

FAQs

Bath Waste & Overflow



Q What materials are the bath waste/overflow available in?

A There are four materials to choose from:

- 17 and 20 gauge brass tubular
- Polyethylene plastic tubular
- PVC full, half and rough kits
- ABS full, half and rough kits

Q Are the trim kits available in decorative finishes?

A Yes, while some kits are only available in chrome, decorative finishes are available depending on the type of kit. Trim kits are available in various finishes including: chrome, brushed nickel, oil rubbed bronze, white, matte black, brushed gold, and champagne bronze.

Q Are there different stoppers available for bath waste/overflows?

A The traditional trip lever – The lever on the faceplate moves up and down, and is connected to internal linkage attached to a barrel. When the lever is lifted up, the barrel drops down and blocks the flow of water out of the tub drain. The center of the barrel is hollow; this allows overflow water to pass through the barrel and into the drain pipes. Any water passing through the overflow when the barrel is in the closed position, will flow through the barrel and into the drain pipes.

The Uni-Lift Stopper – The stopper is lifted manually upwards with a slight twist to allow water to drain from the tub. With a small twist and a push down, the stopper will stop water from draining out of the tub.

The Push and Pull – When the stopper is pushed down, it will close and create a water tight seal. When lifted manually upwards, the stopper locks in place to allow the water to drain from the tub.

The Cable Drive – A concealed cable is connected to the bath shoe and overflow tube. When you turn the overflow plate, the stopper will be moved up and down.

The Touch Toe – The stopper is manually pushed down and locks in place to close and create a water tight seal. When pushed again, the stopper will lock in the open position to allow water to drain from the tub.

Q Can I get replacement screws for strainers?

A No.

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Q If the tub drain is slow, can a power cable be used to clear the drain?

A All of our bath waste/overflows are designed to allow easy access for drain cleaning. Drains can be cleaned with a power cable by removing the faceplate cover and any attached interior linkage. Push the power cable down through the overflow opening, and guide it directly into the trap and through to the tub drain.

Q Are access doors required for all bath waste/overflow installations?

A No. If you install a solvent weld half or full kit bath waste/overflow, access panels are not required. You may still need an access door if the faucet doesn't have integral shut offs built into the faucet body.

Q Which bath waste/overflow should be used when installing a whirlpool, garden or Roman tub?

A True Blue brass offers various options for this type of installation depending on the stopper style and application. The 203-3 and the 230-3 are specifically designed for deeper tub applications and are the preferred choice for these installations. Always check with tub manufacture for dimensional restrictions.

Q What could be causing the finish on my bath waste/overflow to corrode?

A Corrosion is mainly a result of continuous exposure to harsh cleaning chemicals or using Zinc finish hardware. Oatey recommends using brass components and mild cleaning chemicals to avoid this.

Q When would a condensate top elbow be used?

A This elbow is job specific and would only be used if local code allows it. In some municipalities, it is approved to attach a condensate drain to the overflow elbow because of the free flow through the overflow into the sanitary drains. This elbow should never be used unless a condensate drain is connected properly, because a leak can develop if not. Always check with local building officials before installing this type of connection.

Q What is the difference between a Half Kit and Full Kit?

A Half kits are sold without a DWV (drainage waste and vent) tee fitting and any 1-1/2" precut pipe sections. Contractors usually use these kits due to having the pipe and fittings in their stock. Full kits are

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sold with these items in the package, and are normally used when an installer doesn't want to have extra pipe and fittings after the installation is complete. After installation, both kits look and operate the same.

Q How is a bath waste/overflow tested for leaks after installation?

A If replacing an existing bath waste/overflow, a draining test will work. This test is done by closing the stopper and filling the tub with cold water until it starts to flow through the overflow plate. Then, shut off water and inspect all connection points behind the tub. If the bath waste/overflow are part of a larger plumbing system installation, reach out to local building officials to find what type of test is required.

Q When are brass side outlet or direct drain Uni-Lift bath waste/overs used?

A These styles of bath waste/overflows are installed when the wood framing of the home is centered directly below the vertical drop of the overflow tube, and the project requires a brass waste/overflow. These two options allow for the tub trap to be located directly below the stopper or offset to the side. The wood framing should never be cut out without approval from a local building official because it could weaken or cause collapse of surrounding floors and walls.

Q Can the Freestanding Tub Drain be used if there is a concrete subfloor?

A Yes, Oatey's Freestanding Tub Drain can be used with a concrete subfloor. Ensure you are using approved anchors and/or screws for this type of installation.

Q Does the Freestanding Tub Drain rest on the sub floor or the finished floor?

A Oatey's Freestanding Tub Drain should rest on the sub floor.

Q What is the difference between the one-piece and two-piece Freestanding Tub Drain assemblies?

A Oatey offers the Freestanding Tub Drain in two distinct designs: one-piece and two-piece assemblies. The two-piece design features a drain made from either PVC or ABS, paired with a stainless steel flange. In contrast, the one-piece design integrates both the drain and flange into a single unit, crafted entirely from PVC or ABS.