



# MARCH 2021 – COLORECTAL CANCER FACTS

March is Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

Let's spread the word that colorectal cancer (CRC) is preventable with screening and treatable if caught early.

# STATS AND FACTS ABOUT COLORECTAL CANCER (CRC)

## #1: 1 IN 23 MEN AND 1 IN 25 WOMEN WILL BE DIAGNOSED.

- In 2021, the American Cancer Society estimates that there will be 104,270 new cases of colon cancer and 45,230 cases of rectal cancer.
- There are over one million colorectal cancer survivors in the U.S.

### #2: CRC IS THE SECOND-LEADING CAUSE OF CANCER DEATHS AMONG MEN AND WOMEN COMBINED IN THE U.S.

- 52,980 deaths from colorectal cancer are expected in 2021.
- At its most treatable (stage I), it's 90% curable. But only 38% of CRCs are diagnosed at stage I.
- For those diagnosed before age 50, around 10% have late-stage disease (stages III and IV).

# #3: CRC IS PREVENTABLE WITH SCREENING AND AFFORDABLE TAKE-HOME OPTIONS EXIST.

- 68% percent of deaths could be prevented with screening.
- The American Cancer Society Guidelines recommend screening starting at 45 years old.
- Always consult your doctor about which screening method is right for you.

### #4: FAMILY HISTORY OF CRC = HIGHER RISK = GET SCREENED EARLIER!

• Between 25-30% of CRC patients have a family history of the disease.



# #5: BY KNOWING THE RISK FACTORS AND SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS, YOU CAN CATCH IT AT ITS EARLIEST STAGE.

- If you are 45 or older you should talk to your doctor about screening. But:
  - · Anyone, at any age, can get colorectal cancer.
  - Those experiencing signs and symptoms need a diagnostic exam.

## SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

















134 Park Central Square Suite 210, Springfield, MO 65806 (703) 548-1225 FightCRC.org

# **RISK FACTORS**















# FOR MORE INFORMATION AND FREE RESOURCES, VISIT FIGHTCRC.ORG.

# **COLORECTAL CANCER AND HEALTH DISPARITIES**

In general, people with more education are less likely to die prematurely (before the age of 65) from colorectal cancer than those with less education, regardless of race or ethnicity.

#### Black Americans are at higher risk for CRC than their White counterparts.

- Black Americans are about 20% more likely to get CRC and about 40% more likely to die from it than most other groups.
- 1 in 41 Black males will die from colorectal cancer, compared to 1 in 48 White males. The risk is similar for women. 1 in 44 Black females will die from colorectal cancer, compared to 1 in 53 White females.
- Black Americans have the highest death rate and shortest survival of any racial and ethnic group in the U.S. for most cancers.
- Research shows that Black Americans are being diagnosed at a younger average age than other people. Therefore, experts suggest that Black Americans should begin their screening at age 45.

## **Black Americans face treatment delays**

- <u>Black</u> and Hispanic Medicare patients are less likely to receive surgery after a diagnosis of colon cancer compared with their White peers.
- Black patients are less likely to receive any treatment after a diagnosis of colon cancer, including chemotherapy.

#### **Indigenous communities have higher rates of CRC** than their White counterparts.

- Overall, rates of CRC are higher in all age groups for American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) males and females compared with the White population.
- Rates of CRC in AI/AN males younger than 50 years are highest in the Northern Plains. Rates for AI/AN females younger than 50 years are highest in Alaska.
- Rates of CRC in AI/AN males older than 50 years and for AI/AN females in all age groups are highest in Alaska.

#### For Asian American men and women, CRC is one of the top three cancers experienced.

 $Less\ than\ 50\%\ of\ Asian\ Americans\ are\ up-to-date\ with\ CRC\ screening,\ with\ variability\ across\ Asian\ subgroups.$ 

Jews of Eastern European descent (Ashkenazi Jews) have one of the highest colorectal cancer risks of any ethnic group in the world.

# RELENTLESS CHAMPIONS OF HOPE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST COLORECTAL CANCER



134 Park Central Square Suite 210, Springfield, MO 65806 (703) 548-1225 FightCRC.org

# **HEALTH DISPARITIES AND CLINICAL TRIALS**

- In 2019, only 4% of participants in cancer drug clinical trials were Black.
- Since 2015, less than 5% of Black patients were included in trials for 24 of the 31 cancer drugs approved.
- In 2012, only 17% of patients enrolled in industry-sponsored clinical trials were of a racial or ethnic minority, despite these groups making up about 1/3 of the population.

## THIS HAS TO CHANGE.

Every patient deserves access to <u>screening</u> and <u>high-quality care</u>, no matter their race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, religion, or socioeconomic status.

COVID-19 revealed a sad fact about what many already working on health equity already knew: <u>underserved communities</u> face greater hurdles when seeking care in our country.

Fight CRC is committed to reducing disparities. In addition to recognizing the needs of our patients, the <u>Health Equity Committee</u> was formed to help shape the culture of our diversity and inclusion and better engage our employees, survivors, patients, and caregivers.

Learn more at FightCRC.org/Health-Equity