

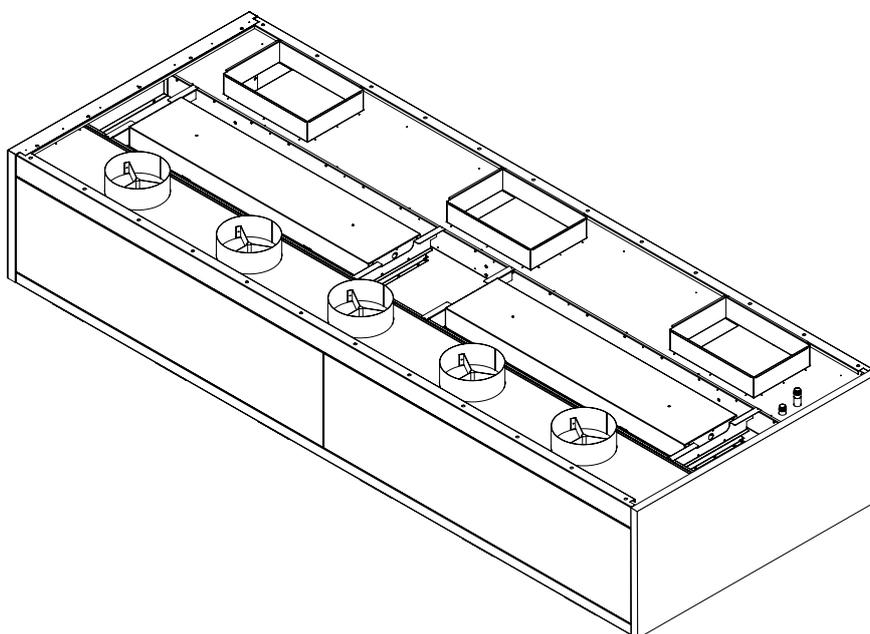
## OPERATION, CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USE

### Halton Cold Mist & Wash, Filter Hood Proprietary Kitchen Ventilation Exhaust Hoods

This manual is suitable for the following models:

<b>KWI</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Canopy with Hot Wash.
<b>KWI - CM</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Canopy with Cold Mist and Hot Wash.
<b>KWF</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Canopy with Hot Wash and provision for Supply Air.
<b>KWF - CM</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Canopy with Cold Mist & Hot Wash and provision for Supply Air.
<b>KWI - H</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Heavy duty Canopy with Hot Wash.
<b>KWI - H.CM</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Heavy duty Canopy with Cold Mist & Hot Wash.
<b>KWF - H</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Heavy duty Canopy with Hot Wash and provision for Supply Air.
<b>KWF - H.CM</b>	Halton Capture Jet™ Heavy duty Canopy with Cold Mist & Hot Wash and provision for Supply Air.



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## 1.1 Attention

Carefully read this instruction booklet, as it contains important advice for safe installation, operation and maintenance. This manual is to be passed onto the owner/facility at the project completion.

### Disclaimer

The manufacturer and distributor cannot be held responsible or liable for any injuries or damages of any kind occurred to persons, units or others, due to **abuse and misuse** of this unit in regards to installation, removal, operation, servicing or maintenance, or lack of conformity with the instructions indicated in this documentation.

All units made by the manufacturer are assembled, where possible, and ready to install. Any installation, removal, servicing, maintenance and access or removal of any parts, panels or safety barriers that is not permitted, does not comply in accordance to this documentation, or not performed by a **trained and authorised specialist** will result in the **immediate loss of the warranty**.

The manufacturer cannot be held responsible or liable for any **unauthorized modifications** or repairs. All modifications or repairs must be approved by the manufacturer in writing before initiating. All modifications or repairs performed to this unit **must** be performed at all times by a **trained and authorised specialist**.

## 1.2 General Information

When using any electrical unit, safety precautions must always be observed.

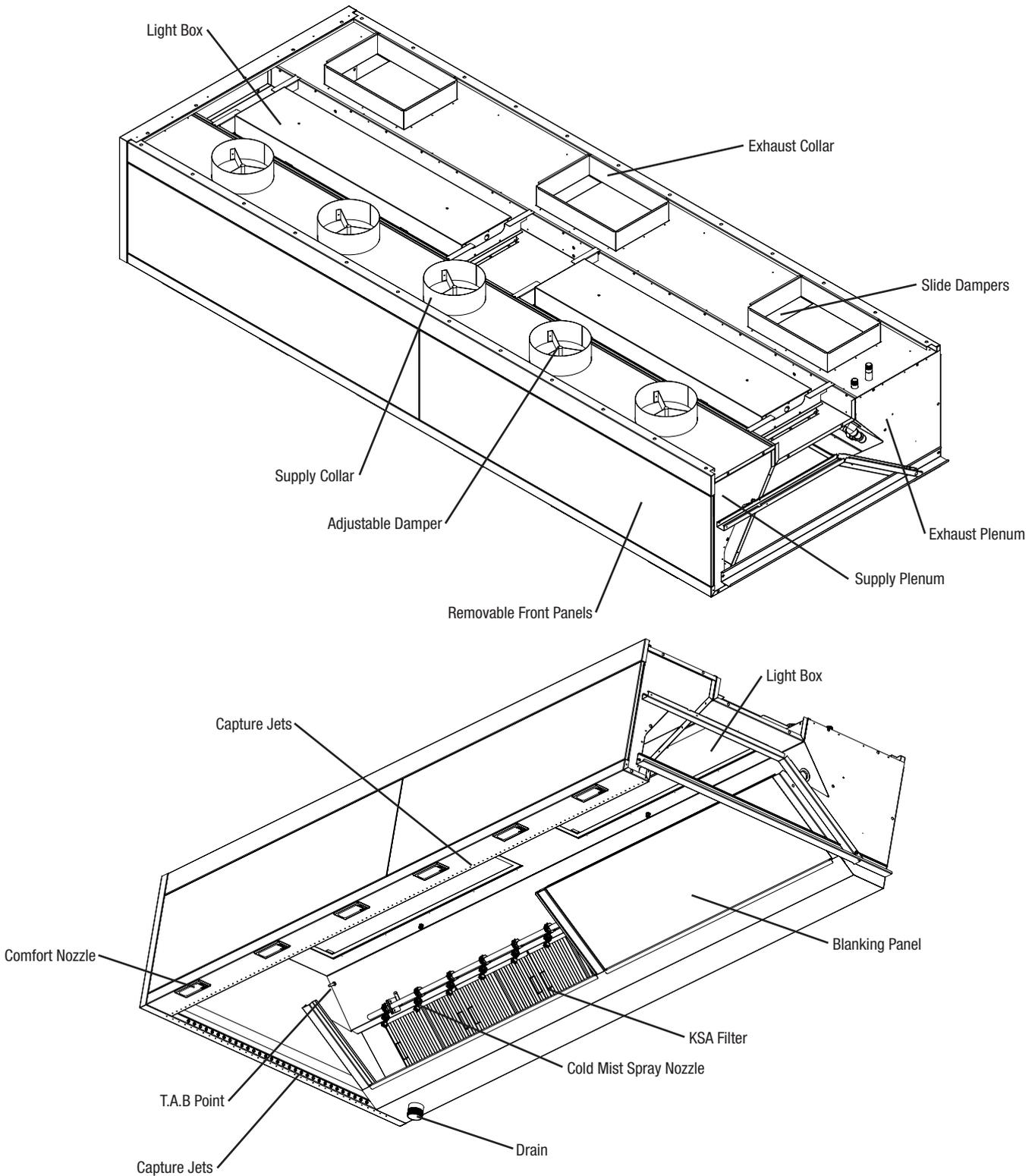
Our units have been designed for high performance.

Read these instructions carefully and retain for future reference.

- All units **MUST** be installed according to the procedures stated in the installation section of this manual
- In the case of new personnel, training is to be provided before operating the equipment
- **DO NOT** use this unit for any other purpose than its intended use
- Keep fingers out of "pinch point" areas
- Only use this unit with voltage specified on the rating label
- Threaded fasteners can loosen in service. Regular inspection and tightening should be carried out as required
- If any fault is detected, refer to the troubleshooting guide

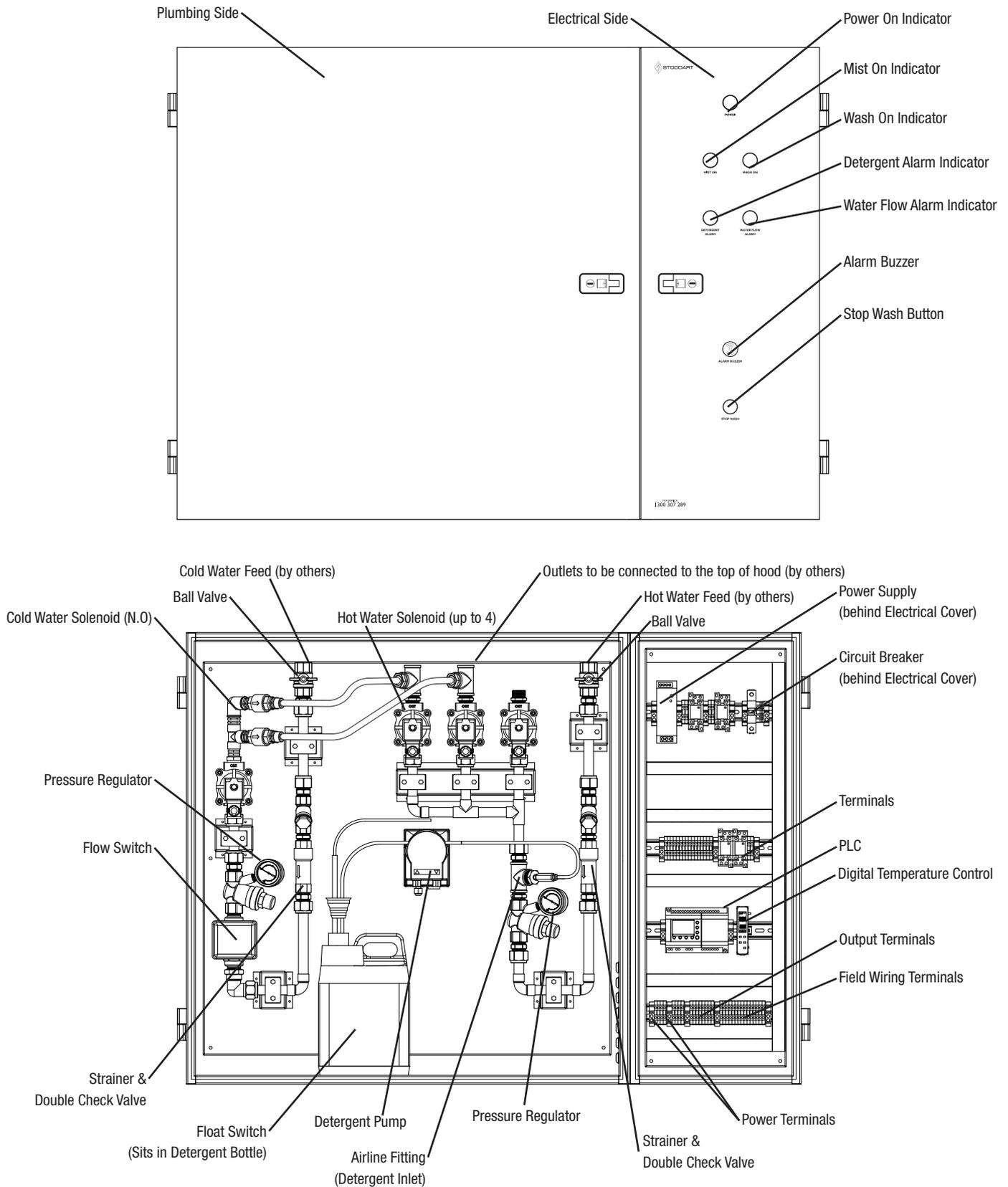
### 1.3 Hood Overview

Example only. Exhaust hood configuration may vary due to customer specifications



Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

1.4 Water Control Cabinet Overview

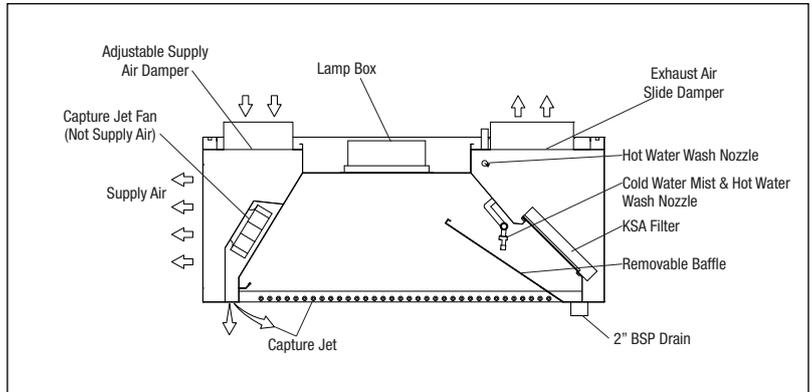


1.0 Introduction

1.5 Section Views

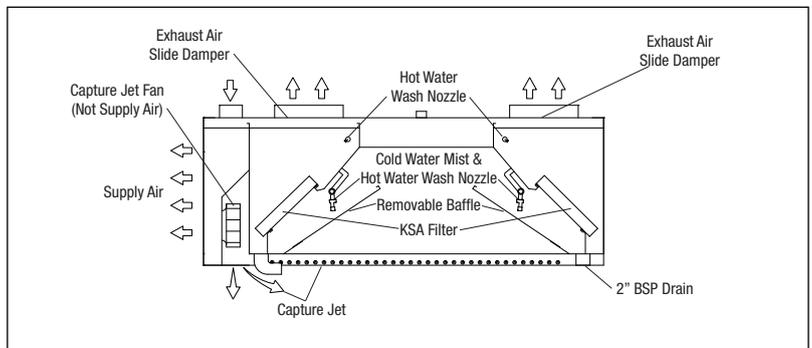
**KWI:** No provision for make-up air supply through hood.

**KWF:** Provision for make-up air supply through front perforated face of the hood.



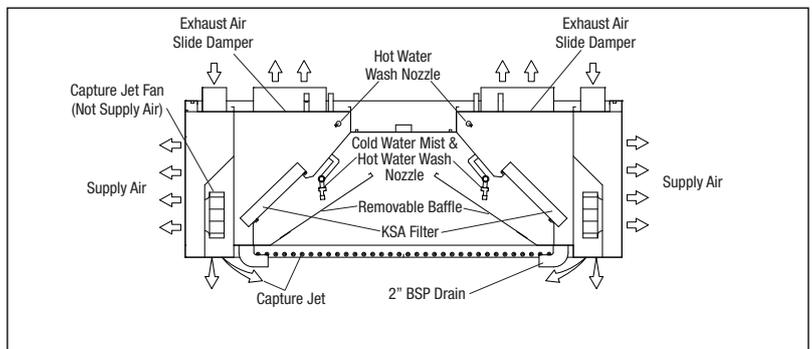
**KWI-H:** Wall position No provision for make-up air supply through hood.

**KWF-H:** Wall Position with provision for make-up air supply through front perforated face of the hood.



**KWI-HI:** Island Position No provision for make-up air supply through hood.

**KWF-HI:** Island Position with provision for make-up air supply through front & rear perforated faces of the hood.



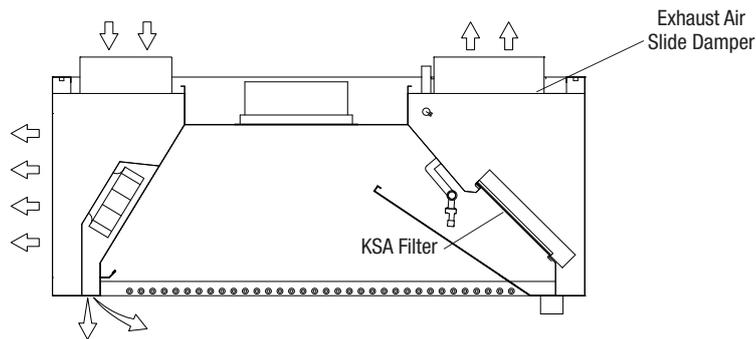
Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

### 1.6 Capture Jet

- Halton Capture Jet Hoods have a row of horizontal and vertical jet holes along the front and open sides of the canopy. The capture jets produce controlled air curtains that capture and spiral the air toward the filters, improving capture. The air is drawn into the Capture Jet by special fans and speed controllers in the hood

### 1.7 Exhaust Plenum

- KSA cyclonic particulate separation filters are the primary exhaust air treatment
- Cold water mist nozzles arrest sparks and cool the air
- Hot water spray nozzles (with detergent) clean the hood of any build-up at the end of each day
- Exhaust Air Slide Damper is adjusted during commissioning only to balance air between multiple hood sections
- T.A.B. points allow easy periodic checking of the exhaust fan's suction pressure



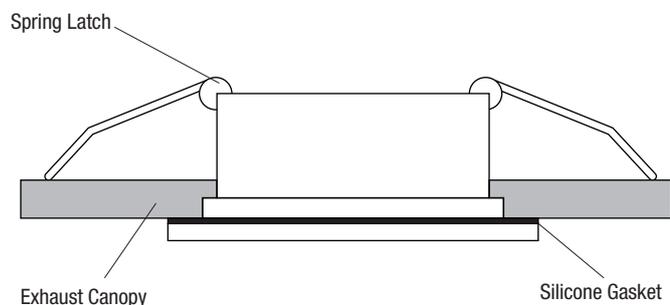
### 1.8 Supply Plenum (on F models)

- Perforated front face panels allows laminar flow of make-up air into the kitchen
- Supply air damper is adjusted during commissioning only to balance air between multiple hood sections
- Capture Jet fan draws a small quantity of supply air & forces it through special Capture Jets to assist in capturing the cooking emissions
- Comfort Nozzles allow some of the supply air to be directed down onto the chef to provide them with a more comfortable work environment

### 1.9 Lights

- The light box is mounted in the flat top section of the exhaust hood. A hinged glass door provides access to the lights

**Optional:** Down lights (LED or halogen) are fitted into stainless steel spring loaded fittings



## 2.0 Operation

### 2.1 Hood Operation

The Cold Mist and Wash Hood is a proprietary product of Halton (manufactured under license in Australia by Stoddart) designed for removing heat embers from exhaust systems over high energy cooking equipment such as gas and solid fuel char grills, woks and pizza ovens. The KWI /KWF hoods provide a solution to mitigate the risk of fires in the exhaust system from live fuel embers. It uses a cool water mist curtain to cool the hot air to below the flash point of the oil (and creosote), to wet & extinguish embers and to clean the oil and carbonaceous particulate out of the exhaust air. Additionally, it automatically washes the plenum with hot soapy water to remove combustible deposits.

The Cold Mist & Wash hood is a valuable part of a fire risk management solution that includes fire suppression, alarms and building operational controls.

The capture and containment efficiency of Capture Jet 3 hoods has been designed to the proven & tested standard ASTM F1704 (Ref; AS1668.2 -2012 Clause 3.6). The design exhaust air flow rates listed on the rating plate are calculated for the convective heat generated by the appliances under each canopy.

When the hood is washing it uses 60 litres of water per minute for every 2.5 metres of exhaust plenum (default 2 minutes of wash time per section per wash cycle). When the hood is misting it uses 2 litres of water per minute for every meter of exhaust plenum. Be aware that the length and model of the hood varies between jobs. Your hood may have two exhaust or supply plenums. These requirements will also vary slightly with your specific water pressure.

All plumbing must be connected in accordance to AS/NZS 3500.

All electrical connections must be made in accordance to AS 3000.

Areas with poor water quality (such as SA or WA) may need an additional water filtration system. This should have been determined prior to installation, for reference see 4.8 page 31.

Kitchen exhaust hoods are part of a complete kitchen exhaust system that includes exhaust fans, controllers (switches, VSD and or BMS), exhaust ducts and possibly secondary filtration systems. The make-up air supply system (mechanical or natural ventilation) is also an integral part of the exhaust system.

Hoods are only part of a fire safety system. Other technologies (such as ANSUL) should be used in conjunction with hoods to ensure fire safety.

To operate the hood:

- Turn on the room lights. The lights in the hood are normally switched on together with the room lighting
- Turn the water control cabinet on (should be connected to a continuous source of power)
- Turn on the water supplies connected to the water control cabinet (both hot and cold)
- Turn on the kitchen exhaust fan so that it draws the required airflow through the exhaust hood. In the standard mode of operation the KWI system must receive an input on terminals B11 & B12 to indicate that the fan is on so it enters mist mode (see Modes of Operation, 2.3 page 10)
- Turn off the exhaust fan at the end of the day. In the standard mode of operation this will signal the KWI system to start the wash cycle

If the system is left idle or shut down for extended periods, the solenoids and pump should be inspected before recommissioning. It is critical that water supply is maintained to the water control cabinet. It is also critical that all components in the cabinet are kept in working order and the nozzles in the hood are operating as designed. A full maintenance schedule can be found in – 'Recommended Cleaning and Maintenance Schedule' (3.2 page 14). The mist sprays must also form a continuous curtain of water across the length of the hood's intake slot (3.5 page 16).

### 2.2 Detergent Requirements

The detergent used in the hood should follow the recommendations of your detergent/chemical supplier. The requirements for the detergent are that it is not chlorinated, bleach water or otherwise corrosive and that it is low foaming. It must also be compatible with the copper, brass and stainless steel used in KWI hoods. While Stoddart does not guarantee correct operation with the following products, the detergent used in the KWI system should be equivalent to Diverwash VC24 or Dominant Typhoon.

### 2.3 Modes of Operation

Note: the required mode of operation should have been set/selected during installation and commissioning.

The system can operate in two modes: BMS/fan switch mode and auto/timer mode. The default and recommended mode is BMS/fan switch mode. Auto/timer mode is provided to be used only where it is not possible to use BMS/fan switch mode. When in auto/timer mode the mist and wash cycle occur on a programmable schedule. This mode is not recommended but is provided for situations where the BMS/fan switch mode can't be used. When in BMS/fan switch mode an input must be connected to terminals B11 and B12 to signal when the exhaust fan is on. The input to these terminals can provide a closed circuit whenever the exhaust fan is running and provide an open circuit whenever the exhaust fan is off. The mist/wash cycles will switch with the fan.

When operating in auto/timer mode, the wash start time and mist time frame must be programmed in the PLC. It is the responsibility of the kitchen operators to ensure the mist is always on whenever the exhaust fan is on and that the fan is off when the wash cycle runs.

A jumper wire between terminal I1 and +24VDC is used to select the mode of operation. When the jumper is present, the system is in BMS/switch mode and when it isn't, the system is in auto/timer mode. Check that the presence of the jumper matches the operating conditions required by the kitchen staff.

- Jumper wire present = BMS/fan switch mode
- No jumper wire = auto/timer mode

The PLC clock needs to be set. On the main screen (pictured below) of the PLC, press "OK" once to enter edit mode and "OK" again to select the time.

	W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T	
	H	O	O	D		V	2	.	1		
B	M	S	/	S	W		M	o	d	e	
			1	2	:	4	1				

Use the arrows to navigate around the edit screen (shown below) and the "+" and "-" buttons to change the values. When you're finished, press "OK" to save your changes or "ESC" to cancel.

C	l	o	c	k	S	e	t				
d	d	/	m	m	/	y	y	y	y		
1	5	/	1	1	/	2	0	1	8		
	1	3	:	0	5		T	h	u		

## 2.0 Operation

### 2.4 Alarm States

A temperature controller is included, as an option, to keep the mist running in BMS/fan switch mode if the exhaust fan is turned off and the air is still hot. The mist will only turn off when the air temperature is below an acceptable level.

The water control cabinet has three alarm states:

- No water alarm
- Low detergent alarm
- Fire alarm

These alarms and the alarm buzzer need to be visible/heard from the kitchen/KWI hood. In situations where this isn't possible, remote indicator lights should be installed. Contact the installer if this is the case.

The no water and low detergent alarms occur internally, within the cabinet, where as the fire alarm is optional and is triggered from an external input (refer to the wiring diagram in section Error! Reference source not found. – 'Error! Reference source not found.' on page Error! Bookmark not defined.). Each alarm will sound the buzzer and switch the optional general error output (again, refer to the wiring diagram for more details). Additionally, there are indicators on the front of the water control cabinet for the no water and low detergent alarms.

Name	PLC Screen	Description																																																
Fire Alarm	<table border="1"> <tr><td> </td><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>T</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td>H</td><td>O</td><td>O</td><td>D</td><td> </td><td>V</td><td>2</td><td>.</td><td>1</td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>M</td><td>S</td><td>/</td><td>S</td><td>W</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>o</td><td>d</td><td>e</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td>F</td><td>I</td><td>R</td><td>E</td><td> </td><td>A</td><td>L</td><td>A</td><td>R</td><td>M</td><td> </td></tr> </table>		W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T			H	O	O	D		V	2	.	1			B	M	S	/	S	W		M	o	d	e			F	I	R	E		A	L	A	R	M		Displayed when the system receives a fire alarm input on terminals B13/B14. Follow your fire procedure
	W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T																																								
	H	O	O	D		V	2	.	1																																									
B	M	S	/	S	W		M	o	d	e																																								
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Low Detergent	<table border="1"> <tr><td> </td><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>T</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td>H</td><td>O</td><td>O</td><td>D</td><td> </td><td>V</td><td>2</td><td>.</td><td>1</td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>M</td><td>S</td><td>/</td><td>S</td><td>W</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>o</td><td>d</td><td>e</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td>L</td><td>O</td><td> </td><td>D</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td>G</td><td>E</td><td>N</td><td>T</td></tr> </table>		W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T			H	O	O	D		V	2	.	1			B	M	S	/	S	W		M	o	d	e		L	O		D	E	T	E	R	G	E	N	T	Displayed when the float switch is triggered. Check the detergent bottle ('Check Detergent Level', page 19)
	W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T																																								
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No Water	<table border="1"> <tr><td> </td><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>T</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td>H</td><td>O</td><td>O</td><td>D</td><td> </td><td>V</td><td>2</td><td>.</td><td>1</td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>M</td><td>S</td><td>/</td><td>S</td><td>W</td><td> </td><td>M</td><td>o</td><td>d</td><td>e</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td>N</td><td>O</td><td> </td><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>T</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>		W	A	T	E	R		M	I	S	T			H	O	O	D		V	2	.	1			B	M	S	/	S	W		M	o	d	e				N	O		W	A	T	E	R			Displayed when the mist is on and the flow switch is recording a low water flow. Check the water supply.
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## 2.5 General Notes On The System

The business operator must implement a preventative maintenance program to ensure ongoing performance. The maintenance program must include regular inspection of the spray nozzles (weekly) and periodic inspection of the exhaust ducts (3 monthly). A more detailed maintenance plan is included in – ‘Recommended Cleaning and Maintenance Schedule’ 3.2.

The control systems must ensure the mist system operates whenever there is ember risk. i.e. The mist must operate whenever the exhaust fan is operating or there is heat in the hood:

- A switched input is required to the water control cabinet to prove when the fan is operating. The switched input can come from the fan controller, BMS or a pressure switch in the duct
- If the fan is switched off before the fire has totally cooled, a thermocouple (set to max. 40°C) should be added into the top of the hood or on the cooking appliance to provide an overriding switched input to keep the mist running until heat has reduced
- If the power supply to the water control cabinet fails (i.e. PLC can't determine either of the two above conditions), N/O mist solenoid valve turns on the mist

The Wash cycle initiates after a pre-set delay after the fan switches input off. The wash cycle is prevented from operating when the fan is on. A low detergent level alarm on the cabinet assists the maintenance of detergent supply, its usage and replenishment should be checked regularly.

If connecting to a common ventilation system, proper maintenance procedures should be followed for the system. Duct monitoring systems can be considered but do not form part of this scope.

If you encounter any problems with the operation of the hood, call the Stoddart service department.

## 2.6 Safe Operating Procedure

It is of high importance that the business operator provides a safe operating procedure to all employees involved with the function of solid fuel cooking equipment. When using such equipment, procedures must involve contingency plans for all situations. (for example: if the exhaust fan fails while cooking is in progress, if the mains water supply is cut, if the cooking fire gets out of control, etc.). The procedures will involve actions such as closing the door of the oven or placing a cover over the Parilla grill to suffocate the solid fuel fire and prevent embers or from reaching the exhaust system. If a fire blanket is used, water should be applied over the fire blanket to cool the fire & avoid the spread of fire.

## 3.0 Cleaning and Inspection

### 3.1 Cleaning

	<b>IMPORTANT</b>		<b>WARNING</b>
	<p>Threaded fasteners can loosen in service. Regular inspection and adjustment should be carried out as required</p>		<p>This unit is NOT waterproof, do NOT hose. DO NOT pour water directly onto the unit. DO NOT immerse in water</p>
	<b>IMPORTANT</b>		<b>WARNING</b>
	<p>Some commercial stainless steel cleaners leave residue or film on the metal that may entrap fine particles of food, deeming the surface not <b>FOOD SAFE.</b></p>		<p>Wait until the unit has cooled to a safe temperature before undertaking any cleaning or maintenance. Contact with hot surfaces can cause burns and serious injury.</p>

#### 3.1.1 General Information

- Threaded fasteners can loosen in service. Regular inspection and adjustment should be carried out as required
- Cleaning is recommended for health and safety purposes and to prolong the life of the unit
- Do not use abrasive pads or cleaners on the stainless steel or any other metal parts of the unit
- Do not use industrial chemical cleaners, caustic based cleaners or bleaches and bleaching agents, many will damage the metals and plastics used on this unit
- When drying, metal surfaces should be wiped with a soft cloth in the same direction as grained polish
- Do not remove any screws for general cleaning. All internal sections of the unit are to be cleaned by a qualified technician
- This unit is not waterproof, do not hose, do not pour water directly onto the unit, do not immerse in water

#### 3.1.2 Surface Finish / Corrosion Protection

1. Stainless steel exhibits good resistance to corrosion however, if not properly maintained stainless steel can rust and/or corrode
2. All metal surfaces should be checked while cleaning for damage, scuffs or scrapes as these can lead to rust and further damage to the product
3. Any sign of mild rust and/or corrosion should be thoroughly cleaned with warm soapy water and dried as soon as possible
4. Mild rust, discolouration and/or corrosion can be treated with a commercial cleaning agent that contains citric/oxalic/nitric/phosphoric acid. Do not use cleaning agents with chlorides or other harsh chemicals as this can cause corrosion. After treatment, wash with warm (not hot) soapy water and dry thoroughly
5. Some commercial stainless steel cleaners can leave residue or film on the metal. Make sure any residue is washed off with a clean damp cloth
6. Wipe the surfaces dry (in the same direction as grained polish) after cleaning and do not let water pool on the unit
7. For non-food contact surfaces, a light oil can be wiped on the surfaces with a cloth to enhance the stainless steel surface. Wipe in the direction of the grain

### 3.2 Recommended Cleaning And Maintenance Schedule

For good kitchen hygiene, the exhaust hood should be visually inspected by management at least once per week. The below 'Cleaning and Maintenance Schedule' can also be found attached on the inside of the exhaust hood. These provide a cleaning guide for Extreme, Heavy and Light duty operation. Regular tasks for the operator include cleaning the hood's surfaces, emptying the grease pots and washing the filters. Additionally, a service technician is required to periodically perform routine maintenance tasks.

This schedule is only a guide. The frequency of cleaning will depend on the type and duration of cooking as well as the product and cooking oils used.

Legend:

- X – extreme usage
- H – heavy usage
- L – light usage

Item	6-12 Hours	Daily	Weekly	2 Weeks	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	12 Months
Check Indicator Lights Match Operation	X	H	L					
3.3 Clean Exposed Hood Surfaces	X	H	L					
3.4 Remove Misting Panels		X	H	L				
3.5 Inspect Spray Nozzles		X	H	L				
3.6 KSA Cyclonic Filters – Inspect and Wash		X	H	L				
3.7 Exhaust Plenum - Inspect and Clean					X	H	L	
3.8 Supply Plenum – Inspect and Clean					X	H	L	
3.9 Ductwork Surfaces - Inspect and Clean						X	H	L
3.10 Check Detergent Level		X	H	L				
3.11 Check and Clean Strainers					X	H	L	
** Inspect And Service Exhaust And Supply Fans						X	H	L
Check Exhaust Hood Airflow Balance						X	H	L
Clean And Service Capture Jet Fans								X, H, L
Inspect Solenoids								X, H, L
Inspect Flow Switch								X, H, L
Inspect Float Switch								X, H, L
Test Emergency Stop Button								X, H, L

\*\* Refer to Fan Supplier's manual.

### 3.0 Cleaning and Inspection

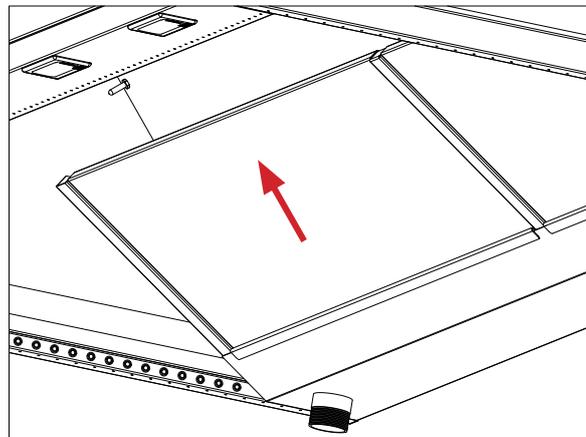
#### 3.3 Clean Exposed Hood Surface

Check all metal surfaces to ensure that there is no accumulation of grease or dirt and that there is no surface damage that could harbour dirt and bacteria. Clean exposed interior and exterior surfaces of hood and light fixture with mild soapy water or a neutral product. Carefully rinse away all surplus cleaning product.

Cleaning Task	Cleaning Agent	Comments
Routine cleaning	Use mild detergent and warm water	Use a sponge or clean cloth, rinse with clean water, wipe dry if necessary
Oil or Grease	Use cleanser or organic solvents (e.g. acetone, alcohol or methylated spirits)	Apply cleanser to a damp cloth or sponge and rub cleanser on the metal
Stubborn stains, soil and burnt deposits	Mild cleaning solutions (e.g. specialty stainless steel cleaners)	Use rag or fibre brush (soft nylon or natural bristle) or scotch-brite™ scouring pads. Do not use steel wool. Rub in the direction of the grain and polish lines. Rinse well with clean water and wipe dry

#### 3.4 Remove Misting Panels - weekly

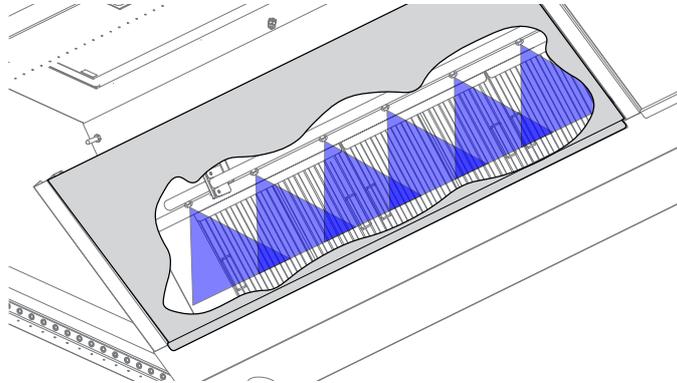
Remove the misting panels, If the back of the misting panels have significant build-up they may require manual cleaning. Clean them with the same requirements outlined in section 3.3 – ‘Clean Exposed Hood Surfaces - daily’. If you find you’re doing this regularly this is a good sign the mist or wash cycles are dirty/need replacing. Refer to section 3.5 – ‘Check and Clean Spray Nozzles’.



### 3.5 Inspect Spray Nozzles

Do not remove the Mist Capture Panels while the mist or wash is running.

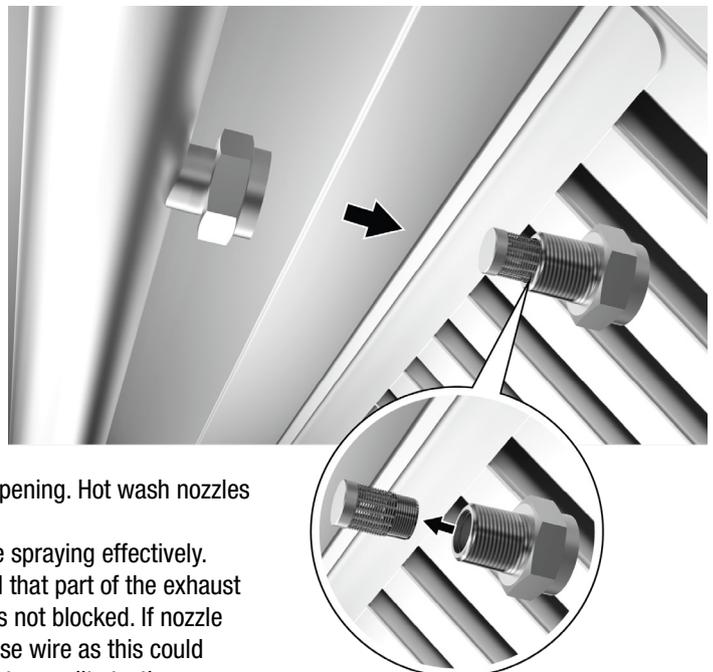
1. While the mist is active, hold a camera above the mist capture panel and video the nozzle spray pattern. All nozzles should have a conical spray of water directed to the filters



2. The mist spraying onto the filters is critical for performance and safety. Regular inspection of the spray pattern and nozzles must be done. Inspection during mist operation can be done using a phone camera held above the nozzles. Inspection can also be done after the system is turned off, by checking the KSA filters to confirm that water is spraying onto all the slots in the filter. If the water is not spraying through any of the nozzles with a good spray pattern, check the water pressure at the cabinet, increase it to a maximum of 3 Bar, and recheck the spray pattern. All the slots of the filters should be getting wet by the spray. If one, or some of the nozzles do not have water spraying onto the filters, note them and then turn the water off before removing the noted nozzles for cleaning.

	<b>WARNING</b>
	<b>Turn the isolation valves off in the water control cabinet before servicing the spray nozzles</b>

3. Remove the nozzle using a 14 mm spanner.
4. Once removed, unscrew the mesh basket from the nozzle.
5. Clean the nozzle and mesh screen with hot, soapy water. If the nozzle is blocked, soak it in a descaling solution, then clean with hot, soapy water.
6. Check the screen and nozzle for damage before refitting it
7. Re-attach the mesh basket to the nozzle, then re-install the nozzle into the hood. Do not over-tighten.



**Note:** If the nozzles need to be replaced, contact the Stoddart Spare Parts department.

**Note:** Consider keeping some clean, undamaged spare nozzles and mesh screens in stock for prompt changeover.

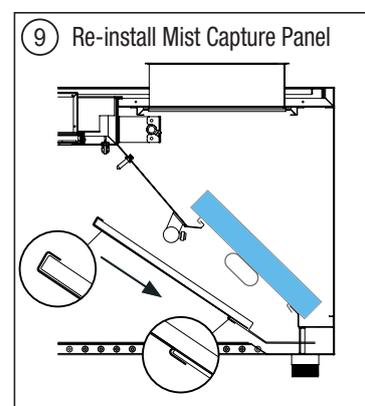
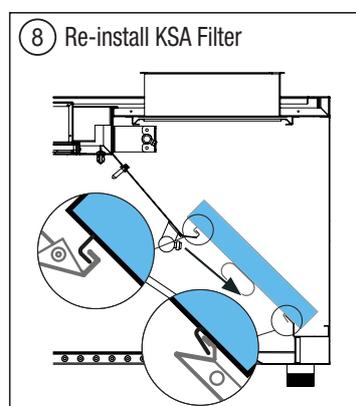
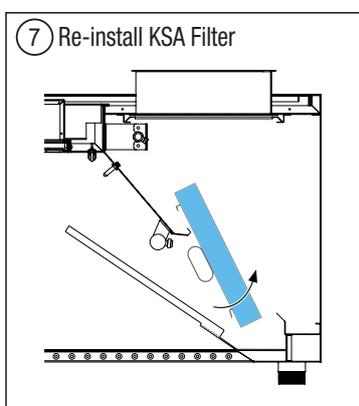
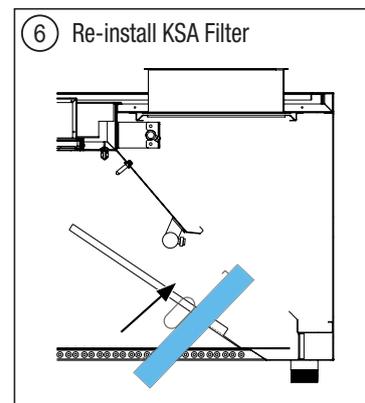
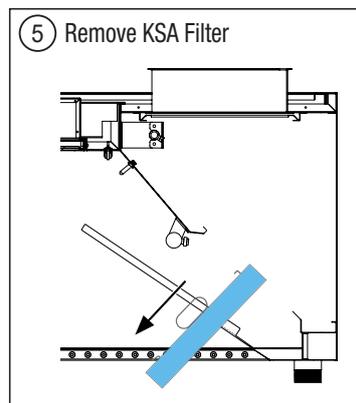
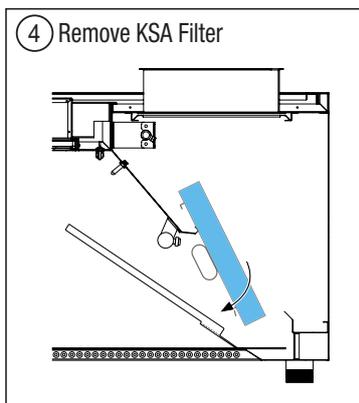
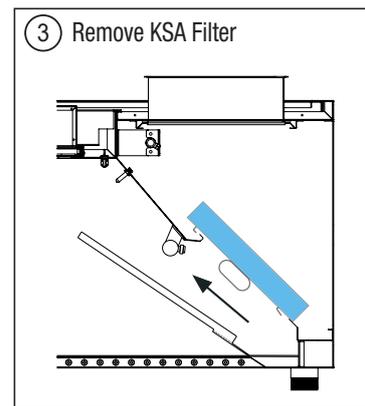
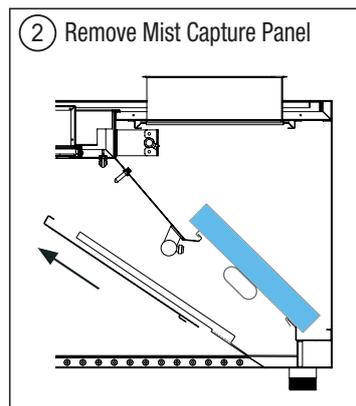
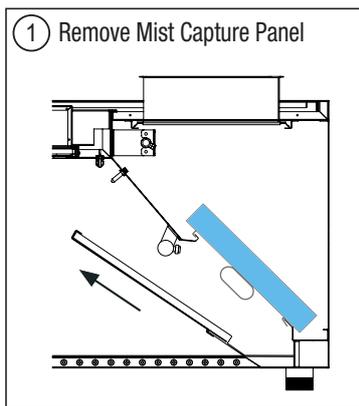
Hot wash spray nozzles cannot be checked while the wash cycle is happening. Hot wash nozzles should only be removed by a technician.

The state of the exhaust plenum should indicate if the spray nozzles are spraying effectively. If a specific part of the exhaust plenum has build-up the nozzles around that part of the exhaust plenum may be blocked. Check each nozzle to see that the spray hole is not blocked. If nozzle is blocked, clear it with a length of nylon fishing line or similar (do not use wire as this could damage the nozzle). If the blockage cannot be removed, Refer to the water quality testing on Page 31 and contact the Stoddart Service Department.

If the entire exhaust plenum is dirty, there may be a problem with the wash cycle, contact the Stoddart Service Department.

### 3.6 KSA Cyclonic Filters – Inspect and Wash

1. Switch off the exhaust fan
2. Remove the mist capture panel
3. Take note of filter positions (to ensure any blind panels are positioned in same location)
4. Remove each KSA filter from the hood
5. Wash particulate off the filter in the pot sink with detergent, using spray-rinse and a brush or cloth
6. Place filters in a dishwasher basket, and pass through the dishwasher
7. Dry the filters & re-fit into the hood
8. Make sure the filters are properly located with both top and bottom hanging rails in place. (If there is a Filter to fan interlock, the fan will not restart when a filter is removed or not positioned properly)



Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

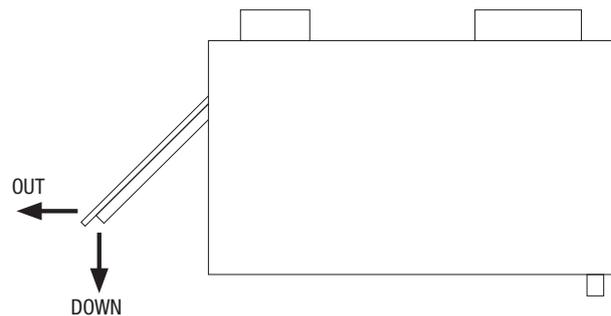
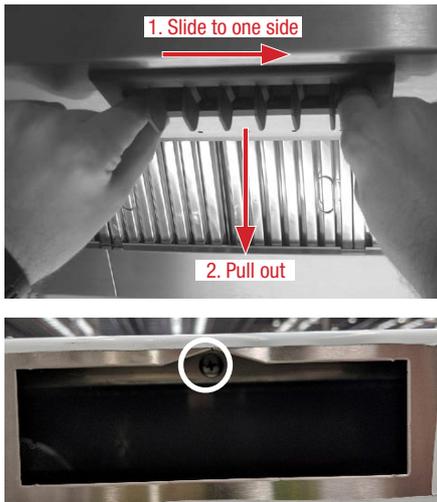
### 3.7 Exhaust Plenum - Inspect and Clean

The exhaust ductwork has to be periodically inspected and cleaned by the Service Contractor, the exhaust plenum should be also be thoroughly cleaned at the same time.

When the filters are removed, inspect the inside of the exhaust plenum. Condensed oil vapour should flow to the base and drain to the grease pots. Particulate and insects, etc. may accumulate inside the hood and cause ponding. Wipe the inside of the exhaust plenum using old rags.

### 3.8 Supply Plenum – Inspect and Clean

KWI hoods with supply air passing through a perforated front panel should be inspected periodically and wiped clean as required. The front panel can be removed by removing the comfort nozzles, undoing the screws and lifting the panel out.



### 3.9 Ductwork Surfaces - Inspect and Clean (by Service Contractor)

The recommended inspection periods for extract ductwork, as published in \*HVAC TR/19 by Airah – “Guide to good practice. Internal Cleanliness of ventilation systems”, are as follows:

- Heavy use (12-16 hours/day) – inspect every 3 months
- Moderate use (6-12 hours/day) – inspect every 6 months
- Light use (<6 hours/day) – inspect every 12 months

Ductwork cleaning is usually done by specialist cleaning contractors. TR/19 suggests that the duct is cleaned based on the grease depth in the duct, according to the following:

- Duct considered clean – grease depth  $\leq 0.05\text{mm}$
- Duct considered acceptable – grease  $< 2\text{mm}$
- Duct should be scheduled for cleaning – grease depth  $> 2\text{mm}$
- Duct should be cleaned immediately – grease depth  $> 3\text{mm}$

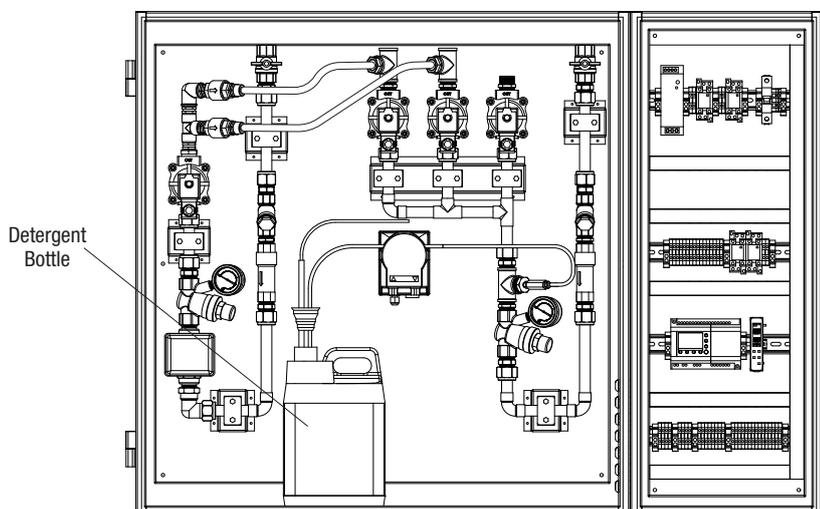
Failure to implement a cleaning maintenance procedure will cause an accumulation of grease and dirt in the ventilation system which will promote the growth of harmful bacteria, increase the risk of fire, generate odours, reduce airflow through the kitchen and impair the overall system performance and efficiency. Cleaning frequency may be a condition of insurance policies – check your policy. For the efficient operation of a kitchen ventilation system, implement cleaning & maintenance procedures. For detailed requirements refer to the HVAC publication TR/19. Chemical safety procedures should be noted prior to use. If a cleaner containing chlorides, bleaches or hypochlorite's is used it must be, afterwards, promptly and thoroughly cleaned off.

\* HVAC TR/19 by Airah: [https://www.airah.org.au/Content\\_Files/Resources/Technical-Bulletin-Kitchen-Exhaust.pdf](https://www.airah.org.au/Content_Files/Resources/Technical-Bulletin-Kitchen-Exhaust.pdf)

## 3.0 Cleaning and Inspection

### 3.10 Check Detergent Level - weekly

The detergent level should be periodically checked to ensure it is not empty. This is especially important whenever there is a low detergent alarm. It should also be checked to ensure the wash cycle is happening. If you find the detergent level is never dropping, contact Stoddart for assistance. The detergent bottle should sit in the bottom of the left side of the water control cabinet.



When checking the detergent level, also check the float switch is mounted correctly. The float switch should be mounted so the bung is firmly in the top of the detergent bottle. Additionally, the bottom of the float switch should be as close to the bottom of the detergent bottle as practical (but not touching it). The second condition is more important than the first.



Also check that the detergent alarm is working when the float switch is removed from the bottle.

When the detergent bottle is empty, replace it with another bottle of suitable detergent (see section 2.1 – 'Detergent Requirements' on page 9 for the detergent specifications).

### 3.11 Check and Clean Water Strainers

	<b>WARNING</b>
	A qualified technician is required for removing/replacing water strainers

Before checking any water strainers make sure the isolation valves at the top of the cabinet are off. There are two strainers in the water control cabinet. One on the cold water side and one on the hot water side. Loosen the cap on the strainers to access the mesh inside.



Clean the mesh of any build-up.



Refit the mesh, tighten the cap and turn the isolation valves back on when you're finished. If the strainer is damaged, contact Stoddart for assistance.

## 4.0 Maintenance and Service

### 4.1 Maintenance

- The auto wash process requires regular inspection. Detergent and water usage may require adjustment based on site demands
- The process of handling and washing filters can result in them being bent. Check filters for damage to ensure they can be easily refitted.
- Fluorescent or LED lights in the exhaust hood have a limited service life & require periodic replacement by an authorised technician
- The Capture Jet fan requires annual service & cleaning by an authorised technician
- Airflow checks should be done annually and after service work by measuring the TAB pressure to confirm the exhaust airflow is within specification and ensure ongoing performance

### 4.2 Fluorescent and LED tubes

	<b>IMPORTANT</b>
	<p><b>Before accessing the lights, Ensure all power to the hood is switched off</b></p>

Fluorescent lights are housed within the light fixture to provide sufficient light to the work area underneath the hood. The lights may be fluorescent tubes, LED tubes, halogen down lights or LED down lights.

Before replacing any lights ensure power to the hood is switched off.

1. Unlatch the light diffuser panel and swing it downwards
2. Rotate the tube to release it from the tombstone ends and remove it
3. Replace the tube with a tube of the same size and wattage

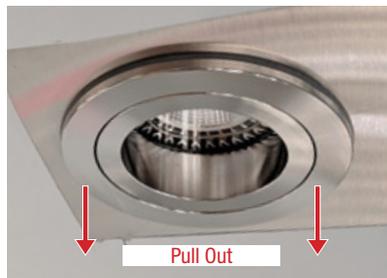


4.3 Down Lights:

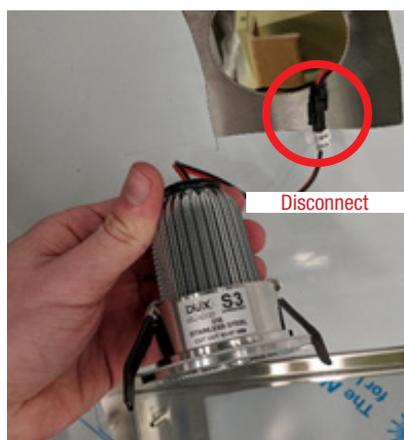
	<b>IMPORTANT</b>
	Before accessing the lights, Ensure all power to the hood is switched off

	<b>WARNING</b>
	A qualified electrician or service technician is required for removing/ replacing the Down Lights and/or Driver.

1. Pull the down light down and out of the hood, this can be difficult. There are two spring clamps holding the lamp in. You may need to pry the light off the surface of the hood and use a screwdriver (or similar) to hold the clamps back. If it is possible, reach on top of the hood and hold the clamps back



2. Disconnect the light and replace it with a new one



## 4.0 Maintenance and Service

3. If replacing the light doesn't fix the problem, the driver needs to be replaced by a qualified electrician, service technician or similarly qualified persons. The driver is attached with Velcro next to the light opening with enough cable to pull it through the hole



4. To replace the driver, pull it through the hole, undo the connections and replace it with a new one



5. Re-fit all lights and drivers as they were before. Ensure the driver is connected to the hood with Velcro again (reuse the Velcro from the old driver if need be)

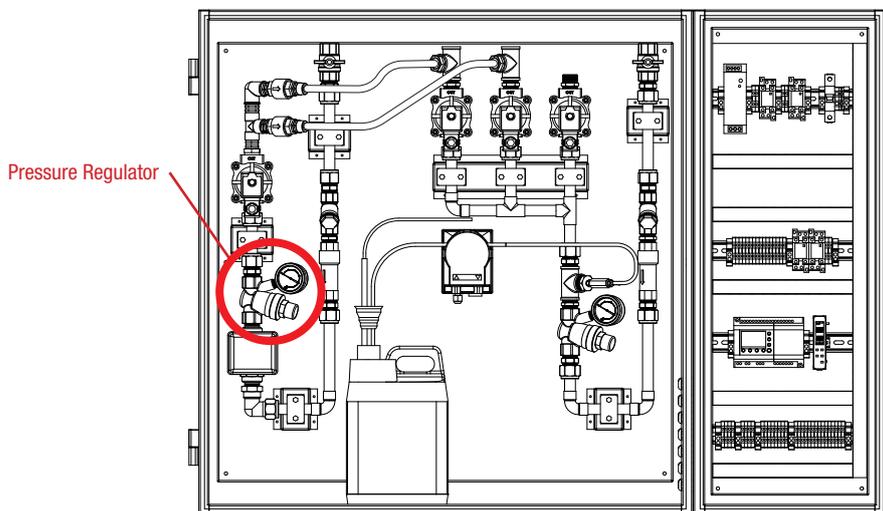
### 4.4 Adjusting Water Usage

There are two parts of the system that could be causing the hood to use too much water: the wash and the mist cycles. Both of these can be adjusted individually by a qualified technician only.

The most likely cause of excess water consumption is the wash cycle running for too long. The system has programmable wash and rinse times (down to a minimum of 1 minute). To adjust these times, refer to “Changing PLC Values” 4.6. Alternatively, if the hot water system recovering in time is a problem, the delay between the washes can also be adjusted. After changing the values, you must ensure the hood is still being adequately cleaned each day. The values should never be set in a way that prevents the hood being properly cleaned.

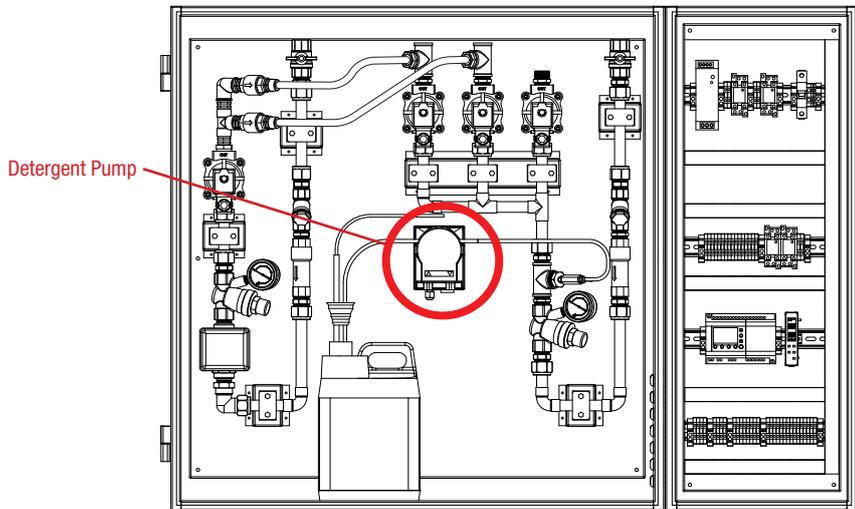
The pressure on the cold water line can be adjusted by a qualified technician to reduce the amount of water used during normal operation. However, the pressure should never be reduced below 3 bar (300 kPa) and the mist nozzles need to be checked to ensure they are clean and there is a constant and consistent mist screen.

The regulator to adjust the pressure is housed in the plumbing side of the water control cabinet. Use the dial on the regulator to change the pressure but ensure all the above conditions are met.



### 4.5 Adjusting Detergent Usage

The detergent pump is housed in the plumbing side of the water control cabinet.



The pump has a small potentiometer to adjust its speed. Access the speed dial by removing the 2 screws securing the front panel.



Adjust the dial as required, clockwise for more detergent, anti-clockwise for less. The correct detergent level should be determined by the detergent/chemical supplier.

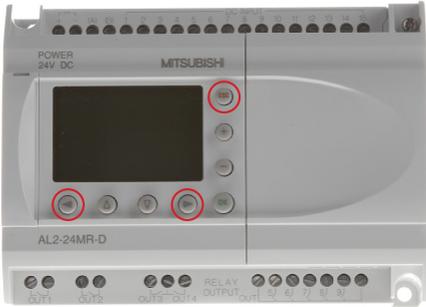
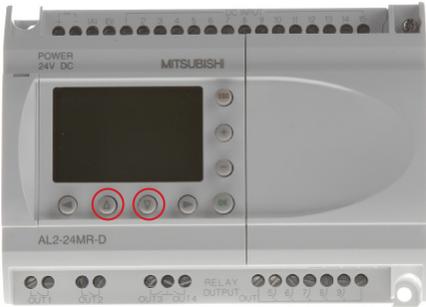
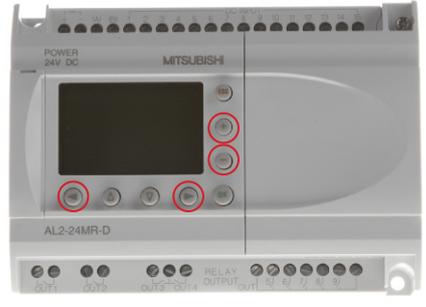
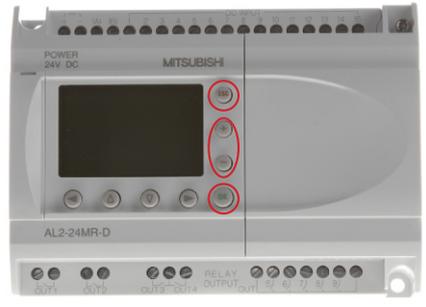


The amount of detergent dispensed can also be changed by changing the length of the wash cycle (this will increase the volume used but not the concentration). This is a setting in the PLC, see section page 27

Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

### 4.6 Changing PLC Values

The operation of the Cold Mist and Wash hood can be configured by a qualified technician using the PLC. Refer to the table below for instructions on changing the settings and descriptions of each screen.

Name	PLC Screen	Description
Settings Sequence		To enter settings, press and hold left, right and (ESC). Use the same sequence to exit settings
Sub menu Navigation		Use the up and down buttons to navigate through the different settings sub menus
Settings Navigation		Press the (+) to enter a sub menu and the (-) button to leave it. Navigate through the values in a sub menu using the left and right buttons
Changing Settings		After navigating to a settings value, press (OK) to select it. Change the value using (+) and (-), then use (OK) to save the change or (ESC) to cancel

Sub-Menu Description																																																										
Name	PLC Screen	Description																																																								
Zone Settings	<table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Z</td><td>O</td><td>N</td><td>E</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td>S</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>T</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>G</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	1																		Z	O	N	E									S	E	T	T	I	N	G	S																			Contains information about the number of wash zones in the KWI system
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Z	O	N	E	S		(	1	-	4	)																																								
Delay Between Washes (sub menu 2)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>D</td><td>E</td><td>L</td><td>A</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>B</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>.</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>S</td><td>H</td><td>E</td><td>S</td><td>(</td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	D	E	L	A	Y		B	E	T	.			W	A	S	H	E	S	(	M	I	N	S	)																	1								The time (in minutes) between washing each wash zone. This gives the hot water system time to recover and will depend on the water system. Change this for testing
D	E	L	A	Y		B	E	T	.																																									
W	A	S	H	E	S	(	M	I	N	S	)																																							
				1																																														
Wash Runtime (sub menu 2)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>S</td><td>H</td><td></td><td>R</td><td>U</td><td>N</td><td>T</td><td>I</td><td>M</td><td>E</td></tr> <tr><td>(</td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	W	A	S	H		R	U	N	T	I	M	E	(	M	I	N	S	)																							2								The time (in minutes) each wash zone washes for. Change this for testing.
W	A	S	H		R	U	N	T	I	M	E																																							
(	M	I	N	S	)																																													
				2																																														
Soak Time (sub menu 2)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>O</td><td>A</td><td>K</td><td></td><td>T</td><td>I</td><td>M</td><td>E</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>(</td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	S	O	A	K		T	I	M	E				(	M	I	N	S	)																							1								The time (in minutes) the hot water and detergent soaks for. This occurs between the wash and rinse. Change this for testing.
S	O	A	K		T	I	M	E																																										
(	M	I	N	S	)																																													
				1																																														
Rinse Time (sub menu 2)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>R</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>E</td><td></td><td>T</td><td>I</td><td>M</td><td>E</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>(</td><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	R	I	N	S	E		T	I	M	E			(	M	I	N	S	)																							2								The time (in minutes) mist is sprayed to wash away the detergent mixture. Change this for testing.
R	I	N	S	E		T	I	M	E																																									
(	M	I	N	S	)																																													
				2																																														
Auto Wash Daily Start (sub menu 3)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>A</td><td>U</td><td>T</td><td>O</td><td></td><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>S</td><td>H</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>A</td><td>I</td><td>L</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td>A</td><td>R</td><td>T</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>I</td><td>M</td><td>E</td><td></td><td>(</td><td>H</td><td>H</td><td>:</td><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>)</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>:</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	A	U	T	O		W	A	S	H				D	A	I	L	Y		S	T	A	R	T		T	I	M	E		(	H	H	:	M	M	)	0	1	:	1	0								The time (hours and minutes) the wash will run each day. When using auto/timer mode it is the user's responsibility to ensure the fan won't be running at this time. An optional fan relay output is provided for this purpose
A	U	T	O		W	A	S	H																																										
D	A	I	L	Y		S	T	A	R	T																																								
T	I	M	E		(	H	H	:	M	M	)																																							
0	1	:	1	0																																														
Auto Fan Daily Schedule (sub menu 3)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>A</td><td>U</td><td>T</td><td>O</td><td></td><td>F</td><td>A</td><td>N</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>A</td><td>I</td><td>L</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>S</td><td>C</td><td>H</td><td>E</td><td>D</td><td>.</td></tr> <tr><td>H</td><td>H</td><td>:</td><td>M</td><td>M</td><td>-</td><td>H</td><td>H</td><td>:</td><td>M</td><td>M</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>8</td><td>:</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>1</td><td>7</td><td>:</td><td>3</td><td>0</td><td></td></tr> </table>	A	U	T	O		F	A	N					D	A	I	L	Y		S	C	H	E	D	.	H	H	:	M	M	-	H	H	:	M	M		0	8	:	0	0	-	1	7	:	3	0		The time frame (specified in hours and minutes) the mist will run for. When using auto/timer mode it is the user's responsibility to ensure the mist is always running when the exhaust fan is An optional fan relay output is provided for this purpose
A	U	T	O		F	A	N																																											
D	A	I	L	Y		S	C	H	E	D	.																																							
H	H	:	M	M	-	H	H	:	M	M																																								
0	8	:	0	0	-	1	7	:	3	0																																								

Settings Screen Description																																																		
These values can be changed – default (suggested) values shown in screen shots																																																		
Name	PLC Screen	Description																																																
Wash Start-Up Delay (sub menu 4)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>W</td><td>A</td><td>S</td><td>H</td><td></td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td>A</td><td>R</td><td>T</td><td>U</td><td>P</td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>E</td><td>L</td><td>A</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>(</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	W	A	S	H		S	T	A	R	T	U	P	D	E	L	A	Y		(	S	)																			1	8	0							The delay time (in seconds) before the wash starts after receiving a wash request signal on terminals B11 & B12
W	A	S	H		S	T	A	R	T	U	P																																							
D	E	L	A	Y		(	S	)																																										
			1	8	0																																													
Damper off Delay (sub menu 4)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>D</td><td>A</td><td>M</td><td>P</td><td>E</td><td>R</td><td></td><td>O</td><td>F</td><td>F</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>E</td><td>L</td><td>A</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>(</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	D	A	M	P	E	R		O	F	F			D	E	L	A	Y		(	S	)																			2	0								The delay time (in seconds) before the optional damper output changes states
D	A	M	P	E	R		O	F	F																																									
D	E	L	A	Y		(	S	)																																										
			2	0																																														
Fan on Delay (sub menu 4)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>F</td><td>A</td><td>N</td><td></td><td>O</td><td>N</td><td></td><td>D</td><td>E</td><td>L</td><td>A</td><td>Y</td></tr> <tr><td>(</td><td>S</td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>6</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	F	A	N		O	N		D	E	L	A	Y	(	S	)																									6	0								The delay time (in seconds) before the optional fan output changes states
F	A	N		O	N		D	E	L	A	Y																																							
(	S	)																																																
			6	0																																														
Use Cooking Sensor (sub menu 5)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>U</td><td>S</td><td>E</td><td></td><td>C</td><td>O</td><td>O</td><td>K</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>G</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>S</td><td>E</td><td>N</td><td>S</td><td>O</td><td>R</td><td></td><td>(</td><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>N</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>-</td><td>Y</td><td>E</td><td>S</td><td>)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	U	S	E		C	O	O	K	I	N	G		S	E	N	S	O	R		(	0	-	N	0							1	-	Y	E	S	)				1									This feature controls the mist activation action of the hood. If set to 1, terminal I8 accepts a constant 24VDC input to keep the mist running. The mist turns off once the signal is removed. If set to 0, terminal I8 accepts a pulse of 24VDC. In this case, the mist output latches until another pulse is sent to I8 to turn off the mist. The pulse feature is designed for a push button whereas the constant input is designed for ON/OFF switches
U	S	E		C	O	O	K	I	N	G																																								
S	E	N	S	O	R		(	0	-	N	0																																							
						1	-	Y	E	S	)																																							
			1																																															
Mist Enabled During Fire (sub menu 5)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>M</td><td>I</td><td>S</td><td>T</td><td></td><td>E</td><td>N</td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>L</td><td>E</td><td>D</td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>U</td><td>R</td><td>I</td><td>N</td><td>G</td><td></td><td>F</td><td>I</td><td>R</td><td>E</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>(</td><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>0</td><td>F</td><td>F</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>-</td><td>0</td><td>N</td><td>)</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	M	I	S	T		E	N	A	B	L	E	D	D	U	R	I	N	G		F	I	R	E		(	0	-	0	F	F		1	-	0	N	)				1									When set to 1 the mist will turn on after a fire alarm. When set to 0 it will turn off. Note: it is recommended that this is set to 1. Follow the instructions of the fire engineers or fire department
M	I	S	T		E	N	A	B	L	E	D																																							
D	U	R	I	N	G		F	I	R	E																																								
(	0	-	0	F	F		1	-	0	N	)																																							
			1																																															

Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

### 4.7 Auto/Timer Mode Schedule Notes

**Note:** when using auto/timer mode, it is the responsibility of the kitchen staff to ensure the mist is always running when the exhaust fan is on and that the wash cycle only occurs when the fan is off. These requirements must be met. It is highly recommended that auto/timer mode is only used when absolutely necessary.

**Note:** you will need to push the “OK” button once to enter edit mode and then again to select the time you wish to edit. Save your changes by pressing “OK” or cancel by pressing “ESC”.

When adjusting the times, the second row allows you to adjust the week of the month the timer will run on. Adjust the values with the “+” and “-“ buttons. For example, in the image bellow, the timer had been disabled for the 2nd and 3rd weeks.

These weeks have been disabled

B	0	0	3	:	T	S		#	0	1		
	1	-	-		4	5		1	S	T		
	S	M	T		W	T	F	S	A	T		
	0	1	:		1	0		0	N			

The second row is used select the days of the week that the timer affects. Again, adjust with the “+” and “-“ buttons. In the example bellow, the timer has been disabled for Tuesday and Wednesday.

These days have been disabled

B	0	0	3	:	T	S		#	0	1		
	1	2	3		4	5		1	S	T		
	S	M	-		-	T	F	S	A	T		
	0	1	:		1	0		0	N			

For the daily start time, leave the last value as “On”, change the time as required

Change value

B	0	0	3	:	T	S		#	0	1		
	1	2	3		4	5		1	S	T		
	S	M	T		W	T	F	S	A	T		
	0	1	:		1	0		0	N			

Do not edit

For the fan start time, ensure the last value for the earliest time (#01) is set to on and for the latest time (#02) it is set to off.

B	1	6	2	:	T	S		#	0	1		
	1	2	3		4	5		1	S	T		
	S	M	T		W	T	F	S	A	T		
	0	8	:		0	0		0	N			

B	0	0	3	:	T	S		#	0	2		
	1	2	3		4	5		1	S	T		
	S	M	T		W	T	F	S	A	T		
	1	7	:		3	0		0	F	F		

## 4.0 Maintenance and Service

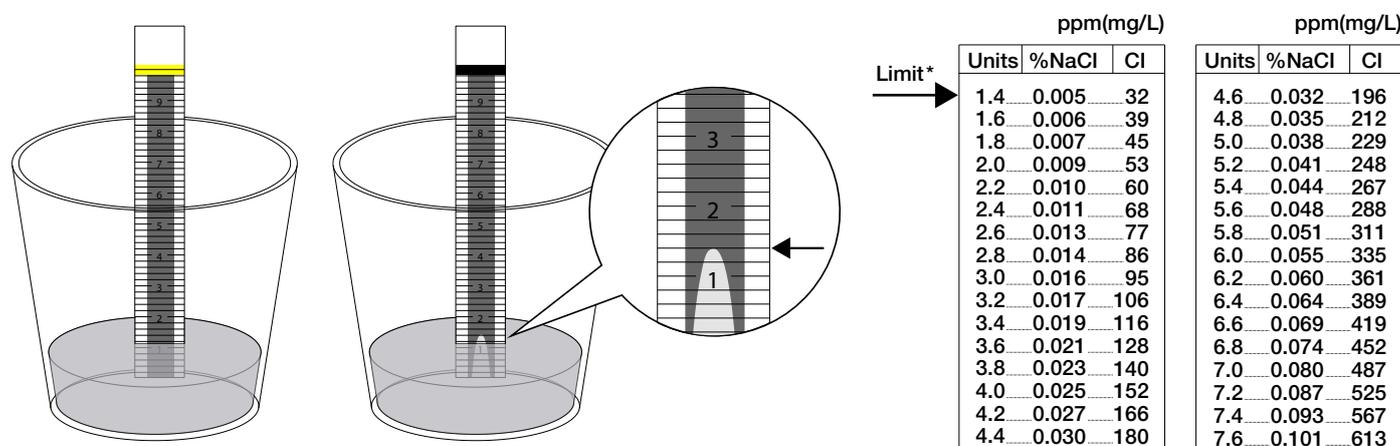
### 4.8 Testing Water Quality

Areas with poor water quality (such as SA or WA) may also need an additional water filter. Follow the checks below to determine if a filter is needed and install the appropriate filter, if required.

There are two tests that need to be completed before determining if a filter is required: a chloride test and a total dissolved solids (TDS) test. For the chloride test:

1. Remove Titrator from bottle and replace bottle cap immediately
2. Insert lower end of the Titrator into water to be tested (approx 20mm of water). DO NOT allow water to touch yellow completion band at top of Titrator
3. Allow water to completely saturate the wick of Titrator. Reaction is complete when yellow band turns dark
4. Note where the white chloride peak falls on the scale. This represents the unit value
5. Refer to the table to convert the Titrator units into salt concentration

Readings higher than 3.0 (95PPM) risk crevice corrosion in the stainless steel body of the hood. Readings higher than 4.6 (196PPM) risk pitting corrosion.



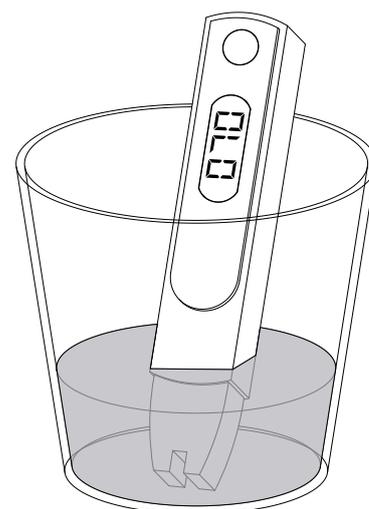
### 2.11.2 Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Test

For the TDS test:

1. Remove the cover from the TDS meter, turn on by pressing the On/Off button. The display should read 000.
2. Insert lower end of the TDS meter into water to be tested (approx 20mm of water). DO NOT completely submerge.
3. Wait 5-10 seconds.
4. The number displayed on meter is the TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) of the water expressed in PPM (parts per million) e.g. TDS = 220PPM.
5. When finished, turn the TDS meter off.

A high TDS reading can lead to lime scale build-up inside the exhaust canopy and can also cause the spray/wash nozzles to clog quicker than usual.

If you find your water supply has a high chloride or TDS reading, investigate using an additional filtration method on the incoming water supplies.



### 4.9 Testing and Balancing Pressure and Airflow - Exhaust Air Flow

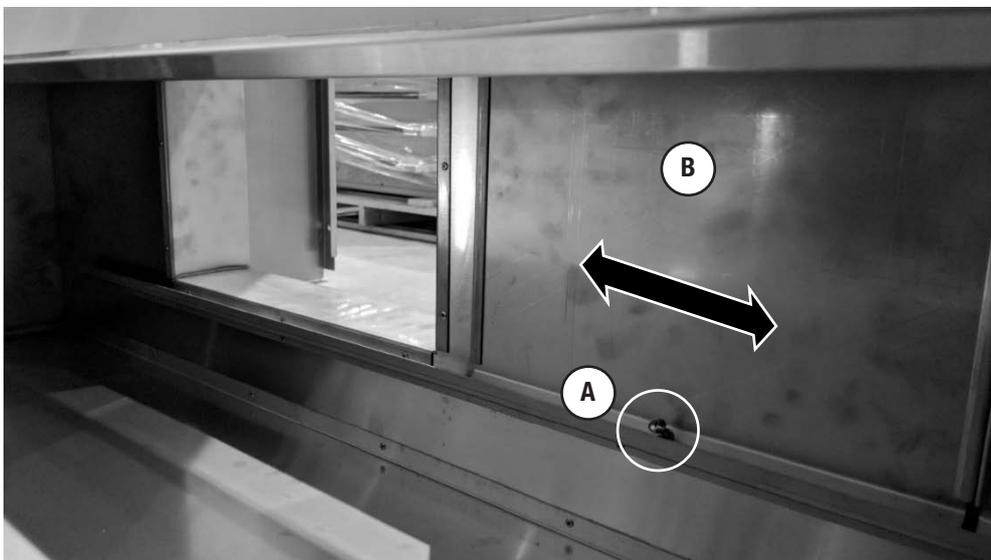
Every 6 months (typically) the Capture Jet fan will need to be serviced by a qualified technician. Contact Stoddart at 1300 307 289 for assistance.

Before measuring airflows check the exhaust and supply fan are on and functioning normally. Airflows are balanced in each hood section by adjusting the sliding dampers. It is important for the hood to have a balanced airflow, to ensure exhaust and supply function efficiently.

1. Using a manometer measure the pressure at the T.A.B. (Testing and Balancing) point. Do this for each exhaust plenum.



2. Compare results to the rating plate. Values must be within  $\pm 10\%$  of specified value. If the value is correct, skip to the next section. If the value is incorrect, continue with the following steps.
3. Remove the filters to open or close the sliding dampers to increase/decrease pressure as required. Loosen the screw (A), then slide the damper (B) as required.



4. When the damper is in the final position re-fit the filters
5. Re-measure the pressure at the T.A.B point, if required continue adjusting the dampers and taking measurements until the specified values are reached

### 4.10 Testing and Balancing Pressure and Airflow - Supply Air Flow

Every 6 months (typically) the Capture Jet fan will need to be serviced by a qualified technician. Contact Stoddart at 1300 307 289 for assistance.

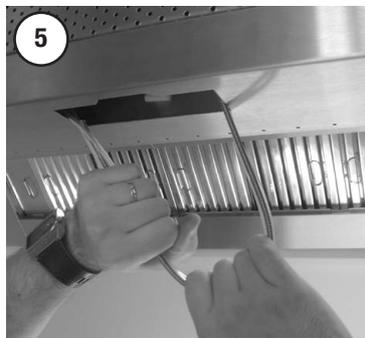
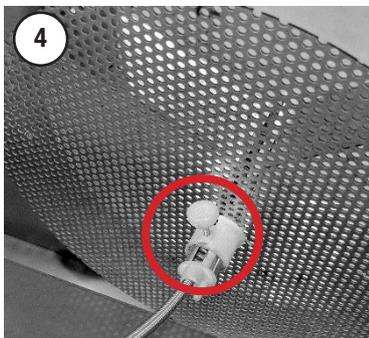
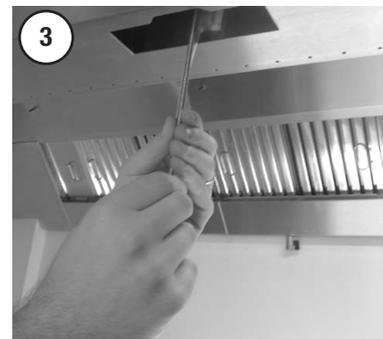
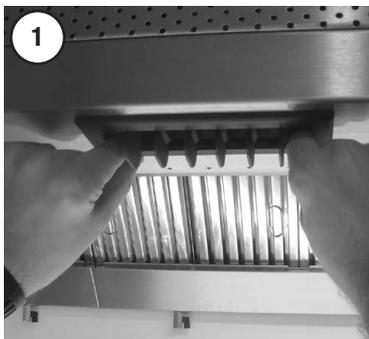
There are two components to the supply air, the T.A.B. pressure point and front face air speed. Note that not every model has a perforated front panel for supply air and only KWF models require a supply duct to be connected. Other models have an optional supply duct connection. Before measuring airflows check the exhaust and supply fan on and functioning normally. Airflows must be balanced for each damper in each hood section. It is important for the hood to have a balanced airflow, to ensure exhaust and supply function efficiently.

Using a manometer measure the pressure at the T.A.B. (Testing and Balancing) point. For hood models with a perforated front panel, use a vane manometer to measure the face air velocity at 50mm from the front panel. The air speed must be less than 0.6m/s. Do this for each supply plenum.



Compare results to the rating plate. Values must be within  $\pm 10\%$  of specified value and the air velocity must be less than 0.6m/s. If the values are incorrect, adjust the airflows as per below.

1. To adjust to supply dampers (each supply collar has its own adjustable damper), first remove the comfort nozzles
2. Locate the spring inside the supply plenum
3. Twist the spring to increase (anticlockwise) or decrease (clockwise) the pressure as required
4. The bolt on the axle may need to be loosened before the damper can be adjusted
5. Feed the spring back inside the supply plenum
6. Re-fit the comfort nozzles when done



Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

### 4.11 Troubleshooting

- If any faults/issues occur with the unit, follow the below troubleshooting procedures
- If the troubleshooting procedures do not correct the problem, contact the Stoddart Service Department

Problem / Alarm Indication	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action(s)
Detergent low indicator on, buzzer beeping, PLC screen reads "LO DETERGENT"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detergent low</li> <li>• Float switch is not mounted properly</li> <li>• Float switch is faulty</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open the main panel door and refill the detergent.</li> <li>• Properly mount the float switch</li> <li>• Refer to the relevant section in the Operation &amp; User Maintenance manual for</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Fire alarm on, buzzer beeping, PLC screen reads "FIRE ALARM"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fire at site</li> <li>• Fire alarm triggered</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the site for fire.</li> <li>• If there is no fire at the site and the problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Water flow alarm indicator on, buzzer beeping, PLC screen reads "NO WATER"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No water is supplied to the unit</li> <li>• Water pressure is too low</li> <li>• Flow switch is faulty</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the unit is being supplied with a continuous, steady flow of water.</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
System is in the incorrect mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jumper wire on terminal I1 present/not present</li> <li>• Damaged or incorrect wiring</li> <li>• Faulty PLC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add/remove jumper wire to terminal I1</li> <li>• Fix faulty wiring</li> <li>• Refer to the relevant section in the Operation &amp; User Maintenance manual for more information</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
System does not run in auto/timer mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PLC programmed to BMS/switch mode</li> <li>• Washing schedule not set</li> <li>• Emergency stop button in action</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove the jumper wire on terminal I1</li> <li>• Set the date and time for the system in the PLC</li> <li>• Set the washing time at washing schedule</li> <li>• Enable the washing schedule</li> <li>• Release the emergency stop button</li> <li>• Refer to the relevant section in the Operation &amp; User Maintenance manual for more information</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
System does not run in BMS/switch mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Emergency stop button in action</li> <li>• PLC programmed to auto/timer mode</li> <li>• No BMS/switch input</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reset the emergency stop button.</li> <li>• Add a jumper wire to terminal I1</li> <li>• Add a switch input on terminals B11 &amp; B12</li> <li>• Refer to the relevant section in the Operation &amp; User Maintenance manual for more information</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Control system does not power up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No incoming supply (230VAC)</li> <li>• MCB or RCD is tripped / not ON</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supply 230VAC for the system incoming supply</li> <li>• Open the electrical compartment door and locate the MCB and RCD at the top. Reset / ON the MCB and RCD</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Hood lights/Capture Jet fan won't turn on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power not on</li> <li>• Tubes, starter or ballast faulty</li> <li>• Damaged or incorrect wiring</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supply power to the lighting circuit</li> <li>• Replace damaged component</li> <li>• Fix faulty wiring</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Significant build-up in the hood	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Water not being supplied to the hood</li> <li>• Mist not spraying correctly</li> <li>• Wash cycle not happening</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the hood is receiving a continuous, steady flow of water</li> <li>• Check that the spray nozzles are clean and not eroded</li> <li>• Check that the wash cycle is being properly triggered</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Detergent level not dropping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wash cycle not happening</li> <li>• Faulty detergent pump</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the wash cycle is being properly triggered</li> <li>• Check the detergent pump is pumping detergent during the wash cycle</li> <li>• If problem persists, contact Stoddart</li> </ul>
Mist remains on after fan turns off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temperature in capture zone is still &gt; 40°C</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check fire/heat source has been extinguished, allow to cool below 40°C for system to shut mist off and start wash</li> </ul>

Problem / Alarm Indication	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action(s)
Cooking fumes are not being removed from the Kitchen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exhaust fan not operating correctly</li> <li>Capture Jet fan not operating correctly</li> <li>Exhaust fan is slowed or under sized</li> <li>Supply air is not balanced</li> <li>Excessive kitchen drafts</li> <li>Equipment moved from original position</li> <li>Equipment has changed</li> <li>Secondary treatment system requires service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check exhaust fan is powered on and running correctly</li> <li>Check supply air capture jet fan is running</li> <li>Check the required T.A.B. pressures, must be within 10% of value shown on rating plate</li> <li>Check the exhaust fan is the correct size for required duty</li> <li>Check supply fan and adjust speed to balance kitchen</li> <li>Close doors and windows or turn off fans causing draft</li> <li>Check equipment list and revise exhaust system design as required</li> <li>Service filters</li> </ul>
Excessive oil and grease at discharge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Filters are overloaded or not correctly fitted</li> <li>Hood and/or ductwork requires cleaning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check they are correctly installed</li> <li>Check and clean the inside of the hood exhaust plenum(s) and ductwork</li> <li>If problem persists, contact Stoddart.</li> </ul>
Measured exhaust pressures not per rating plate (+/-10%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exhaust/supply dampers not set correctly</li> <li>Poor seal around supply/exhaust collars</li> <li>Exhaust fan is under or over sized</li> <li>Supply fan is under or over sized</li> <li>Optional VFD is not adjusted correctly</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the required T.A.B. pressures and adjust the exhaust/supply dampers</li> <li>Check the supply and exhaust collars for a sufficient seal</li> <li>Replace exhaust fan with the correct size</li> <li>Replace supply fan with the correct size</li> <li>Adjust VFD settings</li> </ul>
Lights not working	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power not on</li> <li>Tubes, starter or ballast faulty</li> <li>Damaged, or incorrect wiring</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply power to the lighting circuit</li> <li>Replace damaged component</li> <li>Fix faulty wiring</li> </ul>
Some lights don't turn on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connections not made between hoods</li> <li>Faulty lights</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check all lighting connections have been made between each hood section</li> <li>Replace the lights</li> <li>If problem persists, contact Stoddart.</li> </ul>

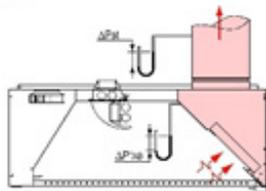
**4.12 Pressure Drop And Sound Data**

The sound levels in the kitchen under an exhaust canopy are influenced by many external factors including the room and surfaces, the duct, the exhaust fans and supply fans.

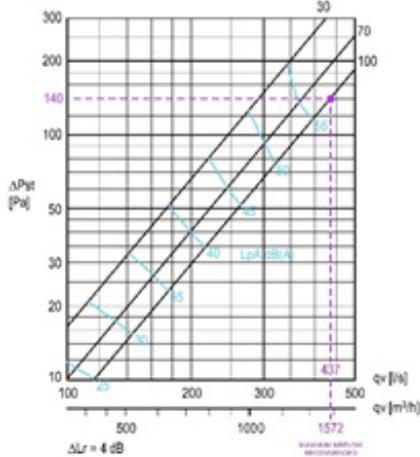
The graphs show the noise level of the exhaust air passing through the exhaust hood (typically 50 – 65dBA) is low in comparison to ambient noise levels in commercial kitchen (typically 70 – 75dBA) environments. Closing the slide dampers increases the exit velocity and increases the air noise level.

$\Delta P_{st}$  = Exhaust section static pressure loss  
 $\Delta P_{TAB}$  = T.A.B.™ pressure for airflow rate measurement  
 30,70,100 = Damper opening in %

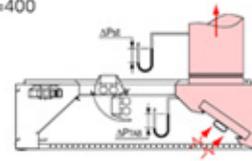
Exhaust plenum  
 H=555



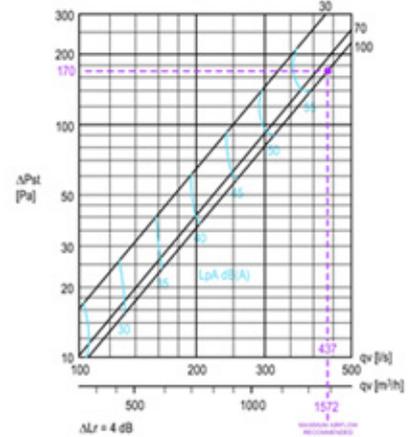
Section 1000 Static pressure loss and sound data



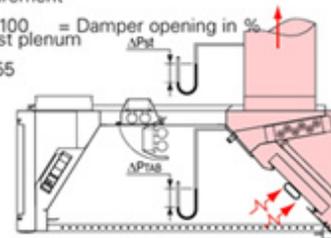
Exhaust plenum  
 H=400



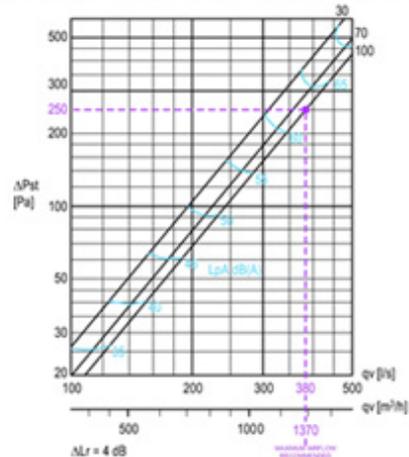
Section 1000 Static pressure loss and sound data



$\Delta P_{st}$  = Exhaust section static pressure loss  
 $\Delta P_{TAB}$  = T.A.B.™ pressure for airflow rate measurement  
 30,70,100 = Damper opening in %  
 Exhaust plenum  
 H = 555



Section 1000 Static pressure loss and sound data



The Exhaust Pressure drop measured across the hood increases with the airflow. The pressure measured in the duct for a given airflow increases as the slide damper is closed. The dampers should not be closed more than 50%.

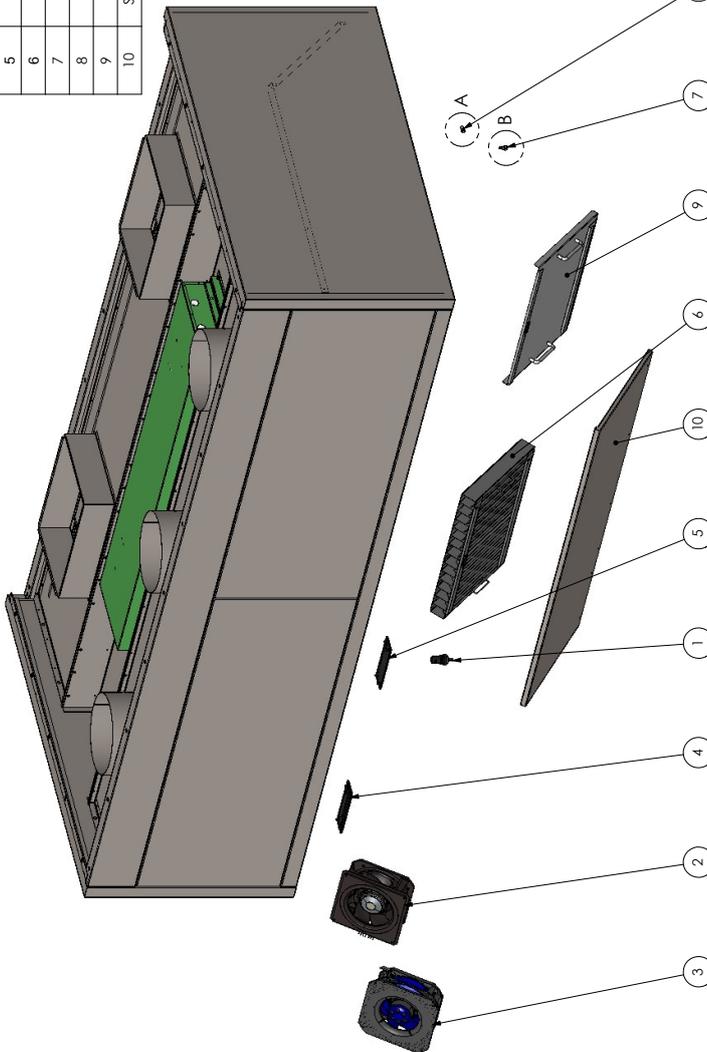
For any given airflow, the pressure drop measured at the TAB point can be determined by a constant relationship;

$$Q = K * \sqrt{TAB}$$

### 4.13 Spare Parts

#### 4.13.1 SPEH-HAL-KWI-KWF

Item No.	Part Number	Spare Parts Description
1	CMEL-2778	Potentiometer:0.5W:10kΩ
2	CMEL-2779 EBM	Capture Jet Fan
3	CMEL-2779 Ziehl/Abegg	Capture Jet Fan
4	CMGE-1107	Adjustable Air Nozzle
5	CMHAL-0010	Air Nozzle Closed
6	CMHAL-0019	KSA Filter
7	CMPL-1885	Nozzle: Full Cone (Mis)
8	CMPL-1895	Nozzle: Full Cone (Wash)
9	SPEH-HAL-0083-AP A 5	Blind Filter
10	SPEH-HAL-KWI-KWF-Inner Baffle	Made to Order, Serial No. Required



DETAIL A  
SCALE 1 : 2



DETAIL B  
SCALE 1 : 2

**\*\*NOTE\*\***  
Some parts have parts breakdowns on subsequent pages.  
CMEL-2779 EBM can be replaced with CMEL.2779 Ziehl/Abegg.

NAME	CHECKED	DATE	MATERIAL
D Bowden		23/11/2018	SPEH-HAL-KWI-KWF a01 B1
THICKNESS:			DESCRIPTION: Spare Parts
FINISH:			DWG No:
			SPEH-HAL-KWI-KWF a01 B1
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS			DWG Issue
			1
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING The drawing remains the property of Tom Stoddart Pty Ltd ABN 16 009 690 251 & cannot be reproduced without prior permission. A3			Sheet 1 of 1

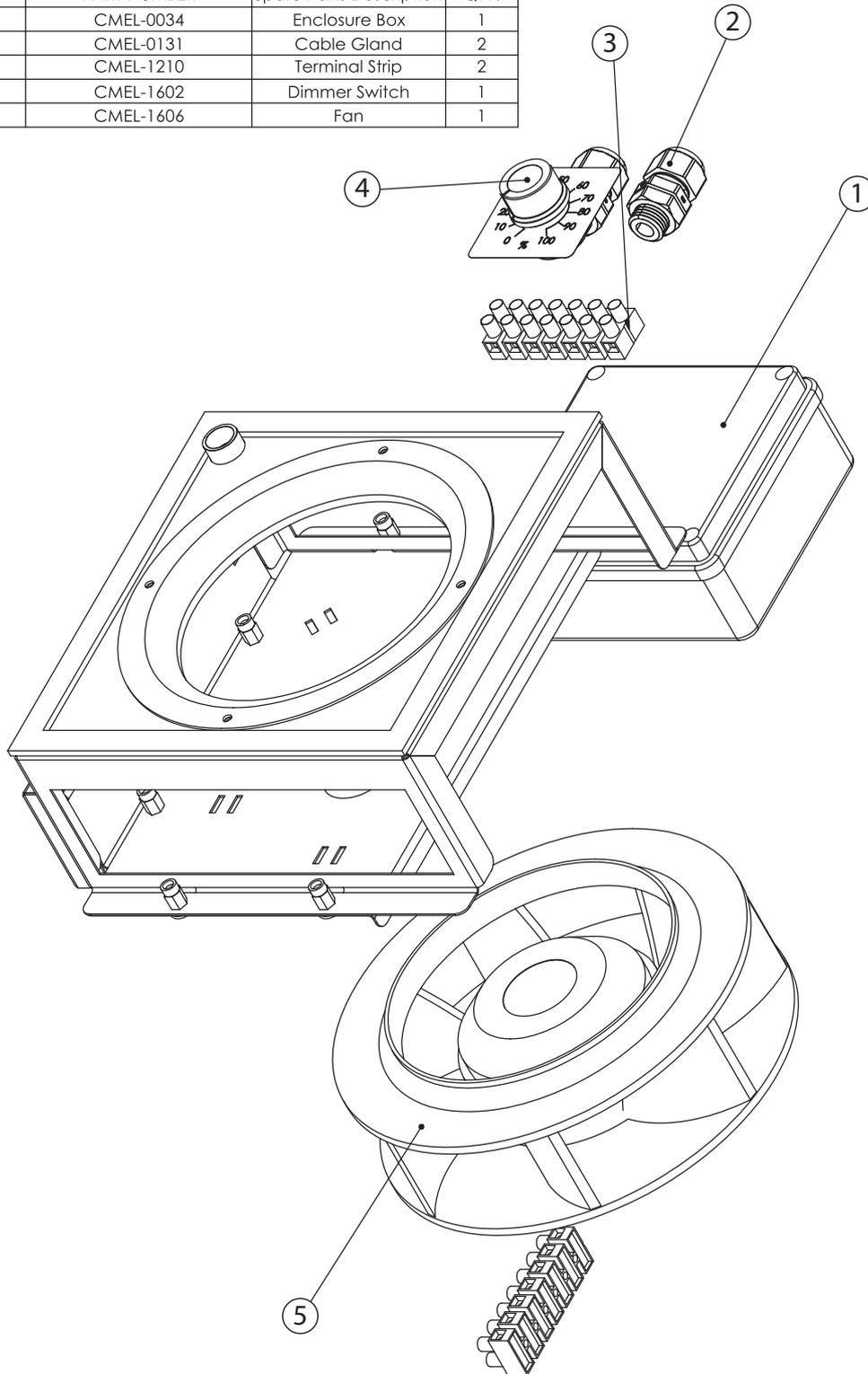


REV/VER	REVISED BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	STATUS
B	D Bowden	18/11/2025	New CJ fans, speed controller & nozzles	As Built
A	D Bowden	23/11/2018	Spare Parts Layout	As Built

Due to continuous product research and development, the information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

4.13.2 SPEH-HAL-0066

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	Spare Parts Description	QTY.
1	CMEL-0034	Enclosure Box	1
2	CMEL-0131	Cable Gland	2
3	CMEL-1210	Terminal Strip	2
4	CMEL-1602	Dimmer Switch	1
5	CMEL-1606	Fan	1





## Australia

Australian Business Number: 16009690251

### Service / Spare Parts

<https://customerservice.stoddart.com.au>

### Sales

Tel: 1300 79 1954

Email: [sales@stoddart.com.au](mailto:sales@stoddart.com.au)

Web: [www.stoddart.com.au](http://www.stoddart.com.au)



Customer  
Service Portal

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## New Zealand

New Zealand Business Number: 6837694

### Service / Spare Parts

<https://customerservice.stoddart.com.au>

### Sales

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Email: [sales@stoddart.co.nz](mailto:sales@stoddart.co.nz)

Web: [www.stoddart.co.nz](http://www.stoddart.co.nz)



Customer  
Service Portal