

Energy Transition in Mining Ten Steps towards a Zero Carbon Operation





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TRANSIÇÃO ENERGÉTICA NA MINERAÇÃO



Acknowledgments

I would like to express my deep gratitude to everyone who has dedicated their time and interest to following this series of articles on LinkedIn, significantly contributing to our collective journey towards a more sustainable and conscious mining industry.

The support and active participation of each one of you have been essential in disseminating knowledge and understanding about the crucial role of sustainability in mining. With your involvement in this issue, you have been driving important changes in the mining industry.

By sharing ideas, challenges, and innovative solutions, we are united in the pursuit of a mining sector that is more committed to sustainability and reducing its carbon footprint. With the ongoing motivation and engagement of everyone, it is possible to transform the mining industry into a global engine of sustainability.

I would like to reiterate my gratitude to everyone who has followed and contributed to this series of articles. Let us continue to inspire one another, working together towards a future where the mining industry is sustainable and responsible.

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Introduction

As the world faces the urgent challenges of sustainability and climate change, the importance of critical minerals becomes increasingly evident. Copper, cobalt, lithium, nickel, and others play a fundamental role in driving the clean energy revolution. These minerals form the foundation of renewable energy technologies, including electric vehicles, wind turbines, and solar panels. However, the growing demand for critical minerals raises important questions about extraction methods and the environmental impact associated with mining industry operations.

The Importance of Critical Minerals for a Sustainable Green Economy

The transition to a green economy is crucial for reducing carbon emissions and establishing a sustainable future. This

transition requires a substantial supply of minerals essential for the production of clean energy technologies. The emergence of the concept of "green metals" highlights the vital role of these minerals in building a sustainable green economy.

Balancing Environmental Concerns and Responsible Resource Extraction

The pursuit of mining is not without controversy, as environmentalists express concerns about the potential negative impact on untouched wilderness areas. Tension arises from the perception that the expansion of mining operations, though necessary for the green transition, may have harmful effects on ecosystems and natural habitats. Striking a delicate balance between environmental preservation and responsible resource extraction becomes a critical task.



Promoting Responsible and Sustainable Mining Practices

Advocates argue that opposition to mining from environmental groups is misguided. They emphasize that meeting the demands of the green economy requires a significant increase in metal production, particularly critical metals. The key lies in implementing responsible and sustainable mining practices that minimize environmental impact while meeting the growing needs for these minerals. Finding intelligent and efficient approaches to meet mineral demands without compromising environmental sustainability is of utmost importance.

Anticipated Growth in Demand and the Need for Sustainable Practices

The International Energy Agency predicts exponential growth in demand for critical minerals in the coming decades. The use of minerals such as cobalt, graphite, and lithium is expected to multiply several times over. These impressive projections highlight the urgent need to establish stable supply chains and invest in responsible mining practices.

The Tangible Importance of Mining

Mining is crucial to human life; it is directly related to the technologies we use in our daily lives. From smartphones to electric vehicles, minerals produced through mining are utilized, enabling the operation of modern devices and facilitating the transition to cleaner energy sources. Meeting our current lifestyle needs and reducing our carbon footprint heavily relies on a continuous supply of critical minerals and significant expansion of mining.

Balancing Environmental Preservation and Responsible Resource Extraction

While the idea of increasing mining activities to address climate change may seem paradoxical, it highlights the reality of our situation. To achieve a sustainable future, we must recognize the need for responsible mining practices and the extraction of critical minerals. Striking a delicate balance between meeting the growing demand for minerals and protecting the environment is crucial. It is imperative to find sustainable solutions that prioritize both objectives to tackle the challenges posed by the green transition.

We present this compilation, which was originally shared in a weekly series on LinkedIn, and due to the significant attention generated on social media, I decided, along with the Institute Minere, to make it available in its entirety in this e-book version.

These articles explore the journey toward more sustainable and zero-carbon mining, highlighting the opportunities, challenges, and innovative solutions that are transforming the industry. From the first chapter, focusing on the motivation behind decarbonizing mines and the use of known technologies with renewable energies, to the tenth chapter, reflecting on leadership in implementing zero-carbon mining operations, this work emphasizes the

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importance and coherence of sustainable mining operations in the context of global energy transition. It is a guide for the mining industry's journey toward a more sustainable and responsible future.

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Adopt renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind power, to reduce dependence on fossil fuels.



(e-book

Renewable energy sources are crucial for reducing dependence on fossil fuels and minimizing carbon emissions in mining operations. This ebook explores the importance of adopting renewable energy, such as solar, wind, hydroelectric, geothermal, and biomass, in mining. By embracing these sources, companies can increase their operational efficiency and mitigate environmental impact. The following chapters of this ebook discuss the feasibility, challenges, successful case studies, and implementation strategies for renewable energy in mining.

Join us in this universe!

Introduction

This chapter presents the importance of adopting renewable energy in mining operations to reduce dependence on fossil fuels and minimize carbon emissions. It highlights how renewable energy can enhance operational efficiency without substantial investments.

Solar Energy

Solar energy offers significant potential for mining operations as a clean and abundant resource. By installing solar panels, companies can harness renewable energy, reduce dependence on fossil fuels, and minimize their carbon footprint. Successful case studies and challenges associated with solar energy are discussed.

Wind Energy

Wind energy is another attractive option for renewable energy in mining operations. Turbines can be installed in regions with strong and consistent winds to generate electricity. Factors such as weather conditions, infrastructure, and advancements in wind energy are explored.

Hydroelectric Energy

Hydroelectric energy is a crucial source of renewable energy used worldwide. Its viability depends on the availability of water resources and environmental impact assessments. The chapter discusses the need for a diverse energy mix and explores the socio-environmental impacts associated with hydroelectric projects.

Geothermal Energy

Geothermal energy has potential for mining operations, especially in areas with volcanic activity. The viability of geothermal energy is evaluated based on geological conditions and resource availability. Ongoing projects in Brazil aim to explore unconventional geothermal opportunities.

Biomass Energy

Biomass energy derived from organic waste offers an alternative source of renewable energy for mining. The chapter discusses its viability, waste availability, and environmental impact.

Implementation Strategies

Mining companies have various implementation strategies, including hybrid power generation models and Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs). PPAs involve outsourcing renewable energy from specialized companies, resulting in cost savings. The competitiveness of renewable energy prices in the Brazilian market is emphasized.

Leveraging Renewable Energy in Mining Areas

Certain mining areas benefit significantly from the use of renewable energy, especially in energy-intensive processes and transportation. Real-world examples demonstrate emission reductions achieved through the adoption of renewable energy.

RETURN TO CONTENT

Conclusion

The adoption of renewable energy sources is necessary to reduce dependence on fossil fuels and minimize carbon footprints in mining operations. This improves sustainability, reduces costs, and attracts investment opportunities. With the implementation of appropriate strategies and technologies, operational decarbonization and a sustainable future for the mining industry are possible.

Recapping

1. Adopting renewable energy is crucial for reducing dependence on fossil fuels and minimizing carbon emissions in mining operations. 2. Solar, wind, hydroelectric, geothermal, and biomass are viable sources of renewable energy for mining. 3. Implementation strategies such as hybrid models and Power Purchase Agreements offer cost and emission reductions.



Is everything clear now?



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Challenges and Strategies to Improve Energy Efficiency in the Mining Industry



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In the pursuit of decarbonization and combating climate change, the mining industry, known for its high energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions, is focused on improving energy efficiency in its operations. This is crucial for mitigating greenhouse gas emissions and saving costs.

This article will address the challenges of improving energy efficiency in mining operations and will provide a strategy to implement an energy efficiency program. Through examples of mining companies of different sizes, we will demonstrate that energy efficiency measures are achievable and beneficial.

The challenges to improve energy efficiency in mining include the high energy consumption by heavy machinery, the remote location of mining operations, the continuous 24/7 operation, which makes the upgrade to energy efficiency complex, and long investment cycles that can discourage investments in energy efficiency.

Despite the challenges, the implementation of energy efficiency measures is feasible with a well-planned strategy. The steps involve:

- 1) Conducting an energy audit;
- 2) Developing an energy efficiency plan;
- 3) Improving equipment;
- 4) Optimizing processes;
- 5) Implementing renewable energy solutions.

Examples of companies that have implemented energy efficiency measures include Rio Tinto, Vale, and Anglo American among the large ones; Lundin Mining, Nexa Resources, Samarco, and OZ Minerals among the medium-sized ones; and Nevada Copper, Alamos Gold, and Horizonte Minerals among the small ones.

Mark Cutifani, former CEO of Anglo American, delivered the "Keynote Mining Address: Mining in a Post-pandemic World, Decarbonisation and the Role that Mining Plays in a Green Economy" at the face-toface Mines and Money London event on December 1 and 2, 2021. This presentation was given as part of Mines and Money London in December 2021.

In conclusion, improving energy efficiency in mining operations is a crucial step towards a more sustainable future. With the growing global focus on sustainability, mining companies are striving to become more energy-efficient, which not only benefits the environment but also improves the companies' bottom line.

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Recapping

1. Energy efficiency in mining brings economic benefits and helps combat climate change. 2. Challenges include the high energy consumption of heavy machinery and remote operation locations. 3. Strategies to improve energy efficiency include energy audits, energy efficiency plans, equipment enhancements, process optimization, and the use of renewable energy. Everything alright? Let's continue reading!



III (e-book)

The Future is Electric: Electrifying Mining Vehicles in Open Pit and Underground Mines



Electrification of Mining Vehicles: Benefits and Challenges

The electrification of mining vehicles is a key strategy to reduce carbon footprint and make the mining industry more sustainable. In both open pit and underground mines, electric vehicles offer significant benefits such as emissions reduction and lower operating costs. However, there are challenges to be addressed.

Benefits of electrifying mining vehicles:

- Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and improvement of air quality.

- Lower operating costs and reduced maintenance needs.
- Contribution to a more sustainable future.

Challenges of electrifying mining vehicles:

- Limited availability of high-capacity electric trucks.

- Need for charging infrastructure.
- Limited space and ventilation systems in underground mines.

- Proper selection of battery technologies and charging systems.

- Availability of clean electricity.

Solutions to overcome the challenges:

- Collaboration between mining companies and electric truck manufacturers.
- Implementation of efficient charging infrastructure.
- Use of compact electric vehicles in underground mines.
- Utilization of advanced battery technologies and thermal management systems.
- Careful evaluation of electric vehicle options and conducting pilot projects.
- Investment in necessary infrastructure and workforce training.

Recapping

1. Electrification of mining vehicles is crucial for a more sustainable industry.

2. There are significant benefits such as emissions reduction and lower operating costs.

3. Challenges can be overcome with careful planning, collaboration, and investment in appropriate technologies.

Are you taking notes?



Revolutionizing Mining: Innovative Technologies Reducing Carbon Emissions and

Carbon Emissions and Promoting Sustainability



e-book

Revolutionizing Mining: Innovative Technologies for Sustainability

In this article, we will discuss the innovative technologies that are transforming the mining industry, making it more sustainable and efficient. We will highlight ten leading technologies in this transformation, mentioning the challenges and achievements of the companies that have adopted them, as well as the impressive results achieved.

Electrification of Equipment:

The electrification of mining trucks aims to reduce carbon emissions and operational costs. Companies like BHP and Vale are adopting this technology with promising results.

Implementation of Autonomous Systems:

Autonomous systems are being used to enhance mining operations, reducing energy consumption and carbon emissions. Rio Tinto is an example of a company that has successfully implemented autonomous haul trucks.

Integration of Renewable Energy:

Large mining companies, such as Glencore, are seeking partnerships with renewable energy suppliers to sustainably power their operations. Examples like the Koodaideri iron ore mine in Australia show a significant reduction in carbon emissions through the use of solar and wind energy.

Key Takeaways:

1. The electrification of equipment and the implementation of autonomous systems are reducing carbon emissions and increasing efficiency in mining.

2. The integration of renewable energy is a promising strategy to reduce carbon emissions in the mining industry.

3. Adopting innovative technologies requires a strategic approach, including assessment, partnerships, pilot projects, financial planning, training, and continuous monitoring. Revolutionizing Mining: Innovative Technologies for Reducing Carbon Emissions in Mining

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Revolutionizing Mining: Innovative Technologies for Reducing Carbon Emissions in Mining

This e-book explores the innovative technologies that are transforming the mining industry, with a focus on reducing carbon emissions. Pre-concentration technologies play a crucial role in decarbonizing mining by optimizing energy consumption, water usage, and material transportation. They offer opportunities for a more sustainable mining sector.

Pre-concentration Technologies for Mining Efficiency and Sustainability

Pre-concentration technologies are transforming the mining industry by providing efficient and environmentally friendly solutions to reduce carbon emissions. Particle ore separation is an advanced technique that uses physical properties to identify and separate desired minerals. This improves resource utilization and reduces processing costs.

Innovative Preconcentration Technologies

Different technologies such as X-ray fluorescence, near-infrared spectroscopy, and laser identification spectroscopy are used in pre-concentration to analyze the composition and properties of ore. Highvolume ore pre-concentration and Shovel Sense are specific applications of ore separation that optimize resource utilization and improve operational efficiency.

Recapping

1. Pre-concentration technologies are revolutionizing the mining industry by reducing carbon emissions and making the sector more sustainable.

2. Particle ore separation is an advanced technique that improves resource utilization and reduces processing costs.

3. Drones, AI, automation, and monitoring systems are innovative tools being used to enhance efficiency, safety, and sustainability in mining operations. What do you think of the reading so far?



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Preparing the Workforce for Zero-Emission Mining



Preparação da Força de Trabalho para a Mineração com Emissão Zero

The mining industry needs to prepare its workforce for a transition towards zeroemission mining. This requires investments in reskilling and upskilling programs, creating new opportunities and career paths, promoting diversity and inclusion, and fostering a culture of sustainability and innovation. By doing so, the industry can reduce its carbon footprint and improve its competitiveness, productivity, and social license to operate.

Crucial technologies for decarbonization include renewable energy sources, electric vehicles, ore pre-concentration technologies, carbon capture and storage, among others. The workforce will need to acquire new skills in engineering, automation, digitalization, and circularity to successfully adopt these technologies.

A report by Deloitte highlights four key areas that will require changes in the workforce: electrification, automation, digitalization, and circularity. These areas involve the transition to renewable energy sources, the use of autonomous systems, the adoption of digital technologies, and the application of circular economy principles.

In a zero-emission mining industry, the roles and skills of professionals expand to incorporate sustainable practices. Mining engineers, geologists, metallurgists, environmental engineers, health and safety managers, operations managers, supply chain managers, financial analysts, and community relations managers will need to develop knowledge in areas related to sustainability and the integration of zeroemission technologies.

To facilitate the workforce transition, companies should assess existing skills, offer training and education programs, promote employee engagement and awareness, create career paths aligned with zeroemission mining, collaborate with unions and labor representatives, establish partnerships with external stakeholders, implement talent acquisition strategies, carry out pilot and demonstration projects, provide support and well-being for employees, and recognize and incentivize sustainable practices.

Changes in the core skills of some mining professionals

In a zero-carbon emissions mining industry, various roles and their corresponding skills are essential for the efficient extraction and processing of minerals. Here are some crucial positions and their associated skills in the current mining industry:



Office	Essential Skills	Expanded Skills
Mining engineer	Mining principles, geology, mine planning software, data analysis, project management, safety and environmental regulations.	Integration of renewable energy, energy efficient mine planning, carbon accounting, emissions control technologies, sustainable mining practices.
Geologist	Geology, mineral deposits, geological mapping, exploration techniques, geospatial software, analytical skills, interpretation of geological data.	Geological implications of low carbon mining, sustainable resource management, selection of low impact deposits, environmental considerations in geological modeling.
Metallurgist	Metallurgical processes, mineral processing techniques, laboratory testing, plant design, problem solving, quality standards.	Low carbon mineral processing techniques, innovative extraction methods, energy efficient processes, sustainable metallurgical practices.
Environmental engineer	Environmental regulations, impact assessment, waste management, data analysis, sustainable mining practices, ecological approaches.	Zero emission technologies, environmental impact assessment and mitigation, renewable energy integration, carbon capture, circular economy principles, environmental management.
Health and Safety Manager	Safety regulations, risk assessment, safety program design, leadership, communication, safety culture	Health and safety considerations for new technologies, safety measures for zero emission equipment, renewable energy risk management, worker well-being

in a changing environment.

promotion.

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Operations Manager	Leadership, resource optimization, production planning, data analysis, decision making, industry trends and technologies.	Energy efficiency optimization, renewable energy procurement and storage, integration of automation and digitalization for efficiency and emissions reduction, supply chain management with sustainable practices.
Supply Chain Manager	Logistics, procurement, trading, inventory management, compliance with trade regulations.	Sustainable sourcing practices, supplier environmental performance assessment, logistics optimization to reduce emissions, renewable energy supply management, responsibly sourced material certification schemes.
Financial analyst	Financial analysis, budgeting, economic factors that affect mining, investment evaluation, financial reports.	Financial implications of zero- emission mining, low-carbon technology assessment, green finance mechanisms and carbon pricing, financial risks and opportunities associated with sustainability initiatives.
Community Relations Manager	Communication, community involvement, community development, corporate social responsibility, negotiation, conflict resolution.	Communicating with local communities, facilitating renewable energy projects and community development, addressing community concerns about environmental impacts, promoting transparency and social responsibility.



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Recapping

The transition to a zero-carbon mining industry requires collective efforts from various stakeholders, and workforce preparation plays a crucial role in this transformation. Investments in reskilling and upskilling, creating new career opportunities, promoting diversity and inclusion, improving working conditions, and fostering a culture of sustainability and innovation are essential to address global challenges and achieve success in this transition.

The adoption of key technologies such as renewable energy sources, electric vehicles, and carbon capture also requires significant changes in the skills and training of the mining workforce. Electrification, automation, digitalization, and circularity are key areas that demand adaptation and acquisition of new skills.

Traditional roles such as mining engineers, geologists, and metallurgists expand in a zero-emission mining industry, requiring knowledge in renewable energy integration, sustainable resource management, and low-carbon technologies. In addition, strategies such as skills assessment, training programs, employee engagement, career pathways creation, partnerships with unions, and collaborations with external stakeholders are crucial to facilitate the workforce transition.

By implementing these strategies, companies will be prepared to thrive in a zerocarbon mining industry, promoting environmental sustainability and reaping the benefits of sustainable practices. Proper workforce preparation is a key factor in ensuring the success and social acceptance of this transition, as well as driving competitiveness and productivity in the mining industry.



Financing ESG Investments and Decarbonization in the Mining Sector: Driving Sustainability



- Mining companies are investing in sustainability projects and seeking sustainable financing to achieve ESG (environmental, social, and governance) goals.

- Sustainable financing options are available to various companies, including those that are not publicly traded. Options include debentures, bonds, Real Estate Receivables Certificates (CRIs), Agribusiness Receivables Certificates (CRAs), investment funds, and ESG-certified loans.

- In the mining sector, sustainable financing can be beneficial for recycling projects, reducing water consumption, adopting renewable energy sources, and reducing carbon emissions.

- Some available financing options are the carbon market, voluntary funds, and Sustainability-Linked Loans (SLL).

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- The carbon market allows for the trading of carbon credits, which can generate revenue for mining companies that adopt sustainable practices.

- Brazil faces challenges in operationalizing the carbon credit market but has the potential to lead the global green market.

- Financing sustainability and decarbonization projects in the mining industry are essential to ensure the sector's sustainability and relevance.

- Companies that opt for sustainable financing can accelerate carbon emission reduction, improve their reputation, and attract more investors.

Recapping

1. Mining companies are investing in sustainable projects and seeking sustainable financing. 2. Sustainable financing is accessible to various companies, including those that are not publicly traded. 3. Financing options include the carbon market, voluntary funds, and Sustainability-Linked Loans. (e-book)

Circular Economy and Recycling in Mining



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The mining industry, traditionally associated with linear economic models, is now embracing the concept of the circular economy. This shift is driven by the growing need to address environmental and sustainability issues. Here are the key findings from a comprehensive analysis of this change:

Understanding the Circular Economy

The circular economy aims to eliminate waste and the continuous use of resources. It operates on three principles: reduce, reuse, and recycle. In mining, this means reducing the demand for new minerals through efficient use and recycling, reusing mining waste or by-products, and recycling metals and minerals.

Zero Carbon Mining

The vision for the industry is to create a zero carbon mining model. This involves reducing carbon emissions through energy-efficient technologies and processes while ensuring optimized resource utilization.

Challenges

The mining industry faces several challenges in implementing the circular economy. These include the current economic model, technical difficulties and costs of recycling certain metals and minerals, regulatory challenges, and the need for a mindset shift.

Opportunities

Despite the challenges, there are significant opportunities for the mining industry in the circular economy. These include cost savings through waste reduction and energy use, new sources of revenue through the sale of by-products and recycled materials, and improved reputation and stakeholder relationships.

Role of Technology

Digital technologies can facilitate the implementation of the circular economy. These include resource tracking and monitoring, big data and data analysis, sharing platforms, blockchain, artificial intelligence and machine learning, and the platform economy.

Steps to Implement Circular Economy Projects

Implementing circular economy projects in mining companies requires strategic planning and specific actions. These include initial assessment, goal setting, stakeholder engagement, research and development, opportunity identification, pilot project development, integration and implementation, monitoring and evaluation, and communication and dissemination.

In conclusion, the circular economy in the mining industry represents a paradigm shift from linear and extractive practices to a regenerative and restorative design model. It is not only an environmental prerogative but an economic necessity. The circular economy offers a path for the mining industry to reduce its environmental footprint and create value from waste. The path to zero carbon mining is paved with innovation, collaboration, and commitment to sustainability.

Recalling

1. Circular economy and recycling in the mining industry represent a paradigm shift from linear and extractive practices to a regenerative and restorative model by design.

4. There is a need for a shared vision for a mining industry that not only drives economies but also preserves the planet.

7. The transition to more sustainable practices presents challenges, but also offers immense opportunities for innovation, collaboration, and sustainability. 2. Various industry leaders are leading this change and others should follow suit.

5. Everyone has a role to play in supporting solutions that promote a sustainable future for mining.

8. With a change in mindset and the right strategies, the mining industry can pave the way for a more sustainable and responsible future. 3. Sustainability in mining is no longer just an environmental prerogative, but an economic necessity.

6. The circular economy can help the mining industry reduce its environmental footprint and create value from waste. m (e-book)

Engagement with Communities and Social Responsibility

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The ongoing fight against climate change has placed the mining industry at the forefront of the transition to a low-carbon economy. This requires a reassessment of traditional practices and a shift towards more sustainable mining approaches, centered around community engagement and social performance.

The EY study, "The Top 10 Business Risks and Opportunities for Mining and Metals in 2023," underscores the importance of mining companies integrating ESG considerations into their corporate strategies due to their broad impact on operations.

Communities are often the most affected by mining operations, and their intimate knowledge of their natural environments and direct understanding of the impacts of mining make them key players in the development and implementation of decarbonization strategies. Collaborative relationships with these communities can lead to innovative solutions for carbon emissions reduction, increased social acceptance of mining operations, and improved social license to operate (LSPO).

The concept of "social performance" in the mining industry has traditionally been associated with a commitment to benefiting not only shareholders but also society and the environment. However, this concept is evolving, reflecting practices and policies that balance economic growth, environmental protection, and social wellbeing.

A strong and successful relationship with communities and an effective social performance plan are essential for a mining ENERGY TRANSITION IN MINING

company to enhance its LSPO. The article outlines an 11-step roadmap to achieve this, starting with stakeholder identification and mapping, establishing communication channels, understanding community needs, and ending with monitoring and evaluation.

Brazil provides notable examples of how community engagement and social performance can contribute to the decarbonization of mining. These include Vale's reforestation project in Minas Gerais and Mineração Taboca's renewable energy project in Pitinga, Amazonas.

Recalling

We are at a critical moment where our decisions today will shape the future of our planet. The role of communities and social performance in the decarbonization process of mining cannot be underestimated. This not only presents a challenge but also an incredible opportunity for the development of responsible and sustainable mining that can bring significant benefits to local communities.

The key to this transformation is collaboration. Through strong partnerships and cooperation, we can develop and implement innovative solutions that not only reduce carbon emissions but also strengthen communities and promote sustainable economic development for them.

Together, we have everything we need to collectively write a new chapter in the history of mining—a chapter of greater responsibility, innovation, and hope for future generations. This is the moment to turn challenges into opportunities and ensure that the mining industry can play a crucial role in building a sustainable future for all.



Pioneering the Implementation of Zero Carbon Mining: Risks, Opportunities, and the Role of Leadership.



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As the planet faces climate change, the transition to a low-carbon economy is of paramount importance. This account is particularly relevant to the mining industry, often stigmatized for its environmental impact, which is now taking steps towards zero carbon mining operations.

Gary A. Bolles' book, "The Next Rules of Work," serves as an inspiring model for the transition to zero carbon mining operations, highlighting the crucial role of leadership in these transformative processes.

The path to zero carbon mining is complex, filled with risks and challenges, but it also offers significant opportunities.

Risks include significant initial investments required for clean technologies, regulatory uncertainties due to evolving environmental laws, and the availability of technologies that can support zero carbon operations. Despite these challenges, numerous opportunities await, including long-term operational cost reductions from renewable energy sources, enhanced corporate reputation, strategic market access, partnerships, and recruitment of a new generation of workers attracted to sustainable practices and innovative technology.

Leadership:

Leadership is indispensable in this transformation. Visionary leaders committed to sustainability can drive change by establishing a clear vision for zero carbon mining and communicating it to their teams. By incorporating sustainability values, leaders can inspire employees to embrace change and actively contribute to the transition. People engagement is equally critical. Employees should be involved from the beginning of the transformation to foster a sense of ownership over the company's sustainability goals. Bolles emphasizes the need to cultivate a culture of continuous learning, enabling employees to grow and adapt to new technologies and practices. Leaders must encourage active participation, knowledge sharing, and continuous learning to drive the transition.

Change Management:

Change management is a cornerstone of the journey towards zero carbon mining operations. Leaders should adopt a "Next" mindset, preparing for an unpredictable future and addressing employees' concerns and fears transparently. Creating an environment of psychological safety, open communication, and collaborative problemsolving is crucial to navigate this transition successfully.





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Important

Pioneering zero carbon mining operations brings challenges and risks, but also significant opportunities. It not only demonstrates a commitment to environmental responsibility but also positions companies as industry leaders. The rewards of being at the forefront of this transformation are substantial, both from a business perspective and in terms of positive environmental and social impact. The mining industry has the potential to reshape its reputation and contribute to a more sustainable future. It is time for leaders to embrace their role in creating a responsible and sustainable mining sector, setting an example for others to follow and leaving a lasting legacy for future generations.











As this e-book approaches its conclusion, it is important to emphasize the crucial role of mining in the energy transition. The critical metals extracted through mining operations form the foundation of the infrastructure needed to support a future of renewable energy. From rare-earth magnets in wind turbines to the metals required for energy storage batteries, mining is a fundamental pillar in this transition movement.

However, the mining industry itself must evolve. Sustainability emerges not only as an ethical and environmental necessity but also as a key component to ensure social license to operate. Communities, increasingly aware of environmental impacts, demand responsible mining practices. Furthermore, sustainability in mining goes beyond environmental protection, also encompassing community well-being and ensuring fair distribution of benefits.

The role of leadership in this transformation process cannot be underestimated. It is visionary and courageous leaders who will chart the course, define the values, and motivate teams to adopt new practices and technologies. Leaders must be the heralds of change, embodying responsibility and commitment to a carbon-neutral mining future.

In conclusion, it is important to recognize that each individual and entity has a role in transitioning to sustainable mining practices. It is through collaboration and conscious contribution that we can move in this direction. Decarbonizing mines represents not only an advancement in the industry but also a collective effort for environmental preservation and long-term sustainability. With pragmatic actions and informed decisions, we can contribute to an effective transition process. It is imperative to approach this journey with an objective and committed focus, keeping in mind the importance of sustainability for the wellbeing of future generations.

In summary, the mining industry is reinventing itself for a more sustainable future, guided by decarbonization and the pursuit of responsible practices. With the adoption of renewable energy, energy efficiency, electrification, advanced technologies, innovation, social commitment, and leadership, we can pave the way for sustainable mining. This transition will not only contribute to environmental preservation but also to the development of prosperous communities and a better future for all. Together, we can create a carbonneutral mining sector and a solid foundation for the energy transition.



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