

Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) dba Gold Coast Health Plan (GCHP)

Special Executive Finance Committee REVISED AGENDA

Special Meeting Thursday, October 23, 2025 – 3:00 p.m.

Members of the public can participate using the Conference Call Number below.

Conference Call Number: 805-324-7279 Conference ID Number: 274 406 868#

147 N. Brent Street 1040 Flynn Road Ventura, CA 93003 Camarillo, CA 93012

AGENDA

CALL TO ORDER

ROLL CALL

PUBLIC COMMENT

The public has the opportunity to address Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) doing business as Gold Coast Health Plan (GCHP) on the agenda.

Persons wishing to address VCMMCC are limited to three (3) minutes unless the Chair of the Commission extends time for good cause shown. Comments regarding items not on the agenda must be within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Commission.

Members of the public may attend the meeting in person, call in, using the numbers above, or can submit public comments to the Committee via email by sending an email to ask@goldchp.org. If members of the public want to speak on a particular agenda item, please identify the agenda item number. Public comments submitted by email should be under 300 words.

CONSENT

1. Approval of Executive Finance Committee regular meeting minutes of Exec. Finance meeting of June 26, 2025

Staff: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC, Clerk to the Commission

RECOMMENDATION: Approve the minutes as presented.



2. Approval of the 2026 Executive Finance Meeting Calendar

Staff: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC, Clerk to the Commission

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Select and approve one of the options for the 2026 Executive Finance Committee (EFC) calendar.

FORMAL ACTION

3. 2024/25 Audit Results and Summary

Staff: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Baker Tilly (formerly Moss Adams) Stelian Damu & Kimberly Sokoloff

RECOMMENDATION: Receive and file

4. Presentation of June, July and August 2025 Financial Results

Staff: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

RECOMMENDATION: Receive and file

5. New Facility Lease Approval, 4880 Santa Rosa Rd, Camarillo, CA 93012

Staff: Sara Dersch. Chief Financial Officer

Paul Aguilar, Chief of Human Resources & Organizational Performance

Officer

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Staff recommends that the Executive Finance Committee recommend that the Commission approve the lease for the 4880 Santa Rosa, Camarillo, CA 93012 office building.

CLOSED SESSION

6. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Title: Chief Executive Officer

<u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

Administrative Reports relating to this agenda are available at 711 East Daily Drive, Suite #106, Camarillo, California, during normal business hours and on http://goldcoasthealthplan.org. Materials related to an agenda item submitted to the Committee after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public review during normal business hours at the office of the Clerk of the Board.



In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact (805) 437-5512. Notification for accommodation must be made by the Tuesday prior to the meeting by 3 p.m. will enable the Clerk of the Board to make reasonable arrangements for accessibility to this meeting.



AGENDA ITEM NO. 1

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC – Sr. Clerk of the Board

DATE: October 23, 2025

SUBJECT: Meeting Minutes for regular Exec. Finance meeting of June 26, 2025

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve the minutes.

ATTACHMENTS:

Copy of the Executive Finance Committee regular meeting minutes of June 26, 2025



Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) Executive/Finance Committee Regular Meeting

June 26, 2025

CALL TO ORDER

Committee Chair Laura Espinosa called the meeting to order at 3:08 p.m. The meeting was held in the Community Room, 711 E. Daily Drive, Suite 110 Camarillo, California.

ROLL CALL

Present: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, James Corwin, Laura Espinosa, and Dee Pupa

Absent: Commissioner Anna Monroy

GCHP Executive Team in attendance: CEO Felix Nunez, M.D., CHR Paul Aguilar, CIO Eve Gelb, Sara Dersch, CDO Ted Bagley, Erik Cho, CPPO, Acting CMO James Cruz, M.D., and General Counsel, Scott Campbell.

GCHP Staff In attendance: Lupe Harrion, Mayra Hernandez, Jeff Register, Lucy Marrero, Josephine Gallella, Vicki Wrighster, Lupe Gonzalez, Susana Enriquez-Euyoque, Michelle Espinoza, and Kim Timmerman.

PUBLIC COMMENT

None.

CONSENT

1. Approval of Executive Finance Committee regular meeting minutes of April 24, 2025

Staff: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC, Clerk to the Commission

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Approve the minutes as presented.

Commissioner Pupa motioned to approve the minutes as presented. Commissioner Abbas seconded the motion.



Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, James Corwin, Laura Espinosa, and Dee Pupa

NOES: None.

ABSENT: Commissioner Anna Monroy

The clerk declared the motion carried.

Commissioner Monroy arrived at the meeting at 3:21 p.m.

FORMAL ACTION

2. May YTD Fiscal Results

Staff: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

RECOMMENDATION: Receive and file the fiscal results.

Chief Financial Officer, Sara Dersch stated results are through the month of May. Our net loss is currently at \$55million, which is what we had originally budgeted in our reforecast for the entire year. We are \$4.3 million higher in deficit. The factors impacting May were primarily one-time items. Most were in the medical cost category. We continue to have pressure with retroactive long-term care rate adjustments. These adjustments were not contemplated in our budget report. We did not know that the state was going to change how the retroactivity would come through. Therefore, we had approximately \$17.6 million in retroactive rate adjustments. Although it does negatively affect our medical cost for this year, it will positively influence our rate premium rates for the upcoming years. The expected premiums that are needed to cover cost, will push those costs up, and the state will need to increase our premium rates that we earn every month to pay for the medical cost.

The next item that is driving this variance is the true-up of our federally qualified health centers (FQHC). In January 2024 we had new rate requirements called targeted rate increases (TRI) for certain types of services provided by specific types of physicians and the state upped the minimum amount that we would have to reimburse for certain billing codes. We did receive revenue to offset some of that.

Last year there were a few months where we had some difficulties with TRI adjustments as we became compliant with the state mandates. When the state came out with their initial mandates for TRI there was not a lot of instruction, it was not clear. One thing that was not clear was how to handle FQHCs. The FQHCs ae hospitals



and providers that predominately care for very low-income people and run losses regularly and automatically qualify for rate increases. We must have parity between what we paid the TRI rates for our local providers that are not federally qualified health centers and what we pay federally qualified health centers. We cannot penalize the FQHC just because they are a FQHC. If the non-FQHCs are receiving a higher rate, we must by law bring the FQHC up to that same rate. We continue to seek guidance from DHCS as the TRI expands. It is a five-year roll-out. We started with primary care physicians, doulas, and some behavioral health. More types of providers will be rolled into this targeted rate increase and a lot of this will ensure preventative care for our members.

Commissioner Abbas asked about the \$15M going to FQHCs – has that already been done or is GCHP waiting for some direction. CFO Dersch stated that we will adjudicate the incoming claims at the higher rate. The \$15M represents almost a year and a half of catch-up because it goes back to January 2024.

Commissioner Pupa stated it is a disservice to negotiate a lower rate because costs will be fixed. CFO Dersch stated that was correct. She also stated that additional guidance may come from DHCS to help clarify who is responsible for what and might shift some of the burden.

CFO Dersch stated CalAIM is in its fourth year and every year there are additional types of programming that the health plans are expected to roll out. We have been able to increase the rate at which we roll out the program even though we did not budget to have as many services offered are we are offering now. This overage is not a bad thing. We are meeting the state requirements to provide services; meal related, home keeper, personal care, any other services to help keep the members in the home environment in the community instead of our rate development which means we will qualify for higher premiums from the state. having to go to an acute care facility. Due to experiencing higher costs that will form our rate development means we will qualify for higher premiums from the state. This will be good for our members overall by helping them stay in the community, especially during these times as we are seeing federal cuts.

CFO Dersch noted that on our premium revenue side, we are favorable, which is a continued trend. This is due to our member mix. Our membership is slightly lower than where projected to be, the number of members that we have by category is working in our favor and we are earning a bit more money. She stated there was a one-time adjustment in May regarding 2023/2024 risk corridor liability we had accrued was \$16M and we ended up owing \$11M so that was a \$5M "good guy" that was recognized in May. Investment income is \$1.2M favorable on a year-to-date basis because we had projected interest rates to go down towards the end of the year. We know the Fed is keeping interest rates unchanged. On a year-to-date basis we are still



favorable, but on a month to date basis we are unfavorable because we have less assets to invest.

The unfavorable categories are the adult/child and the adult expansion cohorts. Our year-to-date administrative expenses are favorable to forecast. This is influenced by some of the expenses that we had expected for our D-SNP rollout.

Looking at our revenue PMPM we are coming in at \$384.38 per member per month versus ta forecast of \$368.28 per month. The MLR is at 90.4% which is where the state expects it, but when you add in the quality dollars that we are paying it comes to be approximately 94% so we are running a bit high. We are using prudence on how we manage our IBNP as we continue to re-adjudicate claims that we received since July 1 of this year as part of the Ops of the Future. We have worked with our actuaries, and we all agree that it is right to be prudent, we are still keeping IBNP at a level we believe will be sufficient to cover any other type of retroactive adjustment that might come as part of the claims clean-up.

Commissioner Abbas stated that actual loss is at \$55M where the forecast was \$50M. He asked what the forecast for the future will be and if CFO Dersch that we will hold there or if the \$5M difference is going go to higher. CFO Dersch stated we will continue to experience favorability in administrative cost. That is a trend that has been clear for us. We also expect some favorability in revenue in the month of June. The medical cost is currently challenging to estimate. Due to cleaning up significant claims, it is expected there will be a small deficit. We will continue to look at trends, as there are other factors that influence medical costs, such as settlements that might be coming through, and there could be additional adjustments coming from the state for long-term care. We have not heard of any major takebacks.

Commissioner asked that if there are many claims that have not been processed, if some of the claims come in with the high expenditure, is there a process for that because claims are being processed. CFO Dersch stated that there is another review and validation of those payments being paid correctly, this is being done daily. The processing of claims does not stop but we are looking at the reconciliation going back to July to make sure and validate that we paid those correctly. This is part of why we are holding onto those resources. We want to be prudent because we do not want to be in a position where we have under-accrued. We do not want to start the stub period in a bad financial position. We want to hold on to as much IBNP as actually sound. Once the clean-up winds down then we can begin to routinely release some of the IBNP if it is warranted.

With the current political climate, it is better to be prudent and give us flexibility in the future to make programmatic changes that we need to help the physicians help the members. We do not want to start the next fiscal year and be in a position where we



cannot provide additional assistant. CEO Nunez stated that regarding the budget and going into the stub period we are anticipating being ahead. CFO Dersch stated that we do not anticipate a deficit. CEO Nunez stated that we will have members deferring care even though they are covered. There are many factors going on and it depends on the political climate. As far as the stub period we are trying to budget for at least a couple of million during that period Variables will be a factor, and utilization always plays a significant factor because it drives our medical costs.

Commissioner Pupa stated that during COVID there was less utilization and once it sunset, there was a lot of medical need, it increased costs. It may be a repeat of that depending on how things go.

CFO Dersch stated that our hospitals may experience surges in ER care because members may not get preventative care. We are seeing it in our cost for the entire healthcare system in Ventura will go up. It is critical that we work together to provide a safety net and get the care to the members in whatever way we can, whether it is telehealth, mobile clinics etc. We want to be at full strength going into the stub period and into 2026 when the federal changes will begin because our provider safety network will be stretched. CEO Nunez stated we are anticipating an increase in uncompensated care among our safety net providers. We want to be at full strength to ensure our providers can sustain operations. Once Sacramento makes some decisions, we will have a discussion with the Executive Finance Committee on whether we need to do adjustment in our predictive analytics.

Commissioner Espinosa asked if it is too soon to see if telehealth visits have increased to make up for the deficit in-person visits. She asked if providers have given an indication of that over the last few months. CFO Dersch replied that we have not received enough claims to indicate that it is statistically significant, but it is being watched closely.

Commissioner Monroy stated that a lot of messaging has gone out in terms of virtual visits, but there are some visits that cannot be virtual. Some patients do the virtual, but often they are more worried about their safety. CDCR providers are doing outreach to educate and give options for virtual or telephone visits so they can access care. We do not want to see a decrease in utilization. We want members to use telemedicine as an option to contact their providers and utilize services.

CFO Dersch moved on and stated that our TNE is still healthy at \$337.5M which represents 700% of the state requirement. As we release some of our IBNP we will see TNE go up. With TNE at 700% this allows us to continue to be supportive of our members and the community. We anticipate going up to 720% to 740%.



CFO Dersch stated that our Grievance & Appeals expenses for May shows we are \$4M positive. For administrative expenses we had a year-to-date reconciliation for the quality improvement expenses that are currently embedded in administrative expenses that can be reclassified to medical cost. She noted that we are under an OIG audit for our MLR calculations. There is a controlled process in which you can determine which administrative expenses can be reclassified, so we did that. We reduced our medical costs for the month because we had to pull out some of that administrative expense. There was no impact, it is just a bucketing issue.

CFO Dersch reviewed our results by categories of service. Long-term care/SNF pressures we continue to see. In outpatient for the month of May the variance was only \$1.3M, which is good. She also reviewed the membership by category of aid versus reforecast. For the SIS population we are running unfavorable. We get \$36.50 on a monthly basis; their costs are running at \$368.50. IF looking at the UIS population the monthly premium rate we are getting is \$410.16 but that medical cost is only \$259. This tells us that the EU population is not getting the care that had been built into the RDT.

Paul Aguilar, Chief of Human Resources & Organization Performance Officer, reviewed the progress on our resources. He reviewed our full time and contingent labor. We are operating from a full-time head count with 452 positions, and we are making progress in filling positions to get our headcount target at the end of the year. We have 121 contractors and many of those assignments will end soon. D-SNP has sixty-five contractors from Deloitte to help prepare and set expectations for Medicare processes. He noted that these contractors are part of the budget.

CFO Dersch stated the biggest issue is the unknown and we will continue to be prudent. We are in a good financial position. We have been cautious in how we are managing our expenses and ensuring that we are putting the resources where they need to be to ensure continued stability of the organization.

Commissioner Abbas motioned to approve the financials and stub period report as presented. Commissioner Pupa seconded the motion.

Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, James Corwin, Laura Espinosa, and Dee Pupa

NOES: None.

ABSTAIN: Commissioner Anna Monroy

ABSENT: None



The clerk declared the motion carried.

3. Moss Adams GCHP Audit Entrance

Staff: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Moss Adams Representatives: Stelian Damu and Kimberly Sokoloff

RECOMMENDATION: Receive and file

CFO Dersch introduced Moss Adams representatives, Stelian Damu, and Kimberly Sokoloff.

Mr. Damu noted that before starting the planning of the audit kick off, he wanted to announce that Moss Adams merged with Baker Tilly, another CPA firm which is similar in size and based in the Midwest and East Coast. The organization name will be Baker Tilly because they have an international presence, but the leadership will continue to be Moss Adams. He noted that nothing will change, same teams, same footprint. There will be additional tools to help clients and provide premium level service.

Kimberly Sokoloff will be leading this audit. Ms. Sokoloff reconfirmed the scope of services to be provided to GCHP. Baseline standards are conducted in the audit in accordance with the AICPA auditing standards. For transparency purposes there is an outline of the procedures that will be performed. Procedures include evaluation of appropriateness of management's estimates. And includes evaluation for the external actuarial specialist that is involved in determining balances for fiscal year 2025.

Ms. Sokoloff reviewed the auditor's responsibilities in a financial statement audit, significant risks identified – such as capitation revenue recognition, medical claims liability, and management override of controls. Auditors will obtain assurance the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether cause by fraud or error. She also reviewed the audit timeline noting audit results presented to both the Executive Finance Committee and the Commission will be in October of 2025.

Commissioner Abbas motioned to approve the Moss Adams Audit kick-off as presented. Commissioner Corwin seconded the motion.

Roll Call Vote:

AYES: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, James Corwin, Laura Espinosa, Anna Monroy,

and Dee Pupa

NOES: None.



ABSENT: None

The clerk declared the motion carried.

CLOSED SESSION

4. REPORT INVOLVING TRADE SECRET:

Discussion will concern: Proposed New Service Estimated Date of Public Disclosure: October 1, 2025

5. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL—ANTICIPATED LITIGATION

Significant exposure to litigation pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 54956.9: Four cases

Gold Coast Health Plan has received a written communication that, on the advice of counsel and based on the facts and circumstances in such correspondence, creates a significant exposure to litigation against Gold Coast Health Plan. A copy of the written communication is attached to this agenda.

6. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE APPOINTMENT

Title: Chief Executive Officer

7. CONFERENCE WITH LABOR NEGOTIATORS

Agency designated representatives: Paul Agular and Executive Finance Committee Unrepresented Employee: Chief Executive Officer

ADJOURNMENT

There was no reportable action.	The meeting	adjourned	at 6:44	p.m.

Approved:

Maddie Gutierrez, MMC
Sr. Clerk to the Commission



AGENDA ITEM NO. 2

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC – Sr. Clerk to the Commission

DATE: October 23, 2025

SUBJECT: Approval of the 2026 Executive Finance Committee Meeting Calendar.

SUMMARY:

To establish the Executive Finance Committee meeting dates for the 2026 calendar year.

RECOMMENDATION:

Select and approve one of the options for the 2026 Executive Finance Committee (EFC) calendar.

ATTACHMENTS:

Copies of the options for the 2026 Executive Finance Committee meeting dates.

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Exec. Finance Committee Meetings

Exec. Finance Meeting Thursdays 3PM - 5PM

Please Note: March, & July are dark.

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Please Note: March, & July are dark.

2026

Exec. Finance Committee Meetings

Exec. Finance Meeting Thursdays 3PM - 5PM

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AGENDA ITEM NO. 3

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Moss Adams Representatives

DATE: October 23, 2025

SUBJECT: Gold Coast Health Plan 2024/2025 Audit Results and Summary

PowerPoint with Verbal Presentation

ATTACHMENTS:

2024/2025 Audit Results





2025 Audit Results

Discussion with Management and the Audit Committee

Baker Tilly US, LLP, trading as Baker Tilly, is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd., the members of which are separate and independent legal entities. © 2022 Baker Tilly US, LLP.



Agenda

- 1. Scope of Services
- 2. Significant Risks Identified
- Matters Required to be Communicated with Those Charged with Governance
- 4. Your Service Team
- . About Baker Tilly

Scope of Services

We have performed the following services for Gold Coast Health Plan:

Annual Audit

Annual financial statement audit for the year ending June 30, 2025

Non-Attest Services

- Assist management with drafting the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025, excluding management's discussion and analysis
- Consulting services associated with Adaptive Insights financial and budgeting solution
 - Human Resource policy review
- Medical loss ratio review

Significant Risks Identified

During the planning of the audit we have identified the following significant risks:

Significant Risks	Procedures
Capitation Revenue Recognition	We tested internal controls around revenue recognition, vouched membership, and rates to supporting documentation, and reconciled revenue recognized to monthly cash payments from the State of California. No findings noted.
Medical Claims Liability	We tested internal controls over the claims process (including IT controls around system implementation), performed a lookback analysis on the prior year medical claims liability estimate, reviewed the actuarial specialist's model and report, and performed analytical procedures around the current year estimate. No findings noted.
Management Override of Controls	We performed inquiries of accounting and operational personnel, performed risk assessment procedures, and tested risk-based manual journal entry selections. No findings noted.

Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

prepared by management, with your oversight, are prepared, We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion America. Our audit of the financial statements does not about whether the financial statements that have been in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

standards generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAS). As part of an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing

Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or to identify deficiencies in the design or operation of internal procedures and not to provide assurance concerning such Our audit of the financial statements included obtaining an circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an control. Accordingly, we considered the entity's internal control solely for the purpose of determining our audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the internal control.

Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are matters related to the financial statement audit that are, in We are also responsible for communicating significant not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Significant Accounting Practices:

Our views about qualitative aspects of the entity's significant accounting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates, and financial statement disclosures

The quality of the entity's accounting policies and underlying estimates are discussed throughout this presentation. There were no changes in the entity's approach to applying the critical accounting policies.

Significant Unusual Transactions:

No significant unusual transactions were identified during our audit of the entity's financial statements.

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit:

We are to inform those charged with governance of any significant difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

Examples of difficulties may include significant delays by management, an unreasonably brief time to complete the audit, unreasonable management restrictions encountered by the auditor or an unexpected extensive effort required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence.

No significant difficulties were encountered during our audit of the entity's financial statements.

Disagreements With Management:

Disagreements with management, whether or not satisfactorily resolved, about matters that individually or in the aggregate could be significant to the entity's financial statements, or the auditor's report.

There were no disagreements with management.

Circumstances that affect the form and content of the auditor's report:

There were no circumstances that affected the form and content of the auditor's report.

Other findings or issues arising from the audit that are, in the auditor's professional judgment, significant and relevant to those charged with governance regarding their oversight of the financial reporting process:

There were no other findings or issues arising from the audit to report.

Uncorrected Misstatements:

financial statements, including disclosures, under audit. misstated, even though we have concluded that the those uncorrected misstatements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, could potentially cause Uncorrected misstatements, or matters underlying future-period financial statements to be materially uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the

We proposed two adjustments, that were not recorded. These adjustments are summarized on the next slide.

Uncorrected Misstatements

Description	Ō.	Çr.	Assets Dr. (Cr.)	Liabilities Dr. (Cr.)	Income Dr. (Cr.)
To adjust the maternity receivable balance for subsequent cash receipts received related to FY 2025	2,517,231	2,517,231 (2,517,231)	2,517,231	•	(2,517,231)
To adjust amortization expense related to GASB 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	2,000,000	2,000,000 (2,000,000)	2,000,000		(2,000,000)
	\$4,517,231	\$ (4,517,231)	\$ 4,517,231	· •	\$ (4,517,231)

Representations Requested of Management

We requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 30, 2025

See below for an excerpt of the management representation letter. A full version is available upon

request.

October 30, 2025

Baker Tilly US, LLP 101 Second Street, Suite 900 San Francisco, CA 94105 We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission, dae Gold Coast Health Plan ("GCHP" or the "Plan"), a discrete component unt of the County of Ventura, California, which comprise the statements of net position and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Herns are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the program of a reasonable person relying on the information circumstances.

Except where otherwise stated below, immaterial matters less than \$1,525,000 collectively are not considered to be exceptions that require disclosure for the purpose of the following representations. This amount is not necessarily indicative of amounts that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves as of October 30, 202

uncial Statements

We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated January 6, 2025, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements appropriate the first CAAD.

Management's Consultation with Other Accountants:

When we are aware that management has consulted with other accountants about significant auditing or accounting matters, we discuss with those charged with governance our views about the matters that were the subject of such consultation.

We are not aware of instances where management consulted with other accountants about significant auditing or accounting matters.

Significant issues arising from the audit that were discussed, or the subject of correspondence with management:

No significant issues arose during the audit that have not been addressed elsewhere in this presentation.

AU-C 265, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit

No material weaknesses were reported

precision and timeliness of financial reporting controls significant volume of post-close journal entries to be during the year-end close process, which caused a One significant deficiency was reported over the required after the month-end close.

Your Service Team



Principal
Kimberly.Sokoloff@bak
ertilly.com Audit Engagement (925) 952-2506 Kimberly Sokoloff



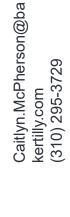
Aparna.Venkateswaran Venkateswaran @bakertilly.com (949) 517-9473 Concurring Reviewer Aparna



Stelian.Damu@bakertill y.com (818) 577-1914



Audit Senior McPherson Caitlyn





Mariia.Potts@bakertilly. com (424) 425-5550



ABOUT BAKER TILLY

your goals resources

assurance firms in the United States. oldest and largest advisory, tax and Western Health Advantage through stability and strength as one of the Baker Tilly will successfully guide changing landscapes with skills,



6th

accounting firm* largest U.S.



11,000+

1,000+ principals team members,

business



100+ years in

Certified Public Accountants

~3,400



300+

100+

culture awards

workplace and

Expected national ranking after the 2025 Inside Public Accounting (IPA) Top 100 firms is published.

office locations

worldwide

firm revenue \$3B+

in FY2024



Baker Tilly Resources Board

teamwork, increase alignment around values, and develop strategic goals. training workshops, facilitate group Our professionals can help assess leadership coaching and hands-on governance practices, provide retreats, and more to improve

DEVELOPMENT BOARD

coaching, group retreats, the organization forward through 1:1 leadership relationships; enhance group decision-making develop board policies help your board move and procedures; and or hands-on training members to build Align your board stronger, clear workshops.

have a history of conflict.

structure, and processes

to address challenges

opportunities for mprovement.

and uncover



FACILITATION GOVERNANCE

Active meeting or retreat effective communication among your team about facilitation can promote environments that may difficult topics or in highly charged staff partnership, culture, performance, the board-Identify root causes of

board issues through evaluations of group

ASSESSMENTS



https://www.mossadams.com/services/consulting/strategy-and-operation/governance Visit the Baker Tilly Governance page for more information and resources:

Agenda

An Array of Resources

is presented in the format that fits your know, when you need to know it, and In today's fast-paced world, we know how precious your time is. We also know that knowledge is key. These resources offer what you need to



Articles & Alerts

Industry-specific insight and important tax and assurance updates



A more in-depth look at significant changes and subjects across the accounting landscape



Webcasts

On-demand and live sessions with our professionals on technical and timely topics



Events

Seminars destination conferences, networking receptions, and charity events among others



Reports & Guides

Inclusion and Diversity

Our mission is to foster an inclusive and diverse culture where everyone feels like they belong. To accomplish this mission, we focus on the following objectives.



ATTRACT

Recruit individuals backgrounds and experiences with diverse



Provide learning and growth opportunities promote inclusive leadership across to develop and and diverse



RETAIN

support a culture where everyone respected, and Promote and feels valued, connected

everyone by

career for

promoting

and opportunity equity, access,



Provide the best place to build a

ADVANCE





INDUSTRY EXPERTISE

health care Committed

the quality, accessibility, and efficiency multitude of challenges that impact services continues to rise amid a The demand for vital health care of care.

help you navigate a complex new world. regulations to easing your tax burden have the experience and expertise to dedicated health care professionals From helping you comply with new to exploring new care models, our



HEALTH CARE across the nation 6,500 CLIENTS Nearly

PROFESSIONALS specializing 500

Nearly

with AICPA Health Care Practice Board As of June 3, 2025, Baker Tilly and Moss Adams have merged. The statistics provided are combined unless otherwise noted and are based on data currently available. Actual counts may vary slightly and will be finalized during the integration process.

in health care

INVOLVEMENT LEADERSHIP

Expert Panel and HFMA National Principles and

INDUSTRY EXPERTISE

Health insurance

Recognized as a Top Audit Firm by AM Best Company's Best's Review consecutively since 2018, we serve the needs of over 900 clients ranging in size and structure from large, billion-dollar member insurers to small, captive insurers. In addition to tax and assurance services, we also focus on operational and systems infrastructure, and our services and knowledge of the insurance managed care market have been used for numerous litigation matters involving payers and providers.



Nearly
900
CLIENTS
across the nation



Top Audit Firm by AM Best Company's Best's Review

Selected industry involvement

- National association of insurance commissioners (NAIC)
- Insurance accounting and systems association (IASA)
- America's health insurance plans (AHIP)
- American institute of certified public accountants
 (AICPA) insurance expert panel (past)

As of June 3, 2025, Baker Tilly and Moss Adams have merged. The statistics provided are combined unless otherwise noted and are based on data currently available. Actual counts may vary slightly and will be finalized during the integration process.

Agenda

Health care advisory services

core functions. Our dedicated health care services to address all your emerging complex needs that go beyond these Audit and tax are vital. But you have consulting team provides a range of needs—both now and in the future.

Health care consulting

STRATEGY & INTEGRATION

PROVIDER REIMBURSEMENT ENTERPRISE SERVICES

GOVERNMENT COMPLIANCE

Regulatory compliance

Coding validation

Provider-based licensure & certification

Medicare & medicaid

Coding department redesign

EHR internal controls

Corporate compliance

LEAN TRANSFORMATION

3P & innovation

OPERATIONAL IMPROVEMENT

Contract compliance

Wage index reviews

Revenue cycle enhancement

Lean strategic planning & strategy deployment (hoshin kanri)

Lean management systems & operations

Quality & patient safety

Internal infrastructure development

Employer health benefits

Litigation support Claims recovery

Provider risk analysis, contracting & operational design

M&A support

Feasibility studies

Market intelligence & benchmarking

Uncompensated care

Medical education

Strategic planning & implementation

Managed care assessment & negotiation

Service line enhancement & analyses

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

HIPAA security & privacy

Network security & penetration testing

HITRUST assessment & certification

Disaster recovery planning

Performance excellence

Valuations

Financial turnaround

PCI DSS audits

SOC pre-audit gap analysis & readiness

SOC audits



Join C-suite professionals from across the health care ecosystem to discuss the state of the industry and prepare leaders for 2026.

HIGHLIGHTS

Women's Executive Health Care Leadership Forum Nov 12:

Political point-counterpoints State of the union Nov 13:

Reception with keynotes

Economic forecast Nov 14:



NOVEMBER 12-14, 2025



Red Rock Casino Las Vegas, NV Resort & Spa

REGISTRATION NOW OPEN





HANK YOU Agenda



Communications of Internal Control Related Matters

To the Management and Commissioners of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan (the Plan) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Plan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was also not designed to identify deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in the Plan's internal control to be a significant deficiency:

Financial Close Precision and Timeliness

During our year-end audit procedures, we noted a significant volume of post-close journal entries were required subsequent to the June 30, 2025 monthly close. Several of these adjusting journal entries were made based upon audit inquiries into the related account balances or evaluation of subsequent events. We observed turnover in the accounting and finance department around the annual close timing. However, we recommend that management review its current policies and procedures to ensure reconciliation of accounts and financial statement reviews are prepared timely and with sufficient precision and incorporates consideration of subsequent events.

Management's Response:

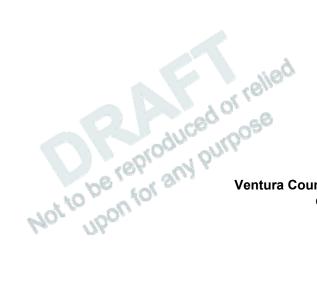
Management acknowledges the deficiency noted above. The Accounting team did experience significant turnover during the year end close process, with both the Senior Accounting Manager and the most-senior Accountant departing during this time. This represents 40% turnover in the Accounting team which directly impacted our ability to complete the close process in a timely manner. Additionally, the Sr. Accountant that departed had been with the Plan for 6 years and had deep institutional and industry knowledge. Management has hired a new Sr. Manager of Accounting with years of health insurance experience and will backfill the Sr. Accountant role soon (that role is currently being filled by a Sr. Accountant through a temporary personnel firm specializing in accounting talent). Cross-training key processes has been a focus area for the team. These crosstraining efforts will continue as we work to mitigate the risk of potential future staffing changes. Furthermore, the new Sr. Manager of Accounting is instituting additional measures to ensure timely completion of the monthly close process and subsequent account reconciliations. Finally, the Plan is currently working through an implementation of the Workday Financial Management platform to replace our current financial system. The new system should enhance both our close processing activities and our reporting capabilities. We believe fully implementing these changes will position the accounting team to address the concerns above.

The Plan's written response to the significant deficiency identified in our audit was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Commissioners, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

[Signature]

San Francisco, California , 2025



Report of Independent Auditors and Financial Statements

Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan

June 30, 2025 and 2024

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Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	15
Statements of Cash Flows	16
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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The intent of the Management's Discussion and Analysis is to provide readers with an overview of the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's (GCHP or the Plan) financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. This overview is provided in conjunction with the Plan's fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, financial statements. Readers should review this overview in conjunction with GCHP's financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the financial performance.

Gold Coast Health Plan Overview

On June 2, 2009, the Ventura County Board of Supervisors approved the implementation of a county-organized health system (COHS) model to transition Ventura County Medi-Cal members from a fee-for-service model to a managed care model. Ordinance No. 4409 (April 2010) established the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission as an oversight entity. The Commission's 11 members oversee a single plan—Gold Coast Health Plan—to serve Ventura County Medi-Cal beneficiaries.

As a COHS, the Plan has an exclusive contract (the Contract) with the State of California (the State) Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) to arrange for the provision of health care services to Ventura County's approximately 243,000 Medi-Cal beneficiaries at June 30, 2025. The Plan receives virtually 100% of its revenue in the form of capitation from the State of California.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of financial statements and notes to those statements, which reflect GCHP's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The financial statements of GCHP include the statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, statements of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements.

- The statements of net position include all GCHP's assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting.
- The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the results of operating activities during the fiscal year and the resulting change in net position.
- The statements of cash flows report the net cash provided by operating activities, as well as other sources, and uses of cash from investing, capital, and related financing activities.

The following discussion and analysis addresses GCHP's overall program activities. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, GCHP adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, retroactive to July 1, 2023. The fiscal year 2023 amounts in the tables below have not been adjusted for the impact of GASB No. 101.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Highlights

The table below presents condensed statements of net position of the Plan as of June 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023: Table 1 – Condensed Statements of Net Position as of June 30

11/02 VOS					2025 - 2024 Change		Change	2024 - 2023 Change		Change
Diognos Onibos	2025		2024	2023		Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage
ASSETS AND DUIDOS		(as	s restated)							
Current assets and other assets	\$ 727,607	\$	757,240	\$ 550,528	\$	(29,633)	(3.9)%	\$	206,712	37.5 %
Capital assets, net	295		553	982		(258)	(46.7)%		(429)	(43.7)%
Total assets	\$ 727,902	\$	757,793	\$ 551,510	\$	(29,891)	(3.9)%	\$	206,283	37.4 %
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities	\$ 402,869	\$	391,342	\$ 185,470	\$	11,527	2.9 %	\$	205,872	111.0 %
Noncurrent liabilities	 25,180		3,677	 6,088		21,503	584.8 %		(2,411)	(39.6)%
Total liabilities	428,049		395,019	 191,558		33,030	8.4 %		203,461	106.2 %
NET POSITION										
Invested in capital assets	295		553	982		(258)	(46.7)%		(429)	(43.7)%
Restricted net position	316		-	-		316	100.0 %		-	0.0 %
Unrestricted net position	 299,242		362,221	 358,970		(62,979)	(17.4)%		3,251	0.9 %
Total net position	299,853	_	362,774	 359,952		(62,921)	(17.3)%		2,822	0.8 %
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 727,902	\$	757,793	\$ 551,510	\$	(29,891)	(3.9)%	\$	206,283	37.4 %

Fiscal Year 2025

- As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, total assets were \$727,902,000 and \$757,793,000, respectively, a decrease of \$29,891,000 or 3.9% due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents partially offset by increases in the Medi-Cal receivable from the State and Provider receivables.
- Total liabilities as of June 30, 2025, were \$428,049,000 compared with \$395,019,000 as of June 30, 2024, an 8.4% increase. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in medical claims liability because of short-term delays in claims payments due to the implementation of major new operational technological infrastructure.
- The Plan's total net position decreased by \$62,921,000, or 17.3%, during fiscal year 2025. This planned decrease in net position was attributable to a commitment to community reinvestment through the use of provider quality incentives tied directly to State thresholds as defined by the California Department of Healthcare Services' Managed Care Accountability Set metrics, grants to support local placement of clinical specialists, continued investment in GCHP's technological infrastructure, and the operational readiness to support a mandated Medicare Dual-Special Needs Program line of business required by January 1, 2026.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

 Tangible Net Equity (TNE) at June 30, 2025, was 647% of the DHCS required minimum of \$46,327,000.

Fiscal Year 2024

- As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, total assets were \$757,793,000 and \$551,510,000, respectively, an increase of \$206,283,000, or 37.4%, due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents as well as an increase in the Medi-Cal amount receivable from the State.
- Total liabilities as of June 30, 2024, were \$395,019,000 compared with \$191,558,000 as of June 30, 2023, a 106.2% increase. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in accrued Managed Care Organization (MCO) tax and accrued medical expenses.
- The Plan's total net position increased by \$2,822,000, or 0.8%, during fiscal year 2024. This
 increase in net position was attributable to favorability in capitation rates from the State, which
 resulted in a net position at June 30, 2024, of \$362,774,000 compared to a net position of
 \$359,952,000 at June 30, 2023.
- TNE at June 30, 2024, was 980% of the DHCS required minimum of \$37,010,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Results of Operations

As mentioned above, GCHP's fiscal year 2025 operations and nonoperating revenues and expenses, net resulted in a \$63,165,000 decrease in net position. As mentioned above, GCHP's fiscal year 2024 operations and nonoperating revenues and expenses, net resulted in a \$2,822,000 increase in net position. The following table shows the changes in revenues and expenses for 2025 compared to 2024 and 2024 compared to 2023:

Table 2 - Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	and 2024 compared to 2023:	ws the cha	nges in rev	enues and	expenses	101 2025	compared	10 2024
	and 2024 compared to 2023: Ta Capitation revenues	able 2 – Revenue	es, Expenses, an	d Changes in Ne	t Position for			
	104 W.		Fiscal Years End	ded June 30				
	De FOL		(Dollars in The	ousands)				
- At NO	an is		,	,	2025 to 202	4 Change	2024 to 202	3 Change
170° '	100.	2025	2024	2023	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
*			(as restated)					
	Capitation revenues	\$ 1,545,925	\$ 1,488,842	\$ 1,053,304	\$ 57,083	3.8 %	\$ 435,538	41.3 %
	Total operating revenues	1,545,925	1,488,842	1,053,304	57,083	3.8 %	435,538	41.3 %
	Provider capitation	93,841	101,503	101,667	(7,662)	(7.5)%	(164)	(0.2)%
	Claim payments to providers and facilities	910,836	805,271	639,652	105,565	13.1 %	165,619	25.9 %
	Prescription drugs	-	-	(454)	-	0.0 %	454	(100.0)%
	Other medical	36,246	44,720	23,136	(8,474)	(18.9)%	21,584	93.3 %
	Reinsurance, net of recoveries	1,241	(6,615)	(2,932)	7,856	(118.8)%	(3,683)	125.6 %
	Total health care expenses	1,042,164	944,879	761,069	97,285	10.3 %	183,810	24.2 %
	Salaries, benefits, and compensation	68,609	43,968	29,146	24,641	56.0 %	14,822	50.9 %
	Professional fees	79,716	76,398	39,549	3,318	4.3 %	36,849	93.2 %
	General administrative fees	3,875	9,588	3,682	(5,713)	(59.6)%	5,906	160.4 %
	Supplies, occupancy, insurance, and other	2,830	2,124	1,618	706	33.2 %	506	31.3 %
	Premium tax	410,247	422,751	39,516	(12,504)	(3.0)%	383,235	969.8 %
	Depreciation	14,782	4,114	4,036	10,668	259.3 %	78	1.9 %
	Total administrative expenses	580,059	558,943	117,547	21,116	3.8 %	441,396	375.5 %
	Total operating expenses	1,622,223	1,503,822	878,616	118,401	7.9 %	625,206	71.2 %
	Operating (loss) income	(76,298)	(14,980)	174,688	(61,318)	409.3 %	(189,668)	(108.6)%
	Interest income	18,555	19,155	9,385	(600)	(3.2)%	9,770	104.0 %
	Interest expense	(5,178)	(1,353)	(738)	(3,825)	282.7 %	(615)	83.2 %
	Total nonoperating revenues	40.077	47.000	0.047	(4.405)	(05.4)0/	0.455	405.0.0/
	and expenses, net	13,377	17,802	8,647	(4,425)	(25.1)%	9,155	105.9 %
	(Decrease) increase in net position	(62,921)	2,822	183,335	(65,743)	(2329.7)%	(180,513)	(98.5)%
	Total net position, beginning of year	362,774	359,952	176,617	2,822	0.8 %	183,335	103.8 %
	Total net position, end of year	\$ 299,853	\$ 362,774	\$ 359,952	\$ (62,921)	(17.3)%	\$ 2,822	0.8 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Enrollment, Capitation Revenue, and Health Care Expenses

Enrollment

40Y - 193

Enrollment is divided into aid categories, which correspond to specific rates of capitation to be received by the Plan from the State. During fiscal year 2025, the Plan served an average of 244,294 members per month, compared to an average of 249,944 per month in fiscal year 2024 and 247,855 members per month in fiscal year 2023. The enrollment changes from 2024 to 2025 and from 2023 to 2024 are attributed to normal population fluctuations.

Enrollment Category	2025	2024	2023
0.71	07.000	00.000	04.007
Child	87,388	92,023	94,297
Adult	39,208	40,260	38,421
Adult Expansion	80,935	82,524	80,891
Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPD)	11,317	11,454	11,389
SPD - Dual	24,705	22,968	22,155
Long Term Care (LTC)	60	54	46
LTC - Dual	681	661	656
Total average monthly enrollment	244,294	249,944	247,855

Significant aid categories are defined as follows:

- 1. <u>Child:</u> Qualifying members under age 19 for CY2023. Effective January 1, 2024, the age limit was increased to 21 for this category.
- 2. <u>Adult:</u> Qualifying members between the ages of 19 and 64 for CY2023. Effective January 1, 2024, the lower age boundary was increased to 21 for this category.
- 3. <u>Adult Expansion (AE)</u>: Refers to members who became eligible for the Medi-Cal program effective January 1, 2014, as a result of the implementation of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) and the expanded eligibility criteria for Medicaid.
- 4. <u>Senior and Persons with Disabilities (SPD)*:</u> Includes individuals who are 65 years of age and older who receive supplemental security income (SSI) checks, or are medically needy if their income and resources are within the Medi-Cal limits, and individuals who met the criteria for disability set by the Social Security Administration and the State Program-Disability and Audit Program Division.
- 5. <u>Long-Term Care (LTC)*:</u> Includes frail, elderly, nonelderly adults with disabilities and children with developmental disabilities, and other disabling conditions requiring long-term care services.

^{* &}quot;Dual" coverage refers to enrollees who are eligible for both Medi-Cal and Medicare Parts A, B, and D.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year 2025

Capitation Revenue

Capitation revenue (capitation received by the Plan from the State) is determined by rates set by the State at the beginning of the plan year and generally are effective for the entire year. The State may, on occasion, provide updated rates during the fiscal year. Total revenue for fiscal year 2025 was \$1,545,925,000, a 3.8% increase from the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to a general increase in expected medical costs.

Health Care Expenses

Aggregate health care expenses were \$1,042,164,000 in fiscal year 2025, compared to \$944,879,000 in fiscal year 2024, which is an increase of 10.3%. The Plan's medical loss ratio, or health care expenses as a percent of operating revenues (net of MCO taxes), was 91.8% in fiscal year 2025, compared to 88.6% in fiscal year 2024. Note that the health care expenses include \$36,200,000 in provider incentives and grants.

Note the following regarding the components of health care expenses:

- 1. Provider capitation represents monthly payments for members assigned to primary care providers who have agreed to accept risk to provide specific services (when needed) to their members. Rates are fixed by contract and are generally known at the beginning of the fiscal year. Capitation expense for fiscal year 2025 was \$93,841,000 or \$7,662,000 lower than in fiscal year 2024. The decrease was primarily due to lower capitated membership than the prior year.
- 2. Other medical, including care management, expense was \$36,246,000 in fiscal year 2025, or \$8,474,000 and 18.9% lower than in fiscal year 2024. The continued material spend was primarily due to the continuation of the Quality Incentive Pool and Program.
- 3. Total reinsurance, net of recoveries and provider refunds resulted in a \$1,241,000 increase to health care expenses in fiscal year 2025, versus a \$6,615,180 reduction in fiscal year 2024.

Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses were \$580,059,000 in fiscal year 2025, compared to \$558,943,000 in fiscal year 2024, for an increase of \$21,116,000. The increase was predominantly due staffing and augmentation associated with the supporting the new claims and enrollment processing capabilities that went live on July 1, 2024. To a lesser extent, the operational and technological development of an infrastructure to support the required Medicare Dual-Special Need Program line of business to be offered effective January 1, 2026, also influenced the increase in administrative expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year 2024

Capitation Revenue

Premium revenue (capitation received by the Plan from the State) is determined by rates set by the State at the beginning of the plan year and generally are effective for the entire year. The State may, on occasion, provide updated rates during the fiscal year. Total revenue for fiscal year 2024 was \$1,489,000,000, a 41.3% increase from the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to a significant increase in the MCO tax rate and the newly eligible cohort of undocumented adults (Unsatisfactory Immigration Status) aged 26-49.

Health Care Expenses

Aggregate health care expenses were \$944,879,000 in fiscal year 2024, compared to \$761,069,000 in fiscal year 2023, which is an increase of 24.2%. The Plan's medical loss ratio, or health care expenses as a percent of operating revenues (net of MCO taxes), was 88.6% in fiscal year 2024, compared to 75.1% in fiscal year 2023.

Note the following regarding the components of health care expenses:

- 1. Provider capitation represents monthly payments for members assigned to primary care providers who have agreed to accept risk to provide specific services (when needed) to their members. Rates are fixed by contract and are generally known at the beginning of the fiscal year. Capitation expense for fiscal year 2024 was \$101,503,000, or \$164,000 lower than in fiscal year 2023. The decrease was primarily due to lower capitated membership than the prior year.
- 2. Other medical, including care management, expense was \$44,720,000 in fiscal year 2024, or \$21,584,000 and 93.3% higher than in fiscal year 2023. The increase was primarily due to the institution of Quality Incentive Pool and Program.
- 3. Total reinsurance, net of recoveries and provider refunds resulted in a \$6,615,000 reduction to health care expenses in fiscal year 2024, versus \$2,932,000 in fiscal year 2023.

Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses were \$558,943,000 in fiscal year 2024, compared to \$117,547,000 in fiscal year 2023, for an increase of \$441,396,000. The increase was predominantly due to a State augmentation in the MCO Premium tax expense. This tax was \$422,751,000 in fiscal year 2024 compared to \$39,516,000 in fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$383,235,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

On December 15, 2023, the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved the MCO tax authorized by Assembly Bill 119 (Chapter 13, Statutes of 2023) and submitted by DHCS on June 29, 2023. The MCO tax was approved with an effective date of April 1, 2023 through December 31, 2026, as provided in AB 119 and requested by DHCS. The MCO tax model is based on enrollment in each applicable health plan using data for the January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 year, as modified by DHCS to account for the nonrenewal of UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of California, Inc.'s contract as of January 1, 2023, and for known or anticipated changes that will affect Medi-Cal enrollment on or after January 1, 2024.

Other administrative expenses increased from the prior year due to increased expenses related to new enterprise projects as compared to prior years and increases in staffing.

Tangible Net Equity

GCHP is required by DHCS to maintain certain levels of TNE. Regulatory TNE levels are determined by formula and are based on specified percentages of revenue and medical expenses. Driven by its operating performance, the Plan's TNE at June 30, 2025, was \$299,853,000, which exceeded the required TNE amount of \$46,327,000. The Plan's TNE at June 30, 2024, was \$362,774,000, which exceeded the required TNE amount of \$37,010,000.

Table 4 – Tangible Net Equity (TNE)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	June 30, 2025		,	e 30, 2024	June 30, 2023		
Actual TNE, beginning balance Change in net position	\$	362,774 (62,921)	\$	359,952 2,822	\$	176,617 183,335	
Actual TNE, ending balance	\$	299,853	\$	362,774	\$	359,952	
Required TNE	\$	46,327	\$	37,010	\$	32,914	

Requests for Information

This financial report has been prepared in the spirit of full disclosure to provide the reader with an overview of GCHP's operations. If the reader has questions or would like additional information about GCHP, please direct the request to GCHP, 711 East Daily Drive, Suite 106, Camarillo, CA 93010, or call 805-437-5500.

Report of Independent Auditors

The Commission
Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan (a discrete component unit of the County of Ventura, California), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2025, Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan adopted the accounting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold
 Coast Health Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

San Francisco, California , 2025

Financial Statements

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2025 and 2024

ASSETS Substituting Substituti					
Capitation receivable 213,250,889 173,911,167 Provider receivables 34,764,364 12,484,788 Reinsurance and other receivables 9,357,192 6,351,899 Prepaid expenses and other assets 29,928,112 29,265,636 Total current assets 682,414,792 752,706,040 RESTRICTED DEPOSIT 315,518 - CAPITAL ASSETS, net 294,447 552,659 INTANGIBLE RIGHT TO USE LEASE, net of accumulated amortization 2,326,265 3,494,070 INTANGIBLE RIGHT TO USE SUBSCRIPTION, net of accumulated amortization 42,550,737 1,040,200 Total assets \$ 727,901,759 \$ 757,792,969 LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LAGUAL ASSETS, 16 11,040,200 LAGUAL ASSETS, 176 1,040,200 LAGUAL ASSETS, 17	ber		2025		2024
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Accrued expenses and other Current portion of lease and subscription liability 23,528,657 7,035,804 2,411,211 13,180,466 2,411,211 Total current liabilities 402,868,919 391,341,158 LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITY, net of current portion 25,180,339 3,677,360 Total liabilities 428,049,258 395,018,518 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets 294,447 552,659 Restricted 315,518 - 10,518 Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451					
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LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITY, net of current portion 25,180,339 3,677,360 Total liabilities 428,049,258 395,018,518 NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets Restricted 1315,518 1429,242,536 152,659 162,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451					
current portion 25,180,339 3,677,360 Total liabilities 428,049,258 395,018,518 NET POSITION	Total current liabilities		402,868,919		391,341,158
current portion 25,180,339 3,677,360 Total liabilities 428,049,258 395,018,518 NET POSITION	LEACE AND CLIDCODIDTION LIABILITY4 -4				
Total liabilities 428,049,258 395,018,518 NET POSITION			25 490 220		2 677 260
NET POSITION 294,447 552,659 Net invested in capital assets 315,518 - Restricted 315,518 - Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451	current portion		25,180,339		3,677,360
Net invested in capital assets 294,447 552,659 Restricted 315,518 - Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451	Total liabilities		428,049,258		395,018,518
Net invested in capital assets 294,447 552,659 Restricted 315,518 - Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451	NET POSITION				
Restricted 315,518 - Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451			294,447		552,659
Unrestricted net position 299,242,536 362,221,792 Total net position 299,852,501 362,774,451	•				· -
·	Unrestricted net position				362,221,792
Total liabilities and net position <u>\$ 727,901,759</u> <u>\$ 757,792,969</u>	Total net position	,	299,852,501		362,774,451
	Total liabilities and net position	\$	727,901,759	\$	757,792,969

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
and the second s		(as restated)
OPERATING REVENUES Capitation revenues	\$ 1,545,925,340	\$ 1,488,841,733
Total operating revenues	1,545,925,340	1,488,841,733
Dolog Div.		
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Health care expenses Provider capitation	93,841,260	101,503,100
Claim payments to providers and facilities	910,835,843	805,271,007
Other medical	36,246,182	44,720,048
Reinsurance, net of recoveries	1,241,262	(6,615,190)
Total health care expenses	1,042,164,547	944,878,965
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Salaries, benefits, and compensation	68,609,461	43,967,637
Professional fees	79,715,691	76,397,786
General administrative fees	3,874,603	9,587,624
Supplies, occupancy, insurance, and other	2,830,108	2,124,095
Premium tax	410,247,122	422,751,069
Depreciation and amortization	14,782,481	4,113,945
Total administrative expenses	580,059,466	558,942,156
Total operating expenses	1,622,224,013	1,503,821,121
Operating loss	(76,298,673)	(14,979,388)
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES, NET		
Interest income	18,554,583	19,155,484
Interest expense	(5,177,860)	(1,353,283)
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses, net	13,376,723	17,802,201
(Decrease) increase in net position	(62,921,950)	2,822,813
NET POSITION, beginning of year	362,774,451	359,951,638
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 299,852,501	\$ 362,774,451

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
1180		(as restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Capitation revenues received	\$ 1,487,099,691	\$ 1,457,136,161
Reinsurance premiums paid	(4,633,735)	(4,682,591)
Payments to providers and facilities	(1,018,606,714)	(944,671,069)
Payments of premium tax	(443,154,219)	(283,981,932)
Payments of administrative expenses	 (141,216,182)	 (146,760,840)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	 (120,511,159)	77,039,729
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets	(88,451)	(36,243)
Interest payments	(5,177,860)	(1,353,237)
Payments on subscription liability	(26,626,794)	(1,927,018)
Payments on lease liability	 (1,423,798)	(1,307,697)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (33,316,903)	(4,624,195)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of deposit	(315,518)	-
Interest income	 13,887,483	 14,391,786
Net cash provided by investing activities	 13,571,965	14,391,786
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(140,256,097)	86,807,320
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 430,974,305	 344,166,985
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 290,718,208	\$ 430,974,305
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$ (76,298,673)	\$ (14,979,388)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash (used in) provided by		
operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	14,782,481	4,113,945
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Receivables	(64,635,273)	(95,270,535)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(662,476)	(23,584,491)
Medical claims liability	47,706,081	13,351,048
Capitation payable	(3,486,431)	(244,019)
Payable to the State of California	(19,485,928)	45,983,238
Accounts payable	2,032,918	3,216,863
Accrued premium tax	(32,907,097)	138,769,117
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	2,695,454	3,965,451
Accrued expenses and other	 9,747,785	1,718,500
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (120,511,159)	\$ 77,039,729

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan (GCHP or the Plan) is a county-organized health system (COHS) organized to serve Medi-Cal beneficiaries living in Ventura County, California. The formation of GCHP was approved by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Ventura in December 2009 through the adoption of Ordinance No. 4409.

As a COHS, GCHP maintains an exclusive contract (the Contract) with the State of California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) to arrange for the provision of health care services to Ventura County's approximately 244,000 Medi-Cal beneficiaries. All of GCHP's revenues are earned from the State of California (the State) in the form of capitation payments. Revenue is primarily based on enrollment and capitation rates as provided for in the Contract. The Plan began providing services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries in July 2011. In August 2013, the State of California transferred the Healthy Families Program members in Ventura County into the Medi-Cal program, Targeted Low Income Program. In January 2014, the federal Affordable Care Act (ACA) expanded health coverage to certain adults age 19 or older and under 65 and resulted in new enrollment through Adult Expansion (AE) and other population groups. In January 2022, the DHCS launched a new program to improve the health and wellbeing of Medi-Cal members beyond traditional medical services, make services work together better, and improve the quality of services called California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal (CalAIM). Upon implementation of the program, the Plan began offering a new benefit, Enhanced Care Management (ECM), and new services called Community Supports.

Note 2 – Compliance with the DHCS, Concentration Risk, Tangible Net Equity, and Restricted Net Position

As a limited licensure plan under Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, GCHP is required to maintain a minimum deposit balance. As of June 30, 2025, approximately \$316,000 is presented as a restricted deposit and restricted net position on the accompanying statements of net position.

GCHP's contract with the DHCS includes several financial and nonfinancial requirements. As established by the contract, GCHP is required to meet and maintain a minimum level of tangible net equity (TNE). TNE is defined as the excess of total assets over total liabilities, excluding subordinated liabilities and intangible assets.

Required and actual TNE are as follows:

	June 30,					
	2025			2024		
		(in thou	sands)			
Actual TNE, beginning balance	\$	362,774	\$	359,952		
Change in net position		(62,921)		2,822		
Reportable TNE	\$	299,853	\$	362,774		
Required TNE	\$	46,327	\$	37,010		
Required TNE	\$	46,327	\$	37,010		

Notes to Financial Statements

The ability of GCHP to continue as a going concern is dependent on its continued compliance with the DHCS requirements. The loss of this contract would have an adverse effect on GCHP's future operations.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation – GCHP is a county-organized health system governed by an 11-member Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission appointed by the Ventura County Board of Supervisors. Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, GCHP began reporting as a discrete component unit of the County of Ventura, California. The County made this determination based on the County Board of Supervisors having the right to elect 100% of the GCHP Commissioners.

Basis of accounting – GCHP uses enterprise fund accounting. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis, using the economic resources measurement focus. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments – The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying amounts reported in the statement of net position for capitation receivable, provider receivables, reinsurance and other receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets, medical claims liability, capitation payable, accounts payable, payable to the State of California, accrued payroll and employee benefits, accrued premium tax, and other liabilities approximate their fair values as they are expected to be realized within the next fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Custodial credit risk-deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, GCHP may not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by public agencies by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, all accounts were covered by posted collateral.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Codification Section 150. The fair value of investments is estimated based on quoted market prices, when available. For debt securities not actively traded, fair values are estimated using values obtained from external pricing services or are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows, using current market rates applicable to the coupon rate, credit, and maturity of the investments. Certain external investment pools are carried at amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements

All investments with an original maturity of one year or less when purchased are recorded as current investments, unless designated or restricted for long-term purposes.

Capitation receivable – Capitation receivable represents capitation revenue for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, received subsequent to June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Capitation receivable also includes final revenue rate adjustments based on communications from the DHCS. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual receivables and considering payment history, financial condition, and current economic conditions. Subsequent adjustments to the contracted rates or enrollments are recognized in the period the adjustment is determined.

Provider receivables – Provider receivables are recorded for all claim refunds or advance payments due from providers. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual receivables and considering payment history, financial condition, and current economic conditions. As of June 30, 2025, the provider receivable balance included approximately \$34,000,000 outstanding from a provider advance to a related party. The advance was repaid in full subsequent to June 30, 2025.

Reinsurance – In the normal course of business, the Plan seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from events that cause unfavorable medical claim results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with a reinsurer. Amounts recoverable from reinsurance are estimated in a manner consistent with the development of the medical claim liability.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers that relate to paid claims are classified as assets and as a reduction to medical expenses incurred. Reinsurance premiums paid are included in medical expenses.

Capital assets – Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition. The costs of normal maintenance, repairs, and minor replacements are expensed when incurred. Capital assets acquired but not yet placed into service are reported as construction in progress. Construction-in-progress assets are not depreciated until they are placed into service.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Long-lived assets are periodically reviewed for impairment. The estimated useful lives of three to seven years are used for furniture, fixtures, computer equipment, and software. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the life of the lease or estimated useful life, whichever is shorter. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, was approximately \$347,000 and \$466,000, respectively.

Intangible right to use subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related subscription liability plus any contract payments made to the Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) vendor at the commencement of the subscription term and capitalizable initial implementation costs, less any incentive payments received from the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying assets. Refer to Note 8 for additional information.

Notes to Financial Statements

Medical claims liability, capitation payable, and medical expenses – GCHP establishes a claims liability based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims in process and a provision for claims incurred but not yet reported, which is actuarially determined based on historical claims payment experience and other operational changes. In cases where adequate historical claims payment experience does not yet exist for a new population, a book-to-budget methodology is used in which GCHP relies on state-developed medical rates or medical loss ratios to estimate claims liabilities.

Such reserves are continually monitored and reviewed, with any adjustments made as necessary in the period the adjustment is determined. Management believes that the claims liability is adequate and fairly stated; however, this liability is based on estimates, and the ultimate liability may differ from the amounts provided.

GCHP has provider services agreements with several health networks in Ventura County, whereby the health networks provide care directly to covered members or through subcontracts with other health care providers. Payment for the services provided by the health networks is on a fully capitated basis. The capitation amount is based on contractually agreed-upon terms with each health network. GCHP may withhold amounts from providers at an agreed-upon percentage of capitation payments made to ensure the financial solvency of each contract. The capitation expense is included in provider capitation in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Medical claims payments to a related party amounted to approximately \$106,790,000 and \$79,049,000 during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively and are included in claim payments to providers and facilities on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Payable to the State of California – The liability at June 30, 2025 and 2024, was approximately \$36,908,000 and \$56,394,000, respectively, due to State of California funding programs that have minimum Medical Loss Ratio (MLR) requirements and potential amounts due back to the State. The majority of the balance as of June 30, 2025, represents an estimate due back to the State of California for the ECM risk corridor for the period of January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2025, and an estimate for premium rate adjustments and overpayments. The majority of the balance as of June 30, 2024, represents an estimate due back to the State of California for the ECM risk corridor for the period of January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2024, and an estimate for premium rate adjustments and overpayments. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the estimated amount due related to the ECM risk corridor was approximately \$16,799,000 and \$22,584,000, respectively. The liability may vary depending on actual claims experience and final reconciliation and audit results. This liability is presented in the payable to the State of California in the accompanying statements of net position.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses – GCHP is required to estimate certain expenses, including accrued payroll, payroll taxes, and professional services fees, as of each statement of net position date and make appropriate accruals based on these estimates. Estimates are affected by the status and timing of services provided relative to the actual level of services performed by the service providers. The date on which certain services commence, the level of services performed on or before a given date, and the cost of services are often subject to judgment. These judgments are based upon the facts and circumstances known at the date of the financial statements. For the periods presented in the financial statements, there were no material adjustments to the estimates for accrued payroll, payroll taxes, and professional services fees.

Notes to Financial Statements

Premium deficiency reserves – GCHP performed an analysis of its expected future health care and maintenance costs to determine whether such costs will exceed anticipated future revenues under its contracts. Should expected costs exceed anticipated revenues, a premium deficiency reserve would be accrued. A premium deficiency reserve was not required as of June 30, 2025 or 2024.

Absences (GASB 101), effective July 1, 2023. The objective of GASB 101 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. GASB 101 requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used, and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. It also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, GCHP implemented GASB 101 on a retroactive basis by restating June 30, 2024, balances, as required. These changes had an effect on the beginning net position of GCHP. GCHP recognized \$2,914,498 in a liability as of July 1, 2023, due to the implementation of GASB 101. The implementation of GASB 101 had the following effect on net position as reported as of June 30, 2024.

Net position as of June 30, 2024, as previously reported GASB 101 Compensated Absences	\$ 365,688,949 (2,914,498)
Net position as of June 30, 2024, as restated	\$ 362,774,451

GCHP's policy permits eligible employees to accrue vacation based on their individual employment agreements. Unused vacation may be carried over into subsequent years, up to limits indicated in their employment agreements. Accumulated vacation will be paid to the employee upon separation from service with GCHP. All compensated absences are accrued and recorded in accordance with GASB 101 and are included in accrued payroll and employee benefits in the accompanying statements of net position. GCHP provides paid sick leave. Unused sick hours carry over from one year to the next. Unused time under this policy is not paid out at the time of separation from employment.

Premium taxes –On December 15, 2023, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved the MCO tax authorized by Assembly Bill 119 (Chapter 13, Statutes of 2023) and submitted by DHCS on June 29, 2023. The MCO tax was approved with an effective date of April 1, 2023 through December 31, 2026, as provided in AB 119 and requested by DHCS. The MCO tax model is based on enrollment in each applicable health plan using data for the January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 year, as modified by DHCS, and for known or anticipated changes that will affect Medi-Cal enrollment on or after January 1, 2024. GCHP's MCO tax liability for the year ended June 30, 2025, is approximately \$410,247,000, of which \$105,862,000 remains unpaid as of June 30, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements

Net position – Net position is broken down into three categories, defined as follows:

Net invested in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable (if any) to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on net asset used by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments. It also pertains to constraints imposed by law or constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There was approximately \$316,000 and \$0 classified as restricted net position based upon constraints imposed by enabling legislation as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets."

Revenue recognition – Capitation revenue received under the Contract is recognized during the period in which GCHP is obligated to provide medical service to the beneficiaries. This revenue is based on estimated enrollment provided monthly by the DHCS and capitation rates as provided for in the DHCS Contract. Enrollment and the capitation rates are subject to retrospective changes by the DHCS. As such, capitation revenue includes an estimate for amounts receivable from or refundable to the DHCS for these retrospective changes in estimates. These estimates are continually monitored and reviewed, with any changes in estimates recognized in the period when determined.

During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, GCHP received approximately \$21,742,000 and \$31,741,000, respectively, of supplemental fee revenue from the DHCS as a hospital quality assurance fee (HQAF) as a result of SB 229. This program uses hospital fees assessed by the State to draw down federal matching funds, that are then distributed to qualifying hospitals.

DHCS implemented a managed care Designated Public Hospital (DPH) Quality Incentive Pool (QIP) that was expanded effective July 1, 2020, under which managed care plans were directed to make QIP payments tied to performance on designated performance metrics in four strategic categories: primary care, specialty care, inpatient care, and resource utilization. The QIP payments are linked to delivery of services under the managed care plan contracts and increase the amount of funding tied to quality outcomes. During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, GCHP received approximately \$119,818,000 and \$113,797,000, respectively, in QIP payments.

DHCS also established a Directed Payments DPH Enhanced Payment Program (EPP) under which managed care providers were directed to reimburse California's 21 DPHs for network contracted services delivered by DPH systems, enhanced by either a uniform percentage or dollar increment based on actual utilization of network contracted services. The State will evaluate the extent to which enhanced payments are achieving the goals identified. During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, GCHP received approximately \$17,959,000 and \$16,145,000, respectively, through the EPP.

Notes to Financial Statements

DHCS also established a Private Hospital Directed Payment Program (PHDPP) under which managed care providers were directed to reimburse private hospitals, as defined in WIC 14169.51, based on actual utilization of contracted services. The enhanced payment is contingent upon hospitals providing adequate access to service, including primary, specialty, and inpatient (both tertiary and quaternary) care. During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, GCHP received approximately \$32,918,000 and \$34,572,000, respectively, through the PHDPP.

GCHP passed these HQAF, QIP, EPP, and PHDPP funds through to providers. These amounts were not reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, as the amounts passed through to the providers do not meet requirements for revenue recognition under accounting standards issued by the GASB.

GCHP has an agreement with the DHCS to receive an intergovernmental transfer (IGT) through a capitation rate increase of \$44,899,000 and \$45,102,000 recorded in years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Under the agreement, these funds that are distributed to providers are not reported on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, or the statements of net position, as these amounts do not meet requirements for revenue recognition under accounting standards issued by the GASB. GCHP did not retain any of this IGT during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, for administrative costs.

DHCS has established the CalAIM Incentive Payment Program (IPP). Under the program, GCHP is eligible to receive incentive payments from DHCS based on the successful completion of DHCS-established development goals, objectives, and measures of the program's priority areas. The Plan received approximately \$6,027,000 in July 2023 and approximately \$5,870,000 in November 2023. The amounts were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2024. The Plan received approximately \$8,001,000 in December 2024. The amount was recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Effective January 1, 2022, DHCS implemented the Housing and Homelessness Incentive Program (HHIP). Under the program, GCHP is eligible to receive incentive payments from DHCS based on the successful completion and achievement of program measures as well as Local Homelessness Plan and Investment Plan submissions. The Plan received approximately \$4,954,000 for calendar year 2022 in May 2023 and approximately \$8,256,000 for calendar year 2023 in April 2024. The amounts were both recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2024. No payments were received, and no revenue was recognized for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Operating revenues and expenses – GCHP's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with arranging for the provision of health care services. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to arrange for the provision of health care services, as well as the costs of administration. Claims adjustment expenses are an estimate of the cost to process the claims and are included in operating expenses. Nonexchange revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Administrative expenses – Administrative expenses are recognized as incurred and consist of administrative expenses that directly relate to the implementation and operation costs of the Plan. Capitation contract acquisition costs are expensed in the period incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

Defined contribution plan – GCHP has adopted, and its employees are participants in, the California Public Agencies Self-Directed Tax-Advantaged Retirement System (CPA STARS). CPA STARS is a California public trust organized under the laws of the State of California and includes the STARS 401(a) Retirement Plan (the 401 Plan), which is a retirement plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. GCHP participation in the 401 Plan is defined by the 401(a) Trust Agreement and the 401 Plan Agreement between GCHP and CPA STARS.

All regular employees participate in the CPA STARS 401 Plan. Employee contributions to the 401 Plan are not allowed. GCHP makes employer contributions to the 401 Plan in an amount annually determined under the 401 Plan Agreement. For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, GCHP contributions to the 401 Plan were \$4,894,000 and \$3,916,000, respectively.

Deferred compensation plan – GCHP has adopted, and its employees are participants in, the CPA STARS 457(b) deferred compensation plan (the 457 Plan). The 457 Plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and permits employees to defer a portion of their annual salary until future years. GCHP participation in the 457 Plan is defined by the 457 Trust Agreement between GCHP and CPA STARS. Employee participation in the 457 Plan is voluntary, and GCHP has not made any contributions. As such, there were no GCHP employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Leases – GCHP recognizes lease contracts or equivalents that have a term exceeding one year, the cumulative future payments on the contract exceed \$50,000, and that meet the definition of an other than short-term lease. GCHP uses a discount rate that is explicitly stated or implicit in the contract. When a readily determinable discount rate is not available, the discount rate is determined using GCHP's incremental borrowing rate at start of the lease for a similar asset type and term length to the contract. Short-term lease payments are expensed when incurred.

Income taxes – GCHP operates under the purview of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 501(a) and corresponding California Revenue and Taxation Code provisions. As such, GCHP is not subject to federal or state taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income tax has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Risk management – GCHP is exposed to various risks of loss from torts, business interruption, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased by GCHP for claims arising from such matters. No claims have exceeded commercial coverage.

Reclassifications – Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2024 financial statements to conform to the 2025 presentation, with no impact to net position or change in net position.

Recent accounting pronouncements – In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures (GASB 102). GASB 102 requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes it vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, GASB 102 requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur, within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Additional disclosures may be required as a result of these assessments. The requirements of GASB 102 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. GCHP implemented GASB 102 effective July 1,

Notes to Financial Statements

2024. GCHP implemented GASB 102 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, which did not have an impact on the financial statements.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* (GASB 103). GASB 103 requires additional presentation and disclosure changes in the areas of management discussion & analysis, unusual or infrequent items, proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position, major component units, and budgetary comparison information. GCHP has elected to change its fiscal year-end from June 30 to December 31, effective December 31, 2025. As a result, there will be a six-month stub period ending December 31, 2025. The requirements of GASB 103 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. GCHP is reviewing the impact of the adoption of GASB 103 for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026.

In September 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets (GASB 104). The objective of GASB 104 is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. GASB 104 requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, and intangible right to use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, Subscription- Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class. GASB 104 also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. A capital asset is a capital asset held for sale if (a) the government has decided to pursue the sale of the capital asset and (b) it is probable that the sale will be finalized within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should consider relevant factors to evaluate the likelihood of the capital asset being sold within the established time frame. This Statement requires that capital assets held for sale be evaluated each reporting period. Governments should disclose (1) the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major class of asset, and (2) the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sale are pledged as collateral for each major class of asset. GASB 104 is effective for GCHP during the year ending December 31, 2026. Management is evaluating the implementation of this statement on their financial statements.

Note 4 - Cash and Investments

Investments – The Plan invests in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, state obligations, corporate securities, and money market funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

Interest rate risk – In accordance with its Annual Investment Policy (investment policy), GCHP manages its exposure to decline in fair value from increasing interest rates by matching maturity dates to the extent possible with the Plan's expected cash flow draws. Its investment policy limits maturities to five years, while also staggering maturities. The Plan maintains a low-weighted average maturity strategy, targeting a portfolio with maturities of three years or less, with the intent of reducing interest rate risk. Portfolios with low weighted average maturities are less volatile because they are less sensitive to interest rate changes. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the weighted average maturity of GCHP's investments, including cash equivalents was approximately 1 day.

The Plan's investments as of June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

nbou tot sections as a const		,,	Maximum	Weighted Average Maturity	Weighted Average
Investment Type	C	arrying Value	Maturity*	(Years)	Maturity (Days)
CalTrust Investment Fund	\$	39,763,943	N/A	-	1
Local Agency Investment Fund		44,511,614	N/A	-	1
Ventura County Investment Pool		20,120,470	N/A		1
	\$	104,396,027		<u>-</u> _	1

^{*} Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

The Plan's investments as of June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Investment Type	Ca	arrying Value	Maximum Maturity*	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	37,837,945 42,530,370 19,349,930	- - -	- - -	1 1 1
	\$	99,718,245			1

^{*} Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

Credit risk – GCHP's investment policy conforms to the California Government Code as well as to customary standards of prudent investment management. Credit risk is mitigated by investing in only permitted investments. The investment policy sets minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from two nationally recognized rating services: Standard and Poor's Corporation (S&P) and Moody's Investor Service (Moody's). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than "A-1" (S&P) or "P-1" (Moody's), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A."

Notes to Financial Statements

Credit ratings of investments and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2025, are summarized below:

				Ratings as of Year-End (S&P / Moody's)									
Investment Type	С	arrying Value	Minimum Legal Rating*	E	Exempt From Rating		A-1 / P-1		AA+	A1 / A+		Α	2 / A
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	39,763,943 44,511,614 20,120,470	None None None	\$	39,763,943 44,511,614 20,120,470	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	- - -
O Pro coo	\$	104,396,027		\$	104,396,027	\$		\$		\$		\$	

^{*} Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

Credit ratings of investment and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2024, are summarized below:

20.				Ratings as of Year-End (S&P / Moody's)									
Investment Type	Ca	arrying Value	Minimum Legal Rating*		xempt from rating	A-1	/ P-1	A1 /	AA+	A1 /	/ A+	A	2 / A
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	37,837,945 42,530,370 19,349,930	None None	\$	37,837,945 42,530,370 19,349,930	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
	\$	99,718,245		\$	99,718,245	\$		\$		\$		\$	

^{*} Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Plan's investment in a single issuer. GCHP's Policy does not contain any specific provisions to limit exposure to concentration of credit risk, but conforms to the California Government Code section 53601 to meet the percentage limits of investment holdings.

The Plan's percentage of portfolio as of June 30, 2025, is summarized below:

Investment Type	Issuer	Issuer Carryin			
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	Wells Fargo State of California Treasurer County of Ventura Treasurer	\$	39,763,943 44,511,614 20,120,470	38.1% 42.6% 19.3%	
Total Funds Available for Investmen	nts	\$	104,396,027	100.0%	

The Plan's percentage of portfolio as of June 30, 2024, is summarized below:

Investment Type	Issuer	Ca	arrying Value	Percentage of Portfolio
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	Wells Fargo State of California Treasurer County of Ventura Treasurer	\$	37,837,945 42,530,370 19,349,930	37.9% 42.7% 19.4%
Total Funds Available for Investmen	ts	\$	99,718,245	100.0%

Investments – GCHP categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy for fair value measurements is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

- **Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- **Level 2** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statements of net position, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

External investment pools – CalTrust is organized as a Joint Powers Authority established by public agencies in California for the purpose of pooling and investing local agency funds. A board of trustees supervises and administers the investment program of the trust. CalTrust has four pools: money market account, short-term, medium-term, and long-term. The Plan has deposits in the Short-Term Fund. Investments in CalTrust Short-Term Fund are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest.

The Plan is a voluntary participant in CalTrust. The Plan's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amortized cost, based on the Plan's pro rata share of the respective pool as reported by CalTrust. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Plan held approximately \$39,764,000 and \$37,838,000 in CalTrust, respectively.

The California State Treasurer's Office makes available the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) through which local governments may pool investments. Each governmental entity may invest up to \$65,000,000 in the fund. Investments in the LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. The Plan is a voluntary participant in the LAIF. The value of the GCHP's investments in the LAIF is reported in the accompanying financial statements based on the GCHP's pro rata share of the amortized cost value provided by the LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Plan held approximately \$44,512,000 and \$42,530,000 in LAIF, respectively.

The Ventura County Investment Pool (VCIP) is available to local public governments, agencies, and school districts within Ventura County (the County). Wells Fargo Bank NA serves as custodian for the pool's investments. The portfolio is typically comprised of U.S. agency securities and high-quality, short-term instruments, resulting in a relatively short-weighted average maturity. Value calculations are based on market values provided by the County's investment custodian. Investments in the VCIP are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. The Plan is a voluntary participant in the VCIP. The value of the GCHP's investments in the VCIP is reported in the accompanying financial statements based on the GCHP's pro rata share of the amortized cost value provided by the VCIP for the entire VCIP portfolio. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Plan held approximately \$20,120,000 and \$19,350,000, respectively, in VCIP.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall.

The Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

90,00		Fair Value Measurements Using					
De Leblodrice and britones	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments not subject to fair value							
hierarchy							
CalTrust Investment Fund	\$ 39,763,943						
Local Agency Investment Fund	44,511,614						
Ventura County Investment Pool	20,120,470						
	\$ 104,396,027						

The Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy							
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$ 37,837,945 42,530,370 19,349,930						
	\$ 99,718,245						

Note 5 – Administrative Services Agreements

Conduent, Inc. (Conduent), formerly Affiliated Computer Services – GCHP entered into an agreement with Conduent on June 28, 2017, to provide certain operational services, for a two-year term with 4- to 6-month extensions beginning July 1, 2017. On May 1, 2019, GCHP and Conduent entered into a new agreement extending service through June 30, 2024. On July 1, 2024, GCHP and Conduent entered into a new agreement extending service through June 30, 2025. Included in the extension is a project to replace the existing technology platform with a new system and realign business processes. Compensation for these services is based on a per-member, per-month cost at varying membership levels. These costs are recorded as expenses in the period incurred. Total expenses for services provided for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, were approximately \$5,231,000 and \$22,255,000, respectively, and are reported in professional fees on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

Carelon Behavioral Health, LLC (Carelon) – On April 14, 2014, GCHP entered into a two-year agreement with Carelon, previously known as Beacon Health Strategies, to provide administrative services to arrange for and support the administration of behavioral health services for GCHP. The agreement with Carelon has been extended through December 31, 2025. Total expenses for Carelon were approximately \$4,404,000 and \$518,000 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and are included in professional fees on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Netmark Business Services, LLC (Netmark) – GCHP entered into an agreement with Netmark on September 26, 2023, to provide services as its Business Processing Organization for its claims processing. Total expenses for Netmark were approximately \$1,348,000 and \$2,070,000 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and are included in professional fees on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2025, consisted of the following:

	Ju	Balance June 30, 2024		Increases		Transfers		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2025		
Capital assets						·						
Leasehold improvements	\$	1,804,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,804,976		
Software and equipment		2,745,821		33,356		-		-		2,779,177		
Furniture and fixtures		1,197,450		55,095						1,252,545		
Total capital assets		5,748,247		88,451						5,836,698		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for												
Leasehold improvements		1,586,891		158,619		-		-		1,745,510		
Software and equipment		2,402,873		179,495		-		-		2,582,368		
Furniture and fixtures		1,205,824		8,549						1,214,373		
Total accumulated depreciation		5,195,588		346,663						5,542,251		
Total capital assets, net	\$	552,659	\$	(258,212)	\$		\$		\$	294,447		

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets	1100				
Leasehold improvements	\$ 1,804,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,804,976
Software and equipment	2,709,578	36,243	-	-	2,745,821
Furniture and fixtures	1,197,450				1,197,450
Total capital assets	5,712,004	36,243			5,748,247
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for					
Leasehold improvements	1,401,200	185,691	-	-	1,586,891
Software and equipment	2,129,965	272,908	-	-	2,402,873
Furniture and fixtures	1,198,472	7,352			1,205,824
Total accumulated depreciation	4,729,637	465,951			5,195,588
Total capital assets, net	\$ 982,367	\$ (429,708)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 552,659

Note 7 - Medical Claims Liability

Medical claims liability and capitation payable consists of the following:

	June 30,					
		2025		2024		
Claims payable or pending approval	\$	18,345,175	\$	18,370,448		
Capitation payable		7,526,516		11,012,947		
Provisions for claims incurred but not yet reported and other		166,097,653		103,483,161		
Directed payments to providers payable		21,009,348		35,892,486		
	\$	212,978,692	\$	168,759,042		

The cost of health care services is recognized in the period in which care is provided and includes an estimate of the cost of services that has been incurred but not yet reported. GCHP estimates accrued claims payable based on historical claims payments and other relevant information. Estimates are continually monitored and reviewed, and as settlements are made or estimates adjusted, differences are reflected in current operations. Such estimates are subject to the impact of changes in the regulatory environment and economic conditions. Given the inherent variability of such estimates, the actual liability could differ significantly from the amounts provided. While the ultimate amount of claims paid is dependent on future developments, management is of the opinion that the accrued medical claims payable is adequate.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following is reconciliation of the medical claims liability and capitation payable activity for the years ended June 30:

led	2025	2024
Medical claims liability and capitation payable at	* 400.750.040	Ф 455.050.040
beginning of year	\$ 168,759,042	\$ 155,652,013
Incurred		
Current	1,034,336,516	931,850,099
Prior Prior	(5,454,766)	(2,104,420)
Total incurred	1,028,881,750	929,745,679
Paid		
Current	851,212,516	814,943,828
Prior	133,449,584	101,694,822
Total paid	984,662,100	916,638,650
Medical claims liability and capitation payable at end of year	\$ 212,978,692	\$ 168,759,042

Amounts incurred related to prior years vary from previously estimated liabilities as the claims are ultimately adjudicated and paid. Liabilities at any year end are continually reviewed and re-estimated as information regarding actual claim payments becomes known. This information is compared to the originally established prior reporting period liability. Negative amounts reported for incurred, related to prior years, result from claims being adjudicated and paid for amounts less than originally estimated. Results for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, included decreases of prior year incurred of approximately \$5,455,000 and \$2,104,000, respectively. Original estimates are increased or decreased as additional information becomes known regarding individual claims.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies

Lease commitments – GCHP leases office space and equipment under long-term operating lease agreements. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining leases is as follows as of June 30, 2025:

Years Ending June 30,	Mir ——	 Interest			
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	\$	1,387,326 1,013,209 814,128 -	\$ 132,814 71,943 17,913 -		
	\$	3,214,663	\$ 222,670		

Intangible right to use lease asset – The Plan reported approximately \$1,165,000 and \$1,164,000 as amortization expense on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Accumulated amortization was approximately \$5,969,000 and \$4,789,000 as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements – The Plan has several subscription contracts that expire at various dates through 2027, some of which have renewal options. For those contracts where renewal options are reasonably certain to be exercised, the Plan recognizes renewal option periods in the determination of its intangible right to use subscription asset and liability balances. The Plan uses an average rate of 2.92% to determine the present value of its subscription liabilities. The Plan reported approximately \$13,268,000 and \$2,484,000 as amortization expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Accumulated amortization was approximately \$11,751,000 and \$5,715,000 as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

GCHP had the following intangible right to use subscription asset and subscription liability activities for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance June 30, 2024	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2025	Current Liability
Intangible right to use subscription asset Less accumulated amortization	\$ 6,755,096 (5,714,896)	54,778,549 (13,268,012)	(5,310,769) 5,310,769	\$ 56,222,876 (13,672,139)	
Total intangible right to use subscription asset, net	1,040,200	41,510,537		42,550,737	
Subscription liability	\$ 1,450,095	29,801,278	(2,249,893)	\$ 29,001,480	\$ 5,648,478

Notes to Financial Statements

A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the subscription payments is as follows as of June 30, 2025:

Years Ending June 30,	S	Minimum ubscription Principal	Interest
and an		·	
2026	\$	5,648,478	\$ 733,883
2027		5,691,609	596,128
2028		4,914,090	391,874
2029		6,398,731	383,459
2030		4,226,728	155,351
2031 - 2035		2,121,844	51,922
O1			
		29,001,480	\$ 2,312,617

Litigation – Through the course of ordinary business, the Plan became party to various administrative proceedings, mediations, and was party to various legal actions and subject to various claims arising as a result. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Plan has successfully resolved some matters, and other administrative and legal matters are still proceeding. As a result of pending administrative and legal matters, the Plan has recorded a liability for these contingencies. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of such claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Regulatory matters – The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties. Management believes that GCHP is in compliance with fraud and abuse, as well as other applicable government laws and regulations. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

The Plan is also subjected to risks and uncertainties arising from potential changes in federal health care policy, funding, and budgetary adjustments affecting Medicare and Medicaid programs. Proposed and potential reductions in Medicaid funding could indirectly impact Medicare beneficiaries by placing additional strain on state budgets. Cuts to Medicaid, including the elimination of the enhanced federal match rate for expansion enrollees or the introduction of work requirements, could result in significant coverage losses, particularly among low-income individuals, persons with disabilities, and those with chronic health conditions. In response to reduced federal funding, states may increase taxes or reduce funding for other essential programs. Potential policy changes under consideration include reductions in the federal Medicaid matching rate, implementation of work requirements, more frequent eligibility redeterminations leading to disenrollments, the adoption of per-capita caps on federal funding, and the elimination of provider taxes that help offset Medicaid costs. If enacted, such changes could compel states to reduce benefits, lower provider reimbursement rates, and increase financial pressures on state budgets, which may adversely affect the Plan's operations, network adequacy, and financial performance. However, the timing, likelihood, and specific impact of these policy changes remain uncertain.

Notes to Financial Statements

Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) – The ACA allowed for the expansion of Medicaid members in the State of California. Any future federal or state changes in eligibility requirements or federal and state funding could have an impact on the Plan. With the changes in the executive branch, the future of PPACA and impact of future changes in Medicaid to the Plan are uncertain at this time.



AGENDA ITEM NO. 4

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Sara Dersch, Chieff Financial Officer

DATE: October 23, 2025

SUBJECT: June, July and August 2025 Fiscal Year to Date Financials

SUMMARY:

Staff is presenting the attached June, July and August 2025 fiscal year-to-date ("FYTD") unaudited financial statements of Gold Coast Health Plan ("GCHP") for review and approval.

ATTACHMENT:

June, July & August 2025 Financial Package

APPENDIX:

- Income Statement FYTD
- Balance Sheet
- Statement of Cash Flow
- Statement of Investments and Cash Balances



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the Month Ended August 2025 Fiscal Year to Date Through August 2025								
	Actual	Stub Budget	Fav /(Unfav)	%	<u> </u>	Actual	Stub Budget	Fav /(Unfav)	%
	8/1/25	8/1/25	8/1/25	8/1/25	H	8/1/2025	8/1/25	8/1/25	8/1/25
Membership	241,736	228,584	13,152	5.8%		486,467	458,311	28,156	6.1%
Revenue Premium	e 424 222 E07	\$ 90,317,925	₾ 44.04E.663	40.70/		260 451 000	¢ 101 101 001	# 99.260.00e	40.70/
Facility Expense AB85	\$ 134,333,587	\$ 90,317,925	\$ 44,015,663	48.7%	\$	269,451,080	\$ 181,181,984	\$ 88,269,096	48.7%
Reserve for Cap Requirements	(457,526)	(215,391)	(242,135)	112.4%		(922,190)	(432,121)	(490,069)	113.4%
MCO Premium Tax	(34,322,001)	-	(34,322,001)		_	(68,826,361)	-	(68,826,361)	
Total Net Premium	99,554,060	90,102,533	9,451,527	10.5%		199,702,530	180,749,863	18,952,666	10.5%
Other Revenue:									
Miscellaneous Income	120	-	120			300	-	300	
Total Other Revenue	120	-	120			300	-	300	
Total Revenue	99,554,180	90,102,533	9,451,647	10.5%		199,702,830	180,749,863	18,952,966	10.5%
Medical Benefits:									
Capitation:									
PCP, Specialty, Kaiser, NEMT & Vision	\$ 7,178,738	\$ 6,677,836	,	-7.5% 16.1%	\$		\$ 13,418,882	\$ (912,767)	-6.8%
ECM Total Capitation	1,131,339 8,310,077	1,348,590 8,026,426	217,251 (283,651)	16.1% -3.5%	\vdash	2,253,319 16,584,968	2,704,776 16,123,658	451,456 (461,310)	16.7% -2.9%
. Can Capitation	3,010,011	0,320,720	(200,001)	3.070		. 5,557,550	.5,120,000	(401,010)	2.070
FFS Claims:									
Inpatient LTC / SNF	\$ 22,015,159 18,138,936	\$ 17,010,447 14,546,010	\$ (5,004,712) (3,592,926)	-29.4% -24.7%	\$	41,628,890 36,417,373	\$ 34,076,757 29,069,035	\$ (7,552,133) (7,348,338)	-22.2% -25.3%
Outpatient	9,391,413	8,015,646	(3,592,926)	-24.7%		18,875,409	16,032,428	(2,842,980)	-25.3% -17.7%
Laboratory and Radiology	1,154,743	701,473	(453,270)	-64.6%		2,185,948	1,405,879	(780,069)	-55.5%
Directed Payments - Provider	1,600,953	804,797	(796,156)	-98.9%		2,714,065	1,618,180	(1,095,885)	-67.7%
Emergency Room	4,329,043	3,378,944	(950,099)	-28.1%		8,613,534	6,768,025	(1,845,509)	-27.3%
Physician Specialty	8,222,137	5,594,659	(2,627,478)	-47.0%		16,059,864	11,191,039	(4,868,826)	-43.5%
Primary Care Physician Home & Community Based Services	4,700,210 7,216,857	4,043,704 3,505,923	(656,506) (3,710,934)	-16.2% -105.8%		9,248,615 14,515,093	8,098,060 6,995,802	(1,150,554) (7,519,290)	-14.2% -107.5%
Applied Behavior Analysis Services	5,588,573	4,536,250	(1,052,323)	-23.2%		11,511,702	9,025,663	(2,486,039)	-27.5%
Quality Incentives/Provider Reserves	-	-	- (1,000,000)			-	-	-	
Quality Incentive Provider Program (QIPP)	3,119,516	3,583,370	463,854	12.9%		6,079,032	7,166,740	1,087,707	15.2%
Other Medical Professional	631,930	378,403	(253,527)	-67.0%		1,074,648	756,800	(317,848)	-42.0%
Professional Fee For Service	4 004 040	- 0.070.070	- 4 405 054	40.00/		-	4 745 400	- 0.054.005	40.00/
Other Fee For Service Transportation	1,264,918 329,023	2,370,270 433,137	1,105,351 104,114	46.6% 24.0%		2,393,434 522,791	4,745,129 867,013	2,351,695 344,222	49.6% 39.7%
HHIP & IPP	529,025	-	-	24.070		522,731	-	-	33.1 /0
Total Claims	87,703,411	68,903,033	(18,800,379)	-27.3%		171,840,400	137,816,551	(34,023,848)	-24.7%
Provider Grant Program	943,745	1,178,500	234,755	20%		2,087,489	2,357,000	269,511	11%
Medical & Care Management	2,503,119	2,275,943	(227,176)	-10%		4,516,068	4,551,885	35,817	1%
Reinsurance	193,370	308,623	115,253	37%		613,293	618,882	5,588	1%
Claims Recoveries	(580,446)	(100,000)	480,446	-480%	-	(2,053,477)	(200,000)	1,853,477	-927%
Sub-total	3,059,787	3,663,066	603,278	16%		5,163,373	7,327,767	2,164,393	30%
Total Medical Benefits	99,073,276	80,592,525	(18,480,751)	-22.9%		193,588,741	161,267,976	(32,320,765)	-20.0%
Contribution Margin	480,904	9,510,009	(9,029,104)	-94.9%	_	6,114,089	19,481,888	(13,367,799)	-68.6%
General & Administrative Expenses:									
Salaries, Wages & Employee Benefits	6,554,543	4,333,565	(2,220,978)	-51%		12,787,084	8,665,929	(4,121,154)	-48%
Training, Conference & Travel	232,178	199,554	(32,624)	-16%		320,662	441,755	121,093	27%
Outside Services	3,288,610	3,415,540	126,930	4%		5,338,082	6,602,980	1,264,898	19%
Professional Services	1,256,820	944,285	(312,535)	-33% -29%		2,151,720	2,018,569	(133,151)	-7%
Occupancy, Supplies, Insurance & Others ARCH/Community Grants	2,806,285	2,183,799 104,166	(622,486) 104,166	-29% 100%		6,489,738	4,853,607 208,332	(1,636,131) 208,332	-34% 100%
Sponsorships	24,000	39,583	15,583	39%		26,000	79,166	53,166	67%
Care Management Reclass to Medical	(2,503,119)	(2,275,943)	227,176	-10%	L	(4,516,068)	(4,551,885)	(35,817)	1%
G&A Expenses	11,659,317	8,944,549	(2,714,768)	-30%		22,597,217	18,318,453	(4,278,765)	-23%
Project Portfolio (OOTF)	-	773,855	773,855	100%		_	1,547,711	1,547,711	100%
D-SNP Project Portfolio	10,300 10,300	180,857 954,712	170,557 944,412	94% 99%	\vdash	10,300 10,300	361,713 1,909,424	351,413 1,899,124	97% 99%
Total G&A Expenses	11,669,617	9,899,261	(1,770,356)			22,607,517	20,227,877	(2,379,641)	-12%
Total Operating Gain / (Loss)	(11,188,712)	(389,252)				(16,493,429)	(745,989)	(15,747,439)	-2110.9%
Retro Premium Adj	(,100,112)	(300,202)	\$ -	2.1470		(.0,.00,420)	(140,000)	\$ -	/6
		_	*			-	_]	
Non Operating									
Revenues - Interest	1,141,494	1,500,000	\$ (358,506)	-23.9%		2,219,743	3,000,000	(780,257)	-26%
Total Non-Operating	1,141,494	1,500,000	\$ (358,506)	-23.9%		2,219,743	3,000,000	(780,257)	-26%
Total Increase / (Decrease) in Unrestricted Net Assets	\$ (10,047,218)	\$ 1,110,748	\$ (11,157,966)	1005%	\$	(14,273,686)	\$ 2,254,011	\$ (16,527,696)	733%



STATEMENT OF FINANCE	CIAL PC	SITION		
	As of Month Ending, August 2025			f Month Ending, June 2025
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	280,446,309	\$	291,033,725
Total Short-Term Investments	•	105,268,879	Ψ	104,396,027
Medi-Cal Receivable		147,476,729		213,250,889
Interest Receivable		634,112		761,742
Provider Receivable		34,668,238		34,764,364
Other Receivables		8,595,449		8,595,449
Total Accounts Receivable		191,374,528		257,372,444
Total Prepaid Accounts		14,652,941		14,810,767
Total Other Current Assets		133,545		133,545
Total Current Assets		591,876,202		667,746,508
Total Fixed Assets		58,967,324		60,155,248
Total Assets	\$	650,843,526	\$	727,901,756
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities:				
Incurred But Not Reported	\$	144,991,926	\$	166,097,652
Claims Payable	Ψ	18,345,175	Ψ	18,345,175
Capitation Payable		7,576,443		7,239,849
Physician Payable		14,624,272		13,406,843
DHCS - Reserve for Capitation Recoup		32,262,771		31,573,252
Lease Payable- ROU		6,912,062		7,035,805
Accounts Payable		9,619,091		6,704,869
Accrued ACS		9,019,091		0,704,009
Accrued Provider Incentives/Reserve		6,280,870		7,889,172
Accrued Expenses		15,527,182		22,928,272
Accrued Premium Tax				
Accrued Payroll Expense		72,436,396 9,288,242		105,862,040 9,850,498
Quality Withhold		6,257,295		
Total Current Liabilities		344,276,668		5,335,108 402,868,902
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Lease Payable - NonCurrent - ROU		20,988,026		25,180,339
Total Long-Term Liabilities		20,988,026		25,180,339
Total Liabilities		365,264,694		428,049,241
Net Assets:				
Beginning Net Assets		299,852,518		311,010,481
Total Increase / (Decrease in Unrestricted Net Assets)		(14,273,686)		(11,157,966)
Total Net				
Assets		285,578,832		299,852,515
Total Liabilities & Net Assets	\$	650,843,526	\$	727,901,756



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS						
	For the Month Ended August 2025	Fiscal Year to Date Through August 2025				
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities						
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (10,047,218)	\$ (14,273,686)				
Adjustments to reconciled net income to net cash provided by						
operating activities						
Depreciation on fixed assets	511,018	1,614,009				
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities						
Accounts Receivable	(1,481,804)	65,997,916				
Prepaid Expenses	(1,727,249)	157,826				
Accrued Expense and Accounts Payable	(145,971)	(9,556,807)				
Claims Payable	(4,374,613)	1,554,023				
MCO Tax liability	34,322,001	(33,425,644)				
IBNR	6,427,146	(21,105,727)				
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	23,483,310	(9,038,090)				
Cash Flow Provided By Investing Activities						
Proceeds from Investments	(699,907)	(872,852)				
Purchase of Property and Equipment	(2,864)	(426,085)				
Net Cash (Used In) Provided by Investing Activities	(702,771)	(1,298,937)				
Cash Flow Provided By Financing Activities						
Lease Payable - ROU	(125,468)	(250,390)				
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(125,468)	(250,390)				
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,655,071	(10,587,417)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	257,791,237	291,033,725				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 280,446,309	\$ 280,446,309				

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS AND CASH BALANCES								
	Market Value as of							
	Mont	h Ending, August						
		2025	Account Type					
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$	44,999,286	Investment					
Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	20,230,886	Investment					
CalTrust	\$	40,038,707	Short-term investment					
Bank of Montreal	\$	280,859,878	Money market account					
Pacific Premier Bank	\$	(413,569)	Operating accounts					
Investments and monies held by GCHP	\$	385,715,188	•					



		or the	e Month Ende	ed A	ugust 2025				Fiscal	Yea	r to Date Thro	ugl	n August 2025	
	Actual		Stub Budget	F	av /(Unfav)	%			Actual	S	Stub Budget	F	av /(Unfav)	%
	8/1/25		8/1/25		8/1/25	8/1/25			8/1/2025		8/1/25		8/1/25	8/1/25
Membership	241,	736	228,584		13,152	5.8%			486,467		458,311		28,156	6.1%
Revenue														
Premium Eggility Evponso AP95	\$ 134,333,	87 \$	90,317,925	\$	44,015,663	48.7%		\$	269,451,080	\$	181,181,984	\$	88,269,096	48.79
Facility Expense AB85 Reserve for Cap Requirements	(457,	526)	(215,391)		(242,135)	112.4%			(922,190)		(432,121)		(490,069)	113.49
MCO Premium Tax	(34,322,				(34,322,001)	40.50/			(68,826,361)				(68,826,361)	40.50
Total Net Premium	99,554,0	60	90,102,533		9,451,527	10.5%			199,702,530		180,749,863		18,952,666	10.5%
Other Revenue:														
Miscellaneous Income Total Other Revenue		120			120 120				300 300		-		300 300	
Total Revenue	99,554,	180	90,102,533		9,451,647	10.5%			199,702,830		180,749,863		18,952,966	10.5
Medical Benefits:	55,55 .,		00,102,000		0,101,011	10.070			.00,.02,000		100,110,000		10,002,000	10.07
Capitation:														
PCP, Specialty, Kaiser, NEMT & Vision ECM	\$ 7,178, 1,131,		6,677,836 1,348,590	\$	(500,902) 217,251	-7.5% 16.1%		\$	14,331,649 2,253,319	\$	13,418,882 2,704,776	\$	(912,767) 451,456	-6.89 16.79
Total Capitation	8,310,		8,026,426		(283,651)	-3.5%			16,584,968		16,123,658		(461,310)	-2.99
FFS Claims:														
Inpatient	\$ 22,015,		17,010,447	\$	(5,004,712)	-29.4%		\$	41,628,890	\$	34,076,757	\$	(7,552,133)	-22.29
LTC / SNF Outpatient	18,138, 9,391,		14,546,010 8.015.646		(3,592,926) (1,375,766)	-24.7% -17.2%			36,417,373 18,875,409		29,069,035 16,032,428		(7,348,338) (2,842,980)	-25.39 -17.79
Laboratory and Radiology	1,154,	- 1	701,473		(453,270)	-64.6%			2,185,948		1,405,879		(780,069)	-55.59
Directed Payments - Provider	1,600,		804,797		(796,156)	-98.9%			2,714,065		1,618,180		(1,095,885)	-67.79
Emergency Room	4,329,		3,378,944		(950,099)	-28.1%			8,613,534		6,768,025		(1,845,509)	-27.39
Physician Specialty	8,222,		5,594,659		(2,627,478)	-47.0%			16,059,864		11,191,039		(4,868,826)	-43.59
Primary Care Physician Home & Community Based Services	4,700, 7,216,		4,043,704 3,505,923		(656,506) (3,710,934)	-16.2% -105.8%			9,248,615 14,515,093		8,098,060 6,995,802		(1,150,554) (7,519,290)	-14.29 -107.59
Applied Behavior Analysis Services Quality Incentives/Provider Reserves	5,588,		4,536,250		(1,052,323)	-23.2%			11,511,702		9,025,663		(2,486,039)	-27.59
Quality Incentives/Provider Reserves Quality Incentive Provider Program (QIPP)	3,119,	516	3,583,370		463,854	12.9%			6,079,032		7,166,740		1,087,707	15.29
Other Medical Professional	631,	930	378,403		(253,527)	-67.0%			1,074,648		756,800		(317,848)	-42.09
Professional Fee For Service	1 004	-	-		-	40.00/			-		-		-	40.00
Other Fee For Service Transportation	1,264, 329,		2,370,270 433,137		1,105,351 104,114	46.6% 24.0%			2,393,434 522,791		4,745,129 867,013		2,351,695 344,222	49.69 39.79
HHIP & IPP Total Claims	87,703,	I11	68,903,033		(18,800,379)	-27.3%			171,840,400		137,816,551		(34,023,848)	-24.7%
Provider Grant Program	943,	745	1,178,500		234,755	20%			2,087,489		2,357,000		269,511	119
Medical & Care Management	2,503,		2,275,943		(227,176)	-10%			4,516,068		4,551,885		35,817	19
Reinsurance	193,		308,623		115,253	37%			613,293		618,882		5,588	19
Claims Recoveries	(580,		(100,000)		480,446	-480%	ļ		(2,053,477)		(200,000)		1,853,477	-9279
Sub-total	3,059,	787	3,663,066		603,278	16%			5,163,373		7,327,767		2,164,393	30%
Total Medical Benefits Contribution Margin	99,073,		80,592,525 9,510,009		(18,480,751) (9,029,104)	-22.9% -94.9%			193,588,741 6,114,089		161,267,976 19,481,888		(32,320,765) (13,367,799)	-20.09 - 68.6 %
_													, , , ,	
General & Administrative Expenses: Salaries, Wages & Employee Benefits	6,554,	543	4,333,565		(2,220,978)	-51%			12,787,084		8,665,929		(4,121,154)	-489
Training, Conference & Travel	232,		199,554		(32,624)	-16%		1	320,662		441,755		121,093	279
Outside Services	3,288,	310	3,415,540		126,930	4%		1	5,338,082		6,602,980		1,264,898	199
Professional Services	1,256,		944,285		(312,535)	-33%		1	2,151,720		2,018,569		(133,151)	-79
Occupancy, Supplies, Insurance & Others	2,806,	285	2,183,799		(622,486)	-29%			6,489,738		4,853,607		(1,636,131)	-349
ARCH/Community Grants Sponsorships	24,	-	104,166 39,583		104,166 15,583	100% 39%			26,000		208,332 79,166		208,332 53,166	100°
Care Management Reclass to Medical	(2,503,		(2,275,943)		227,176	-10%			(4,516,068)		(4,551,885)		(35,817)	19
G&A Expenses	11,659,	317	8,944,549		(2,714,768)	-30%			22,597,217		18,318,453		(4,278,765)	-239
Project Portfolio (OOTF) D-SNP	10,	-	773,855 180,857		773,855	100% 94%			-		1,547,711 361,713		1,547,711	100° 97°
Project Portfolio	10,		954,712		170,557 944,412	99%			10,300 10,300		1,909,424		351,413 1,899,124	999
Total G&A Expenses	11,669,	617	9,899,261		(1,770,356)	-18%			22,607,517		20,227,877		(2,379,641)	-129
Total Operating Gain / (Loss)	(11,188,	712)	(389,252)		(10,799,460)	2774%			(16,493,429)		(745,989)		(15,747,439)	-2110.9
Retro Premium Adj		-	-	\$	-				-		-	\$	-	
Non Operating														
Revenues - Interest	1,141,		1,500,000		(358,506)	-23.9%			2,219,743		3,000,000		(780,257)	-269
Total Non-Operating	1,141,	194	1,500,000	\$	(358,506)	-23.9%			2,219,743		3,000,000		(780,257)	-269
Total Increase / (Decrease) in Unrestricted Net Assets	\$ (10,047,	218) \$	1,110,748	\$	(11,157,966)	1005%		\$	(14,273,686)	\$	2,254,011	\$	(16,527,696)	733%



STATEMENT OF FINAN						
	As of Month Ending, August 2025			As of Month Ending		
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	280,446,309	\$	291,033,725		
Total Short-Term Investments	Ψ	105,268,879	Ψ	104,396,027		
Medi-Cal Receivable		147,476,729		213,250,889		
Interest Receivable		634,112		761,742		
Provider Receivable		34,668,238		34,764,364		
Other Receivables		8,595,449		8,595,449		
Total Accounts Receivable		191,374,528		257,372,444		
Total Prepaid Accounts		14,652,941		14,810,767		
Total Other Current Assets		133,545		133,545		
Total Current Assets		591,876,202		667,746,508		
Total Fixed Assets		58,967,324		60,155,248		
Total Assets	\$	650,843,526	\$	727,901,756		
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS						
Current Liabilities:						
Incurred But Not Reported	\$	144,991,926	\$	166,097,652		
Claims Payable		18,345,175		18,345,175		
Capitation Payable		7,576,443		7,239,849		
Physician Payable		14,624,272		13,406,843		
DHCS - Reserve for Capitation Recoup		32,262,771		31,573,252		
Lease Payable- ROU		6,912,062		7,035,805		
Accounts Payable		9,619,091		6,704,869		
Accrued ACS		-		-		
Accrued Provider Incentives/Reserve		6,280,870		7,889,172		
Accrued Expenses		15,527,182		22,928,272		
Accrued Premium Tax		72,436,396		105,862,040		
Accrued Payroll Expense		9,288,242		9,850,498		
Quality Withhold		6,257,295		5,335,108		
Total Current Liabilities		344,276,668		402,868,902		
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Lease Payable - NonCurrent - ROU		20,988,026		25,180,339		
Total Long-Term Liabilities		20,988,026		25,180,339		
Total Liabilities		365,264,694		428,049,241		
Net Assets:						
Beginning Net Assets		299,852,518		311,010,481		
Total Increase / (Decrease in Unrestricted Net Assets)		(14,273,686)		(11,157,966		
Total Net Assets		285,578,832		299,852,515		
	_					
Total Liabilities & Net Assets	\$	650,843,526	\$	727,901,756		



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS						
	For the Month Ended August 2025	Fiscal Year to Date Through August 2025				
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities						
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (10,047,218)	\$ (14,273,686)				
Adjustments to reconciled net income to net cash provided by						
operating activities						
Depreciation on fixed assets	511,018	1,614,009				
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities						
Accounts Receivable	(1,481,804)	65,997,916				
Prepaid Expenses	(1,727,249)	157,826				
Accrued Expense and Accounts Payable	(145,971)	(9,556,807)				
Claims Payable	(4,374,613)	1,554,023				
MCO Tax liability	34,322,001	(33,425,644)				
IBNR	6,427,146	(21,105,727)				
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	23,483,310	(9,038,090)				
Cash Flow Provided By Investing Activities						
Proceeds from Investments	(699,907)	(872,852)				
Purchase of Property and Equipment	(2,864)	(426,085)				
Net Cash (Used In) Provided by Investing Activities	(702,771)	(1,298,937)				
Cash Flow Provided By Financing Activities						
Lease Payable - ROU	(125,468)	(250,390)				
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(125,468)	(250,390)				
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,655,071	(10,587,417)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	257,791,237	291,033,725				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 280,446,309	\$ 280,446,309				

SCHEDULE OF INVESTME	NTS AND	CASH BALANCES	3
	Mai	rket Value as of	
	Mont	h Ending, August	
		2025	Account Type
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$	44,999,286	Investment
Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	20,230,886	Investment
CalTrust	\$	40,038,707	Short-term investment
Bank of Montreal	\$	280,859,878	Money market account
Pacific Premier Bank	\$	(413,569)	Operating accounts
Investments and monies held by GCHP	\$	385,715,188	-



FY2024-25 June YTD Financial Results

Executive Finance Committee Meeting October 23, 2025

Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

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Respect

Executive Summary

- claims processing technological improvements as well as Provider quality support; these investments will allow GCHP and the Provider Community to be better-equipped to respond to the market uncertainties Through approved use of Tangible Net Equity (TNE), GCHP was able to successfully invest in continued over the next couple of years
- Fiscal Year (FY) 2024-25 ended with a net loss of (\$62.9M) compared a planned deficit of (\$55.1M); unfavorability primarily driven by: I
- New accounting rule related to accrued paid time off
- Higher utilization of Community Supports and Services, specifically Medically Tailored Meals
- YTD Membership ended slightly unfavorable, influenced by decreases in Adult, Child, and Adult Expansion cohorts ١
- YTD Premium revenue favorability of \$42.3M is primarily the result of member mix as well as prior year premium retroactivity, including a \$5.0M reduction in FY2023-2024 risk corridor liability ı
- YTD Medical Cost unfavorability of (\$66.2M) influenced by continued efforts on claims payment accuracy, high utilization in CalAIM benefits, and temporary suppression of payment integrity validation (note: this work will resume during the Stub Period)
- Investment income \$0.6M favorable to forecast as interest rates remained higher longer than planned ı

Financial Results June YTD Summary

ltem	Actual	6+6 Forecast	Explanation
Membership	242,639	244,620	Adult and Child SIS membership down from forecast, while UIS in same categories is up; Seniors/People with Disabilities SIS is also up
Revenue <i>Revenue pmpm</i>	\$1,135.7M \$387.15	\$1,084.7M \$368.76	Favorable member mix
Medical Cost <i>Medical Costs pmpm</i> Medical Loss Ratio	\$1,032.1M \$351.84 90.9%	\$965.9M \$328.35 89.0%	Long Term Care (LTC) claims paid at higher retroactive rates, continued reprocessing of claims as result of claims adjudication system remediation, \$15.0M accrual for FQHC TRI parity, and high Community Supports & Services utilization
Administrative Cost A <i>dmin Costs PMPM</i> Administrative Loss Ratio	\$116.9M \$39.85 10.3%	\$113.6M \$38.62 10.5%	Unplanned expense related to new governmental accounting standards add \$2.9M to administrative expense (note: this expense will reverse over the FY 2026); also, unplanned overages in operational costs related to continued work in accurate claims processing (budget in OOTF line)
Operating Income/(Loss)	(\$13.3M)	\$5.3M	
Investment Income	\$18.6M	\$18.0M	Investment Income is favorable due to higher interest rates
Quality Strategy (Grants/Incentives)	\$56.5M	\$52.6M	Variance is associated with timing of grant spend
Operations of the Future (OOTF)	\$11.7M	\$25.8M	Continuation of expanded stabilization plan pushed the recognition of amortized expenses into the next fiscal year
Net Income/(Loss)	(\$62.9M)	(\$55.1M)	YTD Net Loss is driven by higher medical cost due to clearing claims backlog and increased Community Service utilization
TNE	\$299.9M	\$334.9M	TNE is 657% of State requirement

June Financial Results: Categories of Service

	For the I	For the Month Ended June 2025	une 2025	Fiscal Yea	Fiscal Year to Date Through June 2025	gh June 2025
(In Milions except membership)	Actual	6+6 Reforecast	Fav / (Unfav)	Actual	6+6 Reforecast	Fav / (Unfav)
Membership	242,639	244,620		2,933,426		
Capitation: Primary Care Physician (PCP) Enhanced Care Management (ECM)	\$7.0 \$1.1	\$4.2 \$1.3	(\$2.8)	\$84.5 \$9.4	\$68.2 \$16.3	(\$16.2) \$7.0
Total Capitation	\$8.1	\$5.5		\$93.8		
FFS Claims: Inpatient	\$31.3	\$20.0	(\$11.4)	\$246.6	\$238.4	
LTC / SNF	\$14.5	\$15.2	8.0\$	\$199.1		
Outpatient	\$5.4	\$8.8		\$109.9	0,	
Laboratory and Radiology	\$1.8	\$0.8		\$12.3	\$10.1	(\$2.2)
Directed Payments - Provider	(\$9.3)	80.9		(\$0.4)		
Emergency Room	\$4.2	\$3.5	(\$0.7)	\$47.5		(\$6.8)
Physician Specialty	\$15.9	\$8.9		\$89.3	\$95.1	
Primary Care Physician	\$10.6	\$4.2		\$51.0		
Home & Community Based Services	\$29.6	\$2.7	(\$26.9)	\$70.0	\$23.8	:)
Applied Behavior Analysis Services	\$5.1	\$4.0		\$57.1		
Other Medical Cost	(\$21.3)	\$6.2	0)	\$74.0	0)	6)
<u>Transportation</u>	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.0	\$2.4	\$5.4	\$2.9
Total Claims	\$88.3	\$75.6	(\$12.7)	\$958.8	\$891.3	(\$67.4)
Other Medical Expense						
Provider Grant Program	\$1.2	\$1.0		\$8.2		
Medical & Care Management	\$2.8	\$2.3		\$26.5		
Reinsurance	\$2.1	\$0.3	(\$1.8)	\$5.7		(\$1.8)
Claims Recoveries	(\$0.2)	(\$0.1)		(\$4.5)		
Total Other Medical Expense	6:5\$	\$3.5	(\$2.4)	\$36.0	\$42.5	\$6.5
Total Medical Cost	\$102.3	\$84.7	(\$17.6)	\$1088.6	\$1018.4	
Medical Margin	(\$.2)	\$6.8		\$38.5	\$66.3	
Margin (w/o Grants and Incentives)	\$4.6	\$11.4	(86.9)	\$95.0	\$118.9	(\$23.9)

Long Term Care Center (LTC) Unfavourability is due to retroactive rate changes	Outpatient Unfavourability is due to the backlog of claims and large number of high dollar claims	Home and Community Based Services Unfavourability is due to new Cal AIM requirements which are putting pressure on HCS claims	

June Membership, Premium and Medical Cost Rates

				Month	Monthly Premium	Monthly Medical	dical
Category of Aid	Actual	6+6 Reforecast	Variance		Rate	Cost PMPM	Σ
Adult - SIS	22,289	24,750	(2,461)	↔	360.50	€	362.08
Adult - UIS	16,009	15,065	944	⇔	410.16	↔	316.35
Adult Expansion - SIS	66,175	67,403	(1,228)	⇔	427.58	↔	392.30
Adult Expansion - UIS	14,515	12,434	2,081	⇔	585.55	↔	514.78
Child - SIS	80,211	84,525	(4,314)	↔	136.40	↔	100.91
Child - UIS	5,354	3,954	1,400	⇔	114.60	↔	210.13
LTC Non-Dual - SIS	44	34	10	↔	1,301.15	\$	8,600.26
LTC Non-Dual - UIS	17	20	(3)	↔	1,576.15	\$ 12,	12,567.53
LTC Dual - SIS	629	625	54	↔	614.23	\$ 13,	13,181.45
LTCDual - UIS	7	9	1	↔	737.74	\$ 17,	17,478.11
SPD - SIS	9,380	9,842	(462)	↔	1,301.15	\$ 1,	1,229.34
SPD - UIS	1,775	1,311	464	↔	1,576.15	\$ 1,	1,307.98
SPD Dual - SIS	25,881	24,533	1,348	↔	614.23	↔	432.34
SPD Dual - UIS	303	119	184	↔	737.74	, \$	463.77
Total	242,639	244,620	(1,981)				

Labor Expense by Category June YTD

Gold Coast Health Plan - Position Count Fiscal Year 2024-25

FY 2024-25 - June 30, 2025

			POSITION COUNT	JUNT		
Function	Active Headcount	Open Requisitions*	Total Active + Open Requisitions*	Revised Budget YE Headcount 2024/25	Variance to Revised Budget YE Headcount 2024/25*	Percentage of Total Position Count
Health Services	131	4	135	134	-1	30%
Operations	102	9	108	105	-3	23%
Information Tech	43	0	43	45	2	10%
Policy & Programs	40	4	44	44	0	10%
Compliance	19	2	21	22	1	2%
Finance & Accounting	36	1	37	37	0	%8
Executive & Administration	14	0	14	14	0	3%
Member Experience and Ext Affairs	33	2	35	35	0	%8
HR & Facilities	12	0	12	12	0	3%
Innovation / DSNP	3	0	3	4	1	1%
Strategic Initiatives	0	0	0	0	0	%0
Grand Total	433	19	452	452	0	100%

	POSITION COUNT	•	CONTINGENT WORKERS	S	TOTAL RESOURCES	OURCES
Function	Total Active + Open Requisitions*	Temp Roles	Contractor / Consultant Roles	Total Contingent	Total Resources	Percentage of Total Resources
Health Services	135	0	5	5	140	24%
Operations	108	7	14	21	129	22%
Information Tech	43	0	3	3	46	%8
Policy & Programs	44	0	0	0	4	%/
Compliance	21	0	0	0	21	4%
Finance & Accounting	37	2	4	9	43	%/
Executive & Administration	14	0	0	0	14	7%
Member Experience and Ext Affairs	35	0	0	0	35	%9
HR & Facilities	12	1	8	4	16	%E
Innovation / DSNP	3	0	103	103	106	78%
Strategic Initiatives	0	0	0	0	0	%0
Grand Total	452	10	132	142	1 65	700%

*Excludes 11 positions added for the 2025 Stub Period

⁺Outsourced Labor (BPO) excluded: 90 in Operations - Netmark

2025 Rates: Original Budget Compared to Final

Category of Aid	20	2024 Rates	7	2025 Rates (Budget)	20	2025 Initial (Oct)	7	2025 Initial (Dec)	7	2025 Final (Dec)	2025 Final Membership
Adult - SIS	v)	339.69	₩	368.95	↔	328.27	↔	334.88	₩	341.29	24,750
Adult - UIS	↔	480.75	↔	551.79	↔	413.61	↔	420.93	₩	385.37	15,065
Adult Expansion - SIS	↔	339.63	↔	343.99	↔	344.10	↔	351.27	↔	405.72	67,403
Adult Expansion - UIS	↔	559.76	↔	557.23	↔	552.00	↔	563.25	↔	558.41	12,434
Child - SIS	↔	108.75	₩	109.51	↔	110.58	↔	112.96	↔	129.44	87,333
Child - UIS	↔	102.30	₩	125.01	↔	104.05	↔	106.25	↔	107.12	3,958
LTC Dual - SIS	↔	650.41	₩	649.34	↔	618.72	↔	630.68	↔	596.26	930
LTCDual - UIS	↔	502.67	↔	502.13	↔	606.01	↔	620.27	↔	724.65	9
LTC Non-Dual - SIS	↔	1,268.91	₩	1,281.00	↔	1,193.38	↔	1,216.03	↔	1,248.60	29
LTC Non-Dual - UIS	↔	1,290.23	₩	1,325.12	↔	1,446.82	↔	1,478.10	↔	1,539.34	20
SPD - SIS	↔	1,311.31	₩	1,282.78	↔	1,203.30	↔	1,222.19	↔	1,248.60	6,035
SPD - UIS	↔	1,348.14	↔	1,337.48	↔	1,446.65	↔	1,477.88	↔	1,539.34	1,307
SPD Dual - SIS	↔	655.58	↔	649.29	↔	618.72	↔	630.68	₩	596.26	25,532
SPD Dual - UIS	↔	513.29	↔	502.37	↔	606.01	↔	620.27	₩	724.65	119
EV 2025 Einal Projecte	Ž	rojected Membershin									044 620

Note: Font color in "2025 Final" column indicates favorable (green) or unfavorable (red) change from original budget projections.

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Appendix 1: June Balance Sheet: Assets

Appendix 2: June Balance Sheet: Liabilities

Appendix 3: June Statement of Cash Flow

Appendix 4: June Investments and Cash

Appendix 1: June Balance Sheet: Assets

STATEMENT	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	SITION		
	As of	As of Month Ending, June 2025	As of	As of Month Ending, June 2024
ASSETS				
Current Assets: Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	ક્ત	291.033.725	6	430.974.305
Total Short-Term Investments	•	104,396,027		99,718,245
Medi-Cal Receivable		213,250,889		173,911,167
Interest Receivable		761,742		772,425
Provider Receivable		34,764,364		12,484,788
Other Receivables		8,595,449		5,579,474
Total Accounts Receivable		257,372,444		192,747,854
Total Prepaid Accounts		14,810,767		10,875,162
Total Other Current Assets		133,545		133,545
Total Current Assets		667,746,508		734,449,111
Total Fixed Assets		60,155,248		23,343,857
Total Assets	\$	727,901,756	\$	757,792,968

- rotal Asset balance of \$728M represents a decrease of \$30M vs last fiscal year end is attributed to the following:
- Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Cash (Normal operations)
- Offset by increases in
 Medi-Cal and Provider
 Receivable, and Fixed
 Assets associated with
 the insourcing of
 Operational functions

Appendix 2: June Balance Sheet: Liabilities

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	IAL PO	SITION		
	As of	As of Month Ending, June 2025	As	As of Month Ending, June 2024
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities:				
Incurred But Not Reported	↔	166,097,652	↔	103,483,161
Claims Payable		18,345,175		18,370,448
Capitation Payable		7,239,849		8,201,415
Physician Payable		13,406,843		30,314,835
DHCS - Reserve for Capitation Recoup		31,573,252		55,107,254
Lease Payable- ROU		7,035,805		2,411,196
Accounts Payable		6,704,869		4,671,951
Accrued ACS		•		4,068,323
Accrued Provider Incentives/Reserve		7,889,172		8,389,182
Accrued Expenses		22,928,272		9,112,142
Accrued Premium Tax		105,862,040		138,769,137
Accrued Payroll Expense		9,850,498		4,240,566
Quality Withhold		5,335,105		1,287,033
Total Current Liabilities		402,868,899		388,426,643
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Lease Payable - NonCurrent - ROU		25,180,339		3,677,360
Total Long-Term Liabilities		25,180,339		3,677,360
Total Liabilities		428,049,238		392,104,003
Net Assets: Baninning Net Accets		307 798 527		350 051 656
Degramming Net Assets Total Increase / (Decrease in Unrestricted Net Assets)		(7,946,009)		5,737,309
Total Net				
Assets		299,852,518		365,688,965
Total Liabilities & Net Assets	s	727,901,756	s	757,792,968

- Total Liabilities \$36M decrease vs last fiscal year end is primarily attributed to the following:
- Decrease in the Accrued Premium/MCO Tax payable
- Offset by increases in Incurred But Not Paid
 (IBNP) expenses
 (medical services provided but not yet submitted or paid) and Accrued Expenses
- Increase in LeasePayable Noncurrent-ROU

Appendix 3: June Statement of Cash Flow

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	SM	
	For the Month	Fiscal Year to
	Ended June	Date Through
	2025	June 2025
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (7,946,009)	\$ (62,921,949)
Adjustments to reconciled net income to net cash provided by		
operating activities		
Depreciation on fixed assets	1,848,502	7,550,365
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
Accounts Receivable	(27,744,639)	(64,624,590)
Prepaid Expenses	(8,363,486)	(3,935,605)
Accrued Expense and Accounts Payable	(840,041)	25,556,472
Claims Payable	(12,798,028)	(17,894,832)
MCO Tax liability	31,029,685	(32,907,097)
IBNR	28,595,201	62,614,491
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,781,185	(86,562,745)
Cash Flow Provided By Investing Activities		
Proceeds from Investments	(358,865)	(4,677,782)
Purchase of Property and Equipment	(19,626,171)	(44,361,756)
Net Cash (Used In) Provided by Investing Activities	(19,985,036)	(49,039,538)
Cash Flow Provided By Financing Activities		
Lease Payable - ROU	(124,377)	(1,423,799)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(124,377)	(1,423,799)
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(16,328,228)	(137,026,082)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	310,276,451	430,974,305
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	293,948,223	\$ 293,948,223

- The Total Year-to-Date decrease in cash of \$137.0M is due to the following:
- Year-to-Date Net Loss
- Increase in AccountsReceivable
- Decrease in the AccruedPremium/MCO Tax payable
- Catch-up of paid claims
- Fixed lease expense and work in progress (WIP)
- Reminder: cash position changes daily; this schedule represents the cash position on June 31, 2025

Appendix 4: June Investments and Cash

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS AND CASH BALANCES	NTS AND	CASH BALANCES	(0
	Mar	Market Value as of	
	Mont	Month Ending, June	
		2025	Account Type
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	↔	44,511,614	44,511,614 Investment
Ventura County Investment Pool	↔	20,120,470	20,120,470 Investment
CalTrust	↔	39,763,942	39,763,942 Short-term investment
Bank of Montreal	↔	265,217,252	265,217,252 Money market account
Pacific Premier Bank	↔	25,816,474	25,816,474 Operating accounts
Investments and monies held by GCHP	\$	395,429,752	

- Cash balances fluctuate daily; the balances as of June 2025, reflect normal operations
- Cash and short-term investments balance sits at \$395.3M
- The investment portfolio includes:
- LAIF CA State \$44.5M
 - Ventura CountyInvestment Pool\$20.0M
- Cal Trust \$39.8M

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July-August 2025 Financial Results

Executive Finance Committee Meeting October 23, 2025 Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Fust

Respect

Executive Summary July – August 2025

- YTD net loss of (\$14.3M) is unfavorable to forecast by (\$16.5M)
- YTD Membership is favorable to budget by 6%, influenced by increases in Adult and Adult **Expansion cohorts**
- YTD Premium revenue favorability of \$18.9M is the result of favorable membership volume and member mix
- Community Supports and Services), Targeted Rate Increases higher-than-planned (due to system functionality), and continued run-out of old claims adversely affecting incurred-YTD Medical Costs variance of (\$32.3M) is due to pressures in utilization (especially but-not-paid reserves
- YTD Administrative expense variance of (\$2.4M) is due to under-estimate of employee benefit costs
- Investment income variance to budget of (\$0.8M) is due to lower interest rates and cash balances ١

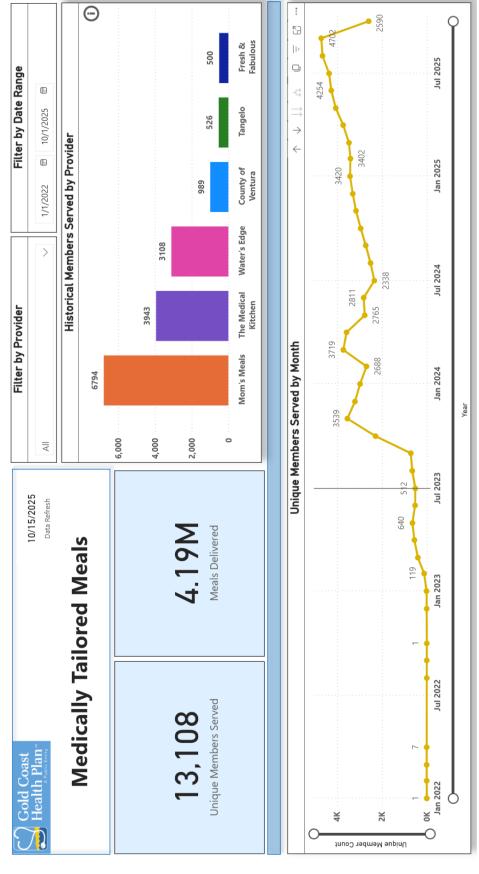
Financial Results July and August Summary

ltem	Actual	Budget	Explanation
Membership	241,736	228,584	Less attrition than planned
Revenue <i>Revenue pmpm</i>	\$199.7M \$410.52	\$180.7M \$394.38	Higher membership volume and member mix are driving the favorability
Medical Cost <i>Medical Costs pmpm</i> Medical Loss Ratio	\$185.4M <i>\$381.16</i> 92.8%	\$151.7M \$331.09 84.0%	Overall medical costs are trending higher; in addition, TRI rates are higher than DHCS rate schedule as well as continued claim system stabilization
Administrative Cost Admin Costs PMPM Administrative Loss Ratio	\$22.6M \$46.47 11.3%	\$20.2M \$44.14 11.2%	Salary and benefits were budgeted lower than actual costs
Operating Results	(\$8.3M)	\$8.8M	
Investment Income	\$2.2M	\$3.0M	Less cash available to invest accompanied by lower interest rates
Quality Strategy (Grants/Incentives) Spend	\$8.2M	\$9.5M	Variance is associated with timing of spend
Non-Operating Results	(\$6.0M)	(\$6.5M)	
Net Income/(Loss)	(\$14.3M)	\$2.3M	
TNE	\$285.6M	\$316.3M	TNE is currently 602% of State Requirement

August Financial Results: Categories of Service

	For the M	For the Month Ended August 2025	gust zuza	riscai rear	riscal Tear to Date Through August 2023	II August 2023
(In Millions except membership)	Actual	Budget	Fav / (Unfav)	Actual	Budget	Fav / (Unfav)
Membership	241,736	228,584	13,152	486,467	458,311	28,156
Capitation: Primary Care Physician (PCP) Enhanced Care Management (ECM)	\$7.2	\$6.7	(\$0.5)	\$14.3 \$2.3	\$13.4 \$2.7	(\$0.9)
Total Capitation	\$8.3	\$8.0	(80.3)	\$16.6	\$16.1	(\$0.5)
FFS Claims:						
Inpatient	\$22.0	\$17.0		\$41.6	\$34.1	
LTC / SNF	\$18.1	\$14.5	(\$3.6)	\$36.4	\$29.1	(\$7.3)
Outpatient	\$9.4	\$8.0		\$18.9	\$16.0	
Laboratory and Radiology	\$1.2	20.2		\$2.2	\$1.4	
Directed Payments - Provider	\$1.6	\$0.8		\$2.7	\$1.6	
Emergency Room	\$4.3	\$3.4		\$8.6	\$6.8	
Physician Specialty	\$8.2	\$5.6		\$16.1	\$11.2	
Primary Care Physician	\$4.7	\$4.0		\$9.5	\$8.1	
Home & Community Based Services	\$7.2	\$3.5	(2:2:1)	\$14.5	0.7\$	
Applied Behavior Analysis Services	\$5.6	\$4.5	(\$1.1)	\$11.5	0.6\$	
Other Medical Cost	\$2.0	\$6.3	\$1.3	\$9.5	\$12.7	\$3.1
Transportation	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.5	80.9	
Total Claims	\$87.7	\$68.9	(\$18.8)	\$171.8	\$137.8	(\$34.0)
Other Medical Expense						
Provider Grant Program	6.0\$	\$1.2		\$2.1	\$2.4	
Medical & Care Management	\$2.5	\$2.3		\$4.5	\$4.6	
Reinsurance	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.1	\$0.6	9.0\$	\$0.0
Claims Recoveries	(\$0.6)	(\$0.1)		(\$2.1)	(\$0.2)	
Total Other Medical Expense	\$3.1	\$3.7	9.0\$	\$5.2	\$7.3	\$2.2
Total Medical Cost	\$99.1	\$80.6	(\$18.5)	\$193.6	\$161.3	
Medical Margin	\$.5	\$9.5	(0.6\$)	\$6.1	\$19.5	
Margin (w/o Grants and Incentives)	\$4.5	\$14.3	(2 6\$)	\$14.3	429.0	(611.7)

August Financial Results: Medically-Tailored Meals



Labor Expense by Category August FYTD

Gold Coast Health Plan - Position Count Stub Period 2025

SP25 - Aug 31, 2025

			POSITION COUNT	JUNT		
Function	Active Headcount	Open Requisitions	Total Active + Open SP 25 Budget YE Variance to SP25 Requisitions Headcount YE Headcount	SP 25 Budget YE Headcount	Variance to SP25 YE Headcount	Percentage of Total Headcount
Health Services	138	2	140	140	0	30%
Operations	106	1	107	108	1	23%
Information Tech	41	2	43	43	0	%6
Policy & Programs	44	1	45	44	-1	10%
Compliance	21	1	22	21	-1	2%
Finance & Accounting	35	3	38	37	-1	%8
Executive & Administration	15	0	15	15	0	3%
Member Experience and Ext Affairs	37	2	39	37	-2	8%
HR & Facilities	12	0	12	12	0	3%
Innovation / DSNP	4	0	4	9	2	1%
Strategic Initiatives	0	0	0	0	0	%0
Grand Total	453	12	465	463	-2	100%

Function Requisitions* Health Services 140 Operations 107 Information Tech 43 Policy & Programs 45 Compliance 22					22000
	Open Temp Roles	Contractor / Consultant Roles	Total Contingent Workers [†]	Total Resources	Percentage of Total Resources
	0	5	5	145	24%
	7	14	21	128	21%
	0	3	3	46	%8
	0	0	0	45	%/
	0	0	0	22	4%
Finance & Accounting 38	2	4	9	44	%/
Executive & Administration 15	0	0	0	15	2%
Member Experience and Ext Affairs	0	0	0	39	%9
HR & Facilities	1	3	4	16	3%
Innovation / DSNP 4	0	103	103	107	18%
Strategic Initiatives 0	0	0	0	0	%0
Grand Total 465	10	132	142	209	100%

+Outsourced Labor (BPO) excluded: 76 in Operations - Netmark

SP2025 Stub Period Headwinds & Tailwinds

Headwinds

- CalAIM services
- Impact of federal immigration actions on our members
- Continued claims clean-up adversely affecting IBNP

Tailwinds

- Favorable membership volume
- Potential for retroactive 2025 rate increase
- Winding down of claims clean-up positively affecting IBNP

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Appendix 1: TNE Overview

Appendix 2: August Balance Sheet: Assets

Appendix 3: August Balance Sheet: Liabilities

Appendix 4: August Statement of Cash Flow

Appendix 5: August Investments and Cash

Appendix 1: TNE Overview

DEFINITION:

Tangible Net Equity is the total assets of a health plan minus:

- its total liabilities
- the value of its intangible assets
- unsecured obligations of officers, directors, owners, or affiliates

receivables, liabilities, and delegated model. GCHP recalculates required TNE is fluid and will change based on a health plan's cash position, TNE quarterly.

REQUIRED TNE CALCULATION:

8% of the first \$150M of annualized healthcare expenditures, except those + paid on a capitated or managed hospital basis

4% of annualized healthcare expenditures in excess of \$150M except those paid on a capitated or managed hospital basis

4% of the annualized hospital expenditures paid on a managed hospital payment basis

Required TNE

П

Appendix 2: August Balance Sheet: Assets

As of	As of Month Ending, August 2025	As of	As of Month Ending,
			June 2025
•	000	•	1000
A	280,446,309 105,268,879	A	291,033,725 104,396,027
	147,476,729		213,250,889
	634,112		761,742
	34,668,238		34,764,364
	8,595,449		8,595,449
	191,374,528		257,372,444
	14,652,941		14,810,767
	133,545		133,545
	591,876,202		667,746,508
	58,967,324		60,155,248
\$	650,843,526	ક	727,901,756
	 	105, 147, 147, 34, 34, 144, 165, 165, 165, 165, 165, 165, 165, 165	147,476,729 634,112 34,668,238 8,595,449 191,374,528 14,652,941 133,545 591,876,202 58,967,324 650,843,526

- Fotal Asset balance of \$650.8M represents a decrease of \$77.0M vs last fiscal year end is attributed to the following:
- Lower Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Cash (Normal operations)
- Offset by a decrease in Medi-Cal and Provider Receivable associated with operational functions

Appendix 3: August Balance Sheet: Liabilities

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	IAL PO	NOILION		
	As of	As of Month Ending, August 2025	Aso	As of Month Ending, June 2025
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities:				
Incurred But Not Reported	€	144,991,926	s	166,097,652
Claims Payable		18,345,175		18,345,175
Capitation Payable		7,576,443		7,239,849
Physician Payable		14,624,272		13,406,843
DHCS - Reserve for Capitation Recoup		32,262,771		31,573,252
Lease Payable- ROU		6,912,062		7,035,805
Accounts Payable		9,619,091		6,704,869
Accrued ACS		•		•
Accrued Provider Incentives/Reserve		6,280,870		7,889,172
Accrued Expenses		15,527,182		22,928,272
Accrued Premium Tax		72,436,396		105,862,040
Accrued Payroll Expense		9,288,242		9,850,498
Quality Withhold		6,257,295		5,335,108
Total Current Liabilities		344,276,668		402,868,902
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Lease Payable - NonCurrent - ROU		20,988,026		25,180,339
Total Long-Term Liabilities		20,988,026		25,180,339
Total Liabilities		365,264,694		428,049,241
Net Assets:				
Beginning Net Assets		299,852,518		311,010,481
Total Increase / (Decrease in Unrestricted Net Assets)		(14,273,686)		(11,157,966)
Total Net				
Assets		285,578,832		299,852,515
Total Liabilities & Net Assets	\$	650,843,526	\$	727,901,756

- Total Liabilities: \$62.7M decrease vs last fiscal year end is primarily attributed to the following:
- Decrease in the Accrued Premium/MCOTax payable
- Offset by increases in Incurred But Not Paid
 (IBNP) expenses
 (medical services provided but not yet submitted or paid) and Accrued Expenses
- Increase in LeasePayable Noncurrent-ROU

Appendix 4: August Statement of Cash Flow

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	SMC	
	For the Month	Fiscal Year to
	Ended August	Date Through
	2025	August 2025
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (10,047,218)	\$ (14,273,686)
Adjustments to reconciled net income to net cash provided by		
operating activities		
Depreciation on fixed assets	511,018	1,614,009
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
Accounts Receivable	(1,481,804)	65,997,916
Prepaid Expenses	(1,727,249)	157,826
Accrued Expense and Accounts Payable	(145,971)	(9,556,807)
Claims Payable	(4,374,613)	1,554,023
MCO Tax liability	34,322,001	(33,425,644)
IBNR	6,427,146	(21,105,727)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	23,483,310	(9,038,090)
Cash Flow Provided By Investing Activities		
Proceeds from Investments	(206,669)	(872,852)
Purchase of Property and Equipment	(2,864)	(426,085)
Net Cash (Used In) Provided by Investing Activities	(702,771)	(1,298,937)
Cash Flow Provided By Financing Activities		
Lease Payable - ROU	(125,468)	(250,390)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(125,468)	(250,390)
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,655,071	(10,587,417)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	257,791,237	291,033,725
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	280,446,309	\$ 280,446,309

- The Total Year-to-Date decrease in cash of \$10.6M is due to the following:
- Year-to-Date Net Loss
- Increase in Accounts Receivable
- Decrease in the Accrued Premium/MCO Tax payable
- Catch-up of paid claims
- Fixed lease expense and work in progress (WIP)

Appendix 5: August Investments and Cash

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS AND CASH BALANCES	NTS AND	CASH BALANCES	S
	Mar	Market Value as of	
	Σ	Month Ending,	
		August 2025	Account Type
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	↔	44,999,286	44,999,286 Investment
Ventura County Investment Pool	↔	20,230,886	20,230,886 Investment
CalTrust	↔	40,038,707	10,038,707 Short-term investment
Bank of Montreal	↔	280,859,878	280,859,878 Money market account
Pacific Premier Bank	\$	(413,569)	(413,569) Operating accounts
Investments and monies held by GCHP	ક્ક	385,715,188	

- Cash balances fluctuate daily;
 the balances as of August 2025,
 reflect normal operations
- Cash and short-term investments balance sits at \$385.7M
- The investment portfolio includes:
- LAIF CA State \$45.0M
 - Ventura CountyInvestment Pool\$20.2M
- Cal Trust \$40.0M

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AGENDA ITEM NO. 5

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Paul Aguilar, Paul Aguilar, Chief of Human Resources & Organizational

Performance Officer

DATE: October 23, 2025

SUBJECT: New Facility Lease Approval, 4880 Santa Rosa Rd, Camarillo, CA 93012

VERBAL PRESENTATION