



#### **January 1 - December 31, 2026**

**Your Health and Drug Coverage under Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP)** 

## Member Handbook Introduction

This Member Handbook, otherwise known as the Evidence of Coverage, tells you about your coverage under our plan through December 31, 2026. It explains health care services, behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services, drug coverage, and long-term services and supports. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in **Chapter 12** of this Member Handbook.

#### This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

When this Member Handbook says "we," "us," "our," or "our plan," it means Total Care Advantage, which is the abbreviated name for Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP).

This document is available for free in Spanish.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, and/or audio by calling Member Services at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30. The call is free.

Total Care Advantage provides the following alternate formats and services for free of charge:

- Sign language interpreter
- In-person interpreter
- Telephone interpreter
- Written translations
- Alternate formats such as Braille, audio CD, data CD, large print (20-point Arial font) and accessible electronic formats, auxiliary aids and services upon request.

If you would like to request future communications in an alternate format, you can ask for a "standing request." That way, you'll receive communications from us in the alternate format without having to make a request each time.

To make a standing request or to make changes to a standing request, call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.



#### **English**

ATTENTION: If you need help in your language call 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Aids and services for people with disabilities, like documents in braille and large print, are also available. Call 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). These services are free of charge.

(Arabic) العربية

يُرجى الانتباه: إذا احتجت إلى المساعدة بلغتك، فاتصل بـ :TTY) 1-888-301-1228 (TTY. تتوفر أيضًا المساعدات والخدمات للأشخاص ذوي الإعاقة، مثل المستندات المكتوبة بطريقة بريل والخط الكبير. اتصل بـ(TTY: 711) 888-301-1228 (TTY: 711. هذه الخدمات مجانية

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ՈԻՇԱԴՐՈԻԹՅՈԻՆ։ Եթե Ձեզ օգևություն է հարկավոր Ձեր լեզվով, զանգահարեք 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)։ Կան նաև օժանդակ միջոցներ ու ծառայություններ հաշմանդամություն ունեցող անձանցհամար, օրինակ` Բրայլի գրատիպով ու խոշորատառ տպագրված նյութեր։ Ձանգահարեք 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)։ Այդ ծառայություններն անվճար են։



### ខ្មែរ (Cambodian)

ចំណាំ៖ បើអ្នក ត្រូវ ការជំនួយ ជាភាសា របស់អ្នក សូម ទូរស័ព្ទទៅលេខ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)។ ជំនួយ និង សេវាកម្ម សម្រាប់ ជនពិការ ដូចជាឯកសារសរសេរជាអក្សរផុស សម្រាប់ជនពិការភ្នែក ឬឯកសារសរសេរជាអក្សរពុម្ពធំ ក៍អាចរកបានផងដែរ។ ទូរស័ព្ទមកលេខ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) ។ សេវាកម្មទាំងនេះមិនគិតថ្លៃឡើយ។

#### 繁體中文 (Chinese)

请注意:如果您需要以您的母语提供帮助,请致电 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)。我们另 外还提供针对残疾人士的 帮助和服务,例如盲文和大字体阅读,提供您方便取用。请致 电 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)。这些服务都是免费的。

(Farsi) فارسى

توجه: اگر میخواهید به زبان خود کمک دریافت کنید، با 301-1028-1-108-888-1 (TTY: 711) تماس بگیرید کمکها و خدمات مخصوص افراد دارای معلولیت، مانند نسخه های خط بریل و چاپ با حروف بزرگ، نیز موجود است. با (TTY: 711) 888-1 تماس بگیرید این خدمات رایگان ارائه می شوند.



## हिंदी (Hindi)

ध्यान दें: अगर आपको अपनी भाषा में सहायता की आवश्यकता है तो 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) पर कॉल करें। अशक्तता वाले लोगों के लिए सहायता और सेवाएं, जैसे ब्रेल और बड़े प्रिंट में भी दस्तावेज़ उपलब्ध हैं। 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) पर कॉल करें। ये सेवाएं नि: शुल्क हैं।

#### Hmoob (Hmong)

CEEB TOOM: Yog koj xav tau kev pab txhais koj hom lus hu rau 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Muaj cov kev pab txhawb thiab kev pab cuam rau cov neeg xiam oob qhab, xws li puav leej muaj ua cov ntawv su thiab luam tawm ua tus ntawv loj. Hu rau 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Cov kev pab cuam no yog pab dawb xwb.

#### 日本語 (Japanese)

注意日本語での対応が必要な場合は 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) へお電話ください。点 字の資料や文字の拡大表示など、障がいをお持ちの方のためのサービスも用意していま す。1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) へお電話ください。これらのサービスは無料で提供しています。

## <u>한국어 (Korean)</u>

유의사항: 귀하의 언어로 도움을 받고 싶으시면 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) 번으로 문의하십시오. 점자나 큰 활자로 된 문서와 같이 장애가 있는 분들을 위한 도움과 서비스도 이용 가능합니다. 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) 번으로 문의하십시오. 이러한 서비스는 무료로 제공됩니다.



#### <u>ພາສາລາວ (Laotian)</u>

ປະກາດ: ຖ້າທ່ານຕ້ອງການຄວາມຊ່ວຍເຫຼື ອໃນພາສາຂອງທ່ານໃຫ້ໂທຫາເປ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711).

ຍັງມີຄວາມຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອແລະການບໍລິການສໍາລັບຄົນພິການ ເຊນເອກະສານທເປນອກສອນມນແລະມໂຕພມໃຫຍ ໃຫໂທຫາເບ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). ການບໍລິການເຫານີ້ບໍ່ຕ້ອງເສຍຄ່າໃຊ້ຈ່າຍໃດໆ.

#### <u>Mien</u>

LONGC HNYOUV JANGX LONGX OC: Beiv taux meih qiemx longc mienh tengx faan benx meih nyei waac nor douc waac daaih lorx taux 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Liouh lorx jauvlouc tengx aengx caux nzie gong bun taux ninh mbuo wuaaic fangx mienh, beiv taux longc benx nzangc-pokc bun hluo mbiutc aengx caux aamz mborqv benx domh sou se mbenc nzoih bun longc. Douc waac daaih lorx 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Naaiv deix nzie weih gong-bou jauv-louc se benx wanghenh tengx mv zuqc cuotv nyaanh oc.

<u>ਪੰਜਾਬੀ (Punjabi)</u>

ਧਿਆਨ ਦਿਓ: ਜੇ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਦਦ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). ਅਪਾਹਜੋਂ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਲਈ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ, ਜਿਵੇਂ ਕਿ ਬੇਲ ਅਤੇ ਮੋਟੀ ਛਪਾਈ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼, ਵੀ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹਨ। ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). ਇਹ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਮੁਫਤ ਹਨ।

#### Русский (Russian)

ВНИМАНИЕ! Если вам нужна помощь на вашем родном языке, звоните по номеру 1-888-301-1228 (линия ТТҮ: 711). Также предоставляются средства и услуги для людей с ограниченными возможностями, например документы крупным шрифтом или шрифтом Брайля. Звоните по номеру 1-888-301-1228 (линия ТТҮ: 711). Такие услуги предоставляются бесплатно.

#### Español (Spanish)

ATENCIÓN: Si necesita ayuda en su idioma, llame al 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). También ofrecemos asistencia y servicios para personas con discapacidades, como documentos en braille y con letras grandes. Llame al 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Estos servicios son gratuitos.

#### **Tagalog (Filipino)**

ATENSIYON: Kung kailangan mo ng tulong sa iyong wika, tumawag sa **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). Mayroon ding mga tulong at serbisyo para sa mga taong may kapansanan,tulad ng mga dokumento sa braille at malaking print. Tumawag sa **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). Libre ang mga serbisyong ito.



## <u>ภาษาไทย (Thai)</u>

โปรดทราบ: หากคุณต้องการความช่วยเหลือเป็นภาษาของคุณ กรุณาโทรศัพท์ไปที่หมายเลข 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) น อกจากนี้ ยังพร้อมให้ความช่วยเหลือและบริการต่าง ๆ สาหรับบุคคลที่มีความพิการ เช่น เอกสารต่าง ๆ ที่เป็นอักษรเบรลล์และเอกสารที่พิมพ์ด้วยตัวอักษรขนาดใหญ่ กรุณาโทรศัพท์ไปที่หมายเลข 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711) ไม่มีค่าใช้จ่ายสำหรับบริการเหล่านี้

#### Українська (Ukrainian)

УВАГА! Якщо вам потрібна допомога вашою рідною мовою, телефонуйте на номер 1-888-301-1228 (ТТҮ: 711). Люди з обмеженими можливостями також можуть скористатися допоміжними засобами та послугами, наприклад, отримати документи, надруковані шрифтом Брайля та великим шрифтом. Телефонуйте на номер 1-888-301-1228 (ТТҮ: 711). Ці послуги безкоштовні.

#### Tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)

CHÚ Ý: Nếu quý vị cần trợ giúp bằng ngôn ngữ của mình, vui lòng gọi số 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Chúng tôi cũng hỗ trợ và cung cấp các dịch vụ dành cho người khuyết tật, như tài liệu bằng chữ nổi Braille và chữ khổ lớn (chữ hoa). Vui lòng gọi số 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). Các dịch vụ này đều miễn phí.

## Other languages

You can get this *Member Handbook* and other plan materials in other languages at no cost to you. Total Care Advantage provides written translations from qualified translators. Call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). The call is free. Read this *Member Handbook* to learn more about health care language assistance services such as interpreter and translation services.

## Other formats

You can get this information, in a timely manner, in other formats such as braille, 20-point font large print, audio format, and accessible electronic formats (data CD) at no cost to you. Call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). The call is free.

## Interpreter services

Total Care Advantage provides oral interpretation services, as well as sign language, from a qualified interpreter, on a 24-hour basis, at no cost to you. You don't have to use a family member or friend as an interpreter. We discourage the use of minors as interpreters unless it's an emergency. Interpreter, linguistic, and cultural services are available for free. Help is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. For language help, or to get this handbook in a different language, call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). The call is free.



lable	of Contents	Page
Chapter 1.	Getting started as a member	13
Chapter 2.	Important phone numbers and resources	28
Chapter 3.	Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services	50
Chapter 4.	Benefits chart	73
Chapter 5.	Getting your outpatient prescription drugs	139
Chapter 6.	What you pay for your Medicare and Medi-Cal prescription drugs	157
Chapter 7.	Asking us to pay our share of a bill you received for covered services or drugs	172
Chapter 8.	Your rights and responsibilities	179
Chapter 9.	What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)	193
Chapter 10.	Ending your membership in our plan	233
Chapter 11.	Legal notices	244
Chapter 12.	Definitions of important words	250

## Disclaimers

Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP) is an HMO plan with a Medicare contract and a contract with the California Medi-Cal program. Enrollment in Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage depends on contract renewal.

Total Care Advantage is a Coordinated Care Plan. Total Care Advantage is available to anyone who has both Medi-Cal assistance from the state and Medicare.

Benefits and/or copayments may change on January 1, 2027.

Our covered drugs, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You'll get a notice about any changes that may affect your at least 30 days in advance.



#### **CHAPTER 1**

# Getting started as a member

## Introduction

This chapter includes information about Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP), a health plan that covers all of your Medicare services and coordinates all of your Medicare and Medi-Cal services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you'll get from us. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

## **Table of Contents**

A.	Welcome to our plan	15
В.	Information about Medicare and Medi-Cal	16
	B1. Medicare	16
	B2. Medi-Cal	16
C.	Advantages of our plan	17
D.	Our plan's service area	18
E.	What makes you eligible to be a plan member	19
F.	What to expect when you first join our health plan	20
G.	Your care team and care plan	21
	G1. Care team	21
	G2. Care plan	21
Н.	Summary of important costs	22
	H1. Monthly Medicare Part B Premium	22
	H2. Medicare Prescription Payment Amount	22



#### 14 • Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

l.	This Member Handbook	23
J.	Other important information you get from us	24
	J1. Your Member ID Card	24
	J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory	25
	J3. List of Covered Drugs	25
	J4. The Explanation of Benefits	26
K.	Keeping your membership record up to date	27
	K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)	27

## A. Welcome to our plan

Our plan provides Medicare and Medi-Cal services to individuals who are eligible for both programs. Our plan includes doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services and supports, behavioral health providers, and other providers. We also have care coordinators and care teams to help you manage your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP) operates under a contract with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) as well as a CMS-approved State Medicaid Agency Contract (SMAC) approved by the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), the California Medicaid Agency. Total Care Advantage will operate as an Exclusively Aligned Enrollment (EAE) Dual Special Needs Plan (D-SNP) serving Ventura County members.



## B. Information about Medicare and Medi-Cal

#### **B1.** Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or over,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

#### B2. Medi-Cal

Medi-Cal is the name of California's Medicaid program. Medi-Cal is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. Medi-Cal helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

#### Each state decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- who is eligible,
- what services are covered, and
- the cost for services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and the state of California approved our plan. You can get Medicare and Medi-Cal services through our plan as long as:

- we choose to offer the plan, and
- Medicare and the state of California allow us to continue to offer this plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and Medi-Cal services isn't affected.



## C. Advantages of our plan

You'll now get all your covered Medicare and Medi-Cal services from our plan, including prescription drugs. You don't pay extra to join this health plan.

We help make your Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits work better together for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You can work with us for most of your health care needs.
- You have a care team that you help put together. Your care team may include yourself, your caregiver, doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals.
- You have access to a care coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with our plan, and with your care team to help make a care plan.
- You're able to direct your own care with help from your care team and care coordinator.
- Your care team and care coordinator work with you to make a care plan designed to meet your health needs. The care team helps coordinate the services you need. For example, this means that your care team makes sure:
  - Your doctors know about all the medicines you take so they can make sure you're taking the right medicines and can reduce any side effects that you may have from the medicines.
  - » Your test results are shared with all of your doctors and other providers, as appropriate.

**New members to Total Care Advantage:** In most instances you'll be enrolled in Total Care Advantage for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Total Care Advantage. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you'll receive your Medi-Cal services through Total Care Advantage. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal coverage. Please call us at 1-888-301-1228 (TYY: 711) if you have any questions.



## D. Our plan's service area

Total Care Advantage is only available to qualifying members who live in Ventura County, California.

Only people who live in our service area can join our plan.

**You can't stay in our plan if you move outside of our service area.** Refer to **Chapter 8** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.



## E. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You're eligible for our plan as long as you:

- live in our service area (incarcerated individuals aren't considered living in the service area even if they're
  physically located in it), and
- are age 21 and older at the time of enrollment, and
- have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, and
- are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States, and
- are currently eligible for Medi-Cal.

If you lose Medi-Cal eligibility but can be expected to regain it within four (4) months then you're still eligible for our plan.

Call Member Services for more information.



## F. What to expect when you first join our health plan

When you first join our plan, you get a health risk assessment (HRA) within 90 days before or after your enrollment effective date.

We must complete an HRA for you. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, and functional needs.

We reach out to you to complete the HRA. We can complete the HRA by an in-person visit, telephone call, or mail.

We'll send you more information about this HRA.

If our plan is new for you, you can keep using the doctors you use now for a certain amount of time, even if they're not in our network. We call this continuity of care. If they're not in our network, you can keep your current providers and service authorizations at the time you enroll for up to 12 months if all of the following conditions are met:

- You, your representative, or your provider asks us to let you keep using your current provider.
- We establish that you had an existing relationship with a primary or specialty care provider, with some exceptions. When we say "existing relationship," it means that you saw an out-of-network provider at least once for a non-emergency visit during the 12 months before the date of your initial enrollment in our plan.
  - We determine an existing relationship by reviewing your available health information or information you give us.
  - We have 30 days to respond to your request. You can ask us to make a faster decision, and we must respond in 15 days. You can make this request by calling 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711). If you are at risk of harm, we must respond within 3 days.
  - You or your provider must show documentation of an existing relationship and agree to certain terms when you make the request.

**Note:** You can make this request for providers of Durable Medical Equipment (DME) for at least 90 days until we authorize a new DME rental and have a network provider deliver the rental. Although you can't make this request for providers of transportation or other ancillary providers, you can make a request for services of transportation or other ancillary services not included in our plan.

After the continuity of care period ends, you'll need to use doctors and other providers in the Total Care Advantage network that are affiliated with your primary care provider's medical group, unless we make an agreement with your out-of-network doctor. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. If you do not select a primary care provider at the time of enrollment, the plan will select one for you. Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for more information on getting care.



## G. Your care team and care plan

#### G1. Care team

A care team can help you keep getting the care you need. A care team may include your doctor, a care coordinator, or other health person that you choose.

A care coordinator is a person trained to help you manage the care you need. You get a care coordinator when you enroll in our plan. This person also refers you to other community resources that our plan may not provide and will work with your care team to help coordinate your care. Call us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information about your care coordinator and care team.

#### G2. Care plan

Your care team works with you to make a care plan. A care plan tells you and your doctors what services you need and how to get them. It includes your medical, behavioral health, and LTSS or other services. Your care plan includes:

- your health care goals,
- a timeline for getting the services you need,
- vour behavioral health needs.
- community-based long-term services and supports,
- oral health,
- palliative care needs,
- social supports, and
- social determinants of health needs.

Your care team meets with you after your HRA. They ask you about services you need. They also tell you about services you may want to think about getting. Your care plan is created based on your needs and goals. Your care team works with you to update your care plan at least every year.



## H. Summary of important costs

Our plan has no premium.

Your costs may include the following:

- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section H1)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section H2)

In some situations, your plan premium could be less.

#### H1. Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Some members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in **Section E** above, to be eligible for our plan, you must maintain your eligibility for Medi-Cal as well as have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For most Total Care Advantage members, Medi-Cal pays for your Medicare Part A premium (if you don't qualify for it automatically) and Part B premium.

If Medi-Cal isn't paying your Medicare premiums for you, you must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to stay a member of our plan. This includes your premium for Medicare Part B. You may also pay a premium for Medicare Part A if you aren't eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A. In addition, please contact Member Services or your care coordinator and inform them of this change.

#### H2. Medicare Prescription Payment Amount

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, you'll get a bill from your plan for your drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

**Chapter 2 Section L3** tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in **Chapter 9** to make a complaint or appeal.



## I. This Member Handbook

This *Member Handbook* is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all rules in this document. If you think we've done something that goes against these rules, you may be able to appeal our decision. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for a *Member Handbook* by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also refer to the *Member Handbook* found on our website at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in our plan between Jan. 1, 2026 and Dec. 31, 2026.

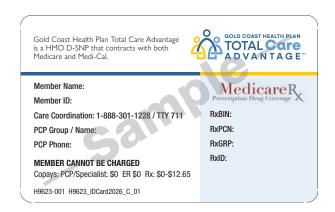


## J. Other important information you get from us

Other important information we provide to you includes your Member ID Card, information about how to access a Provider and Pharmacy Directory, and information about how to access a *List of Covered Drugs*, also known as a *Drug List* or Formulary.

#### J1. Your Member ID Card

Under our plan, you have one card for your Medicare and Medi-Cal services, including Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), certain behavioral health services, and prescriptions. You show this card when you get any services or prescriptions. Here is a sample Member ID Card:





If your Member ID Card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page right away. We'll send you a new card.

As long as you're a member of our plan, you don't need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your Medi-Cal card to get most services. Keep those cards in a safe place, in case you need them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials). Refer to **Chapter 7** of this Member Handbook to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider.

Remember, you need your Medi-Cal card or Benefits Identification Card (BIC) to access the following services:

- County behavioral health services
- Multipurpose senior services program (MSSP)
- In-Home Support Services (IHSS)
- Medi-Cal waiver program
- Medi-Cal Rx (when you need drugs that Total Care Advantage doesn't cover)



#### J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in our plan's network. While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services.

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The directory lists the names and contact information of the doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other support providers covered under the Total Care Advantage plan.

#### **Definition of network providers**

- Our network providers include:
  - » doctors, nurse practitioners, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
  - » clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan; and,
  - » LTSS adult day health agencies, behavioral health services, home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or Medi-Cal.

Network providers agree to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full.

#### **Definition of network pharmacies**

- Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to fill prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.
- Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you
  want our plan to help you pay for them.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information. Both Member Services and our website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

#### J3. List of Covered Drugs

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "*Drug List*" for short. It tells you which drugs our plan covers. The drugs on this list are selected by our plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List must meet Medicare's requirements. Drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program will be included on your Drug List unless they have been removed and replaced as described in **Chapter 5, Section B**. Medicare approved the Total Care Advantage Drug List.



The *Drug List* also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

Each year, we send you information about how to access the *Drug List*, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, call Member Services or visit our website at the address at the bottom of the page.

#### J4. The Explanation of Benefits

When you use your Medicare Part D drug benefits, we send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Medicare Part D drugs. This summary is called the *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, spent on your Medicare Part D drugs and the total amount we paid for each of your Medicare Part D drugs during the month. This EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take. **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* gives more information about the EOB and how it helps you track your drug coverage.

You can also ask for an EOB. To get a copy, contact Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.



## K. Keeping your membership record up to date

You can keep your membership record up to date by telling us when your information changes.

We need this information to make sure that we have your correct information in our records. The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in our plan's network use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and your cost sharing amounts. Because of this, it's very important to help us keep your information up to date.

Tell us right away about the following:

- changes to your name, address, or phone number;
- changes to any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation;
- any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident;
- admission to a nursing facility or hospital;
- care from a hospital or emergency room;
- changes in your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you); and,
- if you participate in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You're not required to tell us about a clinical research study you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any information changes, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

#### K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

Information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Federal and state laws require that we keep your PHI private. We protect your PHI. For more details about how we protect your PHI, refer to **Chapter 8** of this *Member Handbook*.



#### **CHAPTER 2**

# Important phone numbers and resources

## Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about our plan and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your care coordinator and others to advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

## **Table of Contents**

A.	Member Services	30
В.	Your Care Coordinator	32
C.	Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)	34
D.	Nurse Advice Call Line	35
E.	Behavioral Health Crisis Line	36
F.	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)	37
G.	Medicare	38
H.	Medi-Cal	39
l.	Medi-Cal Managed Care and Mental Health Office of the Ombudsman	40
J.	County Social Services	41
K.	County Behavioral Health Services Agency	42
	K1. Ventura County Behavioral Health	42
	K2. Carelon Behavioral Health	43



L.	Programs to Help People Pay for Drugs	44
	L1. Extra Help from Medicare	44
	L2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)	44
	L3. The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan	45
M.	Social Security	46
N.	Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)	47
0.	Other resources	48
P.	Medi-Cal Dental	49

#### A. Member Services

CALL	1-888-301-1228 This call is free. 8 a.m 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30. We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.	
ТТҮ	<b>711</b> This call is free. 8 a.m 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.	
FAX	1-888-310-3660	
WRITE	Total Care Advantage 711 E. Daily Drive Suite 106 Camarillo, CA 93010-6082	
EMAIL	memberaccess@goldchp.org	
WEBSITE	www.goldcoasthealthplan.org	

Contact Member Services to get help with:

- questions about the plan
- questions about claims or billing
- coverage decisions about your health care
  - » A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
    - vour benefits and covered services or
    - the amount we pay for your health services.
  - Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about your health care.
  - » To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- appeals about your health care
  - » An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake or disagree with the decision.
  - To learn more about making an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* or contact Member Services.
- complaints about your health care
  - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a non-network or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with our plan. You can also make a complaint to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) about the quality of the care you received (refer to the section above).



- You can call us and explain your complaint at 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711).
- If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to Section F).
- You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint">www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</a>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
- You can make a complaint about our plan to the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program by calling 1-855-501-3077.
- » To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- coverage decisions about your drugs
  - » A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
    - your benefits and covered drugs or
    - > the amount we pay for your drugs.
  - » Non-Medicare covered drugs, such as over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (<u>www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov</u>) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 1-800-977-2273 (TTY: 711).
  - » For more on coverage decisions about your prescription drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- appeals about your drugs
  - » An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
  - » For more on making an appeal about your drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- complaints about your drugs
  - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your drugs.
  - » If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above.)
  - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint">www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</a>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
  - » For more on making a complaint about your drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.
- payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
  - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to Chapter 7 of this Member Handbook.
  - » If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.



### B. Your Care Coordinator

A Total Care Advantage Care Manager is one main person for you to contact. This person helps manage all your providers and services and makes sure you get what you need. A Care Manager is a clinician or other trained person who works for our plan to provide care coordination services for you.

CALL	1-888-301-1228 This call is free. Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
TTY	<b>711</b> This call is free. Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
FAX	1-855-883-1552
WRITE	Total Care Advantage Attn: Care Management 711 E. Daily Drive Suite 106 Camarillo, CA 93010-6082
EMAIL	CareManagement@goldchp.org
WEBSITE	www.goldcoasthealthplan.org

Contact your care coordinator to get help with:

- questions about your health care
- questions about getting behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services
- questions about dental benefits
- questions about transportation to medical appointments
- questions about Long-term Services and Supports (LTSS), including Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS) and Nursing Facilities (NF)
- questions about Community Supports

You might be able to get these services:

- Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS)
- skilled nursing care
- physical therapy
- occupational therapy
- speech therapy



- medical social services
- home health care
- In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) through your county social service agency
- sometimes you can get help with your daily health care and living needs
- Community Supports
- Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)



# C. Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. In California, the SHIP is called the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP). HICAP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do to handle your problem. HICAP has trained counselors in every county, and services are free.

HICAP is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

CALL	<b>1-805-477-7300</b> Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.	
ТТҮ	1-800-735-2922 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.	
WRITE	Ventura County Area Agency on Aging 4651 Telephone Rd. Ventura, CA 93003	
EMAIL	LOIS.VCAAA@ventura.org	
WEBSITE	vcaaa.org	

#### Contact HICAP for help with:

- questions about Medicare
- HICAP counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:
  - » understand your rights,
  - » understand your plan choices,
  - answer questions about switching plans,
  - » make complaints about your health care or treatment, and
  - » assist with billing or claims issues.



## D. Nurse Advice Call Line

Total Care Advantage's Nurse Advice Line can give you free medical information 24 hours a day, every day of the year. Call **1-877-431-1700** (TTY: **711**) to:

- Talk to a nurse who will answer medical questions, give care advice, and help you decide if you should go
  to a provider right away.
- Get help with medical conditions such as diabetes or asthma, including advice about what kind of provider may be right for your condition.

You can contact the Nurse Advice Call Line with questions about your health or health care.

CALL	1-877-431-1700 This call is free. Available 24 hours a day, every day of the year. We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
ТТҮ	<b>711</b> This call is free. Available 24 hours a day, every day of the year.

#### E. Behavioral Health Crisis Line

The Ventura County Behavioral Health Access / Crisis Line is the entry point for access to all Ventura County Behavioral Health Services. Individuals needing mental health, substance use services or who are experiencing a behavioral health crisis. Individuals and families who are experiencing a mental health crisis, people considering suicide, or those struggling with mental illness, substance use, or both should contact the Access / Crisis Line for further support.

CALL	1-866-998-2243 This call is free. Seven days a week, 24 hours a day We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
ТТҮ	<b>711</b> This call is free. Seven days a week, 24 hours a day

Contact the Behavioral Health Crisis Line for help with:

- questions about behavioral health and substance abuse services
- questions about substance use disorder services
- Mobile crisis response team
- Crisis residential program

For questions about your county specialty mental health services, refer to **Section K** in this chapter.



## F. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called Commence Health. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Commence Health is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

CALL	1-877-588-1123 Monday - Friday: 9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. (local time) Sat/Sun and Holidays: 10:00 a.m 4:00 p.m. (local time) 24-hour voicemail service is available.
TTY	711
WRITE	BFCC-QIO Program Commence Health P.O. Box 2687 Virginia Beach, VA 23450
EMAIL	Not available
WEBSITE	https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en/states/california

#### Contact Commence Health for help with:

- questions about your health care rights
- making a complaint about the care you got if you:
  - » have a problem with the quality of care such as getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis,
  - » think your hospital stay is ending too soon, or
  - \* think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.



## G. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or over, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including our plan.

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
CHAT LIVE	Chat live at www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone
WRITE	Write to Medicare at P.O. Box 1270 Lawrence, KS 66044
WEBSITE	<ul> <li>Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide.</li> <li>Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers.</li> <li>Find out what Medicare covers, including preventative services (like screenings, shots, or vaccines, and yearly "wellness" visits).</li> <li>Get Medicare appeals information and forms.</li> <li>Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals.</li> <li>Look up helpful websites and phone numbers.</li> <li>To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/my/medicarecomplaint. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</li> </ul>



## H. Medi-Cal

Medi-Cal is California's Medicaid program. This is a public health insurance program which provides needed health care services for low-income individuals, including families with children, seniors, persons with disabilities, children and youth in foster care, and pregnant women. Medi-Cal is financed by state and federal government funds.

Medi-Cal benefits include medical, dental, behavioral health, and long-term services and supports.

You're enrolled in Medicare and in Medi-Cal. If you have questions about your Medi-Cal benefits, call your plan care coordinator. If you have questions about Medi-Cal plan enrollment, call Health Care Options.

CALL	1-800-430-4263 Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ТТҮ	1-800-430-7077 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	CA Department of Health Care Services Health Care Options P.O. Box 989009 West Sacramento, CA 95798-9850
WEBSITE	www.healthcareoptions.dhcs.ca.gov

## I. Medi-Cal Managed Care and Mental Health Office of the Ombudsman

The Office of the Ombudsman helps solve problems from a neutral standpoint to ensure that our members receive all medically necessary covered services. They will listen, answer your questions, analyze your situation, explain policies and procedures, provide information, advice, and options, and suggest appropriate referrals. It's their job to help develop fair solutions to health care access problems. They aren't connected with our plan or with any insurance company or health plan. Their services are free.

CALL	<b>1-888-452-8609</b> Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
ТТҮ	1-800-430-7077 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	CA Department of Health Care Services Health Care Options P.O. Box 989009 West Sacramento, CA 95798-9850
EMAIL	MMCDOmbudsmanOffice@dhcs.ca.gov
WEBSITE	www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/MH/Pages/mh-ombudsman.aspx

## J. County Social Services

If you need help with your Medi-Cal benefits, contact your local County Social Services agency.

Contact your County Social Services agency to apply for In Home Supportive Services, which will help pay for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. Types of services may include help with preparing meals, bathing, dressing, laundry, shopping or transportation. To learn more about IHSS available in your county, go to <a href="https://www.cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/ihss">https://www.cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/ihss</a>. Or call your local county social services agency.

Contact your County Social Services agency for any questions about your Medi-Cal eligibility.

CALL	<b>1-888-472-4463</b> This call is free. 8 a.m 5 p.m., Monday – Friday
ТТҮ	1-800-735-2922
WRITE	Ventura County Human Services Agency 855 Partridge Drive Ventura, CA 93003
EMAIL	HSA.Communications@ventura.org
WEBSITE	www.ventura.org/human-services-agency

## K. County Behavioral Health Services Agency

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services and substance use disorder services are available to you through the county if you meet access criteria.

#### K1. Ventura County Behavioral Health

CALL	1-866-998-2243 This call is free. Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
ТТҮ	711 This call is free. This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. This number allows individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing to communicate by typing and reading text. Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

Contact the county Behavioral Health agency for help with:

- questions about specialty mental health services provided by the county
- questions about substance use disorder services provided by the county
- medication support services
- day treatment intensive and rehabilitation services
- crisis intervention and stabilization services
- targeted case management
- mobile crisis services
- peer Support Services (PSS)
- psychiatric services



#### K2. Carelon Behavioral Health

CALL	1-855-765-9702 This call is free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week We have free interpreter services for people who don't speak English.
ТТҮ	1-800-735-2929 or 711 This call is free. This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. This number allows individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing to communicate by typing and reading text. Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

Carelon Behavioral Health will be responsible for ensuring all mentioned services are provided to members / beneficiaries:

- Inpatient and outpatient mental health and Substance Use Disorder (SUD) services
- Individual and group mental health evaluation and treatment (psychotherapy)
- Family Therapy, which involves at least two family members. Examples of family therapy include, but are not limited to:
  - » Cognitive-behavioral couple therapy (adults)
- Medication Management Services
- Psychological testing when clinically indicated to evaluate a mental health condition
- Development of cognitive skills to improve attention, memory, and problem-solving
- Outpatient services for the purposes of monitoring medicine therapy
- Outpatient laboratory services
- Outpatient medicines that are not already covered under the Medi-Cal Rx Contracts Drugs List (https://medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/home/), supplies, and supplements
- Psychiatric consultation



## L. Programs to Help People Pay for Drugs

The Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs</u>) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, as described below.

## L1. Extra Help from Medicare

Because you're eligible for Medi-Cal, you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your drug plan costs. You don't need to do anything to get this "Extra Help."

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov

If you think you're paying an incorrect amount for your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process to help get evidence of your correct copayment amount. If you already have evidence of the right amount, we can help you share this evidence with us.

• When we get the evidence showing the right copayment level, we'll update our system so you can pay the right copayment amount when you get your next prescription. If you overpay your copayment, we'll pay you back either by check or we will deduct the amount from a future copayment credit. If the pharmacy didn't collect your copayment and you owe them debt, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If the state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page if you have questions.

## L2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

ADAP helps ADAP-eligible people living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV drugs. Medicare Part D drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription help through the cost-sharing assistance from the California Department of Public Health, Office of AIDS. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP in your state, people must meet certain criteria, including proof of the state residence and HIV status, low income (as defined by the state), and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance for information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, call **1-844-421-7050** or check the ADAP website at <a href="https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/pages/OA">www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/pages/OA</a> adap eligibility.aspx.



## L3. The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a payment option that works with your current drug coverage to help you manage your drug out-of-pocket costs for drugs covered by our plan by spreading the calendar year (January-December). Anyone with a Medicare drug plan or Medicare health plan with drug coverage (like a Medicare Advantage plan with drug coverage) can use this payment option. This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan and stay in the same plan, you don't need to do anything to continue this option. "Extra Help" from Medicare and help from your SPAP and ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in this payment option, no matter your income level, and plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. To learn more about this payment option, call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of the page or visit Medicare.gov www.medicare.gov.

## M. Social Security

Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment.

If you move or change your mailing address, it's important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use their automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778  This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

## N. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The RRB is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the RRB, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the RRB, contact the agency.

CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. Press "0" to speak with a RRB representative from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, and from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. on Wednesday. Press "1" to access the automated RRB Help Line and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
ТТҮ	1-312-751-4701 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. Calls to this number aren't free.
WEBSITE	www.rrb.gov

## O. Other resources

The Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program offers FREE assistance to help people who are struggling to get or maintain health coverage and resolve problems with their health plans.

If you have problems with:

- Medi-Cal
- Medicare
- your health plan
- accessing medical services
- appealing denied services, drugs, durable medical equipment (DME), mental health services, etc.
- medical billing
- IHSS (In-Home Supportive Services)

The Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program assists with complaints, appeals, and hearings. The phone number for the Ombudsman Program is **1-855-501-3077**.



## P. Medi-Cal Dental

Certain dental services are available through Medi-Cal Dental, including but not limited to, services such as:

- initial examinations, X-rays, cleanings, and fluoride treatments
- restorations and crowns
- root canal therapy
- partial and complete dentures, adjustments, repairs, and relines

Dental benefits are available through Medi-Cal Dental Fee-for-Service (FFS).

CALL	1-800-322-6384 The call is free. Medi-Cal Dental FFS Program representatives are available to assist you from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
ТТҮ	1-800-735-2922 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.dental.dhcs.ca.gov smilecalifornia.org

Before receiving services, you must make sure the dentist is covered under the FFS Medi-Cal Dental benefit. You'll need to show your Medi-Cal BIC card to obtain services.



#### CHAPTER 3

# Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

## Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with our plan. It also tells you about your care coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do if you're billed directly for services we cover, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

## **Table of Contents**

A.	Information about services and providers	52
В.	Rules for getting services our plan covers	53
C.	Your care coordinator	55
	C1. What a care coordinator is	55
	C2. How you can contact your care coordinator	55
	C3. How you can change your care coordinator	55
D.	Care from providers	56
	D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)	56
	D2. Care from specialists and other network providers	58
	D3. When a provider leaves our plan	58
	D4. Out-of-network providers	59
E.	Long-term services and supports (LTSS)	60



F.	Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services	61
	F1. Medi-Cal behavioral health services provided outside our plan	61
G.	Transportation services	63
	G1. Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT)	63
	G2. Non-medical transportation (NMT)	64
Н.	Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster	65
	H1. Care in a medical emergency	65
	H2. Urgently needed care	66
	H3. Care during a disaster	67
l.	What if you're billed directly for covered services	68
	I1. What to do if our plan doesn't cover services	68
J.	Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study	69
	J1. Definition of a clinical research study	69
	J2. Payment for services when you participate in a clinical research study	69
	J3. More about clinical research studies	69
K.	How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution .	70
	K1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution	70
	K2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution	70
L.	Durable medical equipment (DME)	71
	L1. DME as a member of our plan	71
	L2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare	71
	L3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan	72
	L4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan	72



## A. Information about services and providers

**Services** are health care, long-term services and supports (LTSS), supplies, behavioral health services, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services. **Covered services** are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care, behavioral health, and LTSS are in **Chapter 4** of this Member Handbook. Your covered services for prescription and over-the-counter drugs are in **Chapter 5** of this Member Handbook.

**Providers** are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care and are licensed by the state. Providers also include hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, behavioral health services, medical equipment, and certain LTSS.

**Network providers** are providers who work with our plan. These providers agree to accept our payment as full payment. We arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to you. Network providers bill us directly for care they give you. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

## B. Rules for getting services our plan covers

Our plan covers all services covered by Medicare, and most Medi-Cal services. This includes certain behavioral health and LTSS.

Our plan will generally pay for health care services, behavioral health services, and many LTSS you get when you follow our rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be included in our Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this Member Handbook.
- The care must be medically necessary. By medically necessary, we mean services that are reasonable
  and necessary to diagnose and treat your medical condition. Medically necessary care is needed to keep
  individuals from getting seriously ill or becoming disabled and reduces severe pain by treating disease,
  illness, or injury.
- For medical services, you must have a network primary care provider (PCP) providing and overseeing
  your care. As a plan member, you must choose a network provider to be your PCP (for more information
  go to Section D1 of this chapter).
  - In most cases your network PCP or our plan must give you approval before you can use a provider that isn't your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a **referral**. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the services.
  - Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. When you choose your PCP, you are also choosing the affiliated medical group. This means that your PCP refers you to specialists and services that are also affiliated with their medical group. A medical group is made up of doctors who are PCPs and specialists who work together to direct your care.
  - You don't need referrals from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care, to use a woman's health provider, or for any of the other services listed in **Section D1** of this chapter.
- You must get your care from network providers (for more information, go to Section D in this chapter). Usually, we won't cover care from a provider who doesn't work with our health plan and your PCP's medical group. This means that you'll have to pay the provider in full for services provided. Here are some cases when this rule doesn't apply:
  - We cover emergency or urgently needed care from an out-of-network provider (for more information, go to Section H in this chapter.
  - If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers can't provide it, you can get care from an out-of-network provider. You must have prior authorization from your PCP, medical group or Total Care Advantage before you can go to a provider outside of our network. In this situation, we cover the care at no cost to you. For information about getting approval to use an out-of-network provider, go to Section D4 in this chapter.
  - We cover kidney dialysis services when you're outside our plan's service area for a short time or when your provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible. The cost-sharing you pay for dialysis can never be higher than the cost-sharing in Original Medicare. If you're outside our plan's service area and get dialysis from a provider outside the plan's network, your cost-sharing can't be higher than the cost-sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to get services inside our service area from an out-of-network provider your cost-sharing for the dialysis may be higher. If possible, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you're away.



When you first join our plan, you can ask to continue using your current providers. With some exceptions, we must approve this request if we can establish that you had an existing relationship with the providers. Refer to **Chapter 1** of this *Member Handbook*. If we approve your request, you can continue using the providers you use now for up to 12 months for services. During that time, your care coordinator will contact you to help you find providers in our network that are affiliated with your PCP's medical group. After 12 months, we'll no longer cover your care if you continue to use providers that aren't in our network and not affiliated with your PCP's medical group.

**Other Health Coverage:** Medi-Cal members must utilize all other health coverage (OHC) prior to Medi-Cal when the same service is available under your health coverage since Medi-Cal is the payer of last resort. This means that in most cases, Medi-Cal will be the secondary payer to the Medicare OHC, covering allowable costs not paid by our plan or other OHC up to the Medi-Cal rate.

**New members to Total Care Advantage:** In most instances, you'll be enrolled in Total Care Advantage for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Total Care Advantage. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you'll receive your Medi-Cal services through Total Care Advantage. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal coverage. Please call us at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**) if you have any questions.



## C. Your care coordinator

Total Care Advantage members are assigned a care coordinator (also referred to as a Care Navigator) who will assist you with identifying your needs through assessments, build a care plan with you to address those needs and help coordinate that care to ensure your needs are met.

## C1. What a care coordinator (Care Navigator) is

A care coordinator (Care Navigator) acts as primary contact for your care coordination and transitional care services. Your specific needs will be identified through an assessment and will support you by coordinating your Medicare and Medi-Cal services. Your Care Navigator will support you and your caregiver through care planning, facilitating your care, and advocating for your medical and support needs. Your Care Navigator will also provide health coaching and transitional care support throughout your healthcare journey while communicating between you, your family, and your providers.

## C2. How you can contact your care coordinator (Care Navigator)

When you first join our plan, you get a Health Risk Assessment (HRA) within 90 days before or after your enrollment effective date. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, and functional needs. Your Care Navigator will reach out to you to schedule and complete the HRA.

We can complete the HRA either through an in-person visit, telephone call, or mail. We'll send you more information about this HRA and your care navigator's name and contact information.

Your Care Navigator can also be reached by calling Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of this page and request to speak to your Care Navigator.

## C3. How you can change your care coordinator (Care Navigator)

You may request a change in your assigned Care Navigator at any time by notifying your Care Navigator or member service representative by phone or in writing.



## D. Care from providers

## D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)

You must choose a PCP to provide and manage your care. Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. When you choose your PCP, you're also choosing the affiliated medical group.

#### Definition of a PCP and what a PCP does for you

What is a PCP?

A PCP is a doctor who you will see first for most health problems. You must use your PCP before you use any other health care provider or specialist.

The role of your PCP is to:

- Coordinate your medical care.
- Provide referrals to specialists and other facilities (like labs and durable medical equipment providers)
  within the medical group's contracted network.

There are several types of providers that may serve as your PCP. These include:

- Family Practitioner
- Internist
- General Practitioner
- Nurse Practitioner
- Physician Assistant
- Rural Health Clinic (RHC)
- Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)
- Indian Health Care Provider (IHCP)
- Clinic

#### What is a medical group?

A medical group is made up of doctors and health care providers who are PCPs and specialists. The medical group is responsible for:

- Providing medical services through a network of contracted doctors and facilities.
- Providing authorizations for your medical care.



#### Your choice of PCP

When you join Total Care Advantage, you choose or are assigned a PCP within a particular medical group. Your PCP / medical group may refer you to specialists or order lab tests and X-rays (within the medical group) as medically needed. Most medical services require prior approval (prior authorization). Your medical group and/or health plan will review the pre-approval request and decide whether to approve the service.

If there is a particular specialist or hospital that you want to use, find out if they're affiliated with your PCP's medical group. You can look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, or ask Member Services to find out if the PCP you want makes referrals to a specialist or your preferred hospital.

#### **Option to change your PCP**

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP may leave our plan's network. If your PCP leaves our network, we can help you find a new PCP in our network.

If you want to change your PCP or medical group, you must choose a PCP from the Total Care Advantage provider directory. Be sure the PCP is taking new patients. To change your PCP, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page.

Member Services will tell you when the change to your new PCP and medical group will take effect. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and phone number of your new PCP / medical group.

Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. If you change your PCP, you may also be changing medical groups. When you ask for a change, tell Member Services if you use a specialist or get other covered services that must have PCP approval. Member Services helps you continue your specialty care and other services when you change your PCP.

#### Services you can get without approval from your PCP

In most cases, you need approval from your PCP before using other providers. This approval is called a **referral**. You can get services like the ones listed below without getting approval from your PCP first:

- Emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed covered services that require immediate medical attention (but not an emergency) if
  you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place,
  and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services
  are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically
  necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're
  outside our plan's service area or our network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're outside our plan's service area. If you call Member Services before you leave the service area, we can help you receive dialysis while you're away.



- Flu shots and COVID-19 vaccine as well as hepatitis B vaccines and pneumonia vaccines as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Routine women's health care and family planning services. This includes breast exams, screening
  mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network
  provider.

Additionally, if you're an American Indian Member, you may get Covered Services from an Indian Health Care Provider of your choice, without requiring a referral from a Network PCP or Prior Authorization.

## D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists, such as:

- Oncologists who care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists who care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists who care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

When your PCP thinks that you need specialized treatment or supplies, your PCP will submit a written referral to get prior approval (prior authorization).

Prior approval (authorization) means you will need to get medical group / plan approval before getting a specific service or drug or using an out-of-network provider. Prior authorizations (approvals) are determined by the medical group or Total Care Advantage. See **Chapter 4** in this handbook for information about which services require prior approval (authorization).

## D3. When a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you use may leave our plan. If one of your providers leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even if our network of providers change during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
  - » If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you visited that provider within the past three years.
  - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them, or visited them within the past three months.
- We'll help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you're currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the
  right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you
  can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.



- If we can't find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an out-of-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. You will need to get prior approval from your medical group or Total Care Advantage in order to seek out-of-network care.
- If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, contact us. We can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.
- If you think we haven't replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that we aren't managing your care well, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO), a quality of care grievance, or both. (Refer to **Chapter 9** for more information.)

## D4. Out-of-network providers

Out-of-network providers are providers that do not have an agreement to work with Total Care Advantage. The only time you can seek out-of-network care would be in the following situations:

- Emergency or urgent care services (including worldwide emergency / urgent care). You do not need prior authorization to seek emergency or urgent care services from out-of-network providers.
- Kidney dialysis services when you are temporarily outside of the service area for a short amount of time
  or when your provider is temporarily unavailable. You may receive on-going dialysis from out-of-network
  providers for an extended amount of time with prior authorization (approval).
- When you are referred to an out-of-network provider and have prior authorization (approval).

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must accept Medicare and/or Medi-Cal.

- We can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare and/or Medi-Cal.
- If you use a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they aren't eligible to participate in Medicare.



## E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS)

LTSS can help you stay at home and avoid a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay. You have access to certain LTSS through our plan, including skilled nursing facility care, Community Based Adult Services (CBAS), and Community Supports. Another type of LTSS, the In Home Supportive Services program, is available through your county social service agency.

Total Care Advantage staff will conduct a health risk assessment evaluation to determine the type and level of care you need. Once determined, a Care Navigator will be assigned to you and will assist you in obtaining LTSS services. LTSS services may include the following:

- Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS)
- Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)
- Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)
- In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)
- Community Based Adult Services (CBAS)

You'll find more information in the benefit chart in **Chapter 4**.



# F. Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services

You have a right to access medically necessary behavioral health services that Medicare and Medi-Cal cover. We provide access to behavioral health services covered by Medicare and Medi-Cal managed care. Our plan doesn't provide Medi-Cal specialty mental health or county substance use disorder services, but these services are available to you through Ventura County Behavioral Health.

## F1. Medi-Cal behavioral health services provided outside our plan

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services are available to you through the county mental health plan (MHP) if you meet criteria to access specialty mental health services. Medi-Cal specialty mental health services provided by Ventura County Behavioral Health include:

- mental health services
- medication support services
- day treatment intensive services
- day rehabilitation
- crisis intervention services
- crisis stabilization services
- adult residential treatment services
- crisis residential treatment services
- psychiatric health facility services
- psychiatric inpatient hospital services
- targeted case management
- justice-involved reentry
- assertive community treatment (ACT)
- forensic assertive community treatment (FACT)
- coordinated specialty care (CSC) for first episode psychosis (FEP)
- clubhouse services
- enhanced community health worker (CHW) services
- supported employment
- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services
- therapeutic behavioral services
- therapeutic foster care
- intensive care coordination
- intensive home-based services

Drug Medi-Cal services provided by Ventura County Behavioral Health include:

- intensive outpatient treatment services
- perinatal residential substance use disorder treatment



- outpatient treatment services
- narcotic treatment program
- medications for addiction treatment (also called Medication Assisted Treatment)
- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services

Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System (DMC-ODS) services are available to you through Ventura County Behavioral Health if you meet criteria to receive these services. DMC-ODS services include:

- outpatient treatment services
- intensive outpatient treatment services
- partial hospitalization services
- medications for addiction treatment (also called Medication Assisted Treatment)
- residential treatment services
- withdrawal management services
- narcotic treatment program
- recovery services
- care coordination
- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services
- contingency management services
- inpatient treatment services

In addition to the services listed above, you may have access to voluntary inpatient detoxification services if you meet the criteria.

Your PCP or mental health provider may make a referral for mental health screening to a specialist within your network to decide the level of care you need. For help finding mental health services, you can contact Carelon Behavioral Health at **1-855-765-9702** (TTY **1-800-735-2929**).



## G. Transportation services

## G1. Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT)

You're entitled to non-emergency medical transportation if you have medical needs that don't allow you to use a car, bus, or taxi to your appointments. Non-emergency medical transportation can be provided for covered services such as medical, dental, mental health, substance use, and pharmacy appointments. If you need non-emergency medical transportation, you can talk to your PCP and ask for it. Your PCP will decide the best type of transportation to meet your needs. If you need non-emergency medical transportation, they'll prescribe it by completing a form and submitting it to Total Care Advantage for approval. Depending on your medical need, the approval is good for one year. Your PCP will reassess your need for non-emergency medical transportation for re-approval every 12 months.

Non-emergency medical transportation is an ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van, or air transport. Total Care Advantage allows the lowest cost covered transportation mode and most appropriate non-emergency medical transportation for your medical needs when you need a ride to your appointment. For example, if you can physically or medically be transported by a wheelchair van, Total Care Advantage won't pay for an ambulance. You're only entitled to air transport if your medical condition makes any form of ground transportation impossible.

Non-emergency medical transportation must be used when:

- You physically or medically need it as determined by written authorization from your PCP because you
  aren't able to use a bus, taxi, car, or van to get to your appointment.
- You need help from the driver to and from your residence, vehicle, or place of treatment due to a physical
  or mental disability.

To ask for medical transportation that your doctor has prescribed for non-urgent **routine appointments**, call Total Care Advantage Transportation at **1-888-808-9323** (TTY: **711**) at least 48 hours (Monday-Friday) before your appointment. For **urgent appointments**, call as soon as possible. Have your Member ID Card ready when you call. You can also call if you need more information.

#### **Medical transportation limits**

Total Care Advantage covers the lowest cost medical transportation that meets your medical needs from your home to the closest provider where an appointment is available. Medical transportation won't be provided if Medicare or Medi-Cal doesn't cover the service. If the appointment type is covered by Medi-Cal but not through the health plan, Total Care Advantage will help you schedule your transportation. A list of covered services is in **Chapter 4** of this handbook. Transportation isn't covered outside Total Care Advantage's network or service area unless pre-authorized.



## G2. Non-medical transportation (NMT)

Non-medical transportation benefits include traveling to and from your appointments for a service authorized by your provider. You can get a ride, at no cost to you, when you're:

- Traveling to and from an appointment for a service authorized by your provider, or
- Picking up prescriptions and medical supplies.

Total Care Advantage allows you to use a car, taxi, bus, or other public/private way of getting to your appointment for services authorized by your provider. Total Care Advantage uses Ventura Transit System (VTS) to arrange for non-medical transportation. We cover the lowest cost, non-medical transportation type that meets your needs.

Sometimes, you can be reimbursed for rides in a private vehicle that you arrange. Total Care Advantage must approve this **before** you get the ride, and you must tell us why you can't get a ride in another way, like taking the bus. You can tell us by calling or emailing, or in person. **You can't be reimbursed for driving yourself**.

Mileage reimbursement requires all of the following:

- The driver's license of the driver.
- The vehicle registration of the driver.
- Proof of car insurance for the driver.

To ask for a ride for services that have been authorized, call Total Care Advantage Transportation at **1-888-808-9323** (TTY: **711**) at least 48 hours (Monday-Friday) before your appointment. For **urgent appointments**, call as soon as possible. Have your Member ID Card ready when you call. You can also call if you need more information.

**Note:** American Indian Members may contact their local Indian Health Clinic to ask for non-medical transportation.

#### **Non-medical transportation limits**

Total Care Advantage provides the lowest cost non-medical transportation that meets your needs from your home to the closest provider where an appointment is available. **You can't drive yourself or be reimbursed directly**.

Non-medical transportation **doesn't** apply if:

- An ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van, or other form of non-emergency medical transportation is needed to get to a service.
- You need assistance from the driver to and from the residence, vehicle, or place of treatment due to a
  physical or medical condition.
- You're in a wheelchair and are unable to move in and out of the vehicle without help from the driver.
- The service isn't covered by Medicare or Medi-Cal.



# H. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster

## H1. Care in a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as illness, severe pain, severe injury, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

- serious risk to your life or to that of your unborn child; or
- loss of or serious harm to bodily functions; or
- serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or
- In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:
  - » There isn't enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.
  - A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child.

#### If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as fast as possible.** Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You **don't** need approval or a referral from your PCP. You don't need to use a network provider. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories or worldwide, from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they're not part of our network..
- As soon as possible, tell our plan about your emergency. We follow up on your emergency care. You
  or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you
  won't pay for emergency services if you delay telling us. You can find the phone number to reach us on
  the back of your member ID card.

#### **Covered services in a medical emergency**

Worldwide emergency care is not covered by Original Medicare, but Total Care Advantage does cover this service as a supplemental benefit as long as you meet the definition of a medical emergency as stated in **Section H1** above.

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations when getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services to the nearest medical treatment facility during the emergency. If you receive emergency transportation outside of your service area or the U.S. or its territories, transportation back to the service area or U.S. from another country is **not** covered. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.



The providers who give you emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They'll continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better.

Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we'll try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

#### Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You may go in for emergency care and the doctor says it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we cover your additional care only if:

- You use a network provider or
- The additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting it.
   Refer to the next section.

#### H2. Urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or an unforeseen illness or injury.

#### Urgently needed care in our plan's service area

We cover urgently needed care only if:

- You get this care from a network provider and
- You follow the rules described in this chapter.

If it isn't possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, given your time, place or circumstances, we cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed, even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

You must go to an in-network urgent care center in the Total Care Advantage network when you are seeking care in Ventura County.

#### **Urgently needed care outside our plan's service area**

When you're outside our plan's service area, you may not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan covers urgently needed care you get from any provider. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed, even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.



You are covered for worldwide emergency and urgent care services when you are traveling outside of the U.S. and its territories.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgently needed care services outside the United States and its territories if you meet the definition of urgently needed care stated in **Section H2** above.

## H3. Care during a disaster

If the governor of California, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the president of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit our website for information on how to get care you need during a declared disaster: **www.goldcoasthealthplan.org**.

During a declared disaster, if you can't use a network provider, you can get care from out-of-network providers at no cost to you. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster, you can fill your drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.



## I. What if you're billed directly for covered services

If you paid for your covered services or if you got a bill for covered medical services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* to find out what to do.

You shouldn't pay the bill yourself. If you do, we may not be able to pay you back.

## 11. What to do if our plan doesn't cover services

Our plan covers all services:

- that are determined medically necessary, and
- that are listed in our plan's Benefits Chart (refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*), and
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that our plan doesn't cover, **you pay the full cost yourself**, unless it's covered by another Medi-Cal program outside our plan.

If you want to know if we pay for any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we won't pay for your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

**Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains what to do if you want us to cover a medical service or item. It also tells you how to appeal our coverage decision. Call Member Services to learn more about your appeal rights.

We pay for some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Refer to **Chapter 4** for specific benefit limits. Call Member Services to find out what the benefit limits are and how much of your benefits you've used.



# J. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study

## J1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to take part in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you **don't** need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. Providers that give you care as part of the study **don't** need to be network providers. This doesn't apply to covered benefits that require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit including certain benefits requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

#### We encourage you to tell us before you take part in a clinical research study.

If you plan to be in a clinical research study, covered for enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you or your care coordinator to contact Member Services to let us know you'll take part in a clinical trial.

## J2. Payment for services when you participate in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you pay nothing for the services covered under the study. Medicare pays for services covered under the study, as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you're covered for most services and items you get as part of the study. This includes:

- room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- an operation or other medical procedure that's part of the research study
- treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care

If you volunteer for a clinical research study, we pay any costs that Medicare doesn't approve but that our plan approves. If you're part of a study that Medicare or Total Care Advantage **hasn't** approved, you pay any costs for being in the study.

#### J3. More about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (<a href="www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf">www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf</a>)). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.



# K. How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution

## K1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

## K2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're against getting medical treatment that's "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care or treatment that's not voluntary and is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan only covers non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - » You must get approval from us before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay **won't** be covered.

You are covered for up to 90 days per benefit period from a religious non-medical health care provider at the same cost of an inpatient hospital stay. See the benefits chart in **Chapter 4** for more information.



## L. Durable medical equipment (DME)

## L1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain medically necessary items ordered by a provider, such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You own some DME items, such as prosthetics.

Other types of DME you must rent. As a member of our plan, you usually **won't** own the rented DME items, no matter how long you rent it.

In some limited situations, we transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of the page for more information.

Even if you had DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you **won't** own the equipment.

## L2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

As a Total Care Advantage member, you don't pay anything for covered DME items and may own the DME item depending on the type of item being provided.

If you no longer have Medi-Cal, you'll have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you'll have to make the number of payments in a row set by the MA plan, to own the DME item if:

- you didn't become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan, and
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or an MA plan.

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or an MA plan before you joined our plan, those Original Medicare or MA plan payments don't count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan.

- You'll have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the MA plan to own the DME item.
- There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or an MA plan.



## L3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare, we cover:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

## L4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above. Medicare and Medi-Cal cover these payments if you're still enrolled in Medicare and Medi-Cal.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary **after you rent it for 36 months**, your supplier must provide:

- oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months
- oxygen equipment and supplies for up to 5 years if medically necessary

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary at the end of the 5-year period:

- Your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- A new 5-year period begins.
- You rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- Your supplier then provides the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- A new cycle begins every 5 years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to another MA plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can ask your new MA plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.



#### CHAPTER 4

# Benefits chart

#### Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services our plan covers and any restrictions or limits on those services. It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

**New members to Total Care Advantage:** In most instances you'll be enrolled in Total Care Advantage for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Total Care Advantage. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you'll receive your Medi-Cal services through Total Care Advantage. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal coverage. Please call us at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**) if you have any questions.

#### Table of Contents

A.	Your covered services and your out-of-pocket costs	75
В.	Rules against providers charging you for services	76
C.	About our plan's Benefits Chart	77
D.	Our plan's Benefits Chart	79
E.	Community Supports	121
F.	Benefits covered outside of our plan	131
	F1. California Community Transitions (CCT)	131
	F2. Medi-Cal Dental	131
	F3. In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)	132
	F4. 1915(c) Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver Programs	132
	F5. County Behavioral Health Services Provided Outside Our Plan (Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Services)	134



	F6. Community Based Adult Services (CBAS)	.136
G.	Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or Medi-Cal	.137

### A. Your covered services and your out-of-pocket costs

This chapter tells you about services our plan covers . You can also learn about services that aren't covered. Information about drug benefits is in **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

Because you get help from Medi-Cal, you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow our plan's rules. Refer to **Chapter 3** of your *Member Handbook* for details about our plan's rules.

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call your care coordinator and/or Member Services at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**).



#### B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We don't allow our providers to bill you for in-network covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook* or call Member Services.



### C. About our plan's Benefits Chart

The Benefits Chart tells you the services our plan pays for. It lists covered services in alphabetical order and explains them.

We pay for the services listed in the Benefits Chart when the following rules are met. You don't pay anything for the services listed in the Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the requirements described below.

- We provide covered Medicare and Medi-Cal covered services according to the rules set by Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- The services including medical care, behavioral health and substance use services, long-term services
  and supports, supplies, equipment, and drugs must be "medically necessary." "Medically Necessary"
  or "Medical Necessity" means reasonable and necessary services to protect life, to prevent significant
  illness or significant disability, or alleviate severe pain through the diagnosis or treatment of disease,
  illness, or injury, as required under W&I section 14059.5(a) and 22 CCR section 51303(a).
- For new enrollees, for the first 90 days we may not require you to get approval in advance for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that began with an out-of-network provider.
- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who works with us. In most
  cases, care you get from an out-of-network provider won't be covered unless it's an emergency or
  urgently needed care or unless your plan or a network provider gave you a referral. Chapter 3 of this
  Member Handbook has more information about using network and out-of-network providers.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a care team providing and managing your care. In most cases, your PCP must give you approval before you can use a provider that isn't your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a referral. Chapter 3 of this Member Handbook has more information about getting a referral and when you don't need one.
- We cover some services listed in the Benefits Chart only if your doctor or other network provider gets our approval first. This is called prior authorization (PA). We mark covered services in the Benefits Chart that need PA with a footnote. In addition, you must get PA for the following outpatient services not listed in the Benefits Chart:
  - » Day treatment intensive services
  - » Day rehabilitation services
  - » Crisis intervention services
  - » Crisis stabilization services
  - » Mobile crisis services
  - » Peer support services
- If your plan provides approval of a PA request for a course of treatment, the approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary to avoid disruptions in care based on coverage criteria, your medical history, and the treating provider's recommendations.
- If you lose your Medi-Cal benefits within the four-month period of deemed continued eligibility, your
  Medicare benefits in this plan will continue. However, your Medi-Cal service may not be covered. Contact
  your county eligibility office or Health Care Options for information about your Medi-Cal eligibility. You can
  keep your Medicare benefits, but not your Medi-Cal benefits..



#### **Important Benefit Information for Members with Certain Chronic Conditions**

- If you have any of the chronic condition(s) listed below and meet certain medical criteria, you may be eligible for additional benefits:
  - » Alzheimer's disease
  - » Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
  - » Anemia
  - » Asthma
  - » Atrial fibrillation
  - » Cancer
  - » Chronic kidney disease (CKD)
  - » Chronic heart failure
  - » Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
  - » Diabetes
  - » Epilepsy
  - » HIV / AIDS
  - » Hypertension
  - » Major depressive disorder
  - » Multiple sclerosis (MS)
  - » Peripheral vascular disease
  - » Pulmonary fibrosis
  - » Stroke
- In addition to having one or more of the chronic conditions listed above, you must be at high risk for being hospitalized and for receiving case management services.
- Refer to the "Help with certain chronic conditions" row in the Benefits Chart for more information.
- Contact us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for additional information.

All preventive services are free. This apple is shown the preventive services in the Benefits Chart.



## D. Our plan's Benefits Chart

Cove	ered Service	What you pay
<b>~</b>	Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening	\$0
	We pay for a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Acupuncture	\$0
	We pay for up to two outpatient acupuncture services in any one calendar month, or more often if they are medically necessary.	
	We also pay for up to 12 acupuncture visits in 90 days if you have chronic low back pain, defined as:	
	<ul> <li>lasting 12 weeks or longer;</li> <li>not specific (having no systemic cause that can be identified, such as not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, or infectious disease);</li> <li>not associated with surgery; and</li> <li>not associated with pregnancy.</li> </ul>	
	In addition, we pay for an additional eight sessions of acupuncture for chronic low back pain if you show improvement. You may not get more than 20 acupuncture treatments for chronic low back pain each year.	
	Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you don't get better or if you get worse.	
	Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Acupuncture (continued)	
	Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:	
	<ul> <li>a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,</li> <li>a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</li> </ul>	
	Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.	
<b>Č</b>	Alcohol misuse screening and counseling	\$0
	We pay for one alcohol-misuse screening (SABIRT) for adults who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent. This includes pregnant women.	
	If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief, face-to-face counseling sessions each year (if you're able and alert during counseling) with a qualified primary care provider (PCP) or practitioner in a primary care setting.	
	Ambulance services	\$0
	Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non- emergency situation, include ground and air (airplane and helicopter). The ambulance will take you to the nearest place that can give you care.	
	Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your health or life.	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Ambulance services (continued)	
	Ambulance services for other cases (non-emergent) must be approved by us. In cases that aren't emergencies, we may pay for an ambulance. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health.	
	<b>Note:</b> Air ambulance requires prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>Č</b>	Annual wellness visit	\$0
	You can get an annual checkup. This is to make or update a prevention plan based on your current risk factors. We pay for this once every 12 months.	
	<b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your <b>Welcome to Medicare</b> visit. However, you don't need to have had a <b>Welcome to Medicare</b> visit to get annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	
	Asthma Preventive Services	\$0
	You can receive asthma education and a home environment assessment for triggers commonly found in the home for people with poorly controlled asthma.	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>Č</b>	Bone mass measurement	\$0
	We pay for certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality.	
	We pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if medically necessary. We also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the results.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
<b>Č</b>	Breast cancer screening (mammograms)	\$0
	We pay for the following services:	
	<ul> <li>one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>one screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and over</li> <li>clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	
	Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services	\$0
	We pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's referral.	
	We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>~</b>	Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit (therapy for heart disease)	\$0
	We pay for one visit a year, or more if medically necessary, with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may:	
	<ul> <li>discuss aspirin use,</li> <li>check your blood pressure, and/or</li> <li>give you tips to make sure you're eating well.</li> </ul>	
<b>~</b>	Cardiovascular (heart) disease screening tests	\$0
	We pay for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also check for defects due to high risk of heart disease.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
Cove	Caregiver support services  Total Care Advantage covers caregiver support services through a partnership with local community-based agencies within Ventura County. Depending on the subject, services are available in-person and virtual classes. Classes can include, but not limited to the following:  Caregiver support groups Dementia care series Caregiver counseling seminars How to cope with stress How to address caregiver burnout and address challenges of providing care  To learn about caregiver support services in your area, please contact	\$0
	Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of this page.  Note: Requires a referral from your Care Coordinator.	
*	<ul> <li>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</li> <li>We pay for the following services:</li> <li>for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months</li> <li>for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months</li> <li>for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months</li> <li>for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years</li> </ul>	\$0
	Chiropractic services  We pay for the following services:  adjustments of the spine to correct alignment treatment of the spine by manual manipulation  Outpatient chiropractic services are limited to a maximum of two services per month or in combination with two services per month to include: acupuncture, audiology, occupational therapy and speech therapy.	\$0



Covered Service	What you pay
Chronic pain management and treatment services  Covered monthly services for people living with chronic pain (persistent or recurring pain lasting longer than 3 months). Services may include pain assessment, medication management, and care coordination and planning.	\$0
<ul> <li>Colorectal cancer screening</li> <li>We pay for the following services:</li> <li>Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy.</li> <li>Computed tomography colonography for patients 45 years and older who aren't at high risk of colorectal cancer is covered when at least 59 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography was performed, or when 47 months have passed following the month in which the last screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy was performed. For patients at high risk for colorectal cancer, payment may be made for a screening computed tomography colonography performed after at least 23 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography or the last screening colonoscopy was performed.</li> <li>Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient got a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or computed tomography colonography.</li> <li>Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.</li> <li>Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li> <li>Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li> </ul>	\$0
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	red Service	What you pay
	Colorectal cancer screening (continued)	
	<ul> <li>Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.</li> <li>Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.</li> <li>Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</li> <li>Colorectal cancer screening tests include a planned screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy that involves the removal of tissue or other matter, or other procedure furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Dental services	\$0
	We pay for certain dental services, including but not limited to, cleanings, fillings, and dentures. What we don't cover is available through Medi-Cal Dental, described in <b>Section F2</b> below.	
	We pay for some dental services when the service is an integral part of specific treatment of a person's primary medical condition. Examples include reconstruction of the jaw after a fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams prior to organ transplantation.	
	Routine dental services will be provided by Medi-Cal Dental. See <b>Section F2</b> following this chart called "Benefits covered outside of our plan" for more details.	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and/or prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>ě</b>	Depression screening	\$0
	We pay for one depression screening each year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
<b>Č</b>	Diabetes screening	\$0
	We pay for this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors:	
	<ul> <li>high blood pressure (hypertension)</li> <li>history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia)</li> <li>obesity</li> <li>history of high blood sugar (glucose)</li> </ul>	
	Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you're overweight and have a family history of diabetes.	
	You may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>~</b>	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies	\$0
	We pay for the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not):	
	<ul> <li>Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the following:         <ul> <li>a blood glucose monitor</li> <li>blood glucose test strips</li> <li>lancet devices and lancets</li> <li>glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors</li> </ul> </li> <li>For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease, we pay for the following:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or</li> <li>one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>inserts provided with such shoes)</li> <li>In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Services.</li> </ul>	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies (continued)	
The following manufacturers are preferred when ordering diabetic supplies such as lancets, test strips, and continuous glucose monitors:	
<ul><li>Abbott</li><li>Dexcom</li><li>Ascensia</li></ul>	
If ordering other manufacturers for diabetic supplies that are not preferred, those supplies will require prior authorization.	
Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Doula Services	\$0
For individuals who are pregnant we pay for nine visits with a doula during the prenatal and postpartum period as well as support during labor and delivery. Up to nine additional postpartums may be provided as well.	
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies	\$0
Refer to <b>Chapter 12</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)."	
We cover the following items:	
<ul> <li>wheelchairs, including electric wheelchairs</li> <li>crutches</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>powered mattress systems</li><li>dry pressure pad for mattress</li></ul>	
<ul><li>diabetic supplies</li><li>hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>intravenous (IV) infusion pumps and pole</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>speech generating devices</li><li>oxygen equipment and supplies</li></ul>	
nebulizers	
<ul> <li>walkers</li> <li>standard curved handle or quad cane and replacement supplies</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)	
<ul> <li>cervical traction (over the door)</li> <li>bone stimulator</li> <li>dialysis care equipment</li> </ul>	
Other items may be covered.	
We pay for all medically necessary DME that Medicare and Medi-Cal. usually pay for. If our supplier in your area doesn't carry a particular brand or maker, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Emergency care	\$0
Emergency care means services that are:	If you get emergency care at an out-of-
<ul> <li>given by a provider trained to give emergency services, and</li> <li>needed to evaluate or treat a medical emergency.</li> </ul>	network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency
A medical emergency is an illness, injury, severe pain, or medical condition that's quickly getting worse. The condition is so serious that, if it does not get immediate medical attention, anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:	is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital for your care to continue to be paid for. You can stay in the out-
<ul> <li>serious risk to your health or to that of your unborn child; or</li> <li>serious harm to bodily functions; or</li> <li>serious dysfunction of any bodily organ; or</li> </ul>	of-network hospital for your inpatient care only if our plan approves
<ul> <li>loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb.</li> <li>In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:</li> <li>There isn't enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.</li> </ul>	your stay.
» A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child.	
The plan also covers emergency care up to \$100,000 per year to evaluate or stabilize emergency medical conditions when you are traveling outside of the U.S. and its territories.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Emergency care (continued)	
Not all hospitals or doctors outside the U.S. accept Medicare or Medi-Cal. If you require emergency services while abroad, you may need to pay for them upfront and request to be reimbursed. To request reimbursement for emergency services, you must provide detailed, itemized receipts outlining the services received.	
Worldwide emergency services do not cover routine and preventive care services, including routine prescription drugs.	
Family planning services	\$0
The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – for certain family planning services. This means any doctor, clinic, hospital, pharmacy or family planning office.	
We pay for the following services:	
<ul> <li>family planning exam and medical treatment</li> <li>family planning lab and diagnostic tests</li> <li>family planning methods (IUC/IUD, implants, injections, birth control pills, patch, or ring)</li> <li>family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap)</li> <li>limited fertility services such as counseling and education about fertility awareness techniques, and/or preconception health counseling, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs)</li> <li>counseling and testing for HIV and AIDS, and other HIV-related conditions</li> <li>permanent contraception (You must be age 21 or over to choose this method of family planning. You must sign a federal sterilization consent form at least 30 days, but not more than 180 days before the date of surgery.)</li> <li>genetic counseling</li> </ul>	
We also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in our provider network for the following services:	
<ul> <li>treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This service doesn't include artificial ways to become pregnant.)</li> <li>treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions</li> <li>genetic testing</li> </ul>	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Fitness	\$0
	The One Pass fitness benefit is an all-in-one fitness program available to members of Total Care Advantage.	
	Services include:	
	<ul> <li>Access to large national network of participating gyms and fitness studios</li> <li>At-home fitness options including online fitness classes</li> <li>Online brain training exercises and games</li> <li>Social and community activities</li> </ul>	
	Depending on location, some gyms may have limitations. You will have access to standard fitness facility services. Any services that typically require an additional fee are not included.	
	To find gyms in your area, go to <a href="https://www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a> for the One Pass gym locator.	
<b>~</b>	Health and wellness education programs	\$0
	We offer many programs that focus on certain health conditions. These include:	
	<ul> <li>health education classes;</li> <li>nutrition education classes;</li> <li>smoking and tobacco use cessation; and</li> <li>nursing hotline</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> Smoking cessation services require a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Hearing services	\$0
	We pay for hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical treatment. They're covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Hearing services (continued)	
We also pay for hearing aids when prescribed by a physician or other qualified provider, including:	
<ul> <li>molds, supplies, and inserts</li> <li>repairs</li> <li>an initial set of batteries</li> <li>six visits for training, adjustments, and fitting with the same vendor after you get the hearing aid</li> <li>trial period rental of hearing aids</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>assistive listening devices, surface-worn bone conduction hearing devices</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>hearing aid-related audiology and post-evaluation services</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Hearing and balance tests from an audiologist or specialist requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Supplemental hearing services	
Hearing Exam: 1 routine hearing exam per year.	\$0 for hearing exam
Hearing Aids: Up to two hearing aids (including earmolds, if necessary) every year (limit 1 per ear). Benefit is limited to Widex-, Signia-, and TruHearing-branded hearing aids in the applicable TruHearing Catalog. Rechargeable styles are available. You must see a TruHearing provider to use this benefit. Call 1-833-723-3311 (TTY: 711) to schedule an appointment.	\$0 hearing aid fitting
<ul> <li>Hearing aid purchase includes:</li> <li>First year of follow-up provider visits</li> <li>60-day trial period</li> <li>3-year manufacturer warranty</li> <li>80 batteries per aid for non-rechargeable models</li> </ul>	\$0 for hearing aids Up to two hearing aids per year
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Hearing services (continued)	
Benefit doesn't include or cover any of the following:  Over-the-counter (OTC) hearing aids  Hearing aid accessories  Additional provider visits  Additional batteries; batteries when a rechargeable hearing aid is purchased  Hearing aids that are not in the applicable catalog  Costs associated with loss & damage warranty claims  Costs associated with excluded items are the responsibility of the member and not covered by the plan.	
Help with certain chronic conditions	\$0
You may be covered for the benefits below if you meet the following Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III (SSBCI) criteria:	
<ul> <li>Have one or more chronic condition(s)</li> <li>High risk of hospitalization or adverse health outcome</li> <li>Requires intensive care coordination</li> </ul>	
We cover the following SSBCI chronic conditions:	
<ul> <li>Chronic alcohol/drug dependence</li> <li>Autoimmune disorder</li> <li>Cancer</li> <li>Cardiovascular disorder</li> <li>Chronic heart failure</li> <li>Dementia</li> <li>Diabetes mellitus</li> <li>End-stage liver disease</li> <li>End-stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis</li> <li>Severe hematologic (blood) disorder</li> <li>HIV/AIDS</li> <li>Chronic lung disorder</li> <li>Chronic and disabling mental health condition</li> <li>Neurologic disorder</li> <li>Stroke</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Help with certain chronic conditions (continued)	
	If you qualify for SSBCI, you may receive the following SSBCI benefits:	
	Non-medical transportation to specific locations	
	See "Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III (SSBCI)" later in this chart for more information.	
<b>Č</b>	HIV screening	\$0
	We pay for one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who:	
	<ul> <li>ask for an HIV screening test, or</li> <li>are at increased risk for HIV infection.</li> </ul>	
	If you're pregnant, we pay for up to three HIV screening tests during a pregnancy.	
	We also pay for additional HIV screening(s) when recommended by your provider.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Home health agency care	\$0
	Before you can get home health services, a doctor must tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.	
	We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
	<ul> <li>part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.)</li> <li>physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy medical and social services</li> <li>medical equipment and supplies</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Home infusion therapy	\$0
Our plan pays for home infusion therapy, defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the skin and provided to you at home. The following are needed to perform home infusion:	
<ul> <li>the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or immune globulin;</li> <li>equipment, such as a pump; and</li> <li>supplies, such as tubing or a catheter.</li> </ul>	
Our plan covers home infusion services that include but aren't limited to:	
<ul> <li>professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan;</li> <li>member training and education not already included in the DME benefit;</li> <li>remote monitoring; and</li> <li>monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier.</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Hospice care	\$0
You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. Our plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including programs we own, control, or have a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



#### **Covered Service** What you pay **Hospice care (continued)** Covered services include: drugs to treat symptoms and pain short-term respite care home care For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis are billed to Medicare: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A or B services related to your terminal illness. While you're in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services Original Medicare pays for. For services covered by our plan but not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B: Our plan covers services not covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. We cover the services whether or not they relate to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services. For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit: Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member* Handbook. **Note:** If you have a serious illness, you may be eligible for palliative care, which provides team-based patient and family-centered care to improve your quality of life. You may receive palliative care at the same time as curative/regular care. Please see Palliative Care section below for more information. **Note:** If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator and/or member services to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that isn't related to your terminal prognosis.



Covered Service	What you pay
Immunizations	\$0
We pay for the following services:	
<ul> <li>pneumonia vaccines</li> <li>flu/influenza shots, once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots if medically necessary</li> <li>hepatitis B vaccines if you're at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B</li> <li>COVID-19 vaccines</li> <li>human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine</li> <li>other vaccines if you're at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li> </ul>	
We pay for other vaccines that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Refer to <b>Chapter 6</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> to learn more.	
Inpatient hospital care	\$0
We pay for the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here:	You must get approval from our plan to get inpatient care at an
<ul> <li>semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>meals, including special diets</li> <li>regular nursing services</li> <li>costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care</li> </ul>	out-of-network hospital after your emergency is stabilized.
<ul><li>units</li><li>drugs and medications</li><li>lab tests</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>X-rays and other radiology services</li> <li>needed surgical and medical supplies</li> <li>appliances, such as wheelchairs</li> <li>operating and recovery room services</li> <li>physical, occupational, and speech therapy</li> <li>inpatient substance abuse services</li> <li>in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreas, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral.</li> </ul>	
If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide if you're a candidate for a transplant.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient hospital care (continued)	
Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If our plan provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for our community and you choose to get your transplant there, we arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person.	
<ul><li>blood, including storage and administration</li><li>physician services</li></ul>	
<b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you're not sure if you're an inpatient or an outpatient, you ask the hospital staff.	
Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet called <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i> . This fact sheet is available at <b>Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf</b> or by calling <b>1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)</b> . TTY users call <b>1-877-486-2048</b> .	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital	\$0
We pay for mental health care services that require a hospital stay.	
<ul> <li>If you need inpatient services in a freestanding psychiatric hospital, we pay for the first 190 days. After that, the local county mental health agency pays for medically necessary inpatient psychiatric services. Authorization for care beyond the 190 days is coordinated with the local county mental health agency.</li> <li>The 190-day limit doesn't apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital</li> <li>If you're 65 years or older, we pay for services you get in an Institute for Mental Diseases (IMD).</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Requires prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay	\$0
We don't pay for your inpatient stay if you've used all of your inpatient benefit or if the stay isn't reasonable and medically necessary.	
However, in certain situations where inpatient care isn't covered, we may pay for services you get while you're in a hospital or nursing facility. To find out more, contact Member Services.	
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
<ul> <li>doctor services</li> <li>diagnostic tests, like lab tests</li> <li>X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services</li> <li>surgical dressings</li> <li>splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations</li> <li>prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that replace all or part of:</li> <li>an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or</li> <li>the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ.</li> <li>leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in your condition</li> <li>physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> <li>Note: Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.</li> </ul>	
Kidney disease services and supplies	\$0
We pay for the following services:	
<ul> <li>Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help you make good decisions about your care. You must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. We cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services.</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Kidney disease services and supplies (continued)	
	<ul> <li>Outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3 of this Member Handbook, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.</li> <li>Inpatient dialysis treatments if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care</li> <li>Self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments</li> <li>Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li> <li>Certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply.</li> <li>Medicare Part B pays for some drugs for dialysis. For information, refer to "Medicare Part B drugs" in this chart.</li> <li>Note: Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and</li> </ul>	
	medical group / clinic.	
<b>Č</b>	Lung cancer screening with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)	\$0
	Our plan pays for lung cancer screening every 12 months if you:	
	<ul> <li>are aged 50-77, and</li> <li>have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, and</li> <li>have smoked at least 1 pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years</li> </ul>	
	After the first screening, our plan pays for another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider. If a provider elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for lung cancer screenings, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service		What you pay
<b>Č</b>	Medical nutrition therapy	\$0
	This benefit is for people with diabetes or kidney disease without dialysis. It's also for after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor.	
	We pay for three hours of one-on-one counseling services during the first year you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare. We may approve additional services if medically necessary.	
	We pay for two hours of one-on-one counseling services each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a doctor's referral. A doctor must prescribe these services and renew the referral each year if you need treatment in the next calendar year. We may approve additional services if medically necessary.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>Č</b>	Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)	\$0
	Our plan pays for MDPP services for eligible people. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in:	
	<ul> <li>long-term dietary change, and</li> <li>increased physical activity, and</li> <li>ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Medicare Part B prescription drugs	\$0
	These drugs are covered under Part B of Medicare. Our plan pays for the following drugs:	
	<ul> <li>drugs you don't usually give yourself and are injected or infused while you get doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services</li> </ul>	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Medicare Part B drugs (continued)	
<ul> <li>insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump)</li> <li>other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that our plan authorized</li> <li>the Alzheimer's drug, Leqembi® (generic lecanemab) which is given intravenously (IV)</li> <li>clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia</li> <li>transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must</li> </ul>	
have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Medicare Part D covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them	
<ul> <li>osteoporosis drugs that are injected. We pay for these drugs if you're homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and can't inject the drug yourself</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug). As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti- nausea drug</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs covered under Medicare Part B</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>calcimimetic and phosphate binder medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv<sup>®</sup>, and the oral medication Sensipar<sup>®</sup></li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary) and topical anesthetics</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Medicare Part B drugs (continued)	
<ul> <li>erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have ESRD or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, Darbepoetin Alfa®, Mircera®, or Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epotin beta)</li> <li>IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</li> <li>parenteral and enteral nutrition (IV and tube feeding)</li> </ul>	
We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and most adult vaccines under our Medicare Part D drug benefit.	
<b>Chapter 5</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> explains our drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.	
<b>Chapter 6</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> explains what you pay for your drugs through our plan.	
Note: Some drugs may require a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Nurse advice line	\$0
If you are unsure about your symptoms or the level of care you need, you can speak to a registered nurse 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The call is confidential and may help to avoid unnecessary visits to the urgent care or emergency room.	
To speak to a nurse, call 1-877-431-1700 (TTY: 711)	



Covered Service	What you pay
Nursing facility care	\$0
A nursing facility (NF) is a place that provides care for people who can't get care at home but who don't need to be in a hospital.	
Services that we pay for include, but aren't limited to, the following:	
<ul> <li>semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>meals, including special diets</li> <li>nursing services</li> <li>physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>respiratory therapy</li> <li>drugs given to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood-clotting factors.)</li> <li>blood, including storage and administration</li> <li>medical and surgical supplies usually given by nursing facilities</li> <li>lab tests usually given by nursing facilities</li> <li>X-rays and other radiology services usually given by nursing facilities</li> <li>use of appliances, such as wheelchairs usually given by nursing facilities</li> <li>physician/practitioner services</li> <li>durable medical equipment</li> <li>dental services, including dentures</li> <li>vision benefits</li> <li>hearing exams</li> <li>chiropractic care</li> <li>podiatry services</li> </ul> You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment: <ul> <li>a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where</li> </ul>	
you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care).  • a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital.	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down  If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we pay for counseling	\$0
to help you lose weight. You must get the counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more.	
Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Opioid treatment program (OTP) services	\$0
Our plan pays for the following services to treat opioid use disorder (OUD) through an OTP which includes the following services:	
<ul><li>intake activities</li><li>periodic assessments</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>medications approved by the FDA and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>substance use counseling</li> <li>individual and group therapy</li> <li>testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing)</li> </ul>	
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies	\$0
We pay for the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here:	
<ul> <li>X-rays</li> <li>radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations</li> <li>lab tests</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>blood, including storage and administration</li> <li>diagnostic non-laboratory tests such as CT scans, MRIs, EKGs, and PET scans when your doctor or other health care provider orders them to treat a medical condition</li> </ul>	
other outpatient diagnostic tests	
Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient hospital observation	\$0
We pay for outpatient hospital observation services to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.	
The services must meet Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another person authorized by state law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.	
<b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask hospital staff.	
Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet <i>Medicare</i> Hospital Benefits. This fact sheet is available at Medicare.gov/ publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf	
Outpatient hospital services	\$0
We pay for medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury, such as:	
<ul> <li>Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services</li> <li>» Observation services help your doctor know if you need to be admitted to the hospital as "inpatient."</li> <li>» Sometimes you can be in the hospital overnight and still be "outpatient."</li> <li>» You can get more information about being inpatient or outpatient in this fact sheet: es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf.</li> <li>Labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be</li> </ul>	
needed without it  X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient hospital services (continued)	
<ul> <li>Medical supplies, such as splints and casts</li> <li>Preventive screenings and services listed throughout the Benefits Chart</li> <li>Some drugs that you can't give yourself</li> </ul>	
Note: Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Outpatient mental health care	\$0
We pay for mental health services provided by:	
<ul> <li>a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor</li> <li>a clinical psychologist</li> <li>a clinical social worker</li> <li>a clinical nurse specialist</li> <li>a licensed professional counselor (LPC)</li> <li>a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT)</li> <li>a nurse practitioner (NP)</li> <li>a physician assistant (PA)</li> <li>any other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws</li> <li>We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>clinic services</li> <li>day treatment</li> <li>psychosocial rehab services</li> <li>partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient programs</li> <li>individual and group mental health evaluation and treatment</li> <li>psychological testing when clinically indicated to evaluate a mental health outcome</li> <li>outpatient services for the purposes of monitoring drug therapy</li> <li>outpatient laboratory, drugs, supplies and supplements</li> <li>psychiatric consultation</li> <li>adult residential treatment</li> </ul>	



Covered Service	What you pay
Outpatient rehabilitation services	\$0
We pay for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.	
You can get outpatient rehabilitation services from hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities.	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Outpatient substance use disorder services	\$0
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
<ul> <li>alcohol misuse screening and counseling</li> <li>treatment of drug abuse</li> <li>group or individual counseling by a qualified clinician</li> <li>subacute detoxification in a residential addiction program</li> <li>alcohol and/or drug services in an intensive outpatient treatment center</li> <li>extended-release Naltrexone (vivitrol) treatment</li> </ul>	
Outpatient surgery	\$0
We pay for outpatient surgery and services at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers.	
<b>Note:</b> If you're having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you'll be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Palliative Care	\$0
	Palliative care is covered by our plan. Palliative care is for people with serious illness. It provides patient and family-centered care that improves quality of life by anticipating, preventing, and treating suffering. Palliative Care <b>isn't</b> hospice, therefore you don't have to have a life expectancy of six months or less to qualify for palliative care. Palliative care is provided at the same time as curative/regular care.	
	Palliative care includes the following:	
	<ul> <li>advance care planning</li> <li>palliative care assessment and consultation</li> <li>a plan of care including all authorized palliative and curative care, including mental health and medical social services</li> <li>services from your designated care team</li> <li>care coordination</li> <li>pain and symptom management</li> </ul>	
	You may not get hospice care and palliative care at the same time if you're over the age of 21. If you're getting palliative care and meet the eligibility for hospice care, you can ask to change to hospice care at any time.	
	Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services	\$0
	Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It's offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center that's more intense than the care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital.	
	Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits	\$0
	We pay for the following services:	
	<ul> <li>medically necessary health care or surgery services given in places such as:</li> <li>physician's office</li> <li>certified ambulatory surgical center</li> <li>hospital outpatient department</li> <li>consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>basic hearing and balance exams given by your primary care provider, if your doctor orders them to find out whether you need treatment</li> <li>Certain telehealth services, including urgently needed care, primary care services, specialist services, mental health and substance use services from contracted practitioners affiliated with your medical group/clinic. Not all services may be available through telehealth services.</li> <li>You have the option of getting these services through an inperson visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth.</li> <li>telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or at home</li> <li>telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke</li> <li>telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder</li> <li>telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:         you have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth services</li> <li>exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances</li> <li>telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural health clinics and federally qualified health centers.</li> </ul>	
	This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	
<ul> <li>virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if         <ul> <li>you're not a new patient and</li> <li>the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> <li>the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:         <ul> <li>you're not a new patient and</li> <li>the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> </ul> </li> <li>The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> <li>Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient</li> <li>Second opinion before surgery</li> <li>Note: Specialists require a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.</li> </ul>	
Podiatry services	\$0
We pay for the following services:	
<ul> <li>diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention	\$0
If you don't have HIV, but your doctor or other health care practitioner determines you're at an increased risk for HIV, we cover pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) medication and related services.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention (continued)	
If you qualify, covered services include:	
<ul> <li>FDA-approved oral or injectable PrEP medication. If you're getting an injectable drug, we also cover the fee for injecting the drug.</li> <li>Up to 8 individual counseling sessions (including HIV risk assessment, HIV risk reduction, and medication adherence) every 12 months.</li> <li>Up to 8 HIV screenings every 12 months.</li> <li>A one-time hepatitis B virus screening.</li> </ul>	
Prostate cancer screening exams	\$0
For men aged 50 and over, we pay for the following services once every 12 months:	
<ul><li>a digital rectal exam</li><li>a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test</li></ul>	
Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies	\$0
Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but aren't limited to:	
<ul> <li>testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices</li> <li>colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>enteral and parenteral nutrition, including feeding supply kits, infusion pump, tubing and adaptor, solutions, and supplies for self- administered injections</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>pacemakers</li><li>braces</li></ul>	
prosthetic shoes     artificial arms and logs	
<ul> <li>artificial arms and legs</li> <li>breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy)</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies (continued)	
<ul> <li>prostheses to replace all of part of an external facial body part that was removed or impaired as a result of disease, injury, or congenital defect</li> <li>incontinence cream and diapers</li> </ul>	
We pay for some supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices. We also pay to repair or replace prosthetic and orthotic devices.	
We offer some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery.  Refer to "Vision care" later in this chart for details.	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Pulmonary rehabilitation services	\$0
We pay for pulmonary rehabilitation programs for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). You must have a referral for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or provider treating the COPD.	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Readmission prevention	\$0
Readmission prevention helps you remain stable and avoid being readmitted to the hospital.	
Following an inpatient or outpatient procedure in a hospital or skilled stay, you are covered for:	
<ul> <li>Up to 28 meals delivered to your home per year.</li> <li>Up to 64 hours per year of personal care services to include, but not limited to grooming, bathing, dressing, light housekeeping, meal preparation. Each visit has a minimum of four hours per visit.</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Cove	ered Service	What you pay
	Readmission prevention (continued)	
	You must request services within seven days after your hospitalization or outpatient surgery procedure. To request services, call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of this page.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your Care Coordinator.	
	Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection	\$0
	We cover one Hepatitis C screening if your primary care doctor or other qualified health care provider orders one and you meet one of these conditions:	
	<ul> <li>You're at high risk because you use or have used illicit injection drugs.</li> <li>You had a blood transfusion before 1992.</li> <li>You were born between 1945-1965.</li> </ul>	
	If you were born between 1945-1965 and aren't considered high risk, we pay for a screening once. If you're at high risk (for example, you've continued to use illicit injection drugs since your previous negative Hepatitis C screening test), we cover yearly screenings.	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
<b>Č</b>	Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling	\$0
	We pay for screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for some people who are at increased risk for an STI. A primary care provider must order the tests. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.	
	We also pay for up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. We pay for these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Cove	red Service	What you pay
	Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care	\$0
	For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, go to <b>Chapter 12</b> .	
	We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
	<ul> <li>a semi-private room, or a private room if it's medically necessary</li> <li>meals, including special diets</li> <li>skilled nursing services</li> <li>physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>drugs you get as part of your plan of care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood-clotting factors</li> <li>blood, including storage and administration</li> <li>medical and surgical supplies given by SNFs</li> <li>lab tests given by SNFs</li> <li>X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities</li> <li>appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities</li> <li>physician/provider services</li> </ul>	
	You usually get SNF care from network facilities. Under certain conditions you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:	
	<ul> <li>a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care)</li> <li>a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	



Covered Service		What you pay
<b>Č</b>	Smoking and tobacco use cessation	\$0
	Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria:	
	<ul> <li>use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease</li> <li>are competent and alert during counseling</li> <li>a qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling</li> </ul>	
	We cover two cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of four intermediate or intensive sessions, with up to eight sessions per year).	
	Note: Requires a referral from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III (SSBCI)	\$0
	You must qualify for SSBCI benefits to receive the benefits below. See "Help with certain chronic conditions" earlier in this chapter to see how you qualify for these benefits.	
	Non-medical transportation services	
	You are covered for up to 24 one-way trips to specific non-medical locations if you qualify for SSBCI benefits. The non-medical locations consist of:	
	<ul> <li>Grocery stores</li> <li>Health clubs/gyms</li> <li>Senior centers</li> <li>Church</li> <li>Personal care salon</li> </ul>	
	Each one-way trip is limited to 30 miles per each trip.	

Covered Service	What you pay
Supervised exercise therapy (SET)	\$0
We pay for SET for members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.	
Our plan pays for:	
<ul> <li>up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met</li> <li>an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider</li> </ul>	
The SET program must be:	
<ul> <li>30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication)</li> <li>in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's office</li> <li>delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li> <li>under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</li> </ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
Transportation: Non-emergency medical transportation	\$0
This benefit allows for medical transportation for a service covered by your plan and Medicare. This can include ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van medical transportation services, and coordinating with para transit.	
The forms of transportation are authorized when:	
<ul> <li>Your medical provider determines your medical and/or physical condition doesn't allow you to travel by bus, passenger car, taxicab, or another form of public or private transportation, and</li> </ul>	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Transportation: Non-emergency medical transportation (continued)	
<ul> <li>prior authorization is required, and</li> <li>you'll need to call your plan to arrange a ride.</li> <li>you need help from the driver to and from our home, vehicle, or place of treatment due to a physical or mental disability.</li> <li>Trips can only be scheduled to contracted providers and facilities under Total Care Advantage and are authorized.</li> </ul>	
NEMT trips can be scheduled by completing the following steps:	
<ol> <li>Your doctor must complete the Physician Certification Statement (PCS) form and submit it to Total Care Advantage and Ventura Transit System (VTS).</li> <li>Once approved, the approval is good for the remainder of the calendar year. Your doctor will need to submit a new PCS form at the beginning of each year if you need to continue NEMT services.</li> <li>Once the PCS form is received and approved, call TCA Transportation at 1-888-808-9323 (TTY: 711) to schedule your NEMT trip.</li> <li>You must schedule your trip at least two business days in advance (Monday - Friday) before your appointment.</li> <li>You should schedule your pickup at least one hour prior to your scheduled appointment.</li> <li>Wait for your driver at curbside in front of the address provided (unless you requested door-to-door service).</li> <li>Note: PCS forms must be submitted and approved prior to scheduling your trip.</li> </ol>	
Transportation: Non-medical transportation (NMT)	\$0
This benefit allows for transportation to medical services by passenger car, taxi, or other forms of public/private transportation.	
Transportation is required for the purpose of obtaining needed medical care covered by Medi-Cal, including travel to dental appointments and to pick up drugs.	
Transportation for services dually covered by Medi-Cal and Medicare are covered.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Transportation: Non-medical transportation (NMT) (continued)	
To schedule an NMT trip:	
<ul> <li>Call TCA Transportation at 1-888-808-9323 (TTY: 711) to schedule your NMT trip.</li> <li>You must schedule your trip at least two business days in advance (Monday - Friday) before your appointment.</li> <li>You should schedule your pickup at least one hour prior to your scheduled appointment.</li> <li>Wait for your driver at curbside in front of the address provided (unless you requested door-to-door service).</li> <li>See "Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III" earlier in this chart for additional transportation benefits.</li> </ul>	
Note: Transportation services must be to approved destinations.	
Urgently needed care	\$0
Urgently needed care is care given to treat:	
<ul> <li>a non-emergency that requires immediate medical care, or</li> <li>an unforeseen illness, or</li> <li>an injury, or</li> <li>a condition that needs care right away.</li> </ul>	
If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider because given your time, place, or circumstances, it's not possible, or it's unreasonable, to get this service from network providers (for example, when you're outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it's not a medical emergency).	
The plan also covers urgently needed care up to \$100,000 per year when you are traveling outside of the U.S. and its territories.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service	What you pay
Urgently needed care (continued)	
Not all hospitals or doctors outside the U.S. accept Medicare or Medi- Cal. If you require urgently needed care while abroad, you may need to pay for them up front. To request reimbursement for urgent care services, you must provide detailed, itemized receipts outlining the services received.	
Worldwide urgent care services do not cover routine and preventive care services, including routine prescription drugs.	
Vision care (medical care)  We pay for the following services:	\$0 for vision exam to treat medical conditions of the eye
<ul> <li>one routine eye exam every year and</li> <li>up to \$100 for eyeglasses (frames and lenses) or up to \$100 for contact lenses every two years</li> </ul>	\$0 for glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery
We pay for outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For example, treatment for age-related macular degeneration.	
For people at high risk of glaucoma, we pay for one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include:	
<ul> <li>people with a family history of glaucoma</li> <li>people with diabetes</li> <li>African-Americans who are 50 and over</li> <li>Hispanic Americans who are 65 and over</li> </ul>	
For people with diabetes, we pay for screening for diabetic retinopathy once per year.	
We pay for one pair of eyeglasses with standard frames (or one set of contact lenses) covered after each cataract surgery when the doctor inserts an intraocular lens.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	



Covered Service		What you pay
	Vision care (medical care) (continued)	
	If you have two separate cataract surgeries, you must get one pair of glasses after each surgery. You can't get two pairs of glasses after the second surgery, even if you didn't get a pair of glasses after the first surgery.	
	<b>Note:</b> Medical vision care requires a referral and prior authorization from your doctor and medical group / clinic.	
	Vision care (non-medical / supplemental)	
	We cover supplemental vision services through Vision Service Plan (VSP). You are covered for the following services:	
	<ul> <li>One routine eye exam every year and</li> <li>Up to \$350 for frames or contact lenses every 12 months.</li> </ul>	\$0 for supplemental eye exam
	To find a VSP provider near you, call VSP at <b>1-800-877-7195</b> . If you use a TTY, call <b>1-800-428-4833</b> . You can also go to the Total Care Advantage website to find a VSP provider at <a href="https://www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a> .	
<b>Č</b>	"Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit	\$0
	We cover the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes:	
	<ul> <li>a review of your health,</li> <li>education and counseling about preventive services you need (including screenings and shots), and</li> <li>referrals for other care if you need it.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Note:</b> We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	



# E. Community Supports

You may get supports under your Individualized Care Plan. Community Supports are medically appropriate and cost-effective alternative services or settings to those covered under the Medi-Cal State Plan. These services are optional for members. If you qualify, these services may help you live more independently. They don't replace benefits that you already receive under Medi-Cal.

Examples of Community Supports that we offer include medically supportive food and meals or medically-tailored meals, help for you or your caregiver, or shower grab bars and ramps.

If you need help or would like to find out which Community Supports may be available to you, call Member Services **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**) or call your health care provider.

## **Assisted Living Facility Transitions**

This Community Support is intended for members with an imminent need for nursing facility level of care (LOC) and is intended to provide a choice of residing in an assisted living setting as an alternative to long-term placement in a nursing facility. Total Care Advantage will provide time-limited transition services and expenses to enable you to establish residence in an assisted living facility based on Medi-Cal criteria and restrictions.

## Eligibility:

- 1. Have resided 60+ days in a nursing facility: and
- 2. Are willing to live in an assisted living setting as an alternative to a nursing facility; and
- 3. Are able to reside safely in an assisted living facility.

#### **Asthma Remediation**

Asthma Remediation consists of supplies and/or physical modifications to a home environment that are necessary to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of a member, or to enable a member to function in the home with reduced likelihood of experiencing acute asthma episodes.

#### *Eligibility:*

 Must complete an in-home environmental trigger assessment within the last 12 months that identifies and specifies how the interventions meet the needs of the member.

#### Limitations:

- Asthma remediations must be conducted in accordance with applicable State and local building codes.
- Medi-Cal costs and restrictions will apply.



## **Community or Home Transition Services**

Time-limited transition services and expenses to enable a member to transition from a licensed facility to a private residence or public subsidized housing and coordinating funding for modifications to install necessary accommodations for accessibility.

## Eligibility:

- Are currently receiving medically necessary nursing facility Level of Care (LOC) services and in lieu
  of remaining in the nursing facility or Recuperative Care setting are choosing to transition home and
  continue to receive medically necessary nursing facility LOC services; and
- 2. Have lived 60+ days in a nursing home and/or Recuperative Care setting; and
- 3. Are interested in moving back to the community; and
- 4. Are able to reside safely in the community with appropriate and cost-effective supports and services.

#### Limitations:

- Does not include monthly rental or mortgage expenses, food, regular utility charges, and/or household appliances or items that are intended for purely diversionary / recreational purposes.
- Must be necessary to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of the member, without which the member would then require continued or re-institutionalization.
- Medi-Cal monetary limitations will apply.

## **Day Habilitation Programs**

Day Habilitation Programs are designed to assist a member in acquiring, retaining, and improving self-help, socialization, and adaptive skills necessary to reside successfully in the person's natural environment.

Day Habilitation Program services include, but are not limited to, training on:

- 1. The use of public transportation.
- 2. Personal skills development in conflict resolution.
- 3. Community participation.
- 4. Developing and maintaining interpersonal relationships.
- 5. Daily living skills (cooking, cleaning, shopping, money management).
- 6. Community resource awareness such as police, fire, or local services to support independence in the community.
- 7. Selecting and moving into a home.
- 8. Locating and choosing suitable housemates.
- Additional case management services as needed.
- 10. Providing a referral to non-Community Supports housing resources if the member does not meet the eligibility criteria for other housing support services.



## Eligibility:

- Experiencing homelessness; or
- Exited homelessness and entered housing in the last 24 months; or
- At risk of homelessness or institutionalization whose housing stability could be improved through participation in a Day Habilitation Program.

#### Limitations:

Services can be provided continuously, or through intermittent meetings, in an individual or group setting.

### **Home Modifications**

Home modifications are physical adaptations to a home that are necessary to ensure the health, welfare, and safety, and/or enable the member to function with greater independence.

## Examples of home modifications:

- Ramps and grab bars to assist members in accessing the home
- Doorway widening for members who require a wheelchair
- Stair lifts
- Making a bathroom and shower wheelchair accessible (e.g., constructing a roll-in shower)
- Installation of specialized electric and plumbing systems that are necessary to accommodate the medical equipment and supplies of the member
- Installation and testing of a Personal Emergency Response System (PERS) for members who are alone for significant parts of the day without a caregiver and who otherwise require routine supervision (including monthly service costs, as needed).

## Eligibility:

At risk for institutionalization in a nursing facility.

#### Limitations:

- The services are available in a home that is owned, rented, leased or occupied by the member.
- For a home that is not owned by the member, the member must provide written consent from the owner for physical adaptations to the home or for equipment that is physically installed in the home (e.g., grab bars, chair lifts, etc.).
- Medi-Cal limits and restrictions will apply.

## **Housing Deposits**

Housing Deposits assist with identifying, coordinating, securing, or funding one-time services and modifications necessary to enable a person to establish a basic household.



### Housing deposits include:

- 1. Security deposits required to obtain a lease on an apartment or home.
- 2. Set-up fees / deposits for utilities or service access and any unpaid utility bills.
- 3. First month coverage of utilities, including but not limited to telephone, gas, electricity, heating, and water.
- 4. Services necessary for the individual's health and safety, such as pest eradication and one-time cleaning prior to occupancy, along with necessary minor repairs to meet HUD Housing Choice Voucher program quality standards, or other habitability standards, as applicable, where those costs are not the responsibility of the landlord under applicable law.
- 5. Application fees to cover the cost of the lease application.
- 6. Goods such as an air conditioner or heater, and other medically-necessary adaptive aids and services, designed to preserve an individuals' health and safety in the home such as hospital beds, Hoyer lifts, air filters, specialized cleaning or pest control supplies etc., that are necessary to ensure access and safety for the individual upon move-in to the home, when they are not otherwise available to the member under Medi-Cal.

## Eligibility:

- Experiencing or at risk of homelessness.
- Must meet Medi-Cal clinical risk factor requirements; or
- Individuals who are determined eligible for Transitional Rent. These individuals are automatically eligible for Housing Deposits; or.
- Individuals who are prioritized for a permanent supportive housing unit or rental subsidy resource
  through the local homeless Coordinated Entry System or similar system designed to use information to
  identify highly vulnerable individuals with disabilities and/or one or more serious chronic conditions and/
  or serious mental illness, institutionalization or requiring residential services because of a substance use
  disorder and/or is exiting incarceration.

### Limitations:

- Services do not include the provision of room and board or payment of rental assistance.
- Medi-Cal limitations and restrictions apply.

## **Housing Tenancy and Sustaining Services**

Housing Tenancy and Sustaining Services help a member maintain safe and stable tenancy once housing is secured.

#### Services include:

- 1. Providing early identification and intervention for behaviors that may jeopardize housing, such as late rental payment, hoarding, substance use, and other lease violations.
- 2. Providing education and training for the member on the role, rights, and responsibilities of the tenant and landlord.



- 3. Providing education about Fair Housing and anti-discrimination practices, including making requests for necessary reasonable accommodation if necessary.
- 4. Coaching on developing and maintaining key relationships with landlords / property managers and/or neighbors with a goal of fostering successful tenancy.
- 5. Coordinating with the landlord and care / case manager to address issues that could impact housing stability.
- Assistance in resolving disputes with landlords and/or neighbors to reduce risk of eviction or other adverse action including developing a repayment plan or identifying funding in situations in which the member owes back rent or payment for damage to the unit.
- 7. Assistance with the annual housing recertification process.
- 8. Coordinating with the tenant to review, update, and modify their housing support and crisis plan on a regular basis to reflect current needs and address existing or recurring housing retention barriers.
- 9. Continuing assistance with lease compliance, including ongoing support with activities related to household management.
- 10. Health and safety visits, including to ensure the unit remains safe and habitable.
- 11. Other prevention and early intervention services identified in the crisis plan that are activated when housing is jeopardized (e.g., assisting with reasonable accommodation requests that were not initially required upon move-in).

### Eligibility:

- Experiencing or at risk of homelessness.
- Must meet Medi-Cal clinical risk factor requirements; or
- Individuals who are determined eligible for Transitional Rent. These individuals are automatically eligible for Housing Deposits; or.
- Individuals who are prioritized for a permanent supportive housing unit or rental subsidy resource
  through the local homeless Coordinated Entry System or similar system designed to use information to
  identify highly vulnerable individuals with disabilities and/or one or more serious chronic conditions and/
  or serious mental illness, institutionalization or requiring residential services because of a substance use
  disorder and/or is exiting incarceration.

#### Limitations:

- Services do not include the provision of room and board.
- Medi-Cal limitations and restrictions apply

## **Housing Transition Navigation Services**

Housing Transition Navigation Services (HTNS) assist members with finding, applying for, and obtaining housing.

A housing support plan will be developed to:

- Identify housing needs, preferences, barriers and assess housing retention strengths and barriers.
- Assist in securing housing, including the completion of housing applications and securing required documentation.



- Identifying and securing available resources to assist with attaining housing—such as Transitional Rent, HUD Housing Choice Voucher, and other state and local assistance programs—and matching available resources to Members.
- Landlord education and engagement.

### Eligibility:

- Experiencing or at risk of homelessness.
- Must have one or more of the following clinical risk factors:
  - i. Meets the access criteria for Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services (SMHS);
  - ii. Meets the access criteria for Drug Medi-Cal (DMC) or Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System (DMC-ODS);
  - iii. One or more serious chronic physical health conditions;
  - iv. One or more physical, intellectual, or developmental disabilities; or
  - v. Individuals who are pregnant up through 12-months postpartum; or
  - vi. Individuals who are determined eligible for Transitional Rent; or
  - vii. Individuals who are prioritized for a permanent supportive housing unit or rental subsidy resource through the local homeless Coordinated Entry System or similar system designed to use information to identify highly vulnerable individuals with disabilities and/or one or more serious chronic conditions and/or serious mental illness, institutionalization or requiring residential services because of a substance use disorder and/or is exiting incarceration.

#### Limitations:

- Services do not include the provision of room and board or payment of rental assistance.
- Medi-Cal limitations and restrictions apply.

## **Medically Tailored Meals and Groceries**

Medically tailored meals and groceries are designed to address individuals' chronic or other serious conditions that are nutrition-sensitive, leading to improved health outcomes.

#### Eligibility:

Individuals who have chronic or other serious health conditions that are nutrition sensitive, such as (but not limited to):

- cancer(s)
- cardiovascular disorders
- chronic kidney disease
- chronic lung disorders or other pulmonary conditions such as asthma / COPD
- heart failure
- diabetes or other metabolic conditions
- elevated lead levels
- end-stage renal disease



- high cholesterol
- human immunodeficiency virus
- hypertension
- liver disease
- dyslipidemia
- fatty liver
- malnutrition
- obesity
- stroke
- gastrointestinal disorders
- gestational diabetes
- high-risk perinatal conditions, and
- chronic or disabling mental / behavioral health disorders.

#### Limitations:

- Up to two meals and/or meal packages per day; up to 12 weeks.
- Must address or mitigate nutritional needs from a chronic or serious health condition and are not covered to respond solely to food insecurities.

## **Personal Care and Homemaker Services**

Personal care and homemaker services can be provided to individuals who need assistance with activities of daily living such as:

- Bathing, dressing, and toileting
- Ambulation
- Feeding and/or meal preparation
- Grocery shopping
- Money management
- Housekeeping and laundry

#### Eligibility:

- Individuals at risk for hospitalization, or institutionalization in a nursing facility; or
- Individuals with functional deficits and no other adequate support system; or
- Individuals approved for In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS).

Personal care and homemaker services may be provided when additional support is needed beyond authorized IHSS hours or when IHSS allocations are insufficient.

#### Limitations:

- Cannot be utilized in lieu of referring to the IHSS program.
- A new referral to IHSS must be performed if there is a change in a member's condition. Members may
  continue to receive the personal care and homemaker services during the reassessment period.



## **Recuperative Care (Medical Respite)**

Recuperative care is for individuals who are experiencing or at risk of homelessness and need a short-term residential setting in which to recover from an injury or illness (including a behavioral health condition).

Eligibility (must meet both criteria):

- Individuals requiring recovery in order to heal from an injury or illness; and
- Experiencing or at risk of homelessness.

#### Limitations:

- Must be necessary to achieve or maintain medical stability and prevent hospital admission or readmission, which may require behavioral health interventions.
- Recuperative Care cannot exceed a duration of six months per rolling 12-month period (but may be
  authorized for a shorter period based on individual needs) and is subject to the six-month global cap on
  room and board services.
- Facility operators and their employed staff providing Recuperative Care that are not licensed as Community Care Facilities may not directly assist members with ADLs or IADLs.

## **Respite Services**

Respite Services are provided to caregivers of members who require intermittent temporary supervision. The services are provided on a short-term basis because of the absence or need for relief of those persons who normally care for and/or supervise them and are non-medical in nature.

Respite Services can include any of the following:

- 1. Services provided by the hour on an episodic basis because of the absence of or need for relief for those persons normally providing the care to individuals.
- Services provided by the day / overnight on a short-term basis because of the absence of or need for relief for those persons normally providing the care to individuals.
- Services that attend to the member's basic self-help needs and other activities of daily living (ADL), including interaction, socialization, and continuation of usual daily routines that would ordinarily be performed by those persons who normally care for and/or supervise them.
- 4. Can be provided in the member's home or another approved location.

#### Eligibility and Limitations:

- You must live in the community and are compromised in your activities of daily living (ADLs) and therefore
  dependent upon a qualified caregiver who provides most of the support and who require caregiver relief
  to avoid institutional placement.
- In-home direct care may not exceed 24 hours per day.
- Service limits apply based on Medi-Cal limitations.

Services are to be provided to avoid placement for which Total Care Advantage would be responsible.



## **Short-Term Post-Hospitalization Housing**

Short-Term Post-Hospitalization Housing provides members who are exiting an institution and experiencing or at risk of homelessness with the opportunity to continue their medical / psychiatric / substance use disorder recovery immediately after exiting an institution.

The Short-Term Post-Hospitalization Housing setting will provide members with ongoing supports necessary for recuperation and recovery, such as gaining (or regaining) the ability to perform activities of daily living, receiving necessary medical / psychiatric / substance use disorder care, receiving case management, and beginning to access other housing supports.

## Eligibility (must meet all four criteria):

- Individuals who are exiting an institution, which includes recuperative care facilities, inpatient hospitals, residential substance use disorder or mental health treatment facility, correctional facility, or nursing facility; and
- 2. Experiencing or at risk of homelessness; and
- 3. Meet one of the following criteria:
  - a. Are receiving Enhanced Care Management (ECM);
  - b. Have one or more serious chronic conditions;
  - c. Have serious mental illness; or
  - d. Are at risk of institutionalization or requiring residential services as a result of a substance use disorder; and
- Have ongoing physical or behavioral health needs as determined by a qualified health professional that would otherwise require continued institutional care if not for receipt of Short-Term Post-Hospitalization Housing.

#### Limitations:

 Short-Term Post-Hospitalization Housing cannot exceed a duration of six months per rolling 12-month period (but may be authorized for a shorter period based on individual needs) and is subject to the sixmonth global cap on room and board services.

## **Transitional Rent**

Members experiencing or at risk of homelessness covered under Medi-Cal.82 Transitional Rent provides up to six months of rental assistance in interim and permanent settings to members who are experiencing or at risk of homelessness, have certain clinical risk factors, and have either recently undergone a critical life transition.

Eligibility (must meet all the following criteria):

- Must have one of more of the following qualifying clinical risk factors:
  - a. Meets the access criteria for Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services
  - Meets the access criteria for Drug Medi-Cal (DMC) or Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System (DMC-ODS);



- c. One or more serious chronic physical health conditions;
- d. One or more physical, intellectual, or developmental disabilities; or
- e. Individuals who are pregnant up through 12-months postpartum; and
- Social risk factor requirement: Experiencing or at risk of homelessness; and
- Individual must meet one of the following requirements:
  - a. Transitioning out of an institutional or congregate residential setting; or
  - b. Transitioning out of a carceral setting; or
  - c. Transitioning out of interim housing; or
  - d. Transitioning out of recuperative care or short-tern post-hospitalization housing; or
  - e. Experiencing unsheltered homelessness; or
  - f. Eligible for Full-Service Partnership (intensive behavioral health intervention).

Additional Community supports may be available to you. If you need help or would like to find out which Community Supports may be available for you, call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**) or call your health care provider.



# F. Benefits covered outside of our plan

We don't cover the following services, but they're available through Medi-Cal fee-for-service.

## F1. California Community Transitions (CCT)

The California Community Transitions (CCT) program uses local Lead Organizations to help eligible Medi-Cal beneficiaries, who've lived in an inpatient facility for at least 60 consecutive days, transition back to, and remaining safely in, a community setting. The CCT program funds transition coordination services during the pre-transition period and for 365 days post transition to assist beneficiaries with moving back to a community setting.

You can get transition coordination services from any CCT Lead Organization that serves the county you live in. You can find a list of CCT Lead Organizations and the counties they serve on the Department of Health Care Services website at: www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/ltc/Pages/CCT.

## For CCT transition coordination services

Medi-Cal pays for the transition coordination services. You pay nothing for these services.

## For services not related to your CCT transition

The provider bills us for your services. Our plan pays for the services provided after your transition. You pay nothing for these services.

While you get CCT transition coordination services, we pay for services listed in the Benefits Chart in **Section D**.

## No change in drug coverage benefit

The CCT program **doesn't** cover drugs. You continue to get your normal drug benefit through our plan. For more information, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook*.

**Note:** If you need non-CCT transition care, call your care coordinator to arrange the services. Non-CCT transition care is care **not** related to your transition from an institution or facility.

## F2. Medi-Cal Dental

Certain dental services are available through Medi-Cal Dental. More information is on the **SmileCalifornia.org** website. Medi-Cal Dental includes but isn't limited to, services such as:

- initial examinations, X-rays, cleanings, and fluoride treatments
- restorations and crowns
- root canal therapy



partial and complete dentures, adjustments, repairs, and relines

For more information regarding dental benefits available in Medi-Cal Dental, or if you need help finding a dentist who accepts Medi-Cal, contact the customer service line at **1-800-322-6384** (TTY users call **1-800-735-2922**). The call is free. Medi-Cal Dental representatives are available to assist you from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. You can also visit the website at **smilecalifornia.org** for more information.

## F3 In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)

- The IHSS Program will help pay enrolled care providers for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. IHSS is considered an alternative to out-of-home care, such as nursing homes or board and care facilities.
- To receive services, an assessment is conducted to determine which types of services may be authorized
  for each participant based on their needs. The types of services which can be authorized through
  IHSS are housecleaning, meal preparation, laundry, grocery shopping, personal care services (such
  as bowel and bladder care, bathing, grooming and paramedical services), accompaniment to medical
  appointments, and protective supervision for the mentally impaired.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for IHSS with your county social service agency. To apply for IHSS call the County of Ventura Human Services Agency site at 1-805-654-3236 or go to <a href="https://www.ventura.org/human-services-agency/ihss-recipients/">https://www.ventura.org/human-services-agency/ihss-recipients/</a>.

# F4. 1915(c) Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver Programs

## **Assisted Living Waiver (ALW)**

- The Assisted Living Waiver (ALW) offers Medi-Cal eligible beneficiaries the choice of residing in an
  assisted living setting as an alternative to long-term placement in a nursing facility. The goal of the ALW
  is to facilitate nursing facility transition back into a homelike and community setting or prevent skilled
  nursing admissions for beneficiaries with an imminent need for nursing facility placement.
- Members who are enrolled in ALW can remain enrolled in ALW while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your ALW Care Coordination Agency to coordinate the services you receive.
- Willing to live in an assisted living setting located in one of the following counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Kern, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Sonoma.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for the ALW. You can go to the following link to find ALW
  agencies to assist you https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/ltc/Pages/List-of-Approved-CCAs.aspx.

## **HCBS Waiver for Californians with Developmental Disabilities (HCBS-DD)**

## California Self-Determination Program (SDP) Waiver for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities

There are two 1915(c) waivers, the HCBS-DD Waiver and SDP Waiver, that provide services to people who
have been diagnosed with a developmental disability that begins before the individual's 18th birthday and
is expected to continue indefinitely. Both waivers are a way to fund certain services that allow persons



with developmental disabilities to live at home or in the community rather than residing in a licensed health facility. Costs for these services are funded jointly by the federal government's Medicaid program and the State of California. Your care coordinator can help connect you to DD Waiver services.

## **Home and Community-Based Alternative (HCBA) Waiver**

- The HCBA Waiver provides care management services to persons at risk for nursing home or institutional placement. The care management services are provided by a multidisciplinary Care Management Team comprised of a nurse and social worker. The team coordinates Waiver and State Plan services (such as medical, behavioral health, In-Home Supportive Services, etc.), and arranges for other long-term services and supports available in the local community. Care management and Waiver services are provided in the participant's community-based residence. This residence can be privately owned, secured through a tenant lease arrangement, or the residence of a participant's family member.
- Members who are enrolled in the HCBA Waiver can remain enrolled in the HCBA Waiver while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your HCBA waiver agency to coordinate the services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for the HCBA. Application forms for County of Ventura HCBA services can be found at https://www.vcaaa.org/wp-content/uploads/2025/03/HCBA Application 2025.pdf.

## **Medi-Cal Waiver Program (MCWP)**

- The Medi-Cal Waiver Program (MCWP) provides comprehensive case management and direct care services to persons living with HIV as an alternative to nursing facility care or hospitalization. Case management is a participant centered, team approach consisting of a registered nurse and social work case manager. Case managers work with the participant and primary care provider(s), family, caregiver(s), and other service providers, to assess care needs to keep the participant in their home and community.
- The goals of the MCWP are to: (1) provide home and community-based services for persons with HIV who may otherwise require institutional services; (2) assist participants with HIV health management; (3) improve access to social and behavioral health support and (4) coordinate service providers and eliminate duplication of services.
- Members who are enrolled in the MCWP Waiver can remain enrolled in the MCWP Waiver while also
  receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your MCWP waiver agency to coordinate the
  services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for the MCWP. To contact the County of Ventura Human Services Agency Area Agency on Aging, call **1-805-477-7300** (TTY **1-800-735-2922**).

## **Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)**

- The Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP) provides both social and health care management services to assist individuals remain in their own homes and communities.
- While most of the program participants also receive In-Home Supportive Services, MSSP provides on-going care coordination, links participants to other needed community services and resources, coordinates with health care providers, and purchases some needed services that aren't otherwise



available to prevent or delay institutionalization. The total annual combined cost of care management and other services must be lower than the cost of receiving care in a skilled nursing facility.

- A team of health and social service professionals provides each MSSP participant with a complete health and psychosocial assessment to determine needed services. The team then works with the MSSP participant, their physician, family, and others to develop an individualized care plan. Services include:
  - » care management
  - » adult day care
  - » minor home repair/maintenance
  - » supplemental in-home chore, personal care, and protective supervision services
  - » respite services
  - » transportation services
  - » counseling and therapeutic services
  - » meal services
  - » communication services.
- Members who are enrolled in the MSSP Waiver can remain enrolled in the MSSP Waiver while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your MSSP provider to coordinate the services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for MSSP. To contact the County of Ventura Human Services
  Agency Area Agency on Aging, call 1-805-477-7300 (TTY 1-800-735-2922). You can find the MSSP
  application at https://211ventura.org/211-service/211ventura-17183996/.

# F5. County Behavioral Health Services Provided Outside Our Plan (Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Services)

You have access to medically necessary behavioral health services that Medicare and Medi-Cal cover. We provide access to behavioral health services covered by Medicare and Medi-Cal managed care. Our plan does not provide Medi-Cal specialty mental health or county substance use disorder services, but these services are available to you through county behavioral health agencies.

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services are available to you through the county mental health plan (MHP) if you meet criteria to access specialty mental health services. Medi-Cal specialty mental health services provided by your county MHP include:

- mental health services
- medication support services
- day treatment intensive services
- day rehabilitation
- crisis intervention services
- crisis stabilization services
- adult residential treatment services
- crisis residential treatment services
- psychiatric health facility services
- psychiatric inpatient hospital services
- targeted case management



- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services
- therapeutic behavioral services
- intensive care coordination
- intensive home-based services
- justice-involved reentry
- assertive community treatment (ACT)
- forensic assertive community treatment (FACT)
- coordinated specialty care (CSC) for first episode psychosis (FEP)
- clubhouse services
- enhanced community health worker (CHW) services

Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System services are available to you through your county behavioral health agency if you meet criteria to receive these services.

- intensive outpatient treatment services
- perinatal residential substance use disorder treatment
- outpatient treatment services
- narcotic treatment program
- medications for addiction treatment (also called Medication Assisted Treatment)
- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services

Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System Services include:

- outpatient treatment services
- intensive outpatient treatment services
- partial hospitalization services
- medications for addiction treatment (also called Medication Assisted Treatment)
- residential treatment services
- withdrawal management services
- narcotic treatment program
- recovery services
- care coordination
- peer support services
- community-based mobile crisis intervention services
- contingency management services
- inpatient treatment services

In addition to the services listed above, you may have access to voluntary inpatient detoxification services if you meet the criteria.



You can access mental health services in the following ways:

- The phone number can be found on your Total Care Advantage ID card.
- Carelon Behavioral Health (no referral required): **1-855-765-9702** (TTY: **1-800-735-2929**)
- For specialty mental health, substance use, and crisis services, call Ventura County Behavioral Health (no referral required): 1-866-998-2243 (TTY: 711)

Mental health care screenings will be conducted to help determine the appropriate level of care. Total Care Advantage will assist in coordinating the right services for you.

## F6. Community Based Adult Services (CBAS)

CBAS offers services to eligible members with disabilities to restore or maintain self-care and delay or prevent institutionalization.

#### CBAS services include:

- an individual assessment;
- professional nursing services;
- physical, occupational and speech therapies;
- mental health services;
- therapeutic activities;
- social services;
- personal care;
- a meal;
- nutritional counseling;
- transportation to and from the participant's residence and the CBAS center.

Your care coordinator can help you apply for CBAS. To contact the County of Ventura Human Services Agency Area Agency on Aging, call **1-805-477-7300** (TTY: **1-800-735-2922**).



# G. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or Medi-Cal

This section tells you about benefits excluded by our plan. "Excluded" means that we don't pay for these benefits. Medicare and Medi-Cal don't pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items not covered by us under any conditions and some excluded by us only in some cases.

We don't pay for excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Member Handbook*) except under specific conditions listed. Even if you get the services at an emergency facility, the plan won't pay for the services. If you think that our plan should pay for a service that isn't covered, you can request an appeal. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, our plan doesn't cover the following items and services:

- services considered not "reasonable and medically necessary," according to Medicare and Medi-Cal, unless listed as covered services
- experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless Medicare, a Medicare-approved clinical research study, or our plan covers them. Refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* for more information on clinical research studies. Experimental treatment and items are those that aren't generally accepted by the medical community.
- surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when medically necessary and Medicare pays for it
- a private room in a hospital, except when medically necessary
- private duty nurses
- personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or television
- full-time nursing care in your home
- fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household
- elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when medically necessary
- cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it is needed because of an accidental injury or to improve a part of the body that is not shaped right. However, we pay for reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy and for treating the other breast to match it
- chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with coverage guidelines
- routine foot care, except as described in Podiatry services in the Benefits Chart in Section D
- orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease
- supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
- radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery
- reversal of sterilization procedures



- naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments)
- services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when a veteran gets emergency services at a VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is more than the cost-sharing under our plan, we'll reimburse the veteran for the difference. You're still responsible for your cost-sharing amounts.
- In vitro fertilization (IVF) including, but not limited to, infertility studies, procedures to diagnose or treat infertility, or fertility preservation.
- Vehicle modifications
- Drugs received outside of the U.S and its territories
- Dispatched paramedic fees (by city or county) for emergency medical care given at the scene by a paramedic
- Medical marijuana or cannabis-based products
- hearing aids and provider visits to service hearing aids (except as specifically described in the "Covered Benefits" section above), over-the-counter (OTC) hearing aids, hearing aid accessories, warranty claim fees, and hearing aid batteries (beyond the 80 batteries per non-rechargeable aid purchased).



#### **CHAPTER 5**

# Getting your outpatient drugs

## Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient prescription drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail-order. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and Medi-Cal. **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* tells you what you pay for these drugs. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

We also cover the following drugs, although they're not discussed in this chapter:

- Drugs covered by Medicare Part A. These generally include drugs given to you while you're in a
  hospital or nursing facility.
- Drugs covered by Medicare Part B. These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections
  given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, and drugs you're given at a dialysis
  clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in
  Chapter 4 of this Member Handbook.
- In addition to the plan's Medicare Part D and medical benefits coverage, your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you're in Medicare hospice. For more information, please refer to **Chapter 5**,
   Section F "If you are in a Medicare-certified hospice program."

## Rules for our plan's outpatient drug coverage

We usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

You must have a provider (doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your PCP has referred you for care.

Your prescriber must **not** be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists or any similar Medi-Cal lists.

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (Refer to **Section A1** for more information.) Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.

Your prescribed drug must be on our plan's List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short. (Refer to **Section B** of this chapter.)

- If it isn't on the *Drug List*, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.
- Refer to Chapter 9 to learn about asking for an exception.
- Please also note that the request to cover your prescribed drug will be evaluated under both Medicare and Medi-Cal standards.



Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Your prescriber may be able to help identify medical references to support the requested use of the prescribed drug.

Your drug may require approval from our plan based on certain criteria before we'll cover it. (Refer to **Section C** in this chapter.)

## **Table of Contents**

A.	Getting your prescriptions filled	142
	A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy	142
	A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription	.142
	A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy	142
	A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network	142
	A5. Using a specialized pharmacy	143
	A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs	143
	A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs	144
	A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network	144
	A9. Paying you back for a prescription	145
В.	Our plan's <i>Drug List</i>	146
	B1. Drugs on our <i>Drug List</i>	146
	B2. How to find a drug on our <i>Drug List</i>	146
	B3. Drugs not on our <i>Drug List</i>	147
	B4. <i>Drug List</i> cost-sharing tiers	148
C.	Limits on some drugs	149



D.	Reasons your drug might not be covered	150
	D1. Getting a temporary supply	150
	D2. Asking for a temporary supply	151
	D3. Asking for an exception	151
E.	Coverage changes for your drugs	152
F.	Drug coverage in special cases	154
	F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers	154
	F2. In a long-term care facility	154
	F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program	154
G.	Programs on drug safety and managing drugs	155
	G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely	155
	G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs	155
	G3. Drug management program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications	156

## A. Getting your prescriptions filled

## A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, we pay for prescriptions only when filled at any of our network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that agrees to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies. (Refer to **Section A8** for information about when we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.).

To find a network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website or contact Member Services.

## A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, **show your Member ID Card** at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy bills us for our share of the cost of your covered drug. You may need to pay the pharmacy a copay when you pick up your prescription.

Remember, you need your Medi-Cal card or Benefits Identification Card (BIC) to access Medi-Cal Rx covered drugs.

If you don't have your Member ID Card or BIC with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call us to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. Then you can ask us to pay you back for our share. **If you can't pay for the drug, contact Member Services right away.** We'll do everything we can to help.

- To ask us to pay you back, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, contact Member Services.

## A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a prescription refill, you can either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, contact Member Services.

## A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you need to find a new network pharmacy. To find a new network pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services.



## A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility.
  - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you're a resident of a long-term care facility, we make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.
  - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy isn't in our network or you have difficulty getting your drugs in a long-term care facility, contact Member Services.
- Indian Health Care Provider (IHCP) Pharmacies, American Indian and Alaska Native Members have access to pharmacies at an Indian Health Care Provider (IHCP) to the extent they have an enrolled retail pharmacy. If you're not American Indian or Alaska Native, you may still receive services from a retail pharmacy at an IHCP if you are assigned to the clinic or for an emergency.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)
- To find a specialized pharmacy, refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services.

## A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services. Generally, drugs available through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order at least a 30-day supply of the drug and no more than a 100-day supply. A 100-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply.

## Filling prescriptions by mail

To get information about filling your prescriptions by mail, you can call Member Services to inquire about the process. The phone number can be found at the bottom of this page.

Usually, a mail-order prescription arrives within 7-10 days. If there is a delay in getting your prescription through the mail, you can call Member Services at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**) and ask for a temporary supply at a local pharmacy.

#### **Mail-order processes**

Mail-order service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail-order prescriptions.

New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you
 The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from you.



## 2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

After the pharmacy gets a prescription from a health care provider, it contacts you to find out if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allows you to stop or delay the order before you're billed and shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

## 3. Refills on mail-order prescriptions

For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug.

- The pharmacy contacts you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.
- If you choose not to use our auto refill program, contact your pharmacy 14 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, contact us by calling the Prime Therapeutics Member Help Desk at **1-855-681-7966** (TTY: **711**).

Let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you so they can reach you to confirm your order before shipping. You can call the Prime Therapeutics Member Help Desk at **1-855-681-7966** (TTY: **711**) to assist you with any change to your prescriptions.

## A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's *Drug List*. Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Some network pharmacies allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. A 100-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply. The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to **Section A6** to learn about mail-order services.

## A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network

Generally, we pay for drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. In these cases, check with Member Services first to find out if there's a network pharmacy nearby.



We pay for prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:

- Illness while traveling out of the plan's service area (in the U.S.) where there is no network pharmacy. You
  may have to pay the difference from what you pay at an in-network pharmacy if you get your drugs at an
  out-of-network pharmacy.
- If the covered Part D drug is related to care for a medical emergency when network pharmacies are not available.
- During any Federal disaster or other public health emergency in which you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your place of residence and unable to access an in-network pharmacy.
- In emergency situations when you are not able to use a network pharmacy, we will pay up to a 30-day supply of your drugs.

#### A9. Paying you back for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you must generally pay the full cost instead of a copay when you get your prescription. You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

If you pay the full cost for your prescription that may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx, you may be able to be reimbursed by the pharmacy once Medi-Cal Rx pays for the prescription. Alternatively, you may ask Medi-Cal Rx to pay you back by submitting the "Medi-Cal Out-of-Pocket Expense Reimbursement (Conlan)" claim. More information can be found on the Medi-Cal Rx website: **medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/home/**.

To learn more about this, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.



# B. Our plan's *Drug List*

We have a List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

We select the drugs on the *Drug List* with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* also tells you the rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's *Drug List* when you follow the rules we explain in this chapter.

#### B1. Drugs on our *Drug List*

Our *Drug List* includes drugs covered under Medicare Part D.

Most of the drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by your plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal Beneficiary Identification Card (BIC) when getting your prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.

Our *Drug List* includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a drug sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On our *Drug List*, when we refer to "drugs" this could mean a drug or a biological product.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Biological products have alternatives called biosimilars. Generally, generic drugs and biosimilars work just as well as brand name drugs or original biological products and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

Refer to **Chapter 12** for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the *Drug List*.

#### B2. How to find a drug on our *Drug List*

To find out if a drug you take is on our *Drug List*, you can:

- Visit our plan's website at <u>www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</u>. The *Drug List* on our website is always the most current one.
- Call Member Services to find out if a drug is on our Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.



- Drugs that are not covered by Part D may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/) for more information
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" at <u>www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</u> to search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you'll pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition. You can also call Member Services.

#### B3. Drugs not on our *Drug List*

We don't cover all drugs.

- Some drugs are not on our *Drug List* because the law doesn't allow us to cover those drugs.
- In other cases, we decided not to include a drug on our *Drug List*.
- In some cases, you may be able to get a drug that isn't on our *Drug List*. For more information refer to **Chapter 9**.

Our plan doesn't pay for the kinds of drugs described in this section. These are called **excluded drugs**. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you may need to pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can make an appeal. Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about appeals.

Here are three general rules for excluded drugs:

- 1. Our plan's outpatient drug coverage (which includes Medicare Part D) can't pay for a drug that Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B already covers. Our plan covers drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B for free, but these drugs aren't considered part of your outpatient drug benefits.
- 2. Our plan can't cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- 3. Use of the drug must be approved by the FDA or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor or other provider may prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it wasn't approved to treat the condition. This is called "off-label use." Our plan usually doesn't cover drugs prescribed for off-label use.

Also, by law, Medicare or Medi-Cal can't cover the types of drugs listed below.

- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms\*
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride\* preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for the treatment of anorexia, weight loss or weight gain\*
- Outpatient drugs made by a company that says you must have tests or services done only by them



<sup>\*</sup>Select products may be covered by Medi-Cal. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov) for more information.

#### B4. *Drug List* cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on our *Drug List* is in one tier. A tier is a group of drugs.

Total Care Advantage's drug tier includes generic and brand name drugs. You will generally pay a lower cost for generic drugs than you would for brand name drugs.

To find out which category your drug falls under look for the drug on our *Drug List*.

**Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook* tells the amount you pay for drugs in the tier.



# C. Limits on some drugs

For certain drugs, special rules limit how and when our plan covers them. Generally, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug works just as well as a higher-cost drug, we expect your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug.

If there's a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider must take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider thinks our rule shouldn't apply to your situation, ask us to use the coverage decision process to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

# 1. Limiting use of a brand name drug or original biological products when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available

Generally, a generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological product and usually costs less. If there's a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological product available, our network pharmacies give you the generic version.

- We usually don't pay for the brand name drug or original biological product when there is an available generic version.
- However, if your provider told us the medical reason that the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar won't work for you or wrote "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug or original biological product or told us the medical reason that the generic drug, interchangeable biosimilar, or other covered drugs that treat the same condition won't work for you, then we cover the brand name drug.
- Your copay may be greater for the brand name drug or original biological product than for the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar.

#### 2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your prescriber must get approval from our plan before you fill your prescription. This is called prior authorization. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the drug. Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page or on our website at <a href="www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a> for more information about prior authorization.

#### 3. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, if it's normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check our *Drug List*. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services or check our website at <a href="https://www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a>. If you disagree with our coverage decision based on any of the above reasons you may request an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.



# D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug may not be covered in the way that you like. For example:

- Our plan doesn't cover the drug you want to take. The drug may not be on our *Drug List*. We may cover a generic version of the drug but not the brand name version you want to take. A drug may be new, and we haven't reviewed it for safety and effectiveness yet.
- Our plan covers the drug, but there are special rules or limits on coverage. As explained in the section
  above, some drugs our plan covers have rules that limit their use. In some cases, you or your prescriber
  may want to ask us for an exception.

There are things you can do if we don't cover a drug the way you want us to cover it.

#### D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, we can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug isn't on our *Drug List* or is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask us to cover the drug.

#### To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

- 1. The drug you've been taking:
  - is no longer on our *Drug List* or
  - was never on our *Drug List* or
  - is now limited in some way.
- 2. You must be in one of these situations:
  - You are new to our plan.
    - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in our plan.
    - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
    - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
    - » Long-term care pharmacies may provide your drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
  - You've been in our plan for more than 90 days, live in a long-term care facility, and need a supply right away.
    - We cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the temporary supply above.



#### D2. Asking for a temporary supply

To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services.

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, talk with your provider as soon as possible to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

Change to another drug.
 Our plan may cover a different drug that works for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of drugs we cover that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that may work for you.

OR

Ask for an exception.

You and your provider can ask us to make an exception. For example, you can ask us to cover a drug that isn't on our *Drug List* or ask us to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

#### D3. Asking for an exception

If a drug you take will be taken off our *Drug List* or limited in some way next year, we allow you to ask for an exception before next year.

- We tell you about any change in the coverage for your drug for next year. Ask us to make an exception and cover the drug for next year the way you would like.
- We answer your request for an exception within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement).
- If we approve your request, we'll authorize coverage for the drug before the change takes effect.

To learn more about asking for an exception, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

If you need help asking for an exception, contact Member Services.



# E. Coverage changes for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but we may add or remove drugs on our *Drug List* during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we may:

- Decide to require or not require prior approval (PA) for a drug (permission from us before you can get a
  drug).
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug (you must try one drug before we cover another drug).
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change our plan's *Drug List*. For more information on these drug rules, refer to **Section C**.

If you take a drug that we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally won't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on our Drug List now, or
- we learn that a drug isn't safe, or
- a drug is removed from the market.

#### What happens if coverage changes for a drug you're taking?

To get more information on what happens when our *Drug List* changes, you can always:

- Check our current *Drug List* online at **www.goldcoasthealthplan.org** or
- Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page to check our current Drug List.

#### Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

Some changes to the Drug List will happen immediately. For example:

A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug or biosimilar comes on the
market that works as well as a brand name drug or original biological product on the *Drug List* now.
 When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost
for the new drug will stay the same.

When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.

- We may not tell you before we make this change, but we'll send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.
- You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We'll send you a notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this handbook.



**Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs that are off the market.** Sometimes a drug may be found unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately take it off our *Drug List*. If you're taking the drug, we'll send you a notice after we make the change. If you get notified, please contact your prescribing doctor or pharmacist and ask what to do next.

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We tell you in advance about these other changes to our *Drug List*. These changes might happen if:

The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.

When these changes happen, we:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to our Drug List or
- Let you know and give you a 30 day supply of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This gives you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

- If there's a similar drug on our Drug List you can take instead or
- If you should ask for an exception from these changes to continue covering the drug or the version of the
  drug you've been taking. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to Chapter 9 of this Member
  Handbook.

#### Changes to the *Drug List* that don't affect you during this plan year

We may make changes to drugs you take that aren't described above and don't affect you now. For such changes, if you're taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally don't remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you're taking or limit its use, then the change doesn't affect your use of the drug or what you pay for the drug for the rest of the year.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you're taking (except for the changes noted in the section above), the change won't affect your use until January 1 of the next year.

We won't tell you above these types of changes directly during the current year. You'll need to check the *Drug List* for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes that will impact you during the next plan year.



# F. Drug coverage in special cases

#### F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers

If you're admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay our plan covers, we generally cover the cost of your drugs during your stay. You won't pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, we cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our coverage rules.

To learn more about drug coverage and what you pay, refer to **Chapter 6** of this *Member Handbook*.

#### F2. In a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of their residents. If you live in a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it's part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't or if you need more information, contact Member Services.

#### F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- You may be enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., pain, anti-nausea drugs, laxative, or anti-anxiety drugs) that your hospice doesn't cover because it isn't related to your terminal prognosis and conditions. In that case, our plan must get notification from the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before we can cover the drug.
- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that our plan should cover, you can ask your hospice
  provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a
  pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan covers all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, take documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you left hospice.

Refer to earlier parts of this chapter that tell about drugs our plan covers. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the hospice benefit.



# G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

#### G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you take another similar drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications
- may be an error in the amount (dosage)

If we find a possible problem in your use of drugs, we work with your provider to correct the problem.

#### G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs

Our plan has a program to help members with complex health needs. In such cases, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all of your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions
- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

#### Then, they'll give you:

- A written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do for the best use of your medications.
- A personal medication list that includes all medications you take, how much you take, and when and why
  you take them.
- Information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your prescriber about your action plan and medication list.

- Take your action plan and medication list to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers.
- Take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.



MTM programs are voluntary and free to members who qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we enroll you in the program and send you information. If you don't want to be in the program, let us know, and we'll take you out of it.

If you have questions about these programs, contact Member Services.

# G3. Drug management program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medication. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for those medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you get these medications or how much you can get, we'll send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we'll limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.

You'll have a chance to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we'll send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree with our decision or the limitation, you and your prescriber can make an appeal. If you appeal, we'll review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your appeal related to limitations that apply to your access to medications, we'll automatically send your case to an Independent Review Organization (IRO). (To learn more about appeals and the IRO, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or
- live in a long-term care facility.



#### **CHAPTER 6**

# What you pay for your Medicare and Medi-Cal drugs

## Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs. By "drugs," we mean:

- Medicare Part D drugs, and
- Drugs and items covered under Medi-Cal Rx

Because you're eligible for Medi-Cal, you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D drugs. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services and ask for the "LIS Rider."

**Extra Help** is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS."

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

To learn more about prescription drugs, you can look in these places:

- Our List of Covered Drugs.
  - We call this the "Drug List." It tells you:
    - Which drugs we pay for
    - If there are any limits on the drugs
  - If you need a copy of our *Drug List*, call Member Services. You can also find the most current copy of our *Drug List* on our website at <a href="https://www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a>.
  - Most of the prescription drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by Total Care Advantage. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal Beneficiary Identification Card (BIC) when getting prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.



- Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook.
  - Explains how to get your outpatient drugs through our plan.
  - » It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of prescription drugs our plan doesn't cover.
  - When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to **Chapter 5**, **Section B2**), the cost shown is an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you're expected to pay. You can call Member Services for more information.
- Our Provider and Pharmacy Directory.
  - » In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs. Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to work with us.
  - The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook more information about network pharmacies.

# **Table of Contents**

A.	The Explanation of Benefits (EOB)	160
В.	How to keep track of your drug costs	161
C.	Drug Payment Stages for Medicare Part D drugs	163
	C1. Our plan has one cost sharing tier	163
	C2. Your pharmacy choices	163
	C3. Getting a long-term supply of a drug	164
	C4. What you pay	164
D.	Stage 1: The Initial Coverage Stage	166
	D1. Your pharmacy choices	166
	D2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug	166
	D3. What you pay	166
	D4. End of the Initial Coverage Stage	167
E.	Stage 2: The Catastrophic Coverage Stage	168
F.	Your drug costs if your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply	169



G.	What you pay for Part D vaccines	0
	G1. What you need to know before you get a vaccine17	0
	G2. What you pay for a vaccine covered by Medicare Part D	'0

# A. The *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your drug costs and the payments you make when you get prescriptions at the pharmacy. We track two types of costs:

- Your out-of-pocket costs. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, any payments made for your drugs by "Extra Help" from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).
- Your total drug costs. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes
  what our plan paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

When you get drugs through our plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB). We call it the EOB for short. The EOB isn't a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. The EOB includes:

- **Information for the month.** The summary tells what drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what we paid, and what you and others paid for you.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This is the total price of the drug and changes in the drug price since the first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity..
- **Lower cost alternatives.** When applicable, information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- Payments made for these drugs don't count towards your total out-of-pocket costs.
- Most of the drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by the plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit Medi-Cal Rx website (<a href="www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov">www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov</a>) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal customer service center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal beneficiary identification card (BIC) when getting prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.
- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to our *Drug List*.



# B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

#### 1. Use your Member ID Card.

Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

#### 2. Make sure we have the information we need.

You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug.

Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your receipts:

- When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or use a discount card that isn't part of our plan's benefit
- When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program
- When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy
- When you pay the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances

For more information about asking us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.

#### 3. Send us information about payments others make for you.

Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. This can help you qualify for catastrophic coverage. When you reach the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, our plan pays all of the costs of your Medicare Part D drugs for the rest of the year.

#### 4. Check the EOBs we send you.

When you get an EOB in the mail, make sure it's complete and correct.

- Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy? Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?
- Did you get the drugs listed? Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

#### What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn't seem right on this EOB, please call us at Total Care Advantage Member Services. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: www.goldcoasthealthplan.org.



#### What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you're not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

- Call us at Total Care Advantage Member Services.
- Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free.
- If you suspect that a provider who gets Medi-Cal has committed fraud, waste, or abuse, it's your right to
  report it by calling the confidential toll-free number 1-800-822-6222. Other methods of reporting MediCal fraud may be found at: <a href="www.dhcs.ca.gov/individuals/Pages/StopMedi-CalFraud.aspx">www.dhcs.ca.gov/individuals/Pages/StopMedi-CalFraud.aspx</a>.

If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, call Member Services. Keep these EOBs. They're an important record of your drug expenses.



# C. Drug Payment Stages for Medicare Part D drugs

There are two payment stages for your Medicare Part D drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for each prescription depends on which stage you're in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. These are the two stages:

Stage 1: Initial Coverage Stage	Stage 2: Catastrophic Coverage Stage
During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay.	During this stage, we pay all of the costs of your drugs through December 31, 2026.
You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.	You begin this stage when you've paid a certain amount of out-of-pocket costs.

#### C1. Our plan has one cost sharing tier

Every drug on our *Drug List* is in one Tier. Total Care Advantage's drug tier includes generic and brand name drugs. You will generally pay a lower cost for generic drugs than you would for brand name drugs.

Tier 1 generic drugs have the lowest copay. Tier 1 drugs include generic and Brand drugs.

You pay the following for copays for each drug in this tier:

**Generic drugs** - \$0 or \$1.60, or \$5.10

**Brand name drugs** - \$0 or \$4.90, or \$12.65

See **Section C4** later in this chapter to see what you pay for generic and brand name drugs.

#### C2. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- a network pharmacy, or
- an out-of-network pharmacy. In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to find out when we do that.
- Our plan's mail-order pharmacy.

Refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* to learn about how to file an appeal if you're told a drug won't be covered. To learn more about these pharmacy choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* and our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.



#### C3. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply. It costs you the same as a one-month supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* or our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

#### C4. What you pay

You may pay a copay when you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you pay the lower price.

Contact Member Services to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug.

Most of the prescription drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by the plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit Medi-Cal Rx website (<a href="mailto:medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/">medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/</a>) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal customer service center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal beneficiary identification card (BIC) when getting prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.

#### Your share of the cost when you get a one-month supply of a covered drug from:

	A network pharmacy	Our plan's mail- order service	A network long-term care pharmacy	An out-of-network pharmacy
	A one-month or up to a 30-day supply	A one-month or up to a 30-day supply	Up to a 31-day supply	Up to a 30-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to <b>Chapter 5</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> for details.
Generic drugs	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10
Brand-name drugs	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65
	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.



For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.



# D. Stage 1: The Initial Coverage Stage

During the Initial Coverage Stage, we pay a share of the cost of your covered drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. The copay depends on the cost-sharing tier the drug is in and where you get it.

Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one cost-sharing tier. To find the cost-sharing for your drugs, refer to our Drug List.

- **Generic drugs** have the lowest copay. They may be generic drugs or non-Medicare drugs that Medi-Cal Rx covers. The copay is from \$0 to \$5.10, depending on your income.
- Brand name drugs have higher copays. The copay is from \$0 to \$12.65, depending on your income.

#### D1. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on if you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy or
- An out-of-network pharmacy.
- In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook to find out when we do that.
- Our plan's mail-order pharmacy.

To learn more about these choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* and to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

#### D2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply. It costs you the same as a one-month supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* or our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

#### D3. What you pay

During the Initial Coverage Stage, you may pay a copay each time you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you pay the lower price.

Contact Member Services to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug.



# Your share of the cost when you get a one-month or long-term supply of a covered prescription drug from:

	A network pharmacy	Our plan's mail- order service	A network long-term care pharmacy	An out-of-network pharmacy
	A one-month or up to a 100-day supply	A one-month or up to a 100-day supply	Up to a 31-day supply	Up to a 30-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to <b>Chapter 5</b> of this <i>Member Handbook</i> for details.
Generic drugs	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10	\$0 or \$1.60 or \$5.10
Brand-name drugs	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65	\$0 or \$4.90 or \$12.65
	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.	Your copay depends on the level of "Extra Help" you receive.

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

#### D4. End of the Initial Coverage Stage

The Initial Coverage Stage ends when your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$2,100. At that point, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. We cover all your drug costs from then until the end of the year.

Your EOB helps you keep track of how much you've paid for your drugs during the year. We let you know if you reach the \$2,100 limit. Many people don't reach it in a year.



# E. Stage 2: The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

When you reach the out-of-pocket limit of \$2,100 for your drugs, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. You stay in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage until the end of the calendar year. During this stage, you pay nothing for your Part D covered drugs.



# F. Your drug costs if your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply

Usually, you pay a copay to cover a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs.

- There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a
  drug (for example, when you're trying a drug for the first time).
- If your doctor agrees, you don't pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

When you get less than a month's supply of a drug, the amount you pay is based on the number of days of the drug that you get. We calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

- Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$1.35.
   This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment is less than \$.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment less than \$0.35.
- Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you pay for an entire month's supply.
- You can also ask your provider to prescribe less than a full month's supply of a drug to help you:
  - » Better plan when to refill your drugs,
  - » Coordinate refills with other drugs you take, and
  - » Take fewer trips to the pharmacy.



# G. What you pay for Part D vaccines

**Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines:** Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Medicare Part B. Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in our *Drug List*. Our plan covers most adult Medicare Part D vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to your plan's *Drug List* or contact Member Services for coverage and cost sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccines:

- 1. The first part is for the cost of **the vaccine itself**.
- 2. The second part is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

#### G1. What you need to know before you get a vaccine

We recommend that you call Member Services if you plan to get a vaccine.

- We can tell you about how our plan covers your vaccine and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your costs down by using network pharmacies and providers. Network
  pharmacies and providers agree to work with our plan. A network provider works with us to ensure that
  you have no upfront costs for a Medicare Part D vaccine.

#### G2. What you pay for a vaccine covered by Medicare Part D

What you pay for a vaccine depends on the type of vaccine (what you're being vaccinated for).

- Some vaccines are considered health benefits rather than drugs. These vaccines are covered at no cost
  to you. To learn about coverage of these vaccines, refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this Member
  Handbook.
- Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines on our plan's *Drug List*. You may have to pay a copay for Medicare Part D vaccines. If the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the **Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)** then the vaccine will cost you nothing.

Here are three common ways you might get a Medicare Part D vaccine.

- 1. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine and your shot at a network pharmacy.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll pay nothing.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you pay nothing for the vaccine.



- 2. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine at your doctor's office, and your doctor gives you the shot.
  - You pay nothing to the doctor for the vaccine.
  - Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.
  - The doctor's office should call our plan in this situation so we can make sure they know you only have to pay nothing for the vaccine.
- 3. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine medication at a pharmacy, and you take it to your doctor's office to get the shot.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you pay nothing for the vaccine.
  - Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.



#### **CHAPTER 7**

# Asking us to pay our share of a bill you received for covered services or drugs

## Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you don't agree with a coverage decision. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

### **Table of Contents**

A.	Asking us to pay for your services or drugs	.173
В.	Sending us a request for payment	.176
C.	Coverage decisions	.177
n	Anneals	178

# A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs

Our network providers must bill the plan for your covered services and drugs after you get them. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

We don't allow Total Care Advantage providers to bill you for these services or drugs. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges.

If you get a bill for the full cost of health care or drugs, don't pay the bill and send the bill to us. To send us a bill, refer to Section B.

- If we cover the services or drugs, we'll pay the provider directly.
- If we cover the services or drugs and you already paid more than your share of the cost, it's your right to be paid back.
  - » If you paid for services covered by Medicare, we'll pay you back.
- If you paid for Medi-Cal services you already received, you may qualify to be reimbursed (paid back) if you meet all of the following conditions:
  - The service you received is a Medi-Cal covered service that we're responsible for paying. We won't reimburse you for a service that isn't covered by Total Care Advantage.
  - You received the covered service after you became an eligible Total Care Advantage member.
  - » You ask to be paid back within one year from the date you received the covered service.
  - » You provide proof that you paid for the covered service, such as a detailed receipt from the provider.
  - You received the covered service from a Medi-Cal enrolled provider in Total Care Advantage's network. You don't need to meet this condition if you received emergency care, family planning services, or another service that Medi-Cal allows out-of-network providers to perform without preapproval (prior authorization).
- If the covered service normally requires pre-approval (prior authorization), you need to provide proof from the provider that shows a medical need for the covered service.
- Total Care Advantage will tell you if they'll reimburse you in a letter called a Notice of Action. If you meet all of the above conditions, the Medi-Cal-enrolled provider should pay you back for the full amount you paid. If the provider refuses to pay you back, Total Care Advantage will pay you back for the full amount you paid. We'll reimburse you within 45 working days of receipt of the claim. If the provider is enrolled in Medi-Cal, but isn't in our network and refuses to pay you back, Total Care Advantage will pay you back, but only up to the amount that FFS Medi-Cal would pay. Total Care Advantage will pay you back for the full out-of-pocket amount for emergency services, family planning services, or another service that Medi-Cal allows to be provided by out-of-network providers without pre-approval. If you don't meet one of the above conditions, we won't pay you back.
- We won't pay you back if:
  - You asked for and received services that aren't covered by Medi-Cal, such as cosmetic services.
  - » The service isn't a covered service for Total Care Advantage.
  - You went to a doctor who doesn't take Medi-Cal and you signed a form that said you want to be seen anyway and you'll pay for the services yourself.
- If we don't cover the services or drugs, we'll tell you.



Contact Member Services if you have any questions. If you don't know what you should've paid, or if you get a bill and you don't know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Examples of times when you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you got include:

#### 1. When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an outof-network provider

Ask the provider to bill us.

- If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you don't owe. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
  - » If the provider should be paid, we'll pay the provider directly.
  - If you already paid more than your share of the cost for the Medicare service, we'll figure out how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill us. It's important to show your Member ID Card when you receive any services or prescriptions; however, sometimes network providers make mistakes, and ask you to pay for your services or more than your share of the costs. **Call Member Services** at the number at the bottom of this page **if you get any bills**.

- As a plan member, you only pay the copay when you get services we cover. We don't allow providers to bill you more than this amount. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charged for a service. Even if we decide not to pay for some charges, you still don't pay them.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you already paid a bill from a network provider for Medicare-covered services, but feel you paid too
  much, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We'll pay you back for your covered services.

#### 3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes your enrollment in the plan can be retroactive. (This means that the first day of your enrollment has passed. It may have even been last year.)

- If you were enrolled retroactively and you paid a bill after the enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back.
- Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.



#### 4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the full cost of your prescription.

- In only a few cases, we'll cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost..
- Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about out-of-network pharmacies.
- We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we'd pay at an in-network pharmacy.

# 5. When you pay the full Medicare Part D prescription cost because you don't have your Member ID Card with you

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call us or look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy can't get the information right away, you may have to pay the full prescription cost yourself or return to the pharmacy with your Member ID Card.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

# 6. When you pay the full Medicare Part D prescription cost for a drug that's not covered

You may pay the full prescription cost because the drug isn't covered.

- The drug may not be on our List of Covered Drugs (Drug List) on our website, or it may have a
  requirement or restriction that you don't know about or don't think applies to you. If you decide to get the
  drug, you may need to pay the full cost.
  - If you don't pay for the drug but think we should cover it, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook).
  - » If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, (within 24 hours), you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some cases, we may need to get
  more information from your doctor or other prescriber to pay you back for our share of the cost of the
  drug. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the price you paid is higher than our negotiated
  price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we review it and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide the service or drug should be covered, we pay for our share of the cost of it.

If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. To learn how to make an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*.



# B. Sending us a request for payment

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you made for Medicare services or call us at the number below. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. You can ask your care coordinator for help. You must send your information to us within one year of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To make sure you give us all the information we need to decide, you can fill out our claim form to ask for payment.

- You aren't required to use the form, but it helps us process the information faster.
- You can get the form on our website <a href="www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a>, or you can call Member Services at the phone number on the bottom of this page and ask us to send you the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

Total Care Advantage Attn: Member Services P.O. Box 9176 Oxnard, CA 93031

You may also call us to ask for payment. Call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.

You must submit your claim to us within one year of the date you got the service, item, or drug.



# C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we make a coverage decision. This means that we decide if our plan covers your service, item, or drug. We also decide the amount of money, if any, you must pay.

- We'll let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that our plan covers the service, item, or drug and you followed all the rules for getting it, we'll pay our share of the cost for it. If you already paid for the service or drug, we'll mail you a check for our share of the cost. If you paid the full cost of a drug, you might not be reimbursed the full amount you paid (for example, if you got a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price). If you haven't paid, we'll pay the provider directly.

**Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your services covered.

**Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D drugs covered.

- If we decide not to pay for our share of the cost of the service or drug, we'll send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also explains your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9.



# D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called "making an appeal." You can also make an appeal if you don't agree with the amount we pay.

The formal appeals process has detailed procedures and deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook*:

- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to Section F.
- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to Section G.



#### **CHAPTER 8**

# Your rights and responsibilities

## Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of our plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

### Table of Contents

A.	Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs	180
B.	Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs	182
C.	Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)	183
	C1. How we protect your PHI	184
	C2. Your right to look at your medical records	184
D.	Our responsibility to give you information	185
E.	Inability of network providers to bill you directly	186
F.	Your right to leave our plan	187
G.	Your right to make decisions about your health care	188
	G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions	188
	G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you can't make health care decisions for yourself	188
	G3. What to do if your instructions aren't followed	189
Н.	Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions	190
	H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights	190
l.	Your responsibilities as a plan member	191



# A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure **all** services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner including for those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. We must also tell you about our plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you're in our plan.

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call your care coordinator or Member Services. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English, such as Spanish, and in formats such as large print, braille, or audio. To get materials in one of these alternative formats, please call Member Services or write to:

Total Care Advantage P.O. Box 9176 Oxnard, CA 93031

To request this document in an alternate format, call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**).

If you would like to request future communications in an alternate format, you can ask for a "standing request." That way, you will receive communications from us in the alternate format without having to make a request each time.

To make a standing request or to make changes to a standing request, call **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.

If you have trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call:

- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Medi-Cal Office of Civil Rights at 916-440-7370. TTY users should call 711.
- U.S Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697.



# A. Su derecho a obtener servicios e información en una forma que cubra sus necesidades

Debemos garantizar que **todos** los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se le proporcionan a usted de una forma culturalmente competente y accesible, incluyendo para personas con dominio limitado del inglés, capacidades limitadas de lectura, incapacidad auditiva, o personas con orígenes étnicos y culturales diversos. También debemos hablarle acerca de los beneficios de nuestro plan y sus derechos en una forma que usted pueda entender. Debemos informarle sobre sus derechos cada uno de los años en que esté en nuestro plan.

- Para recibir información en una forma que usted pueda entender. Ilame a su coordinador de atención o al Departamento de Servicios para Miembros. Nuestro plan tiene disponibles servicios gratuitos de intérpretes para responder a preguntas en distintos idiomas.
- Nuestro plan también puede proporcionarle materiales en idiomas distintos del inglés, como el español, y en formatos como letra grande, Braille o audio. Para recibir materiales en uno de estos formatos alternativos, por favor, llame al Departamento de Servicios para Miembros o escriba a:

Total Care Advantage P.O. Box 9176 Oxnard, CA 93031

Para solicitar este documento en un formato alternativo, llame al 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711).

Si desea pedir que en el futuro las comunicaciones sean en un formato alternativo, puede hacer una "petición permanente". De ese modo usted recibirá nuestras comunicaciones en el formato alternativo sin tener que hacer una solicitud cada vez.

Para hacer una petición permanente, o para hacer cambios en una petición permanente, llame al **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**), de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m. los siete días de la semana del 1 de octubre al 31 de marzo y de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m. de lunes a viernes, del 1 de abril al 30 de septiembre.

Si tiene problemas para recibir información de nuestro plan debido a problemas lingüísticos o una discapacidad, y desea presentar una queja, llame:

- A Medicare, al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-877-486-2048.
- A la Oficina de Medi-Cal de Derechos Civiles al 916-440-7370. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 711.
- A la Oficina de Derechos Civiles del Departamento de Salud y Servicios Humanos de los EE.UU., al **1-800-368-1019**. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al **1-800-537-7697**.



# B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs

You have rights as a member of our plan.

- You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network. A network provider is a provider who works with us. You can find more information about what types of providers may act as a PCP and how to choose a PCP in **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*.
  - Call your care coordinator or Member Services or go to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.
- You have the right to a women's health specialist without getting a referral. A referral is approval from your PCP to use a provider that isn't your PCP.
- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
  - » This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
  - » If you can't get services within a reasonable amount of time, we must pay for out-of-network care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that's urgently needed without prior approval (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.
- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook*.
- When you first join our plan, you have the right to keep your current providers and service authorizations
  for up to 12 months if certain conditions are met. To learn more about keeping your providers and service
  authorizations, refer to **Chapter 1** of this *Member Handbook*.
- You have the right to make your own healthcare decisions with help from your care team and care coordinator.

**Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* tells what you can do if you think you aren't getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. It also tells what you can do if we denied coverage for your services or drugs and you don't agree with our decision.



# C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your PHI as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights when it comes to your information and controlling how your PHI is used. We provide you with a written notice that advises you about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice."

Members who may consent to receive sensitive services aren't required to get any other member's authorization to receive sensitive services or to submit a claim for sensitive services. Total Care Advantage will direct communications regarding sensitive services to a member's alternate designated mailing address, email address, or telephone number or, in the absence of a designation, in the name of the member at the address or telephone number on file. Total Care Advantage won't disclose medical information related to sensitive services to any other member without written authorization from the member receiving care. Total Care Advantage will accommodate requests for confidential communication in the form and format requested, if it's readily producible in the requested form and format, or at alternative locations. A member's request for confidential communications related to sensitive services will be valid until the member revokes the request or submits a new request for confidential communications.

You can ask Total Care Advantage to send communications about sensitive services to a mailing address, email address, or telephone number that you choose. This is called a "request for confidential communications." If you consent to care, Total Care Advantage won't give information on your sensitive care services to anyone else without your written permission. If you don't provide a mailing address, email address, or telephone number, Total Care Advantage will send communications in your name to the address or telephone number on file.

All confidential communication requests must be made in writing, using the "Confidential Communications Request Form" or another applicable written request that proves the necessary information to be considered a request for confidential communication.

Total Care Advantage will honor your request to get confidential communications in the form and format you asked for. Or we will make sure your communications are easy to put in the form and format you asked for. Your request for confidential communications lasts until you cancel it or submit a new request for confidential communications.

To request the "Confidential Communications Request Form," contact Member Services at the phone number listed at the bottom of this page.



## C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that no unauthorized people look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we don't give your PHI to anyone not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we must get written permission from you first. You, or someone legally authorized to make decisions for you, can give written permission.

Sometimes we don't need to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law:

- We must release PHI to government agencies checking on our plan's quality of care.
- We may release PHI if ordered by a court, but only if it's allowed by California law.
- We must give Medicare and Medi-Cal your PHI including information about your Medicare Part D drugs.
   If Medicare or Medi-Cal releases your PHI for research or other uses, they do it according to federal laws.

## C2. Your right to look at your medical records

- You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records. We may charge you
  a fee for making a copy of your medical records.
- You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we work with your health care provider to decide if changes should be made.
- You have the right to know if and how we share your PHI with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Member Services.



# D. Our responsibility to give you information

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get information from us about our plan, our network providers, and your covered services.

If you don't speak English, we have interpreter services to answer questions you have about our plan. To get an interpreter, call Member Services. This is a free service to you. This document is available for free in Spanish. We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio. We can also provide you alternate formats and services free of charge:

- Sign language interpreter
- In-person interpreter
- Telephone interpreter
- Written translations

To request alternative formats, call Member Services at the phone number at the bottom of this page.

If you want information about any of the following, call Member Services:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
  - » financial information
  - » how plan members have rated us
  - » the number of appeals made by members
  - » how to leave our plan
- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
  - » how to choose or change primary care providers
  - » qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
  - how we pay providers in our network
- Covered services and drugs, including:
  - services (refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of this Member Handbook) and drugs (refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of this Member Handbook) covered by our plan
  - » limits to your coverage and drugs
  - » rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something isn't covered and what you can do about it (refer to Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook), including asking us to:
  - » put in writing why something isn't covered
  - » change a decision we made
  - » pay for a bill you got



# E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network can't make you pay for covered services. They also can't balance bill or charge you if we pay less than the amount the provider charged. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*.



# F. Your right to leave our plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you don't want to.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits from a prescription drug plan or from another MA plan.
- Refer to **Chapter 10** of this *Member Handbook*:
  - » For more information about when you can join a new MA or prescription drug benefit plan.
  - » For information about how you'll get your Medi-Cal benefits if you leave our plan.



# G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

You have the right to full information from your doctors and other health care providers to help you make decisions about your health care.

# G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions

Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- **Know your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options.
- Know the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved. We must tell you in advance
  if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the right to refuse experimental
  treatments.
- **Get a second opinion.** You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- **Say no.** You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You have the right to stop taking a prescribed drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a prescribed drug, we'll not drop you from our plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.
- Ask us to explain why a provider denied care. You have the right to get an explanation from us if a
  provider denied care that you think you should get.
- Ask us to cover a service or drug that we denied or usually don't cover. This is called a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this Member Handbook tells how to ask us for a coverage decision.

# G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you can't make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people can't make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form giving someone the right to make health care decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- Give your doctors written instructions about how to handle your health care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself, including care you don't want.

The legal document you use to give your directions is called an "advance directive." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You aren't required to have an advance directive, but you can. Here's what to do if you want to use an advance



#### directive:

- Get the form. You can get the form from your doctor, a lawyer, a social worker, or some office supply stores. Pharmacies and provider offices often have the forms. You can find a free form online and download it. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the form.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** The form is a legal document. Consider having a lawyer or someone else you trust, such as a family member or your PCP, help you complete it.
- Give copies of the form to people who need to know. Give a copy of the form to your doctor. You
  should also give a copy to the person you name to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to
  give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
- If you're being hospitalized and you have a signed advance directive, take a copy of it to the hospital.
  - » The hospital will ask if you have a signed advance directive form and if you have it with you.
  - » If you don't have a signed advance directive form, the hospital has forms and will ask if you want to sign one.

#### You have the right to:

- Have your advance directive placed in your medical records.
- Change or cancel your advance directive at any time.
- Learn about changes to advance directive laws. Total Care Advantage will tell you about changes to the state law no later than 90 days after the change.

By law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether you signed an advance directive. Call Member Services for more information.

## G3. What to do if your instructions aren't followed

If you signed an advance directive and you think a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can make a complaint with:

Office of the Ombudsman Phone: 1-888-452-8609

Email: MMCDOmbudsmanOffice@dhcs.ca.gov

Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST (excluding holidays)



# H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions

**Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* tells you what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you can ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other plan members have filed against us. Call Member Services to get this information.

# H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights

If you think we treated you unfairly — and it **isn't** about discrimination for reasons listed in **Chapter 11** of this *Member Handbook* — or you want more information about your rights, you can call:

- Member Services.
- The Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222. For more details about HICAP, refer to Chapter 2.
- The Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program at **1-888-452-8609**. For more details about this program, refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook*.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf">www.medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf</a>.)

# I. Your responsibilities as a plan member

As a plan member, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Member Services.

- Read this Member Handbook to learn what our plan covers and the rules to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:
  - Covered services, refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of this Member Handbook. Those chapters tell you what's covered, what isn't covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
  - » Covered drugs, refer to **Chapters 5 and 6** of this *Member Handbook*.
- Tell us about any other health or drug coverage you have. We must make sure you use all of your coverage options when you get health care. Call Member Services if you have other coverage.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you're a member of our plan. Show your Member
   ID Card when you get services or drugs.
- Help your doctors and other health care providers give you the best care.
  - Give them information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your providers agree on.
  - » Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all of the drugs you take. This includes drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - » Ask any questions you have. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer, ask again.
- Work with your care coordinator including completing an annual health risk assessment.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all plan members to respect the rights of others. We also expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office, hospitals, and other provider offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
  - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most Total Care Advantage members, Medi-Cal pays for your Medicare Part A premium and for your Medicare Part B premium.
  - » For some of your drugs covered by our plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the drug. This will be a copayment/copay. **Chapter 6** tells what you must pay for your drugs
  - If you get any services or drugs that aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost. (Note: If you disagree with our decision to not cover a service or drug, you can make an appeal.)
    Please refer to Chapter 9 to learn how to make an appeal.)
- **Tell us if you move.** If you plan to move, tell us right away. Call your care coordinator or Member Services.
  - » If you move outside of our service area, you can't stay in our plan. Only people who live in our service area can be members of this plan. Chapter 1 of this Member Handbook advises you about our service area.
  - We can help you find out if you're moving outside our service area. We can tell you if we have a plan in your new area.
  - » Tell Medicare and Medi-Cal your new address when you move. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for phone numbers for Medicare and Medi-Cal.
  - If you move and stay in our service area, we still need to know. We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).



- Tell us if you have a new phone number or a better way to contact you.
- Call your care coordinator or Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.



#### **CHAPTER 9**

# What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

# Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about your plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that your plan said it won't pay for.
- You disagree with a decision your plan made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.
- You have a problem or complaint with your long-term services and supports, which include Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS) and Nursing Facility (NF) services.

This chapter is in different sections to help you easily find what you're looking for. If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation.

You should get the health care, drugs, and long-term services and supports that your doctor and other providers determine are necessary for your care as a part of your care plan. If you have a problem with your care, you can call the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program at 1-855-501-3077 for help. This chapter explains different options you have for different problems and complaints, but you can always call the Ombudsman Program to help guide you through your problem. For additional resources to address your concerns and ways to contact them, refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook*.

# Table of Contents

A.	What to do if you have a problem or concern	195
	A1. About the legal terms	.195
В.	Where to get help	.196
	B1. For more information and help	.196



C.	Understanding Medicare and Medi-Cal complaints and appeals in our plan	197
D.	Problems with your benefits	198
E.	Coverage decisions and appeals	199
	E1. Coverage decisions	199
	E2. Appeals	199
	E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals	200
	E4. Which section of this chapter can help you	200
F.	Medical care	201
	F1. Using this section	201
	F2. Asking for a coverage decision	201
	F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal	203
	F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal	205
	F5. Payment problems	208
G.	Medicare Part D prescription drugs	210
	G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals	210
	G2. Medicare Part D exceptions	211
	G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception	212
	G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception	212
	G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal	214
	G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal	216
Н.	Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay	218
	H1. Learning about your Medicare rights	218
	H2 Making a Level 1 Appeal	219



	H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal	219
l.	Asking us to continue covering certain medical services	221
	I1. Advance notice before your coverage ends	221
	I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal	221
	I3. Making a Level 2 Appeal	223
J.	Taking your appeal beyond Level 2	224
	J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items	224
	J2. Additional Medi-Cal appeals	225
	J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests	225
K.	How to make a complaint	227
	K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints	227
	K2. Internal complaints	228
	K3. External complaints	229

# A. What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains how to handle problems and concerns. The process you use depends on the type of problem you have. Use one process for **coverage decisions and appeals** and another for **making complaints** (also called grievances).

To ensure fairness and promptness, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that we and you must follow.

## A1. About the legal terms

There are legal terms in this chapter for some rules and deadlines. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we use simpler words in place of certain legal terms when we can. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we say:

- "Making a complaint" instead of "filing a grievance"
- "Coverage decision" instead of "organization determination", "benefit determination", "at-risk determination", or "coverage determination"
- "Fast coverage decision" instead of "expedited determination"
- "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) instead of "Independent Review Entity" (IRE)

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.



# B. Where to get help

## B1. For more information and help

Sometimes it's confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you don't feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the information you need to take the next step.

### **Help from the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program**

You can call the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP). HICAP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do about your problem. HICAP isn't connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. HICAP has trained counselors in every county, and services are free. The HICAP phone number is **1-800-434-0222**.

#### **Help from the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program**

You can call the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program and speak with an advocate about your health coverage questions. They may be able to offer free legal help. The Ombudsman Program isn't connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. Their phone number is **1-855-501-3077**, and their website is <a href="https://healthconsumer.org/">https://healthconsumer.org/</a>.

#### **Help and information from Medicare**

For more information and help, you can contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>).

#### Help from the California Department of Health Care Services

The California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman can help. They can help if you have problems joining, changing, or leaving a health plan. They can also help if you moved and are having trouble getting your Medi-Cal transferred to your new county. You can call the Ombudsman Monday through Friday, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. at **1-888-452-8609**.



# C. Understanding Medicare and Medi-Cal complaints and appeals in our plan

You have Medicare and Medi-Cal. Information in this chapter applies to all of your Medicare and Medi-Cal managed care benefits. This is sometimes called an "integrated process" because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and Medi-Cal processes.

Sometimes Medicare and Medi-Cal processes can't be combined. In those situations, you use one process for a Medicare benefit and another process for a Medi-Cal benefit. **Section F4** explains these situations.



# D. Problems with your benefits

If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The following chart helps you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

#### Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether particular medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they're covered, and problems about payment for medical care.

#### Yes.

My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section E**, "Coverage decisions and appeals."

#### No.

My problem isn't about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section K**, "How to make a complaint."

# E. Coverage decisions and appeals

The process for asking for a coverage decision and making an appeal deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Part B drugs as **medical care**.

## E1. Coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services or drugs.

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision. You or your doctor may be unsure whether we cover a specific medical service or if we may refuse to provide medical care you think you need. If you want to know if we'll cover a medical service before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We make a coverage decision when we review a request for service or a claim. In some cases, we may decide a service or drug isn't covered or is no longer covered for you by Medicare or Medi-Cal. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

# E2. Appeals

If we make a coverage decision and you aren't satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check if we followed all rules properly. Different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision handle your appeal.

When we complete the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, explained later in this chapter, you can ask for an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision.

If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare medical care, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Organization (IRO) for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare Part D or Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about Level 2 Appeals.

If you aren't satisfied with the Level 2 Appeal decision, you may be able to go through additional levels of appeal.



# E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals

You can ask for help from any of the following:

- Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program at 1-855-501-3077.
- Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222.
- Your doctor or other provider. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.
- A friend or family member. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" and ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
- A lawyer. You have the right to a lawyer, but you aren't required to have a lawyer to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - Call your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you qualify.
  - Ask for a legal aid attorney from the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombudsman Program at 1-855-501-3077.

Fill out the Appointment of Representative form if you want a lawyer or someone else to act as your representative. The form gives someone permission to act for you.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. You can also get the form by visiting <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a>. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

## E4. Which section of this chapter can help you

There are four situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give details for each one in a separate section of this chapter. Refer to the section that applies:

- Section F, "Medical care"
- Section G, "Medicare Part D drugs"
- Section H, "Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay"
- Section I, "Asking us to continue covering certain medical services" (This section only applies to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you're not sure which section to use, call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page.



# F. Medical care

This section explains what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care. For information about requesting a longer hospital stay, please refer to **Section H**.

This section is about your benefits for medical care that's described in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* in the benefits chart. In some cases, different rules may apply to a Medicare Part B drug. When they do, we explain how rules for Medicare Part B drugs differ from rules for medical services and items.

## F1. Using this section

This section explains what you can do in any of the following situations:

- You think we cover medical care you need but aren't getting.
   What you can do: You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to Section F2.
- 2. We didn't approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you think we should.
  - What you can do: You can appeal our decision. Refer to Section F3.
- 3. You got medical care that you think we cover, but we won't pay.
  - What you can do: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to Section F5.
- 4. You got and paid for medical care you thought we cover, and you want us to pay you back. What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to Section F5.
- 5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for certain medical care, and you think our decision could harm your health.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the medical care. Refer to Section F4.

- If the coverage is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services, special rules apply. Refer to **Section H** or **Section I** to find out more.
- For all other situations involving reducing or stopping your coverage for certain medical care, use this section (**Section F**) as your guide.
- You're experiencing delays in care or you can't find a doctor.
   What you can do: You can file a complaint. Refer to Section K2.

## F2. Asking for a coverage decision

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it's called an **integrated organization determination**.



You, your doctor, or your representative can ask us for a coverage decision by:

calling: 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711)

faxing: 1-805-512-8599writing: Total Care Advantage

P.O. Box 9176 Oxnard, CA 93031

#### Standard coverage decision

When we give you our decision, we use the "standard" deadlines unless we agree to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer about a:

- 7 calendar days after we get your request for a medical service or item that's subject to our prior authorization rules.
- 14 calendar days after we get your request for all other medical services or items. Medical service or item within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- 72 hours after we get your request for a Medicare Part B drug.

#### **Fast coverage decision**

The legal term for fast coverage decision is **expedited determination**.

When you ask us to make a coverage decision about your medical care and your health requires a quick response, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." A fast coverage decision means we'll give you an answer about:

- 72 hours after we get your request for a medical service or item.
- 24 hours after we get your request for a Medicare Part B drug.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You're asking for coverage for medical items and/or services that you didn't get. You can't ask for a fast coverage decision about payment for items or services you already got.
- Using the standard deadlines **could cause serious harm to your health** or hurt your ability to function.

We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we send you a
  letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
  - » We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor asks for it.
  - » How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**.



If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter explaining the reasons.

- If we say **No**, you have the right to make an appeal. If you think we made a mistake, making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it.
- If you decide to make an appeal, you'll go on to Level 1 of the appeals process (refer to Section F3).

In limited circumstances we may dismiss your request for a coverage decision, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include:

- if the request is incomplete,
- if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or
- if you ask for your request to be withdrawn.

If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send you a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is called an appeal. Appeals are discussed in the next section.

### F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal

**To start an appeal**, you, your doctor, or your authorized representative must contact us. Call us at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**).

# Ask for a standard appeal or a fast appeal in writing or by calling us at 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711).

- If your doctor or other prescriber asks to continue a service or item you're already getting during your appeal, you may need to name them as your representative to act on your behalf.
- If someone other than your doctor makes the appeal for you, include an Appointment of Representative
  form authorizing this person to represent you. You can get the form by visiting <a href="www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="www.goldcoasthealthplan.org">www.goldcoasthealthplan.org</a>.
- We can accept an appeal request without the form, but we can't begin or complete our review until we
  get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal:
  - » We dismiss your request, and
  - We send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the IRO to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.



#### If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited reconsideration."

 If you appeal a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor can request a fast appeal.

We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast appeal.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast appeal, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
  - » We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor asks for it.
  - » How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard appeal instead of a fast appeal. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to Section K.

# If we tell you we're stopping or reducing services or items that you already get, you may be able to continue those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you get, we send you a notice before we take action.
- If you disagree with our decision, you can file a Level 1 Appeal.
- We continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days of the date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
  - » If you meet this deadline, you'll get the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending.
  - » You'll also get all other services or items (that aren't the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
  - » If you don't appeal before these dates, then your service or item won't be continued while you wait for your appeal decision.

### We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all information about your request for coverage of medical care.
- We check if we followed all the rules when we said No to your request.
- We gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

### There are deadlines for a fast appeal.

- When we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your
  appeal, or sooner if your health requires a quicker response. We'll give you our answer sooner if your
  health requires it.
  - » If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain



the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a Medi-Cal service or item, you can file a State Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. To file a State Hearing, refer to **Section F4** below.

- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal, or sooner if your health requires it.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send your appeal to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.

#### There are deadlines for a standard appeal.

- When we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we
  get your appeal for coverage for services you didn't get.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug you didn't get, we give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal or sooner if your health requires it.
  - If we don't give you an answer by the deadline, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a Medi-Cal service or item, you can file a State Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. To file a State Hearing, refer to Section F4 below.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 30 calendar days of the date we got your appeal request, or as fast as your health condition requires and within 72 hours of the date we change our decision, or within 7 calendar days of the date we got your appeal if your request is for a Medicare Part B drug.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request, **you have additional appeal rights**:

- If we say No to part or all of what you asked for, we send you a letter.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter tells you that we sent your case to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medi-Cal service or item, the letter tells you how to file a Level 2
  Appeal yourself.

# F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we'll send you a letter. This letter tells you if Medicare, Medi-Cal, or both programs usually cover the service or item.

- If your problem is about a service or item that **Medicare** usually covers, we automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a service or item that Medi-Cal usually covers, you can file a State Hearing
  yourself. The letter tells you how to do this. We also include more information later in this chapter under
  "State Hearing."
- If your problem is about a service or item that both Medicare and Medi-Cal may cover, you
  automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. In addition to the automatic Level 2 Appeal, you can also
  ask for a State Hearing.



If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Refer to **Section F3** for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medicare, your benefits for that service don't continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the IRO.
- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medi-Cal, your benefits for that service continue if you submit a Level 2 Appeal within 10 calendar days after getting our decision letter.

#### When your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers

The IRO reviews your appeal. It's an independent organization hired by Medicare.

The formal name for the Independent Review Organization (IRO) is the **Independent Review Entity**, sometimes called the **IRE**.

- This organization isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. Medicare chose the company to be the IRO, and Medicare oversees their work.
- We send information about your appeal (your "case file") to this organization. You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the IRO take a careful look at all information related to your appeal.

#### If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

• If you had a fast appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of getting your appeal.

### If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a standard appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- If your request is for a medical item or service, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B drug, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of getting your appeal.

If the IRO gives you their answer in writing and explains the reasons.

- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must promptly implement the decision:
  - » Authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours, or
  - » Provide the service within 5 working days after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
  - » Provide the service within **72 hours** from the date we get the IRO's decision for **expedited requests**.



- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B drug under dispute:
  - Within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
  - Within 24 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says No to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."
  - » If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.
  - » There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2, for a total of five levels.
  - If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue the appeals process, you must decide whether to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details about how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal.
  - » An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. Refer to **Section**J for more information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

#### When your problem is about a service or item Medi-Cal usually covers

#### (1) State Hearing

You can ask for a State Hearing for Medi-Cal covered services and items. If your doctor or other provider asks for a service or item that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a service or item you already have and we said no to your Level 1 appeal, you have the right to ask for a State Hearing.

In most cases **you have 120 days to ask for a State Hearing** after the "Appeal Decision Letter" notice is mailed to you.

**NOTE:** If you ask for a State Hearing because we told you that a service you currently get will be changed or stopped, **you have fewer days to submit your request** if you want to keep getting that service while your State Hearing is pending. Read "Will my benefits continue during Level 2 appeals" on page 205 for more information.

There are two ways to ask for a State Hearing:

- 1. You may complete the "Request for State Hearing" on the back of the notice of action. You should provide all requested information such as your full name, address, telephone number, the name of the plan or county that took the action against you, the aid program(s) involved, and a detailed reason why you want a hearing. Then you may submit your request one of these ways:
  - To the county welfare department at the address shown on the notice.
  - To the California Department of Social Services: State Hearings Division
     P.O. Box 944243, Mail Station 9-17-433
     Sacramento, California 94244-2430
  - To the State Hearings Division at fax number 916-309-3487 or toll-free at 1-833-281-0903.



 You can call the California Department of Social Services at 1-800-743-8525. TTY users should call 1-800-952-8349. If you decide to ask for a State Hearing by phone, you should be aware that the phone lines are very busy.

If you disagree with an action taken by your Medi-Cal managed care plan, you generally must first file an appeal with your managed care plan. You have 60 calendar days from the date of the notice of action to file an appeal with the managed care plan. If the appeal with the managed care plan doesn't resolve the issue, you have 120 calendar days from the date of the plan's Notice of Appeal Resolution to request a state hearing. You may also request a state hearing if you filed an appeal with the managed care plan and you haven't received a Notice of Appeal Resolution within 30 days.

The State Hearings Division gives you their decision in writing and explain the reasons.

- If the State Hearings Division says **Yes** to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize or provide the service or item **within 72 hours** after we get their decision.
- If the State Hearings Division says **No** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."

If the IRO or State Hearing decision is **No** for all or part of your request, you have additional appeal rights.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the **IRO**, you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. **The letter you get from the IRO explains additional appeal rights you may have.** 

The letter you get from the State Hearings Division describes the next appeal option.

Refer to **Section J** for more information about your appeal rights after Level 2.

### F5. Payment problems

We don't allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You're never required to pay the balance of any bill. The only amount you should be asked to pay is the copay for your drugs. If you get a bill that is more than your copay for covered services and items, send the bill to us. Don't pay the bill yourself. We'll contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. If you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from our plan if you followed the rules for getting services or item.

For more information, refer to **Chapter 7** of this *Member Handbook*. It describes situations when you may need to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

If you ask to be paid back, you're asking for a coverage decision. We'll check if the service or item you paid for is covered and if you followed all the rules for using your coverage.



- If the service or item you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll send you the payment or our share of the cost for the service or item typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days, after we get your request.
- If you haven't paid for the service or item yet, we'll send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying **Yes** to your request for a coverage decision.
- If the service or item isn't covered or you didn't follow all the rules, we'll send you a letter telling you we won't pay for the service or item and explaining why.

If you don't agree with our decision not to pay, **you can make an appeal**. Follow the appeals process described in **Section F3**. When you follow these instructions, note:

 If you make an appeal for us to pay you back, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and **Medicare** usually covers the service or item, we will send your case to the IRO. We'll send you a letter if this happens.

- If the IRO reverses our decision and says we should pay you, we must send the payment to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is **Yes** at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment to you or to the health care provider within 60 calendar days.
- If the IRO says No to your appeal, it means they agree that we shouldn't approve your request. This is
  called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal." You'll get a letter explaining additional
  appeal rights you may have. Refer to Section J for more information about additional levels of appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and Medi-Cal usually covers the service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information.



# G. Medicare Part D drugs

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many drugs. Most of these are Medicare Part D drugs. There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D doesn't cover that Medi-Cal may cover. **This section only applies to Medicare Part D drug appeals.** We'll say "drug" in the rest of this section instead of saying "Medicare Part D drug" every time.

To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. That means the drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about a medically accepted indication.

# G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Medicare Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including asking us to:
  - » Cover a Medicare Part D drug that isn't on our plan's Drug List or
  - » Set aside a restriction on our coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (such as when your drug is on our plan's *Drug List* but we must approve it for you before we cover it).

**NOTE:** If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy gives you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

An initial coverage decision about your Medicare Part D drugs is called a "coverage determination."

You ask us to pay for a drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment.



If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to make an appeal. Use the chart below to help you.

Which of these situation	Which of these situations are you in?					
You need a drug that isn't on our <i>Drug List</i> or need us to set aside a rule or restriction on a drug we cover.	You want us to cover a drug on our <i>Drug List</i> , and you think you meet plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need.	You want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for.	We told you that we won't cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want.			
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can ask us for a coverage decision.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can make an appeal. (This means you ask us to reconsider.)			
Start with <b>Section G2</b> , then refer to <b>Sections G3 and G4</b> .	Refer to <b>Section G4</b> .	Refer to <b>Section G4</b> .	Refer to <b>Section G5</b> .			

## G2. Medicare Part D exceptions

If we don't cover a drug in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception." If we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber needs to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

Asking for coverage of a drug not on our Drug List or for removal of a restriction on a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."

Here are some examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

#### 1. Covering a drug that isn't on our *Drug List*

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on our *Drug List*, you pay the copay that applies to all of our drugs.
- You can't get an exception to the required copay amount for the drug.

#### 2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug

• Extra rules or restrictions apply to certain drugs on our *Drug List* (refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information).



- Extra rules and restrictions for certain drugs include:
  - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
  - Getting our approval in advance before we agree to cover the drug for you. This is sometimes called "prior authorization (PA)."
  - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

## G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception

#### Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons.

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our *Drug List* often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug is just as effective as the drug you ask for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally **don't** approve your exception request.

#### We can say Yes or No to your request.

- If we say Yes to your exception request, the exception usually lasts until the end of the calendar year. This
  is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe
  and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say No to your exception request, you can make an appeal. Refer to Section G5 for information on making an appeal if we say No.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

## G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want by calling 1-888-301-1228, writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Refer to **Section E3** to find out how to name someone as your representative.
- You don't need to give written permission to your doctor or other prescriber to ask for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, refer to Chapter 7 of this Member Handbook.
- If you ask for an exception, give us a "supporting statement." The supporting statement includes your doctor or other prescriber's medical reasons for the exception request.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail us the supporting statement. They can also tell us by phone and then fax or mail the statement.



#### If your health requires it, ask us for a "fast coverage decision."

We use the "standard deadlines" unless we agree to use the "fast deadlines."

- A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A fast coverage decision means we give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.

A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."

You can get a fast coverage decision if:

- It's for a drug you didn't get. You can't get a fast coverage decision if you're asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
- Your health or ability to function would be seriously harmed if we use the standard deadlines.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll review your request under the fast coverage decision timeline. We'll send you a letter with this information.

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision without support from your doctor or other prescriber, we'll decide if
  you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we'll use the standard deadlines instead.
  - We send you a letter that tells you we'll use the standard deadline. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal about our decision.
  - You can file a fast complaint and get a response within 24 hours. For more information making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**.

### **Deadlines for a fast coverage decision**

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO. Refer to **Section G6** for more information about a Level 2 Appeal.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how you can make an appeal.



#### Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your request.
   If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement for an exception.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you
  how to make an appeal.

#### Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we pay you back within 14 calendar days.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you
  how to make an appeal.

# G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal

An appeal to our plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination."

- Start your standard or fast appeal by calling 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711), writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information regarding your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

### If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

A fast appeal is also called an "expedited redetermination."

 If you appeal a decision we made about a drug you didn't get, you and your doctor or other prescriber decide if you need a fast appeal.



Requirements for a fast appeal are the same as those for a fast coverage decision. Refer to Section G4
for more information.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- We review your appeal and take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request.
- We check if we followed the rules when we said No to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

#### **Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 1**

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
  - We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
  - » If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

#### **Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 1**

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- We give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug and your health condition requires it. If you believe your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.
  - » If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.

If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the coverage we agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we get your appeal.
- We must send payment to you for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request:

We send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.



- We must give you our answer about paying you back for a drug you bought within 14 calendar days after we get your appeal.
  - » If we don't give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6** for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must pay you within 30 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you
  how you can make an appeal.

### G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, you can accept our decision or make another appeal. If you decide to make another appeal, you use the Level 2 Appeal appeals process. The **IRO** reviews our decision when we said **No** to your first appeal. This organization decides if we should change our decision.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

To make a Level 2 Appeal, you, your representative, or your doctor or other prescriber must contact the IRO **in writing** and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say No to your Level 1 Appeal, the letter we send you includes instructions about how to make a
  Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. The instructions tell who can make the Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you
  must follow, and how to reach the organization.
- When you make an appeal to the IRO, we send the information we have about your appeal to the
  organization. This information is called your "case file". You have the right to a free copy of your case
  file. If you need help requesting a free copy of your case file, call 1-888-301-1228 (TTY: 711).
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.

The IRO reviews your Medicare Part D Level 2 Appeal and gives you an answer in writing. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about the IRO.

### **Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 2**

If your health requires it, ask the IRO for a fast appeal.

- If they agree to a fast appeal, they must give you an answer **within 72 hours** after getting your appeal request.
- If they say Yes to part or all of your request, we must provide the approved drug coverage within 24 hours after getting the IRO's decision.



### **Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 2**

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the IRO must give you an answer:

- within 7 calendar days after they get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- within 14 calendar days after getting your appeal for repayment for a drug you bought.

If the IRO says **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision.
- We must pay you back for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal".

If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal, you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for meets a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for is less than the required minimum, you can't make another appeal. In that case, the Level 2 Appeal decision is final. The IRO sends you a letter that tells you the minimum dollar value needed to continue with a Level 3 Appeal.

If the dollar value of your request meets the requirement, you choose if you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2.
- If the IRO says No to your Level 2 Appeal and you meet the requirement to continue the appeals process, you:
  - » Decide if you want to make a Level 3 Appeal.
  - » Refer to the letter the IRO sent you after your Level 2 Appeal for details about how to make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.



### H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our plan's hospital coverage, refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon or you're concerned about your care after you leave the hospital, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

### H1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you're admitted to the hospital, someone at the hospital, such as a nurse or caseworker, will give you a written notice called "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights." Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they're admitted to a hospital.

If you don't get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also call **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**), TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

- Read the notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The notice tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:
  - » Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
  - » Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
  - » Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
  - » Appeal if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon.
- **Sign the notice** to show that you got it and understand your rights.
  - You or someone acting on your behalf can sign the notice.
  - » Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information about your rights. Signing **doesn't** mean you agree to a discharge date your doctor or the hospital staff may have told you.
- **Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you have the information if you need it.

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you'll get another copy before you're discharged.



You can look at a copy of the notice in advance if you:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im.

### H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To ask for us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, make an appeal. The Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) reviews the Level 1 Appeal to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The QIO is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government. These experts check and help improve the quality for people with Medicare. They aren't part of our plan.

In California, the QIO is Commence Health. Call them at **1-877-588-1123** (TTY: **711**). Contact information is also in the notice, "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights," and in **Chapter 2**.

### Call the QIO before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.

- **If you call before you leave,** you can stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait for the QIO's decision about your appeal.
- If you don't call to appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may pay all costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Call the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222.

**Ask for a fast review.** Act quickly and contact the QIO to ask for a fast review of your hospital discharge.

The legal term for "fast review" is "immediate review" or "expedited review."

### What happens during fast review

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and our plan gave them.
- By noon of the day after reviewers tell our plan about your appeal, you get a letter with your planned discharge date. The letter also gives reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think that's the right discharge date that's medically appropriate for you.



The legal term for this written explanation is the "Detailed Notice of Discharge." You can get a sample by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) You can also refer to a sample notice online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im">www.cms.gov/medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im</a>.

Within one full day after getting all of the information it needs, the QIO give you their answer to your appeal.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They believe your planned discharge date is medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the QIO gives you
  their answer to your appeal.
- You can make a Level 2 Appeal if the QIO turns down your Level 1 Appeal **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date.

### H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at **1-877-588-1123** (TTY: **711**).

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We must pay you back for our share of hospital care costs since noon on the day after the date the QIO turned down your Level 1 Appeal.
- We'll provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.



If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with their decision about your Level 1 Appeal and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.



## I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services

This section is only about three types of services you may be getting:

- home health care services
- skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility, and
- rehabilitation care as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved CORF. This usually means you're getting treatment for an illness or accident or you're recovering from a major operation.

With any of these three types of services, you have the right to get covered services for as long as the doctor says you need them.

When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you **before** your services end. When your coverage for that service ends, we stop paying for it.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

### 11. Advance notice before your coverage ends

We send you a written notice that you'll get at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The notice tells you the date when we'll stop covering your care and how to appeal our decision.

You or your representative should sign the notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information. Signing **doesn't** mean you agree with our decision.

### 12. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you think we're ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you about the Level 1 Appeal process and what to do.

- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Understand and follow the deadlines that apply to
  things you must do. Our plan must follow deadlines too. If you think we're not meeting our deadlines, you
  can file a complaint. Refer to Section K for more information about complaints.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:
  - » Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
  - » Call the HICAP at 1-800-434-0222.



#### Contact the QIO.

- » Refer to **Section H2** or refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about the QIO and how to contact them.
- » Ask them to review your appeal and decide whether to change our plan's decision.
- Act quickly and ask for a "fast-track appeal." Ask the QIO if it's medically appropriate for us to end coverage of your medical services.

### **Your deadline for contacting this organization**

 You must contact the QIO to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage" we sent you.

The legal term for the written notice is "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage". To get a sample copy, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or get a copy online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices">www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices</a>.

### What happens during a fast-track appeal

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan gave them.
- Our plan also sends you a written notice that explains our reasons for ending coverage of your services. You get the notice by the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your appeal.

The legal term for the notice explanation is "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage".

Reviewers provide their decision within one full day after getting all the information they need.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

We'll provide your covered services for as long as they're medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- Your coverage ends on the date we told you.
- We stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date in the notice.
- You pay the full cost of this care yourself if you decide to continue the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services after the date your coverage ends
- You decide if you want to continue these services and make a Level 2 Appeal.



### 13. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at **1-877-588-1123** (TTY: **711**).

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you continue care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

#### QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

#### If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We'll provide coverage for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.

#### If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with our decision to end your care and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.



### J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

### J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both of your appeals were turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal.

If the dollar value of the Medicare service or item you appealed doesn't meet a certain minimum dollar amount, you can't appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can continue the appeals process. The letter you get from the IRO for your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

### **Level 3 Appeal**

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any
  accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing
  the service in dispute.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - » If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.
- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

### **Level 4 Appeal**

The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your Level 4 Appeal or denies our request to review a Level 3 Appeal decision favorable to you, we have the right to appeal to Level 5.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll tell you in writing.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.



If the Council says **No** or denies our review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide not to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the
  next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and
  what to do.

### **Level 5 Appeal**

• A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

### J2. Additional Medi-Cal appeals

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that Medi-Cal usually covers. The letter you get from the State Hearings Division will tell you what to do if you want to continue the appeals process.

### J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. The written response you get to your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

### **Level 3 Appeal**

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.



### **Level 4 Appeal**

The Council reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the Council says **No** to your appeal or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide not to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the
  next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and
  what to do.

### **Level 5 Appeal**

A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**.
 This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

### K. How to make a complaint

### K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems about quality of care, waiting times, coordination of care, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	You're unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital.
Respecting your privacy	<ul> <li>You think that someone didn't respect your right to privacy or shared confidential information about you.</li> </ul>
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul> <li>A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you.</li> <li>Our staff treated you poorly.</li> <li>You think you're being pushed out of our plan.</li> </ul>
Accessibility and language assistance	<ul> <li>You can't physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office.</li> <li>Your doctor or provider doesn't provide an interpreter for the non-English language you speak (such as American Sign Language or Spanish).</li> <li>Your provider doesn't give you other reasonable accommodations you need and ask for.</li> </ul>
Waiting times	<ul> <li>You have trouble getting an appointment or wait too long to get it.</li> <li>Doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals, Member Services, or other plan staff keep you waiting too long.</li> </ul>
Cleanliness	You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office isn't clean.
Information you get from us	<ul> <li>You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received.</li> <li>You think written information we sent you is too difficult to understand.</li> </ul>



Complaint	Example
Timeliness related to coverage decisions or appeals	<ul> <li>You think we don't meet our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal.</li> <li>You think that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we don't meet the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services.</li> <li>You don't think we sent your case to the IRO on time.</li> </ul>

There are different kinds of complaints. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization not affiliated with our plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call Member Services at the phone number listed at the bottom of this page.

The legal term for a "complaint" is a "grievance."

The legal term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

### K2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**). You can make the complaint at any time unless it's about a Medicare Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Medicare Part D drug, you must make it **within 60 calendar days** after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- If there's anything else you need to do, Member Services will tell you.
- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to
  your complaint in writing.
- A fast complaint also known as an expedited grievance, is a formal complaint filed when a Medicare or Medi-Cal member believes the decision, such as a coverage denial, isn't being processed in a timely manner or when the member disagrees with the decision to extend the processing time. This can be a request for a faster review of the initial grievance or appeal.

The legal term for "fast complaint" is "expedited grievance."

If possible, we answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we'll do that.

We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days. If we don't make a decision within 30 calendar
days because we need more information, we notify you in writing. We also provide a status update and
estimated time for you to get the answer.



- If you make a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you make a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint, we'll tell you and give you our reasons. We respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

### K3. External complaints

#### Medicare

You can tell Medicare about your complaint or send it to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint">www.medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</a>. You don't need to file a complaint with Total Care Advantage before filing a complaint with Medicare.

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and uses this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the health plan isn't addressing your problem, you can also call **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**). TTY users can call **1-877-486-2048**. The call is free.

#### Medi-Cal

You can file a complaint with the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman by calling 1-888-452-8609. TTY users can call 711. Call Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

### Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

You can make a complaint to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office for Civil Rights (OCR) if you think you haven't been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the OCR is **1-800-368-1019**. TTY users should call **1-800-537-7697**. You can visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You can make a civil rights complaint with the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) Office of Civil Rights by phone: Call **1-916-440-7370**. If you cannot speak or hear well, call **711** (TTY).

By mail: Fill out a complaint form or mail a letter to:

Deputy Director, Office of Civil Rights Department of Health Care Services Office of Civil Rights P.O. Box 997413, MS 0009 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413



Complaint forms are available at <a href="http://www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/Language Access.aspx">http://www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/Language Access.aspx</a>. Online: Send an email to CivilRights@dhcs.ca.gov.

You may also have rights under the Americans with disability Act (ADA). You can contact:

### Office for Civil Rights – U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

If you believe you have been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can also file a civil rights complaint with the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights by phone, by mail, or online:

By phone: Call **1-800-368-1019**. If you can't speak or hear well, call TTY **1-800-537-7697** or **711** to use the California Relay Service.

By mail: Fill out a complaint form or mail a letter to:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building Washington, D.C. 20201

Complaint forms are available at <a href="https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/complaints/index.html">https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/complaints/index.html</a>.

Online: Visit the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal at <a href="https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/cp">https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/cp</a>.

#### 010

When your complaint is about quality of care, you have two choices:

- You can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the QIO.
- You can make your complaint to the QIO and to our plan. If you make a complaint to the QIO, we work with them to resolve your complaint.

The QIO is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the QIO, refer to **Section H2** or refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook*.

In California, the QIO is called Commence Health. The phone number for Commence Health is **1-877-588-1123** (TTY: **711**).



### **CHAPTER 10**

# Ending your membership in our plan

### Introduction

This chapter explains how you can end your membership with our plan and your health coverage options after you leave our plan. If you leave our plan, you'll still be in the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs as long as you're eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

### Table of Contents

A.	When you can end your membership in our plan	.233
В.	How to end membership in our plan	.234
C.	How to get Medicare and Medi-Cal services separately	.235
	C1. Your Medicare services	.235
	C2. Your Medi-Cal services	.237
D.	Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends	.238
E.	Other situations when your membership in our plan ends	.239
F.	Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason	.240
G.	Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan	.241
Н.	How to get more information about ending your plan membership	.242

### A. When you can end your membership in our plan

Most people with Medicare can end their membership during certain times of the year. Since you have Medi-Cal:

you have some choices to end your membership with our plan any month of the year.

In addition, you may end your membership in our plan during the following periods each year:

- The **Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from October 15 to December 7. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in our plan ends on December 31 and your membership in the new plan starts on January 1.
- The **Medicare Advantage (MA) Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in a plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in the new plan starts the first day of the next month.

There may be other situations when you're eligible to make a change to your enrollment. For example, when:

- you move out of our service area,
- your eligibility for Medi-Cal or Extra Help changed, or
- if you recently moved into, currently are getting care in, or just moved out of a nursing facility or a longterm care hospital.

Your membership ends on the last day of the month that we get your request to change your plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan ends on January 31. Your new coverage begins the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example).

If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table in Section C1.
- Medi-Cal options and services in Section C2.

You can get more information about how you can end your membership by calling:

- Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The number for TTY users is listed too.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP), at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (TTY 1-800-735-2922). For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <a href="http://www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/">http://www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</a>. Health Care Options at 1-844-580-7272, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-430-7077.
- Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman at 1-888-452-8609, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or e-mail MMCDOmbudsmanOffice@dhcs.ca.gov.

**NOTE:** If you're in a drug management program (DMP), you may not be able to change plans. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for information about drug management programs.



### B. How to end membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership you can enroll in another Medicare plan or switch to Original Medicare. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you haven't selected a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services at the number at the bottom of this
  page if you need more information on how to do this.
- Call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**), TTY users (people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking) should call **1-877-486-2048**. When you call **1-800-MEDICARE**, you can also enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart on page 234.
- Call Health Care Options at 1-844-580-7272, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-430-7077.
- **Section C** below includes steps that you can take to enroll in a different plan, which will also end your membership in our plan.

## C. How to get Medicare and Medi-Cal services separately

You have choices about getting your Medicare and Medi-Cal services if you choose to leave our plan.

### C1. Your Medicare services

You have three options for getting your Medicare services listed below any month of the year. You have an additional option listed below during certain times of the year including the **Open Enrollment Period** and the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** or other situations described in **Section A**. By choosing one of these options, you automatically end your membership in our plan.

### 1. You can change to:

A Medicare Medi-Cal Plan (Medi-Medi Plan) is a type of Medicare Advantage plan. It's for people who have both Medicare and Medi-Cal, and combines Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits into one plan. Medi-Medi Plans coordinate all benefits and services across both programs, including all Medicare and Medi-Cal covered services or a Program for All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plan, if you qualify...

**Note:** The term Medi-Medi Plan is the name for integrated dual eligible special needs plans (D-SNPs) in California.

### Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call **1-855-921-PACE** (7223).

If you need help or more information:

 Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (TTY 1-800-735-2922). For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <u>www.aging.ca.gov/</u> HICAP/.

#### 0R

Enroll in a new Medi-Medi Plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

Your Medi-Cal plan will change to match your Medi-Medi Plan.



### 2. You can change to:

### Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan, and a Medi-Cal Plan.

#### Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**), TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (TTY 1-800-735-2922). For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <a href="www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/">www.aging.ca.gov/ HICAP/</a>.

#### **OR**

Enroll in a new Medicare prescription drug plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

You'll remain enrolled in your Medi-Cal Plan unless you choose a different plan.

### 3. You can change to:

### Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan

**NOTE:** If you switch to Original Medicare and don't enroll in a separate Medicare drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you don't want to join.

You should only drop drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <a href="https://www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/">www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</a>.

#### Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (TTY 1-800-735-2922). For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <a href="www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/">www.aging.ca.gov/ HICAP/</a>.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

You'll remain enrolled in your Medi-Cal Plan unless you choose a different plan.



#### 4. You can change to:

Any Medicare health plan during certain times of the year including the Open Enrollment Period and the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period or other situations described in Section A.

#### Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at **1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)**, TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call **1-855-921-PACE** (7223).

If you need help or more information:

 Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (TTY 1-800-735-2922). For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <a href="www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/">www.aging.ca.gov/ HICAP/</a>.

#### **OR**

Enroll in a new Medicare plan.

You'll automatically be disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

Your Medi-Cal Plan may change.

### C2. Your Medi-Cal services

For questions about how to get your Medi-Cal services after you leave our plan, contact Health Care Options at **1-844-580-7272**, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call **1-800-430-7077**. Or visit <a href="www.healthcareoptions.dhcs.ca.gov/en">www.healthcareoptions.dhcs.ca.gov/en</a>. Ask how joining another plan or returning to Original Medicare affects how you get your Medi-Cal coverage.

- If you have questions about your Medi-Cal benefits, call Total Care Advantage at **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**).
- If you have questions about your Medi-Cal eligibility you should contact the Ventura County Human Services Agency (HSA) at 1-888-472-4463.



## D. Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and Medi-Cal coverage begins. During this time, you keep getting your prescription drugs and health care through our plan until your new plan begins.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies including through our mail-order pharmacy services to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you're hospitalized on the day that your membership in Total Care Advantage ends, our plan will cover
  your hospital stay until you're discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins
  before you're discharged.

## E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends

These are cases when we must end your membership in our plan:

- If there's a break in your Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for Medi-Cal. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and Medi-Cal. Note: if you no longer qualify for Medi-Cal you can temporarily continue in our plan with Medicare benefits, please see information below on deeming period.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you're away from our service area for more than six months.
  - » If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if where you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for prescription drugs.
- If you're not a United States citizen or aren't lawfully present in the United States.
  - You must be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of our plan.
  - The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) notify us if you're not eligible to remain a member on this basis.
  - We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

If you lose Medi-Cal eligibility but can be expected to regain it within four months, then you're still eligible for our plan. Total Care Advantage will continue to cover your Medicare, Medi-Cal, and prescription drug benefits for four months from the date you lose your Medi-Cal eligibility. If you don't regain your eligibility after four months, we are required to disenroll you.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and Medi-Cal first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you're enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care. (Medicare may ask the Inspector General to investigate your case if we end your membership for this reason.)



## F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

We can't ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. If you think we're asking you to leave our plan for a health-related reason, **call Medicare** at **1-800-MEDICARE** (**1-800-633-4227**). TTY users should call **1-877-486-2048**.



## G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also refer to **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* for information about how to make a complaint.



## H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on ending your membership, you can call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page.



### **CHAPTER 11**

## Legal notices

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of this *Member Handbook*.

### **Table of Contents**

A.	Notice about laws	.244
В.	Federal notice about nondiscrimination	.245
C.	Notice about nondiscrimination for Medi-Cal	.246
D.	Notice about Medicare as a second payer and Medi-Cal as a payer of last resort	.247
E.	Notice about Medi-Cal estate recovery	.248

### A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Member Handbook*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this *Member Handbook*. The main laws that apply are federal and state laws about the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

### B. Federal notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

• Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at **1-800-368-1019**. TTY users can call **1-800-537-7697**. You can also visit <a href="https://www.hhs.gov/ocr">www.hhs.gov/ocr</a> for more information.

### C. Notice about nondiscrimination for Medi-Cal

We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. In addition, we don't unlawfully discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently because of ancestry, ethnic group identification, gender identity, marital status, or medical condition.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

Call the Department of Health Care Services, Office of Civil Rights at 916-440-7370. TTY users can call
 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service). If you believe that you've been discriminated against and want to file a discrimination grievance, contact

Phone: **1-888-301-1228** (TTY: **711**)

Address: Total Care Advantage

Attn: Grievance and Appeals 711 E. Daily Drive, Suite 106

Camarillo, CA 93010

Website: www.goldcoasthealthplan.org

If your grievance is about discrimination in the Medi-Cal program, you can also file a complaint with the Department of Health Care Services, Office of Civil Rights, by phone, in writing, or electronically:

- By phone: Call 916-440-7370. If you can't speak or hear well, please call 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service).
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or send a letter to:

Deputy Director, Office of Civil Rights
Department of Health Care Services
Office of Civil Rights
P.O. Box 997413, MS 0009
Sacramento, CA 95899-7413
Complaint forms are available at www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/Language Access.aspx.

Electronically: Send an email to CivilRights@dhcs.ca.gov.

If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.



## D. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and Medi-Cal as a payer of last resort

Sometimes someone else must pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you're in a car accident or if you're injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation must pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare isn't the first payer.

We comply with federal and state laws and regulations relating to the legal liability of third parties for health care services to members. We take all reasonable measures to ensure that Medi-Cal is the payer of last resort.

Medi-Cal members must utilize all other health coverage (OHC) prior to Medi-Cal when the same service is available under your health coverage since Medi-Cal is the payer of last resort. This means that in most cases, Medi-Cal will be the secondary payer to the Medicare OHC, covering allowable costs not paid by our plan or other OHC up to the Medi-Cal rate.



### E. Notice about Medi-Cal estate recovery

The Medi-Cal program must seek repayment from probated estates of certain deceased members for Medi-Cal benefits received on or after their 55th birthday. Repayment includes Fee-For-Service and managed care premiums/capitation payments for nursing facility services, home and community-based services, and related hospital and prescription drug services received when the member was an inpatient in a nursing facility or was receiving home and community-based services. Repayment can't exceed the value of a member's probated estate.

To learn more, go to the Department of Health Care Services' estate recovery website at <a href="https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/er">www.dhcs.ca.gov/er</a> or call **916-650-0590**.



#### **CHAPTER 12**

## Definitions of important words

### Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout this *Member Handbook* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Member Services.

**Activities of daily living (ADL):** The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing teeth.

**Administrative law judge:** An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) is a judge who hears and decides cases involving government agencies. A judge that reviews a level 3 appeal.

**AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP):** A program that helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications.

**Ambulatory surgical center:** A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who don't need hospital care and who aren't expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

**Appeal:** A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

**Behavioral Health:** Refers to our emotional, psychological, and social well-being. In simpler terms: It's about how we think, feel, and interact with others. It's an all-inclusive term referring to mental health and substance use disorder services.

**Biological Product:** A drug that's made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and can't be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "Original Biological Product" and "Biosimilar").

**Biosimilar:** A biological drug that's very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription. (Go to "Interchangeable Biosimilar").

**Brand name drug:** A drug that's made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are usually made and sold by other drug companies and are generally not available until the patent on the brand name drug has ended.

**Care coordinator:** One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Care plan: Refer to "Individualized Care Plan."

**Care team:** Refer to "Interdisciplinary Care Team."

**Catastrophic coverage stage:** The stage in the Medicare Part D drug benefit where our plan pays all costs of your Part D drugs until the end of the year. You begin this stage when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,100 for Part D covered drugs during the year.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS):** The federal agency in charge of Medicare. **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to contact CMS.



**Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS):** Outpatient, facility-based service program that delivers skilled nursing care, social services, occupational and speech therapies, personal care, family/caregiver training and support, nutrition services, transportation, and other services to eligible members who meet applicable eligibility criteria.

**Complaint:** A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of service, quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance".

**Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF):** A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copay:** A fixed amount you pay as your share of the cost each time you get certain drugs. For example, you might pay \$2 or \$5 for a drug.

**Cost-sharing:** Amounts you have to pay when you get certain prescription drugs. Cost-sharing includes copays.

**Cost-sharing tier:** A group of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on the *List of Covered Drugs* (also known as the *Drug List*) is in one cost-sharing tier. In general, generic drugs have lower copays than brand name drugs.

**Coverage decision:** A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we pay for your health services. **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered drugs:** The term we use to mean all of the prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs covered by our plan.

**Covered services:** The general term we use to mean all the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services our plan covers.

**Cultural competence training:** Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

**Daily cost-sharing rate:** A rate that may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you're required to pay a copay. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copay divided by the number of days in a month's supply.

Here is an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$1.35. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7-day supply of the drug, your payment is less than \$0.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment less than \$0.35.



**Department of Health Care Services (DHCS):** The state department in California that administers the Medicaid Program (known as Medi-Cal).

**Disenrollment:** The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Drug management program (DMP):** A program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications.

**Drug tiers:** Groups of drugs on our Drug List. Every drug on the *Drug List* is in one tier.

**Dual eligible special needs plan (D-SNP):** Health plan that serves individuals who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. Our plan is a D-SNP.

**Durable medical equipment (DME):** Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home. Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

**Emergency:** A medical emergency when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function (and if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child). The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

**Emergency care:** Covered services given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical or behavioral health emergency.

**Exception:** Permission to get coverage for a drug not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

**Excluded Services:** Services that aren't covered by this health plan.

**Extra Help:** Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy", or "LIS".

**Generic drug:** A drug approved by the FDA to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same ingredients as a brand name drug. It's usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

**Grievance:** A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care or the quality of service provided by your health plan.



**Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP):** A program that provides free and objective information and counseling about Medicare. **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* explains how to contact HICAP.

**Health plan:** An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services, and other providers. It also has care coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. All of them work together to provide the care you need.

**Health risk assessment (HRA):** A review of your medical history and current condition. It's used to learn about your health and how it might change in the future.

**Home health aide:** A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides don't have a nursing license or provide therapy.

**Hospice:** A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- We're required to give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

**Improper/inappropriate billing:** A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than our cost-sharing amount for services. Call Member Services if you get any bills you don't understand.

As a plan member, you only pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get drugs we cover. We **don't** allow providers to bill you more than this amount.

In Home Supportive Services (IHSS): The IHSS Program will help pay enrolled care providers for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. IHSS is an alternative to out-of-home care, such as nursing homes or board and care facilities. To receive services, an assessment is conducted to determine which types of services may be authorized for each participant based on their needs. The types of services which can be authorized through IHSS are housecleaning, meal preparation, laundry, grocery shopping, personal care services (such as bowel and bladder care, bathing, grooming and paramedical services), accompaniment to medical appointments, and protective supervision for the mentally impaired. County social service agencies administer IHSS.

**Independent review organization (IRO):** An independent organization hired by Medicare that reviews a level 2 appeal. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. The formal name is the **Independent Review Entity**.



**Individualized Care Plan (ICP or Care Plan):** A plan for what services you'll get and how you'll get them. Your plan may include medical services, behavioral health services, and long-term services and supports.

**Initial coverage stage:** The stage before your total Medicare Part D drug expenses reach \$2,100. This includes amounts you paid, what our plan paid on your behalf, and the low-income subsidy. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share.

**Inpatient:** A term used when you're formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you're not formally admitted, you may still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

**Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT or Care team):** A care team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need. Your care team also helps you make a care plan.

**Integrated D-SNP:** A dual-eligible special needs plan that covers Medicare and most or all Medicaid services under a single health plan for certain groups of individuals eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. These individuals are known as full-benefit dually eligible individuals.

**Interchangeable Biosimilar:** A biosimilar that may be substituted at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements about the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

**List of Covered Drugs (Drug List):** A list of prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs we cover. We choose the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The *Drug List* is sometimes called a "formulary".

**Long-term services and supports (LTSS):** Long-term services and supports help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so you don't have to go to a nursing facility or hospital. LTSS covered by our plan include Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS), also known as adult day health care, Nursing Facilities (NF), and Community Supports. IHSS and 1915(c) waiver programs are Medi-Cal LTSS provided outside our plan.

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help"

**Mail Order Program:** Some plans may offer a mail-order program that allows you to get up to a 3-month supply of your covered prescription drugs sent directly to your home. This may be a cost-effective and convenient way to fill prescriptions you take regularly.

**Medi-Cal:** This is the name of California Medicaid program. Medi-Cal is managed by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government.

- It helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.
- It covers extra services and some drugs not covered by Medicare.



 Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medi-Cal.

**Medi-Cal plans:** Plans that cover only Medi-Cal benefits, such as long-term services and supports, medical equipment, and transportation. Medicare benefits are separate.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance):** A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs. Medi-Cal is the Medicaid program for the State of California.

**Medically necessary:** Medically Necessary or Medical Necessity means reasonable and necessary services to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or alleviate severe pain through the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury, as required under W&I section 14059.5(a) and 22 CCR section 51303(a).

**Medicare:** The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed care plan (refer to "Health plan").

**Medicare Advantage:** A Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Part C" or "MA", that offers MA plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

**Medicare Appeals Council (Council):** A council that reviews a level 4 appeal. The Council is part of the Federal government.

**Medicare-covered services:** Services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all the services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.

**Medicare diabetes prevention program (MDPP):** A structured health behavior change program that provides training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

**Medicare-Medi-Cal enrollee:** A person who qualifies for Medicare and Medicaid coverage. A Medicare-Medicaid enrollee is also called a "dually eligible individual".

**Medicare Part A:** The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health, and hospice care.

**Medicare Part B:** The Medicare program that covers services (such as lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (such as wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

**Medicare Part C:** The Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Advantage" or "MA", that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through an MA Plan.



**Medicare Part D:** The Medicare drug benefit program. We call this program "Part D" for short. Medicare Part D covers outpatient drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B or Medicaid. Our plan includes Medicare Part D.

**Medicare Part D drugs:** Drugs covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excludes certain categories of drugs from coverage under Medicare Part D. Medicaid may cover some of these drugs.

**Medication Therapy Management (MTM):** A Medicare Part D program for complex health needs provided to people who meet certain requirements or group in a Drug Management Program. MTM services usually include a discussion with a pharmacist or health care provider to review medications. Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* for more information.

**Medi-Medi Plan:** A Medi-Medi Plan is a type of Medicare Advantage plan. It's for people who have both Medicare and Medi-Cal, and combines Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits into one plan. Medi-Medi Plans coordinate all benefits and services across both programs, including all Medicare and Medi-Cal covered services.

**Member (member of our plan, or plan member):** A person with Medicare and Medi-Cal who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

**Member Handbook** and **Disclosure Information:** This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explain your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

**Member Services:** A department in our plan responsible for answering your questions about membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for more information about Member Services.

**Network pharmacy:** A pharmacy (drug store) that agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them "network pharmacies" because they agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, we cover your prescriptions only when filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Network provider:** "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They're licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them "network providers" when they agree to work with our health plan, accept our payment, and don't charge members an extra amount.
- While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called "plan providers".

**Nursing home or facility:** A facility that provides care for people who can't get their care at home but don't need to be in the hospital.



**Ombudsman:** An office in your state that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsman's services are free. You can find more information in **Chapters 2 and 9** of this *Member Handbook*.

**Organization determination:** Our plan makes an organization determination when we, or one of our providers, decide about whether services are covered or how much you pay for covered services. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions". **Chapter 9** of this *Member Handbook* explains coverage decisions.

**Original Biological Product:** A biological product that has been approved by the FDA and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It's also called a reference product.

**Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare):** The government offers Original Medicare. Under Original Medicare, services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers amounts that Congress determines.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. Original Medicare has two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).
- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you don't want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare.

**Out-of-network pharmacy:** A pharmacy that hasn't agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Our plan doesn't cover most drugs you get from out of network pharmacies unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-network provider or Out-of-network facility:** A provider or facility that isn't employed, owned, or operated by our plan and isn't under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. **Chapter 3** of this *Member Handbook* explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

**Out-of-pocket costs:** The cost-sharing requirement for members to pay for part of the services or drugs they get is also called the "out-of-pocket" cost requirement. Refer to the definition for "cost-sharing" above.

**Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs:** Over-the-counter drugs are drugs or medicines that a person can buy without a prescription from a health care professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."



**Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI):** Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits, and medical history. Refer to our Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how we protect, use, and disclose your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

**Preventive services:** Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).

**Primary care provider (PCP):** The doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems. They make sure you get the care you need to stay healthy.

- They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to Chapter 3 of this Member Handbook for information about getting care from primary care providers.

**Prior authorization (PA):** An approval you must get from us before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Our plan may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval first.

Our plan covers some network medical services only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from us.

• Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook*.

Our plan covers some drugs only if you get PA from us.

 Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the List of Covered Drugs and the rules are posted on our website.

**Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE):** A program that covers Medicare and Medicaid benefits together for people age 55 and over who need a higher level of care to live at home.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics:** Medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider that include, but aren't limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality improvement organization (QIO):** A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The federal government pays the QIO to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to **Chapter 2** of this *Member Handbook* for information about the QIO.

**Quantity limits:** A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. We may limit the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

**Real Time Benefit Tool:** A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost sharing



amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

**Referral:** A referral is your primary care provider's (PCP's) or our approval to use a provider other than your PCP. If you don't get approval first, we may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in **Chapters 3** and 4 of this *Member Handbook*.

**Rehabilitation services:** Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident, or major operation. Refer to **Chapter 4** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about rehabilitation services.

**Sensitive services:** Services related to mental or behavioral health, sexual and reproductive health, family planning, sexually transmitted infections (STIs), HIV/AIDS, sexual assault and abortions, substance use disorder, gender affirming care, and intimate partner violence.

**Service area:** A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can enroll in our plan.

**Skilled nursing facility (SNF):** A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

**Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care:** Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

**Specialist:** A doctor who treats certain types of health care problems. For example, an orthopedic surgeon treats broken bones; an allergist treats allergies; and a cardiologist treats heart problems. In most cases, a member will need a referral from their PCP to go to a specialist.

**Specialized pharmacy:** Refer to **Chapter 5** of this *Member Handbook* to learn more about specialized pharmacies.

**State Hearing:** If your doctor or other provider asks for a Medi-Cal service that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a Medi-Cal service you already have, you can ask for a State Hearing. If the State Hearing is decided in your favor, we must give you the service you asked for.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI):** A monthly benefit Social Security pays to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and over. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently needed care:** Care you get for an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. You can get urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you can't get to them because given your time, place, or circumstances, it isn't possible, or it is unreasonable to get services from network providers (for example when you're outside our plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it isn't a medical emergency).



### Gold Coast Health Plan Total Care Advantage (HMO D-SNP) Member Services

CALL	1-888-301-1228	
	Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.	
	Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non- English speakers.	
ТТҮ	711	
	Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m 8 p.m., seven days a week from Oct. 1 through March 31 and 8 a.m 8 p.m., Monday – Friday from April 1 through Sept. 30.	
FAX	1-888-310-3660	
WRITE	Total Care Advantage 711 E. Daily Drive Suite 106 Camarillo, CA 93010-6082 Email: memberaccess@goldchp.org	
WEBSITE	www.goldcoasthealthplan.org	

