VEER SURENDRA SAI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (SSUT), ODISHA Even Mid Semester Examination for Academic Session 2024-25 SEMESTER: COURSE NAME: B. Tech BRANCH NAME: EE (A and B), and EEE Optimization & Soft Computing TIME:90 Minutes FULLMARKS:30 Answer All Questions. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate Marks. Symbols carry usual meaning. $[2 \times 3]$ Answer all Questions. Q1. -CO1 Define optimization problem. What is duality principle? -CO2 b) What do you mean by soft computing? How is it different from Hard computing? CO3 Distinguish between fuzzy set and crisp set. [8] Q2. -CO a) Consider the well-known graph k-colouring problem. Here we are given a set of points (vertices) and a list of connections between them (edges). The task is to assign one of k colours to each vertex, so that no two vertices which are connected by an edge share the same colour. i) Formalise this problem as a free optimisation problem. ii) Formalise this problem as a constraint satisfaction problem. iii) Formalise this problem as a constrained optimisation problem. b) How are objective functions classified in the context of optimization? Explain using suitable examples. [8] Q3. a) Explain the trapezoidal membership function with the help of mathematical expression -CO2 and relevant graph. b) Consider the following two fuzzy sets A and B defined over a universe of discourse [0, 3] of real numbers with their membership functions, $\mu_A(x) = \frac{x+5}{x+8}$ and $\mu_B(x) = 2^{-x}$. Determine the membership functions of the following: $A^c \cdot B^c$ i) $A \cup B$ ii) $A \cap B$ iii) $(A \cup B)^c$ iv) OR -CO2

a) Consider $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$, and $Y = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ be the universe of discourses. Let, $A = \{(a, 0.0), (b, 0.8), (c, 0.6), (d, 1)\}$, $B = \{(1, 0.2), (2, 1), (3, 0.8), (4, 0.2)\}$ and $C = \{(1, 0), (2, 0.6), (3, 0.8), (4, 0.6)\}$ are three fuzzy sets. Determine the implication relation "If x is A Then y is B Else y is C".

b) Describe all the properties of Fuzzy sets.