

Rules for the correct application of TRICHOBEN vaccine :

1) The administration of oral medications with an antifungal effect is not recommended during the period of basic vaccination and before solid immunity in vaccinated animals develops, i.e. for a period of 35 days after the administration of the first dose. The prolonged administration of starters or grain feeds treated with antifungal agents should particularly be avoided in calves during their transition from milk to vegetable feeds since this may compromise the efficacy of vaccination (therapy).

2) Any other immunoprophylactic interventions (vaccination) should not be performed in a period of a minimum of 10 days before the administration of the first dose of the vaccine up to 20 days after the administration of the second (prophylactic) or third (therapeutic) dose. Therefore, it must be good planning also other vaccinations in animals.

3) The vaccine should be stored in a dark and cool place (at refrigerator temperature) before use; this also applies during transport to a particular destination for planned vaccination

4) Vaccination of cattle should be performer from 1 day of age (recommended from 14 days of age), by using a dry, sufficiently long needle (2.5 - 3 cm) to ensure deep intramuscular application into the gluteal muscles in the lumbosacral region.

5) The vaccine should always be applied using a clean automatic injector; it should never be mixed with other vaccines or medicines and should be used within 2 hours after reconstitution.

6) The recommended interval between the prophylactic administration of the first and second dose of the vaccine should be maintained, an optimum interval is 10-14 days, this helps achieving the ideal efficacy, with the production of antibodies that provide protection for a sufficiently long period of time.

7) If calves require treatment using antibiotic agents in a period of vaccination, medications such as penicillin, streptomycin, tylosin, tetracycline or sulphonamides can be used, without posing a significant risk of causing resistance against trichophytosis in immunized animals.



Place of administration : Intramuscular at the sacrum-lumbar or gluteal region. Vaccination and revaccination should be performed into the left and the right part of a body, respectively.





Bioveta, a. s., Komenského 212, 683 23 Ivanovice na Hané, Czech Republic http://www.bioveta.cz • e-mail: comm@bioveta.cz • IČ: 25304046 • DIČ: CZ25304046 • company registered at the Regional Court in Brno, file No. section B, insert 2041 banking connetion GE Money Bank, account No.: 194558116/0600 • tel.: 00420 517 318 500 • fax: 00420 517 363 294