NOTE

Specifications are the performance standards, or limits, against which the instrument may be tested. The following Specifications apply for temperatures between 0 and $+50^{\circ}$ C except were noted. Specifications apply with the PEAK function ON in the CW and MANUAL modes of operation, and with periodic use of AUTO TRACKING CALIBRATION in swept operation.

Supplemental Performance Characterisitcs are in *italics* in this table and are intended to provide information useful in applying the instrument by giving typical, but non-warranted, performance parameters. These are denoted as "typical," "nominal," or "approximate."

FREQUENCY

CW MODE

Range: 0.01 to 20.0 GHz

Resolution: n × 1 Hz

Where N = harmonic multiplication (1 to 3). Refer to Frequency ranges and Bandswitch Points description below

Accuracy: Same as Time Base Accuracy

Time Base

Frequency: 10 MHz

Aging Rate:

 1×10^{-9} per day, 2.5×10^{-7} per year after 72 hour warm up if HP 8341B has been disconnected from ac power for less than 24 hours. Aging rate is achieved after 7 to 30 days warm up if HP 8341B has been disconnected from ac power for greater than 24 hours.

Temperature Coefficient: Typically $< 1 \times 10^{-10}$ per °C

Change due to 10% line voltage change: Typically $< 1 \times 10^{-11}$

Accuracy:

Overall accuracy of internal time base is a function of time base calibration \pm aging rate \pm temperature effects \pm line effects.

Switching Time: <50 msec (PEAK function off)

Fast Phase Lock Mode reduces typical switching time to <20 msec.)

CENTER FREQUENCY/SWEEP WIDTH MODE (CF/ Δ F)

Range: 10.00005 MHz to 19.99999995 GHz (center frequency)

100 Hz to 19.99 GHz (sweep width)

Resolution: Approximately 0.1% of sweep width (ΔF)

Readout Accuracy with respect to sweep out voltage (sweep time > 100 msec):

 $\Delta \leq$ n \times 5 MHz: \pm 1% of indicated sweep width (Δ F) \pm time base accuracy*

 $\Delta > n \times 5$ MHz to < 300 MHz: $\pm 2\%$ of indicated sweep width (ΔF)

 $\Delta \geq$ 300 MHz: \pm 1% of indicated sweep width (Δ F), or \pm 50 MHz, whichever is less.

Where n = harmonic multiplication number (1 to 3). Refer to Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points description below.

*Time Base effects Center Frequency accuracy only, not sweep width accuracy.

FREQUENCY (Cont'd)

START/STOP MODE

Range

Start: 10 MHz to 19.9999999 GHz Stop: 10.0001 MHz to 20.0 GHz

Resolution: Typically, the same as Center Frequency/Sweep Width mode:

Readout Accuracy with respect to sweep out voltage (sweep time > 100 msec):

Same as Center Frequency/Sweep Width Mode.

FREQUENCY MARKERS

All 5 markers are independently variable and have the same specifications.

Range: 10 MHz to 20.0 GHz

Resolution: Approximately 0.1% of sweep width (ΔF)

Readout Accuracy (sweep time >100 msec):

Same as CENTER FREQUENCY/SWEEP WIDTH MODE (CF/ Δ F).

*Time base accuracy is not a factor in MKRA Mode.

TYPICAL FREQUENCY RANGES AND BANDSWITCH POINTS

For bands 0 and 1, the HP 8341B's output is derived from the fundamental frequency of its internal 2.3 to 7.0 GHz YIG-tuned oscillator (n=1). For bands 2 and 3, the output is derived from the 2nd or 3rd harmonic of the oscillator (n=2 or 3).

Bandswitch points in CW Mode (only) always occur at the following points:

Band 0 to 1: 2.3 GHz Band 1 to 2: 7.0 GHz Band 2 to 3: 13.5 GHz

Bandswitch points in each of the swept modes ($CF/\Delta F$, START/STOP) and the MANUAL SWEEP mode normally occur at the following points (with the exception listed below):

Band 0 to 1: 2.4 GHz Band 1 to 2: 7.0 GHz Band 2 to 3: 13.5 GHz

The swept mode bandswitch points are illustrated in Figure 1.

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (3 of 15)

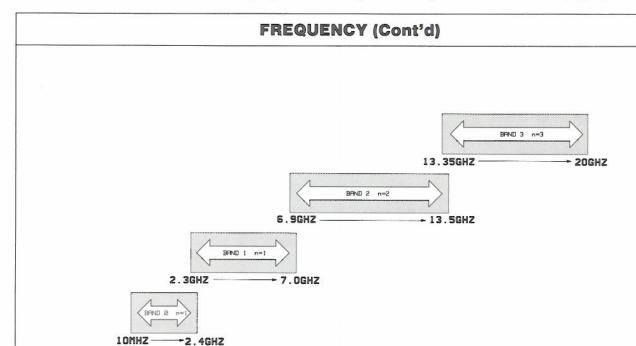


Figure 1. Typical Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points in Swept Modes

Note that the bands overlap. However, any sweep will be executed with the minimum number of bandswitch points. If the start frequency is above the lower limit for a given band, the sweep will start in that band and not the next lower one. If the stop frequency exceeds the upper limit of a given band by an amount greater than $0.004 \times \Delta F$, a bandswitch will occur at that band's upper limit.

SPECTRAL PURITY

(Spectral Purity specifications apply for CW mode and all swept modes, unless otherwise stated.)

SPURIOUS SIGNALS (Expressed in dB relative to the carrier level (dBc) at ALC level of 0 dBm)	Bands and Approximate Frequency Ranges (GHz) (See Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points for complete description)			
	Band 0 0.01 to <2.3	Band 1 2.3 to <7.0	Band 2 7.0 to <13.5	Band 3 13.5 to 20.0
Harmonics (only up to 20.0 GHz)	<-35	<-35	<-35	<-35
Subharmonics and multiples thereof (up to 20.0 GHz)	_	-	<-25	<-25
Non-harmonically related supurious (CW and Manual Sweep mode only)	<-50	<-70	<-64	<-60

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (4 of 15)

SPECTRAL PURITY (Cont'd)

SPURIOUS SIGNALS (Cont'd)

Power line related and spurious due to fan rotation within 5 Hz below line frequency, and multiples thereof

(CW mode only, all power levels)	Band 0 0.01 to <2.3	Band 1 2.3 to <7.0	Band 2 7.0 to <13.5	Band 3 13.5 to 20.0
Offset <300 Hz from carrier	<-50	<-50	<-44	<-40
Offset 300 Hz to 1 kHz from carrier	<-60	<-60	<-54	<-50
Offset >1 kHz from carrier	<-65	<-65	<-59	<-55
SINGLE-SIDEBAND PHASE NOISE (d	IBc/1 Hz BW, CW Mo	ode, all power levels)	
				- 54
Offset 30 Hz from carrier	<-64	<-64	<-58	<-54
SINGLE-SIDEBAND PHASE NOISE (d Offset 30 Hz from carrier Offset 100 Hz from carrier Offset 1 kHz from carrier	<-64 <-70	<-64 <-70	<-58 <-64	<-60
Offset 30 Hz from carrier	<-64	<-64	<-58	

TYPICAL FREQUENCY STABILITY, 50 Hz - 15 kHz post detection bandwidth

Typical Residual FM in CW Mode: $< n \times 60$ Hz rms

Typical Residual FM in Swept Mode: $\Delta F > n \times 5$ MHz: $< n \times 25$ kHz rms $\Delta F \le n \times 5$ MHz: Same as CW mode

Where n = harmonic multiplication number (1 to 3). Refer to Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points description above.

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (5 of 15)

	RF OU	1101			
MAXIMUM LEVELED POWER	Bands and Approximate Frequency Ranges (GHz) (See Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points for complete description)				
(0°C to +35°C)1	Band 0	Band 1	Band 2	Band 3	
	0.01 to <2.3	2.3 to <7.0	7.0 to <13.5	13.5 to 20.0	
STANDARD INSTRUMENT	+10.0 dBm	+12.0 dBm	+10.0 dBm	+9.0 dBm	
OPTION 004 (R.P. Out w/Atten.)	+10.0 dBm	+11.0 dBm	+9.0 dBm	+7.0 dBm	
MINIMUM SETTABLE POWER -110 dBm					
OUTPUT POWER RESOLUTION "ENTRY DISPLAY": 0.05 dB		"POWER dBm" Di		(011)	
OUTPUT POWER ACCURACY ²		Bands and Approximate Frequency Ranges (GHz) (See Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points for complete description			
STANDARD INSTRUMENT (Front Panel Output w/ Attenuator)	Band 0 0.01 to <2.3			s 1 - 3 to 20	
+18 to +10 dBm ³	_		± 1.8 dB		
+10 to −9.95 dBm		±0.9 dB		±1.5 dB	
-10 to -19.95 dBm	±1.2 dB		The state of the s	± 2.0 dB	
-20 to -49.95 dBm	± 1.5 dB ± 2.3 dB				
-50 to -79.95 dBm -80 to -99.95 dBm	±1.8 dB ±2.6 dB +2.1 dB ±2.9 dB				
-100 to -110 dBm (typical)	± 2.1 dB ± 2.9 dB ± 2.7 dB		A. (1. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2. (2		
OPTION 004 (Rear Panel Output w/Attenuator)				0 40	
+18 to +10 dBm ³		– 0 dB		0 dB 7 dB	
+10 to -11.95 dBm	± 1.	u uB		/ QB	

Supplemental Performance Characteristics are in italics.

 $\pm\,1.3~\text{dB}$

 $\pm\,1.6~\text{dB}$

±1.9 dB

 \pm 2.2 dB

 \pm 3.0 dB

 $\pm 2.2 dB$

 $\pm\,2.5~\text{dB}$

 $\pm 2.8 dB$

 \pm 3.1 dB \pm 3.9 dB

1-27

-12 to -21.95 dBm

-22 to -51.95 dBm

 $-52\ \text{to}\ -81.95\ \text{dBm}$

-82 to -99.95 dBm

-100 to -110 dBm (typical)

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (6 of 15)

RF OUTPUT (Cont'd) FLATNESS (Internally leveled)			
+18 to +10 dBm ³	_	± 1.2 dB	
+10 to −9.95 dBm	± 0.6 dB	±1.1 dB	
-10 to −19.95 dBm	± 0.9 dB	±1.6 dB	
-20 to -49.95 dBm	±1.2 dB	± 1.9 dB	
−50 to −79.95 dBm	±1.4 dB	± 2.2 dB	
-80 to −99.95 dBm	\pm 1.7 dB	± 2.5 dB	
-100 to -110 dBm (typical)	± 1.9 dB	± 3.1 dB	
OPTION 004			
(Rear Panel Output w/Attenuator)			
+18 to +10 dBm ³		±1.4 dB	
+10 to -11.95 dBm	±0.7 dB	±1.3 dB	
-12 to -21.95 dBm	±1.0 dB	± 1.8 dB	
−22 to −51.95 dBm	±1.3 dB	±2.1 dB	
−52 to −81.95 dBm	± 1.5 dB	± 2.4 dB	
−82 to −99.95 dBm	± 1.8 dB	± 2.7 dB	
-100 to −110 dBm (typical)	± 2.0 dB	±3.3 dB	

TYPICAL ALC INCREMENTAL ACCURACY

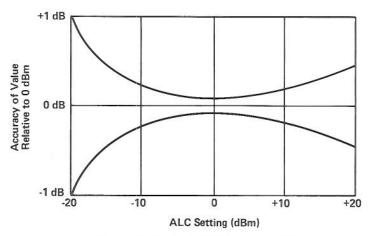


Figure 2. Typical ALC Incremental Accuracy

In normal operation the ALC does not operate below -9.95 dBm because the HP 8341B automatically increments the step attenuator at that point. However, when the ALC and step attenuator are independently controlled (DECOUPLED mode), the ALC may be operated over its full +20 dBm to -20 dBm range. Refer to Section III, Operation for a more detailed description. Pressing [SHIFT] [POWER SWP] places the instrument in the Decoupled Mode. In this mode the Data Entry keyboard and the rotary knob control the ALC level, and the step up and step down keys control the attenuator.

RF OUTPUT (Cont'd)

RF OUTPUT CONNECTOR

Output Impedance: Nominally 50 Ohms

Typical Source SWR (Internally leveled only):

0.1 to <2.3 GHz: *Typically* <1.3:1 2.3 to <18.0 GHz: *Typically* <1.6:1 18.0 to 20.0 GHz: *Typically* <1.8:1

STABILITY WITH TEMPERATURE: Typically ±0.01 dB/°C

OUTPUT LEVEL SWITCHING TIME:

Typically <10 ms to be within 0.1 dB of final value with no attenuator range change (internally leveled only).

POWER SWEEP

Range:

Displayed: 0 to 40 dB/sweep

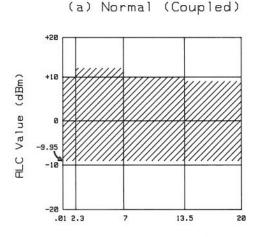
Actual: At least 10 dB at any given frequency (at least 20 dB in DECOUPLED mode: see Figure 3 below).

Resolution: 0.05 dB/sweep

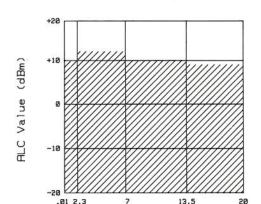
Accuracy:

Starting Power Level: Same as Output Power Accuracy

Power Sweep Width and Linearity: See Figure 2



Frequency Range (GHz)



Frequency Range (GHz)

(b) (Decoupled)

Figure 3. Typical Power Sweep Range

In normal operation (a), the ALC does not operate below -9.95 dBm (unless the instrument is placed in the Decoupled Mode by pressing [SHIFT] [PWR SWP]. See Figure 3), and so the maximum power sweep range is the difference of -9.95 dBm and the maximum leveled power available at the frequency of interest (specified leveled power shown in the diagram). In the DECOUPLED mode (b), the power sweep range is extended because the ALC can operate down to -20 dBm. The maximum power levels shown above do not apply to HP 8341Bs equipped with option 004.

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (8 of 15)

RF OUTPUT (Cont'd)

SLOPE COMPENSATION

Calibrated Range: 0 to 1.5 dB/GHz Resolution: 0.0001 dB/GHz

EXTERNAL LEVELING

XTAL: Allows the HP 8341B to be externally leveled by crystal detectors of positive or negative polarity.

METER: Allows power meter leveling with any HP power meter.

Range (XTAL or METER): 500 microvolts (-66 dBV) to 2.0 volts (+6 dBV)

Accuracy of voltage at EXT INPUT connector relative to the displayed level (leveling voltage is shown in ENTRY

DISPLAY in dBV): $\pm 0.5 dB \pm 0.2 mV$

Loop Bandwidth:

XTAL Mode: Nominally 80 kHz METER Mode: Nominally 0.7 Hz

Input Impedance: Nominally 1 M Ohm.

PULSE MODULATION

(CW mode, and all specifications are typical for frequencies <400 MHz)

ON/OFF RATIO: >80 dB

RISE (T_R) AND FALL (T_F) TIMES: \leq 25 nanoseconds

MINIMUM INTERNALLY LEVELED RF PULSE WIDTH (TRF): 100 nanoseconds

MINIMUM UNLEVELED RF PULSE WIDTH: Typically 25 nanoseconds

PULSE REPETITION FREQUENCY (PRF)

Non-leveled operation (SHIFT METER): Typically dc to 20 MHz.

Internally leveled operation: 100 Hz to 5 MHz (typically 100 Hz to 500 kHz for RF frequencies <400 MHz).

MAXIMUM PEAK POWER: Same as specified maximum leveled power. (See RF OUTPUT).

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (9 of 15)

PULSE MODULATION (Cont'd)

Bands and Approximate Frequency Ranges (GHz) (see Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points for complete description)

ACCURACY OF INTERNALLY LEVELED RF PULSE Vp (relative to CW mode level):

(Note that the ALC attempts to hold pulse amplitude to save level as leveled CW signal.)

Pulse Width	Bar	Bands 1 - 3	
	0.01 to 0.4	0.4 to <2.3	2.3 to 20.0
100 to <200 ns	_	+3/-0.3 dB*	+1.5/-0.3 dB*
200 to <500 ns	<u>—</u>	+1.5/-0.3 dB*	± 0.3 dB
≥500 ns	_	±0.3 dB	±0.3 dB
1 to <2 μs	$+3/-0.3 \ dB$	_	1
2 to $<$ 5 μ s	+1.5/-0.3 dB	_	-
≥5 μs	±0.3 dB	_	_

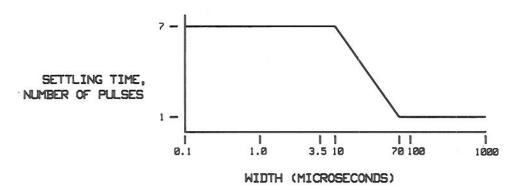
^{*+15} to +55°C. Duty Cycle must be >0.01%

SIMULTANEOUS AM AND PULSE (Parameters shown are typical)

AM BANDWIDTH AT 30% DEPTH

DC coupled, typical 3 dB point:

Internally Leveled	Unleveled (Shift Meter)*
PRF/20** to a maximum of 5 kHz	100 kHz
SETTLING TIME TO A STEP INPUT, 10%-90%, TYP:	
The greater of: 70 µsec, or the time for the number of pulses indicated by the solid line below.	3.5 µsec



*[SHIFT] [METER] is an unleveled operating mode, power is controllable, but is not flat over frequency. AM bandwidth in this mode is independent of pulse rate and width. See Section I.

^{**}PRF = PULSE REPETITION FREQUENCY.

Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (10 of 15)

PULSE MODULATION (Cont'd)

OVERSHOOT, RINGING (V_{OR}/V_P): <15% typically

PULSE WIDTH COMPRESSION (T_V-T_{RF}): ±5 nanoseconds typically

DELAY TIME (Tp): 50 nanoseconds typically

VIDEO FEEDTHROUGH (V_F/V_P):

0.01 to <0.4 GHz (Band 0): \leq 5% typically (for output power levels \leq +8 dBm). 0.4 to <2.3 GHz (Band 0): \leq 5% (for output power levels \leq +8 dBm) 2.3 to 20.0 GHz (Bands 1 - 3): \leq 0.2%

SIDEBANDS (caused by a pulse input when PULSE is OFF):

Typically -50 dBc with a 30 kHz squarewave input from 0.01 to 7.0 GHz.

PULSE INPUT CONNECTOR:

TTL compatible. (Open circuit is TTL high level and keeps RF on.) Damage level is +12 Vdc, -20 Vdc. Refer to Section III, Operation, for input circuit diagram.

PULSE DEFINITIONS:

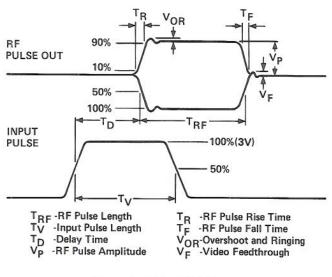


Figure 4. Pulse Definitions

AMPLITUDE MODULATION

(The following specifications apply when the HP 8341B is internally leveled, for waveforms whose envelope peak is at least 1 dB below maximum specified power. Unless noted, pulse modulation must be OFF; however, the HP 8341B is capable of simultaneous amplitude and pulse modulation. See Section III, Operation.)

AM DEPTH: 0 to 90%

AM SENSITIVITY (at 1 kHz rate and 30% Depth):

100%/V \pm 5% RF amplitude is linearly controlled by varying AM input between 0 and \pm 1 Volt.

PULSE ON: 100%/Volt typically for rates less than 0.1/Settling Time.

AM BANDWIDTH (relative to 1 kHz rate at 30% Depth):

DC coupled, 3 dB point ≥100 kHz

PULSE ON: DC coupled, 3 dB point ≥PRF/20, typically.

(Refer to Pulse Modulation specs for a more complete description.)

AM FREQUENCY RESPONSE (FLATNESS) (relative to a 1 kHz rate at 30% depth, DC to 10 kHz): \pm 0.20 dB

DISTORTION: Typical distortion values are given in Figure 5.

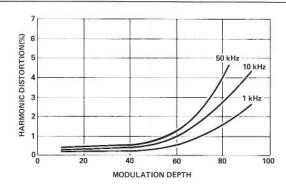


Figure 5. Typical AM Distortion for Various Modulation Rates and Depths

INCIDENTAL PHASE MODULATION (in peak radians) (Rates ≤10 kHz, 30% Depth): <0.4 typically

INCIDENTAL FM: Incidental Phase Modulation × Modulation Frequency

AM INPUT IMPEDANCE: Nominally 600 Ohms.

FREQUENCY MODULATION

MODULATION RATE: 50 kHz to 10 MHz (3 dB bandwidth)

PEAK DEVIATION: The lesser of 10 MHz or:

n X Mod Rate

where n = harmonic multiplication number (1 to 3). Refer to Frequency Ranges and Bandswitch Points Description.

DEVIATION ACCURACY: ±10% (at 100 kHz rate)

SENSITIVITY: 1 MHz/Volt or 10 MHz/Volt

INPUT IMPEDANCE: Nominally 50 Ohms

SWEEP TIME

RANGE:

10 milliseconds to 200 seconds forward sweep times

Fastest possible sweep typically cycles once every 40 ms; fastest possible full band sweep typically cycles once every 150 ms.

MAXIMUM SPEED: Nominally 600 MHz/ms

RESOLUTION: Approximately 0.1% of current sweep time value.

ACCURACY: ±5% (sweeptimes ≤50 seconds)

INPUTS

PULSE MODULATION INPUT

Front panel BNC female input connector. TTL compatible (open circuit is TTL high level and keeps RF on). Damage level is +12 Vdc. -20 Vdc.

AMPLITUDE MODULATION INPUT

Front panel BNC female input connector. Nominal input impedance is 600 Ohms.

FREQUENCY MODULATION INPUT

Front panel BNC female connector. Nominal input impedance is 50 Ohms. Full scale input voltage $= \pm 1$ vac. (Damage to internal circuitry will result if a signal with a peak voltage of ± 8 vac or greater is input.

LEVELING EXT INPUT

Front panel BNC female input connector. Used for power meter leveling or crystal detector leveling. Input impedance in XTAL or METER modes is *nominally 1 MOhm.* Refer to EXTERNAL LEVELING specifications.

FREQUENCY STANDARD EXT

Rear panel BNC female connector. Accepts 5 or 10 MHz signal from internal or external timebase. A BNC jumper connects this input to the HP 8341B's FREQUENCY STANDARD INT output for operation form HP 8341B's internal timebase. External signal input must be 5 MHz \pm 50 Hz or 10 MHz \pm 100 Hz, 0 to \pm dBm. *Nominal input impedance is 50 ohms.*

EXT TRIGGER INPUT

Rear panel BNC female connector. Triggers single sweep. Trigger signal must be >2 Vdc (10 Vdc max) and wider than 0.5 microseconds. *Nominal input impedance is 2 kOhms*.

STOP SWP IN/OUT:

Rear panel BNC female connector. TTL high while sweeping, stops sweep when grounded externally. TTL low when HP 8341B stops sweep.

HP 8755C INTERFACE

Rear panel. Connects via cable (HP Part No. 8120-3174) to HP 8755C Scalar Network Analyzer to provide Alternate Sweep function.

HP 8410B INTERFACE

Rear panel 25-pin D-type connector. Permits multi-octave operation of HP 8410B/C Network Analyzer with HP 8341B via interface cable (HP Part No. 08410-60146). Also provides duplicates of these functions: Ext Trigger Input, Mute Output, Penlift Output, Neg Blank, and Z-Axis Blank/Mkrs. Also provides an input for a switch closure to execute the UP key function.

OUTPUTS

RF OUTPUT

Front panel Type N Female connector. Frequency output range is 10 MHz to 20.0 GHz. *Nominal output impedance is 50 Ohms*. SWR is shown in RF OUTPUT characteristics.

SWEEP OUTPUT

Front and rear panel BNC female connectors. Supplies a voltage proportional to the sweep that ranges from approximately 0 Vdc (at start of sweep) to approximately +10 Vdc (at end of sweep), regardless of sweep width. In CW mode, the dc voltage is proportional to percentage of full 10 MHz to 20.0 GHz range.

0.5V/GHz

Rear panel BNC female connector which outputs a voltage proportional to the instrument's output frequency (0.5V/GHz). Nominal load impedance should be greater than or equal to 4 KOhms. Accuracy of this signal is $\pm 1\% \pm 2mV$. This signal is intended for use with millimeter-wave source systems. This output can be changed to 1.0V/GHz (for use with the HP 8410C) by adding jumpers W1 and W2 on the A28 SYTM Driver board. The maximum output voltage of this signal is $19 \ vdc$.

10 MHz REF OUTPUT

Rear panel BNC female connector. Output power level is nominally 0 dBm, Output impedance is nominally 50 Ohms.

FREQUENCY STANDARD INT

Rear panel BNC connector. Output frequency 10 MHz, output power nominally 3 dBm, 50 Ohm nominal output impedance. Jumpered to FREQUENCY STANDARD EXT for operation from HP 8341B's internal timebase.

MUTE OUTPUT

Rear panel BNC female connector. Mutes servo motor of X-Y recorder when the HP 8341B crosses a band switchpoint.

PENLIFT OUTPUT J13

For operation with X-Y recorders. PENLIFT disables an X-Y recorder's ability to lower its pen during sweep retrace. If **[SHIFT]** [**LINE**] is pressed on the front panel, PENLIFT will also disable the pen during forward sweep band switchpoints. Because of X-Y recorder limitations PENLIFT will always disable the X-Y recorder's pen at sweep times under 5 seconds.

PENLIFT enables pen operation by providing a current path to ground for the X-Y recorder's pen solenoid. The voltage at the PENLIFT output in this state will be approximately 0 Vdc. Circuit impedance in this state is approximately .5 Ohms.

PENLIFT disables pen operation by not providing a current path to ground for the X-Y recorder's pen solenoid. The voltage on the PENLIFT output will be equal to the X-Y recorder's pen solenoid supply voltage. Circuit impedance in this state is very high.

NEG BLANK

Rear panel BNC female connector. Supplies negative rectangular pulse (approximately -5 Vdc into 2 kOhm load) during the retrace and band switchpoints of the RF output.

Z-AXIS BLANK/MKRS

Rear panel BNC female connector. Supplies positive rectangular pulse (approximately +5 Vdc into 2 kOhms) during the retrace and band switchpoints of the RF output. Also, supplies a -5 Vdc pulse when the RF is coincident with a marker frequency (intensity markers only).

AUX OUT

Rear panel Type-N female connector. Provides a 2.3 to 7.0 GHz fundamental oscillator output, nominally 0 dBm and 50 Ohm output impedance.

REMOTE OPERATION

All functions (except line power) may be programmed via the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-IB). Detailed Remote operation information is included in Section-III, Operation.

GENERAL

ENVIRONMENTAL

Temperature: Operation at 0 to +55°C, except as noted in electrical specifications.

Humidity: Passes 5 day cycling, +40°C, 95% relative humidity.

EMI: Controlled and radiated interference is within the requirements of CE03 and REO2 (relaxed by 10 dB) of MIL STD 461A, and within the requirements of VDE 0871/1978, Level B and CISPR publication 11 (1975).

WARM-UP TIME

Operation: Requires 30-minute warmup from cold start, 0 to $+55^{\circ}$ C. Internal temperature equilibrium is reached after 2-hour warmup at stable outside temperature.

Frequency Reference: Reference time base is kept at operating temperature in STANDBY mode with the instrument connected to the ac power. For instruments disconnected from ac power for less than 24 hours, the aging rate is $<1 \times 10^{-9}$ /day after a 72-hour warmup.

POWER REQUIREMENTS

47.5 to 66 Hz; 100, 120, 220, or 240 volts (±10%); Typically, 500 VA maximum (40 VA in STANDBY).

WEIGHT

Net Weight: 34 kg (75 lb) Shipping Weight: 52 kg (112 lb)

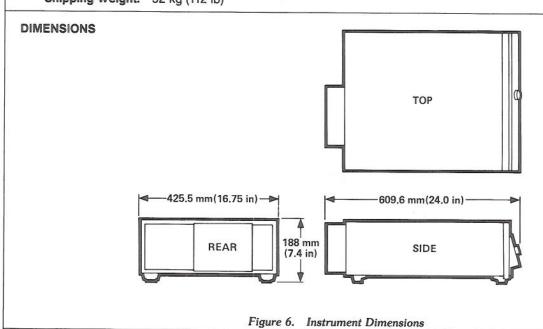


Table 1-2. Model HP 8341B Specifications and Supplemental Performance Characteristics (15 of 15)

NOTES

- Maximum leveled power from 35°C to 55°C will typically be degraded from these specifications by no more than 2 dB.
- 2. Internally leveled, AM off. The POWER dBm display monitors that actual output power, giving accurate readings when unleveled, externally leveled, or when amplitude modulating with a signal that has a dc component. In these modes, the accuracy *typically degrades by* \pm 0.1 dB over the tabulated values. The ENTRY DISPLAY shows the desired power level, or the desired external detector output voltage, exclusive of modulation.
- 3. The ALC loop typically operates up to +20 dBm to enhance usability at those frequencies where leveled power greater than the maximum specified is available.

