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## Mercyhealth Continuing Education July 2022

## Abdominal & Endocrine Emergencies

- 1) Which of the following structures are located in the retroperitoneal space?
  - a. Liver
  - b. Stomach
  - c. Aorta
  - d. Esophagus
- 2) Which of the following best describe visceral type pain?
  - a. Pain that is dull and poorly localized
  - b. Pain that is related to inflammation of the organ
  - c. Pain that is dull
  - d. All of the above describe visceral type pain.
- 3) Which of the following is **NOT** associated with a ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysm?
  - a. Fever
  - b. Syncope
  - c. Pulsatile Midline Mass
  - d. Signs of Hemorrhagic Shock
- 4) Which disease is an autoimmune destruction of portions of the pancreas?
  - a. Diabetes Mellitus
  - b. Addison's Disease
  - c. Cholecystitis
  - d. Pyloric Stenosis
- 5) Which of the following may be a reason a hypoglycemic patient does **NOT** respond to IM glucagon?
  - a. They have insufficient stores of glycogen stores in the liver
  - b. They are a type 1 diabetic
  - c. They have acute kidney injury
  - d. They are on a betablocker for hypertension



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- 6) Which of the following conditions may present with abdominal distension, nausea, vomiting and high-pitched bowel sounds?
  - a. AAA
  - b. Nephrolithiasis
  - c. Bowel Obstructions
  - d. Upper GI bleed
- 7) A 56 y/o female diabetic presents with upper abdominal pain, vomiting and fatigue. Which of the following should be preformed?
  - a. 12 Lead EKG
  - b. Blood Sugar Analysis
  - c. Complete Set of Vital Signs
  - d. All of the above should be preformed
- 8) Which of the following is **NOT** a common sign/symptom of ectopic pregnancy?
  - a. Syncope
  - b. Vaginal Bleeding
  - c. Abdominal Pain
  - d. Wheezing
- 9) A well appearing one-month old male presents with non-bloody, nonbilious emesis. What is the most likely diagnosis from the following options?
  - a. Malrotations of the abdominal organs
  - b. Pyloric Stenosis
  - c. Intussception
  - d. Pancreatitis

10)Which of the following is produced by the pancreas?

- a. Epinephrine
- b. Vasopressin
- c. Insulin
- d. Solumedrol