

Staff Report Item 12

TO:East Bay Community Energy Board of DirectorsFROM:Nick Chaset, Chief Executive OfficerSUBJECT:East Bay Community Energy 2018 - 2019 Budget (Discussion Item)DATE:May 16, 2018

Recommendation

Discuss proposed Fiscal Year 2018-2019 Budget, which includes projections for Revenues, Expenses, Financial Reserves, and Local Development.

Revenues	\$318,091,347
Expenses (Energy and Billing)	\$241,977,747
Debt Service	\$17,163,733
All Other Expenses	\$12,741,830
Reserve Contribution	\$42,358,707
Local Development and Programs	\$2,000,000
End of Year Surplus	\$1,849,330

Discussion

On August 2, 2017, the East Bay Community Energy Board approved an initial budget for the purposes of the East Bay Community Energy Implementation Plan. EBCE has been operating under this initial budget since then. EBCE staff has been working to prepare a budget for fiscal 2018-2019 based on significant updates that staff have made to all major inputs including energy load forecast, EBCE rates, debt repayment, staffing, marketing and outreach, overhead, professional services, financial reserve projections, local development, and customer bill credits.

On April 29, 2018, EBCE Staff presented a draft fiscal year 2018-2019 budget to the executive committee for review and feedback. After discussion, the Executive Committee

recommended the budget be brought to the full board for review. Among the items raised by the Executive Committee were a request for more examples of where surplus revenues might be spent, specific references to other CCA reserve policies, and consideration of adjustments to the Litigation Contingency. In response to the comments, staff has included Sonoma Clean Power's current financial policy and has included an in-depth discussion of different options for the use of surplus cash. Staff has not adjusted the litigation contingency due to budget constraints.

Subsequently, EBCE Staff made a number of minor adjustments to the budget based on some updates to expected energy costs, further internal discussions about projected staffing, and updates to the reserve policies based on further review of other CCA policies.

	Cost of Energy	Head Count	Budget	Forecast Reserves
4/29/18 Exec Com	\$235,938,573	28 staff	\$5,477,840	\$42,769,938
5/16/18 BoD	\$236,159,029	30 staff	\$5,558,632	\$42,358,707
Change in Forecast	\$220,456	Addition of 2 staff*	\$80,792	-\$411,231

Table 2 - Adjustment to Cost of Energy, Head Count, Budget, and Forecast Reserves

*Added Positions: Compliance Manager (legal), Account Manager (customer)

The full proposed budget, with detailed discussion of each line item, is included as an attachment to this agenda item.

Attachments

- A. Fiscal Year 2018-2019 EBCE Budget
- B. Sonoma Clean Power Reserve Policy



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Staff Report – Item 06

To:	Sonoma Clean Power Authority Community Advisory Committee
From:	Geof Syphers, CEO Stephanie Reynolds, Director of Internal Operations Mike Maher, Maher Accountancy LLC
Item:	Revision to Financial Policy B.2 on operating and program reserves
Date:	March 22, 2018

Requested Action: Review and recommend amendment to Financial Policy B.2.

Background

Financial Policy B.2 governs the financial reserve targets for SCP. The initial policy was established at the launch of SCP and set a preliminary target of \$50 million in operating reserves, with the understanding that this would be updated in the future.

In 2017, SCP expanded its service territory to include Mendocino County, growing the size of the program by about 14%.

Also in 2017, Moody's published the first financial and credit advisory on community choice programs in California. This advisory (see attachment) identifies a number of financial risk factors relating to portfolio management and regulatory threats, which are well addressed by SCP's risk management policy and SCP's strong focus on legislative and regulatory advocacy.

What is still lacking in the industry is financial guidance on reserve balances, and in place of further guidance it is staff's opinion that the agency should act on guidance provided to other public power providers, such as California municipal utilities. The general guidance to those agencies is that six months of expenses should be kept in cash reserves and liquid short-term investments.

SonomaCleanPower.org



By November 2018, SCP is expected to exceed its initial \$50 million reserve target, leaving the question of what actions it should take following that milestone. Because staff needed to prepare the budget and rates for the fiscal year running from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 in advance of board adoption of a revised financial policy, the board directed staff to prepare the budget and rates on the assumption that this draft policy was already in effect.

Staff therefore propose:

- A general operating/credit reserve target balance of six months of budgeted expenses kept in unrestricted cash and short-term investments (where capital is liquid within 30 days). Eligible investments are those allowed by the State of California, including CDs, money market accounts, approved county investment funds, and collateralized bank deposits.
- A collateral reserve with a target of 10% of annual energy-related expenses set aside in cash and short-term investments for use as collateral in energy purchases. This separate reserve is an important refinement to the prior policy, since that policy assumed that some collateral could contribute to the general operating reserves, and staff have learned that is not the case, since these funds are restricted.
- No change to the threshold for "competitive rates," which states that funds deposited into reserves should not even be considered for use to reduce rates unless SCP's average rates are more than 2% above PG&E's rates.
- Revise the minimum planned contribution to reserves to equal 3% of budgeted revenues rather than 4% in recognition of the fact that the PCIA has increased over 150% since SCP launched in 2014. Note, this would not preclude planning for higher levels of contributions, when practical.



Proposed Amended Financial Policy B.2

Available Fund Balance, and Operating, Program and Collateral Reserves

SCP has an Operating Reserve for the purpose of supporting agency credit, a Program Reserve that allows multi-year program funding commitments, and a Collateral Reserve to allow the posting of collateral for energy and related purchases.

Target balances are:

Operating Reserve	50% of total annual budgeted expenses
Program Reserve	10% of total annual budgeted expenses
Collateral Reserve	10% of annual energy expenditures

Prior to reaching these targets, the following shall apply to Sonoma Clean Power Authority's financial management:

- 1. Rate Setting and Budgeting:
 - A. If rates can be kept competitive with PG&E, a minimum of 3% of revenues shall be recovered through rates to provide for the Operating Reserve, Program Reserve and Collateral Reserve, and reduce financial risk. Rates shall be deemed competitive if SCP's average retail generation rate¹, inclusive of all fees², is not more than 2% above PG&E's average retail generation rate³.
 - B. If rates cannot be kept competitive per the definition in 1.A, then the additional amount to be recovered through rates shall be reduced so that SCP's average retail rate is no more than PG&E's average retail rate. However, the withdrawal of cash reserves to reduce rates should only be done in cases where the Board makes three findings (1) the use of reserves

¹ The Average Retail Generation Rate is the total revenue collected for generation divided by the total kilowatt-hours of energy sold.

² All fees separately charged to SCP customers as determined by the CPUC. Today this includes the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment and a Franchise Fee.

³ See footnote #1.



to reduce rates is likely to be needed because of a short-term reason, and unlikely to be needed in subsequent years; (2) there is a material likelihood that SCP or its customers would be significantly harmed without the use of reserves, and (3) the benefit is greater than the potential credit downgrade from use of the reserves.

- 2. Allocating the Increase in Available Fund Balance, if any:
 - A. 75% to Operating Reserves to support credit and mitigate financial risks.
 - B. 15% to Program Reserves to support programs that have financial commitments which extend beyond the current fiscal year consistent with SCPA's mission. Program Reserve usage must be authorized by the SCPA Board of Directors with prior review by the Community Advisory Committee.
 - C. 10% to the Collateral Reserves to provide a source of collateral for purchasing energy and energy-market products.

Annual Increase in Available Fund Balance shall be determined based on information reported in the annual audited financial statements. Available fund balance at the end of a fiscal year is equal to assets convertible or expected to be converted into cash within 90 days.

When one or two of the reserve targets are met, greater percentages shall be contributed to the unmet target(s) at the Board's direction.

Upon reaching the target balances, rates and budgets shall be set to maintain the target balances.

Financial Policies

Financial Policy B.1

CEO Spending Authority

The Sonoma Clean Power Authority (SCPA) CEO is authorized to make expenditures without prior Board, or Community Advisory Committee review or approval provided that:

- For power procurement, the total annual cost does not exceed \$5 million AND the expenditure will not result in exceeding the amount annually budgeted and approved for energy and scheduling;
- For all other expenditures the total annual cost does not exceed \$100,000 AND the expenditure will not result in exceeding the amount annually budgeted and approved in the applicable category;
- 3. The expenditure is consistent with all adopted SCPA policies;
- 4. The Board Chair and Vice Chair, and the Community Advisory Committee Chair are notified immediately following any Product purchases that exceed \$100,000;
- 5. The expenditure is in the best interests of SCPA customers; and
- 6. All expenditures in excess of \$100,000 are reported at the next Board meeting.

Financial Policy B.2 Available fund balance, Operating Reserve, Debt Repayment and Program Fund (Revised 06/04/2015)

Prior to reaching \$50 million total operating reserves, excluding amounts pledged as collateral, the following shall apply to Sonoma Clean Power Authority's financial management:

- 1. Rate Setting and Budgeting:
 - A. If rates can be kept competitive with PG&E, a minimum of 4% of revenues shall be recovered through rates to provide for reserves and reduce financial risk. Rates shall be deemed competitive if SCP's average retail generation rate¹, inclusive of all fees², is not more than 2% higher than PG&E's average retail generation rate³.
 - B. If rates cannot be kept competitive per the definition in 1.A, then the additional amount to be recovered through rates shall be reduced so that SCP's average retail rate is no more than 2% over PG&E's average retail rate. Under no circumstance, however, will the amount planned to provide for reserves be less than 1.5% of total annual forecasted revenues.
- 2. Allocating the Increase in Available Fund Balance, if any:
 - A. 85% to operating reserves. The main uses of these reserves are to provide for collateral postings, debt reduction, and rate stabilization and to counter financial risks.
 - B. 15% to a Program Fund to support local renewable energy project, energy efficiency, customer programs and other local efforts consistent with SCP's mission. Program Fund usage must be authorized by the SCPA Board of Directors, with prior review by the Community Advisory Committee.

After reaching \$50 million in operating reserves, excluding amounts pledged as collateral, a new financial policy shall be adopted by the Board of Directors which may reduce the rate of contributing to reserves.

Annual increase in available fund balance shall be determined based on information reported in the annual audited financial statements. Available fund balance at the end of a fiscal year is equal to assets convertible or expected to be converted into cash within 90 days.

¹ The Average Retail Generation Rate is the total revenue collected for generation divided by the total kilowatt-hours of energy sold.

² All fees separately charged to SCP customers as determined by the CPUC. Today this includes the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment and a Franchise Fee.

³ See footnote #1.

Financial Policy B.3 Accounts Receivable Reserve

In order to accurately report accounts receivable, net assets and earnings, Sonoma Clean Power Authority (SCPA) shall estimate the rate of collection of amounts billed to customers by evaluating and monitoring the historical rates of collection of amounts billed to customers. Consideration shall be given to changes in the commercial and residential customer ratio, demographics, or other factors that might influence changes from historical rates.

As changes in historical rates of collection are identified, SCPA shall adjust estimated reserve amounts and record uncollectable amounts to align with the most recent data available. SCPA shall review historical data no less than twice annually, evaluating any changes that may be needed to the estimated reserve amount and recorded uncollectable amounts.



2018-2019 East Bay Community Energy Budget

PRESENTED BY: Nick Chaset DATE: 5/16/18

East Bay Community Energy: 2018-2019 Budget

\$1,849,330

REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES

Electricity Sales	\$318,091,347
Interest Income	
Total Revenues	\$318,091,347

\$963,31 \$241,977,74 \$5,500,00 \$11,663,73 \$17,163,73 \$5,558,63
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\$17,163,73
\$5,558,632
\$1,959,000
\$1,959,000
\$1,715,698
\$976,000
\$202,500
\$1,970,000
\$180,000
\$180,000
\$3,508,500
\$271,883,311

Reserve Contribution		
	Financial Reserve Contribution	\$35,145,981
	Rate Stabilization Reserve Contribution	\$2,704,772
	Collateral Reserve	\$4,507,954
Total Reserves		\$42,358,707

Local Development and Programs

Placeholder	 \$2,000,000

EBCE staff is pleased to present this draft 2018-2019 Budget.

Items covered through this presentation:

1) Overview of Revenues: Electricity Sales/Rate Assumptions

2) Overview of Expenditures

Cost of Energy

Debt Service

Reserve Contribution and Reserve Policy

Personnel

Marketing Services

General and Administration

Other Professional Services

3) Options for Residual Revenues

Customer Rate Credit Local Development/Programs Additional Debt Payments

EOY Surplus

Benchmarking EBCE Expenses to other CCAs

Non-Energy Expense Category	EBCE Expenses Relative to 4 CCAs
Data Management/Call Center	-9%
Personnel	-33%
Marketing/Customer Service	1%
General & Administrative	19%
Professional Services	19%
Programs	-38%

To put EBCE's non-energy expenses into context, EBCE's proposed 2018-2019 budget is compared to the existing budgets of three Bay Area CCAs – MCE, SCP, and MBCP.

The main take-aways from this comparison are :

A) EBCE has lower expenses for data management/call center services, significantly lower salary expenses for a CCA of its size (temporarily off-set by higher professional services costs), and lower program expense due to fact that EBCE is program expenditures won't start ramping up until the second half of the fiscal year.

B) EBCE has higher expenses in general services and admin mainly due to rent and potential office build out, Cal-CCA and other dues and data/software costs. Also, higher professional services budget to augment the lower salary expense since EBCE will rely on outside help as it builds its own internal capacity.

Overview of Revenues: Electricity Sales

REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES

Electricity Sales	\$318,091,347
Interest Income	
Total Revenues	\$318,091,347

Electricity Sales Assumptions and Statistics

- Opt-Out Rate: 10% (EBCE expects opt-outs to be considerably lower but we are taking a conservative approach)
- Uncollectibles: 0.08% (used Sonoma's 2018-2019 forecast as a comparable)
- 89% Bright Choice
- 10% Brilliant 100 Opt Up
- 1% 100% Renewable Opt Up
- Total Customers Served: 547,534

Note re: Electricity Sales: due to EBCE's phase in schedule (June for Commercial, Industrial and Municipal and November for Residential), EBCE is not recognizing a full year of revenue this fiscal year.

Note: Rates/Revenues -- Costs and Price Volatility

	EBCE Rates (estimated 2/18)	EBCE Rates (actual 3/18)	Increase in Revenue
Res	\$0.06821	\$0.07272	6%
Small L&P	\$0.06538	\$0.06859	5%
Medium L&P	\$0.08216	\$0.08626	6%
E-19	\$0.07728	\$0.08124	5%
Streetlights	\$0.07726	\$0.08033	4%
Ag	\$0.06132	\$0.06523	6%
E-20	\$0.07247	\$0.07609	5%
Expected Revenue Increase Change)	e (after PG&E Rate	\$15,000,000	
Comparative Timeframe	Estimated Increase in Procurement Costs		
2016/2017 Actual Costs	Volatility between Jan 2018 price forecast (which was based partially on actual reported costs from 2016 and 2017) and actual observed costs in March/April 2018 increased forecast procurement costs by \$20,000,000		
Mar/Apr 2018 Observed Costs			

After EBCE set its rate discount of 1.5% in February, PG&E issued an unexpected modification to its rates which resulted in a 5% increase in EBCE's expected revenues. CCA reactions to this change have varied.

On the one hand, certain operating CCAs like Silicon Valley Clean Energy chose to increase their rate discount. Other CCAs, including another CCA start-up, Monterey Bay Clean Power, made no change to their rate discount. At EBCE's March 17 Board meeting, the Board approved a "no change" approach as well.

For EBCE, the primary reason staff recommended no change was concern over energy price volatility as demonstrated in this table. It illustrates how price volatility in energy costs that EBCE has observed has the potential to wipe out any net revenue benefit occurring as a result of PG&E's rate change.

Overview of Expenditures: Cost of Energy and Related Services

Energy Product	
Cost of Energy and Scheduling	\$236,159,029
Data Management/Billing/Customer Service	\$4,855,406
Service Fees to PG&E	\$963,313
Energy Product Subtotal	\$241,977,747

Energy Costs are made up of four primary energy products

-Block or Shaped Energy, Renewable Energy, Carbon Free Energy, Resource Adequacy

Scheduling, Data Management and Service Fees

-Scheduling costs are fees paid to NCPA to manage EBCE's energy purchases and market activity -Data Management, Billing and Customer Service/Call Center are the fees paid to SMUD at \$1.05/customer meter/month

-PG&E Service Fees are the monthly costs paid to PG&E to use their billing and metering systems

Note re: Electricity Costs: EBCE's specific costs of energy are derived from a mix of EBCE's actual contracted costs of the four energy products and forecast costs for these four energy products. EBCE is currently in the process of soliciting and procuring for both its 2018 and 2019 power needs.

Overview of Expenditures: Debt Service

Debt Service	
Alameda County	\$5,500,000
Barclays	\$11,663,733
Debt Total	\$17,163,733

EBCE has two sources of outstanding debt: 1) Alameda County which advanced funds for start up activities, 2) Barclays Bank which is lending EBCE funds primarily for energy purchases.

Alameda County's Ioan to EBCE consists of \$3,000,000 in direct funding and up to \$2,500,000 in indirect costs associated with staff support of EBCE over three-plus years. EBCE is planning to fully payoff its loan to Alameda County sometime between Q2 and Q3 of the fiscal year.

The Barclay's loan is for a maximum of \$50,000,000. EBCE is assuming it will draw between \$17,000,000 and \$40,000,000 in 2018, primarily to support collateral requirements for energy contracts. EBCE is paying down its loan to Barclays over a 30 month amortization period starting in September 2018 with full maturity in January 2021.

Overview of Expenditures: Personnel

Personnel	

Staffing Plan

Number of staff			Salary Classification
Exec	Chief Executive Officer	Nick	CEO
Exec	Chief Operating Officer	Howard	coo
Exec	Finance Manager	Q3 2018	Manager
Exec	Office/HR Analyst	Q1 2019	Analyst
			Executive Assistant/Clerk of the
Exec	Executive Assistant/Council Clerk	Steph	Board
Customer	VP of Marketing and Account Services	Annie	VP
Customer	Director Marketing	Q3 2018	Director
Customer	Sr. Manager Account Services	Dan	Sr Manager
Customer	Marketing Communications Manager/Analyst	Q3 2018	Manager
Customer	Outreach Fellow	Q3 2018	Outreach Fellow
Customer	Outreach Fellow	Q3 2018	Outreach Fellow
Customer	Customer Service Manager	Q3 2018	Manager
Customer	Customer Service Rep	Q2 2019	Rep
Customer	Customer Service Rep	Q4 2018	Rep
Customer	Director/VP of Local Development & Programs	Q4 2018	Director/Deputy
Customer	Local Program Manager	Q1 2019	Manager
Power	Director of Power Procurement	Q2 2018	VP
Power	Risk and Trading Manager	Q3 2018	Director/Deputy
Power	Settlements Manager/Analyst	Q4 2018	Manager
Analysis	Data Analytics Manager/Analyst	Q4 2018	Manager
Analysis	Systems Analyst	Q 2 2019	Analyst
Analysis	VP of Technology & Analytics	Тај	VP
Legal	General Counsel	Leah	GC
Legal	Legal Analyst	Q4 2018	Analyst
Legal	Deputy General Counsel - procurement	Q4 2018	Director/Deputy
Legal	Compliance Analyst	Q1 2019	Analyst
Reg/Leg/Community	Sr. Directory of Reg Affairs	Q3 2018	Sr.Director
Reg/Leg/Community	Director of Community and Government Affairs	Deidre	Director/Deputy
Reg/Leg/Community	Community Engagement and Communications Manager	Q3 2018	Manager
Reg/Leg/Community	Director – Reg Affairs	Melissa	Manager

EBCE proposes to add 21 staff positions over the course of the fiscal year. These new staff will fill a diverse range of roles, from 3 customer service roles focused on the call center transition to 2 technology and data analytics roles focused on building EBCE's technology and analytics platform to support advanced local energy programs.

\$5,558,632

The following slide presents an overview of proposed salary ranges, which are benchmarked to five other CCAs.

Overview of Expenditures: Org Chart



Overview of Expenditures: Personnel (cont.)

	EBCE Sala	ry Range
Job Classification	Low	High
CEO		
COO		
GC		
VP	\$169,625	\$300,000
Sr Director	\$151,500	\$229,000
Director/Deputy	\$138,083	\$229,000
Sr Manager	\$121,000	\$204,000
Manager	\$102,417	\$204,000
Analyst	\$93,083	\$124,583
Executive Assistant/Clerk of the Board	\$82,500	\$150,000
Rep	\$65,250	\$102,000
Outreach Fellow	\$50,000	\$50,000

Survey -	includes data from MCE, M	BCP, PCE, SCP and SVCP	
Job Classification	low	median	high
CEO			
COO			
GC			
VP	\$135,000	\$204,250	\$300,000
Sr Director	\$113,000	\$190,000	\$229,000
Director/Deputy	\$113,000	\$163,167	\$229,000
Sr Manager	\$98,000	\$144,000	\$204,000
Manager	\$80,000	\$124,833	\$204,000
Analyst	\$87,000	\$99,167	\$150,000
Executive Assistant/Clerk			
of the Board	\$60,000	\$105,000	\$150,000
Rep	\$53,000	\$77,500	\$102,000
Outreach Fellow	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000

Current Wage Scale for PG&E	Service Representative	
	2017	2019
PG&E Service Rep		
	\$62,400	\$66,560
PG&E Senior Service Rep		
	\$87,360	\$93,600

Headcount by Quarter Incremental Hires per Quarter Salary Expense by quarter Q1 18-19 \$928,433 18 9 Q2 18-19 25 6 \$1,240,517 Q3 18-19 28 3 \$1,655,301 Q4 18-19 30 2 \$1,734,381 TOTALS 30 20 \$5,558,632

source: http://ibew1245.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/Clerical-Exhibit-F-2017-2019-Second-Edition-April-2017.pdf

Overview of Expenditures: Marketing, Outreach, Customer Service

Marketing, Outreach, Communications and Customer Service	
	\$1,959,000

Marketing and Customer Service

Cost	
Launch Related Marketing	\$1,379,000
On-Going Marketing	\$160,000
On-Going Noticing	\$260,000
Business and Industry Development	\$160,000
Total Marketing and Customer Service	\$1,959,000

Examples of Marketing and Customer Service Activities

Launch Related Marketing: enrollment mailers, print and digital advertising

1

On-Going Marketing: 100% renewable adoption campaign, energy program outreach, on-going community events

On-Going Noticing: NEM notices, annual CCA power content notice

Business and Industry Development: sponsorships of chambers of commerce, customer appreciation events, community grants

Overview of Expenditures: G&A

General and Administration	
	\$1,685,042

G&A	
Office Space	
Current Office	Assumes WeWork through August and after that an assessment of options which may include staying at WeWork
New Office Build/Contingency	\$562,000 If EBCE moves, this is a contingency for the cost of building out new office costs
Space Rental (total)	this is the cost for renting space for events like board meetings and community meetings
Liability Insurance	
	\$23,000 this covers the cost of EBCE general liability insurance and other insurance as needed
Misc Office Equipment and Supplies	
	\$69,000 this covers the varied office supplies that are needed throughout the year, including durable equipment like printers and scan
Computers, Phones, Internet, software and other	
Computers	staff computers
Phones, Internet, phone plan, misc	staff devices and phone/internet plans
Software (Office, Google Cloud, Confluence, misc) +	
Server/Firewall	\$419,475enterprise software
Specialty Analytic Tools (rate analytics)	specialyzed software to perform complex energy data analysis including cost of service
Travel/Offsite Meetings	
	\$141,567staff travel, offsite meetings, meals, and other misc G&A
Dues and subscriptions	
WSPP	membership in power procurement group
Tax Assessor and Demo Subscription	data for analysis activities
Weather and Other Data for Forecasting	\$470,000data for analysis activities
PG&E Data Requests	data from PGE for analysis and customer service
CalCCA Dues	Dues to CalCCA including legal, public relations, regulatory and legislative activities
Energy Market Intelligence	energy market data to support internal procurement efforts

Overview of Expenditures: Other Professional Services

Legal	\$976,000
Accounting	\$202,500
Technical	\$1,970,000
Legislative	\$180,000
Other Consultants	\$180,000
ther Professional Services Subtotal	\$3,508,500

Professional Services		
Legal		
Regulatory	\$240,000	support on-going engagement at CPUC, CEC, Air Resources Board and CAISO
Energy Procurement	\$432,000	support negotiation and contracting of short, medium and long term energy transactions
Finance	\$84,000	support financing activities that may arise related to credit needs and long term renewables
General	\$100,000	support general legal needs
Legal - Litigation Contingency	\$120,000	contingency for potential costs of litigation
Accounting		
Accounting	180000	accounting services
Audit	22500	EBCE annual financial audit
Technical		
Energy Analysis (short and long term market analysis, integrated resource planning, procurement)	\$1,170,000	support for energy market analysis for both short and long term energy transactions. Support and analysis of long- term renewable energy solicitations. On-going assessment of energy risk management policies and EBCE energy positions
General Technical Consulting (i.e. financial)		support for general organizational needs including, finance, credit, public relations, local program design and community engagement
Legislative		
Sacramento Advocacy	\$180,000	support EBCE engagement at CA Legislature
HR/Admin		
HR/Admin	\$144,000	support for human resources and administration of EBCE
IT	\$36,000	information technology support

Overview of Expenditures: Reserve Contributions and Proposed Reserve Policy

Reserve Contrib		Ć2F 14F 091
	Financial Reserve Contribution	\$35,145,981
	Rate Stabilization Reserve Contribution	\$2,704,772
	Collateral Reserve	\$4,507,954
Total Reserves		\$42,358,707

For the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year, EBCE is proposing to three types of reserve contributions. The reasoning is that staff believes that EBCE must move swiftly to build necessary reserves to position it for a credit rating within the first 3-5 years of operations. Staff has been in consultation with Barclay's Bank about necessary reserve levels to achieve an A or better rating from a credit rating agency. Barclay's review of Moody's "US Municipal Joint Action Agencies" rating methodology found the following:

Baa	А	AA
30-90 day operating reserve	90-150 day operating reserve	150—250 day operating reserve

Based on this feedback, Staff plans to recommend that EBCE adopt a target reserve policy that establishes an operating reserve of 50% (182 days) of operating expense within three-five fiscal years - which would put EBCE on track to seek a rating during its fourth or fifth year of operations. In addition to the financial reserve, Staff is recommending an additional rate stabilization and a collateral reserve. Both Sonoma Clean Power and MCE have recently updated their reserve policies to target the 50% of operating reserve benchmark.

For the purpose of this proposed budget, staff will recommend implementing this policy by allocating 10% of annual revenue to the Financial Reserve, 1.5% of revenue to the Rate Stabilization Reserve, and 2.5% to the Collateral Reserve. (A 10% of revenue target would position EBCE to meet its 50% goal by the fourth fiscal year).

Overview of Expenditures: Local Development and Programs

Local Development and Programs Placeholder

\$2,000,000

As EBCE works to finalize the Local Development Business Plan, Staff will have a clearer idea of where it will be focusing resources in fiscal year 2018-2019. The \$2,000,000 expenditure outlined here was developed in consultation with the Local Development Business Plan team and covers a range of initiatives, including local renewable energy development, customer programs like energy efficiency and demand response, support for workforce development and investment in innovative community programs.

After this first year of operations, Staff would like to introduce a Local Development reserve that is included in each year's budget and targets setting aside a portion of revenue to fund Local Development activities in the following year. Staff has not included a Local Development reserve his year given that the LDBP is still in process. Instead, Staff recommends focusing on prioritizing the use of surplus funds to fund Local Development in the next fiscal year.

Year-End Surplus

EOY Surplus	
	\$1,849,330

EBCE expects to end the year with a revenue surplus after making contributions to its reserves, paying off debts to Alameda County, making its scheduled Barclay's debt service payments and investing in Local Development.

The Board need not set policies or provide guidance on how to use surplus at this time. Staff would like to take the time to discuss a number of options that should be brought back during the next budgeting cycle.

-Low Income Bill Credit: \$1.5m could pay for an annual credit of \$15 for all CARE customers -Local Development Reserve: \$1m in a Local Development reserve could support building a MW of local solar.

-Debt Repayment: \$1m early repayment of debt could decrease interest expense by over \$100k -Increased Renewable Energy Procurement: \$1m investment in incremental renewable procurement would be the equivalent of over 5,000 homes being powered by 100% renewable energy for a year -Customer Dividend: \$2m in customer dividends could almost double the average residential discount