



# Migrant Rights Initiative

## **Migrant Rights Initiative Migrant Rights Database Coding Instrument (2023 Data Collection)**

The Migrant Rights Initiative's Migrant Rights Database (MRD) is the first global data source benchmarking the extent to which states fulfill international obligations in national law, as reflected in the Initiative's International Migrants Bill of Rights (IMBR), and how they implement these protections. The database applies a novel instrument that permits the objective, cross-national accounting of the laws protecting migrants' rights enshrined in national legal frameworks. This is the instrument used for the Initiative's 2023 MRD data collection. For more information visit [www.migrantrightsinitiative.org](http://www.migrantrightsinitiative.org).

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**Start of Block: Basic Information**

Q1 What is your name?

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Q2 What country are you coding?

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**End of Block: Basic Information**

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**Start of Block: Vulnerable Migrants**

Category 1 Vulnerable Migrants

Q3

Does the law take child status into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protections for migrant children in comparison to migrant adults?

No

Yes

Q3.1 CITATION/COMMENT:

Does the law take child status into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protections for migrant children in comparison to migrant adults?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q3.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q3B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

### Q3B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the law take child status into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protections for migrant children in comparison to migrant adults?

- No
  - Yes
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### Q3B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the law take child status into consideration in the context of

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migration and provide special protections for migrant children in comparison to migrant adults?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q3B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break

Q4

Does the law take the vulnerability of women into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrant women who are vulnerable in comparison to other migrants?



No

Yes

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Q4.1

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the law take the vulnerability of women into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrant women who are vulnerable in comparison to other migrants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q4.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q4B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q4B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the law take the vulnerability of women into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrant women who are vulnerable in comparison to other migrants?

- No
- Yes



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Q4B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the law take the vulnerability of women into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrant women who are vulnerable in comparison to other migrants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q4B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

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Q5 Does the law take disabilities into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrants with disabilities in comparison to other migrants?

No

Yes

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Q5.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the law take disabilities into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrants with disabilities in comparison to other migrants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q5.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q5B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q5B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the law take disabilities into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrants with disabilities in comparison to other migrants?

No

Yes

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Q5B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the law take disabilities into consideration in the context of migration and provide special protection for migrants with disabilities in comparison to other migrants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q5B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

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- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

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Page Break

**End of Block: Vulnerable Migrants**

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**Start of Block: Life**

**Category 2 Life**

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**Q6 Does the national law prohibit the use of force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?**

- No
- Yes

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**Q6.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the use of force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?**



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q6.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q6B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q6B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit the use of force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q6B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the use of force by its officers or agents

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as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q6B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q7 Does the national law prohibit the use of lethal force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?



No

Yes

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Q7.1

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the use of lethal force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q7.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q7B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q7B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit the use of lethal force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q7B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the use of lethal force by its officers or agents as a means of preventing migrants from entering the state's territory?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q7B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break

Q8 Does the national law exempt trafficked and smuggled migrants from criminal prosecutions?



- No, government may punish trafficked or smuggled migrants
  - Yes, the national law provides exemption
- 

Q8.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law exempt trafficked and smuggled migrants from criminal prosecutions?

exempts trafficked / smuggled migrants from criminal prosecutions in .” If the legal provision is different as it relates to two groups (migrant victims of trafficking vs. migrants who have been smuggled), please indicate the legal provision for each separately. Spell out the name of the legal provision in a way that makes it easier for a non-lawyer to understand (e.g., “constitution” and not “Const.” and “code section” and not “C. §”). Feel free to include a SHORT explanatory note regarding the citation but limit this text to that which is necessary to understand the citation. Additional commentary, for example, regarding compliance, should be included in the comment field. For those that responded “no” to Q8, if there is a national law that punishes migrants who have been subject to trafficking or smuggling, please mention that law in the citation along with explanations in the comment.]

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 



Q8.2 To what extent is the exemption from criminal prosecution of trafficked/smuggled migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q8B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 
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Q8B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law exempt trafficked and smuggled migrants from criminal prosecutions?

- No, government may punish trafficked or smuggled migrants
  - Yes, the national law provides exemption
- 

Q8B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law exempt trafficked and smuggled migrants from criminal prosecutions?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q8B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the exemption from criminal prosecution of trafficked/smuggled migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

End of Block: Life

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Start of Block: Liberty

Category 3 Liberty

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Q9 Does the national law provide that migrants have a right to be free from torture and cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment?

- No
  - Yes, right to be free from torture but not cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment
  - Yes
- 

Q9.1

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide that migrants have a right to be free from

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torture or cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q9.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q9B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q9B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide that migrants have a right to be free from torture and cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment?

- No
  - Yes, right to be free from torture but not cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment
  - Yes
- 





Q9B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide that migrants have a right to be free from torture or cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q9B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q10 Does the national law entail an obligation to allow consular officials and migrants (who are nationals of the consular sending state) to communicate?

No

Yes

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Q10.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law entail an obligation to allow consular officials and migrants (who are nationals of the consular sending state) to communicate?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q10.2 To what extent is this obligation allowing consular officials and migrants to communicate implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q10B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q10B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law entail an obligation to allow consular officials and migrants (who are nationals of the consular sending state) to communicate?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q10B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law entail an obligation to allow consular officials and migrants (who are nationals of the consular sending state) to communicate?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q10B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this obligation allowing consular officials and migrants to communicate implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q11 Does the national law prohibit the detention of children on the basis of their status as a migrant?

No

Yes

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Q11.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the detention of children on the basis of their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q11.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q11B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q11B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit the detention of children on the basis of their status as a migrant?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q11B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law entail an obligation to allow consular officials and migrants (who are nationals of the consular sending state) to communicate?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q11B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break

Q12 Does the national law prohibit the detention of migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?



No

Yes

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Q12.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the detention of migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q12.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always





Q12B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q12B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit the detention of migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q12B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit the detention of migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q12B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q13 Does the national law allow migrants to appeal legality, conditions, or length of detention?



No

Yes

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Q13.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law allow migrants to appeal legality, conditions, or length of detention?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q13.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always



Q13B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q13B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law allow migrants to appeal legality, conditions, or length of detention?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q13B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law allow migrants to appeal legality, conditions, or length of detention?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q13B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q14 Does the national law require an individualized determination for the detention of a migrant?



No

Yes

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Q14.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require an individualized determination for the detention of a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q14.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q14B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q14B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law require an individualized determination for the detention of a migrant?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q14B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require an individualized determination for the detention of a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q14B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Liberty

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Start of Block: Legal Personhood

Category 4 Legal Personhood





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Q15 Do migrant workers have the right not to have identity documents confiscated by anyone, other than a public official duly authorized by the law?

No

Yes

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Q15.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right not to have identity documents confiscated by anyone, other than a public official duly authorized by the law?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q15.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q15B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q15B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers have the right not to have identity documents confiscated by anyone, other than a public official duly authorized by the law?

No

Yes

---

Q15B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right not to have identity documents confiscated by anyone, other than a public official duly authorized by the law?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q15B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q16 Does the national law require birth registration of children of migrants regardless of their status as a migrant?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q16.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require birth registration of children of migrants regardless of their status as a migrant?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 



Q16.2 To what extent is the birth registration requirement of migrant children implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q16B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q16B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law require birth registration of children of migrants regardless of their status as a migrant?

No

Yes

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Q16B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require birth registration of children of migrants regardless of their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q16B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the birth registration requirement of migrant children implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

---

Q17

Does the national law mandate the issuing of documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q17.1

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law mandate the issuing of documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q17.2 To what extent is this mandate to issue documents to migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q17B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?





- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q17B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law mandate the issuing of documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q17B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law mandate the issuing of documents that recognize

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migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q17B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this mandate to issue documents to migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q18 Does the national law make it illegal for anyone to destroy documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?



No

Yes

---

Q18.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law make it illegal for anyone to destroy documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q18.2 To what extent is the prohibition against destroying documents implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



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Q18B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q18B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law make it illegal for anyone to destroy documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

- No
- Yes



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Q18B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law make it illegal for anyone to destroy documents that recognize migrants' residency status, work status, and identity?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q18B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the prohibition against destroying documents implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Legal Personhood

---

Start of Block: Due Process

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Category 5 Due Process

---

Q19 Does the national law provide migrants with the right of equal protection of the law before administrative, civil, and criminal courts and tribunals, commensurate with citizens?

No

Yes

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Q19.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with the right of equal protection of the law before administrative, civil, and criminal courts and tribunals, commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q19.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q19B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q19B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrants with the right of equal protection of the law before administrative, civil, and criminal courts and tribunals, commensurate with citizens?

No

Yes

---

Q19B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with the right of equal protection of the law before administrative, civil, and criminal courts and tribunals, commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q19B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?





- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q20 Do migrants have a right to counsel at government expense in proceedings related to their legal status as a migrant?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q20.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrants have a right to counsel at government expense in proceedings related to their legal status as a migrant?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q20.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q20B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q20B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrants have a right to counsel at government expense in proceedings related to their legal status as a migrant?

- No
- Yes
- 

#### Q20B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrants have a right to counsel at government expense in

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proceedings related to their legal status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q20B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q21 Do migrants have a right to interpretation at government expense in criminal proceedings?



No

Yes

---

Q21.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrants have a right to interpretation at government expense in criminal proceedings?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q21.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q21B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q21B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrants have a right to interpretation at government expense in criminal proceedings?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q21B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrants have a right to interpretation at government expense in criminal proceedings?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q21B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break

Q22 Does the national law exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?



No

Yes

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Q22.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q22.2 To what extent do the relevant authorities exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always





Q22B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q22B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q22B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q22B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent do the relevant authorities exempt migrants from criminal sanctions for unauthorized entry?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Due Process

---

Start of Block: Victims of Crime

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## Category 6 Victims of Crime

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Q23 Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime with the right of access to criminal proceedings commensurate with citizens, such as by allowing them to serve as complainants?

No

Yes

---

Q23.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime with the right of access to criminal proceedings commensurate with citizens, such as by allowing them to serve as complainants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q23.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q23B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q23B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime with the right of access to criminal proceedings commensurate with citizens, such as by allowing them to serve as complainants?

No

Yes

---

Q23B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime with the right of access to criminal proceedings commensurate with citizens, such as by allowing them to serve as complainants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q23B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

---

Q24 Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime an avenue to immigration status or relief from expulsion as a result of being a victim of a crime?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q24.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime an avenue to immigration status or relief from expulsion as a result of being a victim of a crime?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 



Q24.2 To what extent are the avenues to immigration status or relief from expulsion available to migrant victims of crime used by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q24B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q24B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime an avenue to immigration status or relief from expulsion as a result of being a victim of a crime?

- No
  - Yes
- 

#### Q24B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrant victims of crime an avenue to

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immigration status or relief from expulsion as a result of being a victim of a crime?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q24B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent are the avenues to immigration status or relief from expulsion available to migrant victims of crime used by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Victims of Crime

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Start of Block: Expulsion, Asylum, and Non-refoulement

Category 7 Expulsion, Asylum, and Non-refoulement

---

Q25 How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect migrants' residence status?

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- any conviction (even minor administrative offenses) can lead to loss of residence status
  - only major convictions (e.g., criminal offenses) can lead to loss of residence status
  - convictions do not affect residence status
- 

Q25.1 CITATION/COMMENT: How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect migrants' residence status?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q25.2 To what extent do the relevant authorities protect the residence status of immigrants who have been convicted of criminal or other offenses?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 



Q25B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q25B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect migrants' residence status?

- any conviction (even minor administrative offenses) can lead to loss of residence status
  - only major convictions (e.g., criminal offenses) can lead to loss of residence status
  - convictions do not affect residence status
- 



Q25B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect migrants' residence status?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q25B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent do the relevant authorities protect the residence status of immigrants who have been convicted of criminal or other offenses?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q26 Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment?

No

Yes

---

Q26.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q26.2 To what extent is the ban of refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



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Q26B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q26B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment?

- No
- Yes



---

Q26B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q26B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban of refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

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Q27 Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution on the basis of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion?

No

Yes

---

Q27.1 CITATION/ COMMENT: Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution on the basis of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q27.2 To what extent is the ban on refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution based on race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion implemented by the relevant authorities?





- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q27B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q27B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution on the basis of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion?

No

Yes

---

Q27B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution on the basis of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q27B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban on refoulement on the basis of a risk of return to persecution based on race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion implemented by the relevant authorities?

---



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q28 Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights (such as the right to life)?

- No
- Yes

---

Q28.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights (such as the right to life)?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q28.2 To what extent is the ban on refoulement (on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights) implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q28B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q28B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights (such as the right to life)?

- No
- Yes
- 

#### Q28B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban refoulement on the basis of a risk of serious

---



deprivations of fundamental human rights (such as the right to life)?

*bans refoulement on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights in.” Please spell out the name of the legal provision in a way that makes it easier for a non-lawyer to understand (e.g., “constitution” and not “Const.” and “code section” and not “C. §”). Feel free to include a SHORT explanatory note regarding the citation but limit this text to that which is necessary to understand the citation. Additional commentary, for example, regarding compliance, should be included in the comment field.]*

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q28B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban on refoulement (on the basis of a risk of serious deprivations of fundamental human rights) implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q29 Does the national law require a person to be advised of the possible availability of asylum before being expelled or prevented entry?

No

Yes

---

Q29.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require a person to be advised of the possible availability of asylum before being expelled or prevented entry?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q29.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q29B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q29B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law require a person to be advised of the possible availability of asylum before being expelled or prevented entry?

- No
  - Yes
- 





Q29B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law require a person to be advised of the possible availability of asylum before being expelled or prevented entry?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q29B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q30 Does the national law ban expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement through a subsequent expulsion?



No

Yes

---

Q30.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement through a subsequent expulsion?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q30.2 To what extent is the ban of expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q30B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q30B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law ban expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement through a subsequent expulsion?

No

Yes

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Q30B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law ban expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement through a subsequent expulsion?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q30B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban of expulsion to any country where a migrant is likely to be subjected to refoulement implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q31 Does the national law provide that a migrant can only be expelled when justified by facts relevant to the individual concerned and only pursuant to a decision reached in accordance with and authorized by law?

- No
- Yes

---

Q31.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide that a migrant can only be expelled when justified by facts relevant to the individual concerned and only pursuant to a decision reached in accordance with and authorized by law?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q31.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q31B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q31B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide that a migrant can only be expelled when justified by facts relevant to the individual concerned and only pursuant to a decision reached in accordance with and authorized by law?

- No
  - Yes
- 

#### Q31B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:



CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide that a migrant can only be expelled when justified by facts relevant to the individual concerned and only pursuant to a decision reached in accordance with and authorized by law?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q31B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_





Q32 Does the national law provide migrants with an opportunity to submit the reasons against expulsion and to have their case reviewed by the competent authority before being expelled?

No

Yes

---

Q32.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with an opportunity to submit the reasons against expulsion and to have their case reviewed by the competent authority before being expelled?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q32.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q32B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q32B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrants with an opportunity to submit the reasons against expulsion and to have their case reviewed by the competent authority before being expelled?

No

Yes

---

Q32B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with an opportunity to submit the reasons against expulsion and to have their case reviewed by the competent authority before being expelled?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q32B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

End of Block: Expulsion, Asylum, and Non-refoulement

---

Start of Block: Nationality

Category 8 Nationality

---

Q33 How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect the citizenship status of naturalized migrants (other than matters such as misrepresentation or fraud specific to the underlying naturalization process)?

- Any conviction (even minor administrative offenses) can lead to loss of citizenship status
  - Only major convictions (e.g., criminal offenses) can lead to loss of citizenship status
  - Convictions do not affect citizenship status
- 

Q33.1 CITATION/COMMENT: How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect citizenship status of naturalized migrants?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q33.2 To what extent do relevant authorities protect the citizenship status of immigrants who have been convicted of criminal or other offenses?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q33B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q33B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect the citizenship status of naturalized migrants?

- Any conviction (even minor administrative offenses) can lead to loss of citizenship status
  - Only major convictions (e.g., criminal offenses) can lead to loss of citizenship status
  - Convictions do not affect citizenship status
- 

#### Q33B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:



CITATION/COMMENT: How, if at all, do convictions for criminal or other offenses affect citizenship status of naturalized migrants?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q33B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent do relevant authorities protect the citizenship status of immigrants who have been convicted of criminal or other offenses?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q34 Do economic migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

No

Yes

---

Q34.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do economic migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q34.2 To what extent are the pathways that are available to economic migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---





Q34B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q34B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do economic migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q34B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do economic migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q34B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent are the pathways that are available to economic migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q35

Do humanitarian migrants have a pathway to citizenship?



No

Yes

---

Q35.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do humanitarian migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q35.2 To what extent are the pathways available to humanitarian migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always



Q35B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q35B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do humanitarian migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q35B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do humanitarian migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q35B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent are the pathways that are available to humanitarian migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q36 Do family migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

No

Yes

---

Q36.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do family migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q36.2 To what extent are the pathways available to family migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q36B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q36B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do family migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q36B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do family migrants have a pathway to citizenship?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q36B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent are the pathways that are available to family migrants implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q37 Does the national law allow migrants who naturalize to obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin?





- No, no migrants may obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin
  - Conditional, depending on the country of origin or some other consideration
  - Yes, all migrants can obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin
- 

Q37.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law allow migrants to obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q37.2 To what extent is the right for dual nationality implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q37B.0  
2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

---



What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q37B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law allow migrants who naturalize to obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin?

- No, no migrants may obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin
  - Conditional, depending on the country of origin or some other consideration
  - Yes, all migrants can obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin
- 



Q37B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Does the national law allow migrants to obtain dual nationality by retaining their nationality of origin?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q37B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the right for dual nationality implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q38 Does the national law guarantee citizenship to migrants and children of migrants who would otherwise be stateless?



No

Yes

---

Q38.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee citizenship to migrants and children of migrants who would otherwise be stateless?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q38.2

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q38B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q38B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law guarantee citizenship to migrants and children of migrants who would otherwise be stateless?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q38B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee citizenship to migrants and children of migrants who would otherwise be stateless?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q38B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Nationality

---

Start of Block: Family

Category 9 Family

---

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Q39 Does the national law provide settled migrants with legal avenues to facilitate reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members?

- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

Q39.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide settled migrants with legal avenues to facilitate reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q39.2 To what extent are the legal avenues available to settled migrants to facilitate their reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q39B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 





Q39B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide settled migrants with legal avenues to facilitate reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members?

- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

Q39B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide settled migrants with legal avenues to facilitate reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q39B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent are the legal avenues available to settled migrants to facilitate their reunification with immediate or non-dependent family members implemented by the relevant authorities?

---



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

---

Q40 Is there a judicial remedy to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification?

- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

Q40.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Is there a judicial remedy to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q40.2 To what extent is the judicial remedy (to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification) implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q40B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q40B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Is there a judicial remedy to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification?

- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

#### Q40B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

---



CITATION/COMMENT: Is there a judicial remedy to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q40B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the judicial remedy (to appeal the refusal by the authorities to allow family formation/reunification) implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q41 Are same sex marital relationships recognized under the migrant family reunification framework?



- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

Q41.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Are same sex marital relationships recognized under the migrant family reunification framework?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q41.2 To what extent is the recognition of same sex marital relationships implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 



Q41B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q41B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Are same sex marital relationships recognized under the migrant family reunification framework?



- No
  - Conditional
  - Yes
- 

Q41B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Are same sex marital relationships recognized under the migrant family reunification framework?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q41B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the recognition of same sex marital relationships implemented by the relevant authorities?





- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

---

Q42 Does the national law allow migrants a right to family reunification regardless of resource conditions (such as income, insurance, etc.)?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q42.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law allow migrants a right to family reunification regardless of resource conditions (such as income, insurance, etc.)?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q42.2 To what extent do relevant authorities allow a right to family reunification regardless of resource conditions?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q42B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
- There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
- There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

#### Q42B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law allow migrants a right to family reunification regardless of resource conditions (such as income, insurance, etc.)?

- No
- Yes
- 

#### Q42B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law allow migrants a right to family reunification

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regardless of resource conditions (such as income, insurance, etc.)?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q42B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent do relevant authorities allow a right to family reunification regardless of resource conditions?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Family

---

Start of Block: Freedom of Thought, Conscience, and Religious Belief

Category 10 Freedom of Thought, Conscience, and Religious Belief

---

Q43 Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief of migrants commensurate with citizens?

---



No

Yes

---

Q43.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief of migrants commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q43.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q43B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q43B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief of migrants commensurate with citizens?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q43B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of thought, conscience and religion or belief of migrants commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q43B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Freedom of Thought, Conscience, and Religious Belief

---

Start of Block: Freedom of Opinion and Expression

Category 11 Freedom of Opinion and Expression

---



Q44 Does the national law provide migrants with full freedom to hold opinions without interference commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

No

Yes

---

Q44.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with full freedom to hold opinions without interference commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---





Q44.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q44B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



---

Q44B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrants with full freedom to hold opinions without interference commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

No

Yes

---

Q44B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with full freedom to hold opinions without interference commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q44B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

---

Q45

Does the national law provide migrants with the right to freedom of expression commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q45.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with the right to freedom of expression commensurate with that afforded to citizens?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q45.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q45B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q45B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide migrants with the right to freedom of expression commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q45B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide migrants with the right to freedom of

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expression commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q45B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Freedom of Opinion and Expression

---

Start of Block: Freedom of Peaceful Assembly and Association

Category 12 Freedom of Peaceful Assembly and Association

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Q46 Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of association, including the right to join trade unions, commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

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No

Yes

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Q46.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of association, including the right to join trade unions, commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q46.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always



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Q46B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q46B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of association, including the right to join trade unions, commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- No
- Yes





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Q46B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of association, including the right to join trade unions, commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q46B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

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Q47 Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of peaceful assembly commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

No

Yes

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Q47.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of peaceful assembly commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q47.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---



Q47B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q47B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law recognize and protect migrants' right of freedom of peaceful assembly commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- No
  - Yes
- 



Q47B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law recognize and protect the right of freedom of peaceful assembly commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q47B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Freedom of Peaceful Assembly and Association

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Start of Block: Civil and Political Life

Category 13 Civil and Political Life

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Q48 Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to vote in local, regional, or national elections?

- No right to vote in any election
- Right to vote in local or regional elections
- Right to vote in national elections

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Q48.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to vote in local, regional, or national elections?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
- Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q48.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q48B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q48B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to vote in local, regional, or national elections?

- No right to vote in any election
  - Right to vote in local or regional elections
  - Right to vote in national elections
- 

Q48B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to vote in local, regional, or national elections?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q48B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

---



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q49 Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to stand for election (run for public office)?

- No right to run for public office in any election
  - Right to run for public office in local or regional elections
  - Right to run for public office in national elections
- 

Q49.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to stand for election?





Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q49.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q49B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q49B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to stand for election (run for public office)?

- No right to run for public office in any election
  - Right to run for public office in local or regional elections
  - Right to run for public office in national elections
- 

Q49B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

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CITATION/COMMENT: Does being lawfully present create a legal right for migrants to stand for election (run for public office)?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q49B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Civil and Political Life

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Start of Block: Equal Protection

Category 14 Equal Protection

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Q50 Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

No

Yes

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Q50.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

Citation: \_\_\_\_\_

Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

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Q50.2 To what extent is the ban on discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q50B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q50B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

No

Yes

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Q50B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q50B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban on discrimination against migrants on the basis of their status as a migrant implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

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Page Break

Q51 Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the ground of race or ethnicity?

- No
- Yes

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Q51.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the ground of race or ethnicity?



Citation: \_\_\_\_\_

Comment: \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q51.2 To what extent is the ban on discrimination against migrants on the ground of race or ethnicity implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q51B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?





- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q51B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the ground of race or ethnicity?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q51B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law prohibit discrimination against migrants on the

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ground of race or ethnicity?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q51B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is the ban on discrimination against migrants on the ground of race or ethnicity implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

End of Block: Equal Protection

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Start of Block: Labor

Category 15 Labor

---



Q52 Do migrant workers have the right to fair wages and equal remuneration for work of equal value commensurate with that afforded to citizens doing the same work?

No

Yes

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Q52.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to fair wages and equal remuneration for work of equal value commensurate with that afforded to citizens doing the same work?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q52.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q52B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q52B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers have the right to fair wages and equal remuneration for work of equal value commensurate with that afforded to citizens doing the same work?

No

Yes

---

Q52B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to fair wages and equal remuneration for work of equal value commensurate with that afforded to citizens doing the same work?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q52B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

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- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q53 Do migrant workers have the right to free choice of employment?

- Employment is tied to a specific employer and no change of employer possible
  - Employment is tied to specific employer; change of employer possible, but requires new work permit application
  - Workers can freely change employers within a specific sector
  - Migrant workers have completely free choice of employment
- 

Q53.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to free choice of employment?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q53.2 To what extent is migrants' free choice of employment implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q53B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q53B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers have the right to free choice of employment?

- Employment is tied to a specific employer and no change of employer possible
  - Employment is tied to specific employer; change of employer possible, but requires new work permission
  - Workers can freely change employers within a specific sector
  - Migrant workers have completely free choice of employment
- 





Q53B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to free choice of employment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q53B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is migrants' free choice of employment implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q54 Does the spouse/partner of the principal migrant automatically have the right to work (without having to apply for permission)?



- No
  - Yes, but limited (e.g., by sector or occupation)
  - Yes, unrestricted right to work
- 

Q54.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the spouse/partner of the principal migrant automatically have the right to work (without having to apply for permission)?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q54.2 To what extent is migrant spouse/partner's right to work implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q54B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q54B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the spouse/partner of the principal migrant automatically have the right to work (without having to apply for permission)?

- No
  - Yes, but limited (e.g., by sector or occupation)
  - Yes, unrestricted right to work
- 

Q54B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the spouse/partner of the principal migrant automatically have the right to work (without having to apply for permission)?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q54B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is migrant spouse/partner's right to work implemented by the relevant authorities?

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- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q55 Is immigration status protected despite the loss of employment for all migrants who are in a regular legal status?

- Loss of employment automatically implies the loss of immigration status
  - Loss of employment implies loss of immigration status unless a new job is found within a specified time period
  - Loss of employment does not affect immigration status
- 

Q55.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Is immigration status protected despite the loss of employment?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q55.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q55B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q55B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Is immigration status protected despite the loss of employment for all migrants who are in a regular legal status?

- Loss of employment automatically implies the loss of immigration status
  - Loss of employment implies loss of immigration status unless a new job is found within a specified time period
  - Loss of employment does not affect immigration status
- 



Q55B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Is immigration status protected despite the loss of employment?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q55B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q56 Beyond the issue of equal pay, do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the same rights to equal employment conditions and protections (e.g., overtime, hours of work, weekly rest, paid holidays, sick pay, health and safety at work, protection against dismissal) commensurate with that afforded to citizens?





- No, migrant workers have significantly fewer legal rights
  - Migrants have a right to most of the employment conditions and protections for citizens
  - Yes, migrants have a right to the same employment conditions and protections
- 

Q56.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Beyond the issue of equal pay, do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the same rights to equal employment conditions and protections (e.g., overtime, hours of work, weekly rest, paid holidays, sick pay, health and safety at work, protection against dismissal) commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q56.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q56B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q56B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Beyond the issue of equal pay, do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the same rights to equal employment conditions and protections (e.g., overtime, hours of work, weekly rest, paid holidays, sick pay, health and safety at work, protection against dismissal) commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- No, migrant workers have significantly fewer legal rights
  - Migrants have a right to most of the employment conditions and protections for citizens
  - Yes, migrants have a right to the same employment conditions and protections
- 

Q56B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Beyond the issue of equal pay, do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the same rights to equal employment conditions and protections (e.g., overtime, hours of work, weekly rest, paid holidays, sick pay, health and safety at work, protection against dismissal) commensurate with that afforded to citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q56B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

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To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q57 Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to social security protections commensurate with citizens?

- No right to access any social security protections
- Access to some, but not all types of social security protections (e.g., no equal access under this program; or access depending on visa type)
- Equal access to all types of social security protections after some period of time
- Yes, immediate equal access to all types of social security protections

---

Q57.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to social security protections commensurate with citizens?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q57.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q57B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q57B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to social security protections commensurate with citizens?

- No right to access any social security protections
- Access to some, but not all types of social security protections (e.g., no equal access under this program; or access depending on visa type)
- Equal access to all types of social security protections after some period of time
- Yes, immediate equal access to all types of social security protections



---

Q57B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to social security protections commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q57B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_



Q58 Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to unemployment benefits commensurate with citizens?

- No access to any unemployment benefits
  - Access to some, but not all types of unemployment benefits; OR not to the same extent as citizens; OR it depends on their visa type (e.g., temporary vs. permanent, high-skill vs. low skill)
  - Equal access to all types of unemployment benefits after a duration of stay
  - Yes, immediate equal access to all types of unemployment benefits
- 

Q58.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to unemployment benefits commensurate with citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q58.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?





- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q58B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q58B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to unemployment benefits commensurate with citizens?

- No access to any unemployment benefits
  - Access to some, but not all types of unemployment benefits; OR not to the same extent as citizens; OR it depends on their visa type (e.g., temporary vs. permanent, high-skill vs. low skill)
  - Equal access to all types of unemployment benefits after a duration of stay
  - Yes, immediate equal access to all types of unemployment benefits
- 

Q58B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

Do migrant workers with a valid work permit have the right to unemployment benefits commensurate with citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q58B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

---



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Page Break

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Q59 Does the national law provide temporary migrant workers with avenues to become lawful permanent residents?

- No, there is no opportunity to acquire permanent residence status
  - Yes, there is an opportunity to switch to permanent status after certain conditions are met
- 

Q59.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide temporary migrant workers with avenues to become lawful permanent residents?



Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q59.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q60 If your answer to Q59 is yes (in other words, if there is an opportunity for temporary migrant workers to switch to permanent status after certain conditions are met), is it unconditional on visa type?

No

Yes

---



Q60.1 CITATION/COMMENT: If your answer to Q59 is yes, is it unconditional on visa type?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q60.2 To what extent do the relevant authorities provide avenues to lawful permanent residence unconditional on visa?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q59B

Now, please re-answer the same question(s) below as it relates to January 1, 2020. Does the national law provide temporary migrant workers with avenues to become lawful permanent residents?



- No, there is no opportunity to acquire permanent residence status
- Yes, there is an opportunity to switch to permanent status after certain conditions are met
- 

Q59B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide temporary migrant workers with avenues to become lawful permanent residents as of January 1, 2020?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
- Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q59B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q60B

If your answer to Q59B is yes (in other words, if there is an opportunity, as of January 1, 2020, for temporary migrant workers to switch to permanent status after certain conditions are met), is it unconditional on visa type?

- No
  - Yes
- 

Q60B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: If your answer to Q59B is yes, is it unconditional on visa type?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 



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Q60B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent do the relevant authorities provide avenues to lawful permanent residence unconditional on visa as of January 1, 2020?

- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q61 Does the national law provide opportunities for irregular migrant workers to regularize their status as a migrant?

- No, there is no opportunity for irregular migrant workers to regularize
- Yes, there is an opportunity to regularize after certain conditions are met

---

Q61.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide irregular migrant workers to regularize?





Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q61.2 To what extent is irregular migrant workers' right to regularize implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Q61B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q61B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law provide opportunities for irregular migrant workers to regularize their status as a migrant?

- No, there is no opportunity for irregular migrant workers to regularize
  - Yes, there is an opportunity to regularize after certain conditions are met
- 

Q61B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law provide irregular migrant workers to regularize

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their status as a migrant?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q61B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is irregular migrant workers' right to regularize implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q62 Do migrant workers have the right to redress if the terms of their employment contract have been violated by their employer?



- No
  - Yes, but limited
  - Yes, same as citizens
- 

Q62.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to redress if the terms of their employment contract have been violated by their employer?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q62.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 



Q62B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q62B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Do migrant workers have the right to redress if the terms of their employment contract have been violated by their employer?



- No
  - Yes, but limited
  - Yes, same as citizens
- 

Q62B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Do migrant workers have the right to redress if the terms of their employment contract have been violated by their employer?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q62B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

End of Block: Labor

---

Start of Block: Health

Category 16 Health

---

Q63 Does the national law guarantee migrants' access to health care services commensurate with citizens?

- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes, for all visa types (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q63.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee migrants' access to health care services commensurate with citizens?

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Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

---

Q63B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break \_\_\_\_\_

Q64 Does the national law guarantee access to publicly supported housing to migrants commensurate with citizens?





- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q64.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to publicly supported housing to migrants commensurate with citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q64.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 

Q64B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 



Q64B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law guarantee access to publicly supported housing to migrants commensurate with citizens?

- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q64B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to publicly supported housing to migrants commensurate with citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q64B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

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- Effectively never
- Rarely
- Sometimes
- Usually
- Effectively always

End of Block: Health

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Start of Block: Education

Category 17 Education

---

Q65 Does the national law guarantee access to free primary educational institutions and services to migrant children commensurate with citizens?

- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q65.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to free primary education to migrant children commensurate with citizens?

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Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q65.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

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Q65B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?



- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There have been no right protections neither in 2020 nor in 2023
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 and neither the right protection nor the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q65B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law guarantee access to free primary educational institutions and services to migrant children commensurate with citizens?

- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 



Q65B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to free primary education to migrant children commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q65B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

---

Page Break

Q66 Does the national law guarantee access to public adult educational institutions and services to migrants (such as degree-level course and vocational training) commensurate with



citizens?

- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q66.1 CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to public adult educational institutions and services to migrants (such as degree-level course and vocational training) commensurate with citizens?

- Citation \_\_\_\_\_
  - Comment \_\_\_\_\_
- 

Q66.2 To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?

- Effectively never
  - Rarely
  - Sometimes
  - Usually
  - Effectively always
- 





---

Q66B.0

2020 LEGAL ENVIRONMENT:

What is the state of migrant right protections and/or their implementation as of January 1, 2020, when compared with the legal situation in your country as of January 1, 2023?

- There was no right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is now (as of January 1, 2023)
  - There was right protection (as of January 1, 2020), but there is no such protection now (as of January 1, 2023)
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  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but the implementation level of these protections has changed
  - There have been right protections both in 2020 and 2023 but they are not the same
- 

Q66B

Presence of Right Protection in 2020:

Does the national law guarantee access to public adult educational institutions and services to migrants (such as degree-level course and vocational training) commensurate with citizens?



- No
  - Yes, but only for certain visa types and migrant statuses (e.g., economic, family, humanitarian, temporary or regular migrants)
  - Yes (including irregular migrants)
- 

Q66B.1

Citation as of January 1, 2020:

CITATION/COMMENT: Does the national law guarantee access to public adult educational institutions and services to migrants (such as degree-level course and vocational training) commensurate with citizens?

Citation \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

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Q66B.2

Implementation as of January 1, 2020:

To what extent is this migrant right protection implemented by the relevant authorities?



Effectively never

Rarely

Sometimes

Usually

Effectively always

**End of Block: Education**

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**Start of Block: End**

Page Break

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You have now completed the survey. Please select the "next" arrow to submit your responses.

**End of Block: End**

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