



Conforms to Regulation (E	C) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)), Annex II, as amended by	Commission Regulation (EU)
2020/878			

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ROCKGRIP UNIVERSAL GLOSS ENAMEL WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
GHS product identifier	: F ROCKGRIP UNIVERSAL GLOSS ENAMEL WHITE
1.2. Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Akzonobel South Africa (PTY) LTD
NO. 1 PAINTS PLACE
DICKENS ROAD
UMBOGINTWINI
4126SOUTH AFRICA

e-mail address of person	: ZA.Helpline@akzonobel.com
responsible for this SDS	

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	: Customer Care 0860 330 111 (Available week days from 08:00 to 16:30).
Telephone number	Emergency details: after hours: refer to website for MSDS.
Version	: 13
Date of previous issue	: 15-12-2022

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H350 - May cause cancer. H360D - May damage the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Methyl ethyl ketoxime
Supplemental label elements	: Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt and butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	ients
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Yes, applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Yes, applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2	Mixtures	
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: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥15 - ≤20	STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥15 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤15	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M- Xylene and P-Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 6670 ppm	[1] [2]
calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6	<1	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system)	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt, butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.			
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.			

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained
equipment for fire-fighters		breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
		mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves)
		conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for
		chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

 Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid expose obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate species unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approal alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostation.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8.2 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient	name	Exposure limit values		
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene		EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.		
Recommended monitoring : procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum),	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
hydrodesulfurized heavy		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	,
,	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³ Ö	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	• •• ••	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	m ³	WOIKEIS	LUCAI
			1066.67	Workoro	
	DNEL	Short term		Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/	General	Systemic
arom.		Ŭ	kg bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.28 mg/	General	Systemic
	DITLL	Long tonin Donna	kg bw/day	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m^3	General	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	0.09 mg/m		LUCAI
			0.00	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.95 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	•		
	DNEL	Long term	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DILLE	Inhalation	2.01 mg/m	Wontoro	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25.6 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Oysternie
		Chart tarma			
	DNEL	Short term	143.5 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	160.23 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū,		-
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
M-Xylene and P-Xylene		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	14.5 mg/m	population	Systemic
			$77 m g/m^{3}$	Workers	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	400 //		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	L Č		
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	,		- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.167 mg/	General	Systemic
					Systemic
		Long town Down	kg bw/day	population	Cultarai-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.167 mg/	General	Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.333 mg/ kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.351 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL	Long term Oral	32 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43 µg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	273.2 μg/ m³	Workers	Local
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	DMEL	Long term Oral	1.6 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	4 µg/kg bw/ day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	4.82 µg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	28 µg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.43 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.9 mg/m³	Workers	Local

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness \geq 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various: See label.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 100°C (212°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Auto-ignition temperature	:

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1,4-Dioxane	180	356	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	ASTM E 659
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	>220	>428	ASTM E 659
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	314 to 317	597.2 to 602.6	EU A.15
pentan-2-ol	342.85	649.1	
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
butyl glycollate	415	779	
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P- Xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
Benzene	498	928.4	
Naphthalene	526 to 587	978.8 to 1088.6	DIN 51794
Mesitylene	559	1038.2	
ecomposition temperature : Not ava	ilable.		
H : Not ava	ilable. [DIN EN 12	262]	
iscosity : Kinema	tic: 1559 mm²/s [I	DIN EN ISO 3219]	

Viscosity

Solubility(ies) \$ Media Result Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] cold water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

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Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			V	apor press	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Benzene	75.01	10				
1,4-Dioxane	30.75	4.1				
Water	23.8	3.2				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	6.7	0.89				
Mesitylene	2.4	0.32				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1.5 to 4.5	0.2 to 0.6				
butyl glycollate	1	0.13				
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
Naphthalene	0.054	0.0072	OECD 104			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.02	0.0027				

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: 1.026
: 1.026 g/cm ³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]
: Not available.
: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5500 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	-
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	4300 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
88848	57803.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and	4300	1100	6670	N/A	N/A
P-Xylene					
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	100	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
F ítanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
heavy arom.				uL	
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
and P-Xylene					
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	-			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

<u>Sensitization</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Mouse	<75 ppm	103 weeks; 5 days per week
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			

Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Conclusion/Summary	. NUL avaliable.

- **Teratogenicity**
- **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P- Xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 2	-	respiratory system
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P- Xylene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		_		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>			
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
– • • • • • •	

Reproductive toxicity : May damage the unborn child.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	-	2.96	low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Methyl ethyl ketoxime	- 0.63	15600 2.5 to 5.8	high Iow

ROCKGRIP UNIVERSAL GLOSS ENAMEL WHITE

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility	in soil
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Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc): Not available.Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.

Additional information

Additional information		
ADR/RID	:	<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
-		<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

according to IMO instruments

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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ROCKGRIP UNIVERSAL G	LOSS ENAMEL WHITE			
SECTION 15: Regula	SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.			
Other EU regulations				
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.			
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)				
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.				
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.				
Seveso Directive				
This product is controlled un	der the Seveso Directive.			
Danger criteria				
Category				

Category	
250	

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Mam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360D	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H 226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
,	Toxic if swallowed.
H301	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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Repr. 1B		TOXIC TO REPRO	DUCTION - Categor	y 1B	
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQU			
Eye Irrit. 2			MAGE/ EYE IRRITA	FION - Category 2	
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAI	MAGE/ EYE IRRITAT	FION - Category 1	
Carc. 2		CARCINOGENICIT	Y - Category 2		
Carc. 1B		CARCINOGENICIT	Y - Category 1B		
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZA	ARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARE) (LONG-TERM) - Ca	ategory 3	
Aquatic Chronic 2		AQUATIC HAZARE) (LONG-TERM) - Ca	ategory 2	
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY	- Category 4		
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY	- Category 3		

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SECTION 16: Other information		
Repr. 2		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
		Category 1
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
		Category 3
Date of printing	: 16-6-2023	
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Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Safety Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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