AkzoNobel



Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WOODGARD EXT TIMBAPRESERVATIVE SB CLEAR

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

GHS product identifier : WOODGARD EXT TIMBAPRESERVATIVE SB CLEAR

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Vuse in accordance with directions on the can.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI DULUX (PTY) LTD NO. 1 PAINTS PLACE DICKENS ROAD UMBOGINTWINI

4126

SOUTH AFRICA

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: ZA.Helpline@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : Customer Care 0860 330 111 (Available week days from 08:00 to 16:30)

Emergency details: after hours: refer to website for MSDS

Version : 6

Date of previous issue : 15-12-2022

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

$m{7}$ WOODGARD EXT TIMBAPRESERVATIVE SB CLEAR

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : ▶226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H360D - May damage the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

Response: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt and butanone oxime. May produce an

allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥20 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) medium aliph	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≤10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	<10	STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≤5	STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: self classified	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M- Xylene and P-Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 6670 ppm	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
calcium bis	REACH #:	<1	Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

(2-ethylhexanoate)	01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6		Repr. 1B, H360D		
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system)	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
Mesitylene	EC: 203-604-4 CAS: 108-67-8 Index: 601-025-00-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt, butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment sp

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

• Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8.2 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Date of issue/Date of revision

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

WOODGARD EXT TIMBAPRESERVATIVE SB CLEAR

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Mesitylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
₩aphtha (petroleum),	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
hydrodesulfurized heavy		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/	General	Systemic
arom.			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.28 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.95 mg/	Workers	Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		DNE		kg bw/day	NA/ colores	
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		DNEL	Short term Oral	25.6 mg/	General	Systemic
				kg bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Short term	143.5 mg/	General	Local
		DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 160.23 mg/	population Workers	Local
		DINLL	Inhalation	m ³	VVOIRCIS	Local
		DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	_	population	,
		DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		DATE	Inhalation	0.44 / 2		
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	aloiii.	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DIVLE	Inhalation	1.5 mg/m	VVOIKOIO	Cystornio
		DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
			Inhalation	m³	population	
		DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		DNE	Inhalation	007.5/	population	1 1
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		DIVLE	Inhalation	mg/m³	VVOIKOIO	Local
		DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	m³	population	,
		DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Departion Many of Ethylhonzona and	DNEI	Inhalation	m ³	Conoral	Systemia
	Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	W-Aylerie and I -Aylerie	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	g,	population	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation			
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 180 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
		DINLL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	VVOIRCIS	Oysternic
		DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
			Inhalation	· ·		
		DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Colvent nonbths (notes) - 11-1-1	ראורי	Inhalation	0.44 / 3	Coporal	Cuetorsis
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	aloili.	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DIVLE	Inhalation	1.5 mg/m	VVOIKOIO	Cystornio
		DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
			Inhalation	m³	population	
		DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		DNEL	Inhalation	927 5 mal	population Workers	Local
		DINEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	VVUIKEIS	Local
		DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
			Inhalation	mg/m³		
		DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	m ³	population	O. mata music
		DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		Inhalation	m³		
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.167 mg/	General	Systemic
		201.9 101111 01011	kg bw/day	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.167 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long tom Bonna	kg bw/day	population	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.333 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Dermai	kg bw/day	WOIKCIS	Oysternio
	DNEL	Long term	0.58 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	0.56 mg/m	population	Systernic
	DNEL		2 251 mg/	Workers	Systemia
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	2.351 mg/ m³	WOIKEIS	Systemic
needeennie geid, eehalt eelt	DNEL			General	Cuatamia
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL	Long term Oral	32 µg/kg		Systemic
	DAIEI		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	43 µg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	273.2 μg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	DMEL	Long term Oral	1.6 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	4 µg/kg bw/	Workers	Systemic
			day		
	DMEL	Long term	4.82 µg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DMEL	Long term	28 µg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	0.43 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	J	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J		
Mesitylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		•	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	29.4 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation	·	population	
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m ³		Local
	J.,LL	Inhalation	_09/111	population	
	DNEL	Short term	29.4 mg/m ³		Systemic
	J.,LL	Inhalation	_09/111	population	-,0.00
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m³		Systemic
	DI TLL	Inhalation	20.4 mg/m	population	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DITLL	Inhalation	100 1119/111	***************************************	Looui
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	100 mg/m	VVOINGIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	100 mg/m	VVOIRCIS	Cystoniio
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	100 mg/m	VVOINGIS	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
	חאבי	Long torm Daves	kg bw/day	population	Customic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton @ or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Various: See label.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
Melting point/freezing point : Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling : 138°C (280.4°F)

point, and boiling range

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit

Flash point : Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	ASTM E 659
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) medium aliph	>220	>428	ASTM E 659
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	>220	>428	ASTM E 659
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	314 to 317	597.2 to 602.6	EU A.15
Linseed oil	342.85	649.1	
pentan-2-ol	342.85	649.1	
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15
propane-1,2-diol	371	699.8	
stearic acid	400	752	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	415	779	
Zinc stearate	420	788	
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	432	809.6	
Mesitylene	559	1038.2	

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

pH : Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 93 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Kinematic (40°C): 93 mm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure

:

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Va	por pressur	e at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	6.7	0.89				
Mesitylene	2.4	0.32				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) medium aliph	1.5 to 4.5	0.2 to 0.6				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1.5 to 4.5	0.2 to 0.6				
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	0.3	0.04				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	0.3	0.04				
propane-1,2-diol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.02	0.0027				
Zinc stearate	0	0				

Relative density : 0.895

Density : 0.895 g/cm³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

Vapor density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10

μm

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoidAvoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5500 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
₿8 825	52631.6	45658.2	276854.6	N/A	N/A
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	4300	1100	6670	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	100	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
heavy arom.				uL	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	8 hours 60 UI	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	100 uL	-
Mesitylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
•	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 20 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : 1

: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Mouse	<75 ppm	103 weeks; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 2	-	respiratory system
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) medium aliph	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. General

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: May damage the unborn child. Reproductive toxicity

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Mesitylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 21 days

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high
calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	-	2.96	low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	high
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	low
Mesitylene	3.42	161	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities

with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from

the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned

thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Marine Pollutant(s): Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

> sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)

: Emergency schedules F-E, S-E **IMDG**

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: Not available.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c E2

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

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SECTION 16: Other information

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360D	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
	Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
	Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

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Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Safety Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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