MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME: B. Tech. BRANCH NAME: ALL

SEMESTER: 3rd SPECIALIZATION:

SUBJECT NAME: Mathematics-III

FULL MARKS: 30

TIME: 1.30 Hours

Answer All Questions.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate Marks. Symbols carry usual meaning

Answer all Questions.

[2×3]

[4]

- Find the Laplace transform of the function $f(t) = t \sin t$.
- b) Write two assumptions for one dimensional heat equation.
- The probability density function of a continuous random variable X is $f(x) = kx^2$, $0 \le x \le 1$. Determine k.

Q2. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the function $F(s) = ln(1 + \frac{w^2}{c^2})$. [4]

b) Solve the integral equation $y = 1 - \sinh t + \int_{0}^{t} (1 + \tau) y(t - \tau) d\tau$.

OR Solve the initial value problem $y'' + y = \delta(t-1) + \delta(t-2)$, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1. [4]

Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2 u(t-1)$. [4]

Q3.

- Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x \pi, -\pi < x < 0 \\ x, 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$, which is assumed to be [4] periodic of period 2π .
- Solve the initial boundary value problem: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, 0 < x < 1, t > 0; [4] $u(x,0) = x(1-x), \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}|_{(x,0)} = x - \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right), \ 0 \le x \le 1; \ u(0,t) = 0, u(1,t) = 0, t > 0.$

Find the Fourier series of the periodic function f(x) of period p=2, where $f(x)=x^2,-1<$ [4] x < 1. Hence, prove that $\frac{\pi^2}{16} = 1 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{18} + \cdots$

Find the temperature distribution in a rod of length l. The faces are insulated and the initial [4] temperature distribution is given by x(l-x).

Q4.

- a) A die is rolled. If the outcome is an odd number. What is the probability that it composite? [4]
- Solve the initial boundary value problem: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, $0 < x < \pi$, t > 0; [4] $u(x,0) = 0, \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}|_{(x,0)} = 8\sin^2 x, \ 0 \le x \le \pi; \ u(0,t) = 0, u(\pi,t) = 0, t > 0.$

- Two similar urns, A B contain 2 white and 3 red balls, 4 white and 5 red balls, respectively. If a ball is selected at random from one of the Urns, then find the probability that the Urn is A, when the ball is white. [4]
- State second shifting theorem. Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2 u(t-1)$. [4]