

Uhlelo Lwe-KOVA Eliyipulastiki lalokhu Ukuhlaziywa Komchamo Okujwayelekile

I-KOVA PLASTICS UKUHLAZIYWA KOMCHAMO OKUJWAYELEKILE

Ukuhlaziywa komchamo, njengoba kwenziwa manje ezindaweni eziningi zokucwaninga, kwenziwa kusetshenziswa izinqubo ezingajwayelekile. Lezi zinqubo ziyahlukahluke elabhoreshi ngelabhoreshi futhi ngokuvamile indlela yangempela ngaphakathi kwelabhoreshi iyahlukahluke kuye ngomuntu owenza izivivinyo.

Imithombo yokuhlukahluke ekuhlaziyweni komchamo okuvamile:

- umthamo womchamo oquququkayo
- izimo ezahlukene ze-centrifugal zidala amanani ahlukahlukene e-sediment ukuze kuhlolwe nge-microscope
- amanani ahlukene e-sediment eqoqwe futhi amiswe ngaphansi kwengilazi yekhava
- ukwehluka kwamasu phakathi kwabantu abenza inqubo.

Ukuze kumiswe inqubo yokuhlaziya umchamo, umthamo wesampula ongashintshi, amandla aphakathi nendawo kanye nevolumu yenhlela kufanele kugcinwe, futhi kusetshenziswe indlela engaguquki yokuhlola nge-microscope kanye nokubikwa kwemiphumela kufanele kusetshenziswe. Uhlelo Lwe-KOVA Olyipulastiki lufinyelela lokhu kumiswa ngokunciphisa ukuhlukahluke, okuhlanganisa ukuhlukana kwamasu phakathi kochwepheshe.

UKUSETSHENZISWA OKUHLOSIWE

Uhlelo Lwe- KOVA Eliyipulastiki luhlinzeka ngenqubo nemikhiziqo engasetshenziswa ukukhiza imiphumela esezingeni ngesikhathi sokuhlaziya umchamo. Ukulawulwa kwevolumu, ukungaguququki kanye nenhlazeko kunikezwa kusukela ekuqoqweni nasekuthuthweni kuya ekuhlaziyweni kwenhlabathi yomchamo nge-microscope. Izilawuli eziywayelekile zingasetshenziselwa ukulawula ikhwalithi ephelele yezinqubo zokuhlola ezibonakalayo, amakhemikhali kanye ne-microscope.

IZINZUZO

Uma inqubo echazwe ilandelwa ngokungaguquki, umuntu angasebenzisa amanani atholwe ekuhlaziyweni umchamo ngokuzethemba. Odokotela bangalandela inqubekela phambili kanye nokwelashwa kweziguli ngokuqiniseka; noma yiziphi izinguquko ezenzeka ngaphandle kwemingcele emincane evunyelwa yilesi simiso zingabhekwa njegezibalulekile.

Amalabhoreshi angase aqathaniswe futhi iziguli ezibhekiwe zingenziwa ukuhlaziya umchamo emalabhoreshi ahlukene ngemiphumela efanayo.

I-KOVA PLASTICS UHLELO KANYE NEZINTO ZOKUSEBENZA

Inombolo Yomkhiziqo	Incazelo Yomkhiziqo	Izinqumo Ngephakheji Ngayinye
KOVA Plastics System Super Pac 1000 w/Caps 100 KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 (enemigodi engu-10), 1000 Ama-Petter E-KOVA Ayipulastiki angu-1000, Amashubhu Amakhulu E-KOVA Ayipulastiki angu-1000, Izinkomisi Ze-KOVA Eziyipulastiki ezingu-1000	KOVA Plastics System Super Pac 1000	100 KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 (enemigodi engu-10), 1000 Ama-Petter E-KOVA Ayipulastiki, Amashubhu Amakhulu E-KOVA Ayipulastiki angu-1000
		I-KOVA Plastics System Super Pac 1000 enamaGridi 100 KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 (enemigodi eyi-10) w/Grids, 1000 Ama-Petter E-KOVA Ayipulastiki, Amashubhu Amakhulu E-KOVA Ayipulastiki angu-1000
KOVA Plastics System Pac II 100 KOVA Plastics Slide II (enemigodi eyi-4), Ama-Petter E-KOVA Ayipulastiki angu-400, 400 KOVA Plastics Super Tubes	KOVA Plastics System Value Pac 500	50 KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 esinamagridi 500 KOVA Plastics Economy Tubes, 100 Izivala Eziyipulastiki Ze-KOVA
		I-KOVA Plastics System Value Pac 500 enamaGridi 50 KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 (enemigodi eyi-10), 500 Ama-Petter E-KOVA Ayipulastiki, 500 KOVA Plastics Economy Tubes
KOVA Plastics KO-LEC-PAC 500 KOVA Plastics Super Tubes, 500 Izivalo Zepulasitiki Ze-KOVA, 500 KOVA Plastics Cups, 500 Amalebula kanye Namashalofu Okuthutha Ayi-5	KOVA Plastics Slide II eneGridi	yokulinganisa; 100 x 4 imithombo yamaslayidi; ngesikwele segridi esingu-1mm x 1mm
KOVA Plastics Slide II 100 x 4 amaslayidi wemithombo	KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10	Amaslayidi angu-100 x 10 wemithombo nge-Acrylic ecwebile
		KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10

ngasinye 400

50 x 10 kahle amaslayidi nge-crystal clear Acrylic

I-KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 eneGridi

100 x 10 amaslayidi wemithombo ku-Plexiglas® ecwebile kahle enomthamo amagridi; igumbi ngalinye liqukethe u-6.6 µl futhi lino-3 mm x 3 mm igridi enezigaba ezinhle ezingu-0.33 mm x 0.33 mm. Inqubo yokuhlola ihlanganisa indlela yokulinganisa amaseli nge-µl ngayinye yamasampuli esiguli.

I-KOVA PLASTICS UHLELO KANYE NEZINTO ZOKUSEBENZA - IYAQHUBEKA

Inombolo Yomkhiziqo	Incazelo Yomkhiziqo	Izinqumo ngephakheji ngayinye
Ishubhu Elikhulu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki	Iqoqo elilahlwayo elingabulwanga amagciwane elilahlwayo kanye ne-centrifuge amashubhu enziwe ngomthelela omkhulu, ipulasitiki enganamuki engapheli ukuqhekeka noma ukuphuka ngesikhathi se-centrifugation.	
I-KOVA Plastics Economy Tube	Njengangenhla kodwa kupulasitiki we-styrene ongokongayo, onganqamuki.	
I-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki	I-pipette yokudlulisa ipulasitiki elahlwayo eklanyelwe ukugcina i-1.0 ml yomchamo ngemva kwe-centrifugation. Ithiphu yokukhiya eyingqayizivele inikeza indlela yokukhipha ukungcola eyisinyathelo esisodwa.	
Isivalo Se-KOVA Esiyipulastiki	Kunconywe ukuvimbela ukuchitheka ngesikhathi sokuthutha, njengoba kanye nokungcoliswa kwe-aerosol ngesikhathi se-centrifugation.	
I-KOVA Plastics Decanting Rack	I-Rack yokukhipha ama-specimen angaba ngu-10.	Irakhi engu-1

UKUQOQWA KWESAMPULA KANYE NEZOTHUTHO

I-KOVA Plastics System KO-LEC-PAC inconywa ukuthi isetshenziswe ngale ndlela elandelayo:

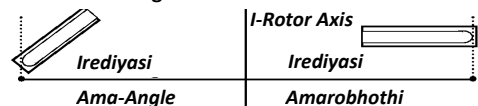
1. Lebula Ishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki bese unikeza isiguli u-3 ½ oz. KOVA Plastics Cup.
2. Yala isiguli ukuthi siqoqe umchamo ovalekile Ezikomishini Zepulasitiki Ze-KOVA.
3. Dlulisa isifanekiso somchamo sisuka Ezikomishini Zepulasitiki Ze-KOVA siye ku-Ishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki, sigcwalise size sifinyelele ku-12 ml yokuthweswa iziqu.
4. Vikela i-Isivalo Se-KOVA Esiyipulastiki kuyishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki futhi uyibeke ku-KOVA Plastics Transport Rack ukuze ihambe futhi igcinwe.
5. Zilethe elabhoreshi ngokushesha ngangokunokwenzeka, mhlawumbe phakathi namahora amabili, kodwa kungakapheli amahora amane ngemva kokuqoqwa kwesifanekiso.

INQUBO YOKUHLOLA UHLELO LWE-KOVA PLASTICS

1. Hlola amandla adonsela phansi athile ngokubeka icons elilodwa noma amabili omchamo ku-refractometer enxeshezela ngezina lokushisa noma sebenzisa umugqa wokuhlola wekhemistri oqukethe iparamitha ethile yamandla adonsela phansi bese urekhoda imiphumela.
2. Usebenzisa imichilo yokuhlola i-reagent, yenza ukuhlola kwamakhemikhali ngokwemiyalelo yomkhiziqo. Rekoda imiphumela ebhekiwe. Izilawuli kufanele zifakwe eqeqebeni ngalinye ukuze kuqinisekise ukulawulwa kwekhwalithi okufanele kwezinqubo zokuhlola ezibonakalayo, zamakhemikhali kanye ne-microscope.
3. I-Centrifuge Ishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki (ngalinye liqukethe u-12ml wesifanekiso somchamo noma isilawuli) ku-centrifugal force ehlobene (rcf) engu-400 imizuzu emihlanu; cishe ama-revolution angu-1500 ngomzuzu (rpm) nge-rotor engama-intshi angu-6. Iformula esetshenzisiwe:

$$rcf = 28.38 (R) \left(\frac{N}{1000} \right)^2 \quad \frac{R}{N} = \frac{i\text{-radius ve-rotor}}{\text{izinguquko ngomzuzu}}$$

Irediyasi ezungezayo yibanga elikalwa ukusuka ku-axis yerotor ukuya ekugcineni koketshezi olungaphakathi kwamashubhu ebangeni elikhulu elivundile ukusuka ku-axis



4. Susa amaShubhu E-KOVA Ayipulastiki ku-centrifuge, uqaphele ukuthi ungaphazami noma ukhiphe i-sediment.

5. Faka I-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki kuyishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki. Phusha I-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki phansi kweshubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki ize ihlale iqinile (ekuphothuleni okungu-1ml).
6. Nciphisa futhi ulahle u-11ml kuyishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki kuyilapho I-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki ikhiyiwe endaweni ye-Ishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki. Lokhu kuzogcina u-1ml wenhlenga yomchamo ezansi kweshubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki.
7. Hoxisa I-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki kuyishubhu Le-KOVA Eliyipulastiki.
8. Engeza icons elilodwa lecala ku-1ml yenhlabathi yomchamo. Phawula: I-Stain iwusizo lokusiza ekwehlukaniseni amaseli ezakhi futhi akuphoqelekile.
9. Usebenzisa i-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki, misa kancane i-sediment kanye nebala kuze kube yilapho kutholakala ingxube ye-homogeneous.

INQUBO YOKUHLOLA UHLELO LWE-KOVA PLASTIC - Iyaqhubeka

10. Hoxisa isampula elincane lengxube yenhlabathi yensika yomchamo ngokucindezela isibani se-Petter Ye-KOVA Eyipulastiki.
11. Dlulisa ingxube yenhlabathi ku-KOVA Plastics Slide ngokubeka icons elilodwa endaweni esikiweyo yegumbi ngalinye. Lapho amagumbi 1-5 esemgqeni ongaphezulu, inothi isekhoneni eliphezulu kwesokunxele lamakamelo, lapho amakamelo 6-10 esemgqeni ongaphezulu, inothi isekhoneni eliphezulu kwesokudla lamakamelo. Igumbi lizogcwa isenzo se-capillary. Gwema ukuthinta umgoqo omise okwe-V phakathi kwamakamelo ngenkathi ukhipha uketshezi. Ukuma okungalungile ekunikezeni kungase kubangele ukuchichima ukusuka kwelinye igumbi kuya kwelinye.
12. Susa noma iyiphi isampula eyeqile esele endaweni evulekile yokuhlehla ngokuthinta unqenqema oluvulekile ngezinto ezimuncayo.
13. Beka i-KOVA Plastics Slide esiteji esincane ngaphansi kwelensi yomgomo.
14. Skena igumbi lesilayidi ngaphansi kokukhulisa amandla aphansi (i-eyepiece engu-10X/10X injongo) ukuze ubale abalingisi. Bala zonke ezinye izinto ezakhiwe ngaphansi kokukhulisa amandla aphezulu (i-eyepiece engu-10X/40X injongo). Ungaphinde usebenzise imikhiqizo ye-KOVA Plastics.

Ukuze uthole ukuhlaziywa kwesilayidi esiGrijisiwe, bheka INQUBO YOKUHLOLA UHLELO LWE-KOVA PLASTICS - IGRIDDED

AMANANI ALINDELWE - IMICROSCOPY†

ezithile 1 + = Kuphawulwe ifomu ngezikhathi

2 + = Kuphawulwe kuzo zonke izinkambu

I-HPF = Inkundla Yamandla Aphezulu 400X 3 + = Amanani amakhulu kuzo zonke izinkambu

I-LPF = Inkambu Yamandla Aphansi 100x 4 + = Inkambu egcwele

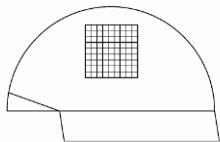
Hlaziya	Okujwayelekile	Okungajwayelekile	Ukubika Imiphumela
WBC	0-5/HPF	> 5/HPF	Izinombolo/HPF
I-RBC	0-3/HPF	> 3/HPF	Izinombolo/HPF
Amaseli Epithelial		Noma yikuphi (ngaphandle kwalokho squamous)	Izinombolo/HPF
Amakristalu	0-3/HPF (okungeyona i-pathogenic)	> 3 Noma yikuphi okungajwayelekile	Izinombolo/HPF
Imvubelo		Noma yikuphi	1 + kuya ku-4 +/-HPF
Ama-Trichomonad		Noma yikuphi	1 + kuya ku-4 +/-HPF
Abalingisi		Noma yikuphi ikakhulukazi > 1 i-hyaline cast/LPF	Izinombolo/LPF
Amagciwane	0-5/HPF	> 5/HPF	1 + kuya ku-4 +/-HPF
Amafutha	0	Imizimba yamafutha amise okweqanda noma kungekho mafutha	1 + kuya ku-4 +/-HPF

† Bernard Statland, MLO. ikhasi 13-14; Januwari 1985

IZIKHOMBO ZOLWAZI OLUJWAYELEKILE

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INANI LETHEBULA



Amasampula Esibalo Seseli Eliphansi:

Bala ingqikithi yamaseli ohlobo oluthile oluqukethwe kumagridi amancane **angu-10** ngaphakathi kwama-quadrant ahlukene egridi yokubala.

Amasampula Enani Eliphezulu Leseli:

Bala ingqikithi yamaseli ohlobo oluthile oluqukethwe kumagridi amancane **angu-5** ngaphakathi kwama-quadrant ahlukenegridi yokubala.

[illegible][illegible]

PHAWULA: Kumasampula angaphansi kuka-12mL, yehlisa inani le-centrifuged libe ngu-6mL bese uphinda kabili imiphumela etholwe ngaphambi kokusebenzisa ithebula (ngenhla).

Uhlobo Lweseli	Okujwayelekile
Ama-leukocyte	0-4/ μ L
Ama-erythrocyte	0-2/ μ L

Umngcele	I-Pathological*
4-6/ μ L	> 6/ μ L
2-3/ μ L	> 3/ μ L

Okunye Ukubala: Nquma **isilinganiso** senani lamaseli kugrudi ngayinye **encane** bese usebenzisa isici sokuphindaphinda esilandelayo ukuze ubale amaseli nge- μL ngayinye.

Ukuze ubale amaseli / μL usebenzisa i-KOVA Plastics Glasstic Slide 10 ngeGridi:

- Kumasampula angaxilile noma ahlanzekile, phindaphinda amaseli amaphakathi atholwe kuqradi ngayinye encane x **90**.
- Kumasampula angu-10mL agxiliswe ku-1mL, phindaphinda amaseli amaphakathi atholwe kuqradi ngayinye encane x **9**.
- Kumasampula angu-10mL agxiliswe ku-0.5mL, phindaphinda amaseli amaphakathi atholwe kuqradi ngayinye encane x **4,5**.
- Kumasampula angu-12mL agxiliswe ku-1mL (Isistimu ye-KOVA), phindaphinda amaseli amaphakathi atholwe kuqradi ngayinye encane x **10**.

7,5.

Isibonelo sokubala (Usebenzisa indlela ye-KOVA System 12mL ukuya ku-1mL):

<u>Amaseli</u>	<u>Amagridi Abaliwe</u>	<u>Amaseli Aphelele</u>	<u>Isilinganiso Amaseli / Amagridi</u>	<u>I-Multiple x Factor (7,5)</u>	<u>Amaseli nge-μL ngayinye yamasampula</u>
Ama-Leukocyte					
Ama-erythrocyte					

* Ireferensi: Aiken, CD kanye neSokeland, J. (1983). Urology. Thiems, Stuttgart, Uhlelo Lwesishiyagalolunye, ikh.79

INANI LETHEBULA
ONGAHLANGANISWE NALUTHO, ONGASEFIVE UMCHAMO NOMA AMASAMPULA OKETSHEZI OLUSEMZIMBENI

AMASAMPULA ESIBALO SESELI ELIPHANSI

Bala ingqikithi yamaseli ohlobo oluthile oluqokethwe kumagridi amancane **angu-36** noma ama-quadrant angu-4 aphelele egridi yokubala.

INANI ELIPHEZULU LESIBALO SAMASAMPULA

Bala ingqikithi yamaseli ohlobo oluthile oluqokethwe kumagridi amancane **angu-10** kumaquadranti ahlukene egridi yokubala.

[illegible][illegible]

Okunye Ukubala:

Phindaphinda inani elimaphakathi lamaseli kugridi ngayinye encane ngo-90 ukuze uthole amaseli nge μ L ngayinye; phindaphinda ngo-90,000 ukuze uthole amaseli nge mL ngayinye.

Okunye Ukubala:

Phindaphinda inani elimaphakathi lamaseli kugridi ngayinye encane ngo-90 ukuze uthole amaseli ngeµL ngayinye; phindaphinda ngo-90,000 ukuze uthole amaseli ngemL ngayinye.

INDLELA YOKUBALA UKETSHEZI LOMZIMBA OLUXUTSHIWE:

Amaseli / μL = Isilinganiso senani lamaseli kugridi ngayinye encane x 90 (isici sokuphindaphinda) x ukuhlanjululwa
isb, Uketshezi lomgogodla luhlanjululwe ngo-1:10; isamba sama-RBC angu-50 abalwe kumagridi amancane angu-10

$$\text{I-RBC}/\mu\text{L} = \frac{\text{amaseli angu-50}}{\text{amagridi angu-10}} \times 90 (\text{isici}) \times 10 (\text{ukuhlanjululwa})$$

$$= 5 \times 900 = 4,500 \text{ RBC's}/\mu\text{L}$$

isib, Isidoda sihlanjululwe 1:20; isamba sesidoda esingu-150 esibalwe kumagridi amancane ama-5

$$\text{Isidoda}/\mu\text{L} = \frac{150}{5} \times 90 \text{ (isici)} \times 20 \text{ (ukuhlanjululwa)}$$

$$= 30 \times 1800 = 54,000 \text{ isidoda}/\mu\text{L}$$

INGQIKITHI YOKUBALWA KWAMASELI OHLELO OLUJWAYELEKILE⁽¹⁾

UKETSHEZI	UHLOBO LWESELI	OLUJWAYELEKILE	OLUNGAJWAYELEKILE	UKETSHEZI	UHLOBO LWESELI	OLUJWAYELEKILE	OLUNGAJWAYELEKILE
Umchamo (2)	Ama-leukocyte	0-6/μL	> 6/μL	I-Synovial	Ama-leukocyte	<200/μL	> 200/μL
	Ama-erythrocyte	0-3/μL	> 3/μL		Ama-erythrocyte	< 2,000/μL	> 2,000/μL
I-CSF (Ibanga labadala)	Ama-leukocyte	0-5/μL	> 5/μL	I-Pleural	Ama-leukocyte	< 1,000/μL	> 1,000/μL
				I-Pericardial	Ama-leukocyte	< 1,000/μL	> 1,000/μL
Okusasidoda	Isidoda	40,000/μL - 160,000/μL	< 40,000/μL	Pertoneal	Ama-leukocyte	<300/μL	> 300/μL
					Ama-erythrocyte	< 100,000/μL	> 100,000/μL

Izikhombo: (1) I-Strasinger, SK (1985) **Ukuhlaziywa Komchamo kanye Noketshezi Lomzimba**, FA Davis, Philadelphia • (2) Alken, CD, kanye ne-Sokeland, J. (1983) **Urologie**, Thiems, Stuttgart, Edition Ninth. ikh. 79

Uphawu	IsiNgisi
	Iqoqo/Ikhodi Yenqwaba
	Ukuphelelwa yisikhathi/Sebenzisa Ngu
	Umkhqizi
	Inombolo Yekhathalogi
	Iqukethe Ubuningi
	Ungaphinde Usebenzise
	Isihlonzi Sedivayisi Esihlukile
	Ukusetshenziswa kwe-Invitro Diagnostics
 www.kovaplastics.com	Imiyalo Yokusetshenziswa/Imiyalo Yokusebenzisa Kagesi
	Kwenziwe Ezweni (I-United states)
	Imikhawulo Yesitoreji

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	EU Economic Operator MDR/IVDR Article 13 Advena Services Ltd. Tower Business Centre, Tower Street Swatar, BKR 4013 Malta		Axon Lab Ag Täferstrasse 15 CH-5405 Baden-Dättwil Switzerland

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