

# **East Bay Community Energy Local Development Business Plan**

## **Demand Response Assessment**

Overview of Draft Deliverable Thomas Yurysta, Optony, Inc. January 31, 2018

LDBP Project Team:









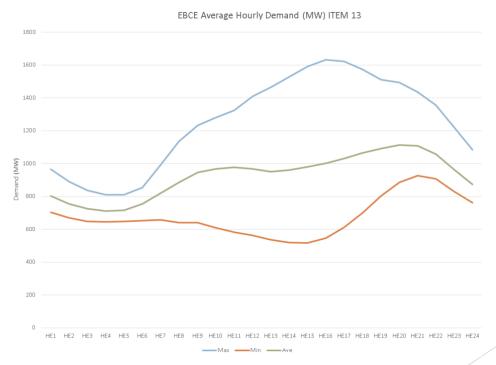


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## The Need for Demand Response

#### Aggregate Demand in Alameda County:

- Ranges from <600 MW to >1600 MW
- ▶ Rises throughout the day, peaking around 8pm
- ▶ Meanwhile NEM generation peaks around 1pm and drops to near zero by 8pm





## **Opportunity for Demand Response**

## Alameda County has many large facilities that are good candidates:

- Demand ratio = (peak demand) / (average demand)
- Of the 479 largest power users in Alameda County:
  - Around 20% have demand ratios >2
  - Around 4% have demand ratios >3
- There are many municipal facilities, industrial plants, and small colleges with large power peaks

#### **Residential Market:**

- High rates of EV ownership
- Many with "early adopter" mentality

		Demand Ratio			Average
		>=1	>=2	>=3	Ratio
Month	1	100.0%	20.4%	4.6%	1.68
	2	100.0%	18.9%	4.3%	2.29
	3	100.0%	23.3%	5.1%	1.74
	4	100.0%	23.3%	3.8%	1.84
	5	100.0%	24.9%	4.5%	1.85
	6	100.0%	19.8%	4.2%	1.84
	7	100.0%	18.7%	4.0%	1.74
	8	100.0%	17.5%	4.0%	2.12
	9	100.0%	19.1%	5.0%	1.94
	10	100.0%	23.0%	4.0%	1.87
	11	100.0%	19.5%	3.5%	1.72
	12	100.0%	22.0%	4.7%	1.73

Demand ratio by month for the largest electricity users in Alameda County



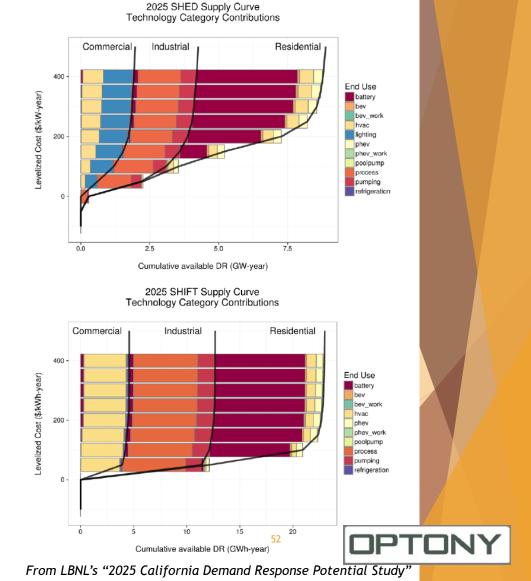
## **DR Technologies**

#### Types of DR:

- "Shed"
  - ▶ Load curtailment to reduce peak demand
- "Shift"
  - Moving load toward times of high renewable generation (or other re-shaping as desired)

#### Most cost effective sources available in quantity:

- Industrial process loads (including pumping)
- Commercial HVAC and lighting
- Residential behind-the-meter batteries



## Recommended DR Strategy

#### Proceed in stages:

- ► In early years, mirror PG&E's existing offerings
  - ▶ Base interruptible program, capacity bidding program, scheduled load reduction program, and others
- Add on customized offerings
  - ▶ Partner with established providers to ease transition
  - ▶ Third party can handle enrollment, customer experience, software platform, etc
- Eventually, a suite of in-house programs
  - Offerings designed to provide both long term load reshaping and shorter term load shifting
  - ► Tailored to EBCE's load profile and needs (not same as PG&E)
  - Leverage customer data obtained during initial years of operation



## Recommended DR Strategy (continued)

### Types of demand response programs to offer:

- Price based programs via base rate structures
  - ► Encourages long term "re-shaping" of customer load
  - ► Example: TOU base rates
- Price based programs via tariff riders
  - ▶ Encourages more active "shifting" of load to combat seasonal or daily peaks
  - ► Example: Peak day pricing programs
- Quantity based programs
  - ▶ Highly dispatchable in specific quantities to provide "shimmy" type DR
  - Combat minute-to-minute fluctuations
  - Example: Direct load control programs



## **Benefits of Demand Response**

#### DR programs offer several revenue / cost saving paths for EBCE:

- Participate in the wholesale market
  - ▶ EBCE acts as a Demand Response Provider and bids into CAISO market
- ► Help meet CA resource adequacy requirements
  - DR programs can be cost effective alternatives to procured capacity needed to comply with CA resource adequacy requirements
  - County's capacity requirement (including reserve requirement) estimated to be around 1600 MW
  - ▶ Weighted average price for recent RA capacity contracts at \$3.10/kW-month
  - ▶ Set a goal to provide 5% of capacity requirements with DR
- Reduce energy procurement costs
  - ▶ DR will lower costs by shaping and shifting load away from peak energy times

