2021 MCAS MEASURE: CONTRACEPTIVE CARE – ALL WOMEN AGES 15-44 (CCW)

Measure Steward: U.S. Office of Population Affairs (OPA)

Gold Coast Health Plan’s (GCHP) goal is to help its providers gain compliance with their annual Managed Care Accountability Set (MCAS) scores by providing guidance and resources. This tip sheet will provide the key components to the MCAS measure, “Contraceptive Care – All Women Ages 15-44 (CCW).”

Measure Description: Measures the percentage of women ages 15 to 44 at risk of unintended pregnancy who were provided with one of the following in the measurement year:

- A most effective or moderately effective method of contraception.
- OR
- A long-acting reversible method of contraception (LARC).

Data Collection Method: Administrative

CCW Clinical Code Sets
For billing, reimbursement, and reporting of services completed, submit claims in a timely manner with the appropriate medical codes for all clinical conditions evaluated and services completed.

Codes used to identify women with contraceptive care.

- Please click here for a complete list of codes used to identify most effective contraception (i.e. female sterilization, contraceptive implants, intrauterine devices or systems) or moderately effective contraception (i.e. injectables, oral pills, patch, ring, or diaphragm).
- Please click here for a complete list of codes used to identify LARC (i.e. contraceptive implants, intrauterine devices or systems).

Note: Contraceptive surveillance codes (e.g. Z30.41) are included in the first rate for most or moderately effective contraceptive provision because this measure is intended to capture both new and existing contraceptive users. The second rate for LARC provision is designed to capture new LARC insertions, so contraceptive surveillance codes are not included in the second rate.

Exclusionary Criteria:

- Women who are not at risk of unintended pregnancy (i.e. menopause, evidence of oophorectomy, pregnant at the end of the measurement year or had a live birth delivery within the last two months of the measurement year) are excluded from the CCW measure. Click here for a list of exclusionary codes.

Best Practices:

- Schedule routine screenings to learn about patients’ reproductive intentions and to educate them on the different methods of contraception.
- The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) encourages clinics to ask women about pregnancy intendedness and encourages patients to develop a reproductive life plan or a set of personal goals regarding when to have children.
- Expand long-acting reversible contraception counseling and access.
- Educate patients of the different methods of contraception: most effective, moderately effective, and long-acting reversible method.

1 Measures reported using the administrative data collection method report on the entire eligible population and use only administrative data sources (e.g. claims, encounter, lab, immunization registries) to evaluate if services were performed.