CBSE EXAMINATION PAPER-2022

HISTORY

(Solved)

Time allowed : 3 hours | Maximum Marks : 45

General Instructions :

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them :

i. This question paper contains **13 questions.** All questions are **compulsory.**

ii. This question paper is divided into **3 sections.**

iii. **Section A** – questions number **1 to 3** are case based questions

iv. **Section B** – questions number **4 to 8** are short answer

v. **Section C** – questions number **9 to 13** are long answer

vi. There is no overall choice given in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions.

vii. Use of calculator is NOT allowed.

Section A

Question 1.

Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow:

The accessible emperor

In the account of his experiences, Monserrate, who was a member of first Jesuit Mission, says: It is hard to exaggerate how accessible he (Akbar) makes himself to all wish audience of him. For he creates an opportunity almost every day any of the common people or of the nobles to see him and to converse w him; and he endeavours to show himself pleasant - spoken and affa rather than severe towards all who come to speak with him. It is v remarkable how great an effect this courtesy and affability has in attach him to the minds of his subjects.

(1)

Examine the impact of Akbar's accessibility on the minds of his subjects.

[1 Marks]

(2)

Why did Akbar invite Jesuit Mission to his court ?

[1 Marks]

(3)

How did Akbar use to facilitate meetings for those who wanted to call on him ?

[2 Marks]

Question 2.

Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow:

"There cannot be any divided loyalty"

Gobind Ballabh Pant argued that in order to become loyal citizens peop had to stop focusing only on the community and the self : For the success of democracy one must train himself in the art of se discipline. In democracies one should care less for himself and more others. There cannot be any divided loyalty. All loyalties must exclusively centered round the State. If in a democracy, you create rival loyalties, or y create a system in which any individual or group, instead of suppressing extravagance, cares nought for larger or other interests, then democrac doomed.

(1)

Examine the concern of Gobind Ballabh Pant for a Unified Nation.

[1 Marks]

(2)

Why was loyalty considered as an important attribute of social pyramid ?

[1 Marks]

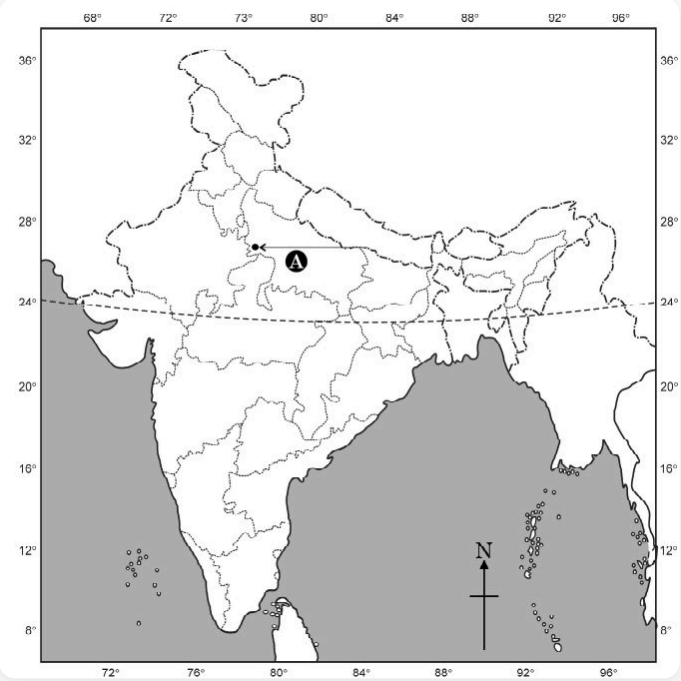
(3)

Analyse the aspects considered significant for the success of democracy.

[2 Marks]

Question 3.

On the given political outline map of India, locate and label any one of the following with appropriate symbol .



(1)

The place where mutiny started in 1857.

[1 Marks]

(2)

The place where Gandhiji broke the Salt law.

[1 Marks]

(3)

On the same outline map of India, a place related to Capital city of the Mughal Empire has been marked as A. Identify it and write its name on the line drawn near it.

[1 Marks]

(4)

Name the place from where mutiny started on 10th May,1857.

[1 Marks]

(5)

Name the place where Gandhiji broke the Salt law.

[1 Marks]

(6)

Name any one Capital city of Mughal Empire.

[1 Marks]

Section B

Question 4. Why was the ‘Objective Resolution’ introduced in the Constituent Assembly considered as a Momentous Resolution? Explain.

[3 Marks]

Question 5.

Analyse the impact of the ‘ policy of pacfiction ’ on the Paharias proposed by Augustus Cleveland in 1780.

[3 Marks]

Question 6. Examine the economic conditions of the Paharias after the settlement of Santhals in the Rajmahal hills.

[3 Marks]

Question 7. The similarities in the pattern of revolt of 1857 in different places lay partly in their planning and coordination. Explain the statement.

[3 Marks]

Question 8.

Describe the importance of the writings and policies of Gandhi and the British authorities imply a common approach towards India's national movement? Explain.

[3 Marks]

Section C

Question 9.

Describe the causes and significance of Salt Satyagraha launched by Gandhiji.

[6 Marks]

Question 10.

“Chain of grievances of taluqdars, and peasants led them to join the revolt of 1857.” Elucidate the statement .

[6 Marks]

Question 11.

“There were not only rumours but sound bases which led the people to revolt in 1857.” Explain the statement .

[6 Marks]

Question 12.

“The process of manuscript production in the Mughal Court involved a number of people performing a variety of tasks.” Support the statement with examples.

[6 Marks]

Question 13.

“Chronicles commissioned by Mughal Emperors are the important sources for studying the empire and its court.” Explain the statement with examples.

[6 Marks]