Metropolitan City of Turin

Country —	
World Region	

> Italy→ Europe

Population	2.2 million
Area	6,827km2



Turin is the core of the Metropolitan City of Turin, encompassing the city itself and 311 surrounding municipalities (comuni). The Metropolitan Mayor and Council oversee strategic planning, transport, and infrastructure to promote cohesion and economic development across the region, while the Municipality of Turin focuses on local governance and city services.

Economic profile

WORLD BANK INCOME GROUP High income

GDP PER CAPITA 45,833 USD GDP AS % OF NATIONAL GDP 4.5%

Major economic activities: Automotive industry aerospace sector, industrial manufacturing, financial services, technology and innovation, education and research, tourism and culture.

Own source revenues: Provincial registration tax, landfill tax, environmental tax, car liability tax.



Governance structure

YEAR OF CONSTITUTION 2015

TYPE OF METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT Metropolitan government

Legal framework: Established under National Law 56/2014, replacing provinces with metropolitan cities, the law defines governance, decision-making, and focuses on strategic and territorial planning. Legislative Decree 18 August 2000, No. 267 defines the governance, functions, and autonomy of Italian metropolitan areas, promoting efficient local administration.

Administrative structure: The Metropolitan Mayor is the Mayor of Turin, while the Council is indirectly elected by municipal representatives. The Conference of Mayors, consisting of all mayors in the metropolitan area, serves in an advisory capacity.

Annual revenue, expenditure and sources: Revenue sourced from EU funds, taxes, loans, and government transfers, while expenditures cover administration, services, and capital investments.

Number and type of administrative units: 312 municipalities.



• STRATEGIC 2024-2026 Strategic Plan INNOVATION
<u>Turin Innovation Strategy</u>



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