## COMMITMENT AND CONTRACTS BASICS

## **RAV CHAIM KOHN SHLITA** -

## TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP

- 1. Halacha requires two conditions to consummate a sale of goods and thereby affect the transfer of ownership: a meeting of minds on all essential conditions of the deal, and a Halachically valid act of acquisition, known as the "kinyan".
- 2. The kinyan is performed by the buyer.
- **3.** Essential conditions include the price, quantity and quality of the goods, and a timely delivery of the goods, if time is of the essence.
- 4. Although the seller and buyer agreed in principle to sell and buy, they must also agree to perform a kinyan. A kinyan performed in absence of such an agreement is not valid.
- 5. The agreement to the conditions of the deal, and the execution of the sale, may be agreed upon by a written document or orally, or even by a commonly accepted act like a nod of heads or the shaking of hands.
- 6. Goods that are publicly offered for sale at a set price can be acquired by the buyer without the explicit consent of the seller.

## **GUIDELINES OF CONTRACTUAL LAW AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACT**

- 1. In secular law, the acceptance of a meeting of minds establishes a contract. It is an exchange of promises and can be done orally. In principle, Halacha does not consider this as a bona fide contractual binding agreement but, rather, as a moral commitment not to renege on a commitment.
- 2. Halacha requires a kinyan to validate a legal obligation. Signing a contract is a kinyan. A verbal commitment may serve as a kinyan because of the concept of situmta.
- 3. Loan vs. Investment. While in civil law force majeure may, in some cases, be asserted by a borrower, under Halacha the argument is completely rejected. The reason is that Halacha treats loans as non-commercial transactions (since charging interest is prohibited), while secular law takes the commercial aspect into consideration.
- **4.** Unforeseen conditions can, in some cases, relieve the debtor from his obligations. i.e. Alimony or child support, termination of employment etc.



