. Define Moh's Hardness Scale. Describe element of crystals. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) Distinguish between concordant and discordant bodies of igneous rocks. [2]
b) Write down the physical and engineering properties of marble, slate and granite. [3+4]
5. a) Define attitude. The limestone bed is inclined towards east with an inclination angle of 45°. Find the strike. [2+2]
b) Describe the classification of Fold on the basis of convexity. [2]
c) Write down the engineering significance of fault. [3]
6. a) Write the difference between weathering and erosion. Describe the type of volcano. [2+2]
b) Describe erosional and depositional features of river and glacier. [4]
7. a) Describe physiographic division of Nepal Himalaya. [3]
b) Describe Siwalik zone in detail. [2]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2076 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.



1. Define structural geology. Describe scope and importance of geology in civil engineering practice in the context of Nepal. [0.5+2.5]
2. What is plate boundaries? How Himalaya formed? Describe stepwise in detail. [2+1.5]
3. How do you differentiate carbonate and silicate minerals? Describe Moh's Scale of Hardness. Describe symmetry elements of crystals. [0.5+1+1.5]
4. a) How do you identify sedimentary rocks in the field? Give a brief account of the classification of sedimentary rocks. [1+3]
 b) Enumerate the various agents of metamorphism and explain their role. Describe important engineering significance of three rock type. [2+4]
5. a) Define attitude of geological structures. Distinguish between primary geological structures and secondary geological structures. [1+2]
 b) Describe the classification of fold on basis of position of axial plane. [2]
 c) Write the engineering significance of fault joint. [2.5]
6. a) What do you understand by epigene geological agent? Point out erosional landforms of wind and depositional landforms of glacier. [1+1.5+1.5]
 b) Describe factors of weathering. Describe Chemical weathering of rock. [1.5+1.5]
7. a) What are the soil types and rock types found in the Higher Himalaya zone, Midland zone and Dun Valleys? Differentiate Elluvial soil and lacustrine soil. [1.5+1]
 b) List out the physiographic division of Himalaya. [1.5]
8. Write short notes on: (Any one) [2]
 - a) Rock cleavage
 - b) Erosion

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
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2076 Ashwin

Exam.	Back		
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Year / Part	II / I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

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- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. Describe scope and objectives of geology in the field of civil engineering. [2]
2. Describe crystal symmetry? Define Moh's hardness scale. [2+1]
3. a) Mention the factors of metamorphism. Describe metamorphic structures. [1+3]
b) Describe civil engineering significance of Marble, Granite Sandstone. [3]
4. a) How can you Identify fold? Describe effects of faulting in civil engineering works. [1.5+3.5]
b) Define Altitude. Determine the strike of bedding plane of limestone bedrock, which have dip direction N40°W and dip amount 64°. [1+4]
5. Mention geological works of different geological agents. Describe erosional features developed by wind and underground water. [1.5+2.5+2]
6. Discuss the tectonic division of Nepal Himalaya. [4]
7. Write short notes on: (Any Two) [2×4]
 - i) Rock cleavage
 - ii) Field identification criteria of fault
 - iii) Physical weathering
 - iv) Lutite



TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2075 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Highlight the importance of engineering geology in civil engineering works. [2]
2. Define engineering geology according to IAEG. Differentiate convergent plate boundary and divergent plate boundary. [1+2]
3. Describe symmetry elements of crystals. Describe hardness of minerals. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) Describe Petrogenesis. How do you identify rocks in the field? Describe civil engineering significance of Granite, Phyllite and Sandstone. [2+3]
b) Distinguish between concordant and discordant bodies of igneous rocks. [2]
5. How do you differentiate primary geological structures and secondary geological structure? Describe relationship of strike and dip of geological planes. Describe with illustration; how do you find out strike line when dip direction is measured? [2+2+3]
6. What is weathering? Describe in brief the factors that affect in weathering. [1+3]
7. What are the geological works of running water? Mention the features developed due to geological works of running water. [1+2]
8. Write short notes on following (any three) [3x2]
 - a) Types of volcanoes
 - b) Stalagmite and stalactite
 - c) Mantle
 - d) Isometric system
9. How do you differentiate physiographic division and tectonic division of Nepal? Describe. [2.5+2.5]



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1. Define engineering geology and discuss the importance in civil engineering. [1+2]
2. Define plate tectonics and discuss the evolution of Himalaya. [3]
3. What is Mohs scale of Hardness? Describe the symmetry of crystal in detail. [1+2]
4. a) How do you differentiate Igneous rock and Sedimentary rocks in the field? [4]
b) Write down the physical and engineering properties of Marble, Slate and amphibolite. [6]
5. a) Define fault with neat diagram and discuss its importance in civil engineering. [4]
b) What is unconformity? Why unconformity is important in geological structure in civil engineering. [4]
6. a) What are geological agents? Describe the erosional landform developed by glaciers. [2+4]
b) Differentiate between Conglomerate and Agglomerate. [2]
7. Mention the geomorphic sub-division of Nepal Himalaya and describe lesser Himalaya in detail. [2+3]

03 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2074 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. Describe the scope and objective of engineering geology in the field of civil engineering. [2]
2. What do you mean by Plate Tectonics? Differentiate between transform and divergent plate boundary. [2+2]
3. Write down the optical properties of minerals in Handspecimens. [3]
4. a) How do you differentiate three rock types in the field? [4]
b) Write down the physical and engineering properties of phyllite, Granite and Limestone. [6]
5. a) Define joint and discuss the geometric classification of joint with its engineering importance. [4]
b) Determine the dip direction of a bedding plane of limestone bed which has strike N55°E and dip amount 30°. [4]
6. a) What is geological cycle? Describe the depositional landform by wind. [2+4]
b) What is Volcano? Discuss the positive topography developed by volcano. [2]
7. Classify the Nepal Himalaya based on lithology and describe higher Himalaya in detail. [2+3]

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Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE503)

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- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. Define engineering geology as per IAEG. Describe scope of petrology and structural geology in the field of civil engineering in brief. [1.5+1.5]
2. Describe internal structure of the earth with suitable diagram. What are the basis of the study of internal structures? [2+1]
3. How do you classify minerals? Describe Isometric system with symmetry elements. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) Define and describe texture of sedimentary rocks. Describe rock cleavage. [3]
b) What are the basis of rock identification in the field? [3]
c) Describe physical and engineering properties of Limestone, phyllite and Granite. [3]
5. a) How is rock deformed? Describe type and stage deformation of rock. [3]
b) How do you classify Joint? [3]
c) What is relationship between strike and dip? How do you calculate apparent dip amount from measured true dip amount? [3]
6. a) Describe landform developed by erosion and deposition by running water and glacier. [5]
b) What is volcanism? Describe chemical weathering. [3]
7. a) Describe physiographic division of Nepal Himalaya. [3]
b) Describe classification of Terai zone with lithology. [2]

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE503)

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- ✓ Attempt All questions.
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1. Mention relationship between civil engineering and Geology. [2]
2. Describe plate boundary. How is mountain formed? [3]
3. Describe physical properties of minerals. What are the elements of symmetry of orthorhombic system? [2]
4. a) How do you differentiate petrography and petrogenesis? Describe classification of sedimentary rocks. [1+3]
- b) Describe engineering properties, texture and structure of schist, sandstone and Phyllite. [6]
5. a) Describe criteria for identification of fault in the field. [2]
- b) How do you classify fault and joint genetically? Describe. [4]
- c) How do you calculate apparent dip amount, when true dip amount is measured? [4]
6. a) Describe factors for weathering. Mention erosional and depositional landform of wind. [1+4]
- b) Describe classification of volcano. [3]
7. Describe lithological characteristics of Higher Himalaya and Tethys zone. Describe altitude and lithology of churiya range, fore Himalaya and Trans Himalaya. [2+3]

03 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2072 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1 ½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Mention the importance of geology in civil engineering. [2]
2. How is Himalaya formed? Describe internal structure of the earth in brief. [1+2]
3. How do you define Hardness of mineral? Describe isometric system of crystal. [1+2]
4. a) How do you identify three rock types in field? Describe texture of sedimentary rock. [2+2]
b) Describe texture, structure, mineral composition and engineering properties of quartzite, limestone and Granite. [6]
5. a) How do you differentiate fault and thrust? What are field evidences of fold? [2+2]
b) Determine the strike direction of bedding plane when dipdirection in N40°W. [4]
c) Describe deformations in rock strata. [1]
6. Define weathering. Describe depositional
a) Features developed by river [2+3]
b) Mention erosional features of glacier and underground water. [3]
7. Explain geological division of Terai and siwalik zone. Describe lithology and altitude range of Dun valley and midland. [3+2]

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology I (CE503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. What are the importances and objectives of engineering geology course in civil engineering? [1+1]
2. Mention any three evidences of plate tectonics. [2]
3. Define moh's scale of hardness. Describe crystal symmetry. [1.5+1.5]
4. a) Describe rock cleavage. Write down the physical and engineering properties of limestone, phyllite and granite. [2+3]
 - b) Write down the formation process of metamorphic rock. Describe texture of igneous rock. [5]
5. a) Describe about attitude of rock. What are the differences between true and apparent dip? [2+2]
 - b) What is joint? Point out engineering significance of joint and fault. [2+4]
6. What is volcano? Briefly describe about location and types of volcano. [1+3]
7. Describe different land forms produced by river. [4]
8. What are physiographic divisions of Nepal Himalaya. Describe the lithology of Tibetan-Tethys zone. [3+2]

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	II / I	Time	1½ hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology (CE 503)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. Mention the different branches of engineering geology. Write in brief the internal structure of earth. [1+3]
2. What are the physical and optical properties of minerals? [4]
3. What are the engineering significance of three rock classes? [4]
4. Explain fault, fold and joint. Define the attitude of geological structure. [3+2]
5. Write short notes on: i) Conglomerate (ii) Shale (iii) Slate (iv) Marble (v) Granite [1×5]
6. Write short note on primary and secondary structures of geology. [5]
7. Mention different geological agents and explain the geological cycle. [4]
8. Define weathering and erosion. Write short notes on volcanism. [4]
9. What are the tectonic division of Nepal? Explain the geology of lesser Himalaya zone. [5]

Exam.	Regular / Back		
	Level	BE	Full Marks
	Programme	BCE	Pass Marks
	Year / Part	II / I	Time

Subject: - Engineering Geology I

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. What is the importance of Geology? What are different branches of geology? [1+1]
2. Define plate tectonics? Define features of the earth surface? [1+1]
3. What are the physical properties of minerals? [2]
4. What is the stage of deformation? Describe types of unconformity. Mention any two civil engineering significance of marble. [1.5+1.5+1]
5. Define attitude of bedrock. Determine the strike direction of bedding plane of Limestone bedrock, which dips towards N31°W. [1+4]
6. a) Mention the difference between weathering and erosion? What are the different geological agents? [2+2]
b) What are different volcanic materials? What are the basis on which volcanoes are classified? [2+2]
7. a) How do you differentiate fault and joint? How is sedimentary rock formed? [2+2]
b) Describe the texture of sedimentary rocks. [4]
8. Write short notes on: (any three) [3×3]
 - a) Geology Terai Zone
 - b) Forms of Igneous Rock
 - c) Crust
 - d) Main Frontal Thrust

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INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division
2066 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define engineering geology as per IAEG. Describe mechanism of earthquake. [3+5]
b) Define plate tectonics. Describe importance of engineering geology in context of Nepal. [2+6]
2. a) Define crystals. Describe physical properties of minerals. [2+6]
b) Describe rock cycle. How are sedimentary rocks formed? Describe texture of igneous rocks. [3+2+3]
3. a) Define fold and fault. Describe parameters of rock mass rating system in brief. [1+1+6]
b) Define mass movement. Describe preventive measures from landslide. Point out engineering classification of rock mass. [3+3+2]
4. a) Define river channel morphology. Describe engineering significance of meandering river channel. [3+5]
b) Describe methods of surface site investigation. Mention importance of engineering geological map. [6+2]
5. a) Describe geological division of Nepal Himalaya. Mention civil engineering importance of thrusts. [5+3]
b) Three boreholes A, B and C are drilled in a dam site of a hydropower project. Bore hole A lies 500m due north of Bore hole B and Bore hole C lies 400m due east of Bore hole B. A highly jointed and fractured bedrock is encountered in following depth from M.S.L. as below. [8]

	Top	Bottom
Bore hole A	300	310m
Bore hole B	280	290m
Bore hole C	310	320m

Find out the altitude of jointed and fractured bed rock.

6. a) Write short notes on: (any four) [2×4]
 - i) Seismic waves
 - ii) Isometric system
 - iii) Types of deformation
 - iv) Moh's scale of hardness
 - v) Darcy's law
- b) Differentiate between: (any four) [2×4]
 - i) Recumbent and overturned fold
 - ii) Strike and streak
 - iii) Convergent and divergent plate boundaries
 - iv) Landslide and debris flow
 - v) Magma and lava

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any **Five** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- What is Engineering Geology different from General Geology? Describe its importance in the field of Civil Engineering. Mention the internal structures of earth. [1+3+4]
 - Define and describe type of seismic waves. Write down the mechanism of earthquake origination. [3+5]
 - Define minerals. Describe different types of crystal systems with illustrations. [2+6]
 - What are different types of rocks? Describe rock cycle with diagram. Describe the physical properties of major sedimentary rocks in Nepal Hiamalaya. [2+6]
 - Define rock cleavage. Describe types of cleavages. Mention civil engineering significance of rock cleavage. [2+4+2]
 - What is river morphology? Why should a civil engineer learn about it? [3+5]
 - Define mass movements. Mention the classification system of mass movement by varnes. [3+5]
 - How does water flow under the ground? Describe Darcy's law and its applicability. [3+5]
 - What are the differences between: [4×4]
 - Intrusive and extrusive rocks
 - Confined and unconfined aquifer
 - Strike and streak
 - Syncline and anticline fold
 - Write short notes on: [4×4]
 - Moh's Scale of Hardness
 - Rock Quality Designation (RQD)
 - Attitude of Bedrock
 - Quartzite

Exam.	Regular/Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any **Five** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define engineering geology. Describe the scope and objectives of engineering geology in civil engineering field. [2+6]
b) Describe the internal structure of earth with suitable diagram. Explain the various landforms on the surface of the earth. [4+4]
2. a) Define crystal and elements of crystal symmetry. Describe orthorhombic system with suitable diagram and give examples of three minerals belonging to monocline system. [1+2+3+2]
b) Define minerals. Describe the physical properties of mineral. Point out the engineering significance of Rock-forming minerals. [1+5+2]
3. a) Define Metamorphic Rock and its types. Explain the structure of Metamorphic Rock. Give the significance of igneous Rocks in civil engineering activities. [2+4+2]
b) Define joint in rock mass. Classify the rock joints with diagram. Explain the effects of joints. [2+3+3]
4. a) What is fault? Write down its causes. Classify fault with suitable diagram. State effects of fault on the strength of slope as a whole. [2+4+2]
b) What are different types of rivers Nepal? Explain the features developed by rivers with suitable diagram. State their engineering significance as well. [3+3+2]
5. a) Define topographic map, aerial photograph and engineering geological map. Write down the importance of engineering geological map for site investigation. [3+5]
b) Describe the tectonic division of Nepal with neat sketch. Point out the tectonic boundaries on the sketch. What are the challenges to be faced due to geological setting of Nepal? [8]
6. a) Point A is 600m North of point B and point C is 300m East of point B. The altitudes of A, B and C are 500m, 400m and 400m respectively. Find the attitude of the bed rocks bedding plane of which is passing through these points. [8]
b) Write short notes on any four: [4×2]
 - i) Fold Cleavage
 - ii) Unconformity
 - iii) Bone Hole Log
 - iv) Debris Flow
 - v) Plate Tectonic

Exam.	Regular/Back		
	Level	BE	Full Marks 80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any **Five** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define Engineering Geology in the statutes of IAEG. Describe its scope in the field of civil engineering. [3+5]
b) Describe different terminologies of earthquake with necessary diagram. Describe the points that should be taken into consideration for the construction of civil engineering structures in seismic. [4+4]
2. a) Explain different crystal systems with diagram. Mention two points to clarify why quartz is the most resistant mineral. Mention the properties of feldspar and mica group of minerals. [3+2+3]
b) What is rock cycle? How does it represent the sequences of formation of different rock types? Describe the texture of igneous rock. [1+3+4]
3. a) Describe different components to express the orientation of rock bed. Differentiate between true dip and apparent dip with suitable diagram. [4+4]
b) Define an unconformity. Describe the various stages in the formation of an unconformity with diagram. Also describe its engineering significance in the construction of civil engineering structures. [2+3+3]
4. a) Differentiate between landslide and slope failure. Describe different types of mass movements in brief. [3+5]
b) Describe Darcy's law. Explain different types of river channels mentioning the engineering significances of each type. [2+6]
5. a) Describe Geology in Nepal with neat sketch indicating different types of tectonic boundaries. Explain the engineering related problems at such boundaries. [8]
b) Define RMR system of rock mass classification. Describe different parameters of RMR system. [2+6]
6. a) Point A is 800N of point B and point C is 600m east of Point B. The altitudes of A, B, and C are 600m, 200m and 500m respectively. Find the attitudes (strike, dip direction and dip amount) of the bed rock whose bedding plane passes through these points. [8]
b) Describe various methods of site investigation for road construction. Discuss in brief the relation between hill slope and orientation of discontinuities to investigate the slope stability condition. [5+3]

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any **Five** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a. Define engineering geology. Describe its importance in civil engineering practice with justifications. (2+6)
- b. How earthquake occurs? Define different terminologies of earthquake. Describe the causes and effects of earthquake. (2+3+3)
2. a. Defines crystal. Describe different crystal systems with examples. What are the symmetry elements of crystal? (1+4+3)
- b. Define mineral. Describe physical properties of mineral. Point out the engineering significances of rock forming minerals; quartz, calcite, feldspar and mica. (2+4+2)
3. a. Define rock and rock cycle. Describe the texture of igneous rock. Describe engineering importance of three rock types in brief. (1+1+3+3)
- b. Define fold, fault, joint and thrust. Describe engineering significance of each of the above mentioned geological structure in tunneling. (4+4)
4. a. Describe method of site investigation in different phases. How fault influences in the site selection criteria? Describe geological investigation of dam and reservoir. (3+2+3)
- b. Point A is 600 N of point B and Point C is 400 m west of Point B. The altitudes of A, B, and C are 400 m, 100 m and 300 m respectively. Find the attitudes (strike, dip direction and dip amount) of the bed rock whose bedding plane passes through these points. (8)
5. a. Describe different types of river channel. Describe the significances of each type of river channel, if you have to launch a hydropower project on them. (3+5)
- b. Describe mass movement. Mention mitigative measures for rock slope instability. Justify "All mass movements are landslide but all landslides are not mass movement". (2+3+3)
6. a. Write short notes on : (any four) 4x2=8
 - i. Factor of safety
 - ii. Weathering profile
 - iii. Mountain system
 - iv. Plate boundaries
 - v. Darcy's Law
 - vi. Unconformity
- b. Differentiate between : (any four) 4x2=8
 - i. Permeability and Hydraulic Conductivity
 - ii. Calcite and Quartz
 - iii. Garnet and Granite
 - iv. Magnitude and Intensity of earthquake
 - v. Plutonic and Volcanic rock
 - vi. Plane failure and Wedge failure.

Exam.	Regular/Back		
Level	B.E.	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define crystal and elements of crystal symmetry. Describe orthorhombic crystal system with suitable diagram and give examples of three minerals belonging to isometric system. [1+2+3+2]
- b) Define metamorphism and metamorphic rock. Describe different types of rock cleavage found in metamorphic rocks. Give their engineering significance. [1+1+3+3]
2. a) What is an unconformity? How can it be recognized in the field? What problems are created by the presence of unconformities? [2+2+4]
- b) Define rock mass and rock material. Explain the characteristics of discontinuities in the rock mass. [2+6]
3. a) Define landslide and mention its various parts with illustration. Describe different types of preventive measures to stabilize the landslide which occurs in the soil mass. [1+3+4]
- b) Describe various types of morphological features developed by river channels. Define hydrological cycle, permeability, porosity, aquifer, aquiclude. [2+6]
4. a) Describe tectonic divisions of Nepal with neat sketch. Indicate tentative location of the tectonic boundaries such as HFT, MBT and MCT. Explain problems related to engineering that can exist in such boundaries. [8]
- b) Describe the methods of surface and sub-surface investigations for the selection of a suitable site to construct civil engineering structures. [8]
5. a) Define true dip and apparent dip. Describe with illustration why it is important to consider apparent dip to draw cross-section when the line of cross-section is not perpendicular to the strike line. [1.5+1.5+5]
- b) Point A is 800m N of Point B and Point C is 400m west of Point B. The altitudes of A, B and C are 500m, 100m and 300m respectively. Find the attitudes (strike, dip direction and dip amount) of the bed rock whose bedding plane passes through these points. [8]
6. a) Write short notes on (any four): [4×2]
 - i) Moh's Hardness Scale
 - ii) Ox-bow Lake
 - iii) Folded Mountains
 - iv) Factor of Safety
 - v) Friction Angle
 - vi) Weathering Profile
- b) Differentiate between (any four): [4×2]
 - i) Confined and Unconfined Aquifer
 - ii) Gabbro and Basalt
 - iii) Body Wave and Surface Wave
 - iv) Hardness and Strength
 - v) Colour and Streak of Mineral

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	B.E.	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / 1	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define engineering geology. Describe the scope and objectives of engineering geology in civil engineering practices in Nepal. [2+6]
- b) Explain intensity and magnitude of earthquake. Write down the mechanism as to how an earthquake occurs. Explain the different types of seismic waves generated during the earthquake. [2+2+4]
2. a) Describe symmetry elements and crystal systems with figure. Explain engineering significance of rock-forming minerals. [2+3+3]
- b) What is rock cycle? How does it represent the sequences of formation of different rock types? Describe the features for recognizing sedimentary, metamorphic and igneous rock. [1+3+4]
3. a) Define fault and illustrate different parts of fault. How is it recognized in the field? What engineering problems are created by the presence of fault? [2+3+3]
- b) What are planes of discontinuities in the rock masses? Explain their characteristics. [2+6]
4. a) What is landslide? Describe its causes. Explain the techniques to determine the slip surface of landslides. [1+3+4]
- b) Define permeability and state Darcy's law. Explain the various types of river channels mentioning the engineering significances of each type. [1+2+5]
5. a) Describe the tectonic divisions of Nepal with neat sketch. Indicate tentative location of tectonic boundaries such as HFT, MBT and MCT. Also explain the engineering related problems that can exist in such boundaries. [8]
- b) Describe the methods of surface and sub-surface investigations for the site selection to construct civil structures. [8]
6. a) Define topographic map, aerial photograph and engineering geological map. Explain the importance of engineering geological map for site investigation to construct civil structures. [3+5]
- b) Point A is 600m North of Point B and Point C is 300m East of Point B. The altitudes of A, B and C are 500m, 100m and 400m respectively. Find the attitudes (strike, dip direction and dip amount) of the bed rock, whose bedding plane is passing through these points. [8]

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	B.E.	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Geology

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Define engineering geology and list out major objectives of the engineering geological investigation for a hill-road project. [2+6]
 b) Draw a neat cross-section of the interior of the earth and mention the composition, density and temperature variation within the earth. List out the effects of the earthquake. [3+2+3]
2. a) Describe the geology of Nepal with a neat sketch and mention the engineering significance of the HFT, MBT and MCT. [3+2+3]
 b) List out the crystal symmetry with examples. Define rock forming minerals. Describe the feldspar group of minerals and list out the engineering significance of quartz. [2+1+3+2]
3. a) Classify the rocks and describe the engineering significance of the rock classes. [5+3]
 b) How sedimentary and metamorphic rocks are formed? [4+4]
4. a) What are folds? How the folds are recognized in the field? List out the influence of folded structures in civil engineering practice. [1+3+4]
 b) Write the genetic classification of faults. List out the physiographic evidences to recognize the faults in the field. Why the documentation of faults is essential in the civil engineering practice? [3+2+3]
5. a) Describe the planes of discontinuity in rock masses and write brief notes on Q and RMR system of engineering classification of rock masses. [2+3+3]
 b) List out the types of mass movement. What are the factors affecting the slope stability? Mention the preventive measures of the landslides. [3+3+2]
6. a) Describe the morphology of river channel and define porosity, permeability, aquifer, aquiclude and piezometric levels. [3+1+1+1+1+1]
 b) List out the complete direct and indirect methods of the site investigation for large dam in the middle mountain range of Nepal. [8]
7. Differentiate between any four of the following: [4×4]
 - a) Altitude and attitude
 - b) Petrification and metamorphism
 - c) Bedding and foliation
 - d) Fault gauge, fault breccia and mylonite
 - v) Rotary drilling and percussion drilling