# Earth for All Survey 2024

#### Turkey

G20+ Global Report: attitudes to political and economic transformation

**Commissioned by Earth4All and the Global Commons Alliance** 

Partners: The Policy Institute Kings College, ISWE, Wellbeing Economy Alliance



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Support for proposals



Thinking about climate change and protecting nature, how quickly do you think the world needs to take major action to reduce carbon emissions from electricity, transport, food, industry, and buildings?

> Q6. Thinking about climate change and protecting nature, how quickly do you think the world needs to take major action to reduce carbon emissions from electricity, transport, food, industry, and buildings? Please select the option that best reflects your understanding and opinion of the urgency.

> > 2%

Act immediately, within the next decade	Act within the next 20 to 30 years	30 years	Never – no action required			Don	i't know	
G20	71%	71%					% 3%	<b>6%</b>
Mexico					6%	6 <mark>2%1%</mark>		
Kenya		86%					11%	3% 🔺
South Africa	83%					11	%	3%1 <mark>%2%</mark> 🔺
Brazil	81%					10%	3% 2%	6 5% 🔺
Argentina	80%						2%	2% 3% 🔺
Indonesia	80%					14%		4% 2%
Turkey	80%					9%	3% 2%	6% 🔺
France	73%				14%	49	6 <b>3</b> %	7%
China	72%				15%		9%	3% 1%
United Kingdom	69%			15%	6	6%	4%	6%
Australia	<b>68</b> %			13%		5%	5%	8%
Canada	<b>68</b> %			14%		6%	4%	8%
India	68%				22%		5%	2% 3% 🔻
Denmark	67%			16%		6%	4%	8%
Germany	66%			17%		7%	6%	4% 🔻
South Korea	66%			17%		9%	3%	6% 🔻
Austria	65%			16%		7%	6%	6% 🔻
Sweden	<b>64</b> %			16%		7%	%	9%
Italy	62%			20%		6%	3%	8%
United States	<b>62</b> %			18%		6% 5	%	9%
Japan <b>seria seria se</b>	53%	15%		9%	7%		17%	

Base: 22,000 across 22 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), China (1,000), Denmark (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), Canada (1,000 (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Nexico (1,000), South Arica (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Sweden (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 18 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).

52%



17%

Saudi Arabia



23%

Thinking about climate change and protecting nature, how quickly do you think the world needs to take major action to reduce carbon emissions from electricity, transport, food, industry, and buildings?

Q6. Thinking about climate change and protecting nature, how quickly do you think the world needs to take major action to reduce carbon emissions from electricity, transport, food, industry, and buildings? Please select the option that best reflects your understanding and opinion of the urgency.

	Totol	Ge	nder	Но	usehold inco	me	Age				
	Total (A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Act immediately, within the next	80%	84%	76%	73%	82%	86%	70%	76%	81%	87%	90%
decade	CDG	AC			D	AD			G	AGH	AGHI
Act within the next 20 to 30 years	9%	8%	9%	12%	8%	7%	13%	10%	8%	6%	5%
				AF			AJK				
Act, but we have more time than 30	3%	3%	3%	5%	3%	3%	5%	4%	2%	3%	4%
years				А			I.				
	2%	3%	2%	3%	4%	2%	2%	2%	5%	2%	
Never – no action required					А				AHK		
Don't know	6%	2%	10%	7%	3%	3%	10%	9%	4%	2%	1%
	BEFJK		AB	EF			AIJK	AIJK	В		

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024. For subgroup base sizes, please see Methodology. © Ipsos | Earth4All and the Global Commons Alliance | Turkey Deck | June 2024



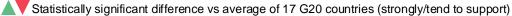
#### Large businesses pay higher tax rates.

Q16. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles?

	Strongly/tend to support	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> <li>Neither support nor oppose</li> </ul>			v	
G20 country average	69%			19%	8%	4%
Indonesia		82%		1	3%	4% 1%
Kenya		81%		10%		
India		78%			6%	<b>6 1%</b> ▲
Turkey		78%			6%	5%
United Kingdom	7	76%			7%	3%
Mexico	7	75%			6%	2% 🔺
South Africa	74	74%		15%	9%	2% 🔺
Canada	72%	72%		17%	8%	3%
United States	72%	72%		15%	10%	3%
Australia	72%	72%		17%	8%	3%
South Korea	69%			<b>21</b> %	7%	3%
Brazil	69%		1	7%	11%	3%
Argentina	68%			20%	10%	2%
Austria	67%			21%	9%	2%
Germany	<b>64</b> %		24	%	8%	3% 🔻
Sweden	64%		20%		13%	4%
France	<b>63</b> %		20%	1	2%	5%
Denmark	59%		23%		15%	3% 🔻
Italy	56%		27%		11%	5%
Saudi Arabia	55%		24%	8%	13%	
Japan	50%		29%	13%	8%	%

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





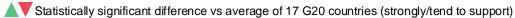
#### Wealthy people pay higher rates of income tax.

Q16. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles?

	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> <li>Neither support nor oppose</li> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> </ul>	ngly/tend to oppose	Don't know	w	
G20 country average	70%		17%	10%	3%
Indonesia	86%			12%	2%
Turkey	81%			10% 4%	5%
India	78%		13%	% 8%	1%
United Kingdom	78%		13%	% 7%	2%
Kenya	76%		9%	15%	
Canada	73%		16%	9%	2% 🔺
United States	72%		15%	10%	2%
Germany	71%		17%	9%	2%
South Korea	72%		15%	11%	2%
South Africa	71%		16%	11%	1%
Australia	71%		15%	11%	2%
Brazil	70%		16%	11%	3%
Mexico	68%		21%	8%	2%
Sweden	66%	16%		15%	3%
Austria	65%	19%		14%	2% 🔻
Italy	64%	20%		11%	5%
France	62%	21%		14%	4% 🔻
Argentina	62%	22%		14%	2% 🔻
Japan	61%	23%		10%	7%
Denmark	56%	<b>21</b> %		20%	2% 🔻
Saudi Arabia	54%	23%	10%	13%	<b>•</b>

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





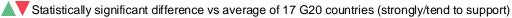
#### Wealthy people pay a higher tax on their wealth.

Q16. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles?

	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> <li>Neither support nor oppose</li> </ul>	Strongly/tend to oppose	Don't know	V	
G20 country average	68%		18%	11%	3%
Indonesia	86%			11%	3%
Turkey	78%		11%	5%	5%
United Kingdom	77%		13%	8%	2%
India	74%		15%	9%	1 % 🔺
Canada	71%		16%	10%	3%
South Korea	71%		17%	10%	2%
Kenya	70%		12%	18%	
Brazil	69%		15%	13%	3%
Australia	69%		16%	12%	3%
South Africa	68%		19%	12%	1%
Germany	68%		18%	<b>12</b> %	2%
France	67%		8%	<b>12</b> %	3%
United States	67%	1	7%	13%	3%
Mexico	<b>63</b> %	25	5%	10%	2%
Austria	<b>63</b> %	19%		16%	2%
Italy	61%	21%		13%	5%
Japan	58%	25%		10%	7%
Sweden	<b>58</b> %	19%	20	%	4%
Denmark	55%	20%	21	%	3% 🔻
Argentina	54%	26%		18%	2% 🔻
Saudi Arabia	54%	22%	12%	13%	

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Sweden (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





People and companies that pollute the environment for example by causing greenhouse gas emissions should pay higher taxes, with the money raised shared out among people and companies who pollute less.

Q16. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles?

	Strongly/tend to support Neither support nor oppose Strongly/tend	to oppose	Don't know		
G20 country average	71%	17%	6	7%	4%
South Africa	80%		13%	72	% 1%
Mexico	78%		13%	6%	3%
India	77%		15%	5%	<b>2%</b>
Argentina	77%	77%			2%
United Kingdom	77%	77%			3%
Brazil	77%		12%	8%	3%
Kenya	76%	8%	6	15%	
France	74%	1	4%	8%	4%
Turkey	74%	1	4%	6%	6%
Austria	72%	17	%	9%	3%
Canada	72%	17%	6	9%	3%
Italy	71%	199	%	6%	<b>5%</b>
Indonesia	71%	19%	/o	<b>9%</b>	<b>2%</b>
Australia	70%	18%		<b>9</b> %	4%
South Korea	70%	21	%	7%	3%
United States	69%	17%		9%	4%
Germany	<b>68</b> %	20%		7%	4%
Denmark	68%	<b>18</b> %		12%	3%
Sweden	66%	17%	10%		6%
Saudi Arabia	58% 21	1%	7%	14%	
Japan	48% 31%		10%	12%	

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles? (Strongly / tend to support).

Q16. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means of funding major changes to our economy and lifestyles?

	Total	Ge	nder	Household income		Age					
		Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Wealthy people pay higher rates of income tax	81%	84%	78%	77%	84%	87%	72%	76%	88%	87%	81%
	CDGH	AC				AD			AD	AD	
	78%	82%	75%	74%	81%	85%	64%	73%	87%	85%	82%
Wealthy people pay a higher tax on their wealth	CDGH	AC			D	AD			AGH	AGH	G
	78%	83%	74%	71%	82%	87%	69%	73%	87%	84%	77%
Large businesses pay higher tax rates	CDGH	AC			D	AD			AGHK	AGH	
People and companies that pollute the environment should pay higher taxes, with the money raised shared out	74%	80%	68%	71%	78%	80%	62%	67%	79%	83%	82%
	CGH	AH				AD			AGH	AGH	AGH



All people in [COUNTRY] receiving a minimum regular income each month from the government (sometimes called a Universal Basic Income), regardless of employment status.

N 1 1/1

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

	Strongly/tend to support	Neither support nor opposition	ther support nor oppose Strongly/tend to opp		e ■ Don't k	KNOW	
G20 country average	52%		2	22%	20%	, o	5%
India		71%			17%	11	%1% 🔺
Indonesia		71%			20%		8% <mark>1%</mark>
Kenya	6!	5%		15%	,	19%	1%
Mexico	65	5%		1	9%	13%	2%
South Africa	59%			18%		22%	2% 🔺
Turkey	56%			19%	18%		7%
Saudi Arabia	55%			20%	6%	18%	
Brazil	53%		2	0%	24%	/ 0	4%
United Kingdom	52%		18%		25%		5%
Canada	50%		19%		<b>26</b> %		5%
Australia	49%		25%	, 0	21%		6%
Germany	46%		24%		<b>27</b> %		4% 🔻
United States	45%		21%		<b>28</b> %		6% 🔻
South Korea	45%		33%			19%	4% 🔻
France	44%		24%		25%		7% 🔻
Italy	43%		<b>28</b> %		<b>24</b> %		5% 🔻
Sweden	42%	20%	/o		31%		7% 🔻
Argentina	41%	22	%		<b>32</b> %		5% 🔻
Austria	40%	249	%		34%		2% 🔻
Japan 📃	39%		36%		15%		11% 🔻
Denmark	31%	22%		409	%		6% 🔻

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



## The government of [COUNTRY] ensuring that every citizen has free or affordable healthcare.

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

	Strongly/tend to support	either support nor oppose	Strongly/tend to oppose	Don't kno	w			
G20 country average	7	/4%		14%	8%	3%		
Kenya		86%		6% 7% 1 <mark>%</mark>				
Indonesia		86%			11%	<b>3%</b> %		
Mexico		86%			8% 5	5% 2% 🔺		
United Kingdom		84%			8% 6%	6 <mark>2%</mark> 🔺		
South Africa		83%			8% 8	%		
Denmark		82%				° <b>1%</b> ▲		
Argentina		80%				6 <mark>2%</mark> 🔺		
Australia		80%				% 2% 🔺		
Austria		79%			4% 7	°% <mark>1 % 🔺</mark>		
Canada		79%			% 7%	5 <mark>2%</mark> 🔺		
Sweden		78%		10%	9%	3%		
Turkey		78%		12%	6%	5%		
Brazil		77%		14%	7%	2%		
Germany		75%		17%	5%	3%		
Italy	729	%		16%	9%	3%		
India	70%			17%	11%	2%		
Saudi Arabia	68%			16%	6% 11%	6		
France	68%			18%	11%	4%		
United States	66%			16%	15%	3%		
South Korea	61%		239	%	13%	3%		
Japan	54%		25%	1	4%	7%		

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arabia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



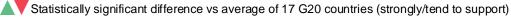
## Strengthening workers rights in [COUNTRY], to protect jobs and ensure adequate retraining.

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

	Strongly/tend to support	ther support nor oppose	Strongly/tend to oppose	Don't know		
G20 country average	75	%		16%	6%	3%
Kenya		91%				4%
Indonesia		87%			11%	1%%
Mexico		86%				% <mark>2%</mark> 💧
South Africa		83%		11		6 1%▲
Turkey		82%		10%		5%
Argentina		80%		13%		2%
Brazil		79%		13%		2%
India	75	75%				2%
Canada		73%			9% 5%	3%
Australia		74%				2%
Italy	749			<u>18%</u> 16%	7%	3%
United Kingdom	73%			17%	7%	3%
United States	71%			19%	7%	3%
Germany	71%			<b>21</b> %	6%	3%
Austria	70%			<b>21</b> %	6%	2%
France	69%			19%	7%	5%
Saudi Arabia	67%		16%	6%	<b>12</b> %	
Sweden	66%		18%		0% 6	%
Denmark	66%		22	2%	8%	5%
South Korea	64%		24	4%	9%	2%
Japan	61%		24%		8% 79	%

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arabia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





## The use of citizens' assemblies in [COUNTRY], to increase citizens' influence in political decision-making.

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Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

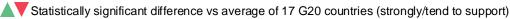
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	Strongly/tend to support	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> <li>Neither support nor oppose</li> </ul>			WO			
G20 country average	62%		24%	6	8%	7%		
Kenya	52 /0	85%	27/	5	10%	4% 1%		
Mexico		77%		15%		% <b>3%</b> ▲		
Indonesia		76%		19%				
South Africa				19%		3% 2%		
		74%				5% 2% <b>A</b>		
India		74%		18%		% <b>3</b> % ▲		
Brazil		2%		18%	7%			
Turkey	68%	)		18%		9%		
Argentina	65%			22%	9%	4%		
France	57%		24%	1	1%	8%		
United States	57%		26%		9%	8%		
Canada	57%		27%		7%	9% 🔻		
Saudi Arabia	56%		21%	6%	17%			
United Kingdom	56%		24%	12%	%	9% 🔻		
Germany	56%		29%		9%	6%		
Australia	55%		29%		9%	7%		
Italy	54%		27%		10%	8%		
Austria	55%		31%		10%	5%		
South Korea	53%		34%		10%	4%		
Denmark	43%		32%	15%		9% 🔻		
Sweden	41%	28%	6	15%	15%			
Japan	40%		36%	9%	15%			

N.1. . 141

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arabia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





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## Laws and regulations limiting the political influence of large corporations in the political process in [COUNTRY].

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1.4

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

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	Strongly/tend to support	Strongly/tend to support Neither support nor oppose Stro			Don't know			
G20 country average	62%			22%	8%	7	7%	
Kenya		79%			11%	10%	1%	
South Africa		72%		7%	3%			
Canada		71%			6%	6%		
Mexico		70%		6%	4%			
United Kingdom		70%		% 7	7%			
Indonesia		59%		18% 23	%	5%	3%	
India	6	8%			2%	3%		
Argentina	68	3%		17% 21%			6%	
Brazil	6	8%		19%	8	8%	5%	
Australia	66'	%		22%		7%	<b>5%</b>	
United States	65%	/o		8%	, 0	6%		
Turkey	61%		19%		9%	10%	D	
Austria	61%			9	%	<b>5%</b>		
France	60%		23%	6	9%	8	%	
Germany	58%		28	%	9	%	<b>5%</b>	
Italy	55%		27%		11%	7	7%	
Sweden	53%		23%	·	12%	12%		
South Korea	51%		30%		14%		5%	
Denmark	50%		<b>29</b> %		12%	10%	o 🔻	
Saudi Arabia	<b>49</b> %		22% 8%			20%		
Japan 🗾	38%	35	5%	11%		16%		

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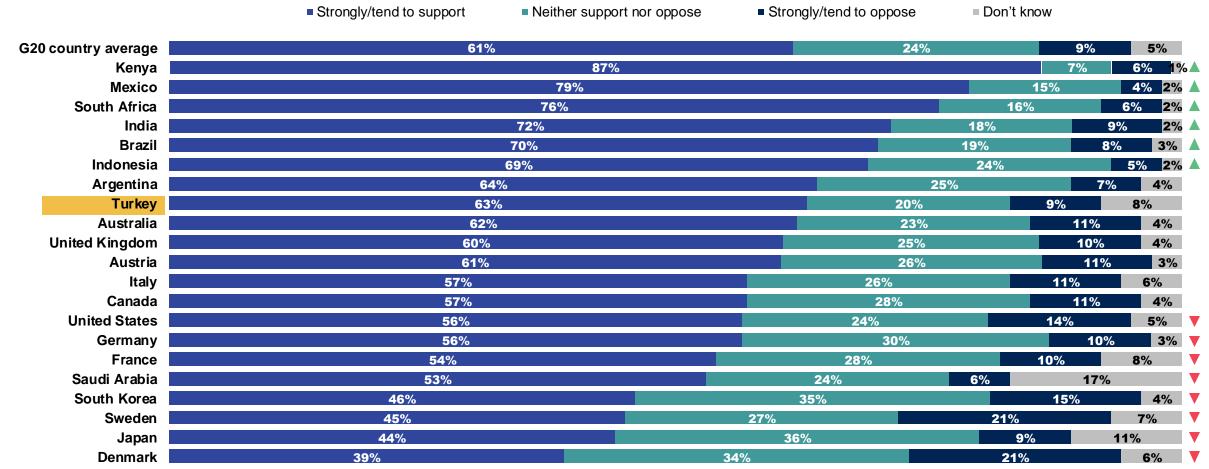
Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





## Policies ensuring more equal gender representation in government and business leadership roles in [COUNTRY].

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?



Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arabia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





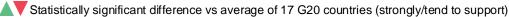
#### Policies supporting work-life balance, such as parental leave, better childcare provision and flexible working hours in [COUNTRY].

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

	Strongly/tend to support	Neither support nor oppose	Strongly/tend to opp	ose ■ Don't kr	NOW	
G20 country average		72%		18%	6% 4%	
Kenya		89%			7% 4%	
South Africa		83%			12% 4%	
Mexico		83%			13% 3% <mark>2%</mark>	
Indonesia		83%			15% 1 <mark>%</mark> /	, 🔺
Turkey		77%		13%	<b>4% 6%</b>	
India		76%		15%	7% <mark>2%</mark>	
Argentina		76%		16%	5% 3%	
Austria		74%		18%	6% <mark>2%</mark>	
Brazil		74%		18%	<b>6% 3%</b>	
Italy		72%		18%	5% 5%	
Canada		71%		19%	7% 3%	
Australia		71%		19%	7% <mark>2%</mark>	
United Kingdom		71%		19%	7% 3%	
United States		70%		19%	8% 3%	
Germany		69%		22%	6% 3%	
South Korea		68%		21%	8% 3%	
France	65	5%		<b>22</b> %	9% 5%	
Sweden	64	<b>!%</b>		21%	10% 5%	
Japan	61%			25%	6% 8%	
Denmark	61%			24%	11% 4%	
Saudi Arabia	61%		19%	5%	15%	

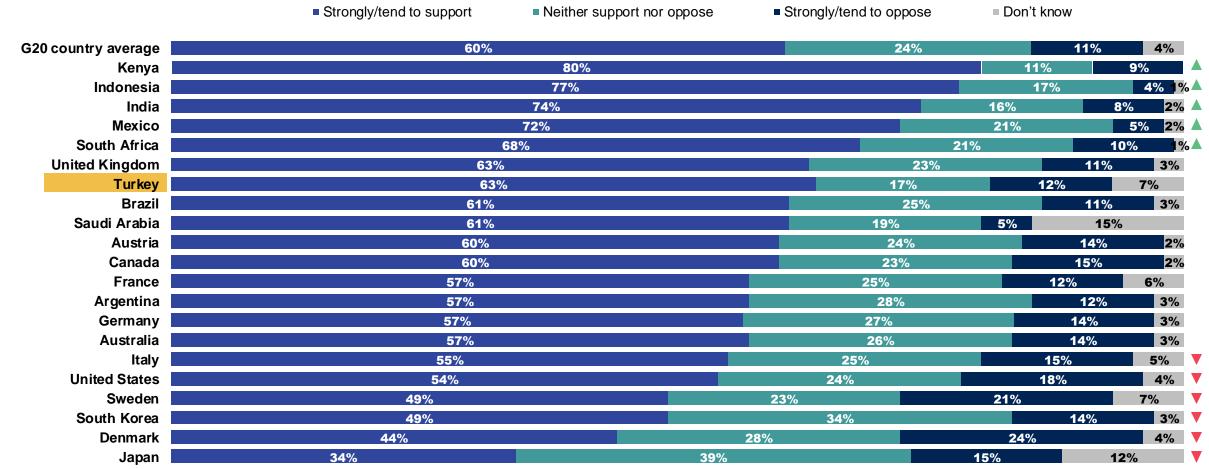
Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Austria (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), Saudi Arabia (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Sweden (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





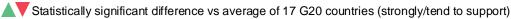
## [COUNTRY] promoting policies to help people eat healthier diets that reduce meat consumption and harmful emissions.

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?



Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





## Investing in renewable energy, energy efficiency, clean transport (cars, buses, trains, aircraft) and reducing pollution in industry in [COUNTRY].

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Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

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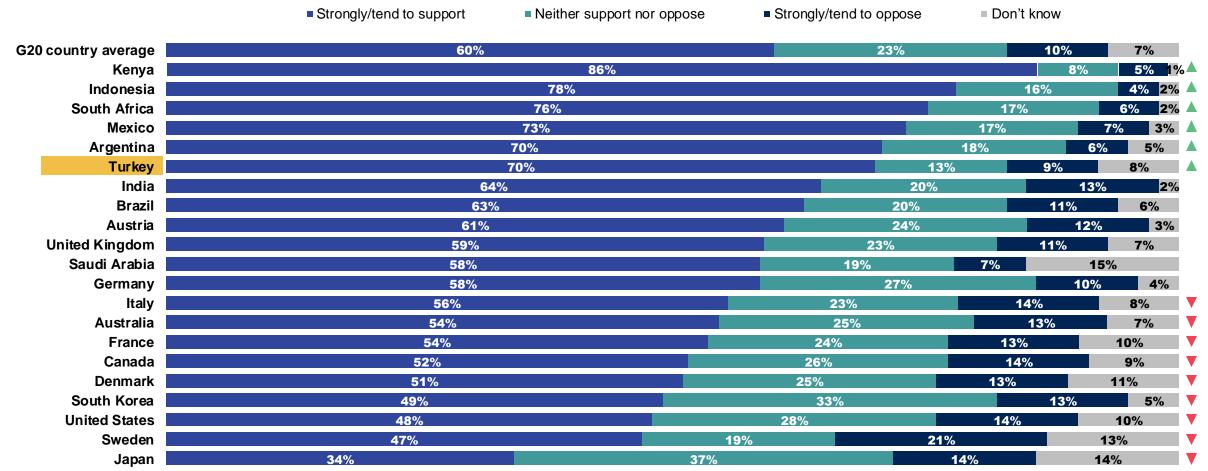
	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to support</li> <li>Neither support nor oppose</li> <li>Strong</li> </ul>	ly/tend to oppose Don't kno	W
G20 country average	74%	16%	6% 4%
Kenya	92%		5% 3%
Mexico	86%		11% 1% <mark>2%</mark> 🔺
South Africa	85%		9% 5% <mark>1%</mark>
Argentina	85%		10% <b>4%</b> 2%
Indonesia	83%		15% 2% <mark>1%</mark>
Turkey	80%	11%	3% 6%
India	80%	13%	6% <mark>2%</mark>
Brazil	79%	149	<b>6 4% 3%</b>
United Kingdom	77%	15%	6% <mark>2%</mark>
Canada	74%	15%	7% 3%
Denmark	73%	16%	7% 3%
Australia	73%	17%	7% 3%
Austria	71%	20%	7% <mark>2%</mark>
Sweden	69%	17%	9% 5% 🔻
United States	67%	19%	10% 4% 🔻
South Korea	67%	23%	8% 3% 🔻
Italy	66%	19%	11% 5% 🔻
France	65%	20%	9% 6% 🔻
Germany	65%	23%	9% 3% 🔻
Saudi Arabia	62%	19% 4%	15%
Japan	60%	25%	7% 8% 🔻

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Kenya (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



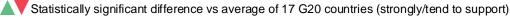
#### Giving legal rights to nature in [COUNTRY]'s national laws.

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?



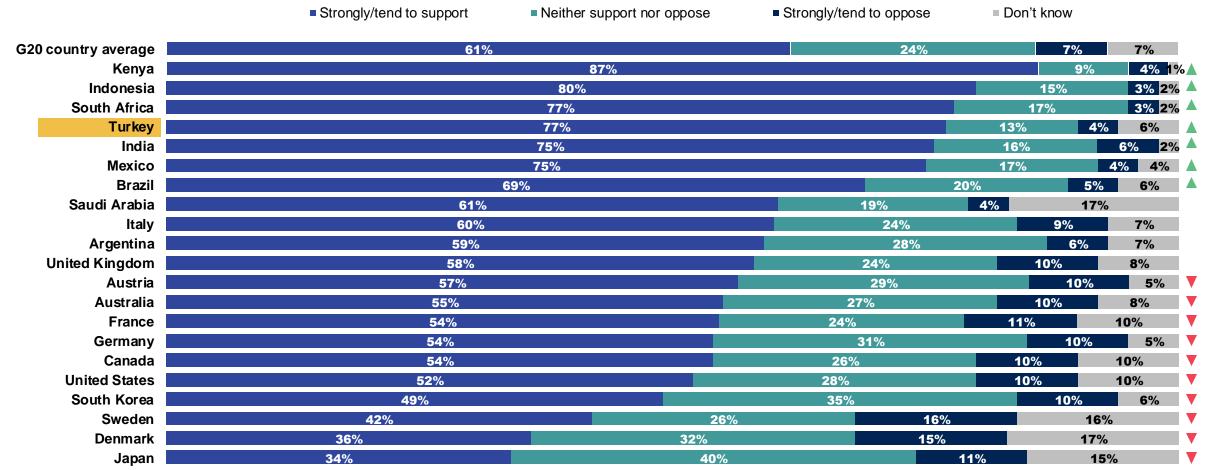
Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





#### Giving legal rights to future generations in [COUNTRY]'s national laws.

Q17. To what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?



Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



And to what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges? (Strongly / tend to support).

									-		
	Total	Ge	ender	Но	usehold inco	ome			Age		
	(A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
ect jobs and ensure adequate retraining		87% AC	78%	79%	82%	89% ADE	74%	75%	87% AGH	90% AGH	87% GH
ncy, clean transport pollution in industry	80% CGH	85% AC	75%	78%	81%	87% AD	70%	72%	88% AGH	87% AGH	85% GH
as free or affordable healthcare	78% <mark>CG</mark> H	81% AC	74%	76%	75%	83% ADE	69%	71%	82% GH	90% AGHIK	76%
ons in national laws	77% CDGH	81% AC	73%	72%	76%	87% ADE	68%	70%	82% AGH	88% AGHK	78%
ch as parental leave, xible working hours		79% AC	74%	74%	80%	82% AD	71%	67%	82% AGH	84% AGH	81% H
ture in national laws	70% CDGH	77% AC	63%	63%	70%	82% ADE	57%	60%	78% AGH	86% AGHIK	70% G
citizens' influence in cal decision-making	68% <mark>CG</mark> H	73% AC	64%	65%	75% AD	73% AD	61%	61%	71% GH	77% AGH	78% AGH
ler representation in ess leadership roles	63% DH	66%	61%	59%	62%	74% ADE	58%	57%	64%	72% AGH	70% GH
hier diets hat reduce harmful emissions	63% H	66%	60%	65%	64%	66%	63%	56%	63%	69% <mark>ACH</mark>	67%
al influence of large the political process		71% AC	52%	56%	59%	74% ADE	55%	47%	68% AGH	74% AGH	66% H
ne each month from employment status	56% H	57%	54%	54%	55%	60% A	51%	50%	61% H	58%	60%

Q17. And to what extent if at all would you support or oppose the following proposals as means to improve all people's wellbeing and quality of life and respond to global challenges?

Strengthening workers rights, to protect jobs and ensure adequate retraining	
Investing in renewable energy, energy efficiency, clean transport and reducing pollution in industry	
The government ensuring that every citizen has free or affordable healthcare	
Giving legal rights to future generations in national laws	
Policies supporting work-life balance, such as parental leave, better childcare provision and flexible working hours	
Giving legal rights to nature in national laws	
The use of citizens' assemblies, to increase citizens' influence in political decision-making	
Policies ensuring more equal gender representation in government and business leadership roles	
Promoting policies to help people eat healthier diets hat reduce meat consumption and harmful emissions	
Laws and regulations limiting the political influence of large corporations in the political process	(
All people receiving a minimum regular income each month from the government, regardless of employment status	



## Democracy and economy



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## To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country?

The government can be trusted to make decisions for the benefit of the majority of people

Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree Strongly/tend to disagree Don't know

G20 country average	39%	)	<b>20%</b>		40%	2%
Saudi Arabia	1	8	0%		10%	5 7% 3% 🔺
India		74%	6		11%	14% 1%
Indonesia	1	<b>67</b> %			18%	15% 1%
Argentina	1	50%		15%	<b>32</b> %	2% 🔺
Kenya	4	7%	16	5%	37%	* 🔺
Sweder	4	7%		24%	26%	3% 🔺
Mexico	45	%	19	%	35%	1% 🔺
Denmark	439	%	22	%	35%	1%
Australia	40%	, D	23%		36%	1%
United States	39%	)	19%		41%	1%
Brazi	38%		20%		41%	1%
Canada	33%		<b>23</b> %		<b>43</b> %	1%▼
Turkey	30%	18	%		49%	4%▼
Germany	<b>29</b> %	2	3%		<b>46</b> %	1%▼
United Kingdom	<b>29</b> %	17%	6		53%	1%▼
South Africa	25%	14%		61	%	
Italy	25%	<b>25</b> %	6		48%	3%▼
South Korea	23%	309	%		45%	2%
Austria	23%	25%	%		52%	0%▼
France	18%	24%			6%	2%▼
Japar	14%	<b>28</b> %		54	4%	3%▼

#### Q8.

#### The government can be trusted to make long-term decisions which will benefit people 20-30 years from now

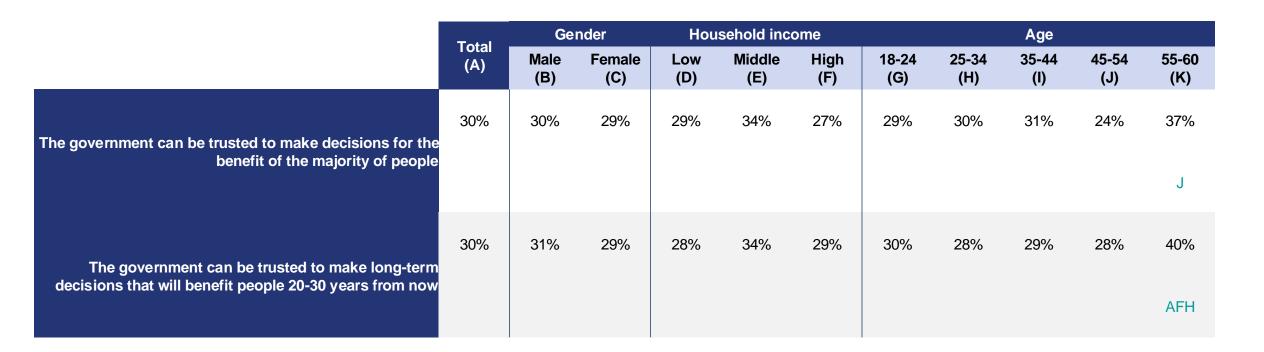
Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree Strongly/tend to disagree Don't know

G20	country average	37%	6	20%		40%	<b>2</b> %		
	Saudi Arabia			80%		7% 4%			
	India		7	5%	12% 12				
	Indonesia		63%			21%	15% 1%		
	Argentina		<b>52%</b>		15%	30%	3%		
	Kenya		50%		14%	36%			
	Mexico	4	4%		20%	35%	1%▲		
	Denmark	38%	%	229	%	39%	1%		
	Brazil	37%	6	21%	<b>o</b>	<b>40</b> %	1%		
	Sweden	37%	<b>6</b>	27%		31%	5%		
	United States	37%	/o	22%	0	<b>40</b> %	1%		
	Australia	36%	)	23%	,	40%	2%		
	Turkey	30%		19%		47%	4%▼		
	Canada	<b>29</b> %		24%		45%	2%		
	Germany	26%	2	.3%		<b>49</b> %	1%▼		
	South Africa	24%	15%			60%	1% 🔻		
	United Kingdom	23%	18%			56%	2%		
	South Korea	23%	2	8%		<b>46</b> %	3% 🔻		
	Italy	21%	25%	)		51%	3%▼		
	France	19%	<b>21</b> %			59%	2%		
	Austria	18%	<b>24</b> %			<b>58%</b>	1%		
	Japan	12%	<b>28</b> %			56%	4%		

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country? (Strongly / tend to agree).



Q8

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024. For subgroup base sizes, please see Methodology. 24 © Ipsos | Earth4All and the Global Commons Alliance | Turkey Deck | June 2024



I'm going to describe various types of political systems. How good or bad do you think each is or would be as a way of governing your country. (Very / fairly good).

	Total	Ge	ender	Hou	sehold inco	me			Age		
	(A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Having a democratic political system	82%	86%	78%	77%	84%	89%	67%	79%	83%	90%	98%
naving a democratic political system	CDG	AC			D	ADE		G	G	AGHI	AGHIJ
Having experts make decisions according to what they	61%	65%	57%	59%	64%	66%	62%	60%	57%	62%	72%
think is best for the country	С	AC				А					AHI
Having a strong leader who does not have to bother	37%	35%	39%	44%	41%	29%	41%	46%	31%	30%	36%
with parliament and elections	FIJ			AF	F		IJ	AIJ			
Having a system governed by religious law in which	25%	26%	25%	28%	36%	18%	28%	30%	24%	19%	26%
there are no political parties or elections	FJ			F	ADF		J	AJ			
Having the army rule	19%	18%	19%	21%	23%	15%	29%	21%	13%	12%	21%
	FIJ			F	F		AIJ	IJ			J
A system governed largely by business leaders and	17%	16%	19%	21%	22%	13%	25%	22%	12%	11%	19%
wealthy people	FIJ			AF	AF		AIJ	AIJ			

Q9.

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024. For subgroup base sizes, please see Methodology. 25 © Ipsos | Earth4AII and the Global Commons Alliance | Turkey Deck | June 2024



## Which, if any, of the following do you think the government has a responsibility to provide for all people in [COUNTRY]? Please select all that apply.

		0.1							A		
	Total	Ge	nder	Household income				Age			
	(A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Free healthcare	78% H	80%	77%	77%	77%	82%	74%	73%	80%	87% AGHK	77%
An adequate standard of living	77% CDGH	81% AC	73%	71%	76%	84% AE	68%	71%	84% AGH	85% AGH	80% G
Law and order	77% CEGH	81% AC	73%	74%	73%	85% ADE	69%	71%	80% GH	90%	76%
High quality education	77% CDGH	82% AC	73%	68%	76% D	86% ADE	70%	69%	80% GH	88% AGHI	84% GH
Adequate income in retirement	74% CDGH	77% AC	71%	67%	76% D	81% AD	64%	67%	73%	88% AGHI	82% AGH
Clean air and water	70% CDH	73% C	67%	65%	73%	76% AD	68%	64%	72% H	74% H	78% H
A society where men and women have equal rights	68% D	65%	70%	61%	63%	75% ADE	69%	64%	67%	73%	69%
A society free of social tensions	65% CDGH	69% AC	60%	56%	64%	76% ADE	55%	57%	65% GH	78% AGHI	74% AGH
The opportunity to influence decisions made by government	41% D	43%	39%	36%	42%	48% AD	41%	36%	39%	43%	51% AHI
None of the above	2%	1%	2%	2%	-	1%	4% AH	1%	2%		2%

Q10.

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024. For subgroup base sizes, please see Methodology. 26 © Ipsos | Earth4AII and the Global Commons Alliance | Turkey Deck | June 2024



## To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country?

### International organisations can be trusted more than national governments to address global challenges

Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree Strongly/tend to disagree Don't know

G20	country average	38%	30%	26%	6%
	Kenya	67	%	15% 19	9%
	India	64%	6	20% 1	4% 1% 🔺
	China	56%		<b>29</b> %	5%
	Mexico	<b>49</b> %	28%	<b>19%</b>	4% 🔺
	Brazil	47%	26%	24%	3% 🔺
	Indonesia	45%	30%	24%	1% 🔺
	South Africa	44%	26%	27%	2% 🔺
	Sweden	40%	<b>28</b> %	22%	10%
	United Kingdom	39%	30%	24%	6%
	United States	39%	30%	24%	7%
	Saudi Arabia	39%	20%	30%	11%
	Denmark	37%	33%	23%	8%
_	Argentina	37%	30%	26%	7%
	Turkey	37%	24%	32%	7%
	Italy	31%	32%	<b>29</b> %	8%
	Australia	31%	35%	<b>29</b> %	5% 🔻
	Canada	31%	34%	<b>29</b> %	7%
	South Korea	30%	39%	28%	3% 🔻
	Germany	26%	<b>40</b> %	26%	8%
	France	24%	36%	31%	10% 🔻
	Austria	23%	37%	35%	5% 🔻
	Japan	22%	<b>39%</b>	31%	<b>8%</b>

Q11. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country?

### All countries are equally represented in today's international organisations

Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree Strongly/tend to disagree Don't know

G20	country average	34%		24%		36	%	6%	
	India		68%	)		15%	6 1	6% 2%	
	Indonesia		65%			209	%	13% 1%	, 🔺
	China		57%			22%	2	1%	
	Kenya	Ę	53%		14%		33%	1%	, 🔺
	Mexico	46	%		<b>28</b> %		22%	5 <mark>4%</mark>	
	Saudi Arabia	<b>42</b> %	)	22	2%	21%	, o	15%	
	Brazil	<b>37</b> %		23%		3	6%	4%	
	South Africa	34%		<b>20%</b>		439	%	<mark>3%</mark>	
	Denmark	31%		<b>28</b> %		31%	/ 0	10%	
	United States	31%		22%		41%		7%	
	Argentina	<b>29</b> %		<b>28</b> %		33%		10%	
	Turkey	27%	179	%		<b>49%</b>		7%	▼
	Australia	24%	22%	6		47%		7%	▼
	Germany	24%		32%		35%	, D	8%	
	South Korea	22%	28	%		<b>46</b> %		4%	
	United Kingdom	22%	22%			<b>48</b> %		7%	
	Italy	22%	3'	1%		<b>39</b> %		8%	
	Canada	21%	<b>21%</b>			51%		6%	
	Sweden	20%	<b>21%</b>		46	6%		13%	
	Austria	19%	35	%		40%	)	6%	
	France	17%	25%		Ę	50%		9%	
il (1 000	Japan	<b>15%</b>	<b>31%</b>	) Cermany (1)	000) India	<b>46%</b>	nesia	8%	

Base: 22,000 across 22 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), China (1,000), China (1,000), Germany (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 18 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Sau di Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



## To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country? (Strongly / tend to agree).

Q11. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about your country?

	Tetel	Ge	Gender Household income		ome	Age					
	Total (A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (l)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
International organisations can be trusted more than national governments to address global challenge	37%	36%	37%	37%	37%	39% J	38%	36%	36%	32%	46% AJ
All countries are equally represented in today's international organisations	27% J	24%	29%	27%	33% A	26%	33% AlJ	29%	23%	21%	34% IJ



Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals?

#### Global surveys of citizens' attitudes and concerns

Strongly/tend to support

G20 country average	<b>62</b> %	23% 9% <mark>5%</mark>
Kenya	85%	9% 5%
South Africa	77%	15% 7% <mark>%</mark> 🔺
China	76%	18% 6%
Indonesia	75%	20% 49 <mark>%</mark> 🔺
India	73%	17% 8%1% 🔺
Argentina	71%	20% 5% <mark>3%</mark>
Mexico	71%	21% 6%2%
Brazil	67%	20% 9% <mark>4%</mark> 🔺
Turkey	<b>63</b> %	20% 9% 8%
Australia	60%	<b>25% 9% 6%</b>
Austria	59%	25% 13% <mark>2%</mark>
United States	59%	25% 10% 7%
Germany	58%	26% 11% <mark>5%</mark>
United Kingdom	58%	24% 12% 7%
Canada	56%	27% 12% 5%
Denmark	55%	27% 11% 7%
Saudi Arabia	55%	22% 8% 14%
France	54%	25% 15% 6%
Sweden	53%	27% 12% 8%
Italy	51%	27% 15% 7%
South Korea	50%	33% 12% <mark>5%</mark> 🔻
Japan	43% 36	% 10% 11% 🔻

Q12. Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals?

#### **Global citizens' assemblies**

Strongly/tend to support = Neither support nor oppose = Strongly/tend to oppose = Don't know

G20 country average	56%	27%	10% 6%
Kenya	84%		10% 5%
India	77%		16% 5% <mark>2</mark> %
China	76%		17% 7%
South Africa	71%		20% 7% <mark>2%</mark>
Mexico	70%		23% <mark>5%3%</mark>
Indonesia	67%		<b>27%</b>
Argentina	62%	24	9% 5%
Brazil	60%	249	% <b>10% 5%</b>
Turkey	55%	26%	8% 10%
Saudi Arabia	55%	24%	6% 14%
United States	53%	27%	12% 7%
United Kingdom	53%	27%	12% 8%
Australia	51%	29%	14% 7% 🔻
Canada	51%	29%	13% 7%
France	49%	28%	15% 8% 🔻
Germany	48%	33%	13% 6% 🔻
Austria	48%	32%	16% 4% 🔻
Denmark	46%	31%	15% 7%
Italy	45%	31%	15% 8%
South Korea	44%	39%	12% 4%
Sweden	41%	33%	16% 11%
Japan	32%	42%	10% 16% 🔻

Base: 22,000 across 22 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Connark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Sweden (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000), 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 18 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Sau di Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals?

#### A United Nations Parliamentary Assembly

Strongly/tend to support 
Neither support nor oppose 
Strongly/tend to oppose 
Don't know

G20 country average	54%	28%	11% 7%
Kenya	83%		10% <mark>7%%</mark>
India	72%	19%	5 <b>7%<mark>2%</mark> ▲</b>
China	72%	20%	6 8% <mark>0</mark> %▲
South Africa	69%	20%	9% 3% 🔺
Indonesia	67%	<b>26</b> %	<b>5%</b> 2%
Mexico	<b>63</b> %	27%	<b>7%</b> 3%
Argentina	<b>58</b> %	27%	9% 6%
Brazi	57%	24%	3% 7%
Australia	51%	28% 1	<b>3% 8%</b>
Turkey	50%	<b>26% 1</b> 1%	<b>6 12%</b>
Canada	49%	30%	3% 7%
Denmark	49%	29% 1	5% 7% 🔻
United Kingdom	49%	28% 1	5% 8% 🔻
Germany	48%	35%	10% 7% 🔻
Saudi Arabia	48%	27% 9%	16%
Italy	47%	30% 15	<b>% 9% ▼</b>
United States	47%	29% 15	<b>% 9% ▼</b>
Austria	46%	35%	14% 5% 🔻
France	43%	<b>29% 18%</b>	10% 🔻
South Korea	42%	39%	13% 5% 🔻
Sweder	39% 3	2% 19%	11% 🔻
Japar	<b>32% 39</b> °	% <b>13</b> %	16%

Q12. Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals?

#### **Global referenda**

Strongly/tend to support I Neither support nor oppose Strongly/tend to oppose Don't know

G20	country average	55%	26%	12	<b>% 6%</b>
	Kenya	81%		10%	6 8% 🔺
	China	73%		19%	7% % 🔺
	India	73%		17%	7%2%
	Indonesia	71%		<b>24%</b>	49 % 🔺
	South Africa	67%		20%	10% 2%
	Mexico	66%		25%	6%3%
	Argentina	60%	2	5% 9	9% 6% 🔺
	Brazil	60%	23	% 13	3% 5% 🔺
	Turkey	56%	25%	9%	10%
	Saudi Arabia	54%	24%	8%	14%
	United States	50%	24%	18%	8% 🔻
	Italy	50%	<b>28</b> %	15%	<b>7%</b> 🔻
	France	49%	26%	17%	7% 🔻
	South Korea	49%	35%	1	2% 4% 🔻
	United Kingdom	47%	25%	<b>20</b> %	8% 🔻
	Australia	47%	<b>28</b> %	19%	6%
	Canada	46%	29%	17%	8% 🔻
	Austria	45%	31%	19%	5% 🔻
	Germany	45%	36%	13%	6 7% 🔻
	Denmark	41%	28%	<b>24%</b>	7%
	Sweden	39%	29%	<b>23</b> %	9% 🔻
	Japan	38%	39%	10%	13%

Base: 22,000 across 22 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Connada (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Sweden (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 18 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Sau di Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals. (Strongly / tend to support).

Q12. Some ways that citizens could be more involved in international organisations are listed below. To what extent, if at all, do you support or oppose these proposals?

	Total	Gender Household income		Age							
	(A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Global surveys of citizens' attitudes and	63%	66%	61%	63%	63%	68%	62%	58%	67%	64%	70%
concerns	н					А					Н
Global referenda	56%	62%	49%	50%	60%	64%	55%	45%	54%	65%	71%
Giobal leferenda	CDH	AC			D	AD	н			AHI	AGHI
Global citizens' assemblies	55%	59%	52%	51%	60%	63%	47%	49%	55%	61%	75%
Giobal citizens assemblies	CDGH	AC			D	AD				GH	AGHIJ
A United Nations Parliamentary Assembly	50%	57%	44%	44%	52%	60%	43%	39%	53%	60%	62%
	CDGH	AC				AD			GH	AGH	AGH



#### There's too much economic inequality in [COUNTRY] these days.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree Strongly/			agree	Don't know	NOW		
G20 country average		67%		18%	11%	4%		
South Africa		85%			9%	<b>5%</b> 1%		
Argentina		84%			8%	7% 1%		
Kenya		84%			9%	7% 0 <mark>%</mark>		
Mexico		77%			13%	9% 1%		
Turkey		77%			11% 7%	5%		
Brazil		76%			14%	9% 2%		
Indonesia		72%			20%	7% 1%		
France		69%		18%	10%	<b>3%</b>		
United Kingdom		65%		19%	12%	4%		
India		64%		21%	14%	2%		
Canada		64%		20%	13%	3%		
Sweden		63%		17%	15%	4%		
Germany		63%		<b>23</b> %	10%	4%		
United States		63%		20%	13%	3%		
Austria		63%		22%				
South Korea		61%		<b>26</b> %	11	% 7%		
Australia	6	61%			12%	4%		
Italy	6	61%			14%	6% 🔻		
Japan 📃	58	58%			12%	5% 🔻		
Denmark	51%		25%		22%	2% 🔻		
Saudi Arabia	37%	25%		25%	1	3%		

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





We are all better off when some people get rich, because their spending and investment trickles down throughout [COUNTRY]'s society, leading to more wealth for all.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to	agree Ne	ither agree no	r disagree	Strong	y/tend to disagree	■ Don't	know	
G20 country average		54%				28%		11%	7%
India		<b>68</b> %					19%	11%	2%
Italy		60%				23%		11%	6%
Indonesia		56%				30%		12%	2%
Saudi Arabia		<b>52</b> %				25%	10%	13%	6
Brazil	4	5%			24%		<b>28</b> %		4%
Mexico	41%	, )			<b>28</b> %		26%		4%
Kenya	37%		14	1%			47%		1%
South Africa	37%			25%			36%		2%
Denmark	37%			<b>29</b> %	6		29%		4%
United States	36%			25%			33%		5%
France	36%			<b>29</b> %			30%		5%
Sweden	33%			25%			36%		6%
South Korea	32%			32%			33%		3%
Turkey	31%		<b>18</b> %			<b>46</b> %			5%
United Kingdom	30%		24%			4	1%		5%
Canada	29%		<b>26</b> %				39%		5%
Argentina	29%		21%			469	6		4%
Australia	28%		27%				39%		5%
Germany	26%		29%				40%		5%
Japan 🗾	22%		34%			3	5%		8%
Austria	19%	25%				<b>52</b> %			3%

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Kenya (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



#### The economic system in [COUNTRY] hurts people who have least money.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree Neither ag	gree nor disagree	Strongly/tend to disagree	Don't know	
G20 country average	61%		20%	15%	4%
Kenya		84%		6% 1	0% 1%
South Africa		83%		9%	7% 1%
Turkey	75%	,		11% 9%	5%
Argentina	71%			<b>15% 12%</b>	2% 🔺
Brazil	67%		189	% <b>12</b> %	3%
Indonesia	67%		19%	<b>13</b> %	2% 🔺
United Kingdom	66%		17%	14%	3%
India	65%		18%	14%	2%
Mexico	63%		20%	14%	3%
Canada	61%		22%	14%	3%
Australia	61%		20%	15%	4%
South Korea	59%		23%	14%	3%
United States	57%		21%	19%	3%
Austria	57%		20%	20%	3%
France	55%		22%	19%	5%
Italy	55%		25%	14%	6% 🔻
Germany	54%	54%		18%	4%
Sweden	51%	51% 20%		24%	5%
Denmark	44%	44% 26%		26%	4%
Saudi Arabia	38%	23%	27%	1	2%
Japan	38%	33%		19%	9%

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Austria (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





#### The economic system in [COUNTRY] is bad for the environment.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree	Neither agree nor d	lisagree Stro	ngly/tend to disagree	e [	Don't know		
G20 country average	44%		30%	, ,		20%	6%	
South Africa		61%			27%		11% 1%	L.
Turkey	5	9%		<b>21</b> %		12%	7%	
Kenya	58	%		19%		23%	1% 🔺	
Brazil	56%	)		25%		15%	4%	
India	52%			<b>24</b> %		21%	3%	
France	50%			<b>28</b> %		16%	6%	
Mexico	50%			31%		14%	5%	۸.
Indonesia	48%			30%		<b>20</b> %	2%	
Italy	47%			31%		16%	5%	
South Korea	47%			34%		16%	4%	
United Kingdom	<b>41%</b>		<b>32</b> %			18%	8%	
Argentina	38%		33%		199	%	10%	/
United States	38%		33%			24%	5%	1
Australia	36%		36%			21%	7%	/
Germany	36%		35%			24%	5%	/
Canada	36%		37%			21%	7%	/
Sweden	33%		<b>32</b> %		23%		12%	/
Denmark	30%		33%		27%		10%	/
Japan 📕	29%		<b>41</b> %		<b>22</b> %	, 0	9%	7
Austria	29%		36%		<b>29</b> %	6	5%	/
Saudi Arabia	28%	19%		43%			11%	/

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arabia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



#### The way the world's economy works now is unfair to poorer countries.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Strongly/tend to disag	ree	Don't know		
G20 country average		62%		22%	10%	<b>6%</b>	
South Africa		81%			13%	5% 1	%
Turkey		78%			<b>12</b> %	<b>6% 5%</b>	
Kenya		76%			12%	11% 1	۸۵
Brazil		75%			15%	7% 3%	6
India		69%		<b>18</b> %		10% <mark>2</mark> %	% 🔺
Mexico		67%		21%		7% 4%	
Argentina		67%	67% 19%				
Austria		63%		20%	13	<b>% 4</b> %	
Indonesia		61%		28%			%
United Kingdom	5	9%	239	6	11%	7%	
Sweden	5	9%	20%		13%	8%	
France	5	9%		26%	9%	<b>% 6%</b>	
Italy	5	8%	24	%	11%	6%	
Germany	57	%	25%		12%	6%	
South Korea	56%	6	28%		11	% 5%	
Saudi Arabia	55%	, 0	21%		10%	13%	
Australia	55%	,	26%		12%	7%	
Canada	54%		25%		14%	7%	
Japan Japan	50%		30%		12%	8%	
United States	48%		28%		16%	8%	
Denmark	44%		28%		18%	9%	

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Austria (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





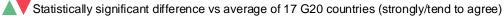
## Focusing on economic growth in [COUNTRY] is the best way to achieve wealth and wellbeing for all who live here.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree	ree nor disagree	Strongly/tend to dis	sagree	Don't knc	W		
G20 country average	60%			24%		12%	4%	
Kenya 📃		81%			8%		11%	
Indonesia	8	0%				<b>3%1%</b> /		
South Africa	8	0%			13	%	7% 1%	
India	78	%			15%	6	6% <mark>1%</mark> /	
Argentina	73%				14%	11%	% <mark>2%</mark>	
Mexico	72%				<b>19</b> %		6% <mark>2%</mark> /	
Saudi Arabia	69%			16%		6%	9%	
Brazil	64%			21%		12%	3%	
United States	60%			24%		<b>12</b> %	4%	
Turkey	58%		20	20%			5%	
United Kingdom	55%		25%	1	15%		/	
Sweden	55%		23%	16	%	6%	/	
Canada	55%		27%	, D		14%	5%	/
Denmark	53%		25%		1	7%	5%	/
Australia	52%		<b>29</b> %			14%	5%	/
Italy	51%		<b>31</b> %			12%	6%	•
Germany	45%		32%		18	%	5%	/
France	45%		30%		19%	6	5%	•
Austria	44%		30%			<b>22</b> %		
Japan 🗾	41%		38%			12%		/
South Korea	39%		36%		22	%	3%	/

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





The way [COUNTRY]'s economy works should prioritise the health and wellbeing of people and nature rather than focusing solely on profit and increasing wealth in [COUNTRY].

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	Strongly/tend to agree Neither agree nor disagree	Strongly/tend to disagree	Don't know	W	
G20 country average	68%		21%	8%	4%
Kenya	86%			7% 6	5%
Indonesia	86%			<b>12</b> %	2%
India	80%		13%	<b>6%</b>	2%
South Africa	78%		17%	6 <b>5</b> 1	% 1%
Mexico	77%		17	% 39	% 2% 🔺
Brazil	74%		17%	8%	2%
United Kingdom	70%		19%	7%	5%
Turkey	70%		17%	8%	5%
Austria	69%		22%	7%	2%
Australia	69%		<b>21</b> %	8%	2%
United States	68%		<b>21%</b>	7%	4%
France	67%		21%	9%	3%
Argentina	66%		9%	13%	2%
Canada	65%		23%	9%	3%
Italy	64%		24%	8%	4%
Denmark	63%	22%	6	12%	3%
Sweden	62%	21%		11%	5%
Saudi Arabia	61%	19%	8%	13%	
Germany	59%	29%	29%		
South Korea	54%	31%		12%	3%
Japan	47%	36%		9% 79	%

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), India (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Kenya (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



### The economic success of a country should be measured by the health and wellbeing of its citizens, not how fast the economy is growing.

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	<ul> <li>Strongly/tend to agree</li> <li>Neither agree nor d</li> </ul>	isagree Strongly/tend to disagree	Don't know
G20 country average	62%	23%	11% 4%
Kenya	80%		9% 11%
Indonesia	76%		19% 4%
India	73%		17% 8% 1 <mark>%</mark>
Turkey	73%	14	<b>% 8% 5%</b>
Brazil	69%	19%	10% 2% 人
Austria	67%	22%	<b>9%</b>
South Africa	65%	21%	<b>13%</b> 1 <mark>%</mark>
Mexico	64%	22%	11% 3%
Australia	<b>63</b> %	25%	9% 4%
United States	61%	24%	11% 4%
Denmark	61%	24%	11% 4%
United Kingdom	61%	24%	12% 4%
Saudi Arabia	60%	21%	9% 10%
Canada	60%	26%	12% 3%
France	60%	24%	12% 5%
Italy	59%	26%	10% 6% 🔻
Argentina	58%	20%	19% 3% 🔻
Germany	58%	28%	11% 3% 🔻
Sweden	58%	25%	12% 5% 🔻
South Korea	54%	30%	13% 🔻 🔻
Japan 📃	46%	35%	12% 7% 🔻

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Austria (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).





# To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country? (Strongly / tend to agree).

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

		Ge	nder	Но	usehold inc	ome			Age		
	Total (A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
The way the world's economy works now is unfair to poorer countries	78% CDGH	83% AC	72%	73%	80%	86% AD	69%	68%	84% AGH	86% AGH	83% GH
There's too much economic inequality in Turkey these days	77% CGH	81% AC	74%	76%	74%	85% ADE	71%	69%	84% А <b>G</b> НК	90% А <mark>G</mark> HК	70%
The economic system in Turkey hurts people who have least money	75% GH	76%	74%	75%	71%	81% ADE	68%	68%	81% AGHK	83% AGHK	71%
The economic success of a country should be measured by the health and wellbeing of its citizens, not how fast the economy is	73%	78%	68%	71%	66%	84%	63%	62%	79%	83%	79%
growing	CEGH	AC				ADE			AGH	AGH	GH
The way economy works should prioritise the health and wellbeing of people and nature rather than focusing solely on	70%	73%	67%	64%	70%	79%	58%	61%	74%	78%	82%
profit and increasing wealth in Turkey	CDGH	AC				ADE			GH	AGH	AGH
The economic system in Turkey is bad for the environment	59%	60%	59%	61%	59%	64% A	59%	56%	61%	62%	60%
Focusing on economic growth in Turkey is the best way to achieve wealth and wellbeing for all who live here	58% H	58%	58%	60%	60%	57%	58%	53%	59%	60%	64% H
We are all better off when some people get rich (as spending and investment trickles down, leading to more wealth for all)	31% J	30%	33%	35% F	37% AF	28%	38% AJ	32% J	30%	23%	37% J

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024.

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Green letters show that column % is significantly higher than the column indicated by the letter. Subgroups sig tested against total and comparable others (i.e. male vs female; low vs middle vs high household income; 18-24 vs 25-34 vs 35-44 vs 45-54 vs 55-60).



### Which comes closest to your view about the following political systems?

### The global political system

- It needs to be completely reformed
- It needs minor changes
   Don't know

- It needs major changes
- It doesn't need to be changed

G20 country average	23%	37%	2	3% 4	<mark>% 13% 🔺</mark>
India	36%		37%	19%	6 4%4% 🔺
Turkey	33%	3	8%	14% 2	% 14% 🔺
Mexico	32%		<b>48</b> %	1	2% 2 <mark>%</mark> 6% 🔺
Brazil	31%	4	2%	16%	3%7% 🔺
South Africa	30%	37%	6	<b>21%</b>	4% 7% 🔺
Saudi Arabia	29%	25%	17%	9%	20%
Indonesia	28%	33%		24%	6% 9% 🔺
Kenya	24%	36%		30%	7%3%
France	22%	40%	1	<mark>8% 4%</mark>	15%
Austria	21%	43%		22%	3% 11%
Canada	20%	35%	25%	<mark>4%</mark>	17%
Argentina	19%	47%		17% 2	6 15% 🛛 🔻
Italy	19%	41%		27%	2% 11% 🛛 🔻
Australia	18%	32%	<b>29</b> %	<mark>5%</mark>	16%
United Kingdom	17%	36%	27%	<mark>5%</mark>	15%
United States	17%	35%	24%	6%	17%
Germany	15%	<b>42</b> %	2	7%	3% 12%
Sweden	15%	<b>36</b> %	23%	<mark>3%</mark>	23%
Japan	13%	29%	32%	<mark>5%</mark>	21%
Denmark	11%	29%	35%	8%	17%
South Korea	10%	33%	42%		5% 10%

Q14. Which comes closest to your view about the following political systems?

### The political system of [COUNTRY]

- It needs to be completely reformed
- It needs minor changes
- Don't know

It needs major changes
 It doesn't need to be changed

G20 country average	29%	36%		21%	<b>7% 6%</b>	
South Africa	5	7%	32	2%	7%21%	
Kenya	51%	6	34%		12% 3%	
Turkey	44%		28%	14%	<mark>5%</mark> 9%	
Brazil	43%		38%	1	3% 3%3%	
Mexico	39%		45%		9% 3%3%	
Argentina	37%		<b>48</b> %		10%23%	
South Korea	32%	39%	6	20%	<mark>5%3</mark> %	
Indonesia	31%	36%		24%	<b>7%3%</b>	
France	<b>28</b> %	40%		19%	<b>5%</b> 9%	
India	<b>28</b> %	39%		22%	<mark>8% 4%</mark>	
Austria	26%	39%		<b>28</b> %	<mark>4%</mark> 4%	
Japan	25%	32%	28%		<b>5% 10%</b>	
Italy	24%	<b>39</b> %	2	5%	<b>5% 8%</b>	
United Kingdom	24%	<b>39</b> %	2	6%	<mark>6%</mark> 6%	
Canada	21%	<b>38</b> %	28	%	<b>6%</b> 7%	
Germany	21%	37%	31	%	<mark>7%</mark> 5%	
United States	18%	<b>40</b> %	27%	<b>6</b>	8% 7%	
Australia	15%	31%	37%	1	0% 7%	
Sweden	12% 3	4%	32%	11%	<b>11%</b>	
Denmark	11% 29%	6	35%	<b>18</b> %	<mark>⁄6 7%</mark>	
Saudi Arabia	10% 13%	19%	<b>39</b> %		19%	

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), Denmark (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Arbia (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



### Which comes closest to your view about the following economic systems?

### The global economic system

- It needs to be completely reformed
- It needs minor changes Don't know

- It needs major changes
- It doesn't need to be changed

G20 country average	22%	<b>42</b> %		21%	<b>4%</b> 11%	
Turkey	36%		41%	11%	<b>6 2<mark>%</mark> 11%</b>	
Mexico	31%		<b>53%</b>		10%1 <mark>5%</mark>	
South Africa	31%		47%	1	4% <mark>2%</mark> 6%	
India	30%	4	2%	20%	% <mark>4%</mark> 4%	, 🔺 .
Kenya	30%	4	14%	21	1% 32%	6 🔺
Brazil	30%		47%	16	5% <mark>2%</mark> 6%	
France	23%	46%		15% 3	<mark>3%</mark> 13%	
Saudi Arabia	23%	30%	20%	9%	18%	
Indonesia	23%	37%		27%	<mark>4%</mark> 8%	
Argentina	22%	54	%	139	% 2% 9%	
Canada	21%	<b>42</b> %		20% 4	<mark>% 14%</mark>	
Italy	19%	47%		21%	<mark>4%</mark> 9%	
Australia	18%	40%	2	5% 5	<mark>%</mark> 13%	
Austria	18%	<b>53</b> %		19%	2%8%	
United Kingdom	17%	<b>43</b> %	2	3% 4	<mark>% 14</mark> %	
United States	16%	38%	27%	% <mark>4</mark> 9	<mark>/</mark> 6 15%	
Germany	15%	<b>46</b> %		<b>26</b> %	<b>3% 10%</b>	
Sweden	15%	<b>43</b> %	<b>18</b> %	6 <mark>4%</mark>	20%	
Denmark	11%	38%	<b>29</b> %	6%	16%	
South Korea	10%	40%	37	%	<mark>4%</mark> 8%	
Japan	8% 29	)%	36%	6%	21%	

#### The economic system of [COUNTRY]

- It needs to be completely reformed
- It needs minor changes
- Don't know

Q14. Which comes closest to your view about the following political systems?

- It needs major changes
- It doesn't need to be changed

G20 country average	27%	41%		21%	<mark>5%</mark> 6%	
Kenya	51	%	39%	/ 0	8%1%	
Turkey	50%	%	32%	10	<b>%2</b> %	
South Africa	<b>50</b> %	%	41%	/ 0	7%1%	
Brazil	40%		<b>43</b> %		12% 23%	
Argentina	37%		<b>53%</b>		6% <mark>3%</mark>	
Mexico	36%		<b>51%</b>		8%2 <mark>3%</mark>	
India	31%	42%	/ 0	21%	5 <mark>42</mark> %	
Indonesia	<b>28</b> %	42%		23%	<mark>5%3</mark> %	
France	25%	<b>46</b> %		16%	3% 9%	
United Kingdom	21%	<b>43</b> %		25%	<mark>4%</mark> 7%	
South Korea	21%	45%		<b>26</b> %	<mark>4%</mark> 4%	
Italy	21%	45%		24%	3%8%	
Canada	21%	<b>42</b> %		26%	<mark>4%</mark> 7%	
United States	16%	<b>39</b> %	30%	)	7% 8%	
Austria	16%	44%	3	<b>32</b> %	<mark>3%</mark> 6%	
Australia	15%	37%	32%		<b>6%</b> 9%	
Japan	15%	33%	33%	<mark>5%</mark>	14%	
Sweden	15%	39%	<b>28</b> %	<mark>5%</mark>	13%	
Germany	14%	47%	2	28%	<mark>4%</mark> 7%	
Saudi Arabia	<b>12% 14%</b>	<b>28</b> %	31%		15%	
Denmark	10% 30%	%	40%	11	<mark>% 9</mark> %	

Base: 21,000 across 21 countries, 18 - 55-75, online interviews, 5th March – 8th April 2024. Argentina (1,000), Austria (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Brazil (1,000), France (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada (1,000), Canada (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Italy (1,000), Italy (1,000), Canada Japan (1,000), Kenya (1,000), Mexico (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000). 'G20 country average' is an arithmetic average of 17 G20 countries surveyed (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States).



Values and demographics



## To what extent are you optimistic or pessimistic about each of the following... (Very / somewhat optimistic).



Q2.

	Total	Gender		Hou	isehold inco	me	Age				
	Total (A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
Your future	42%	40%	45%	42%	44%	39%	54%	47%	41%	31%	38%
four future	J						AIJK	J	J		
	29%	30%	28%	29%	34%	28%	25%	32%	26%	28%	40%
The future of your country					А						AGIJ
The future of the world	20%	20%	20%	20%	22%	20%	19%	22%	16%	13%	40%
	J							J			AGHIJ

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024.

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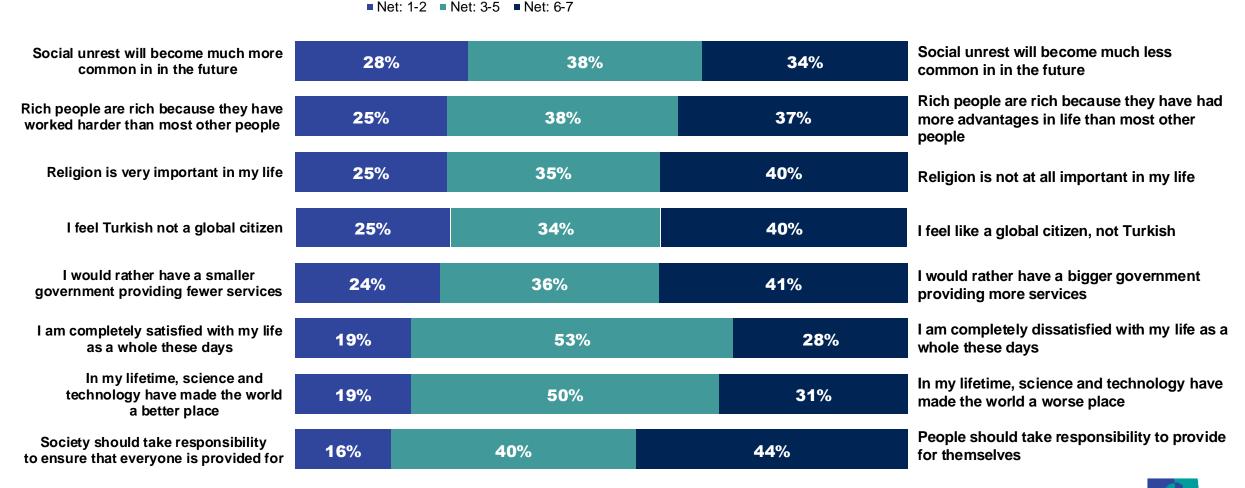
Green letters show that column % is significantly higher than the column indicated by the letter. Subgroups sig tested against total and comparable others (i.e. male vs female; low vs middle vs high household income; 18-24 vs 25-34 vs 35-44 vs 45-54 vs 55-60).



Please now give us your views on the following issues. We will show you two statements – please tell us which of these statements is closer to your beliefs.

Q3. 1 means you agree completely with the statement on the left; 7 means you agree completely with the statement on the right; and if your views fall somewhere in between, you can choose any number in between.

**DSO** 



Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024.

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How satisfied are you with the financial situation of your household? How exposed, if at all, are you personally to environmental and climate related risks, and threats?



QD4, QD5.

			Ge	nder	Ηοι	sehold inco	ome			Age		
		Total (A)	Male (B)	Female (C)	Low (D)	Middle (E)	High (F)	18-24 (G)	25-34 (H)	35-44 (I)	45-54 (J)	55-60 (K)
		31%	35%	28%	23%	35%	40%	27%	35%	32%	26%	41%
How satisfied are you with the financial	NET: Very/fairly satisfied	CDJ	AC			D	AD		J			AGJ
situation of your		45%	43%	47%	57%	44%	36%	43%	44%	46%	52%	37%
nousenoia ?	NET: Very/fairly dissatisfied	F			AEF	F					AK	
	NET: Very/somewhat	69%	68%	70%	68%	72%	73%	60%	70%	72%	68%	76%
How exposed, if at all, are you personally to	exposed	G					А		G	G		G
environmental and climate related risks, and threats?	NET: Not very/not at all exposed	26%	28%	24%	26%	27%	25%	29%	25%	25%	29%	22%

Base= Turkey, 1,000 adults aged 18 to 60, interviewed online in March and April 2024.

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Green letters show that column % is significantly higher than the column indicated by the letter. Subgroups sig tested against total and comparable others (i.e. male vs female; low vs middle vs high household income; 18-24 vs 25-34 vs 35-44 vs 45-54 vs 55-60).



# Methodology



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## **Objectives and methodology.**

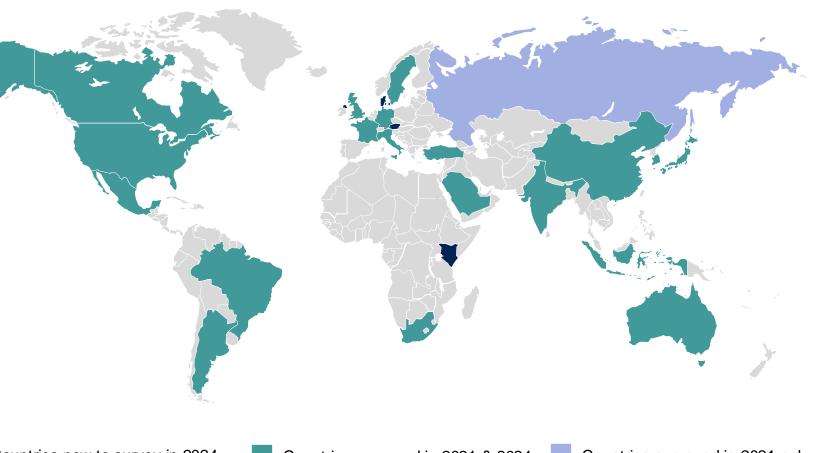
- Commissioned by Earth4All and the Global Commons Alliance, in partnership with The Policy Institute Kings College, Wellbeing Alliance, ISWE, and Wellbeing Economy Alliance, Ipsos conducted research to understand attitudes to societal transformations, political / economic systems and planetary stewardship. Questions focused on: values and worldviews, attitudes towards nature and planetary stewardship, attitudes towards national and global political and economic systems, levels of support for Earth4All policy recommendations. This report focuses on attitudes towards national and global political and economic systems, and levels of support for Earth4All policy proposals.
- Ipsos surveyed 22,000 participants aged 18 to 55-75 in total across 22 countries. This included 18 G20 countries (Argentina (1,000), Australia (1,000), Brazil (1,000), Canada (1,000), China (1,000), France (1,000), Germany (1,000), India (1,000), Indonesia (1,000), Italy (1,000), Japan (1,000), Mexico (1,000), Saudi Arabia (1,000), South Africa (1,000), South Korea (1,000), Turkey (1,000), United Kingdom (1,000), United States (1,000)), plus four counties outside the G20 (Austria (1,000), Denmark (1,000), Kenya (1,000) and Sweden (1,000)). Not all questions were asked in China. All interviews were conducted online and took place between 5th March and 8th April 2024.
- Quota sampling was used, and in each country data are weighted to be representative of the national population on age, gender, region and working status. Where results do not sum to 100, this may be due to rounding, multiple responses, or the exclusion of 'don't know' categories.
- This report presents a 'G20 country average' and compares individual countries against this. Overall 'G20 country average' percentage is an arithmetic average of national results across the 18 G20 countries surveyed (or 17 G20 countries in the case of questions that were not asked in China), where the results from each country have the same weight and are not pro-rate to the true population proportions for this audience.
- This report presents the findings from Turkey, comparing responses with the other nations surveyed. This study also compares responses from different demographic groups in Turkey. In Turkey, 1,000 participants aged 18-60 were interviewed in Turkish between 5th March and 8th April 2024.



### Methodology: Study Coverage.

22 countries were included in the study, a total of **22,000 participants** from age 18 to 55-75.

Some questions that were asked were also run in the <u>Global Commons Survey in</u> <u>2021</u>. Where this is the case, trend data has been shown for those countries included in both the 2021 and 2024 studies.



Countries new to survey in 2024

Countries surveyed in 2021 & 2024

Countries surveyed in 2021 only



# Sample overview by country.

Country	Abbreviation	Sample Size	Ages covered	Language	
United Kingdom	UK	1000	18-75	English	
Italy	IT	1000	18-65	Italian	
Turkey	TR	1000	18-60	Turkish	
United States	US	1000	18-75	English	
Argentina	AR	1000	18-55	Spanish	
Australia	AU	1000	18-65	English	
Brazil	BR	1000	18-55	Portuguese	
China	CN	1000	18-55	Chinese (Simplified)	
India	IN	1000	18-65	English	
Indonesia	ID	1000	21-65	Bahasa Indonesia	
Japan	JP	1000	18-65	Japanese	
South Korea	SK	1000	18-55	Korean	
Mexico	МХ	1000	18-55	Spanish	
Saudi Arabia	SA	1000	18-65	Arabic	
South Africa	ZA	1000	18-65	English	
Canada	СА	1000	18-65	English, French	
France	FR	1000	18-65	French	
Germany	DE	1000	18-65	German	
Austria	АТ	1000	18-75	German	
Denmark	DK	1000	18-75	Danish	
Kenya	KE	1000	18-65	Swahili	
Sweden	SW	1000	18-65	Swedish	



## Methodology: Demographics/ Subgroup Bases.

	Unweighted / Weighted									
	Gender									
Male	489 / 506									
iviale	49% / 51%									
Female	511/494									
Female	51%/ 49%									
Emp	Employment Status									
Working	516 / 509									
Working	52% / 51%									
Not working	484 / 491									
Not working	48% / 49%									
	Education									
Secondary	289 / 290									
Secondary	29%									
Degree or show	677 / 676									
Degree or above	68%									
Hous	ehold Income									
Low	318 /314									
LOW	32% / 31%									
Middle	238/ 240									
Ivilddie	24%									
High	348 / 351									
Ingn	35%									
Childr	en in Household									
Yes	611 / 611									
1 65	61%									
No	359 / 359									
INU	36%									

	Unweighted / Weighted		
Age			
18-24	189 / 183		
10 24	19% / 18%		
25-34	264 / 254		
20.04	26% / 25%		
35-44	237 / 254		
55-44	24% / 25%		
45-54	209/ 203		
	21% / 20%		
55-65	101 /106		
	10% / 11%		
	Region		
Istanbul	198 / 198		
Istanbu	20%		
North	300/ 300		
	30%		
Center	148/ 148		
	15%		
South	345/ 354		
	35%		

Please note: any use of the data from this research in the public domain will need to be signed-off by Ipsos's Polls for Publication team.

## **Ipsos Standards & Accreditations**

Ipsos's standards & accreditations provide our clients with the peace of mind that they can always depend on us to deliver reliable, sustainable findings. Moreover, our focus on quality and continuous improvement means we have embedded a 'right first time' approach throughout our organisation.



**ISO 20252** – is the international specific standard for market, opinion and social research, including insights and data analytics. Ipsos in the UK was the first company in the world to gain this accreditation.



MRS Company Partnership – By being an MRS Company Partner, Ipsos UK endorse and support the core MRS brand values of professionalism, research er excellence and business effectiveness, and commit to comply with the MRS Code of Conduct throughout the organisation & we were the first company to sign our organisation up to the requirements & self-regulation of the MRS Code; more than 350 companies have followed our lead.



**ISO 9001** – International general company standard with a focus on continual improvement through quality management systems. In 1994 we became one of the early adopters of the ISO 9001 business standard.



**ISO 27001** – International standard for information security designed to ensure the selection of adequate and proportionate security controls. Ipsos UK was the first research company in the UK to be awarded this in August 2008.



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**Fair Data** – Ipsos UK is signed up as a 'Fair Data' Company by agreeing to adhere to twelve core principles. The principles support and complement other standards such as ISOs, and the requirements of Data Protection legislation.

This work was carried out in accordance with the requirements of the international quality standard for market research, ISO 20252 and with the Ipsos UK Terms and Conditions.



# **Appendix Trending vs Global** Commons research



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The way [COUNTRY]'s economy works should prioritise the health and wellbeing of people and nature rather than focusing solely on profit and increasing wealth in [COUNTRY]. (Strongly / tend to agree).

Q13. To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the economy in your country?

	2021	2023	
G20*	74%	68%	
Argentina	73%	66%	
Australia	71%	69%	
Brazil	78%	74%	
Canada	69%	65%	
France	75%	67%	
United Kingdom	69%	70%	
Germany	73%	59%	
India	77%	80%	
Indonesia	86%	86%	
Italy	77%	64%	
Japan	61%	47%	
Saudi Arabia	59%	61%	
South Korea	71%	54%	
Mexico	79%	77%	•
South Africa	78%	78%	
Turkey	85%	70%	
United States	68%	68%	
Sweden	56%	62%	

Base= 2021=18,655; 2023=19,000. \*Please note that G20 average in 2021 included Russia.