CBSE EXAMINATION PAPER-2022

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Solved)

Time allowed : 3 hours | Maximum Marks : 59

General Instructions :

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them :

i. This question paper contains **25 questions.** All questions are **compulsory.**

ii. This question paper is divided into **5 sections.**

iii. **Section A** – questions number **1 to 1** are case based questions

iv. **Section B** – questions number **2 to 10** are very short answer

v. **Section C** – questions number **11 to 19** are short answer

vi. **Section D** – questions number **20 to 21** are long answer type i

vii. **Section E** – questions number **22 to 25** are long answer type ii

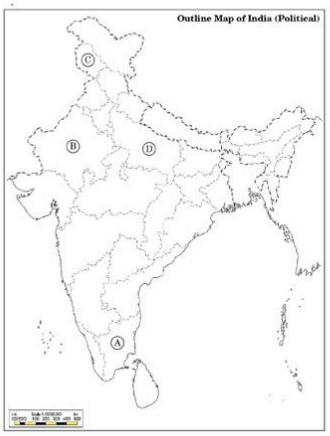
viii. There is no overall choice given in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions.

ix. Use of calculator is NOT allowed.

Section A

Question 1. In the given political outline map of India (on page 7), four States have been marked as (A), (B), (C) and(D) (. Identify these States on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names in your answer-book along with the respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabets given in the map as per the following format

Serial number of the information used	Concerned alphabet in the map	Name of the State
(i)		
(ii)		
(iii)		
(iv)		



(1) The State with the largest number of seats in its Legislative Assembly.

[1 Marks]

(2)

The State to which the first Indian Governor General(1948 — 1950) belonged.

[1 Marks]

(3)

The region which is a Union Territory now.

[1 Marks]

(4)

The State where the Congress Party did not get majority in 1967Assembly polls, but formed a government with the help of others.

[1 Marks]

Section B

Question 2. Explain static things.

[1 Marks]

Question 3. Support the statement regarding static things.

[1 Marks]

Question 4. Despite the existence of anti-popular policies in Indian Politics, support this statement with any two examples.

[1 Marks]

Question 5. Mention any two recommendations of the Mandal Commission.

[1 Marks]

Question 6. Describe any two problems between India and Pakistan.

[1 Marks]

Question 7. Why is National Democratic Alliance (NDA) considered significant?

[1 Marks]

Question 8. Highlight any two negative effects of globalization.

[1 Marks]

Question 9. Describe any two flaws related to globalization.

[1 Marks]

Question 10. Why have different organizations in India protested against the entry of multinational companies? Give any two reasons.

[1 Marks]

Section C

Question 11.

"Cultures are not static things." Justify.

[2 Marks]

Question 12.

"States have become more powerful as a result of globalisation." Support the statement.

[2 Marks]

Question 13.

"Despite the existence of anti-defection law, 'Aya Ram Gaya Ram' is popular in Indian Politics." Support this statement with any two examples.

[2 Marks]

Question 14.

Mention any two recommendations of the Mandal Commission.

[2 Marks]

Question 15.

Describe any two problems between India and Pakistan.

[2 Marks]

Question 16.

Why is National Democratic Alliance (NDA) III called a 'Surplus Majority Coalition'? Explain.

[2 Marks]

Question 17.

Highlight any two negative effects of globalisation.

[2 Marks]

Question 18.

Describe any two flows related to globalisation.

[2 Marks]

Question 19.

Why have different organisations in India protested against the entry of multinational companies ? Give any two reasons.

[2 Marks]

Section D

Question 20. Why is the implementation of the recommendations of the Mandal Commission considered a step to eradicate social and economic backwardness? Highlight any two reasons.

[4 Marks]

Question 21.

"Democracy is an accepted norm in the entire region of South Asia." Explain the statement.

[4 Marks]

Section E

Question 22. Highlight any three steps taken by China to improve its economy.

[6 Marks]

Question 23. Highlight any three strengths of the European Union as a centre of power.

[6 Marks]

Question 24. Highlight any three reasons for the opposition parties to come together to form Janata Party in 1977.

[6 Marks]

Question 25. Was the declaration of emergency in 1975 necessary? Support your answer with any three suitable arguments.

[6 Marks]
