Total No. of Questions: 8]

PA-1296

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| SEAT No.: | | | | |
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S.E. (Artificial Intelligence and Data Science) STATISTICS

(2019 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (217528)

Time : 2½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Q.1 or Q.2 Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1**) a) Calculate:

[10]

- i) Quartile deviation (Q.D.),
- ii) Mean Deviation (M.D.) from mean, for the following data:

| | | | | | | ~ | |
|----------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Marks | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40,50 | 50-60 | 60-70 |
| No. of | | | | 9 | | | |
| students | 6 | 5 | 8 | 73 | 7 | 6 | 8 |

b) The variables X and Y are connected by the equation aX + bY + c = 0. Show that the correlation between them is -1 if the signs of a and b are alike and +1 if they are different. [8]

OR

Q2) a) An alalysis of monthly wages paid to the workers of two firms A and B belonging to the same industry give the following results: [10]

| 8, | Firm A | Firm B |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| Number of workers | 500 | 600 |
| Average daily wage | Rs. 186.00 | Rs. 175.00 |
| Variance of | | 6 |
| distribution of wages | 81 | 100 |

- i) Which firm, A or B, has a larger wage bill?
- ii) In which firm, A or B, is there greater variability in individual wages?
- iii) Calculate (a) the average daily wage, and (b) the variance of the distrubution of wages of all the workers in the firm is A and B taken together.

- In a partially destroyed laboratory, record of an analysis of correlation b) data, the following results only are legible: [8] Variance of X=9. Regression equations: 8X-10Y+66=0, 40X-18Y=214. what are:
 - the mean values X and Y, i)
 - the correlation coefficient between X and Y, ii)
 - the standard deviation of Y?
- A Dice is thrown 10 times. If getting an odd number is a sucess. What is **Q3**) a) the probability of getting [5]
 - i) 8 successes
 - at least 6 success?
 - Fit Poisson's distribution to following data and calculate theoretical b) frequencies. **[6]**

| X | 60 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|-----|----|----|---|---|
| f | 122 | 60 | 15 | 2 | 1 |

- c) In a Sample of 1000 caes the means of a certain test is 14 and standard deviation is 2.5 assuming the distrubution to be normal find [6]
 - How many students scored between 12 & 15. i)
 - How many scored below 8.

[Given: A(z = 0.8) = 0.2881), A(z = 0.4) = 0.1554), A(z = 2.4) = 0.4918]

[6]

A Random variable X with following probability distrubution *04*) a)

| AR | andon | n vari | able X wit | h follo | wing p | oroba | bility distrubution | 5(5) |
|------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|---------|--------|------------|---------------------|------|
| X | 1 | 2 | 3 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | S |
| P(X) | k | 2 <i>k</i> | $3k\sqrt{k^2}$ | k^2+k | $2k^2$ | $4k^2$ | | |
| Fine | d. | | (X) | | | | 9' | |
| i) | k | | | | | | | |
| ii) | P(x > | 5) | | | | | 2, 33 | |
| iii) | P(1≤ | $x \le 5$ |) | | | | | |
| In a | contir | nuous | distributi | on den | sity f | unctio | on | [6] |
| f(x) | (x) = kx | $^{2}(1-1)^{2}$ | $(x^3), 0 \le x \le$ | 1. | | |) 66 | |
| Fine | d the v | alue o | of | | | \bigcup' | 3 | |
| i) | k | | | | | _(| o | |
| ii) | Mear | ı | | | | 3 | / | |
| iii) | Varia | nce | | | | XO. | | |
| 327 | | | | 2 | 8. | V | | |
| | | | | | * | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

- b)

c) MNC company conducted 1000 candidates' aptitude test. The average score is 45 and the standard deviation of score is 25. Assuming normal distribution for the result. [6]

Find

- i) The number of candidate whose score exceed 60.
- ii) The number of candidates whose score lies between 30 & 60. [Given: A(z = 0.6) = 0.2257)]
- Q5) a) In an experiment of pea breeding.the following frequencies of seeds were obtained. [6]

| Round Wrinkle | Round | wrinkle | Total |
|---------------------|------------|------------|-------|
| and green and green | and yellow | and yellow | 20 |
| 222 120 | 32 | 150 | 524 |

Theory predicts that the frequencies should be in the proportion 8:2:2:1. Examine the correspondence betwen theory and experiment. Given charquare (0.05,3) = 7.815

- b) The average marks in mathematics of a sample of 100 students was 51 with standard deviation of 6 marks. Could this have a random sample from the population with average marks 50? Given Zα at 5% level of significance = 1.96
- A random sample of 16 newcomers gave a mean of 1.67 m and standard deviation of 0.16 m. Is the mean height of newcomers significantly different from the mena height of students' population of the previous year? Given $t_{0.05,\ 15}=2.13$

OR

Q6) a) Following table shows number of books issued on the various days of week from a certain library At 5% level of significance test the null hypothesis that number of books issued in department of the day. [6]

| Day | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Sat. |
|--------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|
| No. of | | | | | | |
| books | 120 | 130 | 110 | 115 | 135 | 110 |
| issued | | | | | | |

Given: Chi-square value at 5% level of significance for degrees of freedom 5 is 11.071.

b) A random sample of 900 members has mean 3.4 cms. Can it be reasonable regarded as a sample from a large population of mean 3.2 cms and standard deviation 2.3 cms. [6]

| c) Find the F-statistics form the following | g data: |
|---|---------|
|---|---------|

| Sample | size (n) | Total observation | Sum of squares of | | | | | |
|--------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | $\sum x$ | observations | | | | | |
| 1 | 8 | 9.6 | 61.52 | | | | | |
| 2 | 11 | 16.5 | 73.26 | | | | | |

- State & Prove Neyman-Pearson Fundamental Lemma. **Q7**) a)
- [9]

[6]

Given the frequency function b)

[8]

$$f(x,\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta}, 0 \le x \le \theta$$

=0;elsewhere

And that you are testing the null hypothesis $H_0: \theta = 1 \text{ ys } \theta = 2 \text{ by means}$ of a single observed value of x. what would be the size of Type I and Type I error. If you choose the interval

- i) $0.5 \le x$

Also obtain the power function of the test.

[8]

Write short notes on **Q8**) a)

- Most powerful test
- Uniformly most powerful test ii)
- Advantages and disadvantages of non-parametric tests iii)
- Level of significance
- erveral Andrews Services and the services of t Explain in detail about test for the Equality of means of serveral normal b) populations.

