

Eberhard Wolff \mathbf{Y} ewolff



REST VS. Messaging

Integration Approaches for Microservices

- **Oliver Gierke**
- **Y**/**C** olivergierke



Microservices



Package





Integration





Overview



- Architectural style
- Constraints in architecture result in traits of the system
- Identifiable resources, uniform interface, representations, hypermedia
- Synchronous by default

REST





- Service discovery
 - DNS or registry & hypermedia
- Load balancing
 - Dedicated infrastructure
 - Software load-balancer (Ribbon)

REST







Microservices send message

Asynchronously

Messaging

Microservice





- Can have any numbers of instances of a receiver
- Load Balancing very easy

Load Balancing

Microservice



- Microservices send messages to queues / topics
- Receiver(s) read messages
- Decoupled by queues & messages
- No need for service discovery













Order

Credit card booking 200€

Payment



- F&F doesn't fit naturally
- Which HTTP method to use?
- Requests to create side effects
 - DELETE, PUT, POST



Safety / Idempotency

HTTP Method	
GET	
Ρυτ	
DELETE	
POST	
PATCH	



REST: Failure

- Remote system unavailable
 - Can't easily retry because of non-itempotency
- Status codes to communicating semantic problems





- Hand message over to messaging system
- Messaging system guarantees delivery
- Stores message
- Acknowledgement
- Might have duplicated messages

Messaging







- Message doesn't make it into the message broker
- e.g. Timeout / TCP problem
- Retry
- Rely on re-transmission of incoming message







Request & Reply





Validate credit card





- Natural model
- GET request
- Support for caching built in
 - ETags, Last-Modified, conditional GET / PUT
- Still needs care
 - Timeouts, resilience





- Send request
- Expect response
- Correlation
 - ... or temporary queue
- Asynchronous by design

Messaging





- Messaging can guarantee delivery
- Failure just increases latency
- System must deal with latency anyway

Resilience



Events

Event Driven Architecture

- Order sends events
- Decoupled: no call but events
- Receiver handle events as they please



Event Driven Architecture

- System are built around publishing domain events
- Multiple event listeners
- Event listener decides what to do
- Challenges
 - Delivery hard to guarantee
 - What about old events?

• Can easily add new event listener with additional business logic

- System stores domain events and publishes feed (e.g. Atom) Strong consistency within the service No additional infrastructure required
- - Getting closer to Event Sourcing
- Clients subscribe to feed
 - Clients in charge of polling frequency
- Server side optimizations: caching, ETags, pagination, links Client side optimizations: conditional requests

Events + REST = Feed



- Publish / Subscribe e.g. JMS Topics
- History of events limited
- Guaranteed delivery somewhat harder

Messaging

More Decoupling

- Enterprise Integration Patterns (Hohpe, Woolf)
- www.eaipatterns.com
- Contains patterns like Router, Translator or Adapter
- Create flexible messaging architectures

The Addison-Wesley Signature Series ENTERPRISE INTEGRATION PATTERNS

NG, BUILDING, AND G MESSAGING SOLUTIONS

GREGOR HOHPE BOBBY WOOLF

CONRAD F. D'CRUZ MARTIN FOWLER SEAN NEVILLE MICHAEL J. RETTIG ONATHAN SIMON



Forewords by John Crupi and Martin Fowler

+

@Inject OrderRepository repository;

@Transactional public void order(Order order) { repository.save(order.deliver()); }

Code

```
doCreditCardBooking(order.getCcNumber());
```

Transactions

Messaging & Transactions (Commit)

- Database commit
- Incoming messages acknowledged
- Commit success: outgoing messages sent
- Outgoing messages hopefully handled successfully.
- Inconsistencies: Outgoing messages not yet processed







Messaging & Transactions (Rollback)

- Database rollback
- Outgoing message not sent
- Incoming message retransmitted







- No implicit infrastructure support
- But can be built manually



REST & Transactions

@Inject OrderRepository repository; @Inject ApplicationEventPublisher publisher;

@Transactional public void order(Order order) { repository.save(order.deliver()); publisher.publish(new OrderDeliveredEvent(order)); }

public void onOrder(Order order) { doCreditCardBooking(order.getCcNumber()); 7

@TransactionalEventListener(phase = TransactionPhase.AFTER_COMMIT)

Evolvability

Evolvability

- Core aspect of Microservices: independent deployability
- Means: decoupling
- Change in one system must not break downstream systems



- Core concepts built into the protocol
- Representations
 - Content negotiation
 - Media types
- Hypermedia
 - Discoverability



- Data format: Your choice
 - i.e. easy to evolve if changes backwards-compatible
- But: no support for content negotation

Messaging

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	REST	Messaging
Communication style	synchronous	asynchronous
Service Discovery	DNS, Service Registry Resource Discovery	Message Broker Queues / Topics
Strengths	Content negotiation, Hypermedia More control over direct interaction	Messages in Re-submission of messages

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Your next project: Messaging or REST?

You'll probably use both :-)