

Behavioral interventions in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs)

Understanding the research context

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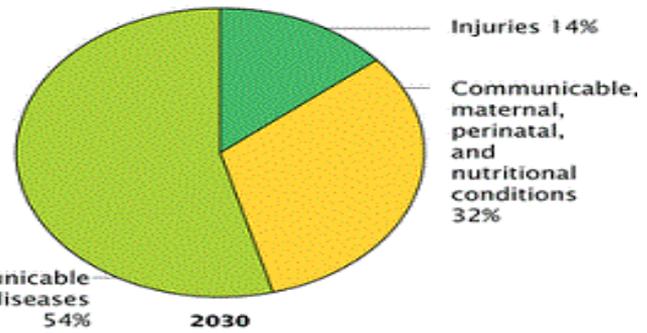
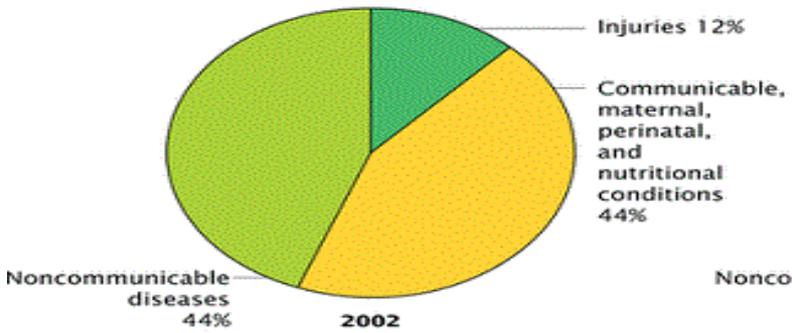
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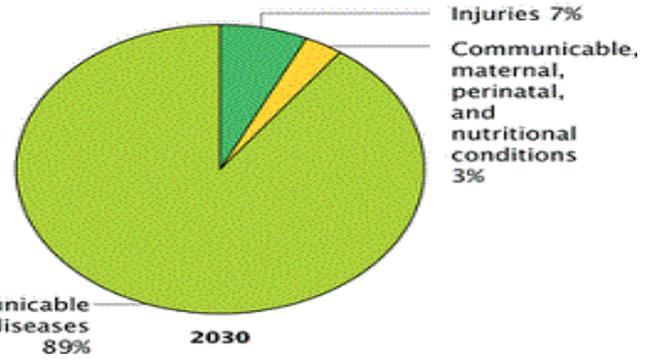
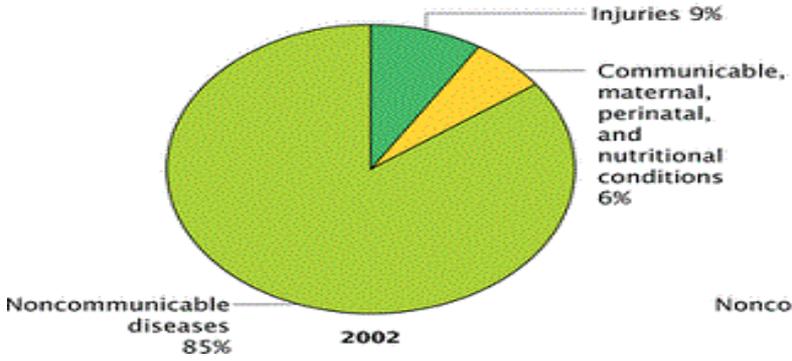


Transition from Infectious Disease to Non-Communicable Disease

Low- and middle-income countries

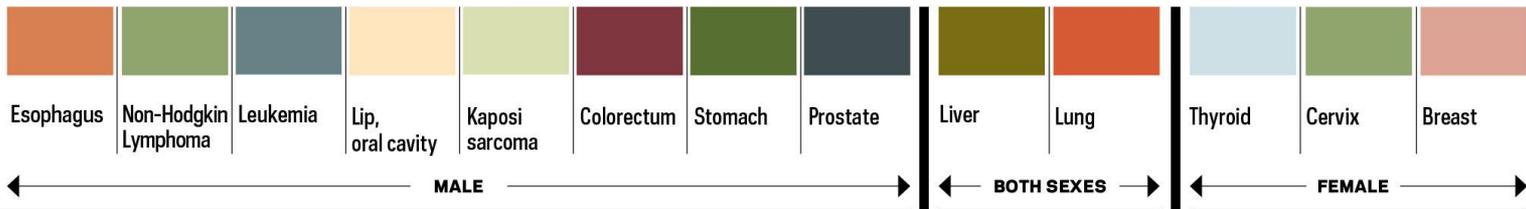


High-income countries



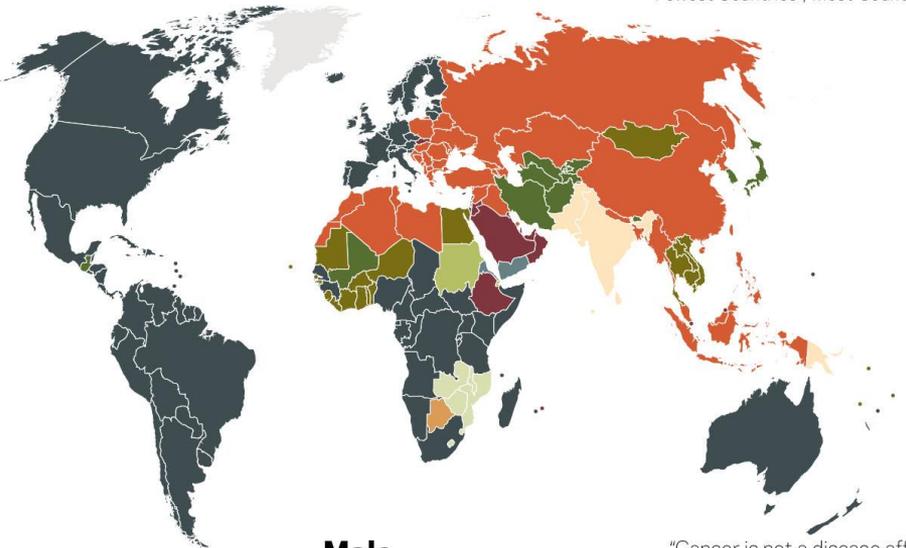
Most commonly diagnosed cancers

2012

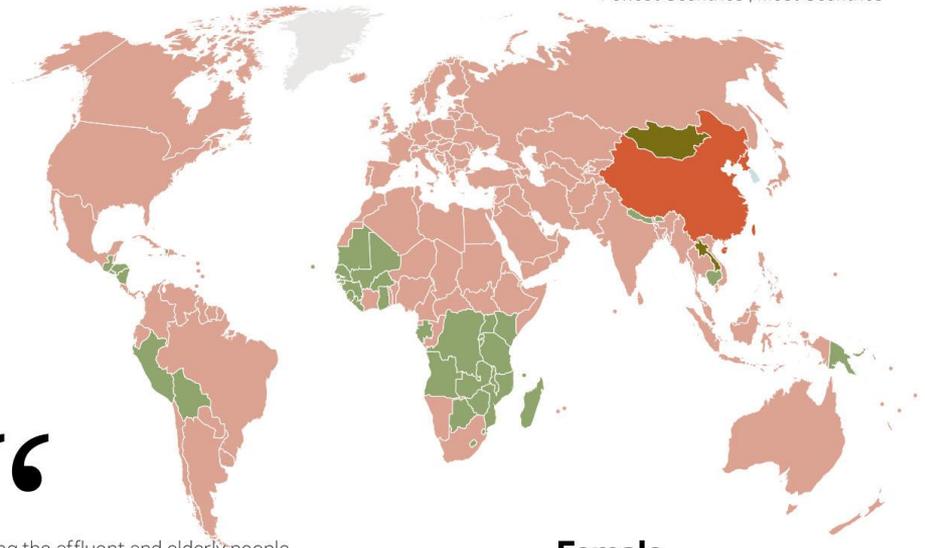


Fewest Countries | Most Countries

Fewest Countries | Most Countries



Male



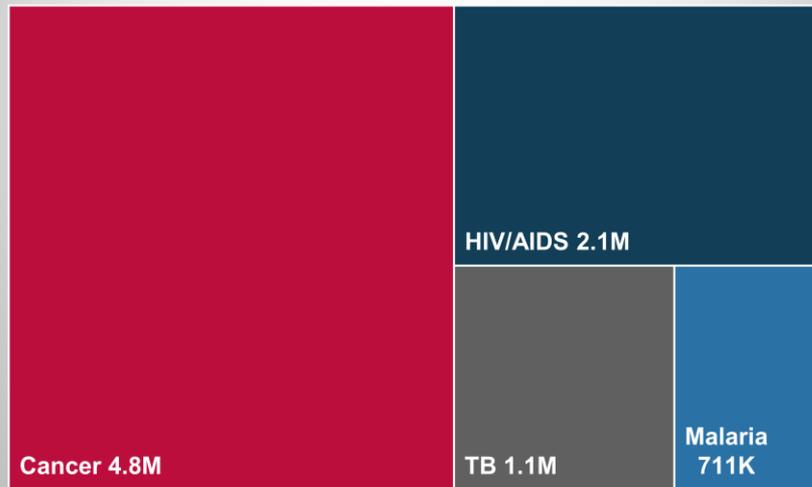
Female

“

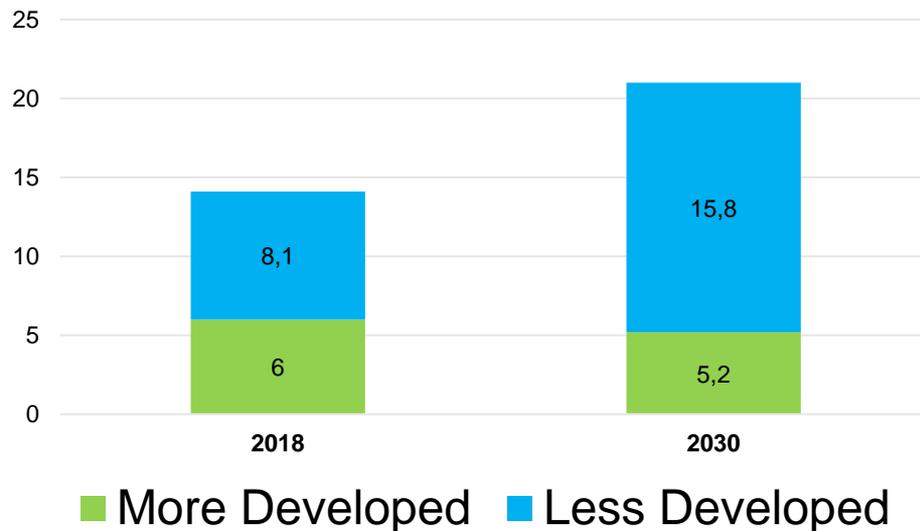
“Cancer is not a disease affecting the affluent and elderly people, and developed countries alone. It is a global epidemic, affecting all ages, in low-, middle-, and high-income countries.”

Low and Middle Income Countries Have High Cancer Burden

High Number of Cancer Deaths

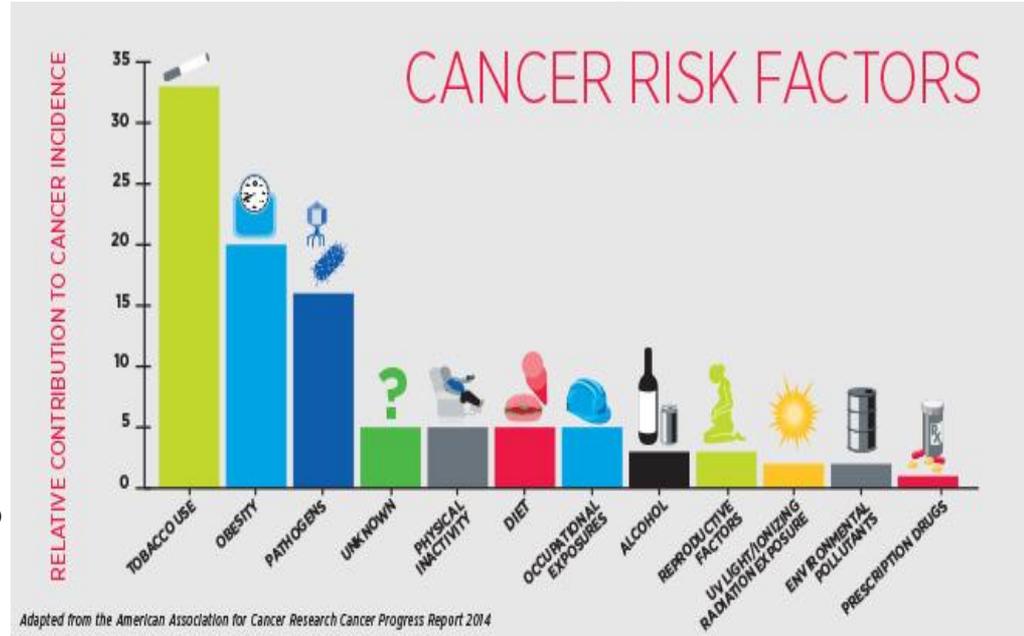


LMICs Will Bear an Increasingly Disproportionate Burden of Cancer Incidence (in millions)



Up to 50% of Cancers May Be Preventable through Health Behavior Change

- Tobacco – up to 30%
- Overweight & Obesity – up to 20%
- Diet – up to 5%
- Sedentary Behavior – up to 5%
- Viral Exposure (e.g., HPV) – up to 5%
- Alcohol Consumption – up to 4%
- Sun/Ionizing Radiation – up to 2%



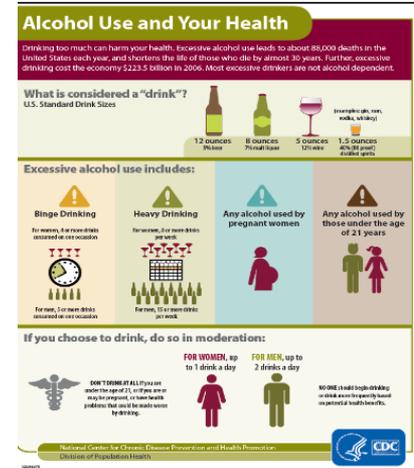
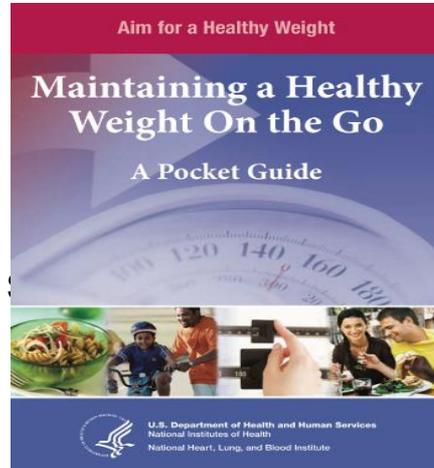
AACR Cancer Progress Report 2017
Colditz & Wei, Annu Rev Public Health 2012
Colditz, Wolin & Gehlert, Sci Transl Med 2012
Wolin, Carson & Colditz, Oncologist 2010

Engaging in Behavioral Intervention Research

- Evidence Generation – Many evidence-based interventions available



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We know the *whats*...

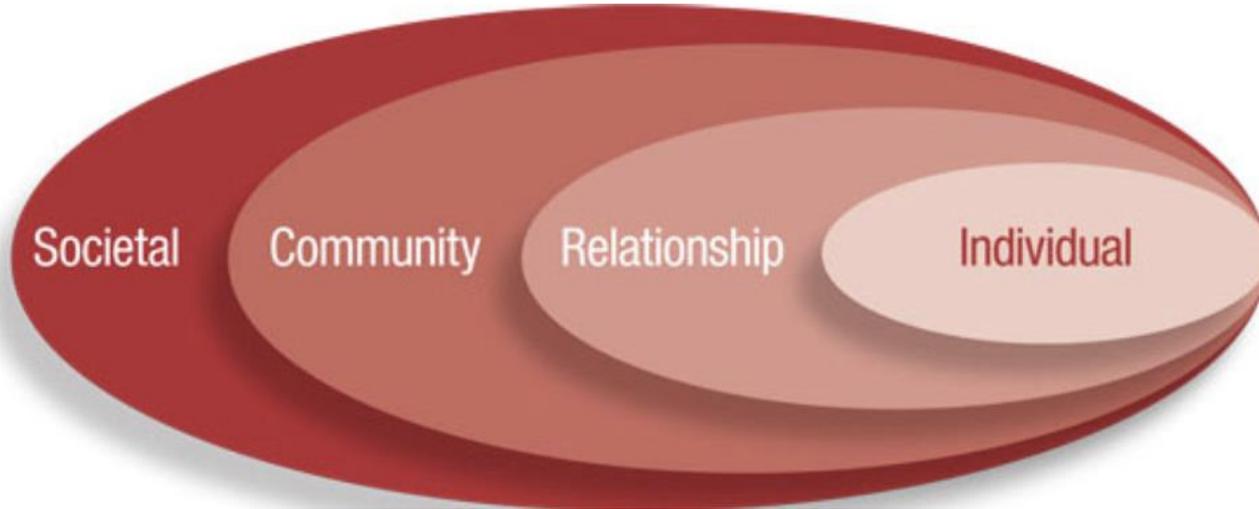
Engaging in Behavioral Intervention Research

.. Are we thinking enough about the **hows**?

- Evidence Translation: Behavioral Research Key
 - Implementation research
 - Understanding individual behavior
 - Understanding community characteristics
 - Analysis of systems and organizations – barriers and facilitators to care
 - Incorporating Methods that Engage Communities and Systems
 - Trans-disciplinary approaches
 - Available Tools: GIS, Maps and Visualization, Information Technology

Applying Behavioral Intervention Results

Multiple levels of influence on individual behavior (Social Ecological Model)



LMIC – One size does not fit all



https://www.washingtonpost.com/world/aggressive-testing-contact-tracing-cooked-meals-how-the-indian-state-of-kerala-flattened-its-coronavirus-curve/2020/04/10/3352e470-783e-11ea-a311-adb1344719a9_story.html

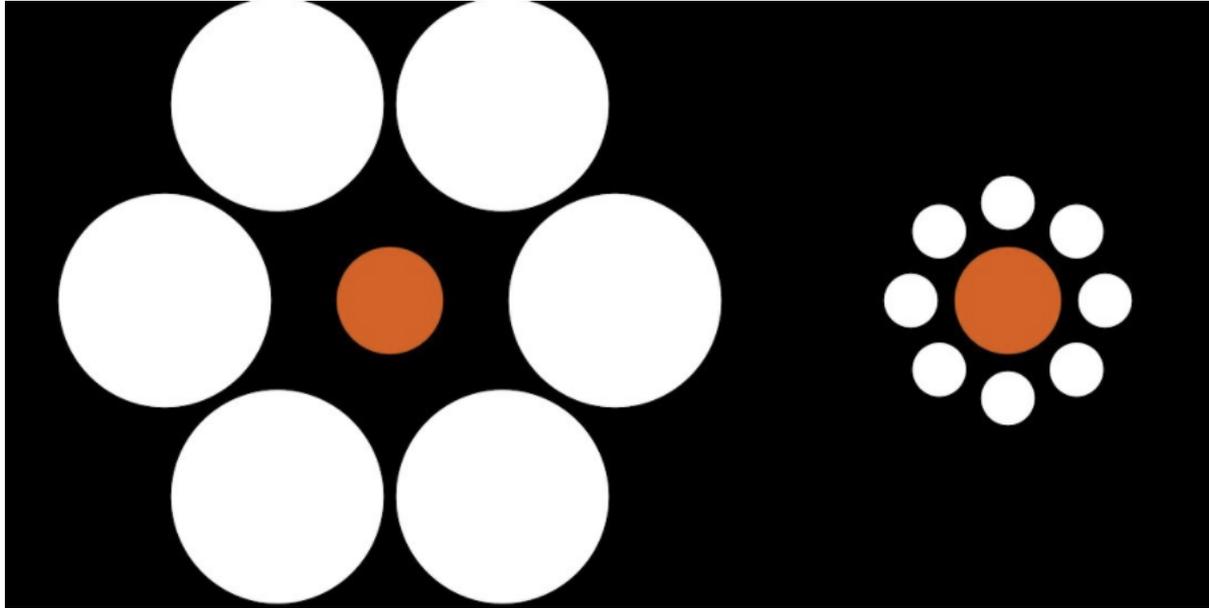


<https://indianexpress.com/article/governance/coronavirus-chinmay-tumbe-before-announcing-lockdown-assuring-migrant-workers-would-have-helped-6337697/>

LMIC are heterogenous entities

- Within and between-country differences
- Unique social and cultural influences on behaviors
- Policy and regulatory environments
- Research funding
- Research collaborations
- Research conduct

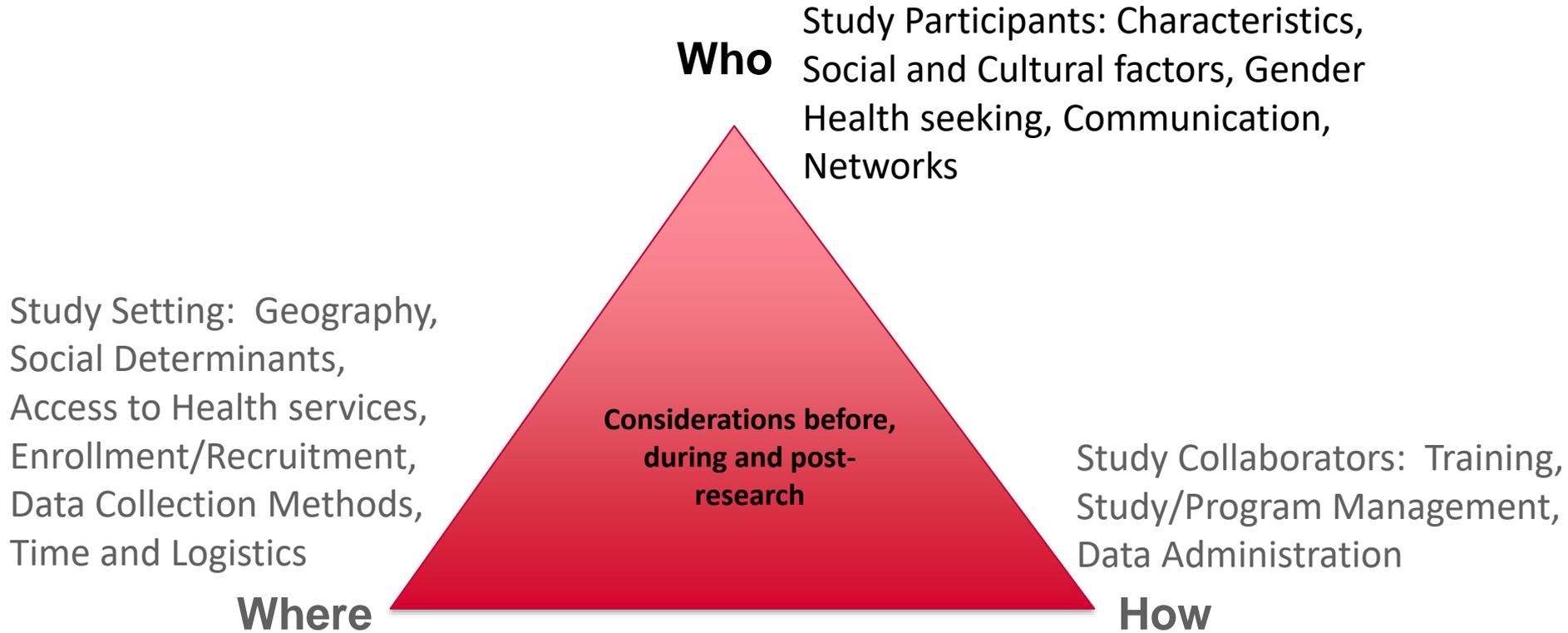
Understanding LMIC Context is Key



Context:

Environment or Setting in which research is implemented/evidence is translated (Kitson, Harvey and McCormack, 1998)

Elements of Context for Behavioral Interventions in LMICs



Project ROSE for Cervical Cancer Screening in Malaysia



After taking a self-swab at their clinics or events, the results are sent later via mobile / Image Credit:
Program ROSE



HPV testing through self-sampling will break social barriers associated with pap smear and get more women screened.

<https://www.programrose.org/>

Woo, YL, J Vir Erad, 2019 - <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6428151/>

Cervical Cancer Control in rural Argentina



Arrossi et al., 2019 The Lancet Global Health

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BHrqvXaTRsg&t=33s>

Handwashing in times of Covid19 in Tanzania



Handwashing with the new soap

Sometimes we think of innovation as the latest cutting-edge engineering coming out of the lab. But that's not always the innovation we need to solve the most pressing behavioral issues in the world. Sometimes what is needed is to develop more appropriate technologies and make something that is simple and elegant that can really solve the problem," - Dr. Robert Aunger, Study Co-Lead, LSTMH

Focus Areas for Behavioral Research in LMICs

- Training workforce for behavioral research
- Mentorship
- Research Conduct, Ethics, Leadership
- Working across disciplines
- Build on past research and program investments
- Partners/collaborators
- Assess landscape of health innovations and interventions

Why Global Behavioral Research?

International collaborations provide unique opportunities to further science

- Study of unique behaviors and behavioral patterns
 - Tobacco control (betel quid and areca nut) ; Exposure patterns across generations – Diet & cancer among US immigrants
 - Insights into under-studied domains: e.g. mental health, stigma, social capital, health economics
- Understand Implementation of Evidence
 - Develop and evaluate innovative interventions for low resource settings
 - Use of technology; frugal innovations
- Understand Processes, Organizational behavior change
 - Improvements in care delivery, patient outcomes
- Inform practice and research in high income communities experiencing disparities

Public health advances and Behavioral Research



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