

### Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) dba Gold Coast Health Plan (GCHP)

### **Executive Finance Committee**

Special Meeting Thursday, October 26, 2023 – 3:00 p.m. 711 E. Daily Drive, Suite 106 Camarillo CA 93010 Community Room

Members of the public can participate using the Conference Call Number below or any of the posted locations as noted on this agenda.

Conference Call Number: 805-324-7279 Conference ID Number: 604 828 735#

Adventist Health Simi Valley 2975 N. Sycamore Dr. Simi Valley, CA. 93065

Clinicas del Camino Real 1040 Flynn Rd. Camarillo, CA 93012

2220 E. Gonzales Road, Suite 210B Oxnard, CA 93036

Community Memorial Health System

147 N. Brent St. Ventura, CA 93003

233 Corte Linda Santa Paula, CA 93060

### **AGENDA**

### **CALL TO ORDER**

### **ROLL CALL**

### **PUBLIC COMMENT**

The public has the opportunity to address Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) doing business as Gold Coast Health Plan (GCHP) on the agenda.

Persons wishing to address VCMMCC are limited to three (3) minutes unless the Chair of the Commission extends time for good cause shown. Comments regarding items not on the agenda must be within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Commission.

Members of the public may attend the meeting in person, call in, using the numbers above, or can submit public comments to the Committee via email by sending an email to <a href="mailto:ask@goldchp.org">ask@goldchp.org</a>. If members of the public want to speak on a particular agenda item, please identify the agenda item number. Public comments submitted by email should be under 300 words.



### CONSENT

1. Approval of Executive Finance Committee special meeting minutes of August 9, 2023.

Staff: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC, Clerk to the Commission

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Approve the minutes as presented.

### **FORMAL ACTION**

2. FY 2022-23 Audit Results (Presented by Moss Adams)

Staff: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Stelian Damu, Moss Adams Representative Kimberly Sokoloff, Moss Adams Representative

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Staff recommends that the Commission approve the audited financial statements as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023.

3. Contract Approval – KP LLC., Print and Fulfillment Services

Staff: Alan Torres, Chief Information & System Modernization Officer

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>; Staff recommends that the Executive Finance Committee recommend that the Commission award a competitively bid contract for Print and Fulfillment Services to KP LLC.

### **ADJOURNMENT**

Administrative Reports relating to this agenda are available at 711 East Daily Drive, Suite #106, Camarillo, California, during normal business hours and on http://goldcoasthealthplan.org. Materials related to an agenda item submitted to the Committee after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public review during normal business hours at the office of the Clerk of the Board.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact (805) 437-5512. Notification for accommodation must be made by the Tuesday prior to the meeting by 3 p.m. will enable the Clerk of the Board to make reasonable arrangements for accessibility to this meeting.



### **AGENDA ITEM NO. 1**

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC - Clerk of the Board

DATE: October 26, 2023

SUBJECT: Meeting Minutes for Special Executive Finance Meeting of August 9, 2023

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Approve the minutes.

### **ATTACHMENTS:**

Copies of the Executive Finance Committee special meeting minutes of August 9, 2023.



### Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission (VCMMCC) Executive/Finance Committee Special Meeting via Teleconference/In Person

### **August 9, 2023**

### **CALL TO ORDER**

Committee Chair Dee Pupa called the meeting to order at 10:09 a.m. The meeting was held in the Bell Canyon Conference Room located at Gold Coast Health Plan, 770 Paseo Camarillo, California.

### **ROLL CALL**

Present: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, Dee Pupa, and Jennifer Swenson attended in

person.

Absent: Commissioners Laura Espinosa, and James Corwin.

GCHP Staff in attendance: CEO Nick Liguori, CIO Alan Torres, Michael Murguia, Exec. Director of Human Resources, Anna Sproule, Greg Antoniono, and General Counsel, Scott Campbell.

### **PUBLIC COMMENT**

None.

### **CONSENT**

1. Approval of Executive Finance Committee special meeting minutes of May 15, 2023, and June 12, 2023.

Staff: Maddie Gutierrez, MMC, Clerk to the Commission

RECOMMENDATION: Approve the minutes as presented.

Commissioner Swenson motioned to approve Consent item 1. Commissioner Pupa seconded the motion.

AYES: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, Dee Pupa and Jennifer Swenson.

NOES: None.



ABSENT: Commissioners Laura Espinosa and James Corwin.

The clerk declared the motion carried.

Commissioner Laura Espinosa joined the meeting at 10:13 a.m.

### **FORMAL ACTION**

### 2. Recommendation for Contract Award to NTT Data for Provider and Member Portals

Staff: Alan Torres, Chief Information Officer

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> It is the Plan's recommendation that the Executive Finance Committee recommend the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission waive any irregularities in NTT Data's proposal and authorize the CEO to execute a contract with NTT Data Inc., on terms acceptable to the CEO and General Counsel.

Chief Information Officer, Alan Torres, stated this is RFP #4. This is another step in modernizing technologies and operational capabilities. He reviewed the RFPs anticipated and noted we are almost half-way done.

This RFP supports our member experience and is a priority. CIO Torres noted that 16 vendors were specifically solicited, and we received five responsive proposals. We had an evaluation team which had representation from IT, Operations, Provider Contracting, Medical Management, Procurement as well as assistance from legal counsel. This team evaluated and scored each of the proposals. GCHP staff narrowed it down to 3 proposals; Oracle, NTT, and Deloitte. There were two required demonstrations.

CIO Torres noted that NTT Data was responsive and their products functions met the expectations of all parties. He noted that NTT was preferred by providers, and the member panel found the mobile application was acceptable. Deloitte also met expectations and was user friendly but the cost was much higher. Oracle partnered with a third-party vendor, but their product did not meet GCHP expectations. GCHP prioritized discussions with NTT and Deloitte. GCHP went into contract negotiations with the top two vendors The total five-year proposal cost for each of the two vendors was reviewed. There was a significant price difference. Reference checks were done.

In summary, NTT Data met our needs at a lower cost. The savings with NTT is approximately \$11 million, and contract terms are more favorable. CIO Torres noted



that irregularities were waived. The start date is set for September 1, 2023 and expires June 30, 2029. And will not exceed \$8.1 million.

General Counsel, Scott Campbell, stated the contractual terms were much more favorable. Members liked the portal, and we will work with NTT Data to get member input for building portals. We will also focus on the provider portal, and also work concurrently with member access.

Commissioner Pupa asked if NTT has California clients. Executive Director of Operations, Anna Sproule, stated we have confirmed they have worked with specific California plans. Commissioner Abbas stated Deloitte has done good work with the health industry. He asked why there was such a difference in cost. CIO Torres stated there is a difference in the contract. Deloitte proposed that GCHP would own control of the software. The source code is significant from a cost perspective.

Mr. Campbell stated we have other RFPs being launched, and Deloitte will be participating. The providers preferred NTT data.

Commissioner James Corwin joined the meeting at 10:29 a.m.

Commissioner Swenson stated that intellectual property, when you own it, is nice to have. If you did own it through Deloitte, it could potentially be sold to other entities, but might not be a business we want to get into. She believes it is a wise decision to not be the owner of this process.

Commissioner Corwin stated he has been moving more and more away from Deloitte, not because of the performance, the issue is the over-pricing of products.

Commissioner Espinosa stated she reviewed the event schedule and noted the RFP started one year ago. She asked if over a year's time does anything change in the analysis due to the long period for the process. CIO Torres responded nothing changed, and he ensures that it was a thoughtful approach, but it does meet the timeline.

Commissioner Espinosa stated that when members are brought in for portal building, she would like to be part of the process. Commissioner Pupa stated the mobile application is crucial, and we need to ensure that it works for our members. Before it is rolled out.

General Counsel asked if there were any comments from the public. There were none.



Commissioner Abbas motioned to approve agenda item 2, Contract Award for NTT Data. Commissioner Swenson seconded the motion.

AYES: Commissioners Anwar Abbas, James Corwin, Laura Espinosa, Dee Pupa and

Jennifer Swenson.

NOES: None.

ABSENT: None.

The clerk declared the motion carried.

The committee went into Closed Session at 10:37 a.m.

### **CLOSED SESSION**

3. PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT:

Title: Chief Financial Officer

### **ADJOURNMENT**

The meeting was adjourned at 12:41 p.m. There was no reportable action.
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Approved:	
Maddie Gutierrez, MMC	
Clerk to the Commission	



### AGENDA ITEM NO. 2

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Sara Dersch, Chief Financial Officer

Moss Adams Representatives

DATE: October 26, 2023

SUBJECT: Gold Coast Health Plan 2023 Audit Results

### PowerPoint with Verbal Presentation

### **ATTACHMENTS:**

GCHP Fiscal Year 2023 Audit Results

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### Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan 2023 AUDIT RESULTS

MOSSADAMS

Discussion with the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission

### Agenda

- Matters Required to be Communicated with Those Charged with Governance
- 2. New Accounting Standard
- 3. Your Service Team
- 4. About Moss Adams



## Scope of Services

We have performed the following services for Gold Coast Health Plan:



Annual financial statement audit as of and for the

year ended June 30, 2023



## Nonattest Services



- Assist management with drafting the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, excluding management's discussion and analysis
- Consulting services associated with Adaptive Insights financial and budgeting solution



## Significant Risks Identified

During the audit, we identified the following:

Significant Risks	Procedures
Capitation Revenue Recognition	Capitation Revenue Recognition We tested internal controls around revenue recognition, vouched membership and rates to supporting documentation, and reconciled revenue recognized to monthly cash payments from the State of California.
Medical Claims Liability	We tested internal controls over the claims process (including IT controls), performed a lookback analysis on the prior year medical claims liability estimate, reviewed the actuarial specialist's model and report, and performed analytical procedures around current year estimate.
Management Override of Controls	We performed inquiries of accounting and operational personnel, performed risk assessment procedures, and tested risk-based manual journal entry selections.



Historic Actual Medical Claims Liability (IBNP) (in millions) Historic Estimated Medical Claims Liability (IBNP) and



Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

statements that have been prepared by management, with your oversight, are prepared, the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion about whether the financial or management of your responsibilities



Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAS). As part of an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

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Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide assurance control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in effectiveness of the entity's internal control or to identify deficiencies in the design or Our audit of the financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal operation of internal control. Accordingly, we considered the entity's internal control the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the concerning such internal control.



Our responsibility with regard to the financial statement audit under U.S. auditing standards:

statement audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the financial procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

## Significant Accounting Practices:

Our views about qualitative aspects of the entity's significant accounting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates, and financial statement disclosures

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

The Plan adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96 regarding Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The change in accounting principle was applied retroactively in the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

The quality of the entity's accounting policies and underlying estimates are discussed throughout this presentation. There were no changes in the entity's approach to applying the critical accounting policies.





MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Significant Unusual Transactions

MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

No significant unusual transactions were identified during our audit of the entity's financial statements.

## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We are to inform those charged with governance of any significant difficulties encountered in performing the audit. Examples of difficulties may include significant delays by management, an unreasonably brief time to complete the audit, unreasonable management restrictions encountered by the auditor, or an unexpected extensive effort required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence.

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

No significant difficulties were encountered during our audit of the entity's financial statements.



## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

## Disagreements With Management

Disagreements with management, whether or not satisfactorily resolved, about matters that individually or in the aggregate could be significant to the entity's financial statements, or the auditor's report.

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

There were no disagreements with management.





## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Circumstances that affect the form and content of the auditor's report

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

There were no circumstances that affected the form and content of the auditor's report.







## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Other findings or issues arising from the audit that are, in the auditor's professional judgment, significant and relevant to those charged with governance regarding their oversight of the financial reporting process

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

There were no other findings or issues arising from the audit to report.





## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

**Uncorrected Misstatements** 

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

Uncorrected misstatements, or matters underlying those uncorrected misstatements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though we have concluded that the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements, including disclosures, under audit.

No uncorrected misstatements were identified as a result of our audit.



## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

## Representations requested of management

We requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter expected to be dated October 30, 2023

### A copy odo

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

## A copy of the full management representation letter is available, upon request.

October 30, 2023

Moss Adams LLP

101 Second Street, Suite 900 San Francisco, CA 94105 We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission, dba Gold Coast Health Plan ("GCHP" or the "Plan"), which comprise the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly. In all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material, thems are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relighing on the information whould be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

Except where otherwise stated below, immaterial matters less than \$1,060,000 collectively are not considered to be exceptions that require disclosure for the purpose of the following representations. This amount is not necessarily indicative of amounts that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves as of October 30, 2023

### ancial Statements

 We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated September 28, 2022, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Management's consultation with other accountants

When we are aware that management has consulted with other accountants about significant auditing or accounting matters, we discuss with those charged with governance our views about the matters that were the subject of such consultation.

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

We are not aware of instances where management consulted with other accountants about significant auditing or accounting matters.



## MATTERS TO BE COMMUNICATED

Significant issues arising from the audit that were discussed, or the subject of correspondence with management

## MOSS ADAMS COMMENTS

No significant issues arose during the audit that have not been addressed elsewhere in this presentation.





## New Accounting Standard

GASB

## Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

- Provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users
- Defines a SBITA as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction
- > Establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability
- Provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA
- Requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA
- Based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases.
- Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.



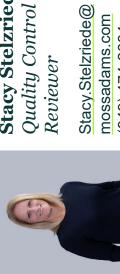
## Your Service Team



### Kimberly Sokoloff Audit Engagement

Kimberly.Sokoloff@ Partner

mossadams.com (925) 952-2506



### Stacy Stelzriede

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Partner

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### Mariia Potts Audit Senior

mossadams.com (310)481-1351Marija.Potts@



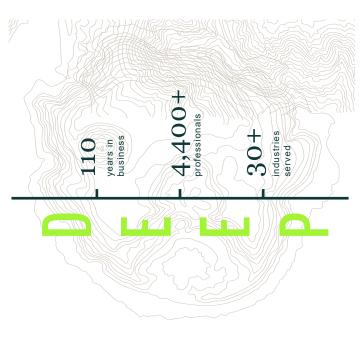


## About Moss Adams

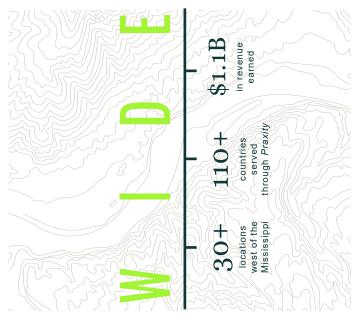
Moss Adams is a full-service firm, offering a portfolio of tax, assurance, consulting, and individual and institutional wealth management services to clients all over the world.

We're primarily focused on helping US-based middle-market companies, and our professionals are focused by the industry they support.

Our annual revenue in 2022 was \$1.1 billion, and our bench of more than 4,400 professionals continues to grow rapidly every year.



Crater Lake—
A monument to perseverance,
America's deepest lake filled to
1,949 feet over 720 years.



Grand Canyon—
At 277 miles long and up to 18 miles wide, this icon serves as a testament to determination and time.

### National Health Care Industry Group

Health care is one of our firm's largest and most successful industry groups. For more than 45 years, we've recognized the value of having dedicated industry professionals. Unlike many of our competitors, our Health Care Group includes 100% industry-focused professionals who specialize in navigating the complexities of today's health care landscape.

Our team supports a wide range of clients from individual clinics to health systems, from surgery centers to long-term care facilities, and from ancillary health care providers to private equity firms investing in the health care sector.



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## Risk-Bearing Organizations Health Plans, Insurance &

come in many different forms including health plans, accountable care organizations, In today's health care landscape, managed care risk-bearing organizations (RBOs) independent physician associations, and integrated delivery networks.

fresh approaches due to mounting financial pressures affecting profitability, increased assurance services, we also focus on operational and systems infrastructure, and our services and knowledge of the insurance managed care market have been used for numerous litigation matters involving payers and providers. There's opportunity for We serve the needs of over 230 clients ranging in size and structure from large, billion-dollar member insurers to small, captive insurers. In addition to tax and federal and state regulations, and shifting patient populations.

### WHO WE SERVE:

Exclusive Provider Organizations	TPAs	ACOs	Dental Plans	Insurance Exchanges
Captive Insurers	Self-insured Pools	Medicaid Health Plans	Knox-Keene Plans	Stock Insurance Companies (public & private)
Self-funded medical professional liability insurance	Risk Pools	Medicare Advantage Plans	soco	HMOs



### Top Audit Firm

ecognized by Best's Review as oss Reserves and Health Loss Reserves for Property/Casualty a Top Audit Firm ranked by consecutively since 2018 and Health Insurance



230+

nsurance company clients ranging in premiums from \$15M to \$5B annually

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### Health Care Consulting

### COST REIMBURSEMENT

Medicare & Medicaid

Provider-Based Licensure & Certification

**Medical Education** 

Uncompensated Care

Health Care Consulting

Wage Index Reviews

Contract Compliance

### STRATEGY & INTEGRATION

Provider Risk Analysis, Contracting, & Operational Design

M&A Support

Feasibility Studies

Market Intelligence & Benchmarking

Strategic Planning & Implementation

Managed Care Assessment & Negotiation

Service Line Enhancement & Analyses

## **GOVERNMENT COMPLIANCE**

Regulatory Compliance

Coding Validation

Coding Department Redesign

**EHR Internal Controls** 

Corporate Compliance

### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

HIPAA Security & Privacy

Network Security & Penetration

**Disaster Recovery Planning** 

PCI DSS Audits

SOC Pre-Audit Gap Analysis & Readiness

SOC Audits

## **OPERATIONAL IMPROVEMENT**

Revenue Cycle Enhancement

**Litigation Support** 

Claims Recovery

Lean Consulting

**Employer Health Benefits** 

Operational Assessments & Process Improvement

Valuations

Performance Improvement

## Better Together: Moss Adams & Gold Coast Health Plan

complex needs that go beyond these core

functions. Our dedicated health care consulting team provides a range of

Audit and tax are vital. But you have

services to address all emerging needs-

both now and in the future.

## SAVE THE DATE

## 2023 Executive Health Care Conference

Nov. 1-3, 2023 | JW Marriott Resort & Spa | Las Vegas

The conference will kick off with our second annual Women's Health Care Leadership Forum Nov. 1, 2023, followed by our main event on Nov. 2–3, 2023

## Keynote Speakers



Daniel Kraft, MD



**Bradford Koles, Jr.** 



Preview the conference with this year's promo video.



app on iOS and most Android devices. Scan this QR code with your camera

Visit mossadams.com/HCC2023

Karl

Rove

# Conference? Check out highlights from 2022 Why attend the 2023 Executive Health Care

- Topics affecting the health care continuum
- Networking opportunities among executives
- See sessions from 2022

75% of attendess held executive leadership positions	84% of those who responded to our survey indicated they were "very satisfied" with the conference	17%	CASCADIA CAPITAL LLC  UnionBank	
Executive Women's Leadership Retreat	13.5 OPE Oredits	13% 10% 3% 13%	Gallagher Insurance   Risk Management   Consulting	
230 Attendees	39 industry presenters	Profiles Sarvices alth Systems insurance nd physicians sorganizations		
November 2-4 2022	Red Rock Casino Resort & Spa Las Vegas, Nevada	Attendee Profiles  Ancillary Health Care Services Hospitals and Health Systems Health plans and insurance Medical groups and physicians Long-term care Financial services organizations Tribal health Other	Sponsors  SheppardMullin  WHITE OAK	
MOSS ADAMS 2022 ANNUAL HEALTH CARE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE				









Report of Independent Auditors and Financial Statements

Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan

June 30, 2023 and 2022

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## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The intent of the Management's Discussion and Analysis is to provide readers with an overview of the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's ("GCHP" or the "Plan") financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. This overview is provided in conjunction with the Plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, financial statements. Readers should review this overview in conjunction with GCHP's financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the financial performance.

#### **Gold Coast Health Plan Overview**

On June 2, 2009, the Ventura County Board of Supervisors approved the implementation of a county-organized health system ("COHS") model to transition Ventura County Medi-Cal members from a fee-for-service model to a managed care model. Ordinance No. 4409 (April 2010) established the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission as an oversight entity. The Commission's 11 members oversee a single plan—Gold Coast Health Plan—to serve Ventura County Medi-Cal beneficiaries.

As a COHS, the Plan has an exclusive contract (the "Contract") with the State of California (the "State") Department of Health Care Services ("DHCS") to arrange for the provision of health care services to Ventura County's approximately 248,000 Medi-Cal beneficiaries at June 30, 2023. The Plan receives virtually 100 percent of its revenue in the form of capitation from the State of California.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of financial statements and notes to those statements, which reflect GCHP's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The financial statements of GCHP include the statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, statements of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements.

- The statements of net position include all GCHP's assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting.
- The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the results of operating activities during the fiscal year and the resulting change in net position.
- The statements of cash flows report the net cash provided by operating activities, as well as other sources, and uses of cash from investing, capital, and related financing activities.

The following discussion and analysis addresses GCHP's overall program activities.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **Financial Highlights**

The table below presents condensed statements of net position of the Plan as of June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021:

Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Net Position as of June 30

STATE OF THE PARTY				(Dollars	in Tho	ousands)							
The second of th				,			2023 - 2022 Change				2022 - 2021 Change		
10 m	0	2023		2022		2021		Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage	
	5		(as	restated)				<u> </u>					
ASSETS													
Current assets and other assets	\$	550,528	\$	414,557	\$	358,015	\$	135,971	32.8 %	\$	56,542	15.8 %	
Capital assets, net		982		1,224		1,198		(242)	(19.8)%		26	2.2 %	
Total assets	\$	551,510	\$	415,781	\$	359,213	\$	135,729	32.6 %	\$	56,568	15.7 %	
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LIABILITIES													
Current liabilities	\$	186,134	\$	231,008	\$	246,472	\$	(44,874)	(19.4)%	\$	(15,464)	(6.3)%	
Noncurrent liabilities		6,088		8,156		7,280		(2,068)	(25.4)%		876	12.0 %	
Total liabilities		192,222		239,164		253,752		(46,942)	(19.6)%		(14,588)	(5.7)%	
NET POSITION													
Invested in capital assets		982		1,224		1,198		(242)	(19.8)%		26	2.2 %	
Unrestricted net position		358,306		175,393		104,263		182,913	104.3 %		71,130	68.2 %	
Total net position		359,288		176,617		105,461		182,671	103.4 %		71,156	67.5 %	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	551,510	\$	415,781	\$	359,213	\$	135,729	32.6 %	\$	56,568	15.7 %	

#### Fiscal Year 2023

- As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, total assets were \$551,510,000 and \$415,781,000, respectively, an increase of \$135,971,000 or 32.8 percent due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents.
- Total liabilities as of June 30, 2023, were \$192,222,000 compared with \$239,164,000 as of June 30, 2022, a 19.6 percent decrease. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease in accrued medical expenses.
- The Plan's total net position increased by \$182,671,000, or 103.4 percent, during fiscal year 2023. This increase in net position was attributable to favorability in capitation rates from the State and overall reduced utilization because of the COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in a net position at June 30, 2023, of \$359,288,000 compared to a net position of \$176,617,000 at June 30, 2022.
- Tangible Net Equity ("TNE") at June 30, 2023, was 1092 percent of the DHCS required minimum of \$32,914,000.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

- As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, total assets were \$415,781,000 and \$359,213,000, respectively, an increase of \$56,568,000 or 15.7 percent due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents.
- Total liabilities as of June 30, 2022, were \$239,164,000 compared with \$253,752,000 as of June 30, 2021, a 5.7 percent decrease. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease in accrued medical expenses.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

- The Plan's total net position increased by \$71,156,000, or 67.5 percent, during fiscal year 2022.
   This increase in net position was attributable to favorability in capitation rates from the State and overall reduced utilization because of the COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in a net position at June 30, 2022, of \$176,617,000 compared to a net position of \$105,461,000 at June 30, 2021.
- TNE at June 30, 2022, was 482 percent of the DHCS required minimum of \$36,610,000.

### **Results of Operations**

As mentioned above, GCHP's fiscal year 2023 operations and nonoperating revenues and expenses, net resulted in a \$182,617,000 increase in net position. As mentioned above, GCHP's fiscal year 2022 operations and nonoperating revenues and expenses, net resulted in a \$71,156,000 increase in net position. The following table shows the changes in revenues and expenses for 2023 compared to 2022 and 2022 compared to 2021:

Table 2 – Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for Fiscal Years Ended June 30

		(Dollars in The (as restated)	ousands)	2023 to 202	2 Change	2022 to 2021 Change		
	2023	2022	2021	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
Capitation revenues	\$ 1,053,304	\$ 1,046,588	\$ 985,385	\$ 6,716	0.6 %	\$ 61,203	6.2 %	
Total operating revenues	1,053,304	1,046,588	985,385	6,716	0.6 %	61,203	6.2 %	
Provider capitation	101,667	89,283	87,192	12,384	13.9 %	2,091	2.4 %	
Claim payments to providers and facilities	639,652	646,212	570,844	(6,560)	(1.0)%	75,368	13.2 %	
Prescription drugs	(454)	81,765	159,068	(82,219)	(100.6)%	(77,303)	(48.6)%	
Other medical	22,989	23,964	16,624	(975)	(4.1)%	7,340	44.2 %	
Reinsurance, net of recoveries	(2,932)	(8,375)	(3,549)	5,443	(65.0)%	(4,826)	136.0 %	
Total health care expenses	760,922	832,849	830,179	(71,927)	(8.6)%	2,670	0.3 %	
Salaries, benefits, and compensation	29,291	17,340	14,635	11,951	68.9 %	2.705	18.5 %	
Professional fees	39,549	28,060	29,220	11,489	40.9 %	(1,160)	(4.0)%	
General administrative fees	4,347	2,662	3,086	1,685	63.3 %	(424)	(13.7)%	
Supplies, occupancy, insurance, and other	1,618	1,144	620	474	41.4 %	524	84.5 %	
Premium tax	39,515	89,424	77,637	(49,909)	(55.8)%	11,787	15.2 %	
Depreciation	4,036	3,599	1,732	437	12.1 %	1,867	107.8 %	
Total administrative expenses	118,356	142,229	126,930	(23,873)	(16.8)%	15,299	12.1 %	
Total operating expenses	879,278	975,078	957,109	(95,800)	(9.8)%	17,969	1.9 %	
Operating income	174,026	71,510	28,276	102,516	143.4 %	43,234	152.9 %	
Interest income Interest expense	9,385 (739)	215 (569)	459 (597)	9,171 (171)	4265.3 % 30.0 %	(244) 28	(53.3)% (4.7)%	
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses, ne		(354)	(138)	9,000	(2544.2)%	(216)	156.4 %	
Increase in net position	182,672	71,156	28,138	111,516	156.7 %	43,018	152.9 %	
Total net position, beginning of year	176,617	105,461	77,323	71,156	67.5 %	28,138	36.4 %	
Total net position, end of year	\$ 359,288	\$ 176,617	\$ 105,461	\$ 182,672	103.4 %	\$ 71,156	67.5 %	

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **Enrollment, Capitation Revenue and Health Care Expenses**

#### **Enrollment**

Enrollment is divided into aid categories, which correspond to specific rates of capitation to be received by the Plan from the State. During fiscal year 2023, the Plan served an average of 247,855 members per month, compared to an average of 229,367 members per month in fiscal year 2022 and an average of 213,586 members per month in fiscal year 2021. The increase in enrollment is attributed to the moratorium on redeterminations because of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Table 3 - Medi-Cal Enrollment by Aid Category (Shown as Average Member Months)

213,586 members per month in fiscal year 2021. The incremoratorium on redeterminations because of the COVID-19		nt is attributed to	the						
moratorium on redeterminations because of the COVID-19 pandemic.  Table 3 – Medi-Cal Enrollment by Aid Category (Shown as Average Member Months)  Enrollment Category 2023 2022									
Enrollment Category	2023	2022	2021						
Child	94,297	92,327	89,885						
Adult	38,421	32,471	28,535						
Adult Expansion	80,891	71,794	63,226						
Seniors and Persons with Disabilities ("SPD")	11,389	10,530	10,310						
SPD - Dual	22,155	21,525	20,748						
Breast and Cervical Cancer Treatment Program ("BCCTP")	-	-	76						
Long Term Care ("LTC")	46	46	49						
LTC - Dual	656	674	757						
Total average monthly enrollment	247,855	229,367	213,586						

Significant aid categories are defined as follows:

- 1. Child: Qualifying members under age 19.
- 2. Adult: Qualifying members between the ages of 19 and 64.
- 3. Adult Expansion ("AE"): Refers to members who became eligible for the Medi-Cal program effective January 1, 2014, as a result of the implementation of the Affordable Care Act ("ACA") and the expanded eligibility criteria for Medicaid.
- 4. Senior and Persons with Disabilities ("SPD")\*: Includes individuals who are 65 years of age and older who receive supplemental security income (SSI) checks, or are medically needy if their income and resources are within the Medi-Cal limits, and individuals who met the criteria for disability set by the Social Security Administration and the State Program-Disability and Audit Program Division.
- 5. Long-Term Care ("LTC")\*: Includes frail, elderly, nonelderly adults with disabilities and children with developmental disabilities, and other disabling conditions requiring long-term care services.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

6. Breast and Cervical Cancer Treatment Program ("BCCTP"): Provides cancer treatment for eligible low-income California residents who are screened by the Cancer Detection Program: Every Woman Counts ("CDP:EWC") or Family Planning, Access, Care and Treatment ("Family PACT") programs and found to be in the need of treatment for breast and/or cervical cancer. For the CY2021 rate year this category of aid was rolled into the SPD category of aid.

\* "Dual" coverage refers to enrollees who are eligible for both Medi-Cal and Medicare Parts A, B, and D.

### Fiscal Year 2023

### **Capitation Revenue**

Premium revenue (capitation received by the Plan from the State) is determined by rates set by the State at the beginning of the plan year and generally are effective for the entire year. The State may, on occasion, provide updated rates during the fiscal year. Total revenue for fiscal year 2023 was \$1,053,000,000 a 0.6 percent increase from the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to favorability in capitation rates from the State.

### **Health Care Expenses**

Aggregate health care expenses were \$760,922,000 in fiscal year 2023, compared to \$832,849,000 in fiscal year 2022, which is a decrease of 8.6 percent. The Plan's medical loss ratio, or health care expenses as a percent of operating revenues (net of Managed Care Organization ("MCO") taxes), was 75.1 percent in fiscal year 2023, compared to 87.0 percent in fiscal year 2022.

Note the following regarding the components of health care expenses:

- Provider capitation represents monthly payments for members assigned to primary care providers
  who have agreed to accept risk to provide specific services (when needed) to their members.
  Rates are fixed by contract and are generally known at the beginning of the fiscal year. Capitation
  expense for fiscal year 2023 was \$101,667,000, or \$12,384,000 higher than in fiscal year 2022.
  The increase was primarily due to higher capitated membership from prior year and the
  implementation of capitation for Enhanced Care Management ("ECM") services effective January
  1, 2022.
- 2. Prescription drugs expenses were \$(454,000), or \$82,219,000 lower in fiscal year 2023 than in the prior year. The 100.6 percent decrease in costs was primarily due to the pharmacy benefit carve-out beginning January 1, 2022.
- 3. Other medical, including care management, expense was \$22,989,000 in fiscal year 2023, or \$975,000 and 4.1 percent lower than in fiscal year 2022. The decrease was primarily due to a reduction in utilization.
- 4. Total reinsurance, net of recoveries and provider refunds resulted in a \$2,932,000 reduction to health care expenses in fiscal year 2023, versus \$8,375,000 in fiscal year 2022.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

### **Administrative Expenses**

Total administrative expenses were \$118,356,000 in fiscal year 2023, compared to \$142,229,000 in fiscal year 2022, for a decrease of \$23,873,000. The decrease was predominantly due to premium tax expense, which was \$39,515,000 in fiscal year 2023 compared to \$89,424,000 in fiscal year 2022, a decrease of \$49,909,000.

Senate Bill ("SB") X2-2, which passed in March 2016, redefined the premium tax payment and calculation. Per SB X2-2, the tax rate was a pre-determined liability based on DHCS projected Medi-Cal membership and specified rates and was effective through June 30, 2019. Assembly Bill ("AB") 115 reestablished a managed care enrollment tax, using a modified tiered taxing model. On April 3, 2020, the federal government approved the State's revised proposal to implement a tax on MCOs to help fund the Medi-Cal program. The new AB115 MCO tax is effective from January 2020 through December 2022.

Other administrative expenses increased from the prior year due to increased expenses related to new enterprise projects as compared to prior years and increases in staffing.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

#### **Capitation Revenue**

Premium revenue (capitation received by the Plan from the State) is determined by rates set by the State at the beginning of the plan year and generally are effective for the entire year. The State may, on occasion, provide updated rates during the fiscal year. Total revenue for fiscal year 2022 was \$1,046,588,000, a 6.2 percent increase from the prior year. The increase was primarily attributable to favorability in capitation rates from the State.

#### **Health Care Expenses**

Aggregate health care expenses were \$832,849,000 in fiscal year 2022, compared to \$830,179,000 in fiscal year 2021, which is an increase of 0.3 percent. The Plan's medical loss ratio, or health care expenses as a percent of operating revenues (net of Managed Care Organization ("MCO") taxes), was 87.0 percent in fiscal year 2022, compared to 91.5 percent in fiscal year 2021.

Note the following regarding the components of health care expenses:

- 1. Provider capitation represents monthly payments for members assigned to primary care providers who have agreed to accept risk to provide specific services (when needed) to their members. Rates are fixed by contract and are generally known at the beginning of the fiscal year. Capitation expense for fiscal year 2022 was \$89,283,000, or \$2,091,000 higher than in fiscal year 2021. The increase was primarily due to higher capitated membership from prior year and the implementation of capitation for ECM services effective January 1, 2022.
- 2. Prescription drugs expenses were \$81,765,000, or \$77,303,000 lower in fiscal year 2022 than in the prior year. The 48.6 percent decrease in costs was primarily due to the pharmacy benefit carve-out beginning January 1, 2022.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

- 3. Other medical, including care management, expense was \$23,964,000 in fiscal year 2022, or \$7,340,000 and 44.2 percent higher than in fiscal year 2021. The increase was primarily due to an increase in care management expenses from the prior year due to additional staffing and software costs.
- 4. Total reinsurance, net of recoveries and provider refunds resulted in a \$8,375,000 reduction to health care expenses in fiscal year 2022, versus \$3,549,000 in fiscal year 2021.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

Total administrative expenses were \$142,229,000 in fiscal year 2022, compared to \$126,930,000 in fiscal year 2021, for an increase of \$15,299,000. The increase was predominantly due to premium tax expense, which was \$89,423,000 in fiscal year 2022 compared to \$77,637,000 in fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$11,786,000.

SB X2-2, which passed in March 2016, redefined the premium tax payment and calculation. Per SB X2-2, the tax rate was a pre-determined liability based on DHCS projected Medi-Cal membership and specified rates and was effective through June 30, 2019. AB 115 re-established a managed care enrollment tax, using a modified tiered taxing model. On April 3, 2020, the federal government approved the State's revised proposal to implement a tax on MCOs to help fund the Medi-Cal program. The new AB115 MCO tax is effective from January 2020 through December 2022.

Other administrative expenses increased from the prior year due to increased expenses related to new enterprise projects as compared to prior years and increases in staffing.

#### **Tangible Net Equity**

GCHP is required by DHCS to maintain certain levels of TNE. Regulatory TNE levels are determined by formula and are based on specified percentages of revenue and medical expenses. Driven by its operating performance, the Plan's TNE at June 30, 2023, was \$359,288,000, which exceeded the required TNE amount of \$32,914,000. The Plan's TNE at June 30, 2022, was \$176,617,000, which exceeded the required TNE amount of \$36,610,000.

#### Table 4 - Tangible Net Equity (TNE)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Jun	ne 30, 2023	`	e 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Actual TNE, beginning balance Change in net position	\$	176,617 182,671	\$	105,461 71,156	\$	77,323 28,138	
Actual TNE, ending balance	\$	359,288	\$	176,617	\$	105,461	
Required TNE	\$	32,914	\$	36,610	\$	36,073	

**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report has been prepared in the spirit of full disclosure to provide the reader with an overview of GCHP's operations. If the reader has questions or would like additional information about GCHP, please direct the request to GCHP, 711 East Daily Drive, Suite 106, Camarillo, CA 93010 or call 805-437-5500.

## **Report of Independent Auditors**

The Commission
Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan (a discrete component unit of the County of Ventura, California), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2023, Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan adopted the accounting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold
  Coast Health Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

[Signature]

San Francisco, California October XX, 2023

## **Financial Statements**

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# Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

A A	2023	2022
ASSETS  CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents		(as restated)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 344,166,985	\$ 207,279,854
Short-term investments	95,269,796	93,427,202
Capitation receivable	96,222,357	96,372,009
Provider receivables	422,995	892,634
Reinsurance and other receivables	522,414	4,135,513
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,681,145	2,283,083
UPS		
Total current assets	542,285,692	404,390,295
CAPITAL ASSETS, net	982,367	1,224,095
INTANGIBLE RIGHT TO USE LEASE, net of accumulated amortization	4,661,876	5,865,606
INTANGIBLE RIGHT TO USE SUBSCRIPTION, net of accumulated amortization	3,580,350	4,301,008
Total assets	\$ 551,510,285	\$ 415,781,004
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
LIABILITIES		
Medical claims liability	\$ 144,395,047	\$ 143,514,151
Capitation payable	11,256,966	28,842,731
Payable to the State of California	10,411,049	25,002,750
Accounts payable	2,118,616	1,869,914
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	3,189,633	2,277,953
Accrued premium tax	-	21,565,800
Accrued expenses and other	11,461,986	4,660,084
Current portion of lease and subscription liability	3,300,321	3,274,413
· · · ·		
Total current liabilities	186,133,618	231,007,796
LEASE LIABILITY, net of current portion	4,638,462	5,946,158
SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITY, net of current portion	1,450,095	2,210,011
Total liabilities	192,222,175	239,163,965
NET POSITION		
Net invested in capital assets	982,367	1,224,095
Unrestricted net position	358,305,743	175,392,944
omesticied het position	550,505,745	170,002,044
Total net position	359,288,110	176,617,039
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 551,510,285	\$ 415,781,004

See accompanying notes.

### Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

-d	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES		(as restated)
Capitation revenues	\$ 1,053,304,059	\$1,046,588,089
Total operating revenues	1,053,304,059	1,046,588,089
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Health care expenses		
Provider capitation	101,666,937	89,282,591
Claim payments to providers and facilities	639,652,210	646,211,940
Prescription drugs	(454,456)	81,764,901
Other medical	22,989,135	23,964,068
Reinsurance, net of recoveries	(2,931,966)	(8,374,426)
Total health care expenses	760,921,860	832,849,074
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Salaries, benefits, and compensation	29,291,137	17,339,956
Professional fees	39,548,921	28,060,304
General administrative fees	4,347,303	2,662,324
Supplies, occupancy, insurance, and other	1,617,969	1,144,060
Premium tax	39,516,214	89,423,556
Depreciation and amortization	4,035,654	3,598,928
Total administrative expenses	118,357,198	142,229,128
Total operating expenses	879,279,058	975,078,202
Total operating expenses	070,270,000	370,070,202
Operating income	174,025,001	71,509,887
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES, NET		
Interest income	9,384,542	214,572
Interest expense	(738,472)	(568,771)
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses, net	8,646,070	(354,199)
Increase in net position	182,671,071	71,155,688
NET POSITION, beginning of year	176,617,039	105,461,351
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 359,288,110	\$ 176,617,039

See accompanying notes.

### **Statements of Cash Flows**

### Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

1100		2022			
			(as restated)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Capitation revenues received	\$ 1,038,862,010	\$	1,063,456,487		
Reinsurance premiums paid	(4,331,309)		(3,581,673)		
Payments to providers and facilities	(768,871,075)		(854,209,240)		
Payments of premium tax	(61,082,014)		(87,266,976)		
Payments of administrative expenses	(70,241,108)		(51,191,550)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	134,336,504		67,207,048		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of capital assets	(275,716)		(543,789)		
Interest payments	(666,883)		(475,208)		
Payments on subscription liability	(2,479,964)		(2,014,788)		
Payments on lease liability	(1,226,848)		(1,140,837)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(4,649,411)		(4,174,622)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of investments	-		(75,000,000)		
Proceeds from sale of investments	-		25,000,000		
Interest income	7,200,038		300,424		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	7,200,038		(49,699,576)		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	136,887,131		13,332,850		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	207,279,854		193,947,004		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 344,166,985	\$	207,279,854		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$ 174,025,001	\$	71,509,887		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by					
operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization	4,035,654		3,598,928		
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Receivables	4,573,997		9,970,713		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,398,062)		(178,150)		
Medical claims liability	880,896		(30,253,267)		
Capitation payable	(17,585,765)		2,143,284		
Payable to the State of California	(14,591,700)		10,065,829		
Accounts payable	248,701		186,332		
Accrued premium tax and other liabilities	(13,852,218)		163,492		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 134,336,504	\$	67,207,048		

See accompanying notes.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission dba Gold Coast Health Plan ("GCHP" or the "Plan") is a county-organized health system ("COHS") organized to serve Medi-Cal beneficiaries living in Ventura County, California. The formation of GCHP was approved by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Ventura in December 2009 through the adoption of Ordinance No. 4409.

As a COHS, GCHP maintains an exclusive contract (the "Contract") with the State of California Department of Health Care Services ("DHCS") to arrange for the provision of health care services to Ventura County's approximately 248,000 Medi-Cal beneficiaries. All of GCHP's revenues are earned from the State of California (the "State") in the form of capitation payments. Revenue is primarily based on enrollment and capitation rates as provided for in the Contract. The Plan began providing services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries in July 2011. In August 2013, the State of California transferred the Healthy Families Program members in Ventura County into the Medi-Cal program, Targeted Low Income Program. In January 2014, the federal Affordable Care Act ("ACA") expanded health coverage to certain adults age 19 or older and under 65 and resulted in new enrollment through Adult Expansion ("AE") and other population groups. In January 2022, the DHCS launched a new program to improve the health and wellbeing of Medi-Cal members beyond traditional medical services, make services work together better, and improve the quality of services called California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal ("CalAIM"). Upon implementation of the program, the Plan began offering a new benefit, Enhanced Care Management ("ECM"), and new services called Community Supports.

#### Note 2 - Compliance with the DHCS, Concentration Risk, and Restricted Net Position

GCHP's contract with the DHCS includes several financial and nonfinancial requirements. As established by the contract, GCHP is required to meet and maintain a minimum level of tangible net equity ("TNE"). TNE is defined as the excess of total assets over total liabilities, excluding subordinated liabilities and intangible assets.

Required and actual TNE are as follows:

	June 30,					
	2023			2022		
		(in thou	ısands	s)		
Actual TNE, beginning balance	\$	176,617	\$	105,461		
Change in net position		182,671		71,156		
Reportable TNE	\$	359,288	\$	176,617		
Required TNE	\$	32,914	\$	36,610		

The ability of GCHP to continue as a going concern is dependent on its continued compliance with the DHCS requirements. The loss of this contract would have an adverse effect on GCHP's future operations.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of presentation** – GCHP is a county-organized health system governed by an 12-member Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care Commission appointed by the Ventura County Board of Supervisors. Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, GCHP began reporting as a discrete component unit of the County of Ventura, California. The County made this determination based on the County Board of Supervisors having the right to elect 100 percent of the GCHP Commissioners.

**Basis of accounting** – GCHP uses enterprise fund accounting. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis, using the economic resources measurement focus. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

**Use of estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments – The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying amounts reported in the statement of net position for capitation receivable, provider receivables, reinsurance and other receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets, medical claims liability, capitation payable, accounts payable, payable to the State of California, accrued payroll and employee benefits, accrued premium tax and other liabilities approximate their fair values as they are expected to be realized within the next fiscal year.

**Cash and cash equivalents** – Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

**Custodial credit risk-deposits** – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, GCHP may not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by public agencies by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law. As of June 30 2023 and 2022, all accounts were covered by posted collateral.

**Investments** – Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Codification Section 150. The fair value of investments is estimated based on quoted market prices, when available. For debt securities not actively traded, fair values are estimated using values obtained from external pricing services or are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows, using current market rates applicable to the coupon rate, credit and maturity of the investments.

All investments with an original maturity of one year or less when purchased are recorded as current investments, unless designated or restricted for long-term purposes.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Capitation receivable – Capitation receivable represents capitation revenue for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, received subsequent to June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Capitation receivable also includes final revenue rate adjustments based on communications from the DHCS. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual receivables and considering payment history, financial condition, and current economic conditions. Subsequent adjustments to the contracted rates or enrollments are recognized in the period the adjustment is determined.

**Provider receivables** – Provider receivables are recorded for all claim refunds due from providers. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual receivables and considering payment history, financial condition, and current economic conditions.

**Reinsurance** – In the normal course of business, the Plan seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from events that cause unfavorable medical claim results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with a reinsurer. Amounts recoverable from reinsurance are estimated in a manner consistent with the development of the medical claim liability.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers that relate to paid claims are classified as assets and as a reduction to medical expenses incurred. Reinsurance premiums paid are included in medical expenses.

**Capital assets** – Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition. The costs of normal maintenance, repairs, and minor replacements are expensed when incurred. Capital assets acquired but not yet placed into service are reported as construction in progress. Construction-in-progress assets are not depreciated until they are placed into service.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Long-lived assets are periodically reviewed for impairment. The estimated useful lives of three to seven years are used for furniture, fixtures, computer equipment, and software. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the life of the lease or estimated useful life, whichever is shorter. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, was approximately \$517,000 and \$520,000, respectively.

**Medical claims liability, capitation payable, and medical expenses** – GCHP establishes a claims liability based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims in process and a provision for claims incurred but not yet reported, which is actuarially determined based on historical claims payment experience and other operational changes. In cases where adequate historical claims payment experience does not yet exist for a new population, a book-to-budget methodology is used in which GCHP relies on state-developed medical rates or medical loss ratios to estimate claims liabilities.

Such reserves are continually monitored and reviewed, with any adjustments made as necessary in the period the adjustment is determined. Management believes that the claims liability is adequate and fairly stated; however, this liability is based on estimates, and the ultimate liability may differ from the amount provided.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

GCHP has provider services agreements with several health networks in Ventura County, whereby the health networks provide care directly to covered members or through subcontracts with other health care providers. Payment for the services provided by the health networks is on a fully capitated basis. The capitation amount is based on contractually agreed-upon terms with each health network. GCHP may withhold amounts from providers at an agreed-upon percentage of capitation payments made to ensure the financial solvency of each contract. The capitation expense is included in provider capitation in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Payable to the State of California – The liability at June 30, 2023 and 2022, was approximately \$10,411,000 and \$25,003,000, respectively, due to State of California funding programs that have minimum Medical Loss Ratio ("MLR") requirements and potential amounts due back to the State. The majority of the balance as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 represents an estimate due back to the State of California for the Proposition 56 programs in effect for State fiscal year 2021 and an estimate for the ECM risk corridor for the period of January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. During the year ended June 30, 2023, GCHP paid approximately \$16,400,000 based on the May 2023 determination letter received from the State of California for the Proposition 56 programs for the bridge period of July 1, 2019 to December 31, 2020. As of June 30, 2023, the remaining Proposition 56 program accrual for the State fiscal year 2021 was approximately \$3,172,000. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the estimated amount due related to the ECM risk corridor was approximately \$7,239,000 and \$1,721,000, respectively. The liability may vary depending on actual claims experience and final reconciliation and audit results. This liability is presented in the payable to the State of California in the accompanying statements of net position.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses – GCHP is required to estimate certain expenses, including accrued payroll, payroll taxes, and professional services fees, as of each statement of net position date and make appropriate accruals based on these estimates. Estimates are affected by the status and timing of services provided relative to the actual level of services performed by the service providers. The date on which certain services commence, the level of services performed on or before a given date, and the cost of services are often subject to judgment. These judgments are based upon the facts and circumstances known at the date of the financial statements. For the periods presented in the financial statements, there were no material adjustments to the estimates for accrued payroll, payroll taxes, and professional services fees.

**Premium deficiency reserves** – GCHP performed an analysis of its expected future health care and maintenance costs to determine whether such costs will exceed anticipated future revenues under its contracts. Should expected costs exceed anticipated revenues, a premium deficiency reserve would be accrued. A premium deficiency reserve was not required as of June 30, 2023 or 2022.

**Accrued compensated absences** – GCHP's policy permits eligible employees to accrue vacation based on their individual employment agreements. Unused vacation may be carried over into subsequent years, up to limits indicated in their employment agreements. Accumulated vacation will be paid to the employee upon separation from service with GCHP. All compensated absences are accrued and recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, and are included in accrued payroll and employee benefits in the accompanying statements of net position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Premium taxes – Senate Bill ("SB") X2-2, which passed in March 2016, redefined the premium tax payment and calculation. Per SB X2-2, the tax rate was a pre-determined liability based on DHCS projected Medi-Cal membership, and specified rates and was effective through June 30, 2019. Assembly Bill ("AB") 115, Committee on Budget, Chapter 348, Statutes of 2019, re-established a managed care enrollment tax, using a modified tiered taxing model and the implementation of the tax is projected to generate a net state benefit of approximately \$7 billion over the three-year duration of the tax. On April 3, 2020, the federal government approved the State's revised proposal to implement a tax on Managed Care Organizations ("MCO") to help fund the Medi-Cal program. This MCO tax is effective from January 2020 through December 2022. As this MCO tax expired on December 31, 2022, the Plan did not record a MCO tax liability or premium tax refund receivable as of June 30, 2023. The DHCS calculated GCHP's total MCO tax liability for the year ended June 30, 2022, to be approximately \$89,424,000. A premium tax refund receivable of approximately \$3,160,000 was recognized as of June 30, 2022, and is included in the reinsurance and other receivables balance on the accompanying statements of net position.

**Net position** – Net position is broken down into three categories, defined as follows:

Net invested in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable (if any) to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on net asset used by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments. It also pertains to constraints imposed by law or constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There were no amounts classified as restricted net position as of June 30, 2023 or 2022.

*Unrestricted* – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets."

**Revenue recognition** – Capitation revenue received under the Contract is recognized during the period in which GCHP is obligated to provide medical service to the beneficiaries. This revenue is based on estimated enrollment provided monthly by the DHCS and capitation rates as provided for in the DHCS Contract. Enrollment and the capitation rates are subject to retrospective changes by the DHCS. As such, capitation revenue includes an estimate for amounts receivable from or refundable to the DHCS for these retrospective changes in estimates. These estimates are continually monitored and reviewed, with any changes in estimates recognized in the period when determined.

During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, GCHP received approximately \$31,485,000 and \$30,998,000, respectively, of supplemental fee revenue from the DHCS as a hospital quality assurance fee ("HQAF") as a result of SB 229 and SB 335, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

DHCS implemented a managed care Designated Public Hospital ("DPH") Quality Incentive Pool ("QIP") that was expanded effective July 1, 2020, under which managed care plans were directed to make QIP payments tied to performance on designated performance metrics in four strategic categories: primary care, specialty care, inpatient care, and resource utilization. The QIP payments are linked to delivery of services under the managed care plan contracts and increase the amount of funding tied to quality outcomes. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, GCHP received approximately \$117,294,000 and \$61,732,000, respectively, in QIP payments.

DHCS also established a Directed Payments DPH Enhanced Payment Program ("EPP") under which managed care providers were directed to reimburse California's 21 DPHs for network contracted services delivered by DPH systems, enhanced by either a uniform percentage or dollar increment based on actual utilization of network contracted services. The State will evaluate the extent to which enhanced payments are achieving the goals identified. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, GCHP received approximately \$41,396,000 and \$29,827,000, respectively, through the EPP.

DHCS also established a Private Hospital Directed Payment Program ("PHDPP") under which managed care providers were directed to reimburse private hospitals as defined in WIC 14169.51, based on actual utilization of contracted services. The enhanced payment is contingent upon hospitals providing adequate access to service, including primary, specialty, and inpatient (both tertiary and quaternary) care. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, GCHP received approximately \$93,840,000 and \$60,881,000, respectively, through the PHDPP.

GCHP passed these HQAF, QIP, EPP and PHDPP funds through to providers. These amounts were not reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, as the amounts passed through to the providers do not meet requirements for revenue recognition under Government Accounting Standards ("GAS").

GCHP has an agreement with the DHCS to receive an intergovernmental transfer ("IGT") through a capitation rate increase of \$38,968,000 and \$21,359,000 recorded in years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Under the agreement, these funds that are distributed to providers are not reported on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, or the statements of net position, as these amounts do not meet requirements for revenue recognition under GAS. GCHP did not retain any of this IGT during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, for administrative costs.

DHCS has established the CalAIM Incentive Payment Program ("IPP"). Under the program, GCHP is eligible to receive incentive payments from DHCS based on the successful completion of DHCS-established development goals, objectives, and measures of the program's priority areas. The Plan received approximately \$6,027,000 of the approximately \$12,054,000 for calendar year 2022 in April 2022 and received notification from DHCS in June of 2023 that the remaining \$6,027,000 was awarded to the Plan. The amount was recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2023. The Plan also recorded approximately \$5,123,000 as a payable to providers participating in the program with the remaining \$904,000 retained by the Plan as an administrative fee allowed under the program.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Operating revenues and expenses – GCHP's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with arranging for the provision of health care services. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to arrange for the provision of health care services, as well as the costs of administration. Claims adjustment expenses are an estimate of the cost to process the claims and are included in operating expenses. Nonexchange revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

**Administrative expenses** – Administrative expenses are recognized as incurred and consist of administrative expenses that directly relate to the implementation and operation costs of the Plan. Capitation contract acquisition costs are expensed in the period incurred.

**Defined contribution plan** – GCHP has adopted, and its employees are participants in, the California Public Agencies Self-Directed Tax-Advantaged Retirement System ("CPA STARS"). CPA STARS is a California public trust organized under the laws of the State of California and includes the STARS 401(a) Retirement Plan (the "401 Plan"), which is a retirement plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. GCHP participation in the 401 Plan is defined by the 401(a) Trust Agreement and the 401 Plan Agreement between GCHP and CPA STARS.

All regular employees participate in the CPA STARS 401 Plan. Employee contributions to the 401 Plan are not allowed. GCHP makes employer contributions to the 401 Plan in an amount annually determined under the 401 Plan Agreement. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, GCHP contributions to the 401 Plan were \$3,075,000 and \$2,137,000, respectively.

**Deferred compensation plan** – GCHP has adopted, and its employees are participants in, the CPA STARS 457(b) deferred compensation plan (the "457 Plan"). The 457 Plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and permits employees to defer a portion of their annual salary until future years. GCHP participation in the 457 Plan is defined by the 457 Trust Agreement between GCHP and CPA STARS. Employee participation in the 457 Plan is voluntary, and GCHP has not made any contributions. As such, there were no GCHP employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

**Leases** – GCHP recognizes lease contracts or equivalents that have a term exceeding one year and the cumulative future payments on the contract exceed \$50,000 and that meet the definition of an other than short-term lease. GCHP uses a discount rate that is explicitly stated or implicit in the contract. When a readily determinable discount rate is not available, the discount rate is determined using GCHP's incremental borrowing rate at start of the lease for a similar asset type and term length to the contract. Short-term lease payments are expensed when incurred.

**Income taxes** – GCHP operates under the purview of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 501(a) and corresponding California Revenue and Taxation Code provisions. As such, GCHP is not subject to federal or state taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income tax has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

**Risk management** – GCHP is exposed to various risks of loss from torts, business interruption, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased by GCHP for claims arising from such matters. No claims have exceeded commercial coverage.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Recent accounting pronouncements – In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA") for government end users (governments). GASB 96 (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, GCHP implemented GASB 96 on a retroactive basis by restating June 30, 2022, balances, as required. These changes had an effect on the beginning net position of GCHP. GCHP recognized approximately \$5,258,000 in a subscription liability as of July 1, 2021, due to the implementation of GASB 96; however, this entire amount was offset by an intangible right to use subscription asset. The implementation of GASB 96 had the following effect on net position as reported as of June 30, 2022:

Net position as of June 30, 2022, as previously reported	\$ 176,562,902
GASB 96 SBITAs	54,137
Net position as of June 30, 2022, as restated	\$ 176,617,039

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* ("GASB 101"). GASB 101 requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. The requirements of GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. GCHP is reviewing the impact of the adoption of GASB 101 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

#### Note 4 - Cash and Investments

**Investments** – The Plan invests in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, state obligations, corporate securities, and money market funds.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Interest rate risk – In accordance with its Annual Investment Policy ("investment policy"), GCHP manages its exposure to decline in fair value from increasing interest rates by matching maturity dates to the extent possible with the Plan's expected cash flow draws. Its investment policy limits maturities to five years, while also staggering maturities. The Plan maintains a low-weighted average maturity strategy, targeting a portfolio with maturities of three years or less, with the intent of reducing interest rate risk. Portfolios with low weighted average maturities are less volatile because they are less sensitive to interest rate changes. As of June 30, 2023, the weighted average maturity of GCHP's investments, including cash equivalents was approximately 1 day.

The Plan's investments as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

nbou in		Maximum	Weighted Average Maturity	Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Maturity*	(Years)	(Days)
CalTrust Investment Fund	\$ 35,924,706	N/A	-	1
Local Agency Investment Fund	40,693,940	N/A	-	1
Ventura County Investment Pool	 18,651,150	N/A		1
	\$ 95,269,796			1

<sup>\*</sup> Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

Credit risk – GCHP's investment policy conforms to the California Government Code as well as to customary standards of prudent investment management. Credit risk is mitigated by investing in only permitted investments. The investment policy sets minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from two nationally recognized rating services: Standard and Poor's Corporation ("S&P") and Moody's Investor Service ("Moody's"). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than "A-1" (S&P) or "P-1" (Moody's), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A."

Credit ratings of investments and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

				Ratings as of Year-End (S&P / Moody's)										
Investment Type	Fair Value		nt Type F		Minimum Legal Rating*	Exempt From Rating	A-1	/ P-1	A1 /	AA+	A1	/ A+	A2	:/A
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$	35,924,706 40,693,940 18,651,150	None None None	\$ 35,924,706 40,693,940 18,651,150	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -		
	\$	95,269,796		\$ 95,269,796	\$		\$		\$		\$			

<sup>\*</sup> Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Credit ratings of investment and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2022, are summarized below:

				F	Ratings as	of Year	-End (S&F	/ Mood	ly's)		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Minimum Legal Rating*	Exempt from rating	A-	1 / P-1	A1	/ AA+	A1	1 / A+	A	2 / A
CalTrust Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund Ventura County Investment Pool	\$ 34,780,107 40,269,787 18,377,308	None None None	\$ 34,780,107 40,269,787 18,377,308	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
ventura county investment i con	\$ 93,427,202	None	\$ 93,427,202	\$		\$		\$		\$	

<sup>\*</sup> Per investment policy (Gov't code section 53601)

**Concentration of credit risk** – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Plan's investment in a single issuer. GCHP's Policy does not contain any specific provisions to limit exposure to concentration of credit risk, but conforms to the California Government Code section 53601 to meet the percentage limits of investment holdings.

The Plan's percentage of portfolio as of June 30, 2023, is summarized below:

Investment Type	Issuer	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
CalTrust Investment Fund	Wells Fargo	\$ 35,924,706	37.7%
Local Agency Investment Fund	State of California Treasurer	40,693,940	42.7%
Ventura County Investment Pool	County of Ventura Treasurer	18,651,150	19.6%
Total Funds Available for Investments		\$ 95,269,796	100.0%

The Plan's percentage of portfolio as of June 30, 2022, is summarized below:

Investment Type	lssuer	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
CalTrust Investment Fund	Wells Fargo	\$ 34,780,107	37.2%
Local Agency Investment Fund	State of California Treasurer	40,269,787	43.1%
Ventura County Investment Pool	County of Ventura Treasurer	18,377,308	19.7%
Total Funds Available for Investments		\$ 93,427,202	100.0%

**Investments** – GCHP categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy for fair value measurements is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

- **Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- **Level 2** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- **Level 3** Significant unobservable inputs.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statements of net position, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

External investment pools – CalTrust is organized as a Joint Powers Authority established by public agencies in California for the purpose of pooling and investing local agency funds. A board of trustees supervises and administers the investment program of the trust. CalTrust has four pools: money market account, short-term, medium-term, and long-term. The Plan has deposits in the Short-Term Fund. Investments in CalTrust Short-Term Fund are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest.

The Plan is a voluntary participant in CalTrust. The Plan's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value based on the Plan's pro rata share of the respective pool as reported by CalTrust. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Plan held approximately \$35,925,000 and \$34,780,000 in CalTrust, respectively.

The California State Treasurer's Office makes available the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") through which local governments may pool investments. Each governmental entity may invest up to \$65 million in the fund. Investments in the LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. The Plan is a voluntary participant in the LAIF. The fair value of the GCHP's investments in the LAIF is reported in the accompanying financial statements based on the GCHP's pro rata share of the fair value provided by the LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Plan held approximately \$40,694,000 and \$40,270,000 in LAIF, respectively.

The Ventura County Investment Pool ("VCIP") is available to local public governments, agencies, and school districts within Ventura County (the "County"). Wells Fargo Bank NA serves as custodian for the pool's investments. The portfolio is typically comprised of U.S. agency securities and high-quality short-term instruments, resulting in a relatively short-weighted average maturity. Fair value calculations are based on market values provided by the County's investment custodian. Investments in the VCIP are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. The Plan is a voluntary participant in the VCIP. The fair value of the GCHP's investments in the VCIP is reported in the accompanying financial statements based on the GCHP's pro rata share of the fair value provided by the VCIP for the entire VCIP portfolio. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Plan held approximately \$18,651,000 and \$18,377,000, respectively in VCIP.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall.

The Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

edo, es		Fair Value Measurements Using		
De Lebrodrice Prichoga	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments not subject to fair value				
hierarchy				
CalTrust Investment Fund	\$ 35,924,706			
Local Agency Investment Fund	40,693,940			
Ventura County Investment Pool	 18,651,150			
	\$ 95,269,796			

The Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

		Fair Value Measurements Using		
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments not subject to fair value	 - rotai	(2010: 1)	(2010.2)	(2010: 0)
hierarchy				
CalTrust Investment Fund	\$ 34,780,107			
Local Agency Investment Fund	40,269,787			
Ventura County Investment Pool	18,377,308			
	\$ 93,427,202			

### Note 5 – Administrative Services Agreements

Conduent, Inc. ("Conduent"), formerly Affiliated Computer Services – GCHP entered into an agreement with Conduent on June 28, 2017, to provide certain operational services, for a two-year term with 4 to 6 month extensions beginning July 1, 2017. On May 1, 2019, GCHP and Conduent entered into a new agreement extending service through June 30, 2024. Included in the extension is a project to replace the existing technology platform with a new system and realign business processes. Compensation for these services is based on a per-member, per-month cost at varying membership levels. These costs are recorded as expenses in the period incurred. Total expenses for services provided for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, were approximately \$21,888,000 and \$18,803,000, respectively, and are reported in professional fees on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

Carelon Behavioral Health, LLC ("Carelon") – On April 14, 2014, GCHP entered into a two-year agreement with Carelon, previously known as Beacon Health Strategies, to provide administrative services to arrange for and support the administration of behavioral health services for GCHP. The agreement with Carelon has been extended until February 28, 2024. Total expenses for Carelon were approximately \$2,641,000 and \$2,320,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are included in professional fees on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

### Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, consisted of the following:

Ob	Balance June 30, 2022	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets					
Leasehold improvements	\$ 1,804,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,804,976
Software and equipment	2,433,862	275,716	-	-	2,709,578
Furniture and fixtures	1,197,450				1,197,450
Total capital assets	5,436,288	275,716			5,712,004
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for					
Leasehold improvements	1,209,872	191,328	-	-	1,401,200
Software and equipment	1,832,059	297,906	-	-	2,129,965
Furniture and fixtures	1,170,262	28,210			1,198,472
Total accumulated depreciation	4,212,193	517,444			4,729,637
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,224,095	\$ (241,728)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 982,367
	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2021	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	June 30, 2022
Capital assets					
Leasehold improvements	\$ 1,804,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,804,976
Software and equipment	1,890,073	543,789	-	-	2,433,862
Furniture and fixtures	1,197,450				1,197,450
Total capital assets	4,892,499	543,789			5,436,288
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for					
Leasehold improvements	1,014,968	194,904	-	-	1,209,872
Leasehold improvements Software and equipment	1,014,968 1,554,964	194,904 277,095	-	- -	1,209,872 1,832,059
•	, ,	- ,	- - -	- - 1,959	
Software and equipment	1,554,964	277,095	- - - -	1,959 1,959	1,832,059

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### Note 7 - Medical Claims Liability

Medical claims liability and capitation payable consists of the following:

alie	June 30,			
4 OF TO		2023		2022
Claims payable or pending approval	\$	12,923,764	\$	10,321,402
Capitation payable		11,256,966		28,842,731
Provisions for claims incurred but not yet reported and other		84,436,777		101,083,947
Directed payments to providers payable		47,034,506		32,108,802
100N to.	\$	155,652,013	\$	172,356,882

The cost of health care services is recognized in the period in which care is provided and includes an estimate of the cost of services that has been incurred but not yet reported. GCHP estimates accrued claims payable based on historical claims payments and other relevant information. Estimates are continually monitored and reviewed, and as settlements are made or estimates adjusted, differences are reflected in current operations. Such estimates are subject to the impact of changes in the regulatory environment and economic conditions. Given the inherent variability of such estimates, the actual liability could differ significantly from the amounts provided. While the ultimate amount of claims paid is dependent on future developments, management is of the opinion that the accrued medical claims payable is adequate.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following is reconciliation of the medical claims liability and capitation payable activity for the years ended June 30:

bei	2023	2022
Medical claims liability and capitation payable at beginning of year	\$ 172,356,882	\$ 200,466,865
Incurred Current Prior		
Current	781,200,206	849,611,294
Prior	(29,527,231)	(4,226,260)
Total incurred	751,672,975	845,385,034
Paid		
Current	678,008,464	716,563,984
Prior	94,631,221	153,031,147
Total paid	772,639,685	869,595,131
Net balance at end of year	151,390,172	176,256,768
Provider and reinsurance receivable of paid claims, beginning	6,815,523	2,915,637
Provider and reinsurance receivable of paid claims, ending	(2,553,682)	(6,815,523)
Medical claims liability and capitation payable at end of year	\$ 155,652,013	\$ 172,356,882

Amounts incurred related to prior years vary from previously estimated liabilities as the claims are ultimately adjudicated and paid. Liabilities at any year end are continually reviewed and re-estimated as information regarding actual claim payments becomes known. This information is compared to the originally established prior reporting period liability. Negative amounts reported for incurred, related to prior years, result from claims being adjudicated and paid for amounts less than originally estimated. Results for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, included decreases of prior year incurred of approximately \$29,527,000 and \$4,226,000, respectively. Original estimates are increased or decreased as additional information becomes known regarding individual claims.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies

**Lease commitments** – GCHP leases office space and equipment under long-term operating lease agreements. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining leases is as follows as of June 30, 2023:

00 00	Min	nimum Lease	
Years Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest
2024	\$	1,307,696	\$ 281,221
2025		1,423,799	209,806
2026		1,387,326	132,814
2027		1,013,209	71,943
2028		814,128	17,913
	\$	5,946,158	\$ 713,697

**Intangible right to use lease** – The Plan reported approximately \$1,194,000 and \$1,212,000 as amortization expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accumulated amortization was approximately \$3,620,000 and \$2,426,000 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements** – The Plan has several subscription contracts that expire at various dates through 2027, some of which have renewal options. For those contracts where renewal options are reasonably certain to be exercised, the Plan recognizes renewal option periods in the determination of its intangible right to use subscription asset and liability balances. The Plan uses an average rate of 2.4% to determine the present value of its subscription liabilities. The Plan reported approximately \$2,325,000 and \$1,867,000 as amortization expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accumulated amortization was approximately \$4,130,000 and \$1,867,000 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the subscription payments is as follows as of June 30, 2023:

elied	Minimum ubscription	
Years Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest
2024 Odll nurpos	\$ 1,927,018	\$ 66,633
2025	1,005,227	35,188
2026	303,563	10,795
2027	141,307	3,429
2028	 	 
	\$ 3,377,115	\$ 116,045

**Litigation** – Through the course of ordinary business, the Plan became party to various administrative proceedings, mediations, and was party to various legal actions and subject to various claims arising as a result. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Plan has successfully resolved some matters, and other administrative and legal matters are still proceeding. As a result of pending administrative and legal matters, the Plan has recorded a liability for these contingencies. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of such claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Regulatory matters – The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties. Management believes that GCHP is in compliance with fraud and abuse, as well as other applicable government laws and regulations. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

In September 2021, GCHP received a request from DHCS to submit a corrective action plan related to claims processing backlogs due to a new claims processing system implementation during the year ended June 30, 2021. On March 23, 2022, the Plan received notification from the DHCS that its corrective action plan was approved.

Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ("PPACA") – The ACA allowed for the expansion of Medicaid members in the State of California. Any future federal or state changes in eligibility requirements or federal and state funding could have an impact on the Plan. With the changes in the executive branch, the future of PPACA and impact of future changes in Medicaid to the Plan are uncertain at this time.



#### **AGENDA ITEM NO. 3**

TO: Executive Finance Committee

FROM: Alan Torres, Chief Information Officer

DATE: October 26, 2023

SUBJECT: Contract Approval – KP LLC., Print and Fulfillment Services

#### **BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION:**

### **Project Background**

By this request, GCHP staff is asking that the Executive Finance Committee recommend that the Commission award a competitively bid contract for Print and Fulfillment Services. Following the health plan industry's standard practice of regularly evaluating capabilities and performance against the nationwide market of system and service providers, GCHP began a comprehensive procurement of technologies and services, (reference the initiative list below in table 1). GCHP intends to implement these solutions by July 1, 2024. The Commission has authorized GCHP staff to undertake improvements throughout the Plan to improve medical care and outcomes and become a leader in the delivery of health care services to members. The specific initiative relative to this request was to survey the marketplace through a competitive bidding process (RFP 7) for Print and Fulfillment Services. These services will be aligned with the modernized capabilities of the new Health Edge Health Rules Core Administration. The scope of services for this contract is as follows: printing and fulfillment of documents that are generated out of the Health Edge Rules Core Administration platform such as: printing and fulfillment of documents that are generated out of the Health Edge Rules Core Administration platform such as: Member ID Cards, Member Welcome Kits, member mailings, claims and payment materials, ad-hoc letters, authorizations and all other Medical Management related letters

### Table 1

RFP 1	EDI Services
RFP 2	Core Claims Processing Software
RFP 3	Medical Management Software
RFP 4	Provider and Member Portal Software
RFP 5	BPO (Claims Processing Services)
RFP 6	Mailroom and Claims Editing Services
RFP 7	Print and Fulfillment Services
RPF 8	Call Center Software/Technology



### **Procurement Background**

On May 10, 2023, staff issued a Request For Proposal, (RFP) for Print and Fulfillment Services to the following 16 vendors:

Advanced Color Graphics	Orange County Direct mail OCDM
KP LLC	Zelis
RR Donnelley	Change Healthcare/Optum
The DOT Corporation	Netmark Business
National Printing	Catalyst Solutions
Spectra Integration	Conduent
Command Companies	Coffey Communications
InfoSend	O'Neil Printing

The RFP was also posted on GCHP's website. Set forth below is the schedule utilized for the RFP.

Event	Date	Time (If applicable)
RFP Released	5/10/2023	
Intent to Propose Notification Due By	5/16/2023	5pm, PT
Questions Due	5/22/2023	5pm, PT
Questions Answered	5/26/2023	
Proposal Due Date	7/5/2023*	5pm, PT
Short List Established and Contractual	8/1/2023	
Discussions Begin		

GCHP received ten (10) responsive proposals. A cross functional evaluation team was formed with representation from IT, (2 team members), Operations, (4 team members), Communications, (1 team member) and Procurement, (1 team member) to evaluate the proposals. Using predetermined evaluation criteria and weights, the team scored each proposal from the RFP's qualitative and quantitative requirements.

The scoring results from the evaluation team using a blend of onshore and offshore resources is as follows:

### **Evaluation Matrix Scores (High to Low):**

Rank	Vendor	Score
1	Conduent	53.68
2	KP	51.51
3	RR Donnelley	50.69
4	Netmark Business Services	49.93
5	Advantage Color Graphics	47.40



6	Command Print	45.61
7	O'Neil Digital Solutions	44.16
8	Change HealthCare	43.94
9	Dot Printing	32.98
10	National Graphics	27.59

### **Contract Negotiations**

The team developed a short of the top 3 scoring vendors, which included, Conduent, KP and RR Donnelley. Contractual negotiations commenced immediately with all 3 vendors. KP's contractual changes were minimal while Conduent and RR Donnelley's Proposal response included a significant number of changes and many in very critical area's such as limits of liability, insurance limits, warranties, information security protections, indemnification, etc. Conduent and RR Donnelley were both asked to make another attempt to minimize changes. They both responded with updated documents, but the contractual risks associated with these agreements remained higher than those with KP. . Concurrently, GCHP conducted satisfactory reference checks with KP customers, San Francisco Health Plan (Medi-Cal plan in SF) and Covered CA and finalized contractual documents with minimal changes to GCHP's Business Associate Agreement, Master Services Agreement, and Statement of Work to include all of GCHP's required service level measurements.

### **Pricing**

The current contract for Operational Print and Fulfillment is with Conduent, GCHP's BPO vendor. The pricing schema under this contract is in a Per Member Per Month (PMPM) format and PMPM pricing is based on number of Members and other factors. The PMPM is not allocated by service type uniformly, nor does the contract break out print on a per piece basis. There is not enough detail or transparency in this format to accurately show actual Operational Print and Fulfillment costs. For Collateral Print, the 2022 spend with the incumbent vendor, Coffey Print, was \$584,778. In the new environment, KP has provided pricing of \$393,547, a savings of 32%.

Note: The total 5-year pricing below represents *post* Proposal final negotiated pricing with KP and the pricing listed in the RR Donnelley and Conduent proposals. In addition to the total costs for print and fulfillment, an estimated \$2.8M per year is budgeted for postage. Postage costs are paid as a "pass-through" cost that is paid to the vendor at the same cost the vendor pays. Postage is *not* included within the below print costs.

KP	\$16,984,657
RR Donnelley	\$16,592,563
Conduent	\$20,935,393

GCHP concluded negotiations and finalized a contract that is acceptable to GCHP and Proposers were notified of the recommendation to award the contract to KP LLC. GCHP has notified the respective vendors of its recommendation to award the contract to KP LLC (KP).



### KP's Overall Value and Reason for Recommendation

Although Conduent had an overall higher evaluation score, it was the most expensive, GCHP staff is recommending the contract be awarded to KP for several reasons. GCHP staff reached agreement with KP first on price and terms of the contract. KP has a long history of creating workflow and portal based solutions for healthcare companies. They are experts at solving complex business problems using print, direct Mail, fulfillment, email, document automation, geocoding, and more. KP's solutions include easy-to-use tools for data management, automating documents, and multichannel outputs - all using the industry's highest levels of security and compliance certifications. Lastly, given KP's experience working with other California Medi-Cal Plans, GCHP is confident that KP understands the business and provides best in class services and capabilities. Further, as described above, Conduent and RR Donnelley insisted on including terms in the contracts that were significantly less favorable that the terms agreed to by KP. Other factors include:

### KP's Operational experience

- Proven experience delivering print and fulfillment processing best practices.
- Years of experience in the area of business process monitoring.
- Years of experience supporting other Medi-Cal health plans in California

#### Document Automation

 KP continues to invest in best-of-class technology and workflow solutions for processing and managing complex incoming data for transformation to printed or digital delivery such as solutions for the print, mail, cleansing, digital delivery and fulfillment of customer communications.

#### IT Security

KP has passed GCHP's Security Risk Assessment. The proposed KP agreement includes a business associate agreement that incorporates stringent privacy and security standards for vendors who handle Protected Health Information, as established by the Department of Health Care Services. KP also indemnifies GCHP for the liability and costs associated any breach of PHI and agrees to carry insurance coverage of \$5 million privacy liability and network security or cyberliability insurance per occurrence and in the aggregate annually, plus \$5 million

#### **FISCAL IMPACT:**

The total cost over the projected useful life of the 8-month implementation period and 5-year agreement (11/1/2024 - 6/30/2029) is projected to not exceed \$18M, which includes a six percent contingency, should for example, membership increase, GCHP need additional third party integrations beyond the current known scope, or if regulatory mandates for printed materials change. This is at or below fair market value and based on fair and open competition.



#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is the Plan's recommendation that the Executive Finance Committee recommend that the Ventura County Medi-Cal Managed Care authorize the CEO to execute a contract with KP LLC. The term of the contract will be 8 months of implementation and 5 years of services commencing November 1, 2023, and expiring on June 30, 2029, for an amount not to exceed \$18M.

If the Executive Finance Committee desires to review this contract, it is available at Gold Coast Health Plan's Finance Department.