### 14. Maintenance

#### 14.1 Side Panel Doors

Each side panel door contains one Allen key lock in the upper left hand corner. Turn the key  $90^{\circ}$  clockwise to unlock. The other locks are a thumb knob style.



#### 14.2 Air Filter

#### 14.2.1 Inspection

Check the filter **every six months** for dirt and dust build-up. Clean and re-oil the filter annually. If the filter is dirty, follow the cleaning procedure.

**Note:** The air filter is manufactured by K&N. Contact K&N at 800-858-3333 or online at www.knfilters.com for the necessary supplies to clean the filter.

1. Loosen the band clamp and remove the air filter.



2. Inspect the inside of the filter for dirt and dust build-up. Clean the filter, if needed.



3. After inspection and/or cleaning, replace the air filter and snugly tighten the band clamp.

#### 14.2.2 Cleaning Procedure

1. Liberally spray K&N Air Filter Cleaner and Degreaser (99-0606) onto both sides of filter and allow to soak for 10 minutes to loosen the dirt. Do not allow cleaner to dry on air filter.



## NOTICE

K&N Air Filter Cleaner is the only cleaner formulated to safely clean K&N air filters with cotton media. The use of any other cleaning solution could damage the cotton material.

2. Rinse the air filter with cool low-pressure water applied from the outside inward in order to flush the dirt out of the filter. Continue to rinse the filter until all traces of cleaner are gone. It may be necessary to repeat Steps 1 and 2.

3. After rinsing, gently shake off the excess water and air dry the filter.

# NOTICE

Do not use compressed air to dry the filter. Do not apply oil to the filter until it is completely dry.

 Spray K&N Aerosol Air Filter Oil (99-0504) evenly along the crown of each pleat holding nozzle about 3" away. Allow oil to wick for approximately 20 minutes. Touch up any light areas on either side of the filter until there is a uniform red color at all areas.



#### 14.3 Condensate Sediment Cup Cleaning

One sediment cup is located inside the water heater cabinet. This cup should be removed and cleaned **every 3 months or as often as necessary**.



1. Twist the bottom of the sediment cup to release the locking clips.



2. Pull down on the sediment cup and pull it away from the upper portion of the unit. The sediment cup will normally be full of condensate. Carefully, pour the condensate into a container and properly dispose of it.



3. Remove the inner sediment cup from inside the lower portion of the unit.



- 4. Remove any dirt and debris build-up using soap and warm water.
- 5. Replace the inner sediment cup and reattach the entire unit.

#### 14.4 Maintenance-Free Circulation Pump

The circulation pump is maintenance-free and therefore does not require any servicing. The speed setting must be set to Speed 3 (III).



#### 14.5 Wye Strainer

**Please Note:** This heater includes an external Wye strainer. The Wye strainer must be installed to qualify for unit warranty.

1. Please clean the Wye strainer every 3 months.

#### 14.6 Heat Engine Locations

Use the following diagrams to identify the location of the heat engines.



iQ751



iQ1001



iQ1501

## 15. Wiring Diagrams and Troubleshooting

#### 15.1 Operational Flow Chart











#### 15.5 Troubleshooting Guide

| Description               | Possible Cause  | Remedy   |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Blower                    |   |  |
| Blower Fault              | <ul> <li>Blower noisy / impeller jammed.</li> <li>Disconnected signal wire.</li> <li>Wiring faulty.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Inspect blower / impeller. Clean and remove any obstructions.</li> <li>Check PWN signal. Check for loose wires / pins, and repair.</li> <li>If the problem persists, turn control panel OFF, shut gas valve, disconnect power from unit, and contact an authorized service technician.</li> </ul> |
| Blower Speed Signal Fault | . Blower signal picking up noise.<br>. Wiring faulty<br>. Blower faulty   | <ul> <li>Check Pin 3 &amp; Pin 5 are connected together. If not connected together, please request ELC0305</li> <li>Replace blower signal wiring harness</li> <li>Replace blower</li> </ul>  |
| laniter                   |   |  |
| Ignition Failure          | <ul> <li>Water over-heat switch tripped.</li> <li>Faulty DSI, faulty igniter wire,<br/>faulty ignition connection, faulty<br/>DCD, had igniter</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Check pump, check cross-over solenoid. Electrical noise<br/>(DSI).</li> <li>Replace part.</li> </ul>  |
|                           | <ul><li>PCB, bad igniter.</li><li>Low gas pressure.</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Adjust gas pressure at regulator, check / increase size of gas<br/>line, check for gas line blockage.</li> </ul>  |
|                           | • Wiring faulty.  | <ul> <li>If the problem persists, turn control panel OFF, shut gas<br/>valve, disconnect power from unit, and contact an authorized<br/>service technician.</li> </ul>   |
| Open Sensors              |   |  |
| Inlet / Outlet Sensors    | <ul> <li>Unplugged connectors.</li> </ul>   | $\cdot$ Check connectors and ensure they are securely connected  |
|                           | Faulty sensor wiring.   | Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors  |
|                           | <ul> <li>Faulty sensor.</li> <li>Heat engine water outlet<br/>temperature sensor.</li> </ul>  | $\cdot$ Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F)  |
|                           | <ul> <li>Flue temperature sensor.</li> <li>Inlet water temperature sensor.</li> <li>Faulty controller.</li> </ul>   | • Replace controller.  |
|                           |   |  |
| Manifold Sensors          | <ul> <li>Unplugged connectors.</li> <li>Faulty sensor wiring.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Check connectors and ensure they are securely connected</li> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors</li> </ul>   |
|                           | <ul><li>Faulty sensor.</li><li>Flue temperature sensor.</li></ul>   | - Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F)  |
|                           | <ul><li>Inlet water temperature sensor.</li><li>Faulty controller.</li></ul>  | Replace controller.  |

| Description                           | Possible Cause  | Remedy  |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Faulty Sensors                        |   |   |
| Inlet / Outlet Sensors                | <ul> <li>Faulty sensor wiring or<br/>faulty sensor.</li> </ul>  | Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Inlet water temperature sensor.</li> <li>Heat engine water outlet<br/>temperature sensor.</li> </ul> | $\cdot$ Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F)   |
|                                       | • Faulty controller.  | Replace controller  |
|                                       |   |   |
| Heat engine                           |   |   |
| Outlet temperature exceeded set limit | <ul> <li>Flow rate changes excessive.</li> </ul>  | • Ensure the water flow rate does not change faster than 2 GPM every 5 seconds.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Faulty sensor wiring.</li> </ul>   | Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.  |
|                                       | Faulty sensor.  | - Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F).  |
|                                       | • Faulty controller.  | Replace controller.   |
| Flue                                  |   |   |
| Temperature Exceeded Set Limit        | <ul> <li>Incorrect vent set up.</li> </ul>  | If vent pipe material is CPVC or polypropylene, ensure that<br>CPVC is selected in the vent material screen.  |
|                                       | • High inlet temperature.   | <ul> <li>Ensure inlet temperature is lower than 150°F if vent pipe<br/>material is PVC or lower than 190°F if vent pipe material is<br/>CPVC or polypropylene.</li> </ul> |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Faulty sensor wiring.</li> </ul>   | Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring and connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.   |
|                                       | • Faulty sensor.  | $\cdot$ Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F).  |
|                                       | • Faulty controller.  | · Replace controller  |
| Blocked Flue Fault                    |   |   |
|                                       | Exhaust blocked (bird, etc).  | Check exhaust termination. Check exhaust connection at water heater. Install screens to prevent blockage.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Backed up condensate.</li> </ul>   | Check slope of drain. Check for double loops, air locks, or debris in loop.   |
|                                       | Wiring loose (switch open).   | Check wiring.   |
| Flue sensor                           | • Unplugged connectors.   | Check connectors and ensure they are securely connected   |
| PLE SPACE FAIT                        | Faulty sensor wiring.   | Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors   |
|                                       | <ul><li>Faulty sensor.</li><li>Flue temperature sensor.</li></ul>   | • Measure resistance of sensor at connector (18 k $\Omega$ at 50°F, 10 k $\Omega$ at 77°F, 3 k $\Omega$ at 140°F)   |
|                                       | Inlet water temperature sensor.   |   |
|                                       | Faulty controller.  | • Replace controller.   |
|                                       |   |   |

| Description        | Possible Cause   | Remedy  |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Cascading<br>Fault | <ul> <li>Loss of communication between<br/>the units.</li> <li>Loss of communication between<br/>the HEXes.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Check for broken or nicked communication cable or loose connector.</li> <li>Ensure that the communication cable is not bundled or tied to any high voltage lines.</li> <li>Ensure dip switch (SW3) is ON in first and last units and OFF in all other units.</li> <li>Ensure each unit numbering is unique.</li> <li>Check the connection between the HEXes</li> <li>One or more HEX maybe with errors</li> <li>Check software version on all control boards</li> </ul>              |
| Water Valve        | <ul> <li>Faulty flow sensor wiring (3 wires connection).</li> <li>Water valve clogged or damaged.</li> <li>Faulty controller board</li> <li>Faulty water valve wiring (8 wires connection).</li> <li>Damaged water valve</li> <li>Faulty controller board</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.</li> <li>Replace water valve. Check &amp; clean Wye Strainer</li> <li>Replace controller board</li> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.</li> <li>Replace water valve. Check &amp; clean Wye Strainer</li> <li>Replace water valve. Check &amp; clean Wye Strainer</li> <li>Replace controller board</li> </ul> |
|                    | <ul> <li>Faulty water valve wiring (8 wires connection).</li> <li>Damaged water valve</li> <li>Faulty controller board</li> <li>Faulty water valve wiring (8</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.</li> <li>Replace water valve. Check &amp; clean Wye Strainer</li> <li>Replace controller board</li> </ul>   |
|                    | <ul> <li>Faulty water valve winning (a wires connection).</li> <li>Damaged water valve</li> <li>Faulty controller board</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.</li> <li>Replace water valve. Check &amp; clean Wye Strainer</li> <li>Replace controller board</li> </ul>   |
| Pump               | <ul> <li>Faulty pump wiring.</li> <li>Pump fuse blown.</li> <li>Faulty pump.</li> <li>Faulty controller.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Check for nicked or broken sensor wiring or connectors. Also check for corroded or wet connectors.</li> <li>Replace fuse (5 Amp)</li> <li>Replace pump.</li> <li>Replace controller.</li> </ul>  |

| Description        | Possible Cause   | Remedy  |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Alert              | <ul> <li>An alert is present (active screen).</li> <li>Malfunction of monitored part or system.</li> </ul> | • Refer to the remedy for indicated part or system.                   |
| Alive              | <ul> <li>Shows status of water heater.</li> <li>Sleep mode.</li> </ul>                                     | <ul> <li>Touch display screen to awake</li> </ul>                     |
|                    | <ul> <li>Sleep mode passcode protected.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Touch display screen to awake and enter passcode.</li> </ul> |
| ජ <u>≅</u><br>120* | <ul> <li>Indicates an alert exists within<br/>the monitored systems.</li> </ul>                            | . Refer to the remedy for indicated part or system.                   |
| <u>ن</u> =         | <ul> <li>Indicates a fault exists within the<br/>monitored parts or system.</li> </ul>                     | <ul> <li>Refer to the remedy for indicated part or system.</li> </ul> |
|                    | <ul> <li>Indicates a fault exists within the<br/>monitored systems</li> </ul>                              | <ul> <li>Refer to the remedy for indicated part or system.</li> </ul> |
|                    |  |   |





# Control board & transformer







### Gas & water circuit (iQ1501)



### Right side (iQ1001)



### Right side (iQ1501)



### Left side (iQ751)



### Left side (iQ1501)



### Blower & HEX Parts



Burner, Electrode & Gas Valve



### DSI & Air Switch



# Miscellaneous

| Part Number  | Description   |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| IGT-ELC0092  | 25 ft cascading cable   |  |
| IGT-ELC0232  | 50 ft cascading cable   |  |
| IGT-SPR0109  | Gen II V 2 O-Ring kit   |  |
| IGT-SPR0110  | Gen II V 2 Sensors Kit (includes Manifold inlet, Manifold outlet, |  |
| IGT-SERVIIU  | Flue and Hotwater outlet sensors)                                 |  |
| IGT-SPR0066  | Resettable Overheat Switch  |  |
| IGT-SPR0097  | High temp sensor kit  |  |
| IGT-SPR0085  | iOT Kit   |  |
| IGT-ELC0181  | DSI to Electrode HV Cable   |  |
| IGT-ELC0153  | Display Harness   |  |
| IGT-ELC0131  | Heat Exchanger Harness  |  |
| IGT-ELC0140  | iQ751/iQ1001 Manifold Inlet/outlet and Air switch harness         |  |
| IGT-ELC0137  | iQ1501 Manifold Inlet/outlet and Air switch harness               |  |
| IGT-ELC0214  | Bypass Valve Harness  |  |
| IGT-ELC0143A | iQ751/iQ1001 Power Harness  |  |
| IGT-ELC0132A | iQ1501 Power Harness  |  |
| IGT-FLTR0001 | Air Filter  |  |
| IGT-ELC0007  | Air Switch  |  |
| IGT-CST0031  | Flapper   |  |