



### Location: Zhilu village

- In the Jabi district of Nigeria's Federal Capital Territory (FCT)
- An informal settlement, now urban slum



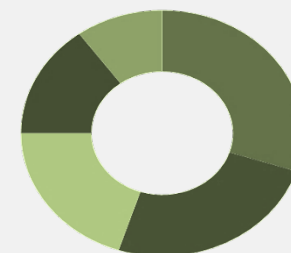
Population ≈ 30,000



30% Gbagyi ethnicity

70% Non-Gbagyi ethnicity

### Zhilu community members



### The Zhilu Situation



#### Urban Slum Attributes:

- ✓ Open defecation & poor sanitation
- ✓ Poor toilet facilities,
- ✓ unsafe drinking water

#### State of Public Toilet Facilities in the environment



Poor sanitary conditions increasing the risk of water borne diseases and Malaria. Also, village has a high number of Female Sex Workers residents prompting an inclusion of HIV AIDS rapid testing into our intervention

### Intervention supported by CHESIDS



Led by PY4H Youth Volunteer- Eziedo Chidubem (R) and Chief Abeyi, (L) the Esu Of Zhilu Village

#### The intervention included:

- Community sensitization on Water , Sanitation, Hygiene (WASH)
- Construction of model 3 public pour-flush toilet facility in the community.
- Provision of free rapid malaria test and free malarial drugs for those testing positive
- Provision of free rapid HIV tests

#### We worked in close partnership with

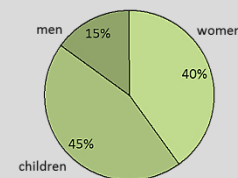
- ✓ The Village Chief
- ✓ Community Youth leaders
- ✓ Community religious leaders
- ✓ Chairman, Timber traders association, Jabi.

### The Results

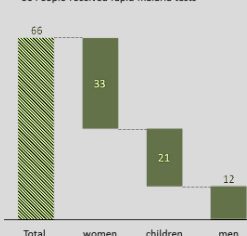
- 6 young people involved in planning
- 161 persons sensitized on WASH
- 66 people received rapid malaria tests
- 32 people got antimalarial drugs
- 29 people counseled and tested for HIV
- 87 children received anti-helminthic drugs.
- 3 model public pour-flush model toilets constructed for public use



161 People sensitized on WASH



66 People received rapid malaria tests



People receiving rapid HIV Testing & counselling

