

Java9 - Features abseits von Jigsaw und JShell

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innoQ



Beratung



Konzeption



Entwicklung



Training

Zeitplan



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JDK 9

The goal of this Project is to produce an open-source reference implementation of the Java SE 9 Platform defined by [JSR 379](#) in the [Java Community Process](#).

The schedule and features of this release are proposed and tracked via the [JEP Process](#), as amended by the [JEP 2.0 proposal](#).

Schedule

2016/05/26	Feature Complete
2016/12/22	Feature Extension Complete
2017/01/05	Rampdown Start
2017/02/09	All Tests Run
2017/02/16	Zero Bug Bounce
2017/03/16	Rampdown Phase Two
2017/06/22	Initial Release Candidate
2017/07/06	Final Release Candidate
2017/09/21	General Availability

End of Public Updates for Oracle JDK 8

As outlined in the Oracle JDK Support Roadmap below, Oracle will not post further updates of Java SE 8 to its public download sites for commercial use after September 2018. Customers who need continued access to critical bug fixes and security fixes as well as general maintenance for Java SE 8 or previous versions can get long term support through Oracle Java SE Advanced, Oracle Java SE Advanced Desktop, or Oracle Java SE Suite. All other users are recommended to upgrade to the latest major releases of the Oracle JDK or OpenJDK.

Oracle does not plan to migrate desktops from Java 8 to Java 9 through the auto update feature. Instead of relying on a pre-installed standalone JRE, we will begin encouraging application developers to deliver JREs with their applications. More details will be made available through early 2018.

Java SE Public Updates			
Release	GA Date	End of Public Updates Notification	End of Public Updates
8	Mar 2014	Sep 2017	Sep 2018*
9	Sep 2017	Sep 2017	Mar 2018** SEP 2018
10.3***	Mar 2018	Mar 2018	Sep 2018

* or later.

** Java SE 9 will be a short term release, and users should immediately transition to the next release (10.3) when available.

*** Oracle has proposed a new version scheme (YY.M) starting in March, 2018. Java SE 10.3 will be a short term release and users should transition to the next release when available.

Features

102: Process API Updates	232: Improve Secure Application Performance	264: Platform Logging API and Service
110: HTTP 2 Client	233: Generate Run-Time Compiler Tests Automatically	265: Marlin Graphics Renderer
143: Improve Contended Locking	235: Test Class-File Attributes Generated by javac	266: More Concurrency Updates
158: Unified JVM Logging	236: Parser API for Nashorn	267: Unicode 8.0
165: Compiler Control	237: Linux/AArch64 Port	268: XML Catalogs
193: Variable Handles	238: Multi-Release JAR Files	269: Convenience Factory Methods for Collections
197: Segmented Code Cache	240: Remove the JVM TI hprof Agent	270: Reserved Stack Areas for Critical Sections
199: Smart Java Compilation, Phase Two	241: Remove the jhat Tool	271: Unified GC Logging
200: The Modular JDK	243: Java-Level JVM Compiler Interface	272: Platform-Specific Desktop Features
201: Modular Source Code	244: TLS Application-Layer Protocol Negotiation Extension	273: DRBG-Based SecureRandom Implementations
211: Elide Deprecation Warnings on Import Statements	245: Validate JVM Command-Line Flag Arguments	274: Enhanced Method Handles
212: Resolve Lint and Doclint Warnings	246: Leverage CPU Instructions for GHASH and RSA	275: Modular Java Application Packaging
213: Milling Project Coin	247: Compile for Older Platform Versions	276: Dynamic Linking of Language-Defined Object Models
214: Remove GC Combinations Deprecated in JDK 8	248: Make G1 the Default Garbage Collector	277: Enhanced Deprecation
215: Tiered Attribution for javac	249: OCSP Stapling for TLS	278: Additional Tests for Humongous Objects in G1
216: Process Import Statements Correctly	250: Store Interned Strings in CDS Archives	279: Improve Test-Failure Troubleshooting
217: Annotations Pipeline 2.0	251: Multi-Resolution Images	280: Indify String Concatenation
219: Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS)	252: Use CLDR Locale Data by Default	281: HotSpot C++ Unit-Test Framework
220: Modular Run-Time Images	253: Prepare JavaFX UI Controls & CSS APIs for Modularization	282: jlink: The Java Linker
221: Simplified Doclet API	254: Compact Strings	283: Enable GTK 3 on Linux
222: jshell: The Java Shell (Read-Eval-Print Loop)	255: Merge Selected Xerces 2.11.0 Updates into JAXP	284: New HotSpot Build System
223: New Version-String Scheme	256: BeanInfo Annotations	285: Spin-Wait Hints
224: HTML5 Javadoc	257: Update JavaFX/Media to Newer Version of GStreamer	287: SHA-3 Hash Algorithms
225: Javadoc Search	258: HarfBuzz Font-Layout Engine	288: Disable SHA-1 Certificates
226: UTF-8 Property Files	259: Stack-Walking API	289: Deprecate the Applet API
227: Unicode 7.0	260: Encapsulate Most Internal APIs	290: Filter Incoming Serialization Data
228: Add More Diagnostic Commands	261: Module System	291: Deprecate the Concurrent Mark Sweep (CMS) Garbage Collector
229: Create PKCS12 Keystores by Default	262: TIFF Image I/O	292: Implement Selected ECMAScript 6 Features in Nashorn
231: Remove Launch-Time JRE Version Selection	263: HiDPI Graphics on Windows and Linux	294: Linux/s390x Port
		295: Ahead-of-Time Compilation
		297: Unified arm32/arm64 Port
		298: Remove Demos and Samples
		299: Reorganize Documentation

<http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jdk9/>

JEP 102

Process API Updates

```
ProcessHandle.current().pid()
```

```
ProcessHandle  
  .allProcesses()  
  .map(ProcessHandle::pid)  
  .forEach(System.out::println);
```

ProcessHandle

```
.allProcesses()  
.filter(p -> !  
    p.parent().isPresent())  
.map(p -> p.info())  
.forEach(System.out::println);
```



```
ProcessHandle  
    .current()  
    .destroy();
```

JEP 213

Milling Project Coin

@SafeVargs an
privaten

```
public static void
execute (Connection con)
    throws SQLException {
    try (con) {
        // ...
    }
}
```

```
private static
```

```
Comparator<MyClass> C =
```

```
    new Comparator<> () {
```

```
        @Override
```

```
        public int compare (
```

```
            MyClass o1,
```

```
            MyClass o2) {
```

```
            return 0;
```

```
        }
```

```
    };
```

```
public interface Lambda {  
    public int a(int   );  
    public default void  
        t(Lambda l) {  
        t(_ -> 0);  
    }  
}
```



```
public interface Foo {  
    private String bar() {  
        return "FooBar";  
    }  
}
```

JEP 223

New Version-String

Versionsnummer

- › `[1-9][0-9]*((\.o)*\.[1-9][0-9]*)*`
- › `$MAJOR.$MINOR.$SECURITY`

Versionsstring

- › \$VNUM(-\$PRE)?\+\$BUILD(-\$OPT)?
- › \$VNUM-\$PRE(-\$OPT)?
- › \$VNUM(+-\$OPT)?

9.0.0

9

10

18.3

10

```
final Runtime.Version version =  
    Runtime.version();  
System.out.println(version.toString());  
System.out.println(version.major());  
System.out.println(version.minor());  
System.out.println(version.security());
```

```
final Runtime.Version newVersion =  
    Runtime.Version.parse("9.1");  
  
System.out.println(  
    newVersion.compareTo(version));
```

Name	Syntax
-----	-----
java.version	\$VNUM(\-\$PRE)?
java.runtime.version	\$VSTR
java.vm.version	\$VSTR
java.specification.version	\$VNUM
java.vm.specification.version	\$VNUM

JEP 225

Javadoc Search

Java® Platform, Standard Edition & Java Development Kit Version 9 API Specification

This document is divided into three sections:

Java SE

The Java Platform, Standard Edition (Java SE) APIs define the core Java platform for general-purpose computing.

JDK
The Java Development Kit (JDK) APIs are specific to the JDK and will not necessarily be available in all implementations whose names start with `jdk`.

JavaFX

The JavaFX APIs define a set of user-interface controls, graphics, media, and web packages for developing rich client applications with `javafx`.

Java SE

Module	Description
<code>java.activation</code>	Defines the JavaBeans Activation Framework (JAF) API.
<code>java.base</code>	Defines the foundational APIs of the Java SE Platform.
<code>java.compiler</code>	Defines the Language Model, Annotation Processing, and Java Compiler APIs.
<code>java.corba</code>	Defines the Java binding of the OMG CORBA APIs, and the RMI-IIOP API.
<code>java.datatransfer</code>	Defines the API for transferring data between and within applications.
<code>java.desktop</code>	Defines the AWT and Swing user interface toolkits, plus APIs for accessibility, audio, imaging, and networking.
<code>java.instrument</code>	Defines services that allow agents to instrument programs running on the JVM.
<code>java.logging</code>	Defines the Java Logging API.
<code>java.management</code>	Defines the Java Management Extensions (JMX) API.
<code>java.management.rmi</code>	Defines the Remote Java Management Extensions (RMJMX) API.
<code>java.naming</code>	Defines the Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI) API.
<code>java.net</code>	Defines the Java Network API.
<code>java.net.http</code>	Defines the Java HTTP Client API.
<code>java.nio</code>	Defines the Java Non-blocking I/O API.
<code>java.rmi</code>	Defines the Java Remote Method Invocation (RMI) API.
<code>java.scripting</code>	Defines the Java Scripting API.
<code>java.se</code>	Defines the Java Platform, Standard Edition API.
<code>java.security</code>	Defines the Java Security API.
<code>java.sql</code>	Defines the Java SQL API.
<code>java.xml</code>	Defines the Java XML API.
<code>java.xml.crypto</code>	Defines the Java XML Digital Signature and Encryption API.

Types

- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer`
- `java.io.StringBufferInputStream`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder`

Members

- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.StringBinding()`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer()`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(String)`
- `java.io.StringBufferInputStream.StringBufferInputStream(String)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder()`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(String)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.bind(Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.Bindings.createStringBinding(Callable, Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.unbind(Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.addListener(ChangeListener)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.addListener(InvalidationListener)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(boolean)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(boolean)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(char)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(char)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(CharSequence, int, int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(CharSequence, int, int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(char[])`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(char[])`

JEP 238

Multi-Release JAR

jar root

- A.class
- B.class
- C.class
- META-INF
- versions
 - 9
 - A.class
 - B.class
 - 10
 - A.class

JEP 247

Compile for Older
Platform Versions

--release

JEP 269

Convenience Factory

Methods for

Collections

```
List.of(1, 2, 3);
```

```
Set.of(1, 2, 1);
```

```
Map.of("foo", "bar");
```

```
Map.ofEntries(  
    Map.entry("foo", "bar") );
```

JEP 277

Enhanced Deprecation

```
@Documented
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Target(value={CONSTRUCTOR, FIELD, LOCAL_VARIABLE, METHOD, PACKAGE, MODULE, PARAMETER, TYPE})
public @interface Deprecated {
    /**
     * Returns the version in which the annotated element became deprecated.
     * The version string is in the same format and namespace as the value of
     * the {@code @since} javadoc tag. The default value is the empty
     * string.
     *
     * @return the version string
     * @since 9
     */
    String since() default "";

    /**
     * Indicates whether the annotated element is subject to removal in a
     * future version. The default value is {@code false}.
     *
     * @return whether the element is subject to removal
     * @since 9
     */
    boolean forRemoval() default false;
}
```

```
java.util.logging.LogManager.addPropertyChangeListener  
java.util.logging.LogManager.removePropertyChangeListener  
java.util.jar.Pack200.Packer.addPropertyChangeListener  
java.util.jar.Pack200.Packer.removePropertyChangeListener  
java.util.jar.Pack200.Unpacker.addPropertyChangeListener  
java.util.jar.Pack200.Unpacker.removePropertyChangeListener
```



RFR 8159535: Mark deprecated javax.security.auth.Policy API with forRemoval=true

Weijun Wang weijun.wang@oracle.com

Fri Oct 20 03:56:09 UTC 2017

- Previous message: [RFR 8180289: jarsigner treats timestamped signed jar invalid after the signer cert expires](#)
- Next message: [RFR 8159535: Mark deprecated javax.security.auth.Policy API with forRemoval=true](#)
- Messages sorted by: [\[date \]](#) [\[thread \]](#) [\[subject \]](#) [\[author \]](#)

Please review this patch. A CSR [1] is also filed.

```
diff --git a/src/java.base/share/classes/javax/security/auth/Policy.java b/src/java.base/share/classes/javax/security/auth/Policy.java
--- a/src/java.base/share/classes/javax/security/auth/Policy.java
+++ b/src/java.base/share/classes/javax/security/auth/Policy.java
@@ -152,11 +152,12 @@
 *
 * These two APIs provide callers the means to query the
 * Policy for Principal-based Permission entries.
+ * This class is subject to removal in a future version of Java SE.
 *
 * @since 1.4
 * @see java.security.Security security properties
 */
- @Deprecated(since="1.4")
+ @Deprecated(since="1.4", forRemoval=true)
 public abstract class Policy {

     private static Policy policy;
```

Thanks
Max

[1] <https://bugs.openjdk.java.net/browse/JDK-8189621>

java.util.Stream

Erweiterungen


```

/**
 * Returns, if this stream is ordered, a stream consisting of the longest
 * prefix of elements taken from this stream that match the given predicate.
 * Otherwise returns, if this stream is unordered, a stream consisting of a
 * subset of elements taken from this stream that match the given predicate.
 *
...
 *
 * <p>This is a <a href="package-summary.html#StreamOps">short-circuiting
 * stateful intermediate operation</a>.
 *
...
 *
 * @param predicate a <a href="package-summary.html#NonInterference">non-interfering</a>,
 *                  <a href="package-summary.html#Statelessness">stateless</a>
 *                  predicate to apply to elements to determine the longest
 *                  prefix of elements.
 * @return the new stream
 * @since 9
 */
default Stream<T> takeWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) {

```

```

/**
 * Returns, if this stream is ordered, a stream consisting of the remaining
 * elements of this stream after dropping the longest prefix of elements
 * that match the given predicate. Otherwise returns, if this stream is
 * unordered, a stream consisting of the remaining elements of this stream
 * after dropping a subset of elements that match the given predicate.
...
 * <p>Independent of whether this stream is ordered or unordered if all
 * elements of this stream match the given predicate then this operation
 * drops all elements (the result is an empty stream), or if no elements of
 * the stream match the given predicate then no elements are dropped (the
 * result is the same as the input).
 *
 * <p>This is a <a href="package-summary.html#StreamOps">stateful
 * intermediate operation</a>.
...
 * @param predicate a <a href="package-summary.html#NonInterference">non-interfering</a>,
 *                  <a href="package-summary.html#Statelessness">stateless</a>
 *                  predicate to apply to elements to determine the longest
 *                  prefix of elements.
 * @return the new stream
 * @since 9
 */
default Stream<T> dropWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) {

```

```
/**
 * Returns a sequential ordered {@code Stream} produced by iterative
 * application of the given {@code next} function to an initial element,
 * conditioned on satisfying the given {@code hasNext} predicate. The
 * stream terminates as soon as the {@code hasNext} predicate returns false.
```

...

```
 * <p>The resulting sequence may be empty if the {@code hasNext} predicate
 * does not hold on the seed value. Otherwise the first element will be the
 * supplied {@code seed} value, the next element (if present) will be the
 * result of applying the {@code next} function to the {@code seed} value,
 * and so on iteratively until the {@code hasNext} predicate indicates that
 * the stream should terminate.
```

...

```
 * @param <T> the type of stream elements
 * @param seed the initial element
 * @param hasNext a predicate to apply to elements to determine when the
 *                stream must terminate.
 * @param next a function to be applied to the previous element to produce
 *             a new element
 * @return a new sequential {@code Stream}
 * @since 9
 */
```

```
public static<T> Stream<T> iterate(T seed, Predicate<? super T> hasNext,
    UnaryOperator<T> next) {
```

```

/**
 * Returns a sequential {@code Stream} containing a single element, if
 * non-null, otherwise returns an empty {@code Stream}.
 *
 * @param t the single element
 * @param <T> the type of stream elements
 * @return a stream with a single element if the specified element
 *         is non-null, otherwise an empty stream
 * @since 9
 */
public static<T> Stream<T> ofNullable(T t) {
    return t == null ? Stream.empty()
        : StreamSupport.stream(new Streams.StreamBuilderImpl<>(t), false);
}

```

java.util.Optional Erweiterungen

```

/**
 * If a value is present, returns a sequential {@link Stream} containing
 * only that value, otherwise returns an empty {@code Stream}.
 *
 * @apiNote
 * This method can be used to transform a {@code Stream} of optional
 * elements to a {@code Stream} of present value elements:
 * <pre>{@code
 *     Stream<Optional<T>> os = ..
 *     Stream<T> s = os.flatMap(Optional::stream)
 * }</pre>
 *
 * @return the optional value as a {@code Stream}
 * @since 9
 */
public Stream<T> stream() {
    if (!isPresent()) {
        return Stream.empty();
    } else {
        return Stream.of(value);
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * If a value is present, returns an {@code Optional} describing the value,
 * otherwise returns an {@code Optional} produced by the supplying function.
 *
 * @param supplier the supplying function that produces an {@code Optional}
 *                to be returned
 * @return returns an {@code Optional} describing the value of this
 *         {@code Optional}, if a value is present, otherwise an
 *         {@code Optional} produced by the supplying function.
 * @throws NullPointerException if the supplying function is {@code null} or
 *         produces a {@code null} result
 * @since 9
 */
public Optional<T> or(Supplier<? extends Optional<? extends T>> supplier) {
    Objects.requireNonNull(supplier);
    if (isPresent()) {
        return this;
    } else {
        @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
        Optional<T> r = (Optional<T>) supplier.get();
        return Objects.requireNonNull(r);
    }
}

```



```
/**
 * If a value is present, performs the given action with the value,
 * otherwise performs the given empty-based action.
 *
 * @param action the action to be performed, if a value is present
 * @param emptyAction the empty-based action to be performed, if no value is
 * present
 * @throws NullPointerException if a value is present and the given action
 * is {@code null}, or no value is present and the given empty-based
 * action is {@code null}.
 * @since 9
 */
public void ifPresentOrElse(Consumer<? super T> action, Runnable emptyAction) {
    if (value != null) {
        action.accept(value);
    } else {
        emptyAction.run();
    }
}
```


java.util.Objects

Erweiterungen

```
/**
 * Returns the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and
 * otherwise returns the non-{@code null} second argument.
 *
 * @param obj an object
 * @param defaultObj a non-{@code null} object to return if the first argument
 *                  is {@code null}
 * @param <T> the type of the reference
 * @return the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and
 *         otherwise the second argument if it is non-{@code null}
 * @throws NullPointerException if both {@code obj} is null and
 *         {@code defaultObj} is {@code null}
 * @since 9
 */
public static <T> T requireNonNullElse(T obj, T defaultObj) {
    return (obj != null) ? obj : requireNonNull(defaultObj, "defaultObj");
}
```

```

/**
 * Returns the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and otherwise
 * returns the non-{@code null} value of {@code supplier.get()}.
 *
 * @param obj an object
 * @param supplier of a non-{@code null} object to return if the first argument
 *               is {@code null}
 * @param <T> the type of the first argument and return type
 * @return the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and otherwise
 *         the value from {@code supplier.get()} if it is non-{@code null}
 * @throws NullPointerException if both {@code obj} is null and
 *         either the {@code supplier} is {@code null} or
 *         the {@code supplier.get()} value is {@code null}
 * @since 9
 */
public static <T> T requireNonNullElseGet(T obj, Supplier<? extends T> supplier) {
    return (obj != null) ? obj
        : requireNonNull(requireNonNull(supplier, "supplier").get(),
"supplier.get()");
}

```

```

/**
 * Checks if the {@code index} is within the bounds of the range from
 * {@code 0} (inclusive) to {@code length} (exclusive).
 *
 * <p>The {@code index} is defined to be out-of-bounds if any of the
 * following inequalities is true:
 * <ul>
 * <li>{@code index < 0}</li>
 * <li>{@code index >= length}</li>
 * <li>{@code length < 0}, which is implied from the former inequalities</li>
 * </ul>
 *
 * @param index the index
 * @param length the upper-bound (exclusive) of the range
 * @return {@code index} if it is within bounds of the range
 * @throws IndexOutOfBoundsException if the {@code index} is out-of-bounds
 * @since 9
 */

```

@ForceInline

public static

```

int checkIndex(int index, int length) {
    return Preconditions.checkIndex(index, length, null);
}

```

Weitere Interessante JEPs

- › JEP 11: Incubator Modules
- › JEP 110: HTTP/2 Client (Incubator)
- › JEP 226: UTF-8 Property Resource Bundles
- › JEP 259: Stack-Walking API
- › JEP 266: More Concurrency Updates

Java 10



JDK 10

This release will be the Reference Implementation of the next version of the Java SE Platform, as specified by [JSR 383](#) in the Java Community Process.

Status

The [development repositories](#) are open for bug fixes, small enhancements, and JEPs as proposed and tracked via the [JEP Process](#).

Schedule

2017/12/14	Rampdown Phase One
2018/01/11	All Tests Run
2018/01/18	Rampdown Phase Two
2018/02/22	Final Release Candidate
2018/03/20	General Availability

Features

JEPs proposed to target JDK 10 (1, 2)

- 313: [Remove the Native-Header Generation Tool \(javah\)](#)
- 316: [Heap Allocation on Alternative Memory Devices](#)

JEPs targeted to JDK 10, so far

- 286: [Local-Variable Type Inference](#)
- 296: [Consolidate the JDK Forest into a Single Repository](#)
- 304: [Garbage-Collector Interface](#)
- 307: [Parallel Full GC for G1](#)
- 310: [Application Class-Data Sharing](#)
- 312: [Thread-Local Handshakes](#)

Last update: 2017/11/27 22:10 UTC

<http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jdk/10/>

Danke!

Fragen?

Kommentare?

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<https://www.innoq.com/de/talks/2017/11/jvm-con-2017-java9-features/>